

AMERICAN VOLUNTEER.

JOHN B. BRATTON, Editor & Proprietor. CARLISLE, PA., SEPT. 27, 1860.

FOR PRESIDENT, STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS, OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT, HERSCHEL V. JOHNSON, OF GEORGIA.

DEMOCRATIC STATE NOMINATIONS. For Governor, HENRY D. FOSTER, OF WESTMORELAND COUNTY.

COUNTY TICKET. Congress. JOSEPH BAILY, of Perry County. Assembly. WILLIAM J. SHEARER, of Carlisle. JOHN FOWER, of Perry County.

FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS, ELECTORS AT LARGE. GEO. M. KEIM, of Berks county. RICHARD VAUX, of Philadelphia.

DISTRICT ELECTORS. 1. Fredk. A. Sorver. 14. J. Rocklow. 2. Wm. O. Patterson. 15. Geo. D. Jackson. 3. Jos. Crockett, Jr. 16. J. A. Ahl.

Resolution Adopted by the State Executive Committee, August 9, 1860. Resolved, That the Democratic Electoral Ticket be headed with the name of Stephen A. Douglas or John C. Breckinridge as an elector at large, and in the event of the success of said ticket, if the greater number of votes shall have been cast for Stephen A. Douglas, then the vote of the electoral college of the State shall be cast for Stephen A. Douglas and Herschel V. Johnson for President and Vice President; but if for John C. Breckinridge, then for John C. Breckinridge and Joseph Lane, for the same offices.

REMEMBER

That Saturday, the 6th of October, inst., is the day set apart for the Democratic COUNTY MASS MEETING, and that the people will be addressed by the Hon. Wm. H. Witte, Charles W. Carrigan, Esq., and Thomas M. Biddle, Esq., of Philadelphia.

FOSTER CLUB. In pursuance of a call of the friends of HENRY D. FOSTER, in Carlisle, they met at Gill's Hotel, on Saturday evening last, for the purpose of organizing a FOSTER CLUB.

Gen. Foster's Speech. On our first page we published Gen. Henry D. Foster's speech, delivered before an audience of 50,000 Philadelphians. Read it! Read it, Republicans; read it, Democrats; read it, everybody. It is the speech of the campaign.

Pole Raising. The Democrats of Silver Spring township, on Saturday evening last, raised a beautiful Hickory pole at the public house of JOHN LOR, in Hogestown. The meeting was organized by the appointment of John Emminger as President, and James Anderson, David Orris, John Trimble, George Ducey, John Jacobs, Frederick Myers, Henry Irvine, and Wm. Cocklin, Vice Presidents, and H. A. Longdorf, London Ewalt, and H. H. Eberly, Secretaries.

SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY.—The Real Estate of ADAM CHOUSE, deceased, will be sold on Saturday next. The property is valuable, and worthy the attention of capitalists.

ARE YOU ASSESSED?—If not, see to it in time.—Saturday is the last day, if you desire to vote at the Governor's election on the 9th of October.

NOMINATED FOR CONGRESS.—The Democrats of the Bucks and Lehigh Congressional District have nominated Dr. Thomas Cooper, of Lehigh, for Congress.

DEMOCRATIC



MASS MEETING!

FOSTER AND VICTORY! TURN OUT! TURN OUT! ON SATURDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1860. IN CARLISLE.

The undersigned, members of the Democratic Standing Committee of Cumberland county, would cordially invite all their brethren to meet in COUNTY MASS MEETING, in Carlisle, on SATURDAY, October 6, 1860, at 1 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of reasserting their fealty to the time-honored principles of the Democratic party, and to express our confidence in the Democracy and integrity of HENRY D. FOSTER, the nominee of the Democratic party of Pennsylvania for the office of Governor, and to pledge our united exertions to place him in that gubernatorial chair which his talents and accomplishments would so much adorn.

A number of eminent and distinguished speakers will be engaged by the Democratic State Executive Committee for this occasion, whose names will be announced as early a day as possible. It is confidently believed that Gen. Foster himself will be with us, to express his views on the issues involved in the present campaign.

