belonging to the British. No returns of the French prisoners.

From the London Globe of June 1st.

THE CAPTURE OF KERTCH.

On the 24th, the Allies landed at Kertch, on the 25th their steamers passed the Straits, and the flags of the West floated over the Sea of Azoff. Despatches received by the Government, last night, announces that on the 26th the flotilla appeared before Berdiansk, the best harbor on the Sea of Azoff, and a grain depot; and here, as elsewhere, when assailed, the enemy burned his stores of corn, and destroyed four war steamers that lay in the harbor. Above a hundred sail vessels used in the transport trade had been destroyed by our crusiers. The Allies on the 27th shelled the fort of Arabat, and blew up the magazine. This attack on Arabat effectually closes the road across the Putrid Sea. Only one Russian steamer, we are told, remains in the Sea of Azoff; and, as the Allies will not leave the work half done, no doubt they will visit Marianopol, and Taganrog, and every place accessible to the guns of the steamers, and complete the work of destruction.

Day by day the pressure thus placed on Southern Russia will be felt, not only at Sebastopol, but far inland: and the merchants of Kazan and Nishni and Novgorod will feel the effects of the occupation of the straits of Kertch, and the sealing of the Sea of Azoff.

It will also be felt on the plateaus and in the valleys of the Caucasus, and the heroes of Schamyl will respond to the stimulus, from the Caspian to the rocks of Anapa. Nor will its echoes be faint in the palaces of St. Petersburg, nor without effect at Vienna and Berlin.

But the actual operations, although not without glory, are small in comparison with the effects they may reasonably be expected to produce on the large theatre of the war around Sebastopol. There is now no outlet for the Russian army in the Crimea, except by the isthmus of Perekop; no prospect but of sustaining as best they can with diminished recources, the stout fight they have made for the last eight months, of capitulation or retreat.—No doubt the gallant soldiers who have so stiffly defended Sebastopol will not now falter in the performance of their duty, because their perils are greater, and their chances of revisiting their homes decreased. The greater task of the Allies in the Crimea has yet to be accomplished, and we much mistake the character of their foes if the latter yield to the supremacy of valor and number without a desperate resistance.

TERRIBLE MISTAKE.

A private letter from the camp, dated May 14, contains the following:—"We have had terrible work here. Last night, the 18th regiment fired on the 68th by a mistake. The Russians made an attack on the advanced batteries and were repelled by the 68th and Rifles; the Russians returned in a short time with reinforcements, again attacked the batteries, and a fearful struggle then took place. The reserves were then sent up—the 9th, 18th, and 44th—and when they got into the advanced trench both sides were so covered with mud that we could not tell Russians from English, so the reserve opened fire, but it was unfortunately on the poor 68th.

They then charged on them, when they found out their mistake, but not till a good many of the 68th had fallen. However, the Russians had it hot and warm afterwards.—The poor fellows who are wounded in advance of the trench are obliged to lie there all day till dark, as the Russians fire on any of our people who go to bring them in. Many of the wounded might recover if brought in, but they lie and bleed to death. The Russians make sorties daily and nightly, as, since Gen. Jones came up, we are pushing the works close up to the town, so the work is very hard upon our poor fellows, often being three or four nights without rest.

THE WHITE SEA.—Accounts of the 16th of May, from Archangel, state that the ice in the White Sea has broken up sooner than usual this season, and that this had necessitated great caution on the part of the authorities in preparing against any assault. The old fortresses were being put in a state of defence, and the batteries restored and considerably augmented.

In the Debats, Col. St. Ange thus writes with regard to the attack on the Russian works on the nights of the 22d and 23:

"The works in question had been dug and constructed between the Central Bastion and the Quarantine Bay. It will be easy to explain the locality, if the reader has seen some of those plans of Sebastopol now common in shop windows. The general enclosure of Sebastopol is divided by the great ravine of the military harbor. We have only to consider here the part comprehended between this ravine on the East, and the sea on the West. On the extreme right rises the great Flagstaff Bastion, a culminating point; then, to the left, in going toward the sea, we come to the Central Bastion, so called by the beseigers, because it faces nearly the centre of the lines that we are considering; further on lies the bastion and the batteries that command the Quarantine Bay.

On this side our troops already occupy the external part of the Flagstaff Bastion, the cemetery near the Quarantine, and lastly, but quite recently, the counter approaches that lie between this latter point and the Central Bastion; that is to say, we appear to be now in possession of all the chief external parts on the extreme left of the seige works. We ought to explain how they proceed at these attacks to establish themselves in the conquered work.

The attack is the affair of the battalions previously assembled in the trench: there is not much firing: everything is carried at the point of the bayonet by a sudden charge. Behind the attacking troops march detachments of workmen, armed with spades and pick axes, and having muskets slung at their backs; these are accompanied by sappers and miners of the engineer corps, commanded by their officers.—As soon as the attacking troops have dislodged the enemy, they proceed to make good their own lodgement there. Thus the workmen and sappers work indefatigably to effect, while the battalions keep the repulsed enemy in check.

