Democratic State Nominations.

SUPREME JUDGE,

WM. A. PORTER, Of Philadelphia CANAL COMMISSIONER,

WESLEY FROST, Of Favette Co.

Democratic State Committee.

In pursuance of the resolution passed by the State Convention, authorizing me to appoint a State Committee, to consist of not less than one from each Senatorial District, I have appointed the following gentlemen:

R. BIDDLE ROBERTS, Chairman. Senatorial Districts :

 Ist.—Philadelphia—John Hamilton, Jr., Lewis C. Cassiday, J. D. Campbell, N. B. Browne, Hugh Olark, John H. Dohnert.
 2d.—Chester—John B. Rhodes. 3d. Montgomery—Florence Sullivan. 4th.—Bucks—Robert Tyler, Esq. 5th.—Northampton—C. A. Cooper. 6th.-Berks-Samuel L. Young. 7th.-Schuylkill-F. B. Kaercher.

8th.-Monroe, &c.-Asa Packer. 9th.-Bradford, &c.-William Elwell. 70th - Luzerne-Steuben Jenkons. 11th.—Lycoming, &c.—Geo. White.
12th.—Northumberland, &c.—Maj. J. Cu

mings. 18th.—Tioga, &c.—F. W. Knox. 14th.—Cumberland, &c. -John B. Bratton. 15th.—Dauphin and Lebanon—Gen. W. H

Miller, Cyrus Gloninger.

16th.—Dr. John K. Raub, H. M. North.

17th.—York—W. A. Stahle.

18th.—Franklin, &c.—Samuel Robinson.

19th.—Somorset, &c.—A. H. Coffroth. 20th .- Cambria, &c .- J. R. Crawford. 2011.—Camoria, &c.—J. R. Crawford. 21st.—Armstrong, &c.—J. K. Calhoun. 22d.—Fayette, &c.—T. B. Searight. 23d.—Washington, &c.—W. Workman. 24th.—Allegheny—J. P. Barr, David Lynch.

24th.—Alleguen,
Jas. A. Gibson.
25th.—Beaver and Butler—H. McKee.
26th.—Mercer, &c.—R. P. Cochran.
27th.—Clarion, &c.—W. T. Alexander.
JOHN L. DAWSON, President of the Convention

To Those Indebred to Us .- Having several financial demands to meet, soon, we are obliged by his acts prove that he is still actuated by to call upon our patrons, many of whom are owing:us for subscription; jobbing and advertising, to settle up. All who square accounts between this and the 1st of April will be entitled to receipts in full, and a "vote of thanks" extra.

ADVERTISING .- Now is the season for advertising Spring business of all kinds. No man having goods, wares and merchandise, should full to let the public know what he has to dispose of, and every one in want of farm, house, or situation, should make it known through the press. It is much cheaper than to waste time running after customers, or waiting for themi.

DEATH FROM BURNING .- A little girl, daughter of Mr. Jacob Young, residing near New Comberland, in this county, died on Wednesday afternoon of last week, under the following painful circumstances. She had been sent by her mother to the smoke house to procure some meat. While reaching up for that purpose, her dress dragged in the fire, made on the floor for the purpose of producing smoke, and was soon enveloped in flames. The cries of the unfortunate girl brought her parents to her assistance as soon as possible, but before the flames could dated the 16th of February, 1858, at Washing be extinguished, nearly her entire clothing was destroyed, and her body burnt severely. She lingered in great agony for two or three days. The name of the deceased was Emma, and she not guilty. was about 10 years of age.

Our political opponents, since they are too poor to have a name, are at their wits end when they want to call a meeting of their het. erogeneous forces. Two years since, here in Carlisle, they advertised for the assembling "of all those opposed to the Pierce administra-tion." One year since they called upon "all those opposed to the Buchanan administration." Now, in calling their Ward meetings they call upon "all those opposed to the Lecompton outrage," &c. Contempible jugglery. A fac-outrage, "&c. Contempible jugglery. A fac-disrespect by the language used by him at the "of all those opposed to the Pierce administration that is compelled to resort to such littleness is unworthy the confidence of honorable men-

our large cities and towns, are waking up to the importance of inquiring into the reason of the exorbitant bills rendered for gas. Facts Harney, dated Syracuse, January 24th, altering the been developed respecting the construction the fine of meeting to the 12th of March. of metres, their unreliability not to say premeditated dishonesty, which seem to demand a the queries propounded in the letter from Syra thorough investigation of the whole matter.-The monopoly of the business of furnishing gas, ney, dated Washington, Feb. 15th; inviting is an encouragement to the perpetration of Gen. Harney to leave the city the next day for any place Gen. Harney might designate: [This frauds. The monopoly of the business of furnishing gas,

A friend writing to us asks—"What her, dated Washington, Feb. 15th, acknowledgare they doing in Congress?" Talking on that ing the receipt of Col. Sumner's note of the 14th A friend writing to us asks-" What new and interesting question, Kansas-that's alk

Nothing of any public importance is doing in the Legislature. Nearly the whole time thus far has been occupied in passing trilling private bills. The poeple and the press of all parties have asked that all bank notes under \$10 be prohibited, but our legislators appear to have no time to attend to this request of their constituents.

ceived the lion's share, viz-Secretary of State, Flour Inspector, (worth \$12,000 a year,) and roply. several smaller offices. Cumberland county, as have received the same treatment for the last twenty-five years from State administrations, and we suppose we will have to submit to similar injustice hereafter.

