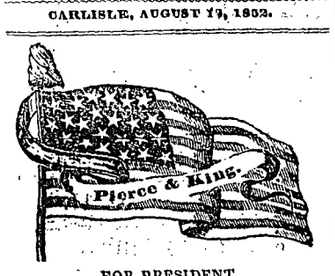
THE VOLUNTEER.

John B. Bratton, Editor and Proprietor.

CARLISLE, AUGUST 19, 1852.



FOR PRESIDENT,
Gen. Franklin Pierce,
OF NEW HAMPSHIRE.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
Col. William R. King.
OF ALABAMA.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
William Searight,
OF FAYETTE COUNTY.

Presidential Electors.

SENATORIAL.

GEORGE W. WOODWARD, of Luzerne.
WILSON M'CANDLESS, of Allegheny.

ADDITIONAL DISTRICT.

ROBERT PATTERSON, of Philadelphia.

DISTRICTS.

1. PETER LOGAN, Philadelphia.
2. GEORGE B. MARTIN, Philadelphia.
3. JOHN MILLER, Philadelphia.
4. F. W. BOCKIUS, Philadelphia.
5. R. McKAY, Jr. Delaware.
6. A. APPLE, Bucks.
7. N. STRICKLAND, Chester.
8. A. PETERS Lancaster.
9. DAVID FISTER, Berks.
10. R. E. JAMES, Northampton.
11. JOHN McREYNOLDS, Columbia.
12. P. DAMON, Tioga.
13. H. C. EYER, Union.
14. JNO. CLAYTON, Schuylkill.
15. ISAAC ROBINSON, Adams.
16. HENRY FETTER, Perry.
17. JAS. BURNSIDE, Centre.
18. MAXWELL McCASLIN, Greene.
19. JOSEPH McDONALD, Cambria.
20. W. S. COLAHAN, Washington.
21. ANDREW BURK, Allegheny.
22. WM. DUNN, Mercer.
23. JOHN S. McCALMONT, Clarion.
24. GEO. R. BARRET, Clearfield.

COUNTY MEETING.

The Democratic Republicans of Cumberland county, are requested to assemble in the Court House, in Carlisle, on MONDAY Evening the 23d of August, 1852, at 7½ o'clock, for the purpose of interchanging opinions on the approaching election.

A general attendance is earnestly requested.

MANY.

July 22, 1852.

PIERCE & KING.

Harvest Home Celebration.

THE Democrats of Cumberland county, are respectfully invited to attend a Harvest Home Celebration, in Carlisle, on SATURDAY, August 14, 1852. The Committee of Arrangement having made extensive preparations, confidently expect a general [illegible] Democrats of the county.

A number of distinguished speakers [illegible] invited and expected to be present on the occasion.

By order of the Welkin ring,
JOHN B. BUTLER,
JOHN M. GREGG,
WILLIAM GOULD,
Committee of Invitation.

July 29, 1852.

☞ We return our thanks to Messrs. Brodhead, Cooper, Houston, and Rush, of the U. S. Senate, and to Messrs. M'Lanahan, Kurtz, and Baily, of the House of Representatives, for sending us documents

The Corner Stone of the new Lutheran Church, at Centreville, Dickinson township, will be laid with appropriate ceremonies, on Saturday, the 21st instant. The exercises will commence at 11 o'clock, A. M., when several addresses may be expected. A collection in aid of the church, will be taken up. The public is respectfully invited to attend.

PRESERVE YOUR TEETH.—For preserving and cleansing the teeth, ZERMAN'S celebrated Tooth Wash is the best preparation extant, and should be in the possession of every family. It is in very general use by the most eminent dentists, all of whom speak of it as a most invaluable preparation. We advise our readers (the ladies particularly,) to patronize this Tooth Wash, and after they have used it, they will be ready to thank us for recommending it. For sale at Elliott's Drug Store, Carlisle. See advertisement in another column.

ILLness of WM. SEARIGHT, ESQ.—The Pittsburg *Union* of Tuesday says—We regret to learn, from a friend who has just returned from Fayette county, that Col. Searight was lying so ill on Friday last, that his most intimate acquaintances were not admitted to his chamber. He has been dangerously ill for some weeks: yet, notwithstanding this, there are many among those who oppose him, who are disposed to hunt him even to his sick chamber, and defame him there.

ON SATURDAY NEXT.—We are requested by the Committee of Arrangements for the Democratic Harvest Home Celebration, to state that the dinner will be served up on that day at precisely 12 o'clock. The public speaking will commence at 1 o'clock, and end about 3 o'clock. Our friends from the upper and lower ends of the county, can thus take the 4 o'clock train, if they wish to return home the same day.

HOUSTON COMING!

