Deferred Articles.

Gerret Smith.

The Washington correspondent of the *Pennsylvanian* has the following notice of the Hon. Gerret Smith, the celebrated abolitionist of New York:

After disposing of a number of unimportant resolutions, the House went into Committee of the whole and took up the Pacific Railroad bill. Mr. Gerret Smith of New York having the floor, addressed the Committee at length in opposition to the bill. He was listened to, as he always is listened to by the House, with great attention and respect, and more than one son of the Old Dominion nodded his head in warm approval of the sentiments of the mild and benevolent enthusiastic Gerret. Mr. Smith is generally allowed to be the most attractive speaker in the House. As you look upon his tall commanding form—his broad expansive forehead—his open, honest countenance, as you watch his soft, winning smile, and see his soft eye kindle with emotion, but only emotions of the purer and better kind. As you listen to the full, round tones of a matchless voice, swelling and swelling with the tide of feeling from an overflowing heart you feel assured that the man before you can have no lot nor part with such miscreants as Sumner, Giddings, Phillips and Parker. He may be the unwavering opponent of slavery; but you know that he belongs not to the murdering abolition mob of Boston. While the Sumners, Giddinges, and Sewards of Congress, are shunned by their fellow members, as being utterly unworthy of personal association, Gerret Smith enjoys the respect and even good will of all.

THE MISSOURI COMPROMISE.—Three Democratic Presidents—Jefferson, Madison and Monroe—thus speak of the Missouri Compromise:

"This Missouri question, by a geographical line of division," said Mr. Jefferson, "is the most portentous one that I have ever contemplated."

"I must own," said Mr. Madison, "that I have always leaned to the belief that the restriction was not within the true scope of the Constitution."

"The proposed restriction as to the Territories which are to be admitted into the Union," said Mr. Monroe, "if not in direct violation of the Constitution, is repugnant to its principles."

The unanimous opinion of these eminent and patriotic statesmen is entitled to considerable weight.

CANADIAN RECIPROCITY.—The Fishery and Canadian Reciprocity Negotiations are finally concluded, and on terms said to be very satisfactory to Secretary Marcy. The New York *Times* says they will probably be so as to the people of this country, likewise, when made public. The reciprocal trade proposed to Canada, will be considered as offering nearly all the advantages of annexation. This treaty makes the navigation of the St. Lawrence free; it gives us unrestricted participation in the Fisheries, and establishes reciprocal Free Trade with Canada, in all natural products, excluding, of course, manufactures.

The British demand for an American registry of Colonial built vessels and their participation in our coasting trade, was refused.

CATAWISSA RAILROAD.—In regard to this improvement, the Danville *Intelligencer* says the rails have now been laid on the road from Catawissa to Ringtown, in Schuylkill county.—Efforts are making to have the road finished to Tamaqua by the 4th of July. Cars can then run from Philadelphia to Catawissa, and the grading from Catawissa to Danville will soon be done. The bridge over the North Branch at Catawissa will perhaps be the last job completed between Catawissa and Danville, and it will not be long until railroad trains will be arriving daily at this place. The extensive and elegant improvements now making in this borough indicate that a great era of progress is now even increasing the usual energy and enterprize of our citizens. The erection of new buildings, and improvement of old ones, exceeds all former example.

A CURIOUS CONVENTION.—The National Industrial Convention, which was in session last week in Trenton, says the Lancaster *Examiner*, was swamped on Friday, in a flood of land reform, anti-slavery, anti Nebraska, pro-emigrant aid society, and other resolutions. To such a combination of circumstances, the Convention, after a short but desperate struggle, succumbed, and adjourned *sine die*. General Sidney Jones immediately called another meeting in the hope of reconciling matters but with little prospect of success. This body, which has of late become a sort of itinerant debating society, profess so much and accomplish so little, that it is next to impossible to learn what it is really driving at, and indeed we do not think our readers would derive either profit or satisfaction in any attempt to investigate its designs and doings.

☞ *The Street Preaching* in New York and Brooklyn on Sunday week passed off without serious disturbance, although the town had been for the whole week rife with rumors of riots to come. The result, plaining as it is, is not to be attributed to any increased regard for "law and order" on the part of the belligerents, but to three other causes: First, the ample preparations of the authorities to put down rioting at any sacrifice; secondly, the cooler counsels of the leaders of they have leaders) in the mysterious order of "Know Nothings;" and thirdly, the personal efforts of Archbishop Hughes and the Roman Catholic Clergy generally to keep away their people and entreating and commanding them to abstain from acts of violence. If the course pursued on both sides, the turbulent and reckless will soon quit the field, and the street preachers, finding no listeners, will necessarily abandon their inflammatory shouting.

