# THE VOLUNTEER.

John B. Bratton, Editor and Proprietor.

CARLISLE, THURSDAY, OCT. 9, 1851.


## Bigler Club of Carlisle.

A Meeting of the Club will be held at STOUGH'S HOTEL, THIS (Thursday) EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. Turn out, Democrats, turn out!

JOHN B. BRATTON, Pres't.

Carlisle, Oct. 9, 1851.

## West Pennsborough Awake.

BIGLER, CLOVER, AND THE WHOLE STATE AND COUNTY TICKET!

A meeting of the Democrats of Westpennsborough and adjoining townships, will be held at the public house of D. S. TAYLOR, at SPRINGFIELD, on FRIDAY (to-morrow) EVENING. Several able speakers have been engaged.

## Lower Allen.

BIGLER, CLOVER, AND THE WHOLE STATE AND COUNTY TICKET!

A meeting of the Democrats of Lower Allen and adjoining townships, will be held at the public house of John Watt, in LISBURN, on SATURDAY EVENING next. Several able speakers will be present.

## The Meeting To-Night!

Democrats of Carlisle, don't forget to attend the meeting of the Bigler Club, at STOUGH'S HOTEL, THIS (Thursday) EVENING. The time for argument has passed. Action, energy and perseverance, must, from this day forth, be the only weapons of warfare. Attend the meeting this evening, then, Democrats. The day of battle is at hand!

## Explanation of the New Mode of Voting.

Our readers will remember that the law of the last Legislature prescribing the mode of electing Judges, provides that the five Judges of the Supreme Court shall be voted for on a single and separate ticket or piece of paper, and the Judge required to be learned in the law, on another separate ticket or paper.—Consequently, at the Election next Tuesday, the people of Cumberland county will use *only three pieces of paper* for all the candidates to be elected, to wit: One ticket containing the names of five persons for Supreme Judges: another ticket, containing the name of one person for President Judge; and a third ticket, containing the names of all the other candidates for State and County offices, from Governor down to Auditor. Care should be taken by every voter to observe strictly these requirements of the law, otherwise *his vote will not be counted.*

In order to make the matter so plain to every one, that it cannot be misunderstood, we have taken the Democratic ticket which has stood at the head of our paper, and arranged it in the precise order in which it must be voted on the second Tuesday of October, viz:

*With one ticket, vote for the following candidates:*

FOR GOVERNOR,

**WILLIAM BIGLER.**

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,

**SETH CLOVER.**

*Associate Judges,*

Hon. JOHN CLENDENIN, S. Spring.
WILLIAM KERR, W. Pennsborough.

*Assembly,*

J. ELLIS BONHAM, Carlisle.
J. C. DUNLAP, Allen.

*Prothonotary,*

JOHN P. RHOADS, Hopewell.

*Clerk of the Courts,*

SAMUEL MARTIN, S. Middleton.

*Register,*

HENRY S. RITTER, Carlisle.

*Commissioner,*

Col. W. GRACEY, Frankford.

*Treasurer,*

MOSES BRICKER, Monroe.

*Director of the Poor,*

GEORGE SHEAFFER, S. Middleton.

*Auditor,*

S. MEGAW, Mifflin.

*With another ticket, vote for*
*President Judge,*

JAMES H. GRAHAM, of Carlisle.

*With a third ticket, vote for*
JUDGES OF THE SUPREME COURT,

JEREMIAH S. BLACK, of Somerset.
JAMES CAMPBELL, of Philadelphia.
ELLIS LEWIS, of Lancaster.
JOHN B. GIBSON, of Cumberland.
WALTER H. LOWRIE, of Allegheny.

These tickets, just as they stand, we hope every Democrat in Cumberland county will vote. All the candidates, from our gallant standard-bearer, Colonel WILLIAM BIGLER, down to the one named for the lowest office on the list, are worthy of the united support of their party. They have come before the people fairly and honestly, and according to time-honored usage, and no Democrat who seriously reflects upon the vast influence which an inflexible adherance to *regular nominations* exercises upon the preservation of party organization, strong, vigorous and effective, will permit himself to be persuaded to strike a single name from the list. If *but one name* be stricken off, it weakens the whole ticket, and assists the Whigs. Such a course, at this time, when it is all-important that the party should be united to a man, in order to secure the success of our State ticket, would be nothing less than suicidal.