We have just received a letter from our member of Congress, Mr. M'Lanahan. He says—"I have just had a conversation with that great man, Gen SAM. HOUSTON, and he informs me that he will certainly be with you, at your Harvest Home Celebration, on Saturday."

THE DELEGATE ELECTIONS

Come off in the different townships, boroughs and wards, of this county on Saturday week next, the 21st instant, and we hope our friends will not forget to attend them. Before the holding of the County Convention, every Democrat has a right to declare whom he is favorable to for the different offices, but after the nominations have been made it is the duty of every true and faithful Democrat to yield his individual preferences and support the nominated ticket. We therefore hope our Democratic friends of the different townships and boroughs will make it a point, one and all, to attend the township and borough elections. Let the voice of the township be declared in the selection of delegates to the County Convention, and thus the voice of the majority of the county may be clearly ascertained and fairly represented. Again we say, turn out to the Delegate elections.

THE WHIGS IN DISTRESS.

The Federal papers, in all directions, are making the most strenuous efforts to rouse their party friends from their lethargy. Appeal after appeal is made by Federal editors, urging their partizans to "shake off the sleep which appears to have overtaken them, and wake up to action." But the appeal has not the *desired effect*—like the "voice in the wilderness," it is unheard, or if heard, entirely disregarded. The great body of the Whig party, the masses, *will not* "wake up" to the support of Gen. Scott. They will not *again* be forced into the support of an incompetent man, merely to gratify the selfish motives of a few reckless and desperate politicians, whose great object and aim is to restore the reign of Galphinism. They *will not* "wake up" to second the dangerous designs of a set of political gamblers, who are attempting to make the STANDING ARMY the only road to the Presidency in this country, as has been the case in Mexico, France, and other countries where the liberties of the people have been prostrated by the predominance of military rule. No, they *will not* "wake up" to assist in a scheme like this. The military exploits of Gen. Scott will not avail him. In the language of the Knoxville (Tenn.) *Whig*, (a paper of great influence, of wide circulation, and which publishes the U. S. Laws "by authority," and whose editor boast that he never voted for a Democrat in his life,) "Whig orators and editors may talk about Bridgewater and Lundy's Lane—about Vera Cruz and Cerro Gordo—about Chepultepec and Molino del Rey—and about the city of Mexico—but they will find the glories of those fields swallowed up in the fence riding course of Scott—his insufferable vanity—and the *infamy* of his political associations."

HENRY CLAY, the father of the Whig party, and for whose memory the Whigs profess great reverence, bore eloquent testimony against elevating military chieftains to high civil stations, where statesmanship should be the great qualification. In a speech delivered by him in Baltimore, when Secretary of State under John Quincy Adams, Mr. Clay said:

"Regardless of all imputations, and proud of the opportunity of free and unrestrained intercourse with all my fellow citizens, if it were physically possible, and compatible with my official duties, I would visit every state, go to every town and hamlet, address every man in the Union, and entreat them, by their love of country, by their love of liberty, for the sake of themselves and their posterity—in the name of their venerated ancestors, in the name of the human family, deeply interested in the fulfilment of the trust committed to their hands—by all the past glory which we have won—by all that awaits us as a nation—if we are true and faithful in gratitude to HIM who has hitherto so signally blessed us—to pause—solemly pause—and contemplate the precipice which yawns before us! If, indeed, we have incurred the divine displeasure, and it be necessary to chastise this people with the rod of his vengeance, I would humbly prostrate myself before HIM and implore his mercy to visit our favored land with war, with pestilence, with famine, with any scourge other than military rule, or a blind and heedless enthusiasm for mere military renown."

Such were the words of the great CLAY. The gross and barefaced attempt now made on the part of whiggery to build up the supremacy of the military principle in order to put down the ascendency of the Democracy of this country, cannot be covered up or concealed by any palliation or excuse to be found in the election of WASHINGTON or JACKSON, who were distinguished as statesmen, having spent the greater part of their lives in the civil service of the country. So far as they were engaged in military service, it was in the capacity of mere citizen soldiers in time of war, and neither of whom held any command in the army when proposed for the Presidency.

Let it be remembered then, that all history teaches that the predominance of the military principle is wholly incompatible with the liberties of the people, [illegible] through a blind and heedless regard for mere military renown, it was [illegible] the downfall of [illegible] of Henry Clay, who implored the Almighty "to visit our favored land with war, with pestilence, with famine, with any scourge other than military rule, or a blind and heedless enthusiasm for mere military renown!"

The Harvest Home Celebration

On Saturday next!