HORRIBLE MURDER IN OHIO.—An old bachelor by the name of Lymon Stiffl, living some six miles from Jefferson, Ashtabula county, and who was well off in the world, had a fine farm well stocked, lived in his house alone, and carried on his farm himself. About four weeks ago the old man was missing, and his house closed up. Not hearing anything from him, the neighbors got alarmed, broke into his house, found an awful stench arising from meat, maggoty milk, and a dead pet porcupine. The alarm became general, and the whole country turned out on Thursday to look for the missing man, supposing him murdered and his body concealed. Near one of the fences running across his back lot, his body was found buried in the ground, the corpse lying on its back, and so near the surface that one of the knees protruded out.

The multitude was called together around the murdered man, and the excitement became intense. His body was examined, and it appeared a rifle ball had been put through his vital parts. The coroner's jury found that the deceased came to his death by a ball which passed above the hip on the left side, and lodged in the opposite breast, indicating that he was shot while on horseback. This seems not to have killed him, for his face was bruised and his head beaten in, as if with a club. Suspicion immediately fell upon one of his neighbors who had been seen ploughing with deceased's cattle, and otherwise meddling with his property. The crowd immediately surrounded his house and demanded his surrender. He was arrested, taken to jail, and was to be examined yesterday.—*Cleveland Plaindealer, June 7th.*

☞ A little girl about four years of age, residing in Centre Bridgton, Me., having been apparently out of health for some time and troubled with a bad cough, her mother gave her a lobella emetic, soon after which she vomited up a *black snake*. A physician was called, and the child is now doing well. The snake was covered with a scaly substance, was about as large as a lady's little finger, and 18 inches in length.—It was alive when ejected. How long it had been in the stomach is unknown, but probably was swallowed in water when very small, as for some time past the health of the child had been wasting away.

☞ An evil lesson is soon learned.

DARK DAY.

The 19th of May, 1780, was remarkable for its uncommon darkness. The morning was cloudy, attended with a little rain. Between ten and eleven o'clock the darkness increased, and began to assume the appearance of evening. Fowls went to roost, and cattle collected round the barn-yards, as at the approach of night. Before noon it become so dark as to be difficult to read without a candle; and lights were necessary at dinner and to transact the ordinary work of a family through the afternoon. The evening was enveloped in total darkness; the sky could not be distinguished from the ground. The clouds began to seperate, and the vapors to disperse a little before midnight, and some glimmerings of light appeared. The next morning was cloudy, but not unusually dark. For several weeks previous there had been extensive fires in the woods, and the westerly wind had driven the smoke and cinders with which the air was charged, all over the country. On the morning of the 19th the wind came in various directions, but principally from the eastward, and brought with it a thick fog; these counter currents meeting, stopped the progress of the clouds, and formed a different strata of them; and as light is always reflected from the surface, they become more impervious to it, than a more dense cloud, which presents only one surface. The atmosphere was likewise filled with clouds of smoke and cinders, as well as with vapor, which gave them a dirty yellowish hue. Pieces of burnt leaves were continually falling and the rain-water was covered with a sooty scum." The darkness extended throughout New England, and was observed several leagues at sea.—*From an old publication.*

MAN'S UNCHARITABLENESS.—If the Sovereign of the Univere were as uncharitable as his human creatures who inhabit this earth, the whole human race would long since have been swept away in pieces, because some real or imaginary evil enters into its Constitution, and has become the object of their ungovernable hatred, might study with profit the long suffering forbearance of the great Ruler. But poor, foolish man makes but a sad use of the lessons which the merciful Providence of the Supreme Lawgiver teaches.

Instead of loving, he hates; instead of cultivating charity, he labors malice and gives the rein to his worst passions. Instead of patiently endeavoring to reform evils, he, too often, is ready to rush into the widest extremes. He follows impulse when sober reason should guide.

Strange too, that the men who have the least charity, who are ready to proscribe, persecute, and destroy in the achievment of their purposes, claim to be the most loyal soldiers of the King of Heaven. Paul once thought he was doing God's service, when he was a persecutor and fighting against God. In this respect, Paul has had many followers; in his labors of love but few, out of the great human family of the present day.—*N. Y. Sun.*

SPAIN—AS IT WAS, AND AS IT IS.—How sad has been the decay of this once powerful nation, whose very name was formerly emblematic of splendor and power, now, alas! a melancholy memorial of departed greatness. Under the Moors, the population of Spain was thirty millions. The *Clamor Publico*, a Madrid newspaper, says:

"Granada, before its fall in 1487, contained 400,000 inhabitants, of whom 60,000 bore arms. It now contains about 69,000 souls all counted. Malaga, in the 17th century, contained 80,000 inhabitants; it now possesses only 50,000. Medina del Campo, in the 17th century, contained 60,000 inhabitants; it now contains 6,000.—Merida, at the epoch, possessed 40,000 inhabitants; it now possesses 5,000. In the 16th century, the diocese of Salamancha, had one hundred and twenty-seven cities and villages; it now has thirteen only. Segovia, in 1725, had 5,000 families; now 2 000. Seville, in the 17th century, had a population of 300,000, of which 130,000 were employed in manufactures; it now contains 96,000 souls all told. Toledo, in the 15th century, had 200,000 inhabitants; it now has 15,000. Valdnce, which in the year 1600, contained a population of 600,000, now hardly numbers 60,000. In 1778 there were counted 1,511 abandoned villages in Spain, and the number has been increasing from that day to this."

