

AMERICAN VOLUNTEER.

JOHN B. BRAYTON, Editor & Proprietor.
CARLSISLE, PA., JUNE 21, 1860.

DEMOCRATIC STATE NOMINATIONS.

For Governor,
HENRY D. FOSTER,
OF WESTMORELAND COUNTY.

FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS,

ELECTORS AT LARGE.

Geo. M. Keim, of Berks county.
Richard Vaux, of Philadelphia.

DISTRICT ELECTORS.

- | | |
|-----------------------|----------------------|
| 1. Fredk. A. Serror. | 14. J. Rockwood. |
| 2. Wm. C. Patterson. | 15. Geo. D. Jackson. |
| 3. Jos. Crookett, Jr. | 16. J. A. Ahl. |
| 4. J. W. Jacoby. | 17. J. B. Danner. |
| 5. J. R. Brenner. | 18. J. R. Crawford. |
| 6. Charles Kelly. | 19. H. N. Lee. |
| 7. O. P. James. | 20. J. B. Howell. |
| 8. David Schall. | 21. N. P. Fetterman. |
| 9. J. L. Lightner. | 22. Samuel Marshall. |
| 10. S. S. Barber. | 23. Wm. Book. |
| 11. T. H. Walker. | 24. B. D. Hamlin. |
| 12. S. S. Winchester. | 25. Gaylord Church. |
| 13. Joseph Laubach. | |

THE NATIONAL CONVENTION.

The National Democratic Convention re-assembled at Baltimore on Monday. In today's paper will be found an abstract of the first day's proceedings. At the time we went to press (Wednesday noon), the Convention had taken no vote for a candidate, and the impression prevails that the Convention will be in session for several days.

The Herald of last week—immediately under its editorial head—contained a life-like likeness of its candidate for President, Mr. Lincoln. It seems, always carries his trunk with him, and also wears boots.

The second annual exhibition of the Cumberland Valley Institute, at Mechanicsburg, will be held in the M. E. Church of that place, on the 28th inst.

PIC NICK.—We are requested to announce that the Annual Pic Niek, for the benefit of the M. E. Church, will be held at the Meeting House Springs, on Saturday, the 30th inst. Tickets 50 cents.

FIREMEN'S PARADE.—The Fourth will be celebrated in Mechanicsburg by a Grand Firemen's Parade. Several companies from Harrisburg, Carlisle, and other places, will be present.

PARADE OF THE FOURTH.—Col. Penrose has ordered a parade of the First Regiment of Cumberland Volunteers on the 4th of July, in this borough.

ACCIDENT.—A young man named James Halbert, (an apprentice of Gardner & Co.) met with a serious accident on Tuesday afternoon. He was at work in the Foundry, when he was caught between the gum belting and the large wheel to which it was attached. In a twinkling he was pressed to the wheel, and carried a full revolution, when he fell to the floor, insensible. We learn that he is not fatally injured, and it is hoped he may recover.

LONG AND SHORT DAYS.—We have about reached our longest term of daylight, which will give about sixteen hours of sunshine out of the twenty-four. The following facts we clip from an exchange: "At Berlin and London the longest day has sixteen and a-half hours; at Stockholm the longest day is eight and a-half hours; at Hamburg the longest day has seventeen hours, and the shortest 7."

WHEAT, RYE, OAT AND GRASS CROPS.—The wheat, rye, oat and grass crops in this county have never looked more promising at this season of the year than they do now. The earth at whatever point one may direct his attention, appears to be loaded with the goodness of God, towards us, and the prospect of an abundant harvest is most cheering. Corn also looks well, and it is yet too early to predict what the result as to yield will be. The evidences all round us for an unusually large harvest of the substantialities of life, is certainly at present very good.

ACCIDENTAL SHOOTING.—A few days since, while Mr. W. A. Harris was engaged in loading a pistol, in the magnetic telegraph office, at the west end of the Cumberland Valley Railroad Bridge, the weapon prematurely exploded, the ball passing into the palm of one of his hands and inflicting a severe wound. Dr. Rutherford, of Harrisburg, was telegraphed for, who promptly responded to the summons. The injured hand is slowly recovering.

HAY-MAKING.—Many of our farmers are now engaged in cutting and making hay, and for day or two the weather has been highly favorable for that purpose. We are assured that the hay crop this season will be the largest gathered in our county for many years. Pastures everywhere are unusually good, the growth of the grass being exceedingly luxuriant, even in public highways and commons.

