

AMERICAN VOLUNTEER.

JOHN B. BRATTON, Editor & Proprietor. CARLEISLE, PA., AUG. 28, 1856.

For President, JAMES BUCHANAN, Of Pennsylvania. For Vice President, JOHN C. BRECKENRIDGE, Of Kentucky.

Democratic State Nominations. CANAL COMMISSIONER, GEORGE SCOTT, of Columbia county. AUDITOR GENERAL, JACOB FRY, Jr., of Montgomery county. SUPERVISOR GENERAL, JOHN ROWE, of Franklin county.

Democratic County Ticket. Congress, JOHN A. AHL, of Westpenningboro. Assembly, JAMES ANDERSON, of Silver Spring. WILLIAM HARPER, of Dickinson.

Commissioner, ANDREW KERR, of Carlisle. District Attorney, W. J. SHEARER, of Carlisle. Associate Judges, SAM'L WOODBURN, of Dickinson.

County Surveyor, ABM. LAMBERTON, of N. Middleton. Director of the Poor, SAMUEL TRITT, of Westpenningboro. Auditor, DAVID G. EYSTER, of Eastpenningboro.

Coroner, MITCHELL McLELLAN, of Carlisle. PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS. Senatorial, Charles R. Bucklew, Wilson M. Canalese, District.

- 1. Geo W. Naylor, 14. Keuben Wilber, 2. Pierce Butler, 15. Geo. A. Crawford, 3. Edward Warrman, 16. James Black, 4. Wm. H. White, 17. H. J. Stahle, 5. John McNeil, 18. John D. Roddy, 6. John N. Brinson, 19. Jacob Turner, 7. David Lantz, 20. J. A. J. Buchanan, 8. Charles Kessler, 21. William Wilkins, 9. James Patterson, 22. Jas. G. Campbell, 10. Jesse Slenker, 23. T. Cunningham, 11. F. W. Hughes, 24. John Keatly, 12. Thomas Osterhout, 25. Vincent Phelps, 13. Abraham Edinger.

The next meeting of the Buchanan Club, No. 1, of Carlisle, will be held at Burkholder's hotel, in this borough, on Saturday evening, September 6, at 7 o'clock. The friends of Buck and Breck—keep the ball rolling. JOHN B. BRATTON, President of Club.

North Middleton Awake! A Polo raising will take place on Saturday, Sept. 6, 1856, at 4 o'clock, P. M., at James Clemens' on the north of Carlisle Springs. Gentlemen, turn out, there will be some eminent speakers present. JOHN B. BRATTON, President of Club.

No Correspondents. Jefferson is too personal in his remarks—to speak. We shall attend to the gentleman he speaks of ourself, at the proper time.

"Penn," who, in our absence, laid his communication on our table, is informed that we insert nothing unless the proper author gives his name. We may remark, also, that, so long as we keep our health, we feel competent to conduct the Volunteer ourself, without aid from any quarter.

In Court, on the 26th inst., on motion of A. B. Sharpe, Esq., JOHN P. RHOADS, Esq., was admitted to practice in the several courts of this county.

Hon. James Buchanan.—The Hon. James Buchanan arrived in this place, on the cars, on Monday evening, on his return home from the Bedford Springs. As soon as the cars stopped, and it was ascertained that the distinguished gentleman was a passenger, a shout went up for "old Buck" that made the welkin ring.—During the few minutes the cars remained, he shook hands with a great number of persons, who had assembled at the depot to see him.—He was then escorted to the parlor of the Mansion House, where a number of the fair sex were introduced to him; and, while our readers believe it, he kissed every lady in the house! We wished, about that time, that we occupied his position, that we might enjoy the same privileges. Great matter to be a distinguished man—he can kiss all the girls he fancies, as well as those he don't fancy. The Buchanan Club waited on the distinguished stranger in a body, and our citizens, of all parties, felt it a privilege to pay their respects to him. It was a matter of regret with all that Mr. Buchanan could not remain in town for a few hours. He declined to remain, however, and proceeded in the cars to Lancaster. Mr. B. is in the enjoyment of excellent health, and appears as young and vigorous as he did twenty years ago. He is one of the greatest men of the age, and, if God in his infinite mercy spares his life, he will be our next President.