### "Cumberland Valley Hotel."

This is the name of the new Tavern Stand, just erected by Mr. JOSEPH HEISER, in place of the one recently destroyed by fire, on the north east corner of East High and Bedford streets, in this borough. The new building is a large, extensive, and magnificent brick edifice, and capable of accommodating a large number of persons. In beauty of design, architectural symmetry, and in extent of buildings, the "Cumberland Valley Hotel" at least equals, if it does not excel, any house of a similar character in the borough. The stabling attached to this Hotel is new, ample and extensive, and the out-houses, &c., are numerous and convenient. The house is located in a pleasant, central and business part of the town, and such persons as may attend Court, as well as others, will find it a cheerful home during their sojurn amongst us.

Mr. HEISER is well calculated for the business in which he has embarked, as he has for a long time catered successfully for the public, here and elsewhere, in the capacity of landlord. He is gentlemanly, courteous and obliging, and is ever attentive to the comfort and convenience of his guests. We advise all our friends to give him a call and judge for themselves. See his advertisement in another column.

### GOV. JOHNSTON AND THE ACT OF 1847.

What a marked difference there is between the manly, candid, and straight-forward course of Col. BIGLER, in expressing his views on all the political questions of the day, and the desperate effort of Gov. JOHNSTON to conceal entirely his opinions, or to express them in such ambiguous language that they may be interpreted to suit any party! It is a singular fact, that while the latter is known to be in feeling a rank Abolitionist, he is not only claimed by the Abolitionists and Free Soilers, but also by those of the Whig party in favor of the Compromise measures of the last Congress, as holding sentiments similar to their own! He pretends in certain quarters, to be not really hostile to those great measures which cement the Union, but merely in favor of certain modifications, and his Abolition friends hold that these "modifications" would be a virtual repeal of the bill, while those who, with a better conscience, would faithfully secure the guaranteed rights of the South, allege that his "modifications" are only intended to take off the rough edges, without making any important changes in the Act itself!

But how peculiarly evasive and deceptive is his course in regard to the repeal of the 6th Section of the Act of Assembly of Pennsylvania of 1847, in regard to the use of the jails of the Commonwealth. The repeal of this clause is essential to the carrying out, honestly and faithfully, the spirit of the Act of Congress, and the clause in the Constitution of the U. States in guaranteeing to the South the delivery of their fugitives from labor. Gov. Johnston sees fanatics in the North and South mad on these questions, and their actions practically leading to disunion. One party cries out for their guaranteed rights, and the other strives to have those rights violated on every occasion. For the purpose of throwing a great obstacle in the way of the reclamation of fugitive slaves, and withdrawing all facilities from the master that could be done by State legislation, this act of 1847 was slyly, and without proper inspection, passed, and worked the wrong its friends intended, to admiration. When the people discovered its operation, and that it was in violation of the spirit of our solemn compact with the Southern States, and in violation of every principle of honor that binds us as an honest people, and a magnanimous Commonwealth, they caused their Legislature of last year to pass an act repealing the section of the act of 1847, which worked this fraudulent and injurious result. This last was an act creditable to our faith, showing a willingness to retract when we found that we had unwittingly broken our vows, and to retrace our steps when we had fallen into error. After it had passed both Houses, it was sent to Gov. Johnston for his approval, and *he very coolly put it in his pocket!* The people wish to know his views on this question. One party of fanatics, for a pretended philanthropy, are anxious to see him violate all our pledges and promises to the South—another party are equally anxious to have our honor maintained, and such rights granted as are required by the spirit of our compact. Gov. Johnston is travelling over the State for the purpose of expressing his views, that the people may know how he stands in regard to all the political questions that are now agitated. This is his avowed object, to give them an opportunity to vote understandingly. Yet, when called upon to express his opinion in regard to this unjust clause in the Act of 1847, in Meadville, he said he had "*put the bill in his pocket—he had it there now, and would keep it there until three days after the meeting of the Legislature.*" The plain English of this is, that he does not wish to let the people know whether he is in favor of it or not. So that those who are opposed to it may vote for him under the belief *that he is opposed to it*, and those in favor of the repeal may vote for him under the belief *that he is in favor of it.* No other interpretation can be given to his conduct. But contrast with this the conduct of Colonel BIGLER, *and you find a candidate before the people who openly avows his sentiments*, and declares boldly in the hearing of every one who chooses to listen, that he is in favor of the repeal of that clause in the Act of 1847, and honestly leaves the people to vote for or against him in accordance with their approval or disapproval of his sentiments. Such is the different course pursued by Col. Bigler and William F. Johnston.