MAD DOG EXCITEMENT.—For several days great excitement has prevailed in New Cumberland and vicinity, caused by the appearance of mad dogs. At that place and New Market a number of dogs and hogs, known to have been bitten, were killed, and a war of extermination is waged against the whole canine race. Two hogs, belonging to Col. Jacob Haldean, were shot, and a horse, valued at \$125, the property of a gentleman near Fairview, was killed a few days ago, having been bitten by a rabid dog. Recently a young man named Mathews, at Goldsborough, was bitten, and is now under treatment of a Hydropathic physician at Lebanon. It is feared that a great many cattle have been bitten along the route pursued by the rabid canines, one of which was captured and killed in Perry county. Our information comes from a reliable citizen of New Cumberland. There is no telling how soon the lives of our citizens may be endangered by the appearance of mad dogs on the streets, and we again call upon the Borough authorities to adopt protective measures at once, or the public will hold them originally censurable.

Another mad dog was killed on Monday on the west side of the river somewhere between the Bridge and Fairview. It is feared that some animals were bitten by the rabid canine in its progress.

THE QUIET DAY OF THE SEASON.—Our town, for the last week or more, has been unusually dull. Thursday of last week appeared like a well-observed Sabbath. Our own citizens, and the Democrats in particular, remained at home all day, and our country friends did the same. About 1 o'clock, however, for the purpose of breaking the monotony of the day, the members of our Brass Band posted themselves in front of the Court-house, and discoursed two or three pieces of sweet music. The sun becoming somewhat oppressive, the musicians were invited into the Court-house by our kind-hearted County Commissioners. A dozen or more school-boys, and nine men (some say ten), followed the band. After playing one or two tunes, our excellent neighbor, Wm. H. Miller, Esq., made one or two remarks, in which we suppose, (for we did not hear him), he congratulated our musical friends, for their kindness in attempting to "sift up" our citizens from their sleep. Our young friend, Mr. J. W. Boster, of Iowa (who happened to be in town on business), also made a few remarks. We don't know what he said, but presume he congratulated the Band. Friend NEWSHAM then commenced to read sundry resolutions—manufactured by himself, expressly for the occasion. But, just at this time the town clock struck 2, and the school-boys had to scamper to their books, and all was again still. Oh, but Thursday was a dull day in Carlisle! We hope never to see its like again.

Last week our county was flooded with hand-bills, filled with low obscenity, malice, and ignorance. The bill purporting to be a call for a Douglas Mass Meeting, but it was nothing more nor less than an attack upon the National Administration and the editor of this paper. The writer of it is certainly a Solomon, and his reference to the sacred scriptures, is proof that he reads the Good Book; but, somehow or other, most students of theology have been under the impression that it was Peter who denied his Master; the distinguished author of this dignified hand-bill, however, corrects this erroneous impression, and informs us that it was JUDAS who was guilty of this naughty conduct! That's a piece of information worth knowing, and we are sure there is but one man in our county who could have enlightened our people on this subject! He is entitled to a leather medal, in token of his Theological knowledge. But yet it was cruel in the writer of the hand-bill to murder the English language in the manner he did; but this is his habit, for which, we suppose, he should not be held responsible. His Grammar, too, is somewhat defective, but he will improve as he grows older, and when he again puts his pen to paper he will no doubt be able to impart additional information on the subject of Theology. Long life to him!

The Democrat soiled its columns by publishing this wofully illiterate and blackguard hand-bill. A few weeks ago our neighbor got a friend of his to call on the Post-Master General, at Washington, and solicit the advertising of the Mail Letters, and to represent the editor as "a warm friend of the National Administration." By thus representing himself he got the advertisement, for which he was paid \$100. He now comes out against the administration—he has got all he can expect—and can afford to slander those who befriended him. How honorable!