A PARADISE OF DESTORS .- A bill has been introduced into the Legislature of Minnesota intended to stimulate immigration into the State. The bill exempts actual settlers from all process of law for the recovery of debts that were contracted before their coming into the State. If the bill should become a law, we may expect that the State will be settled principally by the dishonest of the old States. Hereafter when a subscriber leaves unexpectedly, we will announce him as left for Minnesota.

MARRIAGE AT WASHINGTON.—At Washington, on the 10th instant, Mr. James F. Shunk, son of Governor Shunk, of Pennsylvania, and the Senate of that State prohibiting the inter-Miss Rebecca Black, daughter of the Attorney marriage of first cousins. The Gazette says General, were married at the residence of the that public sentiment is in favor of the measbride's father, in that city.

KEEP TOCETHER!

"Democrats, stand together! Don't let emporary question divide you. Whether Le compton or anti-Lecompton, you can still party. Differ, but not divide.

Cleveland (O.) Plaindealer. The above short but pertinent article contains much good sense and wholesome advice. "Stand together!" should be the motto with Democrats and fag-ends of all parties-are chuckling over what they consider, a "split" in the Democratic party Let'ne disappoint the designing men who hope to gain power, not by an advocacy of their own pernicious and condemned principles. but because of difficulties existing in the Democratic party: We hope the advice given in the above few lines from the Oleveland Plaindeuler. will be read with profit by every Democrat in this county. Lecompton or anti-Lecompton is a mere temporary question-a question to be soon settled and soon forgotten. We have our own opinion in regard to this question, and wehave expressed that opinion fearlessly. We grant to others the same right to express their sentiments, provided they do so in a moderate and candid manner and without any attempt to prejudice the people against the administration. The President is committed in favor of the admission of Kansas under the Lecompton Constitution, and no man acquainted with the character of JAMES BUCHANAN, will doubt that he is actuated by pure and lofty motives. He is a patriot and statesman, and his only ambition at present is to serve the people in a faithful therefore, that to attempt to prejudice the peo- following conferees were present: ple against the President, is factious, and must tend to disorganize the party. An honest difference of opinion can be tolerated, and for one, we deprecate any attempt to read men out of the party because they do not and cannot agree

"differ, but not divide," and our flag will continue to wave in triumph as heretofore. KEEP THE COURT MARTIAL. - The court-martial for the trial of Col. E. V. Sumner, U. S. A., for challenging General Harney, assembled at nine o'clock last Thursday, at the Carlisle Garrison

can agree to disagree, and still remain Demo-

crats. No man who is a sincere Democrat can

be read out out of the party by any man or set

principle, and that he continues to honor and

revere the party of the country. Let Demo-

crats, therefore, KEEP TOGETHER--let them

All the members of the court were present, excent Gen. Wool, who was sick. The specifications of the charges for which

Col. Sumner was arraigned, were : First-That Colonel Sumner did at Syracuse on the 18th of January, 1858, attempt to make a personal affair with General Harney, out of an official matter, namely: As to the answer made by the said Harney in response to the questions of the court-martial held at Fort Leavenworth, ncerning his prejudice or bias against the said

Second—That the said Sumner did, at Washington, on the 15th of February, 1858, on account of the said Harney's refusal to reply to his interrogatories, send a challenge to the latter, in violation of the 25th article of war. Third-That the said Sumner did, in a letter

ton, upbraid the said Harney for refusing the said challenge, in violation of the 28th article of To these specifications Col. Summer pleaded

ok place between the parties. The following is an abstract of the correspondence submitted in evidence: No. 1. Letter from Colonel Summer to General Harney, dated at St. Louis, December 14th, 1857, requests General Harney to meet him (Sumner) at St. Louis, to settle the existing

difficulty between them.
No. 2. Capt. Alfred Pleasonton (Gen. Har-

disrespect by the language used by him at the court-martial. No. 4. Letter from Col. Sumner to General

Harney's orders. No. 5. Letter from Col. Summer to General

No. 7. Letter from Col: Sumnor to Gen. Hars the letter charged as the challenge.]'
No. 8. Letter from Gen. Harney to Col. Sum-

matter to the notice of a court-martial.

No. 9. Col. Sumner to Gen. Harney, dated Washington, Feb. 16th, acknewledging the re-ceipt of Gen. Harney's letter, and stigmatizing Gen. Harney's action in insulting a brother officer, and in refusing an apology or satisfaction,

as conduct unworthy his future notice. This ends the correspondence. The prosecution rested its case on this cor-

espondence. A transcript of the proceedings of the court-We believe Gov. PACKER is now through martial at Fort Leavenworth was offered, and with his appointments. Berks county has re- accepted by the court, as evidence showing the language of Gen. Harney, and Colonel Sumner's

The first witness for the defence was Colonel usual, receives nothing. Well, be it so. We Francis Lee, (a member of the court,) who confirmed the evidence of the transcript of proceedings, and testified to the insulting language used | islature, to procure the repeal of the law organby Gen. Harney toward Col. Sumner, during

the trial at Fort Leavenworth. Col. Sumner was assisted in the defence by Fred'k. Watts, Esq. Maj. John F. Lee, judge advocate, conducted the prosecution. The court was in session two days. Its decision will

not be known for some time.