## The Election on Tuesday.

Democrats! we will not have another opportunity of addressing you previous to the election. During the canvass, we have discharged our duty to the best of our ability, and it now remains for our Democratic friends to discharge their duty. And now, we urge upon you to be active and energetic in the good old cause. *Stick to your nominated ticket!* The plain duty of all good Democrats is to stick to their party and the old landmarks—to sustain its principles by electing the candidates nominated by the proper authority according to established usage.—*Volunteering* is nothing but Federalism in disguse, and is an old trick of the enemies of the Democratic party. "*Divide, distract, and conquer,*" is their motto—principles they have none. But we trust the honest yeomanry of Cumberland county understand their schemes too well to be caught in so weak a gull-trap. Who ever heard of the Whigs of Lancaster getting up a *Volunteer* ticket? They know better than to plot their own downfall in this way, and we think the Democracy of Cumberland are not less wise than they.

### BE NOT DECEIVED, DEMOCRATS!

ROBERT M. HENDERSON, Esquire, one of the Federal nominees for Assembly, boasts that he can "control" and receive the votes of *fifty* Democrats of Carlisle. We hope there is no truth in this—we cannot believe there is even one Democrat in Carlisle *green* enough to cast his vote for this young upstart. Remember, Democrats, this same Robert M. Henderson, in all his speeches, in speaking of Democrats, invariably applies to them the vilest epithets. On many occasions, during the present campaign, has he spoken of you as "vile Locofocos," as "agrarians," "liars," &c. He has stigmatized your candidate for Governor as a "demagogue," and your candidate for Canal Commissioner as a "common man, unworthy of support." And yet this Henderson—a beardless, aristocratic Federalist, with more conceit than brains, is the man who says that he can "control" Democrats!

Be not deceived, Democrats! Vote for your own men for Assembly, BONHAM and DUNLAP. What knowledge has Mr. Henderson of the wants and wishes of the people of this county? If we may judge from the want of information he displays in his various *baby* speeches, we rather guess he would be doing himself much more service by attending to his books than by aspiring to a seat in the Legislature.

Democrats! Look at the columns of the *Herald* of last week, and see the strong appeals there made to the Whigs not to support any "Locofoco." Look at the vile abuse heaped upon your able Representative, Mr. BONHAM, and note the manner in which that vile and infamous sheet misrepresents Mr. BONHAM's position and his votes. After you do this, we think you will agree with us that Mr. Henderson should not expect, much less receive Democratic support. He is a bitter, vindictive, unscrupulous and aristocratic Federalist. His hatred of Democrats and Democratic principles, is only equalled by his love for himself. Once more, then, we say to our Democratic friends, vote for your own able, honest and worthy candidates, BONHAM and DUNLAP.

## To The Polls! To The Polls!

### Are You All Ready?

Democrats of Cumberland!

The Great Battle is now at hand! ARE YOU ALL READY? If not—if there is yet a single soldier of Democracy, who is behind hand, now or never—BEGIN TO BE READY! Many things remain to be done! Call on your luke-warm neighbor, and entreat him to GO TO THE POLLS!—Stir him up to the importance of the contest. The election is close at hand, and you have but little time left for preparatory organization. That time must be usefully employed. Every ward, district, and township should have its committee to class the voters, and bring out every Democrat TO THE POLLS. Let this not be neglected. *EVERY MAN* should be brought to the Polls.

### BE CAREFUL

To examine well and see that the Ballot Box is empty when the voting commences. By no means suffer yourselves to neglect this. There is more in it than strikes the eye at first sight. The most outrageous frauds will undoubtedly be committed upon the ballot boxes by the Federalists this year, unless they are closely watched. Again we caution and entreat you to see to this thing at each place of voting. Look out for the Federalists, who have grown desperate, and will resort to *ANY MEANS* to accomplish their ends.

