ple of his State had decided to secede from the Union, he would respectfully resign his seat.

KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE.—The Legislature on the 26th, appointed the following commissioners to meet the Commissioners of Virginia on the 4th of February: James B. Clay, Joshua F. Bell, Gov. Morehead, Wm. O. Butler, Jas. Guthrie and Chas. A. Weckliffe.

TEXAS FOR SECESSION.—The returns up to the 26th indicate an overwhelming majority for immediate secession.

☞ A sentry on Sullivan's Island, in the harbor of Charleston, fired into a boat from Fort Sumter on Monday night. The boat was manned by three men, and as they neared the beach they were ordered off; but failing to obey, the sentry fired upon them, whereupon the boat beat a retreat. It was believed that one man was wounded badly. While some persons supposed the men in the boat were deserters, others believed that they were a party bound upon the desperate expedition of spiking the guns of the secession battery.

Late from Charleston.

CHARLESTON, Jan. 28.—The Legislature was in executive session to-day on the correspondence of Commissioner Hayne and Governor Pickens. It appears that the ultimatum of South Carolina was the surrender of Fort Sumter, and the withdrawal of the Federal troops, and that South Carolina promised to pay for the Forts, but that Mr. Hayne, in deference to the wishes of Southern Congressmen, withheld the proposition.

Gov. Pickens now tells Hayne to make a final demand for the forts, and repudiates the position of the President when he says he has no power to give them up, but must leave it to Congress.

Gov. Pickens further tells Hayne to wait a reasonable time for an answer to this final demand of South Carolina, and then, if it is refused, *Fort Sumter must be taken.*

The Legislature endorses the Governor's action.

CURE FOR DIPTHERIA.—Here is a remedy, said to be infalable, for the cure of Diptheria:

A small quantity of sheep's suet, say a spoonful, chopped fine, and boiled in a gill of milk, and drank on retiring to bed. Of course the throat is to be bound with flannel. A friend tried the experiment on Monday, and although she was so hoarse on retiring to bed that she could not make herself be heard, she was able to converse freely the next morning, and at noon on Tuesday had so far recovered as to be able to appear on the street. Yesterday she resumed her usual avocations. Let those who are afflicted with sore throat try the remedy, and those who do not need it should cut this paragraph out and preserve it for future reference.

BLACK VS. WHITE.—The negroes of different parts of Pennsylvania have commenced sending petitions to the Legislature at Harrisburg, against the repeal of certain objectionable laws. They know their strength in the Legislature and will be listened to with profound attention. They have had a meeting in Delaware county and another in Philadelphia. At the latter it was decided that they should take active part in "the question of freedom which is now agitating the country, and the political equality which it tends to est blish."

☞ Resolutions approving of the Crittenden Compromise, were adopted in the New Jersey Legislature, on Friday—the Democrats and Union men voting for, and the Republicans against them.

Married.

On the 24th inst., by the Rev. A. H. Kremer, Mr. ANDREW J. SPAHR, of York county, to Miss LIZZIE BEST, of this county.

On the 22d inst., by the Rev. J. B. Morss: Mr. HERMAN N. MYERS, of Philadelphia, to Miss EMMA MATILDA, daughter of the late Mr. George Lee, of this county.

Died.

Recently, in West Pennsborough township, Mr. MARTIN CAROTHERS, in the 66th year of his age.

The deceased, as a friend, was constant and unvarying; as a neighbor, kind and obliging, and as a husband and parent, affectionate and indulgent. During his protracted illness, he sought the Lord, and died, we trust, in the possession of a comfortable hope of Eternal life. F.

In this borough, on Sunday morning, the 20th inst., of consumption, Miss SARAH REED, eldest daughter of the late Mr. Hugh Reed, aged about 40 years.

In this borough, on Friday last, Mrs. SARAH W. GIBSON, relict of the late Chief Justice Gibson, aged about 70 years.

On the 25th ult., at her residence in Frankford township, JANE LOGAN, in the 60th year of her age.

Markets.

CARLISLE MARKET.—January 29.

Corrected Weekly by Woodward & Schmidt.

FLOUR, Superfine, per bbl.,		$5,00
do., Extra,	do.;	4,75
do., Family,	do.,	5,25
do., Rye,	do.,	3,25
WHITE WHEAT, per bushel,		1,25
RED WHEAT,	do.,	1,10 to 1,15
RYE,	do.,	62
CORN,	do.,	60
OATS,	do.;	25
FALL BARLEY,	do.,	65
SPRING BARLEY,	do.,	60
CLOVERSEED,	do.,	4,50
TIMOTHYSEED,	do.,	2,00

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 29, 1861.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—The Flour market is remarkably quiet, but the supplies are light, with some little export demand for the better grades. Small sales to the retailers from $5 37½ to 5 62 per barrel for common superfine and good extra; $5 75@6 37 for extra family, and $6 62@7 00 for fancy lots.—Nothing doing in Rye Flour or Corn Meal. The former is held at $4 00. The latter is held at $3 for Pennsylvania, and $3 37 for Brandywine.