It is not intended that the subject of the Presidency shall be discussed on this occasion, the object of the meeting being to promote the election of our candidate for Governor and our local tickets. We appeal, then, to our Democratic brethren, to turn out in their strength on the day above named. It will be the first and last grand rally of the Democracy of Cumberland. Let it be a rally worthy of yourselves and your principles.

- Peter Monyer, Geo. W. Jacobs, A. Wm. Dehuff, Philip Zeigler, Wm. M. Pherson, Alex. Corman, J. B. Denton, P. W. Quigley, Wm. Harper, Jas. B. Church, Jos. Brown, J. C. Kotterman, Geo. Kissinger, A. Killian, Sam'l Spanger, Thos. Stough, J. D. Bowman, W. A. Middleton, T. C. Rehn, Sam'l Parks, Lavan H. Orris, Wm. Griffin, Jacob Kost, Thos. P. Blair, John Seamer, Adam Duke, Sam'l Megaw, Wm. Sensaman, D. Wilery, L. B. Ewalt, J. C. Elliott, W. B. Conrey, D. Boyer, T. Strohm, G. W. Mumper, Thos. Bradley, Wm. Ruth, Adam Gutshall, J. O. Heine, Geo. W. Fisher, David Knoderer, J. H. Herring, Wm. Kerr, Jr., Sam'l Deetern, J. M. Carothers, T. A. Liggett, County Committee.

THE REPUBLICAN MASS MEETING held on Friday, was respectable in numbers, but not near as large as had been expected. Col. CURTIN, the Republican nominee for Governor, delivered a very long speech, and we must do him the justice to say it was dignified in sentiment and contained nothing offensive. He spoke of Gen. Foster in the kindest manner, and said he regarded him an honorable opponent. We, in common with all Democrats, felt gratified that Col. C. expressed his opinions in the mild manner he did.

The next speech was made by Mr. JENKIN, Republican candidate for Congress, who explained the position he occupied in the last session of Congress. His explanations failed to convince his hearers, but yet his remarks were kind and gentlemanly, and we therefore feel no desire to speak harshly of a man who advocates his cause boldly, but yet utters no libels upon his political opponents.

In the evening CARL SCHURZ, the "farriner" spoke in German and English. Of course, we could not understand his German speech, but when he commenced his English address we understood that. He started out by saying that we had called upon him and made an "apology" for the article we published against him last week. This was such an outrageous perversion of the conversation that took place between us, that we felt it our right and duty to contradict him. We had no desire to interrupt the meeting, but we had a desire to set Mr. S. right; that was all.

Next followed JOHN C. KUNKEL, of Harrisburg, the same man who Gen. CAMERON publicly insulted at Washington, some two years since. Mr. K.'s speeches are all alike—one half in the spread eagle style, the other half personal abuse. It was not the first time that his batteries had been opened upon us, and we suppose it will not be the last; notwithstanding we have never attempted to injure him in any way except as a political man, and many of our best friends in Dauphin county have always been his supporters. He may please his own conceited mind by his speeches, but we doubt whether they are calculated to advance the cause he advocates, or to elevate him in the estimation of the people.

Such was the Republican meeting—such the speeches delivered before it. We refer at length (in another article), to Mr. SCHURZ, because, notwithstanding our admiration for his talents, we do believe he advocates principles that are calculated and intended to endanger the peace of the country, and at the same time stir up strife among men. We regard him an unfair man—one who desires to see anarchy, confusion and blood. We respect the rights of all foreigners, but a foreigner who holds attacks the institutions of the country that has adopted him and protected him, against the unmerciful assaults of Know-Nothingism, cannot expect to secure the respect of either native or adopted citizens—men who revere our country, and who will, if necessary, peril their lives to protect it against the assaults of both foreign and domestic foes.

The National Democrat, published at Cassopolis, Michigan, says that there are twelve hundred negroes in that county, and every negro in the county, and every negro in the county is a living sermon against Republicanism.

SCHURZ AND HIS DEFENCE.