Killed in the County Prison. On Saturday morning last, Mr. Joseph C. Thompson, Coroner of the County, was called upon to hold an inquest on the body of JAMES BARKER, a native of England, who had committed suicide in his cell, in the county prison, by shooting himself in the forehead with a pistol. The testimony elicited before the Coroner's Jury proved the unfortunate man to be of insane mind, and in one of his sudden fits the rash act was committed. A few days previous, he had been committed to prison for attempting the life of one of our citizens. BARKER followed the occupation of school teaching, and from the number of credible certificates found in his possession, proved him to be well qualified as a teacher. His remains were taken charge of by the Directors of the Poor, and buried at the County Poor House.

Dennett, in 1854, was employed as Principal in the St. John's Institute, under the direction of Mr. James L. Moslet, at Madison, Fla. On his person, was secreted, a quantity of powder, and some twelve or fifteen bullets, and a pair of pistols. Also, a number of letters and writings, which showed clearly that he had been laboring under disease of the mind for some time. The following seems to be his last production:

"Through perjury, fraud and the vilest chicanery, and, as I suppose, through my own folly, I have been convicted of some infamous crime. What it is, I cannot tell. I die in view as much of unknown friends as secret enemies.

THE PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.

This should be a subject of deep and sincere consideration. In its results are involved the perpetuity of the Union—the eternal principles of right and justice, on which is erected the fair fabric of our republican government. Every one who can claim the priceless boon of citizenship in the United States, has an important interest at stake in its decision—an interest not only dear to himself, but of momentous importance to all coming generations. Hence the necessity that every one should seriously and candidly lay this subject to heart, and, in view of its importance, come to such conclusions and adopt such a course as will secure to himself the legitimate results of a well-constituted government, and transmit the same unimpaired to future generations.

In this investigation, there are certain matters claiming our consideration, a few of which we will now glance at. The commanding talents of JAMES BUCHANAN, his stern integrity of character, his acknowledged statesmanship, his veneration for the whole Union, instead of gaining him friends in the Abolition ranks, only make them hate him the more. They hate him because of his spotless reputation, his exalted worth, and his commanding abilities. Because he possesses these traits of character, he is malignantly and wantonly assailed. The Abolition kennel has been unbarred, and the blood hounds of detraction have been let loose, with a commission written in the blackest dye of calumny, to prowling at large, and to feast upon truth and justice.

Feeling their utter inability to gain the position Mr. BUCHANAN occupies before the people, they have commenced slandering him by forced and unnatural deductions, putting in his mouth words never uttered, and sentiments which he strongly repudiates. Among other things (and this is the only charge they make against him that is worthy of notice,) they say that Mr. BUCHANAN once declared in a speech that "ten cents a day were wages enough for a working man." We pronounce this charge a deliberate falsehood; and to prove it such, all we ask is, that every gentleman shall take up the speech in question, read it through, examine it carefully and critically, and if he can find such an idea advanced, we will then admit that he is lying. Abolitionism has blundered on the truth for once. We ask the Abolition and Know-Nothing calumniators, who have given publicity to this utterly groundless charge—an accusation which THEY KNOW TO BE FALSE—to publish the speech—give it to their readers entire, without mutilation or misquoting. If Mr. BUCHANAN, in a speech in the Senate, said that "ten cents a day were wages enough for a working man," why don't his enemies publish the speech? No, they don't say, nor do not say; it would be turning State's evidence—becoming their own prosecutors. Failing to do this, what must be thought of such men? What reliance can be placed in their assertions? And yet these are the men who seek to elevate to the Presidency a young and inexperienced man, at the sacrifice of the reputation of every gentleman whose destruction is necessary to the success of their scheme.

The truth is these Black Republicans see the growing popularity of Pennsylvania's favorite son; they fear that republics are not ungrateful, and that the services rendered the people of the Union by JAMES BUCHANAN, will not be permitted to go unrequited, and that this servant has in store for so faithful and talented a man the highest honor in his gift. Hence their vituperation and slander—their malignant attacks and false accusations.