EMIGRANTS FOR THE WEST.—The Chicago correspondent of the New York *Evening Post*, in a letter dated June 5th, states that a few days previous "a company of six hundred Ohio emigrants started for Nebraska. There is a considerable of a tide setting that way from this quarter. Most of the parties now going out are preliminary surveying parties, but they will be followed by an unprecedented flow of emigration as soon as there can be any titles secured to the lands." Last week seven hundred Germans passed through Cincinnati for Oregon, and seven hundred and thirty for Nebraska. Minnesota is filling up with unparalleled rapidity. The roads leading to it through Iowa and Wisconsin, it is said, are literally crowded with teams and stock belonging to emmigrants.

THE PENNSYLVANIA DELEGATION AND THE NEBRASKA BILL.—The democratic delegation from the good old Keystone state have covered themselves with glory. The delegation consists of twenty-five members. Of these sixteen are democrats and nine whigs. None of the whig members voted for the bill, whilst eleven out of the sixteen democrats voted in its favor. The names of these eleven are as follows:

Samuel A. Bridges, John L. Dawson, Thos. B Florence, J Glancy Jones, William H. Kurtz, John McNair, Asa Packer, John Robbins, jr., Christian M. Straub, Wm. H. Witte, and Hendrick B. Wright.

Some of the most effective speeches made in behalf of the bill were made by members of this delegation. The good old state and her noble democracy challenge the respect and the admiration of all true-hearted democrats.—*Washington Sentinel.*

☞ The lynch law is not yet out of date in Mississippi. The Memphis *Enquirer*, of the 8th, contains an account of the lynching of a slave, in Marshall county, Miss., for the alleged crime of rape and murder (by choking) of his mistress. The slave, as we learn from a Pittsburger who was near the scene at the time, first hung up for a while by the neck, then let down and shot at, hung and let down again and again shot, till some forty shot had penetrated his body, when he was finally hanged till dead.

INFIDELITY OF THE DOG.—The Almighty, wog have the dog to be the companion of our pleasure and toil, hath invested him with a nature noble, and incapable of deceit. He forgets neither friend nor foe—remembers, and with accuracy, both benefit and injury. He hath a share of man's intelligence, but no share of man's falsehood. You may bribe a soldier to slay a man with his sword, or a witness to take his life by false accusation; but you cannot make a hound tear his benefactor.

THE WATER LILLY.—It is a marvel whence this perfect flower derives its loveliness and perfume, springing as it does from the black mud over which the river sleeps, and where lurk the slimy eel and speckled frog, and the mud turtle, which continual washing cannot cleanse.—It is the very same black mud out of which the yellow lilly sucks its obscene life and noisome odor. Thus we see, too, in the world, that some persons assimilate only what is ugly and evil from the same moral circumstances which supply good and beautiful results—the fragrance of celestial flowers—to the daily life of others.—*Margaret Fuller.*

A LAW AND ORDER DOG.—A Newfoundland dog in Boston, lost the wire muzzle from his nose as he was passing along Kilby street a morning or two since. Instead of passing along without it, as many dogs would have done, he paused and reinstated his nose as his wicker covering, and distending his jaws so as to keep it in its place, went on his way, seemingly conscious of the laws, and determined to respect them.

☞ Two years ago the Whig Presidential candidate was making a tour westward and back in the eastward again, avowing at every point his love for "the rich Irish brogue" and "the sweet German accent." His discomfitted party are now recruiting their forces from a different element, and not a whisper of "brogue" or the "accent" is to be heard.—*Wash. Union.*

FARMER'S HOTEL.

DAVID MARTIN, having taken this large and commodious Hotel on East High street, would respectfully solicit the patronage of the public. The House is furnished in a style unsurpassed by any other in the place—the bedding, &c., being principally new. His BAR will always be supplied with the best Liquors, and the TABLE furnished with the choicest the market affords. He flatters himself that those who may favor him with their patronage will have no cause for dissatisfaction.

Careful hostlers always in attendance.

Carlisle, April 27, 1854—2m

Washington Hotel.

C. G. STOUGH, having taken the Washington Hotel, lately kept by Mr. H. L. Burkholder, is prepared to accommodate his friends and the public generally. Every effort will be made to give full satisfaction to such as may favor him with their patronage. Terms moderate.

Carlisle, April 27, 1854—1m

EAGLE HOTEL.

No. 331, Market Street, Philadelphia.