The object to be affected is to turn the work against the besieged, that is to say, to give it the form or direction of a siege trench, while preserving every part of the enemy's work conductive to that end. The workmen are here entitled to quite as much merit as the attacking battalions, for they find themselves equally exposed to a fire of grape and musketry: and that too without the powerful distraction of excitement that men feel when under fire and charging with the bayonet. The officers of the engineers on these occasions, are to be admired for their cool courage, as they point out the work to be done, and trace out the direction to be taken, in order that the men may suffer least from the enemy's fire. They are active and courageous, but they are also as passionless as if they were working on the Polygon.

The report in detail of the two last nocturnal engagements of May 22 and 23, which will reach us in a few days, will naturally excite great interest on account of the severity of the action and the importance of the result. Gen. Pelissier has inaugurated his advend to the chief command by a vigorous demonstration, uniting prudence with boldness.

We see that the siege of Sebastopol is being carried on with energetic consistency, its successive progress ought to prove to Europe that the powers allied in arms before the walls of Sebastopol will not let go their hold, and that they will end by achieving a triumph, which, we have reason to expect, will be all the speedier, inasmuch as several letters agree with Gen. Pelissier's despatch in declaring that the Russian soldiers are beginning to show in their sorties symptoms of relaxation and discouragement."

THE BABY EXHIBITION A GREAT SUCCESS.—The receipts, for four days of Barnum's Baby Show, footed up $9,000, and the expenses for premiums, &c., were certainly not $2,000. It will thus be seen this has been one of the most successful speculations of the Arch-humbug.

Barnum's Baby Show Again.

INTERESTING DIALOGUE—MRS. BARNUM APPEARING ON THE SCENE.

The show was open Saturday at the Museum, but the attendance was not so good as before. The following conversation took place between a lady of this city and one of the exhibitors of fat babies at Barnum's show, on Friday, on board one of the Brooklyn ferry boats:

Lady—That is a very fine fat baby you have, madam.

Exhibitor—Yes, ma'am, but fine and fat as it is, it was not sufficiently so to get a prize at Barnum's show.

Lady—Have you exhibited it there?

Exhibitor—Yes, ma'am, for two days.

Lady—Has it not been there to-day?

Exhibitor—No, indeed, my baby and myself have been in that hot furnace long enough, and she has got sick in consequence. That old humbug Barnum shall not make any more money with my assistance.

Lady—How did it happen that you did not get a premium?

Exhibitor—Had it not been for Mrs. Barnum my baby would have got a prize. She is far superior to any Mrs. Barnum ever had, or ever will have.

Lady—What were the arrangements for awarding the premiums?

Exhibitor—The babies and their mothers were all placed in a hot room, where a number of questions were put to us. Mrs. Barnum asked me what country I was from. That was none of her business, as my baby was born here in New York. What difference did it make if I did come from Ireland? She asked me what kind of a looking man my husband was, and I told her she might go to him if she liked, and see for herself. Only for her I would have got a prize. She thought I was poor, because my child and myself were not dressed as fine as some who were there, and that is another reason why my baby was rejected. But I can tell Mrs. Barnum I am not as poor as she might think me. My husband owns four houses and lots up town.

Lady—Do you think your baby was surpassed by any that were there?

Exhibitor—No, ma'am. My baby was the finest in the exhibition; but Mrs. Barnum favored the doctors and the big bugs, and I was turned off.

Lady—That was too bad.

Exhibitor—Yes, ma'am, it was. And I can tell you, ma'am, that this baby show is the biggest humbug old Barnum ever got up.

[*Exit, indignant.*]

☞ Another suit for libel came to a conclusion in New York on Tuesday, in the Supreme Court. The defendants in this case, publishers, set up a plea of justification, the law of New York, unlike that of Pennsylvania, allowing the truth to be a justification, and the jury, believing their plea proved, gave a verdict in their favor. The plamtiff in this case laid his damages at $25,000.

DEMANDING INDEMNITY.—The London *News*, under the hopes inspired by the news from the Crimea, urges the necessity of imposing sharp terms upon the Court of St. Petersburg. "Russia," says that journal, "must be made to give an indemnity, to defray all the expenses of the war." The Czar does not yet see the matter in the same light as the *News*.

AN UNEXPECTED GOOD.—If adversity has its evils, it also has its benefits. The New York Courier says, a physician in large practice was asked by a stranger if New York was healthy at the present time. He replied, "Unusually so: the extravagant cost of provisions has checked the disposition for overfeeding, from which, ordinarily, we derive most of our practice!" This hint probably contains the best medical advice the physician ever gave.