In our paper of last week, we published an extract from a speech delivered by Schurz, in Springfield, Massachusetts. That extract had appeared in a number of our exchanges, and had never been contradicted. Its language was so in accordance with the reasonable sentiments and Red-Republican ideas heretofore enunciated by this impatient foreigner, that we had no doubt of its genuineness. In his revolutionary speech delivered some weeks ago, in the city of St. Louis, published in the New York Tribune, and endorsed by the Republicans generally, he reviled the memory of the great Washington, ridiculed his farewell address, insulted the eloquent Everett in his patriotic efforts for the purchase of Mount Vernon, and belched forth the most shameful tirade against the Union, the Constitution, the Supreme Court, and the men of the South. Under these circumstances, reading day after day some new and damnable heresy from the lips of this German Danton, and prepared to hear and read grosser vituperation, as he became emboldened by the loud plaudits of admiring Republicans, we had no doubt that the treason of this foreign swaggerer, had culminated in the following desecration of the altar and memories of American Liberty:

"There is your Declaration of Independence," said he, "a diplomatic dodge, adopted merely for the purpose of exposing the rebellious colonies in the eyes of civilized mankind. There is your Declaration of Independence, no longer the sacred code of the rights of man, but a hypocritical piece of special pleading, drawn up by a batch of artful pettifoggers, who, when speaking of the rights of man, meant but the privileges of a set of aristocratic slaveholders, but styled it the rights of man, in order to throw dust in the eyes of the world, and to insulate noble-hearted souls from landing them aid and assistance. [Applause.] These are your boasted Revolutionary virtues, no longer heroes and sages, but accomplished humbuggers and hypocrites, who said one thing and meant another; who passed counterfeit sentiments as genuine, and obtained arms and money and assistance and sympathy on false pretences!—There is your great American Revolution, no longer the great champion of universal principles, but a mean, false, dishonest, and unprincipled, and a wooden utility—[Applause.]—THE MOST IMPUDENT IMPOSITION EVER PRACTISED UPON THE WHOLE WORLD." [Applause.]

These sentiments were not only abhorrent to all patriots, but even shocked the blunted sensibilities of the Republican Committee of our county. Consequently as SCHURZ passed through our town, on his way to Chambersburg on Thursday last, (tho' to spit forth his fanatical sentiments,) he was shown a copy of our paper, and asked whether he had uttered the language above quoted. He replied, "yes," but qualified it as we shall now notice. It was not a qualification in private, to a few individuals, but was made before the citizens of our county, assembled in the Court House, who heard with what brazen effrontery a European outlaw could malign the character of one of the candidates for the Presidency for the United States. What was this qualification?—what was the miserable subterfuge to which SCHURZ resorted, to shield himself from the increased feelings that such blasphemy would evoke? How did he excuse himself? Did he say that he did not entertain such sentiments? Did he say that he had never proclaimed sentiments equally as abhorrent? Did he say that he never uttered this language: "I regard Slavery from a religious point, and will assist to put it down wherever it exists?" Did he say he would respect his oath of allegiance as a naturalized citizen, by executing the Fugitive Slave Law, abiding by the decisions of the Supreme Court, and maintaining the Constitution?—No, no! None of all this. An outlaw in Europe, a revolutionist by nature and education, a restless, designing, fanatical being, he throws himself boldly into the vortex of revolution in this country—and before the ink that records his oath is fairly dry, he outlaws himself by sneering at the Constitution, abusing the Supreme Court, trampling on congressional enactments, and declaring he will assist to abolish slavery "wherever it exists." In all this festering treason, he adds this unblushing qualification, that the language taken from his speech, he did not intend as his own, but he did intend it as the language of Judge Douglas—as that Judge Douglas had declared (and rightly too) "the Declaration of Independence was a declaration for the white race," therefore, he had in effect said, "The Declaration is a diplomatic dodge," &c. SCHURZ objected earnestly, and made a personal issue with us, for holding him responsible for the vile effrontery of his heated brain, yet in the same breath, acknowledges, that he generated it for the purpose of putting it in the mouth of Judge Douglas. He announces with the coolness of WENDELL PHILLIPS, and the mendacity of GARRISON, that, by influence, and the sentiments of Judge Douglas. Has it come to this? Has the poison of detraction intensified in the heart of this man SCHURZ, until he dares thus to assail an American Senator. Is it possible that this "overweening rag" of Europe stood up before an American audience, and declared that Judge Douglas was a hypocritical piece of special pleading drawn up by a batch of artful pettifoggers? Can it be that this political atheist, charged the Democratic candidate for the Presidency, with denouncing the heroes and sages of the revolution, as "accomplished humbuggers and hypocrites"? Did this red-mouthed foreign abolitionist declare that Judge Douglas thought the American Revolution "the most impudent imposition ever practised upon the whole world." Aye, aye. All of this he said and charged before an American audience, because Judge Douglas enunciated the plain, living and forever breathing truth, that the Declaration of Independence was a declaration in favor of the white race." Because he uttered this great truth, Judge Douglas was thus maligning in the heart of conservative Pennsylvania, by a European emissary, who, to carry out his crazy philosophy of government, would give white women to the lust of the incensed negro—white men to their brutal rage, and peaceful, cheerful homes to fearful raven and the incendiary torch.—Having given SCHURZ the full benefit of his qualification, we now repeat with slight alteration what we said of him last week.—Carl Schurz did come. Sound the Black Republican trumpet—spread the news abroad—bring in the Abolition hosts—Carl Schurz—the slanderer of our forefathers, the contemner