### COUNT THE VOTES

As soon as the Polls are closed. Insist that this be done, and with open doors, in every instance. Remember, freemen, that the ballot box is your only hope. It is there where your liberties will be preserved or lost. These heaven-bought privileges were purchased by the blood of your fathers,—you hold them only upon the tenure of *eternal vigilance.*

### ILLEGAL VOTERS

Must be watched. Hundreds of votes of this character will be given, unless the Democrats watch the Polls with an Eagle eye, and sternly resist anything in the shape of fraud. Let those be carefully watched.

### BE AT THE POLLS,

Democrats, *no matter whether it hails, rains or snows*, be at the Polls, and be there before they are open.—Talk to your friends,—talk to the Federalists—tell them the truth—conviction always goes hand in hand with truth. Many Democrats at heart, may vote with the Federalists, not knowing the fact, and all their lives after have cause to regret it. See such men, and talk to them about the company they are in—expostulate with them about casting a vote now that may afterwards be a reproach not only upon them, but upon their children's children—for federalism is at this enlightened day a deep reproach to any man.

### WHEN THE POLLS ARE OPEN,

Vote yourself, and then *LOOK OUT* for the REST. Be at hand all day, and if there be a Democrat *missing*,

### START OUT AFTER HIM.

Possibly he may be backward with his seeding, and unable to lose the time required to go to the place of voting. Send him along and *work for him yourself.* Do any thing that is fair and honorable to

### GET OUT THE VOTERS.

It is needless to say that this is the way the federalists will do; *THEY ALWAYS HAVE DONE SO*—their voters never fail to be at the polls—while the Democrats very often are too thronged with work to go to the Election.

### BEAR IT IN MIND.

Some men station themselves at the ballot box on the day of election, to brow beat and over-awe POOR *MEN, who may happen to be in debt to them.* DEMOCRATS! will you suffer this thing to be done? No, you must never tamely bend to the tyrant oppressor's yoke. You must be permitted to vote precisely as you wish—"Unawed by influence and unbribed by gain."

### STAND AT THE POLLS

Until the box is closed, and see that the old and infirm Democrats are not kept away from voting by the crowd. Men are employed in some places to block up the Polls and keep the Democrats away.—Watch well that the way is kept clear.

### THE BATTLE

Now is near at hand. Are you all ready? It will be one that will try men's souls—there will be no chance for running. It must be fought bravely through like the battles men fight when their liberties and their lives are at stake.

Call on that soldier, who has bleached his locks in the many battles for the equal rights of man, and who may think himself ready to rest from the turmoils of political strife, and in the language of an experienced general, "Tell him there is one more struggle in which his voice must be heard—tell him that the young soldiers will do the fighting, but that he must come out on that day and *look on.* His gray locks will be like a banner of freedom to cheer us on to the charge. Tell him he must come out and tell his children how he fought, when the strength of his right arm was nerved in the battles of his country."

### RALLY, FREEMEN, RALLY!

*Rally from every hill,—Rally from every vale,—Rally from your workshops,—Rally from your fields,—Rally from your firesides,—OLD MEN, RALLY!—YOUNG MEN, RALLY!*

## Wide Awake, Democrats!

**Look Out for Sneaking Traitors,** Who profess to be Democrats, but who electioneer for the Federalists *secretly.* Put no trust in any man who is afraid to avow himself openly and above-board, and speak out for the principles, the usages, and the men of the Democratic Party. Stick to your ticket, Democrats—cling to your nominated candidates, and give a long pull, a strong pull, and a pull all together, for the ticket, the whole ticket, and NOTHING BUT THE TICKET!

## Spurious Tickets!

DEMOCRATS, examine well your tickets before voting, and see that every name is correct. This should be done by every Democratic voter. We understand every description of SPURIOUS TICKETS have been printed in this town, and are now ready for distribution! Democrats, we warn you against this infamous trickery. Examine your tickets well, or else you may vote for a Federalist, or for a disorganizer, without knowing it. Beware of treachery!

## Patriotic Sentiments!

The following truly Democratic sentiments occur in one of the late addresses issued by our present efficient Democratic State Central Committee. They are worthy the source from whence they emanated, and cannot be too often perused nor too highly appreciated. We re-print them for the benefit and pleasure of our readers:

"Every consideration which can influence the friends of freedom, now demands of the Democracy a firm support of their WHOLE TICKET. Let every Democrat scorn the counsels of those who would seduce him to betray his party and his country, in whole or in part, by means of a *mixed ticket.*

Democrats! Turn out next Tuesday, rain or no rain, fair weather or foul. Any rain but the *reign* of Federalism!