NEVER GO BACK .- Never go back -- never .-What you attempt, do with all your strength .-Determination is omnipotent. If the prospect is somewhat darkened, put the fire of resolution to your soul, and kindle a flame that nothing but the arm of death can extinguish,

MARRIAGE OF COUSINS .- The Cincinnation (O.) Daily Gazette, states that a bill has passed ure.

BOROUGH ELECTION

To-morrow (Friday,) is the day of our Borough election, and it is to be hoped that every Democrat in the two wards will do his whole duty .crats. Don't read or be read out of the The welfare of our town requires that there should be a change in several of the Borough offices. We'want men who have the nerve and the will to do their duty. We repeat, then, le our Democratic friends be up and doing, and success will crown our efforts. The following now. The Opposition-made up of the refuse excellent ticket was agreed upon at the Demo cratic Ward meetings:

BOROUGH OFFICERS. Chief Burgess -- Robert Irvine, Jr Assistant Burgess .-- Andrew Martin. Assessor -- George W. Shaffer. Assistant Assessors-Peter Gutshall, Dr. J. C

WEST WARD.

Judge-James Spottswood. Inspector—Thomas P. Hackett. School Director—George Beetem. Justice of the Peace-Jacob Squires. EAST WARD.

Auditor-Edwin D. Quigley.

Town Council-Michael Minich, Peter Mor or, John Fagan, Michael Holcomb Judge—John Cornman. Inspector-William Gipp. School Director—Philip Quigley. Constable—James Underwood.

As a matter for future reference, merely we publish the following proceedings of the

Pursuant to appointment the Senatorial Conmanner in a manner that will insure to them | ference was held at the house of Capt. J. Hartlasting prosperity and happiness. We repeat, | zell, in Newport, on Tuesday the 2d inst. The Cumberland-Gco. H. Bucher, W. J. Shearer

and Dr. Ira Day.

Perry.-Dr. D. M. Crawford, W. S. Mitchell. Juniata—A. G. Bonsall, Dr. E. D. Crawford. Mifflin—Gen. John Ross, R. H. M'Clintock, and Dr. C. V. Mitchell. with us in regard to certain questions. We

There was one delegate absent from Perry and one from Juniata. The Conference organized by calling Dr. Ira Day to the Chair and appointing Dr. G. V.

of men. He will scorn all such attempts, and Mitchell, Secretary. Mr. Bucher offered the following : WHEREAS, The counties of Cumberland and Perry which composed the late Senatorial district, had adopted the alternate principle in selecting Senator and Senatorial delegates, which they found more satisfactory than that done by Conferees; and whereas, the Conferees of Cun berland county, having authority conferred up-on them to enter into the same arrangement in the new district, propose the following order for the consideration of the conferees now rep-

1859

resenting the district, viz: Mifflin select the delegate in Juniata Cumberland "

Perry Resolved, That we suggest the selection of Senator in this district in the following order Cumberland to have the Senator in Mifflin

ration of the different counties composing the present senatorial district and ask their action upon the same at the first convening of their ounty conventions subsequent to this-the al-

teration we have suggested in the selection of Senator and senatorial delegates. On motion the resolutions were adopted. The conference then proceeded to nominate andidates for Delegates to the State Conven-

Whereupon Mr. Mitchell nominated Mr. Carr of Mifflin, Mr. M'Clintock pominated H. A. Zollinger of same county. Carr was withdrawn and Mr. Mitchell of Mifflin nominated in his Zollinger 7 Mitchell 4.

Mr. Cassidy, of Philadelphia, a delegate in , and the close personal and political friend of the Judge, proclaimed in that body, before resolutions had been adopted or ominations made, that Judge W. A. Porter would stand upon any platform the conven-

tion should see proper to avow.

West Chester Jeffersonian. And in doing so Mr. Cassidy made an ass of himself, and attempted to make Wm. A. Pon-TER appear utterly unprincipled. We feel satisfied that Mr. PORTER never authorized Cas-Ger Gas Bills.—The people in nearly all letter, and denying that he was under General cipled language. If we thought he did, the cipled language. If we thought he did, the Some new and comprehensive enactment is abname of Powter should not remain at the head solutely essential.

of our columns an hour.

reflect upon its contents. happened, and as if he had no great stake at interest. During the day he lounges about the laughs and wishes to chat with them. The time

for their execution is rapidly approaching. hands, and will run on "full time." No. 3 Mill nounced. will also recommence operations on Monday next. The Intelligencer says: "This is cheering news, indeed, to the vast number of employees who have been idle during the winter months. Daylight is just beginning to break in

financial affairs in our goodly city." JUDGE WILMOT'S DISTRICT .-- There is a strong effort making at Harrisburg, outside of the Legizing a judicial district for the special advantage of Judge Wilmet. The official term of the ocrat in the district that has not signed the pedeclines for fear the Judge will take away his license, while the opposite side threaten him with prosecution for selling the Judge liquor on Sunday. This places him in rather a bad fix.