But, who is proposed to be elevated to the Presidency in opposition to Mr. BUCHANAN?—Reader, it is JOHN C. FREMONT, a native of South Carolina, and recently a slave owner, but now a resident of New York, and an Abolitionist in sentiment. He whose name was stricken from the list of army officers, by order of a Court of Inquiry, because of malfeasance in office—he is the candidate of the Abolition disunionists! He is reputed to be rich—worth some fifteen millions of dollars—and this it was that attracted the attention of the corrupt men who procured his nomination in a Convention composed of delegates representing sixteen of the thirty-one States of our Union. His most devoted friends will not dare to represent him as a man of talents—they will not dare assert that he knows anything about the intricate affairs of government; but they say, and this is all they can say, "he is in favor of free Kansas and free negroes," and this, they think, should commend him to the support of intelligent freemen. Well, Mr. BUCHANAN is in favor of free Kansas, provided the people of that territory, who are more deeply interested than any others, so will it. Mr. BUCHANAN and the Democratic party are in favor of the citizens of Kansas regulating their own domestic affairs as they, in their sovereign capacity, deem proper. But, the illipitican FREMONT and his Black Republican friends would deny the South a voice in Kansas. They say to the South, "to be sure, half of this country is yours—it is the common inheritance of the people, north and south, but yet we (the Abolitionists) will not permit you of the South to even have a voice in the settlement of its domestic affairs or in the shaping of its constitution." Such is the language of the Abolitionists, and they support FREMONT for the Presidency on this issue, and carry at the head of their forces the traitor flag containing sixteen stars!

They have no electoral ticket in a single Southern State—no candidate in the field—and boldly proclaim that they can elect their man by Northern votes alone! If they should, unfortunately for our country, be successful, who can doubt but that a dissolution of the Union would follow? Indeed, a very large portion of the friends of FREMONT are working to accomplish this very object, and openly proclaim a desire for a rupture with the South and a dissolution of the confederacy! Your FOMAS and MACRS, and other hired orators, may deny this ill domineering, but they cannot hoodwink the people nor hide their sinister purposes from the public gaze. They do dare profane the words of old Hickory, by declaring, in their scithous harangues, that "the Union must and shall be preserved," and at the same time rally their forces under a flag of sixteen stars, and support candidates for the Presidency and Vice Presidency who consider that the sixteen Northern States constitute the Union! "Let the Union slide," says BANKS of Massachusetts, and if God, in his providence, should permit Abolitionism to obtain control of our government, it would "slide," sure enough. In conclusion, we would direct attention to a picture of disunion, which we extract from Gen. Jackson's Farewell Address. In retiring from the

AN ABOLITION SLAYWANDER.

Early on Tuesday morning of last week large posters could be seen in all parts of our town, informing our rather staid citizens that Lieut. Gov. FOMAS of Ohio, would deliver a speech, in the Court House, in the evening of said day. Subject, of course, "Free Kansas, Free-Soil, and Free-niggers." Truly, we have recently occupied a high official position in Ohio, we approached Mr. FOMAS to be one of the appointed hour, we repaired to the court-house to hear what he had to say. The meeting was organized by calling to the chair—the same man who, when Governor of this Commonwealth, attempted to put down the Democratic party with buckshot and ball, and who called out the troops of the State, at a cost of about a quarter of a million of dollars to the people, to effect that purpose. But, it is of Mr. FOMAS we wish to speak, and not the Buckshot war hero.

Mr. FOMAS, in taking the stand, divested himself of his neck-cloth, unbuttoned his shirt collar, rolled up his coat sleeves, gave his vest a button and a twist, and it went. Such a speech we have not listened to, for many a day. He started out by informing his hearers that he was a native of Virginia. (By the way, it is not a little strange that one-half the Abolition orators boast that they were born in the South, and humbled and debased in spirit, they would be willing to submit to the dominion of any military adventurer, and to surrender their liberty for the sake of repose.)