The Democratic Harvest Home Celebration, will "come off" in this borough, on SATURDAY NEXT.—Let every Democrat attend! COME!—come one and all! Let every township, borough, and ward send forth its delegation. It is highly important that there be a general turn out of the friends of PIERCE and KING on that occasion, for from that day we may reckon the fight in old Mother Cumberland to have began in good earnest. Arouse, Democrats, and turn out to the meeting on Saturday. The hour for action, energetic action, has arrived. To your posts, then, on Saturday next.

The following named gentlemen have given assurances that they will certainly be present and address the people:

Gen. SAM. HOUSTON, Senator from Texas, Col. REAH FRAZER, of Lancaster, and GEORGE W. BREWER, Esq., of Chambersburg.

CHOLERA—We regret to learn that the cholera prevails to a considerable extent in Chambersburg. Several deaths from it have recently been announced, and the disease appears to be rather on the increase than otherwise. So far our own town of Carlisle has escaped the cholera, and is remarkably healthy.—Our citizens, however, cannot be too careful.

THE SOUTHERN PRESS SUSPENDED.—We are glad to learn that that piratical sheet, the "Southern Press," published at Washington, has been compelled to give up the ghost. It was a most infamous sheet, and openly advocated the dissolution of the Union. Its late editors should be kicked out of the country.

JIM PHILLIPS RETURNED.—We learn from the *Harrisburg Telegraph*, that Jim Phillips, the fugitive slave, returned to Harrisburg on Saturday week last, and was received by his wife, children and colored friends with great rejoicing. The eight hundred dollars required for his ransom, was raised by citizens of Harrisburg. Jim is much pleased with his restoration to freedom.

☞ The Polk, Mathias Skupinski, convicted of the murder of the boy Lehman, was hung at Philadelphia, on Friday last. He made a confession to the attending Priest, in which he charges the murder upon Johann Kaiser, who has not yet been arrested, and alleges that he and his brother Blaise are both innocent of the dreadful crime. He also denied having made any confession such as has been going the rounds of the newspapers. The day for the execution of Blaise Skupinski, who was also convicted, has not yet been named by the Governor.

☞ Congress has finally resolved to adjourn on the 31st inst., the resolution having passed both Houses. The time of adjournment having thus been fixed upon, both Houses are giving indications of a disposition to go earnestly to work and finish up the business of the session. It's about time.

Pierce's advance to Molino del Roy was certainly just about the slowest marching we ever heard of in all our lives.—*Whig papers.*

Gen. SCOTT's report says—"I called up from the distance of three miles Pierce's brigade, *which approached with zeal and rapidity.*"

ANOTHER FISHING SCHOONER SEIZED.—A telegraphic despatch, dated Pictou, August 5th, says, fishing schooner Florida, of Gloucester, was brought into Charlottetown, P. E. Island, yesterday—a prize.

THE "FIZZLE" AT NIAGRA.

The "Great Meeting" at Lundy's Lane, was, according to the Whig papers, to be *the* meeting—the *demonstration* of the campaign—and was to be a proof of the all pervading "enthusiasm" of the nation for "*the hero*" of that battle field. Hundreds of thousands *were* to have been present—a great banquet *was to have been* there—Gen. Scott *was to have been* there! But none of these great predictions or promises came true, and the "demonstration" was nothing more nor less than *a great row!* The hundred thousand people who were to have been *there, did not come*, and the *estimate* of the Whig papers of the actual number present range from, ten to twenty thousand—the highest estimates being about twenty thousand. All the enthusiasm displayed was an anxious desire to get something to eat, and somewhere to sleep, and in this spirit of *wild enthusiasm* an attack was made on a steamboat called the "Michigan," and forcible possession was taken of her by about fourteen hundred people, who were, according to the accounts of the papers, "tired, sleepy, hungry and *drunk*." All remonstrance on the part of the officers was in vain, and many who had paid the full price of their passage, were forcibly turned out of their state rooms by persons who refused to pay any thing! Such *enthusiasm* as this we hope will not be shown by the Democratic party at any time during the campaign. Enthusiasm for hearing Scott speeches at Lundy's Lane, or rather at Niagra, did not appear to be in vogue. Whenever any of the orators took the stump, the people took to seeking various kinds of amusements, which indeed appeared to be *the* object of their visit. They were too restless to listen to any Whig sophistry. Occasionally a cheer would go up for Scott and Graham, which was almost uniformly answered by as loud a one for Pierce and King. The banquet came off at various little stands scattered through the woods, in the shape of cold pies, ginger cakes, ginger pop, and brandy smashes. A great demonstration was that same row! Many asked the question why is Gen. Scott called "the hero" of Lundy's Lane? It was hard to answer, for he was *not* the *commander*. Major General BROWN was at the head of the American troops, and many other officers behaved with equal, if not greater gallantry; among them was Major Jessup, Col. Miller, and Col. Brady. It is not justice to these brave heroes to give the title of honor solely to one, and that one a subordinate officer.