GRAIN.—The offerings of Wheat continue small and it is in good request at full rates. Small sales of fair and prime Pennsylvania and Western red at $1 30 @1 32 per bushel. White is scarce and ranges from $1 40@1 50. Rye is steady at 75@76 cents for Pennsylvania, and 70 cents for Southern. Corn is held firmly and is in steady demand. Small sales of new yellow at 64@65 cents, and old at 71@72c. Oats are steady at 35 cents for Pennsylvania, and 34 cents for Delaware. New York Barley is steady at 75 cents. Barley Malt ranges from 85 to 95 cts.

CLOVERSEED is dull. Further sales at $4 75@5 12 per 64 lbs. Timothy is worth $2 25@2 37.—Flaxseed is steady at $1 45.

WHISKY is steady. Sales of Ohio barrels at 19 cents; Pennsylvania at 18½ cents; hhds., at 18 cents, and Drudge at 17½ cents.

THE year 1861 is at hand, and having a full and complete stock of Fancy and staple Dry Goods on hand, I will sell my entire stock at greatly reduced prices for cash.

Silks, Figured Merinos Cashmeres and Delaines all fresh and late styles. Now is the time to invest for Holiday presents, all persons wishing to save money should bear in mind that I pay cash for all my goods, and thereby save from six to twelve per cent. Now I agree to give this advantage to my customers, it is therefore to the interest of all to call and examine my large and varied stock of goods. I am desirous of settling all accounts standing in my books and hope my friends will come forward and settle either by note or cash.

A. W. BENTZ,
South Hanover Street,
Nearly opposite the Post Office.

January 31, 1861.

"COSTAR'S"
VERMIN EXTERMINATORS.

THE
"ONLY INFALLIBLE REMEDIES KNOWN."

Destroys Instantly
EVERY FORM AND SPECIES OF

VERMIN.

Those preparations (unlike all others,) are
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the human family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

10 YEARS and more established in New York City.

Used by——the City Post Office.
Used by——the City Prisons and Station Houses.
Used by——City Steamers, Ships, &c,
Used by——the City Hospitals, Alms-Houses, &c.
Used by——City Hotels, 'Astor', 'St. Nicholas,' &c.
Used by——the Boarding Houses, &c., &c.
Used by——more than 50,000 Private Families.

☞ *See what the People, Press and Dealders say.*

HENRY R. COSTAR.—All the summer I have been troubled with Roaches and Mice. I was actually ashamed of the house, for the Roaches were everywhere. I purchased a box of your Exterminator and tried it, and in one week there was not a Roach or Mouse in the house.

JOHN B. GIVENS, No. 94, Elm Street.

HOUSEKEEPERS—troubled with vermin, need be so no longer, if they use "COSTAR'S" Exterminators. We have used it to our satisfaction, and if a box cost $5, we would have it. We had tried poisons, but they effected nothing; but COSTAR'S article knocks the breath out of Rats, Mice and Bed-Bugs, quicker than we can write it. It is in great demand all over the country.—*Medina (O.,) Gazette.*

MORE GRAIN and provisions are destroyed annually in Grant County by vermin, than would pay for tons of this Rat and Insect Killer.

Lancaster, (Wis.,) Herald.

HENRY R. COSTAR—Your Exterminator is received, used, and pronounced a decided success.—We used a box of it, and the way the Rats and Mice around our premises "raised Ned" that night was a caution to sleepers. Since then not a Rat or Mouse has been heard in kitchen or cellar.

Mayregor (Iowa) Times.

I HAVE BEEN SELLING—Your Exterminator for the last year, and have found it a *sure shot* every time, have not known it to fail in a single instance.

GEORGE ROSE, Druggist, Cardington, O.

WE ARE SELLING—Your preparations rapidly. Wherever they have been used, Rats, Mice, Roaches, and Vermin disappear immediately.

ECKER & STOUFFER, Druggists, New Windsor, Md.

To Destroy——Rats, Roaches, &c.
To Destroy——Mice, Moles, &c.
To Destroy——Bed-Bugs.
To Destroy——Moths, Fleas, Ants, &c.
To Destroy——Mosquitoes.
To Destroy——Insects on Plants and Fowls.
To Destroy——Insects on Animals, &c., &c.
To Destroy——Every form and species of Vermin!