☞ THE POET somewhere speaks of "winter lingering in the lap of spring," but it needs no poet to tell us it is the case here this season, the last few days having been decidedly wintry. Nor does it need a poet to inform the public that for all sorts of weather there is a very abundant provision of suitable and fashionable clothing at ROCKHILL & WILSON'S cheap store, No. 111 Chestnut street, corner of Franklin Place, Philadelphia.—1y

Markets.

PHILA. June 20, 1855.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—Flour market dull: shipping brands are offered at $10½ a 10¾, without finding buyers. Moderate demand for city use at $10 62½ for Western, and $11 25 per bbl., for fancy brands. Rye flour is held at $7 75, and Corn meal at $4 75 per bbl.

GRAIN.—We quote good red at $2 49 per bu and prime white at $2 55. Some 1400 bu. of Lake Wheat sold at $2 20 per bushel. Rye is lower, sales of Penna. at 1.65 per bu. Corn is in good demand; sales of 3000 bus. yellow at 107c and in store at 106c per bu. Oats are dull and have declined, sales at 60c.

Whiskey—Small sales in bbls. and hhds. at 36c.

Cloverseed is scarce; sales at $6 50 per 64 lbs.

CARLISLE MARKET.

WEDNESDAY, June 20. 1855.

The following is a list of the prices paid for Flour, Grain, &c., at the Warehouses in Carlisle, and may be relied upon as correct:

Flour, super.	$10 00
" Extra,	10 25
" Family,	10 50
" Rye,	6 50
White Wheat per bu.	2 40
Red do per bu.	2 30
Rye per bu.	1 25
Corn per bu.	95
Oats per bu.	53
Barley per bu.	1 00
Cloverseed per bu.	6 50
Timothyseed per bu.	3 00

Married.

On the 14th inst., at the public house of Messrs. Billet & Hartman, in this borough, by the Rev. J. C. Bucher, Mr. JACOB LINDEN, to Miss SARAH J. MARTIN, both of Dickinson tp., this county.

In Vicksburg, Miss., on the 1st of June, by Rev. Mr. Hyer, Mr. HAYAN CARNEY, formerly of Carlisle, to Miss SARAH M. HEMPSTEAD, of Camden, N. J.

Union Philosophical Society.

THE Sixty Sixth Anniversary of the Union Philosophical Society of Dickinson College, will be celebrated in the M. E. Church of this Borough, on *Tuesday Evening the 10th July.* The public are respectfully invited to attend.

WM. HARNSBERGER, Chairman.
SAMUEL J. JONES,
FRANK S. FINDLAY,
J. P. STOEK,
E. B. NEWNAM,
WM. STEVENSON,
T. S. REESE,
Committee.

June 21, '55—3t

Notice.

THE public are hereby cautioned against paying any money to John Bear, on either J. R. Jones or Jones & Bucher's account, for Stoves they may have purchased from him during the time he was in their employment. He has not been engaged by them since the month of September, 1854, and they have no agents engaged in the Stove business for them in the State of Pennsylvania.

JONES & BUCHER, per J. R. Jones.
Novelty Iron Works,
Harrisburg, June 21, '55—3t

Stop and Read.

ARTHUR'S Patent Air-tight Self-sealing Cans and Jars, for preserving fresh fruits and vegetables, are the very articles that housekeepers should have.

"We have examined them, and are satisfied that they will accomplish all that is claimed."—*Godey's Lady's Book.*

Sold wholesale and retail by
Carlisle, June 21, '55. P. MONYER.

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, &c.

West High Street, Carlisle.

THOMAS CONLYN has just opened, at his store in West High street, opposite Marion Hall, and intends to keep constantly on hand, a complete assortment of *Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Fancy Goods,* which he is prepared to sell on terms that cannot fail to please all in want of a good Time-Piece. Among his stock will be found—full jewelled Gold Levers; Ladies Gold Lapines; Silver Levers; Silver Lapines; Silver Quartiers; English, French, and Swiss Watches. His stock of

Jewelry,

is large and complete, and consists of Medallions, ladies & gentlemen's Breast Pins, Finger Rings, fancy and plain Ear Rings, Scarf Pins, &c.

Also, gold Watch and Fob Chains, gold Keys and Seals, gold and silver Pencil Cases, gold and silver Spectacles, together with almost every other article kept in a Jewelry establishment.—A full supply of CLOCKS, viz: Parlor, Mantle and Office—eight day and twenty-four—warranted to go and keep correct time.

Watches and Clocks are fully repaired, and warranted to keep first-rate time. The public are invited to give him a call before purchasing, as he feels very confident that he is able to give better bargains than can be had elsewhere.

June 21, 1855.

Perry County Warm Springs,

PENNSYLVANIA.