THE subscriber takes this method to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has taken this well known stand, and hopes, by strict attention to business, to gain a share of the public patronage heretofore so liberally extended to him while in the above business in Lancaster county, and recently in Cumberland county, Pa. The HOUSE has been neatly furnished throughout, and the rooms are large and airy, and for comfort are unsurpassed in the city. The TABLE is always supplied with the best the market can afford, and his BAR can compete for choice liquors with the best bars in the City. The STABLES are large and newly fitted up for drovers and the public in general.

My charges are as reasonable as any other in Market street. Give me a call.

FRED'K. ZARRACHER.

Phila. April 13, 1854—1y.

JOHN P. LYNE,

WHOLESALE and retail dealer in American, English & German Hardware, Oils, Paints, Varnish, &c. Mechanics, builders and the public generally, who are in want of Hardware of any kind, are invited to call in and examine my unusually large stock of goods, which I am selling at very low prices—just step in, it will only detain you a few minutes to be convinced that what every body says must be true, that Lyne's is decidedly the place to get good goods at low prices. J. P. LYNE,

[May 11.] *West side of N. Hanover st.*

Tanner Wanted.

A JOURNEYMAN Tanner and Currier wanted by the undersigned, residing in Westpennsboro'ough township, two miles east of Newville, on the Conodoguinet creek.

SAMUEL GRAHAM.

April 20, 1854—tf

HOUSES FOR SALE.

THE two Brick two story DWELLING HOUSES, with basement stories belonging to, and adjoining the Methodist Episcopal Church, of Carlisle, near the Rail-road Depot are for sale.

They will be offered at private sale until the first of August next, when, if not sold, they will be offered at public sale, on the premises, on or before the first of September next, thereafter.—The Properties can be seen, and any other information had, on reference to either of the undersigned.

CHARLES BELL,
J. WORTHINGTON, } *Com.*
J. W. EBY,

Carlisle, May 25, 1854—tf

HOTEL PROPERTY FOR SALE.

A BARGAIN!

ALL that valuable Property, situate on the North-West corner of Centre Square, in the borough of Carlisle, known as Beatem's Row. The main building is now occupied by H. L. Burkholder as a Hotel. The balance of the property is rented for offices, shops, &c. This is of the very best properties for business in the borough, and to capitalists offers great inducements for investment. The payments, if desired, will be made very easy.

Also, a very comfortable two story DWELLING HOUSE, on the East end of High street, adjoining property of Andrew Holmes, Esq., and now occupied by Mr. David Grier.—The lot is 42 feet front by 240 in depth, and contains a number of choice fruit trees. The property is in good order, and has a cistern, smoke-house, bake-oven, stable, &c., on the lot. For particulars, enquire of

CHARLES OGILBY.

Carlisle February 23, 1854.

SCYTHES, SCYTHES.

JUST received a very large lot of Scythes of superior Brands, to which I invite the attention of Cradle makers, and all others in want of this article, the attention of Farmers is also invited to the great variety of Farming utensils of the very best makers. Ploughs of all kinds furnished at a small advance on City prices.—Home makes at the manufacturers prices, also a superior article of Churns, which we warrant to make more butter out of the same quantity of Cream than any other Churn in use, try it.

JOHN P. LYNE,

West side North Hanover Street.

Carlisle, May 11

ENVELOPES,

Die Sinking and Engraving.

DIES altered, Envelopes stamped with business cards, Homœpathic Envelopes, self-sealed and printed. Paper Bags for putting up Garden and Flower Seeds, with printed directions, at 55 South Fourth Street, Philadelphia, by WILLIAM COLBERT.

N. B. *Orders will be delivered by Express, or as per agreement.*

March 23, 1854—6mo.

GREAT ARRIVAL OF SPRING & SUMMER

DRY GOODS

At the Store of the subscriber, the Great Mart for Dry-Goods, Groceries, Boots & Shoes.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and numerous customers that he has returned from Philadelphia, with a large and varied assortment of Spring and Summer Goods, consisting in part of

Ladies' Dress Goods,

Such as black and fancy Silks, black and changeable Alpacas, Barreges, Barege de Laines, Mous. de Bege, Bombazines, plain, figured and changeable Poplins, Lawns, Calicoes, Ginghams, Gloves, Hosiery, &c., &c.

Gentlemen's Dress Goods,

such as fine black and brown French Cloths, black Doeskin and fancy Cassimers, satin and fancy Vestings, black & Italian fancy Cravats, Suspenders, Gloves, &c.

HATS AND CAPS.

A large assortment of Mens' & Boys' Hats and Caps, embracing every style and quality. Also, a large and varied assortment of Parasols, Bonnets and Ribbons.

DOMESTICS.—Bleached & unbleached Muslin, Checks, Tickings, Jeans, Drills, Table-diaper, Bagging, Osnaburgs, Toweling, Table-linens, &c.

BOOTS & SHOES.—A large assortment of Men's, Women's & Children's Boots & Shoes, Jenny Lind & buskin Shoes at very low prices. Colored and white Carpet Chain.

GROCERIES.—A large assorsment of Groceries, such as Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Rice, Teas, &c., &c.