USE ONLY
"Costar's" Rat, Roach, &c., Exterminator.
"Costar's" Bed-bug Exterminator.
"Costar's" Electric Powder for Insects, &c.

IN 25. 50c. AND $1,00 BOXES, BOTTLES AND FLASKS. $3 and $5 SIZES FOR PLANTATIONS, SHIPS, HOTELS, &c.

☞ *Sold Everywhere*—by
All WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS in large cities.
All RETAIL DRUGGISTS—GROCERS, STORES, &c. in all Country Villages and Towns.

Wholesale Agents in New York City

Sheffellin Brothers & Co.	Harral, Risley & Kitchen.
B. Fahnestock, Hull & Co.	Bush, Gale & Robinson.
A. B. & D. Sands & Co.	M. Ward, Close & Co.
Wheeler & Hart.	M'Kisson & Robbins.
Hegaman & Co.	D. S. Barnes & Co.
Hall, Ruckel & Co.	F. C. Wells & Co.
Thomas & Fuller.	Lozelle, Marsh & Gardner.
P. D. Orvis.	Hall, Dixon & Co.
Penfold, Parker & Mower.	Tripp & Co.
Dudley & Stafford.	Conrad Fox.

AND OTHERS.

Philadelphia, Pa.

T. W. Dyott & Sons.	Robert Shoemaker & Co.
B. A. Fahnestock & Co.	French, Richards & Co.

AND OTHERS.

AND

All the Principal Cities and Towns in the

UNITED STATES.

☞ *Sold by*

S. W. HAVERSTICK,

NORTH HANOVER STREET,

CARLISLE,

Cumberland County,

PENNA.

And by DRUGGISTS, GROCERS and RETAILERS generally, in CITY and COUNTRY.

☞ COUNTRY DEALERS can order as above.

Of address orders direct—[or if Prices, Terms, &c., is desired ☞ Send for Circular to Dealers,] to

HENRY R. COSTAR,
PRINCIPAL DEPOT—No. 512 Broadway—[Opposite the St. Nicholas Hotel,] New York.

January 31, 1861—6m

I. LIVINGSTON,

MERCHANT TAILOR AND CLOTHIER,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he has just received an extensive stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

which for variety, beauty, and price, cannot be excelled in the county. All of which will be sold per yard or made to measure in the most approved styles.

Cloth of Every Description!

Fine Black French Cloth of every grade, Brown, Army and Navy Blue, and many other colors.

Cassimeres of the very latest styles, in immense varieties.

Vestings in large quantities, of the latest styles.

Also, a very large lot of Sattinetts, Jeans, Flannels, Shirting, &c., which will be sold at the lowest market price.

The public is respectfully invited to inspect our large stock of goods, assuring them that a call will not incur the least obligation on purchasers.

Furnishing Goods.

The largest and best variety of Gent's Furnishing Goods, and at the lowest prices, can be found at

ISAAC LIVINGSTON'S.

North Hanover Street, opposite American House.
Carlisle, January 31, 1861.

Trunks, Trunks.

LADIES Sole Leather, French Style, and Dress Trunks. Bonnet Boxes, Traveling Bags, &c. Gent's solid Leather and Sole Leather Brass Band Trunks, Valises, new Traveling Bags, &c. A large assortment, and at low prices.

ISAAC LIVINGSTON.

Carlisle, January 31, 1861.

Report of Poor House Visitors

To the Honorable the Judges of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Cumberland County.

THE undersigned committee appointed by the Court to visit and examine into the condition and mode of management of the Poor House of this county, respectfully report:

That in the discharge of the duties assigned us, we have frequently visited said institution during the past year. At each visit we made a thorough examination of the different apartments, and are gratified to be able to state, that under the systematic mode of management adopted by the present Steward, good order, cleanliness and comfort are observable in all of them, with the exception hereinafter noticed. The well white-washed wall, the clean scrubbed floor, the neatly arranged and tidy appearance of the beds and bedding, the absence of vermin, the generally cheerful and contented countenances of the inmates, with their expressions of grateful acknowledgements of kindness received, satisfied us, that poverty, filth and degradation are not necessary concomitants of this institution, but that by judicious management, it may be rendered a comfortable home for the recipients of its charity. The inmates are supplied with good and wholesome food and comfortable clothing, those who are fitted for it, are required to labor, and their physical and mental health is thereby invigorated; the sick have comfortable and commodious rooms, are waited on by careful nurses and receive the attentions of a judicious physician. The register presents the following details—the number in the house on January 1st, 1860, was 139, of whom 34 were colored; admitted since, 235; births 5; making the number provided for during the year 379, of these 19 have died, 8 of whom were colored, 9 have been bound out, and 212 discharged, leaving in the house 139, of whom 18 are colored; the out-door paupers are 45, making the whole number chargeable on January 1, 1861, 184. In addition to the above, the large number of 2053 transient or traveling paupers have been received and provided for for short periods.