WILL be open for visiters from the 5th day of June. H. H. ETTER, *Proprietor.*

This most desirable watering place is situated on the banks of Sherman's Creek, which flows at the base of Pisgah Mountain, some five hundred feet above the level of the creek, in front of the dwellings. This stream affords pleasure to the guests, as there are boats upon it to pass up and down, also a beautiful Island in it, well shaded with large forest trees: the walks up and down the creek are delightful, while there is pleasure for those who desire to fish in the streams. The springs are numerous, and cannot be surpassed for bathing: there are bath houses separate for ladies and gentlemen, also large plunge pools for each, with an abundance of pure spring water.

There is an extensive view of rich and rare scenery of mountains and valleys, being the most picturesque in the State. Among the attractions of the Warm Springs there are numerous shady and romantic summer roads, making it very pleasant for drives. Horses and vehicles will be kept this season to hire.

Having taken pains in making a selection of first-rate servants, I feel confident, they will give general satisfaction to the guests. There shall be no pains spared in supplying my table with the luxuries of the markets.

All persons leaving Philadelphia or Baltimore, in the morning train to Duncannon, on the Central Railroad, fourteen miles north-west of Harrisburg, then taking a coach which is always in readiness, will arrive at the Springs about 4 o'clock, the fare being but $4,00 through to the Springs.

All communications intended for the Springs should be addressed Duncannon Post Office, for the Springs, and they will arrive daily after the fifth of June. Persons wishing to engage rooms, &c., will please address Landisburg Post Office. Persons in the cities wishing information can have it by calling on the references hereunto attached. A Band of Music has been engaged.

Boarding per week,	$8 00
Children half-price,	
Servants do.	
Boarding per day,	1 50
Horses per week,	4 00
Washing per dozen,	92½

REFERENCES.

Philadelphia.—George Prince, 27 Vine St., opposite Logan Square; Wm. Ryan, 16 North Fourth St.; Edward Tams, 65 North Eleventh St.; Edward Stiefel, 14 Decatur St.; Fredrick Seeger, Sixth St. below Chestnut; Ed. Wayne, Esq. Pennsylvania Bank; John R. Green Fifth St. below German; Josiah Davidson, 188 South Second St.; C. S. Pancoast, Esq., 48 South Fourth St.; John Hertzler, 387 Market St.

Carlisle.—A. L. Sponsler, Esq.; H. Keller, Mr. J. P. Lyne, H. A. Sturgeon, Esq.

York, Pa.—John Gibson, A. J. Warfield, Judge Fisher.

Harrisburg.—O. Barrott, Esq., Dr. J. P. Keller, P. K. Boyd, J. R. Eby, H. Buehler.

Baltimore.—Hon. S. Steward, Benj. Crane, Dr. J. P. Gunn, John C. Holland, John Murphy, G. W. Sherwood, Esq., Recorder's Office.

June 21, 1855.

Estate Notice.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of Francis H. Fulton, late of Dickinson township, Cumberland co., dec'd., have been issued by the Register of said county to the undersigned residing in said township. All persons indebted will make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them to

SAML. HUSTON, *Adm'r.*

June 14, 1855—6t

Family Coal.

500 TONS Lyken's Valley Coal, broken and screened, prepared expressly for family use, receiving and for sale by

WM. B. MURRAY, *Agent.*

Carlisle, June 14, 1855—6m

Limeburners' Coal.

2000 TONS Lyken's Valley Nut Coal, a superior article, receiving and for sale by

WM. B. MURRAY, *Agent.*

Carlisle, June 14, 1855—1m

Blacksmith Coal.

5000 BUSHELS Blacksmith Coal, a first rate article, receiving and for sale by WM. B. MURRAY, *Agent.*

Carlisle, June 14, 1855—6m

County Treasurer.

FELLOW-CITIZENS: I offer myself to your consideration as a candidate for the office of *County Treasurer.* If elected, I will discharge the duties of said office to the best of my ability. Respectfully yours,

JACOB RHEEM.

Carlisle, June 14, 1855—1m

Sheriffalty.

FELLOW-CITIZENS of Cumberland county: I offer myself to your consideration (subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention,) for the office of SHERIFF.—Should I be successful, I will endeavor to discharge the duties of the office with fidelity and impartiality.

JACOB BOWMAN.

Silver Spring tp.,
June 14, 1855.

TO THE FREEMEN OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY. Fellow-Citizens—I offer myself, (at the suggestion of many friends,) for the office of SHERIFF, at the ensuing election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be so fortunate as to receive a majority of your votes for said office, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the same to the best of my abilities.

SNYDER RUPLEY.

South Middlet'n tp.,
June 7, 1855.

TO THE VOTERS OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.—The undersigned respectfully offers himself as a Candidate for the office of SHERIFF, and solicits your suffrages, at the ensuing Election.

WM. RILEY.

May 31, '55.