of our Constitution, the reveller in revolutionary ideas, the representative man of Red and Black Republicanism, has addressed his brother Abolitionists in Carlisle. Let the noble idea—the fanatic who worship at false shrines and bow down before imaginary gods, strew his pathway with flowers! The great revolutionist—the man who has the impudence to stand up and abuse the dead patriots and living statesmen of America in the face of American citizens, received a warm reception, a glorious welcome from the followers of Lincoln and Seward. Read again and again the extract from his Springfield (Massachusetts) speech, that he dared to place in the mouth of Judge Douglas: read it, men of Carlisle, and then with clear threats and lusty lungs shout aloud your hosannas to Carl Schurz, the aider and abettor of Abolitionism and treason. Lift up your hands and shout O, Republicans! He is your great orator, your traveling advocate of Lincoln and Curtin—the vile slanderer of all their good, and holy, and sacred in the memories of your children! Take him to your bosoms, hug him, shout for him—and then turn away from the filthy embrace, and ask pardon of God and man for the foul pollution to which you subjected yourselves. Confess to your children that you are ashamed, and turn your faces away from the mothers that bore them.

The Democratic Mass Meeting, SATURDAY, THE 6TH DAY OF OCTOBER, being fixed for the Mass Meeting of the Democratic party, it is hoped that all who feel an interest in the welfare of our free institutions will attend. Come in Wagons, Carriages, on Horseback, any way, so that you get here. Come with Music and Banners—come by Boroughs and Townships. Come everybody, and let us have a good gathering and a good time generally.

Let all who desire the faithful enforcement of the laws of the land, COME! Let all who believe that our Government as formed by the heroes of the Revolution, can continue to exist and prosper, COME! Let all who are opposed to the sectional and dangerous creed of Black Republicanism, COME! Let all who believe that THE PEOPLE are capable of self-government, COME! Let all who are willing to stand by the Union, and the Constitution, the rights of the States, and the sovereignty of the people, COME! Let all who would cheer on the patriotic cause, COME! Let the YOUNG MEN, who look to a glorious future for the Republic, and who desire to perpetuate our liberties, COME! Come as the waves come when navies are stranded, come as the winds come when forests are riven, come as freemen come where there is a Union to save, come as true Democrats with strong hearts and brave.

Organize! Organize! We appeal to our Democratic friends throughout the State, if they desire to carry the October election, and make HENRY D. FOSTER our Governor—which we know they do—to organize in every city, county, borough, and township, so as to be able to present to the common enemy the polls on the second Tuesday of next month, a full compact, undivided, and determined front, and success will surely crown your labors. Let no hatred or malice be allowed to continue or spring up with regard to your preferences for the Presidency, but let every mother's son of you make a zealous, strong and determined fight to carry the State election, and our word for it, the Presidential question can be easily managed, and the electoral vote of Pennsylvania carried against Lincoln and his Abolition supporters. The election of Foster would produce such a reaction in the North as would carry dismay and confusion into the ranks of our foes, and be the prelude to a still greater victory in November, when Black Republicanism would be sunk deeper than plummet ever sounded. To arms then, Democrats, to arms! And let your war cry be, from every mountain height, and every hill and valley—FOSTER AND VICTORY! and no quarter to the enemy!