THE DEMOCRATIC COUNTY MEETING. The Democratic County Meeting, held at the court-house, in this borough, on Monday evening, was calculated to bring to the memory the memorable campaigns when the Democracy of the Union had the illustrious JACKSON for their leader. It was, indeed, a glorious meeting—a meeting of the bone and sinew of our country.—The court-room was filled to its utmost capacity, and scores were outside, unable to gain an entrance. The enthusiasm and harmony which pervaded the vast assemblage, was evidence of the spirit that animated those present, and a proof of the patriotism of the masses. But, it is to be wondered at that the people should feel a deep interest in the result of the campaign before us. For the first time in the history of our country we see a party supporting a man for the Presidency, who, if elected, would not be the President of the United States, but President of a Northern Republic! His election would, beyond all question or doubt, effect a dissolution of the Union in less than six months. The people feel that their proud country is menaced, and hence their anxiety to rescue it from the danger that threatens it.

The first speaker was our able young friend, Gen. Wm. H. MILLER, of Harrisburg, who delivered a most able, eloquent and forcible address, which was frequently and heartily applauded. The merits of our distinguished candidates for President and Vice President were admirably portrayed, and the danger and folly of supporting FREMONT, the sectional candidate of the Abolitionists, was made manifest to every man who has the welfare of his country at heart.

Our former townsman, Capt. G. SANDERSON, of Lancaster, was next introduced, and delivered one of the best and strongest vindications of the Democratic faith that we have heard during the present campaign. He contrasted, in plain and eloquent language, the meritorious merits of JAMES BUCHANAN and J. C. FREMONT, and warned the people, as they valued the Union, to oppose, as one man, the dangerous designs of the Black Republican party.—During its delivery the speaker was frequently interrupted by hearty cheers.

The concluding speech was made by J. M. DOWELL SHARP, Esq., an old line Whig of Chambersburg; He acquitted himself handsomely, and to the satisfaction of all present. He appealed to the old line Whigs—the friends of Clay and Webster—to rally to the support of BUCHANAN and BRECKENRIDGE, and assist to drive back to their caverns the enemies of our country. His remarks were listened to in breathless silence, and the shout that went up when he had concluded, almost brought down the house.

And now, Democrats of old Mother Cumberland, push on the column! Our beacon fires are blazing brightly, and the glorious war goes bravely on. Now, in all our past political experience, have we known a greater change in public opinion than has recently taken place in almost every section of the country, in relation to our political prospects. Everywhere our noble champions are buckling on their armor. Everywhere the mass of the people are being aroused to a sense of the appalling dangers that are threatening us as a nation, and are resolutely taking measures to rebuke treason and fanaticism in thunder tones of popular indignation.

OUR CANDIDATES FOR ASSEMBLY.—The editor of the Reading Gazette, Mr. GIER, who was himself a member of the last Legislature, pays the following well merited compliment to Messrs. HARPER and ANDERSON: "We are glad to see that the Democrats of Cumberland county have renominated Messrs. James Anderson and William Harper for the State Legislature. There were no better men on the floor of the last House of Representatives, than the members from Cumberland. They stood faithfully by the interests of their constituents, and upon every question of public concern, their votes were always recorded on the right side. We shall look with confidence for their re-election."

Col. Fremont is no Abolitionist, nor is he the candidate of the Abolition party.—Fremont paper. If he is not the Abolition candidate, pray who is? Who are the Abolitionists supporting? Every mother's son of them are moving heaven and earth in favor of Fremont. He is the Abolition candidate. A HARD HIT.—The Hon. W. H. Wittie, of Philadelphia, while at Norristown, a few days since, refused to enter into a political debate with the Rev. Mr. Aaron, on the ground "that his self-respect as a man and a Democrat precluded him from engaging in a public discussion with a professed minister of the Gospel, who was in the habit of desecrating his pulpit by turning it into a political rostrum, and who had plighted his clerical robes by the slime and filth of stagnant abuse, and who was a traitor to his profession, to his country, and to the Constitution." It is a pity that every clerical brawler who forsakes his legitimate calling on Sunday and turns the house of God into a den of political strife, could not receive the same withering rebuke.

Democrat County Meeting.