All who visit our establishment are free to acknowledge that we are selling Foreign and Domestic Dry-Goods, Boots, Shoes, &c., at astonishingly low prices. Our low prices have already attracted a large number of people. The attention of all who wish good bargains is solicited, as great inducements can be offered to purchasers. Don't forget the old stand, Humerich's corner, North Hanover street.

Butter, Eggs, Rags and Soap taken at marke prices. N. W. WOODS, *Agent.*

Carlisle, April 13, 1854.

LEAD, ZINC, IRON PAINT, Oil and Colors.

MANUFACTURED by Francis S. Lewis & Co., represented by Lewis, James & Co., 135 South Front street, Philadelphia.

Orders thankfully received, punctally attended to, guaranteed to give satisfaction, and offered for sale on the most liberal terms. For samples and particulars please address as above.

January 26, 1853—3mo.

NEW DRUG STORE!

South Hanover Street, near the Court House.

B. J. KIEFFER, Druggist, would respectfully inform the citizens of Carlisle and vicinity, that he has opned a new

CHEMICAL AND DRUG STORE.

His stock is entirely new, and has been selected with great care. As many of the articles in daily use by physicians and families deteriorate by age and exposure, great care will be taken not to allow such articles to accumulate in such quantities.

Attention is especially invited to his stock of Medicines, Essential Oils, Tinctures, Wines, Extracts, Confections, Chemicals, &c., together with a full assortment of Paints, Varnishes, Dyestuffs, Paint and Varnish Brushes, and

CONFECTIONARIES

of every variety. He has also on hand a splendid assortment of Perfumes, Soaps, fancy, hair, clothes and flesh Brushes; Supporters, Breast Exhausters, Nipple Shields, Tooth Washes and Pastes. Also,

Medicinal Wines and Brandies,

of the best quality. Segars, from the best Havana and Spanish houses, of every flavor, from one cent upwards.

In order to ensure his customers against mistakes during any temporary absence of the proprietor, the services of an experienced and competent assistant have been secured, which will be felt to be important, in view of the responsibilities which are known to devolve upon the druggist.

Physicians' prescriptions will be faithfully and promptly attended to. Orders from Physicians and Merchants in the country will be filled with care, and at prices which must prove satisfactory.

A liberal share of public patronage is respectfully solicited. Terms cash.

B. J. KIEFFER.

March 23, 1854.

DR. GEORGE Z. BRETZ,

DENTIST.

WILL perform all operations upon the teeth that may be required for their preservation. Artificial teeth inserted, from a single tooth to an entire set, on the most scientific principles. Diseases of the mouth and irregularities carefully treated. Office at the residence of his brother, on North Pitt street.

Carlisle, March 23, 1854.

DR. I. C. LOOMIS,

DENTIST.

WILL perform all operations upon the Teeth that are required for their preservation, such as Cleaning, Filing, Plugging, &c., or will restore the loss of them, by inserting Artificial Teeth, from a single tooth to a full set.

☞ Office on Pitt street, a few doors South of the Railroad Hotel.

N. B. Dr. Loomis will be absent from Carlisle the last ten days in each month.

Carlisle, March 23, 1854.

Dr. George W. Neidich,

DENTISTA.

CAREFULLY attends to all operations upon the Teeth and adjacent parts that disease or irregularity may require. He will also insert Teeth of every description, such as Pivot, Single and Block Teeth, and teeth with "continuous Gums;" and will construct Artificial Palates, Obburations, Regulating Pieces, and every appliance used in the dental art. Operating room at the residence of Dr. Samuel Elliott, East High street, Carlisle.

March 9, 1854.—tf.

Fire Insurance.

THE Allen and East Pennsborough Mutual *Fire Insurance Company of Cumberland* county, incorporated by an act of Assembly, is now fully organized, and in operation under the management of the following Managers, viz:

Daniel Baily, Wm. R. Gorgas, Michael Cocklin, Melchoir Brenneman, Christian Stayman, John C. Dunlap, Jacob H. Coover, Lewis Hyer, Henry Logan, Benjamin U. Musser, Jacob Mumma, Joseph Wickersham, Alexander Cathcart.

The rates of insurance are as low and favorable as any Company of the kind in the State. Persons wishing to become members are invited to make application to the Agents of the Company who are willing to wait upon them at any time.

BENJ. H. MOSSER, President.
HENRY LOGAN, Vice President.

LEWIS HYER, Secretary.
MICHAEL COCKLIN, Treasurer.

March 29, 1854.

AGENTS.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.—Rudolph Martin, New Cumberland; C. B. Herman, Kingstown; Henry Zearing, Shiremanstown; Charles Bell, Carlisle; Dr. J. Ahl, Churchtown; Samuel Graham, West Pennsboro; James McDowell, Frankford; Mode Griffith, South Middleton; Samuel Woodburn, Dickinson; Samuel Coover, Benjamin Haverstick, Mechanicsburg; John Sherrick, Lisburn; David Chover, Shepherdstown.