The Steward afforded every facility for a thorough inspection, and we cheerfully commend the energy, skill and humanity of his management.

We regret, where there is so much to commend, there should be anything to condemn, and yet we cannot but speak very unfavorably of the arrangements and provision made for the care and treatment of the insane poor. The ward assigned for their use, is on the ground floor of a small building west of the main edifice, and consists of several very small cheerless apartments, with grated windows, overheated in winter, badly ventilated in summer, and comfortless at all times. In the impure atmosphere of these cells, as they are properly called, must, of necessity, be placed the raving incurable, and those whose minds are only partially unsettled, but need some restraint, separated from each other only by a board petition or a narrow passage way. Confinement in such a place, of the former class, is hard indeed—but in the case of the latter, who may have occasional lucid intervals, it is the perfection of cruelty—with everything around them calculated to aggravate and increase their mental derangement—the attending physician having no facilities for the employment of suitable moral and medical remedial measures seldom prescribes for them—left in solitude, or attended only by pauper nurses, who have no knowledge of their duties, what possible hope can there be of even alleviation, much less of cure? Immured in his cell, the lunatic will continue to cherish his hallucinations until they become firmly fixed in his mind, and confirmed insanity will be the result. We are glad to know that no one of this class, is, at present, in this institution.

By these remarks we do not desire to attach censure to any one. We are willing to believe that the Directors, Physician and Steward would cheerfully afford every facility, and use all the means in their power to alleviate the suffering of the unfortunate insane committed to their charge, but that they are almost powerless, in consequence of the present defective and inadequate arrangements for that purpose. We do not think, so far as regards the care and treatment of cases of recent insanity, that these arrangements can be satisfactorily modified. But cannot they be altered and improved and the building enlarged, if necessary, so as to provide sufficient and comfortable quarters for the incurably insane who need restraint. Will it be urged as a valid objection to doing so that the expenses of the institution will be thereby somewhat increased? It has been deemed necessary to erect a spacious and expensive barn to protect the horses and cattle upon and husband the product of the Poor House farm; and shall protection and compassion be withheld from this class of human beings, thrown upon this charity, whose mental existence is almost blotted out? We cannot believe it. Our knowledge of the character of the Directors justifies us in cherishing the hope that this source of complaint against their institution will soon be removed. In conclusion, we would respectfully suggest, first, that when any insane person shall be admitted to this institution, whose cure is deemed practicable by the attending physician, the Directors make immediate application by petition to the proper Court, (if such a course is necessary and proper,) for an order for the removal of such insane person to the State Lunatic Asylum, there to be kept, until a cure is effected, or it is decided to be impracticable.

Second, that the Directors make such alterations and modifications of their arrangements for the care of the incurably insane who require restraint, as will render their condition more comfortable and soften their hard lot as much as possible.

WILLIAM GRAHAM,
A. CATHCART,
J. R. IRVINE,
Visitors.

January 31, 1861—1t

Carlisle Gas & Water Company.

THE following tariff of Water Rents has been adopted by the Carlisle Gas and Water Company, to take effect from and after the first day of April next. It has been carefully prepared, and is rather under than above the rates in neighboring towns. The inequalities of the existing tariff and its insufficiency has compelled the present action of the Company. The works, at best, yield a small per cent. on the cost of construction, and self-protection requires that the revenue should bear some reasonable proportion to the expenses of the erection and management. GEO. WISE, *Sup't.*

Jan. 28, 1861.

FOR PRIVATE FAMILIES.		
Houses of First Class,	per annum;	$6 00
" Second "	do.	5 00
" Third "	do.	4 00
STORES.		
From	do:	2 to 3
HOTELS.		
First Class,	do.	18 00
Second, "	do.	14 00
STABLES.		
Livery,	do.	15 00
Hotels,	do.	5 00
Porter, Ale, Mineral Water, and Botling establishments,	do.	15 00
Oysters, Victualing, ale and lager beer houses,	do.	6 00
Ice Cream Saloons,	do.	2 00
Mineral Water fountains,	do.	3 00
Butchers slaughterhouses,	do.	9 00
Bakeries,	do.	6 00
Barber Shops,	do.	6 00
Public Schools,	do.	5 00
Blacksmith Shop, 2 fires, each fire more than two $1,	do.	4 00
Printing Offices,	do.	5 00
Private Stables,	do.	2 00
Soap Boilers and Chandlers,	do.	6 00
Hatters Shops,	do.	4 00
Public bath, each tub,	do.	4 00
Private, " " "	do.	3 00
Breweries,		$30 to 75 00
Wash Pavements and sprinkling streets, centre block, 30 feet,	do.	2 00
Pavements sprinkling corner lots,	do.	3 00
Manufactory of Confectionary,	do.	5 00
Steam Engine & Horse Power,	do.	3 50
Locomotives,		125 00
Irrigating Gardens,	do.	5¢ to 10 00
Tan Yards,	do.	30 00
BUILDING PURPOSES.		
Brick per thousand,		10
Stone per Perch,		5
Plastering, per 100 yards,		40

