

AFRICAN VOLUNTEER.

JOHN B. BRATTON, Editor & Proprietor.



CARLEISLE, PA., AUGUST 27, 1863.

The Preservation of the Constitution, The Restoration of the Union, And the Supremacy of the Laws.

Democratic State Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR. GEORGE W. WOODWARD, OF LUZERNE. FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT, WALTER H. LOWRIE, OF ALLEGHENY. ELECTION ON TUESDAY, OCT. 13th, 1863.

STANDING COMMITTEE MEETING.

The Democratic Standing Committee of Cumberland County met at Shirener's Hotel, in Carlisle, on Saturday, August 1. In the absence of the regular President and Secretary, John B. Bratton, of Carlisle, was called to the chair, and R. A. Bucher, of Silver Spring, appointed Secretary. After being called to order, the following resolutions were offered and adopted:

Resolved, That the members of the Democratic party throughout the county are requested to meet at the usual places of holding their respective townships, borough and ward elections, on Saturday, the 20th day of August, next, and then and there elect two delegates, to assemble in County Convention, in Carlisle, on Monday, August 31, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to form a County Ticket, and to attend to such other business of the party as may appear to them proper.

J. B. BRATTON, Chairman pro tem. R. A. BUCHER, Secretary pro tem.

THE DEMOCRATIC MEETING in the Court House, on Tuesday evening, was a monster gathering. It was presided over by Hon. GEORGE W. WOODWARD, and most ably addressed by J. McDowell Sharpe, Esq., of Chambersburg, Hon. George Sanderson, of Lancaster, Col. Wm. M. Penrose and Rufus Stapley, Esq., of Carlisle. We shall speak more at length of this great demonstration in our next.

MEETING AT SHIRENER'S.—A large and enthusiastic meeting of the Democracy was held at Shirener's hotel, on Thursday evening, the 20th inst. Stirring speeches were made by Messrs. Sharpe and Newsham, of Carlisle, G. A. Zeigler, of Snyder county, and Messrs. Leung and Ward, of Harrisburg, which were received by the audience present with deafening cheers. The Democracy of the lower end are thoroughly aroused, and will pull up in October next an unprecedented majority for George W. Woodward and the general Democratic ticket.

Young ladies intending to enter Emory Female College, are invited to be present at the College building, (Emory Chapel), on Thursday morning, September 3d, at 9 o'clock.

During the last eight or ten days quite a number of the men drafted from this county last fall for nine months, paid us a visit, having served out their time and returned home. Several of these men were Republicans before serving in the army, but they return Democrats. No less than six of the returned soldiers who called on us had whom they intended to vote with the Democrats hereafter. To use the language of one of them, they "have got enough of the bigger" and "more than they bargained for."

CLEAN UP THE TOWN.—Our town is now and has been during the whole summer in a very filthy condition. Sickness is on the increase, and the heaps of filth to be seen in all parts of the town, and the dirty condition of the streets, render it absolutely necessary that our town authorities take notice of this matter. The Market-house, too, is about as dirty as it well can be, and should have a good brushing up. All persons renting stalls should be compelled to keep them clean at all times, and thus give them a more inviting appearance. Give the streets and the Market-house a good scrubbing and scrubbing, and by doing so improve the appearance of the town and prevent sickness.

A PLEASANT PARTY.—A number of the officers belonging to the army of the Potomac, who have been in Carlisle for some time for the purpose of organizing the drafted men as fast as they are sworn into the service, gave a supper at Martin's hotel, on Wednesday evening of last week, which was participated in by all the officers in town and a number of invited guests. We were sorry that a previous engagement prevented us accepting the kind invitation extended by the committee to be present on the occasion. We learn from several who were in attendance, that the supper was superb, and that the company present enjoyed themselves to their hearts' content. Songs were sung, toasts drank, and short speeches made. The entertainment passed off pleasantly and to the satisfaction of all.

THE JACOBIN JOURNALS AND MR. BUCHANAN.