FELLOW-CITIZENS—At the suggestion of numerous friends in various parts of the county, I offer myself as a candidate for the office of *Sheriff* of Cumberland county, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I shall use every effort to discharge the duties of the office impartially and to the satisfaction of the public.

ELIAS LIGHT.

North Middleton tp.,
May 31, 1855.

TO THE VOTERS OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY. FELLOW CITIZENS—I offer myself as a Candidate for the office of SHERIFF of Cumberland county, and pledge myself, if elected, to discharge the duties of the office to the best of my judgment and ability.

ROBERT M'CARTNEY.

May 24, 1855.

Second Annual Fair

OF THE

Big Spring Literary Institute,

For the promotion and encouragement of Agricultural, Horticultural, and the Mechanical and Useful Arts, will be opened at

NEWVILLE, TUESDAY, AUG. 7, 1855,

IN "LITERARY HALL."

TO this Exhibition, Farmers, Manufacturers, Mechanics, Artists, Inventors and all others desiring to display the results of their labor, skill, ingenuity and taste, are cordially invited to contribute. The success of their first exhibition warrants the expectation that the second will not be inferior to any ever held in this, or any of the adjoining counties. The Managers, therefore, feel, that in inviting contributions from this and the adjoining counties to their second annual exhibition, they are offering to the producer of excellent articles a valuable opportunity of making known to the country their novelty and utility, the superior style of their workmanship, and their adaptation to the purposes for which they may be intended. Materials, Machinery and Manufactures, which have elicited commendation at similar displays elsewhere, may here find new admirers and a new market. The Managers would respectfully solicit the Ladies to contribute specimens of elegant handiwork, which heretofore have formed so attractive and important a feature of these displays.

The Board of Managers will make every effort to display whatever goods may be received to the very best advantage. Competent judges will be selected to examine them, and premiums awarded to articles of superior merit in the several classes.

The Hall will be opened for the reception of goods on Thursday, August 2d; and on Tuesday, August 7th; the Exhibition will be opened to visitors and continue open *five days.*

No article deposited after Monday evening, August 6th, can be entered upon the judges' list for competition or premium, except such as the managers shall be satisfied were despatched from a distance in time but from unavoidable detention failed to reach the Hall by the day specified.

President—JOHN DILLER,
Corresponding Sect'y.—W. R. LINN,
Financial Sect'y.—D. AHL,
Treasurer—J. H. HERRON.

June 7, 1855—2m

School Teachers Wanted.

THREE Teachers, (one male and two females,) wanted to take charge of the Public Schools of the borough of Newville. The Board of Directors will meet applicants at the public school house in said borough on TUESDAY, the 26th inst., when the County Superintendent will be present to conduct the examinations. To competent teachers, liberal salaries will be paid. By order of the Board.

JOS. H. HERRON, *Sect'y.*

June 14, 1855—2t

Gentlemen's Furnishing Articles.

N. HANTCH & Co., have opened and now offer for sale at their store on West High street, one door west of the hotel formerly kept by C. G. Stough, a magnificent assortment of new style Goods, among which may be named *Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings,* very handsome, and of the best quality, together with a full assortment of *Gentlemen's Furnishing Articles,* comprising Shirts of all kinds; Fancy Silk, Beaufort, Napoleon and other Ties; Black and colored Kid and other Gloves; Fancy Coat Links; Fine Linen Coats, together with a full assortment of *Ready-made Clothing,* for men and boys, suitable for Spring and Summer wear, and an hundred and one other indispensable articles, all of which will be sold very low to suit the hard times. Call and examine them.

Carlisle, May 31, 1855—3m*

Gentlemen's Furnishing Store.

East Main Street, Carlisle.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform his customers and the public in general, that he has removed his

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING STORE

to the room lately occupied by Mr. Elliott as a Drug Store, next door to Hitner's store, East Main street. Thankful for past favors, he respectfully informs all his old customers and the public, that he has on hand a well selected stock of the latest styles of

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings,

and other goods adapted to all seasons for Men and Boys' wear, which he is prepared to make up at short notice, and in the best manner and latest styles.

Having the experience of years in the business of *Cutting and Making,* he flatters himself that he will satisfy all who give him a call. He has also a good assortment of *Trimmings,* of every variety and best quality.

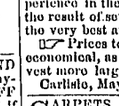
Persons wishing to find their own Cloths, can have the same trimmed and made up on reasonable terms. In addition to this he has on hand a well selected stock of Gentlemen's and Boy's *Furnishing Goods,* such as shirts, collars, cravats, stocks, suspenders, and handkerchiefs, all of which can be bought at city prices at his shop in East Main street.

HENRY S. RITTER.

Carlisle, June 7, 1855.

Land for Sale or Barter.