All manufacturing and other business requiring a large supply of water will be charged per 100 gallons for the average quantity used during the year, to be estimated at 300 days. When the quantity used averages

200 gallons per day, or less, per 100 gallons,	06
200 to 300 gallons per day "	04½
300 to 1000 " " "	3½
1000 to 2000 " " "	3
2000 to 10,000 " " "	2½

For Fountains which may be used four hours a day for four months of the year,

A jet of 1-32 of an inch,	3 00
A jet of 1-16 of an inch 35 gal. per hour	5 00
" of ⅛ " " 95 " "	10 00
" of ¼ " " 305 " "	30 00

No person will be granted a permit for the use of Pave Wash and bath for a less period than one year.

Water used for other purposes not herein enumerated, will be charged according to contract entered into with the Superintendent.

January 31, 1861—4t

Dickinson College Grammar School.

TERM opens Thursday, 17th January. The Principal, A. F. MULLIN, A. B., has proved himself a superior teacher, and we can safely commend the school as one of the best classical schools in the country. H. M. JOHNSON.

January 31, 1861—6t

WM. FLINT! WM. FLINT! WM. FLINT!
WM. FLINT!
WM. FLINT!
WM. FLINT!

No. 807 MARKET, No. 807 MARKET,
No. 807 MARKET, No. 807 MARKET,
No. 807 MARKET, No. 807 MARKET,
PHILADELPHIA,
PHILADELPHIA,
PHILADELPHIA,
PA.
PA.
PA.

TREMENDOUS SACRIFICE
OF
$100,000 WORTH OF JEWELRY,
ALL FOR ONE DOLLAR EACH.

A Large and Splendid Assortment of Jewelry, consisting of

CHAINS, BRACELETS, CAMEO SETS, &c., &c.

And all styles of French Plated Chains, Gold and Plated Jewelry.

We do not keep or sell any gift, or galvanized goods. Ours is what are sold by the best Jewelers as *Gold* Jewelry.

We receive our goods from the best Gold Jewelry Manufacturers in the States,

WHO ARE FORCED TO SELL.
WHO ARE FORCED TO SELL.
WHO ARE FORCED TO SELL.

The following is only a partial list of our immense stock:

TAKE YOUR CHOICE FOR
$1 EACH.

TAKE YOUR CHOICE FOR $1.

Large Size and Splendid Cameo Sets, General Retail Prices,		$8 to $15
Do do Lava	do	10 to 20
Do do Carbuncle	do	8 to 30
Do Ladies' Enamelled & Coral	do	7 to 30
Do do and Carbuncle	do	7 to 30
Do do and Ruby	do	7 to 30
Do Cluster Grape Setting Sets	do	10 to 30
Do do do Vase	do	10 to 30
Do do do Jet Sets	do	5 to 12
Do do Black Mosaic	do	6 to 12
Do do goldstone mosaic	do	6 to 12
Do do Calico Sets.	do	5 to 15
Do Ribbon twists with brilliants	do	6 to 15
Do Boquet Sets, new style,	do	8 to 20
Do Enamelled Cluster	do	10 to 30
Gold Thimbles,	do	3 to 7
Diamond Pointed Gold Pens & Cases,		3 to 6
½ doz., Silver Plated Spoons,		2 00
Silver Plated Mugs,		4 00

Over 1000 other different styles Ladies' Jewelry; Medallions, all styles, patterns and sizes; Lockets of every description: Gold Pens, 14 karat, with Silver Extension Holder; Gold Pencils, Sleeve Buttons, Studs, &c., &c.; Coral, Lava, Cameo and Band Bracelets, Gents' Vest Chains, warranted to wear for ten years without changing color, and will stand the acid—they are usually sold by Jewelers as solid gold chains—all made in Paris. You can take your choice for $1 each. Ladies' and Gents' Guard Chains, $1 each, usually sold by Jewelers at from $5 to $30 each; Ladies' and Children's Neck Chains, beautiful patterns; Armlets, brilliant, enameled and ruby settings; Crosses, plain and enamelled, for $1 each, retail prices from $5 to $20 each. Every style and variety of Jewelry and desirable goods for $1 each.