WHAT DOES IT MEAN?

Nearly all of the independent and commercial journals in the North, show a strong preference for the Democratic nominees, PIERCE and KING, and are almost openly opposing the election of Gen. SCOTT. In 1844 they were generally friendly to the election of Mr. POLK, and Mr. POLK was elected. In 1848 they were nearly all, if not all, in favor of the election of Gen. Taylor, and he was elected; and as they are now equally as strongly arrayed on the side of "the gallant PIERCE," it is a favorable sign for the success of the Democratic party. In Boston, not only the independent and commercial, but many of the Whig papers, are opposed to Gen. SCOTT, and the "*Atlas*," is almost his only advocate. In New York, and many other places, the same spirit prevails, and high grounds are taken against him on account of wrong principles, want of proper attainments, and a general want of the characteristics of a statesman. "The New York *Herald*," says the Pittsburg *Post*, "sets down the aggregate circulation of the daily press of New York at one hundred and forty-five [illegible] PER DAY openly or quietly opposed to Gen. SCOTT's election!" And yet, in the face of all this, and particularly the *commercial* press advocating Gen. PIERCE's election, the Federalists are constantly crying out "ruin, ruin—give us a protective tariff—the Democrats have ruined our manufactures and *commerce*." Facts speak louder than words.

HON. JAMES X. M'LANAHAN.

The Democracy of Cumberland, Franklin and Perry, may well be proud of their distinguished representative in Congress, whose name we have placed at the head of this article. Mr. M'LANAHAN, as chairman of the Judiciary committee, has well sustained his previously acquired fame as a jurist and Legislator, and the arduous labors, during the present session of Congress, necessarily devolving upon him, in the position he occupies, as head of one of the most important and responsible committees, and which have been discharged with an energy and ability not surpassed by any of his predecessors, justly place him on a proud eminence with the most distinguished jurists and statesmen of America.

Among other products of his pen, we might refer to his voluminous and masterly report on the subject of the expenses of the United States judiciary, as evincing a laboriousness of research, a minuteness of investigation, and a beauty and lucidness of diction, seldom combined in the same paper. His report also on the subject of the apportionment of representatives, has been very generally commended by the press throughout the Union as an able production of a distinguished statesman, and his correspondence on the subject of the naturalization of Meagher, the the Irish patriot, which we published in the *Volunteer* of the 22d July, has been received by, and elicited from the corps editorial, the most complimentary notices.

In his legal papers his style is clear, logical, and concise, indicative of a well read jurist and a mind thoroughly trained by early culture. We regret that the reports to which we have referred, are too voluminous for publication in our paper, otherwise we would be much gratified to place them before his constituents.

Since writing the above, we have read, with much interest, the speech of Mr. M'LANAHAN, sustaining his report on the subject of the expenses of the judiciary and regulating the fees of clerks, marshals, and attorneys of the circuit and district courts of the United States. Mr. M'LANAHAN, as chairman of the Judiciary committee, has applied himself with much zeal and labor, to a full investigation of this subject. The enormous and increasing judicial expenses of the Government, makes it the duty of the representatives of the people to inquire into the causes, and Mr. M'L. deserves and will receive the thanks of the whole country, for the trouble he has taken to point out this *growing abuse*. Notwithstanding its great length, we shall endeavor to publish this able speech as early as possible.

"The Democracy of New York united," says J. A. DIX, "have never been, and I believe, never can be defeated, and I look forward to November next, to see the banner of Tammany waving over the wigwam, with PIERCE, KING, AND VICTORY inscribed on it, with the same confidence as I do to the coming of the day on which they are to cast their votes."

DEATH OF A MEMBER OF CONGRESS.—Hon. ROBERT RANTOUL, a distinguished member of Congress from Massachusetts, died suddenly at Washington, on Saturday evening last. Mr. R. was a Free Soiler in politics, and a man of decided ability.

Thanksgiving in New Hampshire, is to take place on November 11th.

Do the Political Doctrines of Gen. Scott agree with your convictions of right?

This is the question that every true patriot should ask himself. Remember that in voting for the President of this great nation, you are not merely giving your preference to a man—an act that in itself is wholly indifferent, and if it does no good, at least bears no evil consequences with it. Voting for a President is an entirely different thing. It is in reality voting for the support and elevation of certain *principles* and *measures* that the candidate is the exponent of, and the suppression of others. The principles of the two parties have opposite tendencies, and as a matter of course, if one set fosters our general form of republican government, the other set must be injurious to it. In voting for President, you therefore vote for principles and measures that will either do good or evil to the Union, and the republican form. Now, what are Gen. Scott's principles?