Let it be, as it undoubtedly is, your bounden duty, to leave no stone unturned, and no honorable means untried, to secure so glorious and lasting a victory. Marshal your forces in every district—pledge the cause of the Constitution, the Union, and the rights of the people of all the States—attend the Democratic meetings announced—and when you have performed all but your last duty in the first approaching contest, come like freemen to the polls and cast your suffrages for the Democratic ticket—and all will be well.

QUALIFICATIONS OF VOTERS.—The law requires a person who claims the right to vote, to have been a citizen of this Commonwealth at least ten days immediately preceding such an election, and within two years to have paid a State or County Tax, which shall have been assessed at least ten days before the election.—But a citizen of the United States, who has previously been a qualified voter of the State, and removed therefrom and returned, and who shall have resided in the election district, and paid taxes as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote, after residing in this State six months. But citizens of the United States, between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-two years, who have resided in the election district ten days, as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote, although they shall not have paid taxes. ARE YOU ASSESSED? See to it immediately that you are. Saturday, the 29th inst., is the LAST DAY on which this duty can be attended to, to secure a vote at the ensuing election—as the election takes place on Tuesday, the 9th of October.

THE RAIL SPLITTER.—One of the most amusing incidents in connection with the proceedings of Friday last, was this: After the County declaration had passed and dismissed, the Dickinson men made their appearance, in large wagons, filled with men and boys. As they were considerably belated, and as one of their number on the wagon was endeavoring, in imitation of Old Abe, to split rails, a waggish urchin in the crowd, shouted out, "he exactly resembles Old Abe, he is hindmost in the field, and he is doomed to stay there."

AN EX-JUDGE of the Probate Court of Leavenworth, Kansas, has been arrested and imprisoned on the charge of murder.

For the Volunteer.

REPUBLICAN MASS MEETING.

After an immense exertion on the part of the editorial and oratorical corps of the new pledged opposition, a so called mass meeting was drummed up from all sections of the county, in our borough, on Friday last. Their candidate for Governor, ANDY CURTIN, was here and addressed about 300 persons, (one half Democrats,) on the square in the afternoon. ANDY was entirely worn out and did not take the people at all by his voice or argument. Others of the worthy Andy's special followers took up the cudgel of their chief-tan, among whom was prominent the invincible Joe Casey, and a fellow called Roy, who did all in their power to show—nothing. In the evening the Wide Awakes drilled around town, and a delegation of the same order, about 100 men, came in an extra train from Harrisburg late in the same evening, and marched with them also. While this latter movement was going on the outside, Carl Schurz addressed a large audience of all parties in the Court House. The greater portion of this gentleman's speech was addressed to the Germans, in their own language, and of course was not appreciated by more than nineteen twentieths of the persons assembled to hear him. Carl was decidedly up to time with his co-laborers in abusing the great party that from the initiation of our government down to the present time has been the strong and warm friend to the down trodden of all lands. This he did in speaking of the Homestead Bill and Tariff.

After Mr. Schurz, blatherer John C. Kunkel, of Harrisburg, indulged himself among other things in calling every party and candidate in the present campaign sectional, but old Abraham and his party. O, shame on you, John! I tried to tell the people such stuff as that. Your Chicago Convention had not a single State represented below Mason & Dixon's line. Your party and candidates are sectional, and they alone.

So much for the great outpouring of the people for Republicanism, if this be a reflection of the sentiment of voters, the only sectional party is certainly at a low ebb, and so it is, and so it desires to be.

Pole Raising.

On Saturday, the 22d, a remnant of the Know-Nothing party, who now call themselves "Republicans," assembled at Clark's Hotel, in Papertown, for the purpose of erecting a "pine" pole. Everything being ready, all got to work. After an awful pull, they succeeded in getting it up four feet, when down it came to the ground, breaking it in two. Old boys discovered they looked—predicting the defeat of Old Abe. They tried once more, when they succeeded in getting it up crooked.