BAD STATE OF AFFAIRS .- The New Orleans (La) Evening True Delta says there is a movement going on in that city, having for its object the introduction of the custom of ladies carrying firearms—so all pistols, such as are known as yest-pocket pistols, and which can be stowed, without incumbrance, in the pocket of the fair shooters dress in order to protect themselves from ruffian violence and insult. The True Delta cordially endorses the idea,

MELANCHOLY OCCURRENCE .- A few days ago,

Late and Interesting from Europe.

We have news from Europe one week later, patch, but professes a readiness to amend the laws upon due investigation. The ministers were defeated by 19 majority. Lord Palmerston was granted leave to bring in the bill to alter the government of India, by a large majority. The trial of the directors of the Royal British Bank was in progress. A French refugee, named M. Bernard, had been arrested in Town Council—William M'Millan, George late conspiracy to assassinate the Emperor NaSmith, William Haller, Henry Gould, Samuel release to the standard of the peopoleon. It was stated that Sardini and Belgium will both succumb to the French demands. Nothing later from China had been received, the last steamer show that Canton was virtually in the possession of the British. A week's later news from India had been received .-There is nothing striking in the intelligence, English. Sir Colin Campbell would soon march on Lucknow. Gen. Outram had twice defeated the rebels. The Liverpool cotton market opened unsettled and excited, and advanced considerably. But it subsequently became quiet and firm. On Friday, the 19th, Orleans middling quoted at 71d. Breadstuffs are dull and with a declining tendency. Provisions are also dull. The London money market continues growing easier. American securities were active, and

> and 97 and fixe eights. By the arrival at Halifax, on Wednesday, of important news from Europe to the 27th ult., one week later than the dates by the Europa. The Palmerston cabinet had resigned and been succeeded by a new ministry, with Lord Derby at the head. In this there was subsequently a modification. Lord Stanley taking the Colonial department in place of Bulwer Lytton. In Paris, the trial of the conspirators against the life of the Emperor, had resulted in the conviction of Orsini, Rudio, and Pierri, who were sentenced to death, and of Gomez, who was sentenced to penal solitude for life. The Danish ministry had resigned. There was an advance in cotton. Breadstuffs were quiet, and provisions had a declining tendency.

SALE OF ASSETS OF THE LANCASTER BANK. -On Monday afternoon of last week, the Assignees of the Lancaster Bank offered at public sale at the late Banking House, notes and judgments-part of the assets of the Bank-the nominal value of which was about \$70,000.-They were all sold with the exception of two notes amounting to \$6,000, the drawer of Resolved. That we recommend to the consid- which-a former Director in the Bank, gave notice that against the one note he had an offset and that the statute of limitations barred the other. The amount realized by the sale was and indeed no hopest Democrat expects to do \$9,000. All the notes and obligations sold, it. They must have sectionalisms or nothing. Bank went into assignment. The sale exceeded the expectations of those interested in the

DEADLY WEAPONS .- We perceive that a bill has been introduced into the State Legislature, which has for its object, a suppression of the stead. The yeas and nays were ordered and iniquitous practice of carrying deadly weapons. sentence the offenders to the penitentiary. It is to be hoped that this measure will be enacted into a law. The practice which has been so prevalent in all our leading cities, has been productive of infinite mischief. A large portion of the murders that take place, are attributable to this vile and wicked custom. Deadly weapons, such as revolvers, Bowie-knives, knucklers and slung-shot are carried, and employed by the excitable in moments of passion, and often with the most deplorable results. Prohibitary laws

THE SLAVE TRADE HOAX .- It is now pretty THE LANCASTER PRISONERS .- Anderson has generally believed that the article which re completed the listory of his life, with a full acceptly appeared in the New Orleans Delta, and Topoka State government. count of the murder which will be published in mouncing the revival of the slave trade, was conjunction. He seems to be fully aware of the specious hoax. The Delta distinctly affirmed enormity of his offence, and every day reads the that certain Southerners had taken the matter Bible, afterwards laying it aside and seeming to in hand themselves, that Africans were imported into Mississippi and other seashore States, Richards, his companion in guilt, takes matters that in Mississippi there was a market for Afriis easily and unconcernedly as if nothing had can slaves, and that in that State, the negroes improper to be addressed to his commanding cell; seeming to be indifferent to everything; at officer, and stating his intention to bring the other times, when any nerson visits him, he ern and Western States. Whatever may be little reputation-and as Scripture bids us re there many citizens are opposed to the revival The Lancaster Cotton Mills are again in of this inhuman fraffic, there is but one sentioperation. Mill No. 1 was started some weeks ment upon the subject in the entire North. ago. Mill No. 2 re-commenced operations last | The slave trade is regarded as vilo, wicked, and Monday morning with a full complement of murderous, and as such it is reprobated and de-

MARSHAL OF THE DISTRICT.-William Selden, Esq., has received from the President, the appointment of Marshal of the District of Coumbia. This is perhaps the most lucrative office in the gift of the Executive, and it has been laughed to scorn the advice and entreaties of a delphia, to fill the vacancy caused by the resigworthily bestowed. Mr. S. is an old and highly respectable citizen of Washington, and his

ppointment meets with much favor. Iowa House of Representatives, on the 23dult., man very penitent and anxious to be prayed Judge expires next fall, and he is making a dead by the chaplain, Rev. Mr. Shine. It is a moeffort to retain it. It is said there is not a Dem- del prayer: "Great God! Bless the young kneeled down and prayed in this wise: and growing State of Iowa, her Senators and tition save one, and he is a tavern-keeper. He Representatives, and her Governor and State we thank thee because a rattlesnake has bit officers! Give us a sound currency, pure wa- Jim. We pray thee send a rattlesnake to bite ter, and undefiled religion, for Christ's sake. John; and one to bite Bill; send one to bite Amen!" As might be supposed, this prayer met with a hearty response from the members

> President Buchanan has received an auograph letter from Prince Albert, accompanied with a medal containing the likenesses of the Princess Royal and Frederick William .-The letter is a friendly one and contains sentiments of high regard.