He declares that he is in favor of a UNITED STATES BANK, and considers such an institution "necessary and indispensable."

He declares that he is in favor of a BANKRUPT LAW.

In one letter he declares that he is in favor of extending the period of naturalization for a very long time, or taking away the right of naturalization from foreigners altogether; in his letter of acceptance he is in favor of modifying our naturalization laws so as to admit aliens to the elective franchise *upon only one condition*, viz: that they serve one year in the Army or Navy of the United States! This would exclude all who could not serve in the Army or Navy from ever becoming citizens. Gen. Scott forgets that our forefathers were all foreigners.

He declares that he is in favor of the distribution of the proceeds of the public lands—a measure fraught with corruption, and in its consequences would make the States mere dependencies of the General Government.

Here are General Scott's principles, so far as he has seen proper to define them. Take them in connection with the fact that he refuses to define his position on the Compromise measures, and that he is entirely in the hands (according to the testimony of some of the most eminent Whigs in the United States,) of Seward, Greely, Johnston, and the Abolition Disunionists, and Free Soilers—take these things all together, we say, and if you can vote for Gen. Scott, you are certainly no Democrat—no very sincere lover of union and harmony in the Government.

GEN. SCOTT IN FAVOR OF A BANKRUPT LAW.

Gen. SCOTT declares most emphatically that he is in favor of such a law, and also says that "his principles are convictions," from which, as a matter of course, he will not depart. By his letter of acceptance, and previous letters, we are given to understand that he will recommend his principles and convictions "to the favorable notice of Congress." It is hardly necessary to argue in regard to the policy of a Bankrupt Law. You have had one, through the kindness of the Federalists, and you have seen its operation. You know how many rogues got the benefit of its provisions, and immediately became rich after "getting through," and you know how many honest men in proportion were ruined. You know whether such a law is best suited for rogues or honest men. You know whether honest men do not get along just as well without a Bankrupt Law. You know whether such a law is in violation of solemn contracts or not. These questions you can easily answer your-*Law!* Are you? If you are, vote for him, for FRANKLIN PIERCE is not.

OUT FOR PIERCE AND KING.

The *Emporium*, published at Middletown, Dauphin county, comes to us this week with the names of PIERCE and KING at its mast head. The *Emporium* is edited by WILLIAM HENLOCK, Esq., who is well known as an able and accomplished writer. From an article in the last number of his paper, we take the following extract:

We believe the principles, history, characteristic traits, or qualities, and the controlling motives or objects of the Democratic party, to be more in accordance with the spirit and genius of our Government, of which we boast with honest pride, and more conducive to the success and welfare of our people, to which we should always be attached and devoted, than those of the Whig party, or of any other party in our country. And we also believe, for this reason, and for other reasons which we will give below and hereafter, from time to time, that the success of the Whig party in the present canvass, and the consequent elevation of General Winfield Scott, to the office of President, would result in a great, a deep, and a lasting injury to the Nation.

We should tremble for the fate of this country, did we know, or believe, that he would ever be placed at the head of the Government, surrounded and controlled, as he would be, by Wm. H. Seward, Horace Greeley, Thaddeus Stevens, and others of their stamp and influence. Gen. Scott, is no doubt, a great Military chief, the greatest General, perhaps, of the present day; but who will say, who can say intelligently and honestly, that he is fit for a President of the United States? He never held a civil office, nor had one day's experience in the labors and duties of civil Government. Who can conclude within himself, then, that he is a proper man for the confidence and support of the people? and who that would be a consistent and good citizen, keeping the honor and safety of his country at heart, can vote for him, or sustain his pretentions in any way, in the campaign which is now at hand? We cannot, nor can we, looking at all the issues and all the consequences involved in its progress and in its results, consent to keep quiet and inactive, even, refusing or neglecting to raise a voice and use a hand to avert the pernicious and pestiferous evils which we believe honestly, would surely follow the election of Gen. Scott to the Presidency, and which must over and everywhere follow the political course of those in whose company he is now found and known to be acting and intriguing for promotion to that high office.

FULTON COUNTY NOMINATIONS.—The Democrats of little Fulton met in County Convention, on the 26th ult., and placed in nomination the following excellent ticket:

CONGRESS—Dr. F. C. Reamer.
ASSEMBLY—Wm. P. Schell, Esq.
COMMISSIONER—Wm. Alexander.
TREASURER—James B. Sansom.
DISTRICT ATTORNEY—E. G. Day, Esq.
AUDITOR—John Wishart.

This is decidedly a strong ticket. Mr. SCHELL was a member of the last House of Representatives, and sustained a high character as a Democrat and a man of fine talents. We trust he may be triumphantly elected, for we need just such men as him in our Legislature.