YORK COUNTY.—John Bowman, Dillsburg; P. Wolford, Franklin; John Smith, Esq., Washington; W. S. Picking, Dover; J. W. Craft, Paradise.

HARRISBURG.—Heuser & Lochman.

Members of the Company having policies about to expire, can have them renewed by making application to any of the Agents.

WHITE HALL ACADEMY.

3 miles West of Harrisburg, Pa.

THE Seventh Session of this flourishing Institution will commence on Monday the 1st of May next. The advantages which it affords, it is believed, are of a superior character, and parents and guardians are respectfully solicited to inquire into its merits, before sending their sons or wards elsewhere. It is favorably situated; the instructors are all competent and experienced men; the course of instruction is extensive and thorough; and special attention is paid to the comfort and health of the Students.

TERMS.

Boarding, Lodging, Washing and Tuition in English, and Vocal Music, per session, (5 months,)	$55 00
Instruction in Ancient and Modern Languages, each,	5 00
Instrumental Music,	10 00

For circulars and full particulars, address

D. DENLINGER,
March 9, 1854. Harrisburg, Pa.

WALL PAPER FOR THE MILLION.

I HAVE just received my Spring Stock of Paper Hangings, which surpass in style, quality and price any that has ever been exhibited in Carlisle, I respectfully solicit a call from the persons in want of Paper Hangings of any description, as I am confident my assortment far surpasses any in the Borough, and in style and price has but few rivals in the city. I only ask of the public to call in and examine my assortment before making their purchases, as I am confident my chased designs cannot fail to please the most fastidious.

JOHN P. LYNE

West side of North Hanover st.

Carlisle, March 23, 1854.

FIRST ARRIVAL OF HARDWARE!

THE subscriber having returned from the city, has just opened for the Spring trade a large and well selected stock of Foreign and Domestic Hardware, embracing everything usually found in that line of business. The attention of friends and the public generally is respectfully directed to the assortment on hand, assuring them that goods of all kinds will be sold for cash at a very small advance on manufacturers prices.

Carpenters and Builders—are invited to examine the assortment of Locks, Latches, Hinges, Bolts, Screws, Glass, Putty, Oil, Paints, &c.—Remember the old stand, in East High street, where they are for sale cheap.

HENRY SAXTON.

March 23, 1853.

Take Notice,

THAT all persons about commencing housekeeping, and all in want of them can get supplied with knives & forks, spoons, ladles, coffee-mills, pans, kettles, hand-irons, &c., at a very low rate, by H. SAXTON.

March 23, 1853.

PLOUGHS.—Durkee's celbrated York Plows constantly on hand—also, Craighead's and Plank's make—all for sale at

March 23, 1853. SAXTON'S.

HARDWARE

THE subscriber having just returned from the city with a full and handsome assortment of all kinds of Hardware from the very best makers and well selected, is now opening at his old Stand, in North Hanover street, next door to McGlaughlin's hotel, where he invite all that are in want of good and cheap Hardware, to give him a call and see and satisfy themselves of the truth, as we are determined to sell at a small advance. Small profit and quick sales is the order of the day.

To Builders, Carpenters and Others,

A full stock of white, mineral and japaned knobs locks and latches, hinges, screws, window sash and shutter springs, straight-necked and barrelled bolts of every kind; mill, cross cut and circular Saws; hand, pannel, ripping and back Saws, bright, black and blue augurs; chisels, broad, pointing, hand and chopping Axes, of different makers; hatchets, planes and plane bits, steel and iron squares, files, rasps, brads, spikes of all sizes.

To Saddlers and Coach Makers.

Our stock consists of a complete assortment of articles in your line of business, such as brass, silver and japaned mounting, carriage trimmings, broad pastering and seeming laces, fringes, plain and figured canvass oil cloth, top lining cloth and serge lining, white, red, blue and black patent leather; dashers, silver and brass plate, deer hair, rosetts, hubs, fellows, spokes, bows, eliptic springs, iron axes, malleable castings.

To Cabinet and Shoe-makers,

A full stock of shoe kit and findings, boot morocco, lining and binding skins; lasts, tacks, pegs hammers, pinchers, French morocco, superior copal varnish, japan and black varnish, mahogany and maple veneers, moulding, beading, rosets glass, mineral and mahogany knobs of every kind and style.

To Blacksmiths, Farmers and Others,

51 tons of assorted bar iron, warranted of the best quality. A splendid assortment of bar and rolled iron, hammered, horse-shoe bar, band, round and square iron; cast, shear, spring, English and American blister steel, English wagon boxes, carriage boxes in setts, anvils, vices, files, rasps, horse shoe nails, &c.

To Housekeepers,

A beautiful assortment of cheap fancy goods, such as waiters, trays, plain and fancy knives, forks, butcher knives, steels, brittannia lamps, brass candle-sticks, brittania & silver table and tea spoons, plated butter knives, preserving kettles, smoothing irons, iron and tinned tea and oval boilers, iron frying and bread pans, washboards, tubs, churns, buckets, iron pots, wash kettles, stew pans, &c., &c.