This Sale, at the above prices, will continue long enough to sell off our immense stock, which was purchased at a great Sacrifice from Manufacturers who have failed.

TAKE YOUR CHOICE FOR $1 EACH.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

☞ HOW TO SEND MONEY. ☜

1st. Write your Name, Place of Residence, County and State, *plain and distinct*, as we can make *nothing out of Post marks.*

Seal all letters with WAX, as Envelopes sealed with gum or wafers can be easily opened—the contents taken out and re-sealed. Attend to this, and we will be responsible for your money.

INDUCEMENTS TO AGENTS.

Any person acting as Agent, who will send us at one time,

$100, we will give a Gold hunting case watch, extra.
$50, " " Gold Lever Watch.
$25, " " Silver Watch.

A Watch and the articles selected from the above List at ONE DOLLAR EACH.

Persons ordering by mail *must send* $1 and 15 cents *in postage stamps.*

GIVE US A TRIAL.

All communications must be addressed to
WILLIAM FLINT,
No. 807 MARKET Street,
Philadelphia, Pa.

January 31, 1861.

Proclamation.

WHEREAS the Hon. JAMES H. GRAHAM, President Judge of the several Courts of Common Pleas of the counties of Cumberland, Perry, and Juniata, and Justices of the several Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery in said counties, and Michael Cocklin and Samuel Wherry, Judges of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Sail Delivery for the trial of all capital and other offenders, in the said county of Cumberland, by their precepts to me directed, dated the 14th day of January, 1861, have ordered the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery to be holden at Carlisle, on the 2d Monday of April, 1861, (being the 8th day,) at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to continue one week.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, and Constables of the said county of Cumberland, that they are by the said precept commanded to be then and there in their proper persons, with their rolls, records, and inquisitions, examinations, and all other remembrances, to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done, and all those that are bound by recognizances, to prosecute against the prisoners that are or then shall be in the Jail of said county, are to be there to prosecute them as shall be just.

ROBERT M'CARTNEY, *Sheriff.*

Carlisle, January 31, 1861.

Adjourned Court.

TO all persons interested, take notice that an Adjourned Court of Common Pleas will be held at Carlisle, in and for the County of Cumberland, on Monday, the 11th day of March, 1861, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

ROBERT M'CARTNEY, *Sheriff.*

Sheriff's Office, Carlisle, January 31, 1861.

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that Letters of Administration on the estate of Martin Carothers, late of West Pennsborough township, deceased, have been issued by the Register of Cumberland County, to the subscriber residing in the same township.—All persons indebted to said estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them duly authenticated for settlement to

MARTIN J. CAROTHERS, *Administrator.*

January 31, 1861—6t

Houses for Rent.

FIVE or six comfortable new Houses, located in pleasant parts of the town, are offered for rent from the first of April next.

HENRY MYERS.

January 31, 1861—3t

Notice.

LETTERS of Administration on the estate of Elizabeth Gram, dec'd., late of the borough of Mechanicsburg; have been issued by the Register of Cumberland County, to the subscriber residing in Upper Allen township. All persons indebted to said estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them for settlement to

CHRISTIAN TITZEL, *Administrator.*

January 24, 1861—6t

Notice.

THE members of the Cumberland County Agricultural Society, will meet at the Court House in Carlisle, on Tuesday, the 5th of February, 1861, at 10 o'clock, A. M. All Farmers are requested to attend.

D. S. CROFT, *Sec'y.*

January 24, 1861.

Auditor's Notice.

IN the Orphan's Court of Cumberland County. Estate of Levi Bricker, deceased. The Auditor appointed to audit, settle and adjust the account of Archibald Bricker, Administrator of Levi Bricker, late of Clark county, State of Ohio, dec'd., and to report distribution of the balance remaining in his hands, will meet the parties interested, at his office, on South Hanover street, Carlisle, Pa., on *Friday, the 8th day of February*, 1861, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

W. M. BIDDLE, *Auditor.*

January 17, 1861—4t

NAILS! NAILS!!

A large stock of good, clean, neat, and tough Nails, at the lowest prices. Our Nails are worth 50 cents a keg more than any other make sold in our town. This is the opinion of mechanics who have tried them. We also have a full assortment of building materials of the latest and most improved styles. All goods warranted as represented.

JOHN P. LYNE & SON.

November 3, 1860.

Harrisburg, Carlisle, and Chambersburg, Turnpike Road Company.

EXHIBIT of tolls received, repairs and expenses, on the Harrisburg, Carlisle and Chambersburg Turnpike Road Company, from 1st January to 31st December, 1860, inclusive, as follows, to wit:

DR.