After the pole raising, the Carlisle Wide Awakes had a small parade. This Wide Awakes arrangement is an organization for escorting Abe Lincoln up Salt River by torchlight, on the night of the 7th of November. They must not come to Papertown to make converts—Democrats are too plenty. In the evening, Capt. Tidd, (an old Democrat,) addressed the pole raisers and Wide Awakes. He succeeded in misrepresenting Wm. J. Shearer and Mr. Baily. He tried to convince his hearers that Mr. Shearer, the Democratic nominee for Legislature, was in favor of the repeal of the "Tonnage Tax." He was not in favor of a repeal of said tax. After the speech, the Wide Awakes formed a torchlight procession, and marched through the streets, and the deafening shouts for DOUGLAS, JOHNSON & FOSTER, by the citizens of the town.

THE WIDE AWAKES.—This semi-military organization is one of the worst features of the Republican party. Made up for the most part of the remnants of Know-Nothingism, they embrace the very persons that are most likely to create disturbances wherever they go, and their facility for combination, with their pass words and their other modes of concentration, render them a formidable power, in a crowd or in a town, that cannot well be resisted except by similar organization.—When the time comes that our political meetings are made up in whole or in part of these half military organizations, the worst of consequences will necessarily ensue. Scenes of riot and bloodshed will be sure to follow, peaceable people will be kept from the meetings, and our political arrangements will be handed over entirely to these secretly trained bands. Every good citizen, therefore, should set his face against these organizations, and against political parties that encourage them.

A SOLDIER OF THE MEXICAN WAR DROWNED.—Thomas C. Kissler, a member of Company A, second Regiment of Pennsylvania Volunteers, drowned himself on the 4th of July last, in Ell River, Humboldt county, California. He was a native of New Jersey, and a graduate of Clinton College, New York. He resided at Pottstown, and was in the employ of the Reading Railroad Company as a Conductor, when the Reading Artillerists, under command of the late Capt. Thos. Loser, were accepted by the Government for service in the war with Mexico. Mr. Kissler immediately came to Reading, and joined the Company. He served honorably through the whole Mexican campaign, and returned with the remnant of our volunteers. Shortly afterward, he went to California, where he remained until the day of his death. He was an educated and intelligent man very fond of Reading, and a good workman.

A CONTRAST.—In 1820 there were 23 States in the Union—now there are 33; then its area was 1,787,159 square miles—now it is 2,935,166; our registered and enrolled shipping then was 1,280,105 tons—now it is 5,145,136; our annual imports then amounted to \$74,450,000—now they amount to \$338,808,130; our exports were—\$9,091,609—now they are \$356,789,462; our revenue then was \$10,779,331—now it is \$70,000,000; the real and personal estate of our citizens then was not over \$1,000,000—now it is estimated at \$10,000,000; then we had 350,000 persons employed in manufacturing establishments, producing over \$500,000,000 yearly—now we have 1,250,000 persons in the business of manufacturing.

FOSTER AND CURTIN.—These gentlemen will not stump the State together, Mr. Curtin pleading that his engagements will not permit him to meet Gen. Foster at points satisfactory to the latter. He wanted the General to follow him around to the Republican meetings he has engaged to address.

Union Club of Dickinson.

The Democrats of Contreville and vicinity, met in that village on Wednesday evening, the 19th inst., for the purpose of forming a Union Democratic Club. The meeting being called to order, the following gentlemen were appointed officers: President, JESSE KURTZ; Vice President, ROBERT ECKELS; Secretary, N. R. IVERMAYSON.

Upon the chairman taking his seat, the following resolutions were then read and unanimously adopted: Resolved, That we, the undersigned citizens, have met at the house of Jacob Rock-socker, for the purpose of forming a political organization, to be called the Union Democratic Club of Dickinson, and for recording our names against Abolitionism and fanaticism in whatever shape and form it may make its appearance.