JACOB SENER.

Carlisle, March 23, 1854.

HARDWARE

THE subscriber has just returned from the Eastern cities, and has opened at his stand in North Hanover street a new and full assortment of HARDWARE, and now invites all persons id want of good Hardware at reduced price to give him a call as he can accommodate all from a needle to an anvil, and at prices to suit the times.

TO HOUSEKEEPERS.—A great assortment of housekeeping articles, such as brass and enamel preserving kettles, frying pans, bake pans, waffle irons, smoothing irons, shovels, tongs, waiters, trays, forks, knives, carvers, steels, butcher knives, rpoons, plated tea & table spoons, pocket and pen knives in great variety, razor and razor straps, scissors, shears, spades forks rakes, hoes, tubs, water cans, painted buckets, wash boards, improved patent cistern pumps and lead pipe.

BRUSHES.—A large assortment of whitewash, dust, sweeping, horse & painter's brushes.

IRON.—A large stock of hammered bar iron, rolled iron of all kinds, hoop iron, sheet iron, round, square and band iron, English wagon boxes, and steel of all kinds.

PAINTS, oil, varnishes, turpentine, glue, &c.

Glass of all sizes.

TO SHOEMAKERS.—A full assortment of Morocco, Linings, Bindings, patent Goat Skins, Lasts, Shoe-threac, Pegs, Knives, and Tools of all kinds.

Blake's Fire Proof Paints of different colors.

TO CARPENTERS.—A full assortment of planes, saws, chisels, gages, squares, braces, bitts, bench screws, augurs and augur bitts, hatchets, &c.

TO COACHMAKERS & SADDLERS.—A fine rate assortment of carriage trimmings, such as laces, tassels, fringes, drab cloth and sattinett, head linings, imitation enameled leather, patent leather curtain oil cloth, plain and figured; Dasher Irons, Lamps, Axles, Springs, Malable Castings, Bent Felloes, Hubs, Bows, Philps' patent boxes for wood axles, fine brass, silver plated and Japan harness mountings, Saddle trees, Whips, and every article used by Saddlers very cheap.

J. P. LYNE.

Carlisle, March 22, 1854.

Cheap Books & Fancy Articles.

S. W. HAVESTICK has just received and is now opening a splendid display of Fancy Goods, to which he desires to call the attention of his friends and the public. His assortment cannot be surpassed in novely and elegance, and both in quality and price of the articles, cannot fail to please purchasers. His stock comprises every variety of fancy articles, such as

Ladies Fancy baskets,
Fancy Work Boxes, with sewing instruments.
Paper Mache Goods,
Elegant Alabaster and Porcelain Ink-stands and Trays,
Fancy ivory, pearl & shell card cases,
Port Monaies of every variety,
Gold Pens and Pencils,
Fancy paper weights,
Paperties, with a large variety of ladies' fancy stationary,
Motto seals and wafers,
Silk and bead purses,
Ladies' riding whips elegantly finished,
Perfume baskets and bags,
Brushes of every kind for the toilett,
Roussel's perfumes of various kinds,
Musical Instruments of all kinks and at all prices, with an innumerable variety of articles elegantly finished.

Also, an extensive and elegant collection of

BOOKS,

comprising the various English and American Annuals for 1854, richly embellished and illustrated Poetical Works, with Children's Pictorial Books, for children of all ages. His assortment of School Books and School Stationary is also complete, and comprises everything used in Colleges and the schools. He also calls attention to to his elegant dislay of

Lamps, Girandoles, &c.,

from the extensive establishments of Cornelius, Archer and others, of Philadelphia, comprising every style of Parlor, Otamber & Study Lamps, for burning either lard, sperm or etherial oil, together with flower vases, Fancy Screens, &c.—His assortment in this line is unequalled in the borough.

Fruits, Fancy Confectioney,

Nuts, Preserved Fruits, &c., in every variety and at all prices, all of which are pure and fresh, such as can be confidently recommended to his friends and the little folks. Remember the old stand, opposite the Bank.

S. W. HAVERSTICK.

Carlisle, March 23, 1854.

TRAVELLING TRUNKS.—I am now receiving a large assortment of well made Leather Trunks. Selling low at the cheap store of CHAS. OGILBY.

Carlisle, March 23, 1854.

DR. C. S. BAKER,

RESPECTFULLY offers his professional services to the citizens of Carlisle and surrounding country. Office and residence in South Hanover street, directly opposite the Volunteer office.

March 23, 1854.—tf.

A FRESH supply of Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye Stuffs, Glasses, Putty, Sash Tools, &c. Also, Baking Soda and Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Consumption, and all other diseases of the Lungs, for sale at B. J. KIEFFER'S.

Carlisle, March 23, 1854.

EMBROIDERIES. Just received a large assortment of cuffs, undersleeves, spencers, collars and ruffling.