HARRISBURG AND NEW YORK.—By reference to our advertising columns, it will be seen that the Lebanon Valley Railroad has completed arrangements by which the cars of the Company will hereafter run (twice a day) direct from Harrisburg to New York city and back. This will afford an accommodation long wanted, and we have no doubt the enterprise will be well encouraged. We have frequently traveled over the Lebanon Valley Road, and repeat what we said on a former occasion, that it is one of the best conducted roads in the country. Its superintendents and agents are obliging and accommodating, and the cars are all of the first class. We clip the following notice of this well-conducted road from a late number of the Harrisburg Telegraph:

INCREASING.—The passenger and freight business of the Lebanon Valley Railroad, which has become a connecting link between New York and the great West, is now very heavy and rapidly increasing. The through freight trade on this route is an important item, as well as the passenger travel, which is not inconsiderable. All possible facilities are now offered by the Company, such as safe and rapid conveyance, commodious cars, low fares, &c., and these inducements are becoming known and appreciated by the public. The present policy of the Company, in encouraging local trade, is a very liberal one, and cannot fail to add largely to their business and profits, as well as developing more rapidly the wealth and resources of the beautiful valley through which the road passes.

A genuine Black Republican has recently put the theory of equality of races into practice in the town of Madison, Ohio. The individual, a full-blooded negro, as black as the ace of spades, has eloped with a white woman, the wife of one of the wealthiest farmers in Lake county. The husband, a Republican of the ultra Lincoln dye, took the African into his family on terms of perfect equality, and the relationship has ended as above.

FUNERAL OF GENERAL JESSUP.—The obsequies of Brevet Major General Thomas S. Jessup, Quartermaster-General of the United States army, which took place at Washington on the 14th inst., was very imposing, all the highest officials of the Government participating in the ceremonies, as did also Lieut-General Scott, who entered the United States service on the same day with the deceased. Gen. Wool, the third officer in rank in the United States army, was in command of the military division of the cortege.

THE REPORT OF THE HARPER'S FERRY COMMITTEE.—Senator Mason, on Saturday, submitted to the committee the report upon the Harper's Ferry affair. It is a very elaborate document, making over seventy pages of foolscap. Judge Collamer presented a minority report, and they will both be submitted to-morrow.

A miniature bureau of beautiful polished wood, with six drawers, and a set of five boxes, richly lacquered and ornamented with embossed flowers, leaves, butterflies and various insects, have been sent as a present to Mayor Wood, of New York, by the Japanese ambassadors.

Address of the "People's" State Committee.

The address issued by the "People's" State Committee of Pennsylvania, says the Harrisburg Patriot, is more remarkable from what it does not, than from what it does say. The mythical character of the "People's Party" requires its mouth-piece to treat the issues of the day with the utmost caution; hence the empty and indefinite generalities of the address. It avoids all the sore spots with masterly caution. While Abraham Lincoln is highly commended for honesty and capacity, and his "well-earned national fame," no allusion is made to the Platform adopted by the Chicago Convention. The omission is a striking one in these days, when Platforms are all-important. In common with others, we are anxious to know whether the "People's Party" of Pennsylvania approve of the fourth resolution against the doctrines of the American Party; but turn to this address of the State Committee of that party without obtaining the desired information. Was this omission designed or accidental? We are afraid that the committee are neglecting their duty, and that they have not read Lincoln's letter of acceptance, approving of the Platform in all its parts, or that other letter, written a year ago, wherein he opposed fusion upon any other than the strictest Republican principles, and distinctly declared that he would not lower the Republican standard by a hair's breadth to accommodate or conciliate any faction. Did the committee read these letters? or, after reading them, did they conclude that they were too strong a dose for the weak constitution of the "People's Party," and, therefore, refrained from an allusion to them.

We search in vain for any word throwing light upon the present position of Andrew G. Curtin upon this important question. We all know that a few years ago he was a bold and uncompromising advocate of a change in the naturalization laws, and that his devotion to Know Nothingism almost made him United States Senator. Does he now trample upon his former faith, and say, with the Chicago Platform, "that the Republican party is opposed to any change in our naturalization laws?" The address might have afforded information of real value, by clearing up this point, instead of telling us with an empty flourish that Mr. Curtin "has advocated, in every contest, with all his matchless power," the true principles of government, as declared "by the Convention that has placed him before 'the people.'" We know, without being told, that he has advocated, with all his "matchless power," the proscription of citizens of foreign birth, and are left entirely in the dark as to whether that same "matchless power" is to be employed in advocacy of the fourteenth resolution of the Chicago Platform.

The committee were much too wise to attempt wading in deep water, so the address is principally devoted to the standard topics of "free labor," the "blight of slavery," "prostrate industry," "paralyzed commerce," "bankrupt treasury," "corrupt administration," &c., &c., all of which is repeated with equal ease and about as much meaning as the vocabulary of a "Poor Poll."