To amount of tolls received at Gates,	$3,060 88
To balance at settlement for 1859, paid into Court, at January, 1860,	415 88½
	$3,476 76½

CR.

By balance of 1859, paid to creditors per acts of Assembly of 1823, '28 & '30,	415 88½
By Cash paid for repairs on road for 1860,	1,264 03
By Gate Keeper's salaries,	920 04
By Managers pay,	285 00
By Treasurer's salary,	75 00
By Secretary's salary,	25 00
By Incidental expenses,	55 50
By Postage, Taxes, and Stationary,	10 00
	$3,050 50½
By balance paid into Court to be applied under the act of Assembly aforesaid,	426 26
	$3,476 76½

COPY.

Certified on oath of the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of Cumberland County, 7th day of January, A. D. 1861.

SAM'L. W. NEVIN, *Treasurer.*

TAKE NOTICE

That the Court of Common Pleas of Cumberland County, have appointed Monday, the 11th day of March next, at the Court House, in the borough of Carlisle, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for hearing and determining the claims of the respective creditors against the Company, agreeably to the acts of Assembly made for the relief of said creditors on the 1st day of April, 1823, and the supplement thereto; at the aforesaid time and place, the preferred (if any) and all other creditors are requested to have their respective claims duly authenticated and presented, and also to furnish evidence at the same time, whether any claims have been assigned, or are still held by the original owners; and also proof to establish the consideration of their claims, whether for work, materials, &c.

BY THE COURT.

January 24, 1861—3t

House and Lot For Sale.

THE subscriber offers at private sale that new three story

BRICK HOUSE,

with open front, well finished, and supplied with gas fixtures and hydrant, situate in West High street. The lot contains 30 feet in front, and 240 feet in depth. The Store Room fitted up with counters and shelving, is for rent. Possession given immediately.

A. SENSEMAN.

January 3, 1860.

CHAIRS! CHAIRS! CHAIRS!

MAHOGANY, MAPLE, BIRCH & WALNUT

Cane Seat Chairs,

OF EVERY STYLE AND FINISH, AT

W. D. REICHNER'S Union Fancy Chair Factory, 339 North Front Street, above Vine. Parlor and Dining Room Chairs, large and small Rocking Chairs, manufactured of the best material and by experienced workmen. All orders filled with promptitude and care.

Remember the place 339 North Front Street, above Vine, Philadelphia.

January 3, 1861—1y

JAMES ROBINSON, Clock and WATCH MAKER, and Importer of Watches, Jewelry and French Time-pieces, also Manufacturers of Silver and Silver Plated Ware, Gold, Silver and Steel Spectacles, No. 1031 MARKET Street, below Eleventh, North side, Philadelphia.

Clocks, Watches and Jewelry neatly repaired at the shortest notice.

☞ Constantly on hand and for sale, the American Manufactured Watches.

Gilding and Plating, of all descriptions, done neatly to order.

N. B.—Masonic, Odd-Fellows' and other emblematic Marks made and Engraved to order.

January 3, 1861—6m

Notice.

THE undersigned, an Auditor appointed by the Orphan's Court of Cumberland County, to pass upon the exceptions filed to the final account of Edward Lamont, administrator of Francis A. Mateer, dec'd., as settled by Christian Titzel, administrator of Edward Lamont, dec'd., and to make distribution of the assetts of said estate among its creditors, will meet all persons indebted therein, for that purpose, at his office, in Carlisle, on Monday, the 11th day of February, 1861.

LEMUEL TODD, *Auditor.*

Carlisle, January 17, 1861—3t

The Only Discovery

WORTHY OF ANY CONFIDENCE FOR RESTORING THE

BALD AND GRAY.

MANY, since the discovery of Prof. Wood, have attempted not only to imitate his restorative, but profess to have discovered something that would produce results identical; but they have all come and gone, being carried away by the wonderful results of Prof. Wood's preparations, and have been forced to leave the field to its resistless sway. Read the following:—

Bath, Maine, April 18th, 1859.