The Jacobin Journals have again commenced their assaults upon Ex-President Buchanan. This favorite amusement has been abandoned for many months by the rascally thieves who have been permitted to make fortunes by robbing the country. Why this villainous pack of hounds have again been bled upon the venerable Ex-President, no outsider can tell. But the hypocrisy of these dirty scoundrels is as unblushing as their characters are infamous. They would incite popular indignation against the sage of Wheatland, because, as some of them say, "he permitted the rebellion to obtain a foothold." "He should have nipped the rebellion in the bud, as Jackson did before him," cry out these shoddyites, as they count their green-backs and quaff their high-priced wines.

He (Mr. Buchanan) did attempt to "nip the rebellion in the bud," and he would have been successful in his efforts had it not been for the accused scoundrels of the Abolition party. Had the then President had about a score of Abolition leaders shot our difficulties would have been adjusted and no war would have ensued. This is patent to every man of sense. Had Mr. Crittenden's compromise been accepted by Congress, (as Mr. Buchanan desired), war would not have been declared. It was a fair, honorable and just proposition, and its adoption, we repeat, would have prevented hostilities. This now admitted by all, for no man ever denied it.

The Republicans admit it, but they deny the admission with the intention that their party cannot be held responsible for the defeat of the compromise. Every sensible man knows this. He might, deliberately and paked falsehood. "The Republicans, in and out of Congress, defeated the measure, and they know it." We might prove this, as we have heretofore done, by quoting the speeches from the proceedings of Congress of the session of 1861. We need not do this, however, for we have other doubtless at hand that will serve our present purpose. In looking over a file of the Philadelphia Press, of 1861—Forney's Press, recollect—we find the following short but truthful remarks under its editorial head:

"From present appearances, the leaders of the Republican party may be said to be united against Mr. Crittenden's proposition. It will be observed that the Legislature of Virginia, like her sisters of Kentucky, North Carolina, Tennessee, and Mississippi, will close on these propositions, and the opposition upon which they will refuse to assent with the open enemies of the compromise."

The above article appeared in the issue of the 21st of January, 1861. It is a full page before President Lincoln's speech of the 4th of Feb. The leaders of the Republican party may be said to be united against Mr. Crittenden's proposition," said FORNEY, and this was true. It was the leaders only—traitors, w. o. had they been arrested, tried, convicted and executed, our country would have remained happy and prosperous. To show how true FORNEY spoke at that time, we quote from the proceedings of the U. S. Senate of Jan. 17, 1861:

"Mr. BUCHANAN asked for a vote on the Crittenden resolutions, which were agreed to, and the resolutions negatived—ayes 14, nays 24, as follows:

AYES—14. Bigler, Pa., Republican; Mallory, Fla., Republican; Bragg, N. C., Republican; Pearce, Md., Republican; Bright, Ind., Republican; Rice, Miss., Republican; Crittenden, Ky., Republican; Sumner, Mass., Republican; Fitch, Ill., Republican; Sibley, La., Republican; Hepburn, Texas, Republican; Thompson, N. J., Republican; Latham, Cal., Republican; Wigfall, Texas, Republican.

After this let us lying Blacksnake assert that his party is not responsible for the defeat of the Crittenden compromise. The Republicans defeated that measure, and its defeat brought on the war that is now devastating the country. "No compromise!" "No compromise!" "No compromise!" were the replies they made to those who beseeched them not to plunge the country into war. Let the people remember these things, and let them visit their righteous indignation upon those whose effrontery induced them to attempt, at this late day, to shift their own act upon the shoulders of those who worked night and day to "nip the rebellion in the bud." Had the war lasted "but thirty days," as the Republicans predicted when it first broke out, they would have claimed credit for commencing and ending it. But it has proved a much more extensive affair than they anticipated; the "little blood-letting" that Buckley CHANDLER asked for, has proved a big blood-letting. Three hundred thousand heroes sleep in gory beds—billions of treasure have been expended—property amounting to hundreds of millions of dollars has been destroyed—enlistments were stopped at a critical moment, owing to our weak-kneed President yielding to a "pressure" that demanded an unlawful and unconstitutional Emancipation Proclamation to be issued, and yet the war goes on, and God knows when it will end. The only appeal we hear from Washington is "more men! more money!" Mr. BUCHANAN responsible for these things, indeed! No, no—the Abolitionists had determined upon war years ago; they have always sneered at the Union, and even now their leader, THOMAS STEVENS, declares that "the Union shall never with my (his) consent be restored under the present Constitution." The Abolitionists, then, will be held, and justly too, by all coming time, as the authors of our present misfortunes.