"THERE SHE PLOWS!"-On Monday last, 3 whales appeared off Southampton, N. Y., in Long Island Sound. . Several boats immediate-Dr. Charles Leib, of Chicago, formerly of three sons of Mr. Asa Horner, of Greenwich, ly pushed through the serf in pursuit, and after The President has appointed Gen. Seth Clover, of Clarion county, Pa., Indian Agent Pennsylvania, has been appointed Mail Agent Cumberland county, N. J., were drowned while a short chase, a whale which, it is believed, will five Supreme Judges elected some years since,

More Troubles in Kansas.

A late dispatch gives the following account by the arrival at New York, on Saturday even- of affairs in Kansas : "The St. Louis Republiing, of the steamship Europa, from Liverpool, can learns that an attempt has been made to mons on the bill to amend the law relating to dence before Governor Denver, as requested by conspiracy to murder, upon an amendment of Calhoun. Isaac Mundee, one of the Judges, fered by Milner Gibson, which censures the was shot in the head and killed. The Clerks ministers for not replying to Walewski's des- of the Elections of the Shawnee Precinct were preparing a certificate under oath, stating that they gave the testimony they did, before the inture, under threats of death. A letter from Fort Scott says that place had been taken by a stores and stealing horses. No lives had been lost." We do not believe with many, that London, charged with being implicated in the Kansas is a real "hell-holo" of crime and infaple there are peace-loving citizens, who earnestly desire that they shall be ridden of their trou. but the details of the despatches brought by bles, but are prevented by a set of infamous scoundress on both sides. We never were advocates of disregard for law, but if we were esidents of Kansas we should urge the forma-ion of a Vigilance Committee to hang every described by the peek and when this and the Hon. Jno. A. Ahl, with regard to the tion of a Vigilance Committee to hang every although its general import is favorable to the one of these villians by the neck, and when this is done, and not until then, do we expect to see peace in Kansas.

COLLEGE STATISTICS .- By the annual statenent just printed, it appears that in forty-seven colleges of the land, there are 8540 students. of whom 3082 are professors of religion. There were, during the last year, 420 conversions -There were 987 who intended to become ministers. According to the fullest report we have ever seen, there are 122 colleges in the United had slightly advanced. Consols closed at 971 States, of which 113 are Protestaut, and 9 Roare controlled by the Baptists, 13 by the Meththe steamship Canada, from Liverpool, we have odists, 8 by the Episcopalians, 11 by the Congregationalists, 2 by the Unitarians, 1 by the the future. Universalists, and the remainder by the various branches of the Presbyterians. Of all the colleges, 153 or about one eighth of the whole, are situated in New England. The Free States will cheerfully give it so far as I recollect it. have ninety-five of the colleges, and the Slave States fifty-seven.

THE ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH CABLE .- The United States steam frigate Niagra, sailed from N. Y. on Saturday morning for England, to resume the attempt to lay the electric telegraph cable across the Atlantic. She is to take one-half the cable on board, and an English ship will take the other half. The two ships will then roceed to mid-ocean, where they will unite two ends of the cable, and then one steaming for England and the other for America will occupy but half the time in laying the whole which would be required in the attempt to commence at the English coast and, proceed continuously

QUITE NATURAL .- The Black Republican newspapers are in agonies of indignation, at the and that on no occasion did Dr. Ahl agree or carriage, accompanied by Crabb. to such place as he should designate: all of which were of course inadmissible. In the meantime, however, the course inadmissible. In the meantime, however, and to be driven out or lown in a close carriage, accompanied by Crabb. to such place as he should designate: all of which were of course inadmissible. In the meantime, however, and to be driven out or lown in a close carriage, accompanied by Crabb. to such place as he should designate: all of which were of course inadmissible. In the meantime, however, and to be driven out or lown in a close carriage, accompanied by Crabb. to such place as he should designate: all of which were of course inadmissible. In the meantime, however, and the course in the cou cent Democratic Convention. It seems quite impossible to please these factious gentlemen.

with one exception, had been set down as of lit- Their ends and and are not national, and hence tle or no value, and were not appraised when the they cannot expect to anything which is Democratic. Harry as Toots would say "its of

> THE TOPEKA MOVEMENT ABANDONED .-- The l'opeka humbug seems at last to have been exploded. As it never had any legal validity, it rofessed to regard it as the only legitimate government in Kansas. We find in the Missouri tee of the two branches of the Topeka Legislature, in which they say :

"High executive officers under the State constitution have publicly declared that the constitution is dead. Discouraged, many memtion as to whether the Topeka constitution is dead."