FLORA TEMPLE BEATEN.—The second match between the celebrated Flora Temple and the renowned George M. Potham, came off at the Union Course, Long Island, on the 12th inst. The match was made up for one thousand dollars a side, two mile heats, to waggons.

The contest brought together an immense concourse of spectators.

MELANCHOLY DEATH FROM HYDROPHOBIA.—A bright child of the Rev. Mr. Plumley, at Metuchen, N. J., was bitten slightly by a dog. The animal was not suspected of hydrophobia, and no notice was taken of the trifling scratch. On Sunday, June 3d, while Mr. Plumley was preaching in his pulpit, the child, which had been left at home, was thrown into spasms by the sight of water, and died; the sad news reached the father ere he had finished his sermon.

RE-INSTATED.—Rev. Mr. Shindel, State Senator from the Lehigh District, who had been suspended from the ministry for allowing himself to be elected to a political office, has been united with the Lutheran Synod again, having written a letter to the Synod expressing his intention of retiring from political life at the end of his present political term.

BALTIMORE AND CHAMBERSBURG.—The Valley Spirit, published at Chambersburg, is urgently advocating the extension of railroad facilities between that place and Baltimore. The only thing necessary to be done is to build a road from Chambersburg to Gettysburg, and it proposes that a meeting be called and a delegation selected to lay the whole matter before the merchants of Baltimore.

NEVER SPLIT A RAIL.—An old citizen who had traveled much in Illinois thirty years ago, and was especially familiar with the district of country where Abe Lincoln resided, says that Abe never split a rail in his life. In those days, he says, the people never thought of such a thing as splitting rails. They went into the swamps and cut hoop poles and saplings for fences, and used them round, as nature made them.

COMPLIMENT FROM THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT.—Another note has been received from Lord John Russell, complimentary to our Government for the energetic manner in which we are executing the treaty concerning the suppression of the slave trade.

SINGULAR VERDICT.—Dutton, who swindled the Muscatine (Iowa) Bank, of which he was cashier, out of \$30,000, has been acquitted by a jury on the ground that he was demoted by the habitual use of intoxicating drinks.

MEXICO.—Advices to the 8th inst., state that there was trouble in the Juarez Cabinet—that the Minister of the Treasury had resigned.—It was believed that if the treaty was not ratified by the United States Senate, the Constitutional government would be broken up.

A BEAUTY.—Abe Lincoln, the Republican candidate for President—that is, if the portraits we have seen of him are correct. Every family in the land should secure one of his likenesses. As a means of frightening naughty children, it would prove invaluable.

The wheat harvest has commenced in Virginia, in the neighborhood of Lynchburg.

Abolition Poverty.—A Suggestion.

No candidate ever yet nominated, says the Pennsylvaniaian, for the suffrages of the American people has been so barren of merit and so poor of record as ABRAHAM LINCOLN. There is no act of his life, of a public character, that is not referred to with even seeming credit. His friends claim that he was the firm friend of Henry Clay, and what is the fact? When Henry Clay was a candidate for the Presidency, Abraham Lincoln, while professing an intense admiration for the statesman of Kentucky, cautioned, bargained and voted against his nomination; in other words, slaughtered him in cold blood. And again, it is claimed for Mr. Lincoln that he has always been a steadfast friend of "Protection." Now, what is the fact? He was in Congress for two years, and during the interim, we never heard that he originated a measure looking to the establishment of that principle, nor do his friends allege that he ever spoke, in a representative capacity, on the subject. And the same is true of this Presidential candidate on every other question save that of negro equality. On this he always stood squarely in opposition to the rights of the South, and in antagonism to the Constitution of the country.

Outside of his fidelity to the political infamies of Abolitionism, Mr. Lincoln's record is as barren as the Desert of Sahara; and the fact was strikingly apparent at the Republican ratification meeting in New York, on Thursday night. On that occasion there were many banners and a multiplicity of inscriptions; but, among them all, there was nothing to call to mind any act of statesmanship on his part which insured to national peace, greatness or honor. "Tall Abe," give him room to stretch; "Long," link, link Abe! "All the way from Illinois;" "Long Abe;" and "Honest Abe," with a small sprinkling of similar trash, constituted all the "thunder" of the occasion.