I WILL sell or barter, a tract of land, in Monroe township, Bedford county, Pa., containing *Six Hundred and Sixty-five Acres.* It is situated 8 miles from the town of Clearville, 10 miles south of Bloody-run, and 18 north of Hancock, Md., the latter place situate on the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, and contiguous to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, affording at all times an excellent market for lumber, produce, &c., and furnishing supplies of plaster, salt and groceries, at very little above city prices. About two hundred acres of this tract is cleared, fifteen of which are meadow, the balance in a tolerable state of cultivation. The soil is of medium quality, part slate and part red slate, flint, &c.



The improvements are a good two-story Log House and Kitchen, Log Barn, and a good Saw Mill. This property would divide very well into three farms, giving to each a portion of cleared land, with a good spring in a suitable place for building; or it would altogether make an extensive stock farm, for which it is well adapted, being well watered and having a large quantity of meadow land yet to clear. The terms will be made easy for the purchaser.

ROBERT DICK,
May 10, 1855—tf *Carlisle, Pa.*

Carlisle Deposit Bank.

SPECIAL deposits will be received at this Bank for any length of time over four months, and interest paid at the rate of four per cent. per annum, and the principal paid back at any time after maturity without notice. Interest ceases after the expiration of the time specified in the certificate, unless renewed for another given period, in which case the interest is paid up until the time of the renewal. Bank open at 9 o'clock A. M., and closes at 2 o'clock P. M.

R. PARKER, *Pres't.*

WM. M. BEETEM, *Cashier.*

May 31, 1855—tf

REMOVED.

MRS. R. A. REYNOLDS, has removed her Daguerreotype establishment, from the South-east to the South-west corner of Hanover and Louther streets, immediately over Mr. Fetter's Cabinet Ware-room, where she will be happy to see all who want good DAGUERREOTYPES of themselves and friends; satisfied that she can furnish them with likenesses, which for truthfulness and beauty, cannot be excelled, not even by those of the "unrivalled Davis." Having been engaged while in Philadelphia, in one of the best Daguerrean Saloons in Chestnut street, adding to her own former skill and experience in the art some valuable instructions, the result of several years experience of one of the very best artists of the day.

☞ Prices to suit all. Those who would be economical, as will as those who desire to invest more largely.

Carlisle, May 24, 1855—3m.

CARPETS, Oil Cloths and Mattings. The subscriber has just received a large lot of Carpets, Mattings and Oil Cloths, which will be sold very cheap. Call and see them.

April 5, '55. P. ARNOLD.

Washington Hotel,

West High St., Corner of the Public Square,

CARLISLE, PA.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his numerous friends and the travelling community, that he has leased that well known tavern stand formerly occupied by H. L. Burkholder, and recently by C. G. Stough, and is now fully prepared to accommodate all who may favor him with a call. The House has been fitted up in a neat and comfortable manner, and every thing will be done on my part to make all feel at home who may be pleased to stop with me. The Table will be supplied with the best that the market can afford, and served up in a way that cannot fail to please. The Bar will always be supplied with choice Liquors. A careful and obliging Ostler will always be in attendance.

JACOB SHOLL.

Carlisle, April 12, 1855—3m

WM. G. RHEEM,

ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office in Main st., opposite Marion Hall. Business entrusted to him will be promptly attended to.

Carlisle, April 12, 1855.

B. A. DREER,

SEEDSMAN AND FLORIST,

NO. 59 Chesnut, near Second, Philadelphia, has now arranged and completed his stock for the spring of 1855, as follows:

Vegetable Seeds—in great variety, including the finest varieties of Beans, Beets, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Lettuce, Onions, Melons, Egg-plant Tomatoes, Peas, Radishes, &c.

Flower Seeds.—His collection is unequalled by any in this country for extent and quality, and embraces the finest varieties of Asters, Stocks, Carnations, Pansies, Wallflowers, Daisy, &c.

Grass Seeds—of all kinds, including Blue and Green Grass, White Dutch Clover, Sweet Scented Vernal Grass, Perrennial Ray Grass, Ducorne, &c.

Roses, &c.—Choice ever-blooming Roses, Camellias, Verbenas, Dahlias, Grape Vines, Fruit Trees, Shrubbery, &c.

S. W. HAVERSTICK, *Agt. for Carlisle*

March 29, 1855.

CEMENT.

THE superior Cement, manufactured by J. Garver & Co., of Scotland, Franklin county, can be had in large or small quantities at H. SAXTON'S Hardware store, Main Street, Carlisle. All who have tried this Cement pronounce it the best article they ever used. From a great number of certificates given to the manufacturers, we select the following:

CHAMBERSBURG, Feb. 20, 1855.

To JACOB GARVER:—Sir—There has been used during the past year, under my direction, in the construction of "The Carlisle Water Works," and work of this Company, about 80 barrels of your Hydraulic Cement, which has proved to be a good and reliable article, and I take pleasure in recommending it to others as such.