The nominee for Treasurer, Mr. SANSON, is the editor of that ably conducted and radical Democratic paper, the "Fulton Democrat." He richly deserves the confidence of the Democracy of Fulton, and we hope to see him triumphantly elected in October.

CHOLERA IN NEW YORK.—Several deaths from cholera have occured in New York within the last week.

BIG CORN.—The New Orleans Picayune has some ears of corn, raised on the Isthmus of Tehuantepec, sixteen inches long.

A FREE SOIL CONVENTION is now in session at Pittsburg, for the purpose of nominating candidates for the Presidency and Vice Presidency.

A Glorious Beginning!

NOW BRIGHTLY BREAKS THE MORNING!!

The Coons Driven to their Holes!!!

NORTH CAROLINA ELECTION.—Hon. DAVID S. REID re-elected Governor by 3500 majority. His majority in 1850 was 658 votes. The Democrats have also carried the Legislature by a decided majority Hurrah for that. This State, it will be remembered, IS THE HOME OF GRAHAM, the Whig candidate for the Vice Presidency, and this glorious result makes the electoral vote of North Carolina sure for PIERCE and KING.

MISSOURI.—Gen. PRICE, the Democratic candidate for Governor, elected by a sweeping majority. The Democrats have elected Benton, (glorious Old Bullion) Phelps, and Lamb, to Congress. The Whigs have elected two members, being a loss to them of one. Two years ago we were totally routed in Missouri, but now all is well, and PIERCE and KING will carry the State with a rush!

ARKANSAS.—In this State the Democracy have gained another glorious victory and have elected Gen. CONWAY, Democrat, Governor by a handsome majority. Arkansas is all right!

These returns are enough to show that the Democratic fires are brightly blazing all over the Union. They are the first guns that have been fired since the Presidential nominations, and they speak in thunder tones in favor of the Democratic nominees! FRANK PIERCE IS COMING!

"MUSHROOM GENERALS."

The Philadelphia *News*, a Whig paper of the rank est stamp, in speaking of the VOLUNTEER officers who commanded in the Mexican war, calls them "Mushroom Generals." Thus it is with the Whig papers all over the country—they are constantly sneering at, and ridiculing the *Volunteers* who served in Mexico, and give the whole credit of our victories to the REGULAR ARMY. But the people will defend our gallant Volunteers, and hurl back the slanders of Federal "*greasers*." It appears now that the Federalists, when they wished that our troops might be received with "*bloody hands*," did not desire this fate to befal the Regulars—it was only the *Volunteers* that they invoked this curse upon! Oh, magnanimous Federalism!

Merited Rebuke.

The Albany Register, a Scott paper, throws the following heavy bolt at the pusillanimous small fry among Whig editors, who are continually villifying and slandering Gen. Pierce. We commend it to the notice of some folks in Pennsylvania, and particularly to our neighbor of the *Herald*:

"We are not among those who believe that political capital is to be made by an attempt at ridiculing Gen. PIERCE's military career in Mexico, or calling in question his bravery. We have no doubt whatever of his courage, or of his disposition to discharge, faithfully and well, his duties as a military man; to the extent of his abilities, in times of battle and danger. The fact that he fell from his horse, or that he fainted, is no proof of cowardice; and now that come of the whig papers are making of these circumstances will, we apprehend, bring more disgredit upon them than injure Gen. Pierce.

Universal Democracy in New Hampshire.

It seems that Democracy is so universal in New Hampshire, that even the ladies discuss it with a relish. Listen to the following letter from Mrs. Woodbury, in reply to an invitation from the New York Tammany society, to her late husband, to attend their celebration:

ANTRIM, N. H., June 16, 1852.

DEAR SIR:—Your invitation extended to my husband to unite with you in celebrating the ensuing anniversary of the nation's birth-day, reached me this evening. But, alas! it came too late for him to respond to it. His death occurred one week prior to that of his cousin, the Hon. Levi Woodbury, of Portsmouth, N. H. Could he speak his sentiments on this occasion they would resound to yours—"We are democrats." As his representative, I do not hesitate to declare them. His heart and soul were with the Democratic party in all its purity. "Union and love of our country," was his motto. The recent nominations of the Baltimore Convention would have met with his highest approval. Mr. Pierce has ever been a warm, personal friend of his; and could he be permitted to offer a sentiment on this occasion, it would be "our own Franklin Pierce." With the highest respect, I have the honor to be your obedient servant,

MARY E. WOODBURY.