A large and enthusiastic meeting of the friends of BUCHANAN and BRECKENRIDGE, in the Court-house, on Monday evening last, in accordance with the notice published in the Democratic papers. The meeting was organized by the appointment of the following named gentlemen as officers, viz: President—BENJAMIN KREIDER, Esq. Vice President—JOHN INYER, Esq. Edw. LAUDON, B. PEPPER, THOMAS BRADLEY. Secretaries—JOHN M. COY, M. HOLCOMB, S. H. GOULD.

On motion, the following named persons were appointed a committee to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting—E. Cornman, John B. Bratton, J. M. Cartney, John Moore (of Dickinson), Peter Gushall, Wm. Mundorf, Dr. Jas. Noble, Henry Wise, and Geo. Bobb. The meeting was then adjourned by Gen. Wm. H. Miller, of Harrisburg, Capt. Geo. Sanderson, of Lancaster, and J. M. Dowell Sharp, Esq., of Chambersburg.

After the speaking had been concluded, the committee on resolutions, through their chairman, reported the following preamble and resolutions, which were adopted unanimously: Whereas, in a few months the people of the United States will be again called upon to elect a Chief Magistrate to preside over the destinies of the nation for the ensuing four years; And whereas, for the first time since the confederation of the States has a Pennsylvania native been presented to the people for their suffrages for that high office; And whereas, the sectionalists are making every effort in their power to elect a great statesman, in the service of the Constitution and the Union as it is, to use our best exertions to frustrate the designs of "bold, bad men" who are ready and willing to tear our best compact asunder, in order that terror and confusion may prevail; therefore Resolved, That as Pennsylvanians we hail with gratitude the nomination by the National Convention, of our gifted and earliest statesman, JAMES BUCHANAN, for the highest office in the nation's gift, and with feelings of mingled pride and pleasure, we join our Democratic brethren in support of the glorious nominee; His long and useful career in the service of the institutions of his country, render him eminently the man for the times. The day has come which is to prove that such transcendent talents as his, such long political experience, and such unflinching integrity, such habits of wise forbearance, are essential to the great destiny for which he seems to have been reserved by his countrymen. We acknowledge no living man his superior in knowledge, whether northern or southern, and will make every honorable exertion to defeat the candidates of a sectional party, here in the north, composed as it is of Know-Nothing Black Republicans, Free Soilers and Abolitionists. We will oppose J. O. Fremont not only because he is the candidate of a sectional party, but because of his utter disqualification for a position so exalted and responsible.

Resolved, That the nomination of JOHN C. BRECKENRIDGE, Kentucky's noble son, merits with our hearty concurrence. Resolved, That we approve of the doctrines avowed in the National Platform, and upon the issues there presented, we are willing to go before the people, with our candidacies, and abide the result. Resolved, That the election of Geo. Bigler to the U. S. Senate meets with our hearty approval. His commanding talents, pure patriotism, and gentlemanly bearing, eminently qualify him for a seat in that high and distinguished body. His career in our own and foreign service, and his acknowledged talents and his devotion to the institutions of his country, render him eminently the man for the times. The day has come which is to prove that such transcendent talents as his, such long political experience, and such unflinching integrity, such habits of wise forbearance, are essential to the great destiny for which he seems to have been reserved by his countrymen. We acknowledge no living man his superior in knowledge, whether northern or southern, and will make every honorable exertion to defeat the candidates of a sectional party, here in the north, composed as it is of Know-Nothing Black Republicans, Free Soilers and Abolitionists. We will oppose J. O. Fremont not only because he is the candidate of a sectional party, but because of his utter disqualification for a position so exalted and responsible.

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Signs of the Times.

The Philadelphia News, in its anxiety to create an impression that Mr. FILLMORE is really a strong candidate, has a chance of an election to the Presidency, is just now busily engaged in manufacturing "public opinion" in his favor. To effect this, it resorts to the rather stale device of publishing the votes (true or false) taken upon steamboats, railroad cars, and public gatherings, and at merry meetings, in every instance its favorite is made to appear as much more popular with the people than either of his competitors. This is done in order to deceive its party friends, and induce the Know-Nothing to believe that their candidate is still alive.