IS CURTIN TO BE WITHDRAWN?

There is a rumor in circulation that Gov. CURTIN will be forced to withdraw from the political track, and "a new man" put before the Abolitionists as a candidate for Governor. We hope not. We hope to see Gov. CURTIN remain before the people, for we desire to remind the verdict they will render against him on the second Tuesday of October. He received a majority of the votes of the members of the late Abolition State Convention at Pittsburg, and is therefore the candidate of his hell-born party, and we enter our protest against the effort that is making to force him to decline the nomination. True it is, many of the most distinguished men of his own party have denounced him as a "plunderer," a "speculator," a "robber of the soldiers," a "shoddy contractor," whose agents, with his knowledge and with his sanction, clothed our soldiers in shoddy garments, and furnished them with shoddy shoes as thin and transparent as a window pane. Ah, this war has been a rich harvest for CURTIN and the hell-born scoundrels associated with him. He has been robbed and spoiled. He has been well paid for his lack of patriotism, and can now take to himself a new class of society so-called—the shoddy aristocracy.

It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated.

It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated.

It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated.

It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated.

It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated.

It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated.

It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated.

A LACK RECORD.

CURTIN'S PARTIALITY—DRAWN BY A BLACK AND WHITE PUBLISHER. How the omission is viewed. A candidate's own party should not be allowed to paint him as black as the devil. The list is complete, and we accept the portrait as drawn by the hands of the painter. It is a fair and honest representation of the man, and we are glad to see it published. The record is a fair and honest representation of the man, and we are glad to see it published.

It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated.

It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated.

It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated.

It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated.

It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated.

It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated.

It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated.

AN ULLY RECORD.

The Abolition Candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court in Favor of Negro Suffrage. Uniontown Gazette of Liberty expresses course of Judge AGNEW in the Reform Convention on the question of negro suffrage. It should deprive him of the vote of every man in the State who believes that our free white men and their descendants forever, white ancestors framed our institutions for free white men and their descendants forever. We quote from the Gazette:

"The Republicans have been so unfortunate in the nomination of Judge Agnew as in that of Gov. Curtin. He was a member of the Convention which framed the Constitution of 1850; and his course in that body on the question of negro suffrage was such as will not very strongly commend him to the favor of white men. It is known that under the Constitution of 1850 he was a member of the Convention which framed the Constitution of 1850; and his course in that body on the question of negro suffrage was such as will not very strongly commend him to the favor of white men.

It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated.

It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated.

It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated.

It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated.

It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated.

It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated.

WAR NEWS.

LAKE FROM CHARLESTON.—Late news from Charleston represent that the line of our fortifications still continues against Sumpter, and that the fort is rapidly tumbling into ruins. The rebel flag had been shot away twice on the 18th, and innumerable branches have been made, through which our projectiles fly, white ancestors framed our institutions for free white men and their descendants forever. We quote from the Gazette:

"The citizens have been expecting such a raid in consequence of the threats which Quantrell (the rebel chief), had made, and they had organized military companies for their defense, a part of whom had been ordered arms constantly; but from the assurance made that Quantrell would not invade Kansas, their organizations were abandoned, and the guerrillas found the town entirely defenseless.

It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated.

It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated.

It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated.

It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated.

It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated.

It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated.

REMARKS.

REMARKS.—The Philadelphia Daily Eagle, in an article in its issue of the 20th inst., has taken notice of the course of Judge AGNEW in the Reform Convention on the question of negro suffrage. It should deprive him of the vote of every man in the State who believes that our free white men and their descendants forever, white ancestors framed our institutions for free white men and their descendants forever. We quote from the Eagle:

"The citizens have been expecting such a raid in consequence of the threats which Quantrell (the rebel chief), had made, and they had organized military companies for their defense, a part of whom had been ordered arms constantly; but from the assurance made that Quantrell would not invade Kansas, their organizations were abandoned, and the guerrillas found the town entirely defenseless.

It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated.

It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated.

It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated.

It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated.

It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated.

It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated. It is a sad thing to see a man of such talents and ability, who has done so much for his country, to be thus treated.