We certainly have no desire to mix or meddle with the business of the Abolitionists; but we cannot help suggesting to them a thing or two which, in this age of enlightenment, may convince intelligent voters that Lincoln ought to be made President. Hereafter, when they display themselves let them inscribe on their banners one single measure which their candidate originated or voted for in Congress, which has conferred a single blessing on the people of the United States. This will give them a wide range, including everything that Lincoln said and did during his entire career in Congress, whether relating to the tariff, the public finances, the war with Mexico, or any other matter of public policy. This done, we would suggest to them the propriety of adding a series of notes explanatory of the influences and reasons which induced such public acts of omission and commission. It may, perhaps, be a difficult task, but it is one that we commend to them, with all our heart. The emblems and devices now in vogue, may be amusing enough to those who regard our elections and institutions as farcical affairs, but the effort to ride Mr. Lincoln into the Presidential mansion on a rail, is a little too jocosely to be relished by the intelligent people of the United States. And so the Republicans will, ere many months, discover.

SUMMARY STATE OF PUBLIC MONEY.—The Washington Constitution of the 31st ult., calls attention to the reckless manner in which the Republican House of Representatives is at the present time squandering the public funds. It appears that among the mail routes restored by the famous proviso adopted by the House of Representatives a few days since, was that from Kansas to Stockton, in California. For this service the Post Office Department paid at the rate of eighty thousand dollars per annum. For the nine months that it was in operation the returns showed that there were transported in this mail between Kansas and Stockton but three letters and twenty-six newspapers! The service was useless, as it was extravagant, and was discontinued by the Postmaster General. The House has now ordered it to be restored, although there are four other routes, maintained at vast cost, connecting the valley of the Mississippi with the Pacific, and although over 825 miles of this route a mail is now carried under a pre-existing contract. Thus the oppressed revenues of the Department are to be made to pay \$80,000 for the carriage of three letters and twenty-six newspapers during the ensuing year! Does the history of the most corrupt times furnish a parallel to such a guilty waste of the public money?

ABRAHAM AND HANNIBAL.—What a pity that the Republicans could not have found a man for Vice President named Isaac; it would have given their ticket such a spiritual lark! Or if they had found a Scipio for President, then how classical! But now they have so mixed up sacred and profane that it will shock the masses, who had hitherto been taught that Black Republicanism was the simpure, undiluted Scriptural stuff. The heathen part of the ticket is the best.

Massachusetts bids fair to rob Indiana of its ancient fame as the refuge of unhappy husbands and wives. During the present session of the Supreme Court at Salem, in the former State, no less than seventeen couples have been divorced from the bonds of matrimony. Several other suits are pending.

THE NEW ORLEANS COURIER. printed in the French and English languages, gives the following under the head of "Congress," in French: "Neither branch had anything to do; the Senate did it and adjourned; the House discussed with eloquence how to do it."

The cattle disease, which has lately destroyed so much stock in Massachusetts and the other New England States, has, it is said, made its appearance in Berks county, of this State.

The Census Takers find great difficulty in ascertaining the ages of girls, a large majority of them being only sixteen. In one family in an eastern State, there were found to be twelve girls between ten and sixteen years of age!

A Boy, Charles Byers, while carrying locusts in his hat, in Wetzel county, Va., recently, was stung in the head, and died from the effects of the injury.

NEW HAVEN has elected all its city officers, Democrats, by majorities varying from 660 to 785. Herman M. Welsh is elected Mayor.

The President has signed the bill which increases the pay of the officers of the Navy, about 25 per cent.

Summer's Sensation Speech.

The picture of slavery in the Southern States, says the Journal of Commerce, as painted in the twelve column speech of Chas. Sumner, is no more fair and impartial than a yellow covered "sensation" novel which attempts to delineate the realities of life. Du-mas and Cobb, who are masters of a certain dramatic power of exaggeration, stand in the same relation to true art, as represented by the cool and comprehensive wisdom of Shakespeare, as do the embroidered and distorted views of Sumner to the wise sentiments of American statesmen.

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Democratic National Convention.

BALTIMORE, June 18.

The Democratic National Convention assembled at the Front-Street Theatre at 10 o'clock this morning, in pursuance of the resolution of adjournment adopted at Charleston.

At 11 o'clock the President called the Convention to order.