This is probably the last we shall hear of the difference of the government.

daily engaged at work. One effect of the Delled nearly three years of active, vigorous, youth indignation everywhere throughout the North- nothing at all except much friendship and a thought in the South, and we believe that even | joice in the days of our youth, I desire, before that haloyen period is quite ended, to obey its precepts in some measure. I leave Cario with lings of deep affection of my friends, of contempt for my enemies, (if any I have,) and of infinite disgust for that abominable old nuis-

ance the Cario Company." RATTLESNAKES .- A queer genius tells the following: In a village, which I need not name. there resided a family consisting of an old man by the name of Beaver, and his three sons, all of whom were hard "pets," and who had often pious, though very eccentric minister, who resi- nation of Robert M. Lee, Esq. ded in the same town. It happened one of the boys was bitten by a rattlesnake and was expected to die, when the minister was sent for in Vine street. A Laconic Prayer was delivered in the great haste. On his arrival he found the young Vine street. with. The minister calling on the family,

" O Lord, we thank thee for rattlesnakes; Sam; and, O Lord send the biggest kind of a rattlesnake to bite the old man; for nothing but rattlesnakes will ever bring the Beaver family to repentance!

The reports circulating in various quar more hours than any member of the Cabinet.

Granles M. Ottinger, the forger and landwarrant thief, was sentenced on Saturday last. in the Philadelphia Sessions, to seven years at hard labor in the Eastern Penitentiary.

Judge Lowrie is the only one, out of the

MECHANICSBURG POST-OFFICE --- AGAIN. We have been requested to publish the following statements and correspondence. We know our readers are heartily tired of this subwith dates to the 20th ultimo. The British abduct the Judges of election of Delaware Cross- ject of the Mechanicsburg Post-office, and we with dates to the 20th ultimo. The British abduct the Judges of election of Delaware CrossGovernment was defeated in the House of Coming, in order to prevent them from giving cvilog publishing anything more in reference to it.

Specie,
Due by city Banks, by publishing anything more in reference to it.

WASHINGTON, March 8, 1858. Mr. Editor-I addressed a letter to the editor of the "Mechanicsburg Gazette," dated the Real Estate, 27th ultimo, requesting its publication. Among other things contained therein, was a request to vestigating Committee of the Kansas Legisla- the editor to call upon Hon. Wilson Reilly, to furnish his recellection of the matter, for the Circulation, purpose of having both sides presented to the ublic, and to have the difficulty fully explaincompany of Gen. Lane's men who were robbing ed. The editor has thought it prudent to refuse stores and stealing horses. No lives had been the publication of the letter, and also to have nothing to do with a disinterested party, as Mr. Reilly is. My friends in Mechanicsburg have written a letter to Mr. Reilly, on the subject, Yours truly. who has responded. JOHN A. AUL.

> WASHINGTON, March 8, 1858. To Messes. Joseph Sanderson, Wm. C. Hou-SER, GEORGE SHRODER. Gentlemen-Your letter of the 25th February

appointment of Post-master at Mechanicsburg, I have only to say, that I have read the letter of Mr. Ahl, published in the American Voluneer, of February 25th, and that the statemen contained in that letter is true in every word. I have no recollection of any pledge having been made by the Doctor that he would have Mr. Leas removed. He said that he would do anvthing that an honorable man could do to gratify the Committee" and the Democracy repre sented by them, and this is all the pledge the doctor gave in my presence. If any other was given I did not hear it. I am exceedingly sorry that this difficulty has occurred, because can do no good to the cause of Democracy in man Catholic. Of the Protestant colleges, 16 your district, and sincerely hope the whole matter may be settled in some way satisfactorily to il concerned. I am certain that I shall not be brought into any controversy of the kind in Respectfully, Your obt. serv't.

> WILSON REILLY. P. S .- If a full statement of what did occur on the occasion referred to is desired from me, l

WASHINGTON, March 8, 1858. The undersigned having seen a letter dated this day signed by Hon. Wilson Reilly, relative "to what had passed in, my (his) presence between Messrs. Day, Bobb, Cocklin, Lamont, ercen, and the Hon. John A. Ahl, with regard to the appointment of Post-master at Mechanicsburg;" we have to say that we were also present at that interview between the above named gentlemen, and that what Mr. Ahl asserts in his Card as published on the the 25th in the Volumeter, and sustained by Mr. Reilly, accords only be reached through Crabb's body. our time from about 5 o'clock, P. M., until bedtime, and that to the best of our recollection discussed by the above Committee and Dr. Ahl.

JOHN B. PERRY.

EONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS. WASHINGTON, March 15.

SENATE. - A number of reports and memorials were presented. The consideration of the Kansas bill was re-

Mr. Wade (O.) gave way to Mr. Broderick, (Ar. Broderick said he had seen Mr. Douglas. has been introduced into the State Legislature, which has for its object, a suppression of the iniquitous practice of carrying deadly weapons.