We have no very particular objection to urge against this mode of electing a Presidential candidate, but we would merely suggest to the News the propriety of its publishing, in a conspicuous place, the returns of the elections recently held in the South and South-west. These returns will enable its readers to form a more accurate opinion of public sentiment and the strength of parties than can be gathered from the votes taken in gatherings got up for the express purpose of strengthening a particular candidate. In the returns there is an air of truth and officiality which cannot be mistaken, and which speaks in tones easily understood by the weakest judgment. The votes taken in irresponsible assemblies and by the way side are often false and always deceptive.

Some time ago, it was proclaimed by his friends that Mr. FILLMORE was the only national candidate in the field, and that as such he would sweep the South and West like a tornado, completely prostrating the Democratic party. Since the giving out of this brazen boast, elections have been held in some of the most important States in that section of the confederacy which they so confidently and so arrogantly claimed, and what has been the result? What say Kentucky, Missouri, Arkansas, Alabama, and North Carolina? Why, they have rung the death-knell of Know-Nothingism, and proclaimed, trumpet-tongued, their adherence to the principles and usages of the National Democratic party, and their confidence in its noble standard-bearers, JAMES BUCHANAN and JOHN C. BRECKENRIDGE. Mr. FILLMORE has seen the shadow of a party anywhere, and in a short time his and his friends must join the ranks of the democracy or else take their place with the Black Republicans.

It is claimed for Mr. FILLMORE that he is a truly national man, and such perhaps he is, and that he would regret the election of Mr. FREMONT, a strictly sectional candidate, and a young man without experience and ability as a statesman, and without judgment or reputation as a soldier. If he is honest in his professions of nationality, and if he would avail from our beloved country the threatened danger of disunion, and all the dire calamities which would follow in its train, let him and his friends show their patriotism by casting their votes and influence with the Democratic party, and in supporting its candidates. Ours is the only organization which has the ability and the willingness to cope with and thwart the machinations of the enemies of the Union; and we call upon all honest men, everywhere, to join our ranks and assist us in driving back the fanatical and dishonest Abolitionists, and in preserving the integrity and perpetuity of our glorious Union. We ask every lover of his country—every man who values the stability and prosperity of the Republic above all mere party ties—to ponder this subject well.

ANOTHER PRAGMATIC IN WASHINGTON.—Messrs. Fayette M. Miller, of Va., and Amos P. Granger, of N. Y., members of the House, got into a political dispute, on Monday morning, while riding to the capital in an omnibus, when Mr. M. seized Mr. Granger, and struck him in the eye. The parties clinched, but were separated by the other passengers, thus ending the difficulty for the present.

CONGRESSIONAL ECONOMY.—The present session of Congress, says the Jeffersonian, has spent so much money for dictationary documents for the Black Republican nominees, that they have none for legitimate purposes. They have increased their own pay to the amount of thousands of dollars—commencing with the present session, and making each member's salary \$6000 for the term! They pay Reed and Whitfield at the same rate, with mileage; and yet they refused to pass an Army appropriation.

They would feed themselves and starve the Army, or compel the abandonment of the regulars, or our old foes may have free scope to burn and pillage our towns and dwellings at will! And this is Black Republicanism!

NORTH CAROLINA ELECTION.—We learn from Raleigh Register, of Saturday, that the returns of the late election in North Carolina have been received from all the counties in the State, with the exception of nine. They sum up as follows: For Gov. Bragg, (Dem.) 50,088 For Mr. Gilmer, (K. N.) 38,373 The counties remaining to be heard from are Carteret, Cherokee, Currituck, Davis, Gaston, Hyde, Jackson, Macon and Watauga.