SHAWLS.—A lot of handsome Spring Shawls, for sale very cheap.

GAITERS.—Black and fancy colored Gaiters, just received and for sale by Weise & Campbell.

March 23, 1854.

THE MARRIAGE STATE;

Shall Happiness and Health, or Misery and Sickness, attend it?

MOST STARTLING CONSIDERATIONS!

Reflections for the Thoughtful.

Strange that countless human beings exist and drag through life as do the beasts of the field, or the insects of the earth, evincing no more thought or reflection than though the noble faculties of mind were not vouchsafed to them.

Many such are husbands and fathers, upon whom are dependent the health, the well-being, and the happiness of a confiding and affectionate wife, with perhaps a family of children.

HOW OFTEN IT HAPPENS THAT THE

WIFE LINGERS FROM YEAR TO YEAR

in that pitiable condition as not even for one day to feel the happy and exhilerating influence incident to the enjoyment of health.

She may not be an invalid confined to her bed, or even to her room; as her pride, ambition and energy induce and nerve her to take personal charge of her household, even when her health will not admit of it; but she is nevertheless perceptibly sinking from day to day, and always ailing.

Thus, day after day, and month after month transpire. Her health daily sinks, till finally even the hope of recovery no longer remains. And thus

THE BLOOMING BRIDE,

But a few years ago in the flush of health and youth, and buoyancy of spirits, rapidly, and apparently inexplicably, becomes a feeble, sickly, debilitated wife, with frame emaciated, nerves unstrung, spirits depressed, countenance bearing the impress of suffering, and an utter physical and mental prostration.

Sometimes this deplorable change may and does arise from organic or constitutional causes. But oftener, by far oftener, to gross and inexcusable ignorance of the simplest and plainest rules of health as connected with the marriage state, the violation of which entails disease, suffering and misery, not only to the wife, but often

Hereditary Complaints upon the Children

"UNTO THE THIRD AND FOURTH GENERATION,"

Transmitting CONSUMPTION, SCROFULA, HYPOCHONDRIA, INSANITY, GOUT, KING'S EVIL, and other diseases, as a

DREADFUL INHERITANCE

from the Parents.

And must this continue? Shall we be wise in all that concerns the cattle of our fields, our horses, our sheep, our cows, our oxen, the nature and character of the soil we possess, the texture and quality of our goods and merchandise; but in all that concerns ourselves as human beings, with human functions and passions, subject to great derangement, involving our future peace and happiness—in all that concerns the health and welfare of the wife of our affections, and the mother of our children; in all that concerns the mental and physical well being of those children, we should be immersed in the darkest and most

BENIGHTED IGNORANCE,

AS CULPABLE AS INEXCUSABLE!

How long shall this ignorance prevail so productive of its bitter fruits? How long shall the wife and mother be ignorant of the nature, character and causes of the various womb and sexual complaints, embittering her days by suffering—suffering often prolonged to years, eventuating in a complication of diseases utterly and hopelessly incurable! Shall we for ever close our eyes to the results of physiological science by which we may arrive at an understanding of ourselves as men and women, subject to serious life-long enduring diseases, and perpetuating them to our children.

LET EVERY WIFE AND HUSBAND PONDER

No husband or wife need be ignorant of what concerns them most to know to secure their health and happiness. That knowledge is contained in a little work entitled

THE MARRIED WOMAN'S

PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION,

BY DR A M MAURICEAU,

PROFESSOR OF DISEASES OF WOMEN.

One Hundredth Edition. 18mo., pp 250. *Price 50 Cents*

[ON FINE PAPER, EXTRA BINDING, $1 00.]

First published in 1847, and it is not

SURPRISING OR WONDERFUL,

Considering that EVERY FEMALE, whether MARRIED OR NOT, can here require a full knowledge of the nature, character and causes of her complaints, with the various symptoms, and that nearly

HALF A MILLION COPIES

should have been sold. It is impracticable to convey fully the various subjects treated of, as they are of a nature strictly intended for the married, or those contemplating marriage.

UPWARDS OF ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND COPIES

Have been SENT BY MAIL within the last few months.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

BE NOT DEFRAUDED!

Buy no book unless Dr. A. M Mauriceau, 129 Liberty Street, N. Y., is on the title page, and the entry in the Clerk's Office on the back of the title page; and buy only of respectable and honorable dealers, or send by mail, and address to Dr A M Mauriceau, as there are spurious and surreptitious infringements of copyright.

☞ Upon receipt of One Dollar "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION" is sent (*postal free*) to any part of the United States, the Canadas and British Provinces. All Letters must be post-paid, and addressed to Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Box 2324, New-York City. Publishing Office, No. 129 Liberty Street New-York.

For sale by Blanch and Crap, Harrisburg; J. Swartz, Bloomsburg; J. S. Worth, Lebanon; C. W. De Witt, Milford; J. W. Ensminger, Danheim; H