One of its features give power to the courts, to Pennsylvania. He did not think he received Democrat, an address issued by a joint commit- any rebuke, and hoped he never would. He tendent and guards were on each side of the cell, ever tried to conduct himself in a way becoming a Senator. He branded the writer as a falsifier of facts. He called attention to the matter.

but other gentlemen have been misrepresented in the same way.
Mr. Bigler (Pa.) replied, when Mr. Wade resumed his speech. House —Mr. English, (Ind.,) presented a resolution calling for information relative to the Louisville and Portland Canal, with a view of the most deplorable results. From one of Kansas arrive, by the acceptance of the Letter of already exist upon the subject, but they are not sufficiently rigid, or are totally disregarded. Some new and comprehensive enactment is absolute to the way of th us no choice, to adjourn for the present, and to know what had become of the money received

Mr. Humphrey Marshall (Ky.) replied ; defending the Canal Company, and denying that An Editor's Valediotory.—Mr. Edward the Government had a larger interest in the Ca-Willet, one of the editors and proprietors of the Cario Times and Delta, takes farewell of his readers, in his paper of the 5th ult., in the following expressive language:

"I know well that I need not offer a word of Indians integer had prompted this attack on the proprietors of the Indians integer had not performed. He asserted that the surplus receipts had been all absorbed by the repairs with the knowledge of the Secretary of the Treasury. The United States was to und in the cell, his knife, about eight inches long with a double edge, was found, also, another larger knife, with a blade four inches long. Crabb, the wounded guard, was immediately taken to the hospital and his wounds were examined and integer had prompted this attack on the cell, his knife, about eight inches long with a double edge, was found, also, another larger knife, about eight inches long with a double edge, was found, also, another larger knife, about eight inches long with a double edge, was found, also, another larger knife, about eight inches long with a double edge, was found, also, another larger knife, about eight inches long with a double edge, was found, also, another larger knife, about eight inches long with a double edge, was found, also, another larger knife, about eight inches long with a double edge, was found, also, another larger knife, about eight inches long with a double edge, was found, also, another larger knife, about eight inches long with a double edge, was found in the cell, his knife, about eight inches long with a double edge, was found, also, another larger knife, about eight inches long with a double edge, was found, also, another larger knife, about eight inches long with a double edge, was found, also, another larger knife, about eight inches long with a double edge, was found in the cell, his knife, about eight inches long with a double edge, was found, also, another larger knife, about eight inches long with a double edge.

Appointments by the Governor. Governor PACKER made the following ppointments during the last week :

FOR PHILADELPHIA. George M. Lauman of Reading, Flour Inspec-

Joseph Collins, Whiskey Inspector. William O. Kline, Bark Inspector. William Keisley, Inspector of Butter and Lewis R. Denan, Quarantine Master.

Arthur Hughes, Health Officer. Jacob Layer, Superintendent Powder Maga Joseph Eneu, Recorder of the city of Phila

SEALERS OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES. Andrew Noble, for Philadelphia, North o Folyard E. Degan, for Philadelphia, North of

Frederick Trace, for Dauphin county. Charles Barnitz, for Allegheny county. William Addis, for Bucks county.
Samuel Morret, of Meyerstown for Lebanoi

OTHER APPOINTMENTS. John Makin, Flour Inspector, Pittsburg. Nathan L. Atwood, Notary Public, Clinto

ancaster county, for the port of Philadelphia BROUGHT BACK .- Mr. F. W. Porter, the de-

Lazaretto Physician, Lewis S. Filbert, o

ters that General Cass intends leaving the Cab. faulting Treasurer of the American Sunday died at Passavant's Infirmary. Although to inet, is a stock-jobbing Black Republican fabrication. He is hale and hearty, and labors from Ohio, on Saturday, on a requisition from Since Saturday he has been unable to speak or more hours than any member of the School Union; was brought back to Philadelphia from Ohio, on Saturday, on a requisition from Since Saturday he has been unable to speak or Governor Packer. He was taken into the Court to take any nourishment. The imm of Quarter Sessions, and held in \$5,000 bail to cause of his death was strangulation, from in-

> ker, Postmaster at Rockford, Tuscarawas bunal. county, Ohio, has been arrested, charged with robbing the mail and forging. Dr. Walker is

Statement of the Harrisburg Bank.

March 3, 1858. ASSETS Loans and discounts. \$473,295.92 50,505.00 120,012,33 123,207.47 9,662.93 Notes of other Banks. 25,636.00 Stocks, (at present market value,) 31,700,00 18.000.00 11,600.00 \$863,619.65 LIABILITIES.

\$398,920.00

Deposits. Due to other Banks 123,410.30 17,544.45 \$539,874,75 J. W. WEIR, Cashier. The above statement of the Harrisburg Bank, presents very gratifying evidence of the ability with which its affairs have been managed, and

with which its anairs have been innuaged, and leads us to infer that the Statements of Country Banks generally, will present a much better figure, than has been anticipated.

For some time past, the Philadelphia papers have endeavored to throw discredit on the country Banks, and destroy the confidence of the people in their stability by covert insinuations last was received. In answer to your inquiry of weakness. Perhaps on a fair examination of both, the Country Banks, will exhibit quite as healthy a condition as the Banks in the City, and we are pursuaded that few of them will present a clearer record than that of the Bank of Harrisburg .- Carlisle Herald.