A. F. SMITH,
April 19, '55. *Supt. C. V. Railroad.*

THE EASTERN WAR

IS not yet ended, and still continues to excite the public mind, but a much greater excitement has been caused by the arrival at the store of the subscribers, of the most magnificent stock of Goods, which for variety, extent, beauty and cheapness, has never been equalled in this country. Among this large stock may be found, in part, as follows:

For the Ladies,

Plaid and Striped Silks, best black Silks, Barege de Laines, Tissues, Challys, Bereges, Grenadines, Lawns, Ginghams, Tissue Sebastopol, Alpachas, Dress Muslins, Chintzes, Needle Worked Collars, do. Handkerchiefs, do. Spencers, do Sleeves, Parasols, &c.

For the Gentlemen,

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Coatings of linen, wool and cotton, pant Stuffs of cotton and linen, Hats, Caps, Umbrellas, Stocks, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Hosiery, Cravats, Undershirts, Drawers, Carpet Bags, a large assortment of Looking Glasses, &c.

Also, Laces, Edgings, Irish Linens, warranted pure, of our own importation, Checks, Muslins, Tickings, Flannels, &c., all of which we intend to sell lower than ever sold here. Give us a call all who want cheap and good Goods.

BENTZ & BRO.

Carlisle, April 26, 1855.

Spring and Summer Shoes.

Cheap for Cash!

I AM NOW receiving a large assortment of Shoes of the most fashionable styles, and excellent make, fresh from the manufactories, which I will sell extremely low for cash.

LIST OF PRICES.

Ladies' Tan-colored Gaiters, a handsome article, (Willis' make,) only $1,25; fine Jenny Lind Rosettes, from 87½ to $1,25; Black Lasting Gaiters, (Willis' make,) $1,25; French Morocco Buskins, single soled, $1,25; French Morocco Boots, double soled, $1,25; Paris Boots $1,25; Men's Morocco Shoes, home made, $1,25; Boots ditto, $1,31; Kid Ties 50 cents; Polka Boots $1,87; Cushman Ties $1,31; Sontags and Albonis, $1,25.

Gentlemen's Extra fine French Calf Boots, a beautiful article, only $4,50; Calf Walking Shoes, $1,50; Calf Congress Gaiters, $2,25; Cloth Monterey, $2,00; patent leather Oxford Shoes, $1,75; Julien Ties, $2,50; Patent Leather Congress Gaiters as low as $2,00; also Patent Pump Ties, fine Cloth Gaiters, with patent tips, Benkert's A No. 1, Glove Top Buttoned Patent Leather Congress Gaiters, Enamelled, Patent Leather, &c., at low prices.

Also Carpet and Velvet Slippers.

Misses' Polka Boots, Opera Boots and Jenny Linds; colored Gaiters, patent tips, 87 cents; fine Kid Boots, 75 cents.

Children's Highland Boots, Eurekas, Excelsiors and Ankle-ties. Roans for 2 0 cents; Calf, single soled, for 25 cents.

Men's Kip Boots in great variety, some as low as $2; Stout Brogans $1; Calf skin Shoes $1,50

Women's Kid Buskins, double soled, 75 to $1,25, Shoetees, calf, 75; Heavy Kip Boots, Linen Gaiters 75; Half Gaiters 62; Slippers 37.

Boys' Heavy Kip Boots, fine Calf Boots, Brogans as low as 75 cts; Patent Congress Gaiters, Patent Leather Monroes, Patent Leather Jullien Ties, &c.

Carpet Bags of every description—Oil Cloth, Union, Brussels, Velvet, from 50 cts. to $3.

Also, several thousand dollars worth of Boots and Shoes at Wholesale. Country Merchants and other dealers are invited to call. All who wish to buy good Shoes and save money, will call at Porter's old stand, Main street, near the Railroad Depot.

April 19, 1855. H. M. RAWLINS.

Town and Country.

CABINET WARE-HOUSE

THE subscriber takes this method of informing his friends and the public generally, that he continues to carry on the *Cabinet and Undertaking Business,* at his stand, North Hanover street, next door to Haverstick's drug store, and nearly opposite the Carlisle Deposit Bank. COFFINS made at the shortest notice and at moderate prices. Having provided himself with a new and fine Hearse, he will attend funerals in town and country, personally, without any extra charge. He will also carry on the CABINET MAKING in all its various branches, and will constantly keep on hand Bureaus, Secretaries, Work Stands, Parlor Ware, Upholstered Chairs, Sofas, Ottomans, Sofa Tables, Card, Side, Dining and Breakfast Tables, Chamber Ware, such as French Field, (high and low posts,) Curtain and Jenny Lind Bedsteads, Washstands of different kinds, Wardrobes, Venitian Blinds, and Chairs of all kinds, and all other articles usually manufactured in this line of business.