The proceedings were opened with prayer by the Rev. Jno. M'Con, an Episcopal minister of Baltimore.

The roll was then called, and all the delegates called to seats were found to be present, except a portion of the delegations from Pennsylvania, Connecticut and Delaware.

The Chair, after an address to the Convention, presented the fact that new delegates had been appointed to the Convention, and had not yet been applying for admission.

Mr. Howard, of Tennessee, moved to admit all the delegates of the Charleston Convention.

Mr. Church asked that the motion might be withdrawn, so that he might be enabled to offer an amendment.

The amendment was read for information, and was to refer all the claims of new delegates to the Committee on Credentials, with instructions to report, as speedily as possible, the names of those who are entitled to seats, and with the provision that all who accepted seats in the Convention are bound in honor to abide by the action of the Convention and to support its nominations.

Mr. Howard, of Tennessee, on a question of privilege, desired to present to the Chair a communication from a State not now represented on the floor—the State of Mississippi. (Cries of no! no! in order.)

The President.—The communication can only be received by unanimous consent.

Mr. Kavanaugh.—I object.

The question was then put by States, on the motion of Mr. Church, of New York, to the motion of Mr. Howard, of Tennessee.

Pending the main question the Convention adjourned until 5 o'clock this afternoon.

ARREST OF AN ALLEGED MURDERER.—A man named William Fontius was arrested in Kittingham, Pa., last week, charged with having murdered his wife. The defendant is a resident of Wayne township, and it is alleged that, some weeks since, he took the life of his wife, that he might marry a girl in the house, of whom he had become enamored. The body of the deceased is said to have exhibited unmistakable marks of violence after death.

KILLED BY LIGHTNING.—George W. Cook, of Parkersburg, Va., while standing under a tree was killed by lightning. There was no mark of lightning's track on his body, but both on the back and front thereof was traced, a face simile of the tree under which the deceased was standing, the trunk commencing near the neck, and the entire figure, bark, twigs, and leaves, perfectly and plainly delineated, in a reversed position upon the body.

METHODISM AND DIVORCES.—The committee on divorce and re-marriage of the Methodist Conference at Buffalo, have reported that it is the sense of that Conference that a marriage relation can only be dissolved by a violation of the Seventh Commandment, and that a subsequent marriage of either party, while both are living, is contrary to the teachings of the Holy Scriptures.

In Cincinnati, Henry Crawley, a teacher in the Mount Auburn Female Seminary, while escorting two ladies home from the opera was stabbed in the breast by rowdies, causing instant death. The murderers have not been arrested.

The Boston board of trade have adopted strong resolutions against the 20th section of the new tariff bill, alleging that "the reduction of the time allowed in said section for the withdrawal of merchandise from the public stores to so short a period, virtually abolishes the warehouse system."

George W. Scott, a wealthy and respected citizen of Toledo, Ohio, drowned himself on the 30th ult., under an insane delusion that he should be brought to poverty. He has left property to the amount of \$60,000, and did not owe a single dollar.

Grass butter, yellow as gold and sweet as a nut, is plenty in our market at 12 cents a pound. Taking into consideration the quantity and quality of pasturage, our "country cousins" can well afford to furnish it at this price.

GEN. WM. WALKER, the "grey-eyed man of destiny," has again gone to Central America, accompanied by a few infatuated persons, calling themselves his officers, who believe in his military genius, and blindly follow him in his adventures.

BUSINESS on the Lebanon Valley Railroad appears to be increasing. The passenger trains are generally well filled, and extra freight trains are required to accommodate the extra freight business.

We see it stated that some of the doors leading to the Senate chamber of the Capitol, at Washington, cost twelve thousand dollars a piece, enough to buy a good sized farm and stock it well.

The Cincinnatians have a passion for marriage on the street railroad cars. Three couples have been married in these cars within a short time.

The Peach crop in Western New York is represented to be more promising than for several years past.

Sayers' arm is said to be injured beyond cure, the tendons having been snapped by Heenan's terrible blows.

A REPROOF FROM THE ANTIPODES.—The Laysian, published at Honolulu, copies in its columns an account of a tragedy not since enacted in one of our Southern Courts, and warns its readers against lapsing into similar barbarism. It discourses seriously upon the state of society which prevails in the United States, and rejoices in the fact that murder is of comparatively rare occurrence in Oahu. This voice from the Antipodes should not be disregarded. Some since we sent out missionaries to Christianize the Sandwich Islanders; if they, in turn, do it necessary to send emissaries to civilize us, it augurs very little for the progressive state of morals in this quarter of the globe. It is not at all unlikely that the next missionary to send to the Feejee Islands will rebound. Another century may see tinted Franklins, monsignors, us of the evil of our ways, and bring us to repentance.