> From the St. Louis Democrat, March 10.] Horrible Tragedy in an Illinois Penitentlary. A Convict Makes an Attempt to Secure his Liborty-Tortures one of the Guards for Twenty-four Hours-The Guard Rescued by Stratagem-The Convict Shot-His Dying

> Confessions. A convict, named Hall, from Chicago, who is now serving out a second term, formed the idea of acquiring his liberty in the following method: He watched his opportunity shortly after breakfast, and when no other guard was in the hall surrounding the cells except Mr. Crabb, whom he knocked down and sunned by a severe blow on the head, then dragged him into one of the lower cells, tied Crabb's hands behind his back, fastened the cell door by means of a stick of timber, previously put in the cell by some confederate, then drew a huge knife rom his bosom, assisted Crabb to rise, put him igainst the door, and threatened him with death

> less he was allowed to go at liberty. The most daring attempt was soon known and promptly brought Col. Buckmaster and his guards to the spot. The convict threatened Crabb with instant death if any attempt was made upon the door, holding his knife within a couple of inches of Crabb's breast. For upwards of an hour Col. Buckmaster and his guards watched an opportunity to shoot him, but there being but one opening in the door, and that quite small, he kept Crabb constantly

with our recollection exactly. We will also Thus matters continued until noon, when state that Dr. Ahl's room is where we spend Crabb made some effort to open the door, but Thus matters continued until noon, when was immediately out severely in the hand by the convict. During the day the convict stated we were in the room and present every even his terms of submission to be a revolver loaded ing when the Mechanicsburg Post office was by himself, a full suit of citizen's dress, \$100 in money, and to be driven out of town in a close

er, Col. Buckmaster procured a pardon from the Governor, to be used in his discretion; but up to 12 o'clock last night no information of it had been given to the convict. All day the guards were on the watch to shoot the scoundrel, but as he had positively declared he would kill Crabb if he was not instantly killed himself, great care had to be taken, for fear he might put his threat into execution. Crabb had no arms whatever, the yard guards not being allowed to carry any, and had nothing whatever to defend himself from an attack of the desperado.

At nine o'clock this morning, Rüherford, the

State Superintendent, and Col. Buckmaster, warden, undertook to get into the cell of the prisoner by stratagem. Breakfast was set at the cell door in vessels of larger size than ordinary, but the convict refused to open the doc until the hall was cleared, which, after a brief consultation, was done. The warden, superinbut out of sight and motionless. The convict slowly opened the door nearly chough to admit the food, when a crowbar was instantly inserted. The warden cried out to Crabb, the imprisoned guard, to fight for his life. He accordingly sprang to the opening of the door, and at length dragged himself through, but not before he was stabbed by the convict nine times; seven times in the back and twice on the arms-When the poor victim was dragged out the convict barred the door again and refused to yield. He was then given a few minutes for reflection, and the rebel was, after much dodging and effort to get out of reach of the fire, shot by the warden. The ball struck his skull just below the left ear, and glancing around lodged under the skull. He tell instantly and was dragged out of the cell, and was thought to be dead, but soon recovered and talked as sensible as any man could under the circumstances. After the convict was taken out of recently imported from Africa, were to be seen daily engaged at work. One effect of the Deland starved long enough for Cario—have wasand Allen: The left lung was found to be per-forated by the knife. The other wounds were not dangerous. After his wounds were dressed he felt quite comfortable, and conversed very freely. He expressed a sense of his dangerous

> bore himself with much fortitude throughout the interview. His physicians consider his case very critical, and that the chances are much against his recovery.
>
> The convict was laid on a matrass in the prison hall. He said he hoped Crabb would live, and in the next breath he said he had put five men in the same fix he was in himself.
>
> Dr. McMasters was present, and endervored faithfully to draw his attention to the fact of his near approach to death. He exhibited no penitence or remorse, but said he "hoped that God, if there was any, would forgive him." He sent for one of his confederates, and advised him to behave himself when he got out, and not bring himself to what he saw before him.

> condition, but was calm and hopeful. His wife

visited him about 11 o'clock to day, and he

From the boats and passengers which came down the river to day we learn other particu-It is stated that everything was dine during the night to surprise the convict into a capture, but that he was vigilant and bloody from one minute's end to the other, and amused himself, from time to time, by pricking his victim with the point of a knife. It is not stated in our dispatch at what time the convict died, but wo learn from other sources that he accounted his learn from other sources that he survived his wounds but a short time.

The "Pittsburg Post" of Wednesday of last week, states the following:

MONROE STEWART DEAD.—Yesterday, afternoon, about three o'clock, this unfortunate man

flamation of the throat. Thus is the M'Keesport tragedy ended; all MAIL ROBBER ARRESTED .- Dr. John D. Wal- who were accused of the murder are dead, and their cause will now come before a higher tri-

A PROVISING SCHOOL.—Out of 85 scholars in

Clover, of Clarion county, Pa., Indian Agent Supposition and toward to in Kansas, in place of Greene county, removed.

| Clover, of Clarion county, Pa., Indian Agent Supposition and toward to in Kansas, in place of Maj. Maxwell McCaslin, county, Pa., Indian Agent Supposition and toward to who still retains his seat—all the rest having in Maxwell McCaslin, for Illinois, in place of James Ward, Esq., respectively 13, 15 and 17 years.

| A Friching suggested some years since, and in and lorging. Dr. Walker is a school supposition of the who still retains his seat—all the rest having in place of Maj. Maxwell McCaslin, family, married and settled around him.

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