PROF. O. J. WOOD & CO.: Gents.:—The letter I wrote you in 1858 concerning your valuable Hair Restorative, and which you have published in this vicinity and elsewhere, has given rise to numerous enquiries touching the facts in the case. The enquiries are, first, is it a fact of my habitation and name, as stated in the communication; second, is it true of all therein contained; third, does my hair still continue to be in good order and of natural color? To all I can and do answer invariably yes.—My hair is even better than in any stage of my life for 40 years past, more soft, thrifty, and better colored; the same is true of my whiskers, and the only cause why it is not generally true, is that the substance is washed off by frequent ablution of the face, when if cared were used by wiping the face in close connection with the whiskers, the same result will follow as the hair. I have been in the receipt of a great number of letters from all parts of New England, asking me if my hair still continues to be good; as there is so much fraud in the manufacture and sale of various compounds as well as this, it has, no doubt been busely imitited and been used, not only without any good effect, but to absolute injury. I have not used any of your Restorative of any account for some months, and yet my hair is as good as ever, and hundreds have examined it with surprise, as I am now 51 years old and not a gray hair in my head or on my face; and to prove this fact, I send you a lock of my hair taken off the past week. I received your favor of two quart bottles last summer, for which I am very grateful: I gave it to my friends and thereby induced them to try it, many were skeptical until after trial, and then purchased and used it with universal success. I will ask as a favor, that you send me a test by which I can discover fraud in the Restorative, sold by many, I fear, without authority from you. A pure article will insure success, and I believe where good effects do not follow, the failure is caused by the impure article, which curses the inventor of the good. I deem it my duty as heretofore, to keep you apprised of the continued effect on my hair, as I assure all who enquire of me of my unshaken opinion of its valuable results. I remain, dear sir, yours, A. C. RAYMOND.

Aarons, Run Ky., Nov. 30, 1858.

PROF. O. J. WOOD: Dear Sir.—I would certainly be doing you a great injustice not to make known to the world, the wonderful, as well as the unexpected result I have experienced from using one bottle of your Hair Restorative. After using every kind of Restoratives extant, but without success, and finding my head nearly destitute of hair, I was finally induced to try a bottle of your Hair Restorative.—Now, candor and justice compel me to announce to whoever may read this, that I now possess a new and beautiful growth of hair, which I pronounce richer and handsomer than the original was. I will therefore take occasion to recommend this valuable remedy to ALL who may feel the necessity of it.

Respectfully yours, REV. S. ALLEN BROCK.

P. S.—This testimonial of my approbation for your valuable medicine (as you are aware of) is unsolicited;—but if you think it worthy a place among the rest, insert if you wish; if not destroy and say nothing. Yours, &c., Rev. S. A. B.

The Restorative is put up in bottles of three sizes, viz: large, medium, and small; the small holds ½ a pint, and retails for one dollar per bottle; the medium holds at least twenty per cent. more in proportion than the small, retails for two dollars per bottle; the large holds a quart, 40 per cent. more in proportion, and retails for three dollars a bottle.

O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

And sold by all good Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

January 17, 1861—3m

JUST OPENED AND FOR SALE.

One of the cheapest and best selected stocks of Dry Goods ever opened in Carlisle, Pa., is now in the room of A. W. Bentz, consisting in part of

SILK ROBES, FANCY AND PLAIN,

Silks, Figured Merinos, Cashmeres, all wool Delaines, and every style of Dress Goods seen in the eastern markets.

CLOTH MANTLES,

colors and stripes of every style. My stock of Mantles is acknowledged to be the most complete ever opened in this place.

WHITE GOODS,

purchased from the best houses in Philadelphia and New York, can be had of me at less than usual retail prices. I have in this branch, Linens, Laces, Edgings, Cambrics, Brilliants, Nainsooks, Jaconetts, Lawns, Mull Muslins, &c., all of which I ask but an examination.

FURS.

The best article of Sable, Siberian Squirrel, German, Fitch, Lustre do., Stone Martin and Silver do. I have at least 200 Setts, out of which all can select.

DOMESTICS.

Muslins, American, French and English prints, all of the best manufacture and colors, Lancaster, Waterwist and Manchester Ginghams, Flannels, Blankets, and everything usually found in a well regulated dry goods store.

HOSIERY AND GLOVES.

Silk, Woolen, Cotton and Linen Hose for children, ladies and gentlemen, Kid, Kid Finish, Silk, Lisle Thread and Cloth Gauntlets for ladies, Kid, Lisle Thread and genuine Buck Gloves for Gents.

MEN'S WEAR.

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings and Shawls. There is no place this side of Philadelphia, where gentlemen can be fitted out in better styles or quality of cloth and at as low rates as in my store. Call and see the new styles of Fancy Cassimers, acknowledged by the gentlemen of this place to be the prettiest and best ever brought from the Eastern markets.

CARPETS & OIL CLOTHS.

Superfine two and three-Ply, Brussels and Velvet Carpets, of all sizes and figures and extremely low prices, one, one and a quarter, one and a half, two and three yards wide, Oil Cloth of the very best article and sold at the very low price of fifty cents per square yard.

Having enlarged my room and added every convenience and comfort for customers, I invite all to call and examine a stock of goods purchased for *cash* and see why it