A TEXAS SLAVE DECISION.—The New Orleans Picayune states that a case has been decided in the district court for the county of Buxar, in Texas, which if confirmed in the Supreme Court, will operate, it is said, to declare 17,000 of blacks free, who have been held heretofore as slaves. A slave woman was carried from the United States to Austin's Colony, in Texas, in 1826. Slavery was not recognized by the laws of Mexico at the time. The constitution of Coahuila and Texas was proclaimed early in 1827, and the woman, subject of suit, daughter of the original slave, was born on the Brazos about the middle of 1827. When the constitution of 1836 was adopted by the Republic of Texas, slavery was established, and the mother slave was of the class enumerated in that constitution as slaves. The daughter having been born in the country, was not included by the provisions of the constitution.

In a suit, involving the question of the freedom of this girl, it has been decided that the condition of blacks in the country during the existence of the Mexican law was that of freedom, and the act of soverign power in remanding them to the original condition of slaves, which they held when imported from the United States, did not affect their offspring born in the country, before the adoption of the constitution of the Republic, who are consequently free.

INSUBORDINATION AMONG THE SLAVES IN VIRGINIA.—The Richmond, Norfolk and Fredericksburg papers allude frequently to the spirit of insubordination among the slaves, which they attribute to a recent pardon by the Governor of a slave who had killed an overseer. The Fredericksburg Herald says:

It is useless to disguise the fact, the truth is undeniable, that a greater degree of insubordination has been manifested by the negro population, within the last few months, than at any previous period in our history as a State. Our exchanges from all quarters of Virginia come to us freighted with accounts of attacks of negroes on their masters or overseers, and a general laxity of punishment seems to pervade the length and breadth of the Old Dominion. And not only is it abroad that the spirit of mischief seems brewing, but even here we might cite several notable instances that have been named to us.

THE part of the Northumberland Bridge spanning the Susquehanna from the Island to Sunbury, was swept from its foundation on Thursday evening by a Tornado, and hurled into the river above the piers. Fortunately there was no person on the bridge at the time, though two men with four horse teams made narrow escapes—one of them having just driven off and the other being just about to enter. This is the fourth time that portion of this bridge has been destroyed by high water and storm.

THE recent abundant and refreshing rains have had a most healthful influence upon vegetation generally, and the improvement in reference to corn and potatoes has been so marked that there is every prospect of a very abundant yield.

AN engineer of a freight train was instantly killed on Tuesday, near Elmira, in consequence of being struck by the handle of the engine, which opened the jugular vein, and bled to death before he was discovered by the fireman who was in the car behind. He leaves a family at Deposit.

FROM THE FAR WEST.—The Missouri Republican of the 28th states that several parties of Californians have arrived overland at Weston, Kanesville, and other towns. Mr. Thomas A. Stoddart, reports having counted 600 fresh graves between Fort Kearney and Weston. The emigrants are getting along better than in any previous season.

Judge Smith examined the route with a view to the practicability of a Railroad to the Pacific, and reports that the north side of the Platte is well adapt. to the construction of a road—much better than the south side.

Two men from Boone county, Ky., by the names of Beal and Bosley, quarrelled near Bear river.—Bosley was shot and killed. Beal was tried by a jury of emigrants, and executed. They quarrelled about a division of property, when about to separate.

On the 18th of June, on the Upper Platte, a lady was found dead, with her throat cut from ear to ear. She was about 30 years of age—had on her finger a gold ring, marked on the outside with the initials W. E., which is now in the possession of E. H. Harvey, California.

On the 20th June, a man and boy were found dead, supposed to have been murdered. The man had brown hair and sandy whiskers—was 30 or 32 years of age. The boy had red hair and was eight or ten years old.

The Mormon train was getting along very well. A son of Col. J. C. Little, Mr. Dodge's son, and Bishop Lane, are reported to have died.

LOVE TRAGEDY IN CONNECTICUT.—On Friday afternoon last, according to a paragraph in the N. York Tribune, a brutal attempt was made on the life of Miss Marilla Buck, a highly respectable school mistress in the parish of Northville, in the town of New Milford, Conn., by a man name Major Howes, of Bethlehem. Howes, for some time, had been paying his addresses to Miss Buck, but on learning something prejudicial to him, she notified him of the necessity of discontinuing his visits. He persisted, and annoyed her at the school house, so that, to get rid of him, she offered him $100 if he would never trouble her again. He left as desired, but returned and demanded the money. Miss B. requested him to withdraw until the close of the school, when she would talk with him. But he refused, and soon drew a jack knife, and inflicted five stabs about the throat, causing the blood to fly about the school, to the indescribable horror of the children, who ran out crying murder. Miss Buck by a superhuman effort, escaped from the monster, and was met by some citizens who conveyed her to the nearest dwelling, where her wounds were dressed. It was thought she might recover, though the case is regarded as a doubtful one. Howes was found soon after in a stream of water nearly drowned. He was resuscitated and conveyed to the prison at Litchfield.