ANOTHER MINISTER IN TROUBLE WITH WOMAN.—On the complaint of the Rev. Geo. Sollick, says the Syracuse Journal, the pastor of the Second Society of Concord (New York) officer Tobin yesterday arrested Zelia Sollick, for an assault and battery upon Sollick. The accused alleges that the pastor had been talking improperly to her wife, and that being unable to bear a quiet repetition, he determined to punish him. On Wednesday evening Sollick made attacks upon Sollick, at one time with a pair of shears, and subsequently with a iron, but did the object of his enmity. Both L. and his wife are members Sollick's congregation. The offender is held for his appearance at the Sessions.

INDIGNANT MEETING AT ST. LOUIS.—An indignation meeting of the Democrats of St. Louis was held in that city a few nights since. Several thousands were in attendance, and proceedings were quite spirited. Speeches were made strongly denouncing the action of Congress in displacing Mr. Barrett, and in terms of a similar character were denouncing the terms of a tyrannical and unconstitutional increase of power in the majority, and scorning the impudence of the election carried by fraud. Mr. Barrett was renounced by acclamation.

SHOCKING TRAGEDY IN TEXAS.—The Kin's Monitor has a lengthy account of the killings of the negroes in Grayson county, Texas. Near Kentuckytown a man named K... killed his negro boy. That same night, while all else were asleep, killed his negro family with an axe; first his mother, then his mistress, then an orphan boy, little babe. The negro confessed the crime was tried and hung. Several whites were implicated, but nothing definite known, a few days after three more negroes were implicated in the murder.

HOW TO MAKE THE HAIR GROW.—His exchanges gives a receipt for making hair grow, which may be interesting to some of our lady readers, but for the effect of which we cannot vouch: "A young friend of ours was recommended by a friend to use sage water. She was obliged to continue its daily use as it made her hair thick. Four boiling water on the sage, and let them remain sometime in the sun near a stove, then strain, and add the roots of the hair dill. It may possibly need an equal mixture of castor oil, olive oil, with a little perfume, is very efficacious."

THE BEAUTIFUL.—The works of man seem by pleasant to the eye, and gratifying to self-esteem; but, after all, so far as they are concerned, he is but a poor imitator of nature. He works, as it were, by hand and compass, and his productions are all uniform, angular and ungraceful; while all her lines are flowing and full of beauty. Her rudest angles have about them something of gracefulness that man can impart. There is an expression of life in her works that relieves them of the rigidity of man's handiwork. While man is mechanical and exact, nature is harmonious and perfect.

WHICH DID YOU PREFER?—A machine for making buttons, said to be the latest thing in the world, will work in a minute. The next thing now being a machine to sew on buttons, the same for the bachelors.

An insolvent debtor, who had been in prison for about ten years, was recently discharged from confinement by the Commissioner of Insolvency. The man had passed the ten years in the State prison, London.

LOOK OUT FOR THEM.—Counterfeit dollars, dated 1860, have made their appearance, and are well calculated to deceive those who are not accustomed to handling them. They are a face simile of the genuine, much lighter.

THE SLAYER WANDERER FORGOTTEN.—Sprague, of U. S. District Court, has condemned the schooner Wanderer for being engaged in the slave trade.

Hon. Jeremiah S. Black, Attorney General of the United States, is expected in connection with the vacancy upon the Bench caused by the death of Judge Sumner.

Accounts from Key West say that several Africans are dying so fast that more than 700 or 800 will be left to send to the galleys.

The new expedition to the Arctic regions, under Dr. Hayes, will sail in a few weeks—the required sum of \$200,000 has been raised.

The cost of the New York Park thus far has been \$7,900,000. Of \$2,500,000 will be expended on other improvements.

A child, five years old, died in England, on Saturday last, of a week from dried apples.

Hon. D. L. Yulee, for the last ten years U. S. Senator from Florida, has been re-elected.

John Mitchell, the Irish countryman, been delivering lectures to the crew of the Chicago, his theme being European revolutions, only \$35,