His workmen are experienced, eastern city workmen, and his work is made in the latest city style, and all under his inspection, and of the best materials; all of which is warranted to be good, and will be sold low for cash. He invites all to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere. For the liberal patronage heretofore extended him, he feels indebted to his numerous customers, and assures them that no efforts will be spared in future to please them in style, manufacture and price. Give us a call. Remember the place, nearly opposite the Bank.

DAVID SIPE.

April 19, 1855.

☞ Handbills of every description neatly printed at this office.

Latest Arrival.

PHILIP ARNOLD, has just returned from the eastern cities, where he has purchased a very large stock of new

Summer Goods,

to which he invites the attention of his old friends and customers in general, as he is satisfied he can sell Goods at prices that will suit the pockets of all; his stock will be found one of the best selected as well as one of the largest in the town, and consists of all kinds of Goods, among which will be found black and fancy Silks, Bareges, Tissues, Challies, Lawns, Summer Silks, Ginghams, De Bages, De Laines, Calicoes, Checks, Tickings, Muslins of all widths, Collars, Sleeves, Chimezettes, Swiss and Jaconet Ruffling and Edging and Inserting, Thread Laces, &c. Bonnets and Ribbons of all kinds, Hosiery and Gloves of all kinds for men, women and children. Carpets, Mattings and Oil Cloths. He has now on hand the largest stock of the above mentioned articles ever brought to Carlisle, which he is selling very cheap, and among the lot will be found Velvet, Tapestry, Brussels, Three Ply, Ingrain, Venitian and Cotton. Mattings of all kinds and widths. Also, Oil Cloths of all widths. Boots and Shoes of all kinds which he will dispose of very low, as he wishes to relinquish that part of the business. Groceries, such as Coffee, Sugar, Tea, Spices, Molasses, &c. All of which he will sell cheap at the old stand, where thankful for past favors he solicits a continuance of the same.

PHILIP ARNOLD.

Carlisle, May 31, 1855.

Estate Notice.

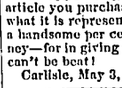
NOTICE is hereby given, that letters testamentary on the estate of Isaac Sheafer, late of the Borough of Carlisle, dec'd., have been granted to the subscriber residing in said borough. All persons having claims will present them for settlement, and those indebted are requested to make payment without delay to

GEO. W. SHEAFER, *Ex'r.*

June 14, 1855—6t

Bingham, Davis & Co.,

276 *Market Street, Philadelphia, Agents for Jacob Rheem, Carlisle and Philadelphia.*



CARS leave both places, East and West, twice every week, Tuesdays and Fridays. All business entrusted to B. D. & Co. will be attended to with promptness, whether in sales, produce or freight.

A. H. Barnitz, North street, Baltimore, will attend to same as above.

Carlisle, May 31, 1855—3m

C. P. HUMRICH,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care. Office in Bentem's Row.

Carlisle, April 5, 1855—6m

Bounty Land Agency.

THE undersigned will attend promptly to the procuring of Bounty Lands for those entitled to them under the late act of Congress, approved March 3d, 1855. Many years experience in the prosecution of claims for service in the revolutionary war, has made me familiar with the regulations and forms requisite to be observed, and having the assistance of an efficient attorney residing in Washington, shall be able to render satisfaction to those who may apply to me. Proper forms and instructions will be sent on application by mail free of cost. No charge unless a warrant is obtained, and when obtained the fee will be $5.

The highest market price will be paid for Land Warrants.

A. P. NORTON, Postmaster,
Carlisle Springs, Cumberland co., Pa.

April 5, 1855—1y

F. H. SMITH,

Port Monnaie, Pocket Book,

AND

DRESSING CASE MANUFACTURER,

N. W. Cor. Fourth & Chesnut Sts.

PHILADELPHIA,

Always on hand a large & varied assortment of

Port Monnaies,	Work Boxes,
Pocket Books,	Cabas,
Bankers Cases,	Traveling Bags,
Note Holders,	Backgammon Boards,
Fort Folios,	Chess Men,
Portable Desks,	Memorandum Books,
Dressing Cases,	Cigar Cases, &c.

Also, a general assortment of English, French and German Fancy Goods.

Fine Pocket Cutlery, Razors, Razor Strops and Gold Pens, wholesale, Second and Third Floors. F. H. SMITH,

N. W. cor. Fourth & Chestnut Sts. Phila.

N. B.—On the receipt of $1, a superior Gold Pen will be sent to any part of the United States by mail;—describing pen, thus, medium, hard, or soft.

April 5, 1855—1y

DRY GOODS

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

THE subscriber has just received a very large assortment of New Spring Goods, to which he invites the attention of purchasers, as he is prepared to sell at such prices that cannot fail to please.

His stock embraces all the different kinds of Goods adapted to the season, such as CLOTHS, Cassimeres, Vestings, Cotton Pant Stu