Great Democratic Meeting.

NEWBURG, N. Y., July 26.—A great gathering of the Democracy took place here this evening. Augustus Shell presided, assisted by thirty Vice Presidents and fourteen Secretaries. It was estimated that over 25,000 persons were present, and the greatest enthusiasm was manifested. Among the speakers, present was Horatio Seymour, Gen. Dix, John Van Buren, and Senator Douglas.

THE FISHERIES.—A Washington correspondent of the New York Times has the following:

A special commission will accompany Commodore Long, in the frigate about to be sent to look after the interests of our fishermen, and the movements of the British cruisers. This gentleman is believed to be J. D. Andrews, whose report of the trade with British America, last year, was received with so much favor.

Ann Hong and Jonas Williams, accolored man, were executed in New York on Friday last—the former for the murder of her husband, and the latter for killing his step-daughter.

Standing Committee Meeting.

Agreeably to notice given, the Democratic Standing Committee of Cumberland county, met at Maglaughlin's hotel, in this Borough, on Saturday the 7th of August. On motion, John Wunderlich, Esq., of North Middleton township, was called to the Chair, and Thomas C. Scoutler, Esq., of Mifflin township, appointed Secretary.

The object of the meeting having been stated by the Chair, on motion, the following resolutions were presented and unanimously adopted, viz:

Resolved, That the Democratic voters in the several townships, boroughs, and wards of Cumberland county, be requested to meet at their usual places of holding such elections, on *Saturday the 21st instant*, between the hours of 3 and 6 o'clock, P. M., and then and there elect two delegates to represent each township, borough and ward in the County Convention.

Resolved, That the said delegates so elected will meet in County Convention, in Carlisle, on *Monday the 23d instant*, in Education Hall, at 1 o'clock, for the purpose of nominating a County Ticket and appointing Congressional conferees to meet the conferees that may be appointed by Perry and York counties.

Resolved, That the above proceedings be signed by the officers and published.

JOHN WUNDERLICH, Chairman.
T. C. SCOULLER, Secretary.

Deaths.

In this borough, on Tuesday last, after a lingering illness, Maj. ROBERT LAMBERTON, a well known and highly respectable citizen, aged 66 years.

In Mechanicsburg, on the 22nd ult., CASPER D. GUTER, (late Constable of said borough,) aged 51 years and 8 months. He was a native of Germantown, Philadelphia County. He has left an affectionate widow and six children, to mourn after him.—But their loss is his eternal gain. He bore his three years affliction with Job-like patience, while the whole medical gentlemen around administered skillfully and kindly to aid him, without being able to reach and subdue his disease. He's gone; he left many friends, and we believe no enemies. E.

Near Kingstown, on the 29th ult., Mrs. ELIZABETH, consort of Mr. Martin Herman, aged 49 years, 9 months, and 17 days.

In Shiremanstown, on the 1st inst., Miss HARRIET MOREN, aged 17 years and 16 days.

In Mechanicsburg, on the 3d inst., Mrs. MARY FELLS, aged 63 years, 4 months and 9 days.

WANTED.

EXPERIENCED men to operate for the Farmers and Mechanics Mutual Health Association, of Harrisburg, Pa., to whom good encouragement will be given. Application may be made at the Cumberland Valley Hotel, or address, post paid, the Agent

WILLIAM D. WARD, Genl. Agt.

August 12, 1852—1t*.

ROILLING SPRING.

THE house situated at the head of Boiling Spring, 4½ miles east of Carlisle, is offered for rent. Said house is well calculated for a store or tavern. Apply to Peter F. Ege, at Carlisle Iron Works, or to the occupant of the property.

PETER F. EGE.

August 12, 1852—tf

TO TEACHERS.

THE School Directors of Dickinson District, Cumberland county, will meet at the house of Victor Shannon, (Stone Tavern,) on Saturday the 28th day of August instant, at 9 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of examining and employing 11 Teachers, to take charge of the Common Schools of said District for the ensuing term. No person will be employed who is incompetent to teach English grammar and Geography, if required in the said District. The schools will be expected to commence about the middle of September. By order of the Board.

JACOB LEFEVER, Sec'ty.

August 12, 1852—3t

Notice to Teachers.

THE Directors of Silver Spring School District will meet at the house of George Duey, in Hogestown, at 1 o'clock P. M., on Saturday, 21st instant, to enter into agreement with Teachers—shortly after which time it is expected the schools in the District will commence. A few more teachers may find employment in the District. Schools to continue for eight months. Applicants will please present themselves at the time and place named for examination. By order of the Board.

GEO. H. BUCHER, Sec'y.

Aug. 12, 1852—2t