Resolved, That every one whose name is attached to these resolutions is looked upon as having entered into an obligation to use all fair and honorable means to secure the election of HENRY D. FOSTER in October next, as Governor of Pennsylvania, over Andrew Curtin, the Abolition-Know-Nothing candidate, and to use all fair and honorable means to secure the defeat of Abraham Lincoln, the irrepressible conflict" candidate for the Presidency.

Resolved, That we heartily approve of the action of the State Central Committee at Cresson, and also of the Convention at Reading, and that we will not give our aid or countenance to any course that will tend to defeat our State or county ticket.

Resolved, That we fully endorse the action of the Conference in securing the nomination of JOSEPH BAILY for Congress, and that we will give him our hearty support.

Resolved, That we have full confidence in our candidates for the Legislature, Wm. J. SHEARER and JOHN FOWER, that they will use all their influence in their power against the repeal of the Tonnage Tax on the Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

Resolved, That these proceedings be published in the Democratic papers of the county. Signed by fifty-seven members.

Foster's Election Certain.

The editor of the Edensburg Mountaineer says that the election of General Foster is now rendered certain. Even the Republicans at length, can deny it no longer, and admit the fact. Mr. Koppelin, in his speech at the Republican meeting, admitted that the Bell and Everett vote would be cast for General Foster, which must secure his election by a triumphant majority.

And why should he not be? He is known and admitted to combine in his person every virtue that adorns and dignifies human nature. Pure, honest, and unpretending, his name will shed honor upon the future history of the Keystone, and his administration will revive the purest and best days of the Commonwealth.

His political record is equally pure. Where over the course of party has driven others, Gen. Foster has always stood firm for the interests of Pennsylvania, and the advancement of her honor. His tariff speech, which was made when he was never thought of for Governor, was one of the most able and eloquent efforts in behalf of our interests ever delivered in Congress.

And in the present campaign we find him visiting and using all his influence to procure a law giving adequate protection, while Curtin is strolling over the State making corrupt bargains and begging votes.

THE EXECUTION OF WALKER.—The report that the career of the so-called General Walker has been brought to a sudden and a fearful end, is fully confirmed by intelligence just received. He was shot at Truxillo by order of the public authorities of Honduras; and his companions, with the exception of Col. Rudler, who was also executed, were allowed to depart un molested.

Walker fell a victim to the violated Law of Nations. Whatever facts may be alleged in extenuation of his conduct, or however dexterous his skill may appear in evading the legal consequences of his piratical expeditions, there can be no doubt that according to the code universally adopted by civilized nations, he has legally and justly perished. He was a selfish, cruel, and unprincipled man; a malish and obstinate in temper, and his plans were utterly weak and impracticable. He was neither a hero nor a man of great purposes, but an unscrupulous adventurer, and a piratical invader of provinces at peace with the United States. The sufferings, cruelties and blood which have attended him from his first raid upon Nicaragua to the present time, have now met the retribution they deserved.

FROM MEXICO.—Later and more interesting details have been received from Vera Cruz relative to the engagement in which Miramon was recently so disastrously defeated. It seems that several successive actions were fought, in which Miramon lost almost everything he had, barely escaping himself by precipitate flight. He succeeded, however, in reaching the city of Mexico, where he immediately convoked a Council of State, and had himself declared President—Zolanga having meantime, by some means, been got rid of. The Liberal party was, at last dates, in such force around the capital as to render it necessary only for them to make the attack to insure them its capture. Their available strength was reckoned at 20,000 men, which was considered impossible that the Church party could muster more than a tenth of that number.

Domestic Wine.

As a reasonable hint to those having grapes which they wish to convert into wine, we give the following directions for the making of the following wine, which we extract from the Lehigh Valley Chronicle. The process, though now one to us, may answer very well in producing a good article of wine. It will do only when there is a small quantity to make: "Have your grapes free from all impurities, such as stems, leaves, &c.; wash the grapes with a wooden tumbler in strong earthen or stone ware crocks; empty the mass into hard burnt earthen or stone ware crocks (I prefer the latter), adding two and a-half pounds of good white sugar to every gallon of mashed grapes; fill the crocks not higher than within an inch of the top; then tie the crocks closely with four thicknesses of paper. Do not set them in a cellar, but in a cool closet; examine them frequently, but as soon as fermentation ceases, the wine should be thoroughly strained through a good cloth; replace the wine in your crocks, and let it stand one or two days, so that all sediments will settle; then pour off carefully, bottle, stop with good corks, and seal tightly.