In the last Legislature the Democrats had twelve majority in the Senate and ten in the House. The returns of the newly elected Legislature show a clear Democratic gain of four Senators and sixteen members of the House of Representatives. LOOK AT THIS.—The Eastern Daily Express, of Tuesday, says that a vote for the Presidency was taken on an excursion train on the Lehigh Valley Railroad, to the great meeting at Easton, which resulted as follows: Buchanan 1,084 Fillmore 000 Fremont 000 Let our Black Republican opponents talk votes upon steamboats and railroads after this. The bone and sinew of the country are not to be used every day in the cars. When they do travel their votes tell, as they will at the ballot-box in October and November. THE NEW YORK DEMOCRAT.—The Democratic meeting on Thursday evening last, in the Park, in this city. It is estimated that not less than 50,000 persons were present, who were addressed from five different stands.

Old Cumberland Wide Awake!

A large and enthusiastic meeting of the friends of BUCHANAN and BRECKENRIDGE, in the Court-house, on Monday evening last, in accordance with the notice published in the Democratic papers. The meeting was organized by the appointment of the following named gentlemen as officers, viz: President—BENJAMIN KREIDER, Esq. Vice President—JOHN INYER, Esq. Edw. LAUDON, B. PEPPER, THOMAS BRADLEY. Secretaries—JOHN M. COY, M. HOLCOMB, S. H. GOULD.

On motion, the following named persons were appointed a committee to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting—E. Cornman, John B. Bratton, J. M. Cartney, John Moore (of Dickinson), Peter Gushall, Wm. Mundorf, Dr. Jas. Noble, Henry Wise, and Geo. Bobb. The meeting was then adjourned by Gen. Wm. H. Miller, of Harrisburg, Capt. Geo. Sanderson, of Lancaster, and J. M. Dowell Sharp, Esq., of Chambersburg.

After the speaking had been concluded, the committee on resolutions, through their chairman, reported the following preamble and resolutions, which were adopted unanimously: Whereas, in a few months the people of the United States will be again called upon to elect a Chief Magistrate to preside over the destinies of the nation for the ensuing four years; And whereas, for the first time since the confederation of the States has a Pennsylvania native been presented to the people for their suffrages for that high office; And whereas, the sectionalists are making every effort in their power to elect a great statesman, in the service of the Constitution and the Union as it is, to use our best exertions to frustrate the designs of "bold, bad men" who are ready and willing to tear our best compact asunder, in order that terror and confusion may prevail; therefore Resolved, That as Pennsylvanians we hail with gratitude the nomination by the National Convention, of our gifted and earliest statesman, JAMES BUCHANAN, for the highest office in the nation's gift, and with feelings of mingled pride and pleasure, we join our Democratic brethren in support of the glorious nominee; His long and useful career in the service of the institutions of his country, render him eminently the man for the times. The day has come which is to prove that such transcendent talents as his, such long political experience, and such unflinching integrity, such habits of wise forbearance, are essential to the great destiny for which he seems to have been reserved by his countrymen. We acknowledge no living man his superior in knowledge, whether northern or southern, and will make every honorable exertion to defeat the candidates of a sectional party, here in the north, composed as it is of Know-Nothing Black Republicans, Free Soilers and Abolitionists. We will oppose J. O. Fremont not only because he is the candidate of a sectional party, but because of his utter disqualification for a position so exalted and responsible.

Resolved, That the nomination of JOHN C. BRECKENRIDGE, Kentucky's noble son, merits with our hearty concurrence. Resolved, That we approve of the doctrines avowed in the National Platform, and upon the issues there presented, we are willing to go before the people, with our candidacies, and abide the result. Resolved, That the election of Geo. Bigler to the U. S. Senate meets with our hearty approval. His commanding talents, pure patriotism, and gentlemanly bearing, eminently qualify him for a seat in that high and distinguished body. His career in our own and foreign service, and his acknowledged talents and his devotion to the institutions of his country, render him eminently the man for the times. The day has come which is to prove that such transcendent talents as his, such long political experience, and such unflinching integrity, such habits of wise forbearance, are essential to the great destiny for which he seems to have been reserved by his countrymen. We acknowledge no living man his superior in knowledge, whether northern or southern, and will make every honorable exertion to defeat the candidates of a sectional party, here in the north, composed as it is of Know-Nothing Black Republicans, Free Soilers and Abolitionists. We will oppose J. O. Fremont not only because he is the candidate of a sectional party, but because of his utter disqualification for a position so exalted and responsible.

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