"The Catawba and Isabella are among the best varieties. I have some of the pale red fox grape that makes as good, but not so much of it; the blue fox grape makes as good wine also."

SELECT SCHOOLS.—The following are the Select Schools for the months of May and September: School No. 1. F. W. Biddle, E. S. Redding, W. H. Dinkle. In Music. M. F. Thompson.

School No. 12. Caroline Maglanchlin, Sarah Myers, Emma Matthews. In Music. Sarah Myers. School No. 13. Eveline Brightbill, Elizabeth Porter, Rebecca Hoover. In Music. Mary C. Keoper. School No. 14. John Wolf, Peter Armstrong, Henry Swiger. In Music. Edward Weibley. School No. 15. Mary Landis, Eliza Miller, Cornelia Smead. In Music. Eliza Miles.

School No. 17. Harriet Raymond, Sarah Bailey, Annie Haverstick. In Music. Elizabeth Yinger. School No. 16. John F. Math, Wm. C. Koney, John A. Duncan. In Music. Charles F. Biddle. School No. 18. William F. Shron, Joseph H. Kernan, Samuel Millward. In Music. A. Fuller.

THE DEATH OF WALKER.—It is always an ungracious task to speak evil of the dead. But the filibuster Walker caused so much misery to the unfortunate young men whom he induced to accompany him in his various expeditions—so much bloodshed and fruitless strife in the countries he invaded—and he so much dishonor upon the American name in foreign lands, where he was supposed to be a sort of representative man of a large body of our countrymen—that the report that he has at last been shot makes men feel that it is at least fortunate that his powers for mischief have been destroyed. And as no quarters and reverses, no difficulties and humiliations, served to check his resolute determination to enact the role of a filibuster here to the bitter end, even those who did not desire his death, will consider it a much less evil that he has fallen a victim to "the certainty" than that he should have been permitted to continue his infamous career.

FOSTER WILL BE ELECTED.—To ensure the election of Gen. Foster, to the office of Governor, it is only necessary to have a fair turnout of all the Democratic voters, on the second Tuesday in October; and we trust that the Democracy of Old Mother Cumberland will see that there is no failure of duty in this respect, on their part. The opposition leaders are not merely alarmed; but they already see defeat before them.—Up, then, fellow Democrats, and rally for Foster. You never had better encouragement to labor for any candidate, and if we all come up to the work like true men and true Democrats, Henry D. Foster is certain to be the next Governor.

THE TWO PRINCIPAL IDEAS.—We have no doubt but that a large portion of the people are daily becoming convinced of the truth of the statement put forth by the Ohio Statesman that "negro equality and irrevocable union upon the slave States" are the two principal ideas of leading Republicans, however much they may seek to disguise or deny their true character. It is on this ground the battle will be waged, and the safe leaders for the people in such a contest must be national Union men.

NEW YORK POLITICS.—The Union ticket against Lincoln is understood to have been finally arranged. The ticket now stands: Douglas men, 18; Bell men, 10; Breckinridge men, 7. Total, 35.

THE DISTINCTION.—REMEMBER, voters of Pennsylvania, that the Republicans of Massachusetts, have recently passed a law, ALLOWING NEGROES to vote on ONE year's residence; while they compel an Irishman, or a German to remain SEVEN YEARS before he can cast a vote.

ICE FORMED HALF AN INCH THICK in the North Woods, Horkimer county, New York, last week, Monday and Tuesday, and there was snow on the Catskill mountains Thursday morning.

DOUGLAS IN LOUISIANA.—The Baton Rouge Sugar Planter states that the Douglas and Johnson ratification meeting held at Bayou Landon, on the 15th inst., was one of the largest assemblages ever seen in that parish.

The colored population of Philadelphia is estimated from twenty to twenty-five thousand.