## Examine Your Receipts!

### JOHNSTON DETECTED!

An old gentleman called at our office a few days since—a man perhaps sixty years of age. After passing the compliments of the day, we asked him if he resided in this county? "No," said he, "I live in Lancaster county, and the object of my visit to Cumberland county is to purchase a farm for my youngest son, who will soon be of age." We *asked* him if he wished to look over the advertising columns of our paper. "Yes, that is what I called for," he answered. We handed him a copy of our paper, and directed his attention to the page containing the real estate advertisements. After reading them over carefully, he put the paper in his pocket, and resumed conversation.

"Well," said he, "what political news have you?"

"Nothing particular. In this county we expect to give Col. Bigler some 400 majority, and elect our county ticket," we answered.

"Well," said he, "I have always been a Whig. I have never yet voted any other than the Federal or Whig ticket, *but I can't vote for Johnston.*"

"*We are glad to hear you say so*; but what are your objections to Johnston?" we asked.

"*He is a dishonest man, and is not ashamed to tell a lie*, and I can't vote for a man like him," remarked the old gentleman, with emphasis.

"Will you please explain?" we asked.

"Yes. You see Johnston made a speech at Lancaster, after his nomination. He told us *he* had paid *off half a million of the State debt*, and at the same time had reduced the amount of taxes on real estate, and that the farmers were not paying as heavy taxes now as they paid during Mr. Shunk's administration."

"Oh, yes," we remarked, "that was certainly a great falsehood."

"Yes, it *was* a great falsehood, and my receipts for State taxes for the farm I have lived on for thirty years, is proof of the falsity of Johnston's assertion. After listening to his speech, I rode home, and compared my receipts, and found that I had paid considerably more State tax on my farm for the last three years, than I had ever paid for three years previous. My taxes for the three years of Governor Johnston's administration are some $18 *more* than I paid during the three years and a half that Mr. Shunk was Governor."

"We are very glad you have taken the trouble to investigate this matter," we remarked. "If all farmers would do the same, Johnston would soon discover that he is mistaken when he supposes the people too ignorant to detect his falsehoods."

"I cannot vote for Johnston—he is a dishonest man and a cheat," remarked the old gentleman, as he bid us good morning, and left our office.

Now, this is no trumped up story. The above conversation actually took place in our office. Now, farmers of Cumberland county, the Federal *Herald* of this place has asserted that the farmers have paid less taxes under Johnston's administration than they paid under Shunk's. Just compare your tax receipts, as did the old Lancaster county farmer, and you will find that Gov. Johnston, and our pious neighbor of the *Herald*, have been guilty of telling you a naked, premeditated, unvarnished *lie.* EXAMINE YOUR RECEIPTS, FARMERS!

### VILLAINY---LOOK OUT!

A most base and villainous attempt to traduce the character of our excellent candidate for President Judge, was exposed and checked on Saturday last. It appears that a hypocritical and sycophantic "half breed" Democrat, of Bloomfield, Perry county, wrote two letters to Whig Lawyers in this place, suggesting the propriety of getting out handbills, a few days before the election, and after the last issue of the Democratic papers of the District, denouncing Mr. GRAHAM as "*the President of a Shaving Shop,*" in *Carlisle—meaning the Carlisle Deposit Bank.* These handbills were to be flooded over Perry county. The letters suggested that it would be an excellent scheme for Perry county, and to assert in the bills that the Bank "was in the habit of buying up rotten and depreciated paper and circulating it." The matter was taken into consideration by the Whig regulators in town, who held a caucus on the subject, and sent out their spies to see if they could drum up any person desperate and depraved enough to assert and stand up to such falsehoods. But they could find no *respectable man* willing to do it.

It is understood, however, that the bills were to be published in this borough on Friday, and circulated immediately throughout Perry county. But fortunately for the cause of truth, there happened to be one man laying claim to a character for honesty, and who had been consulted in regard to this diabolical conspiracy, whose conscience became too heavy to carry, and he exposed the whole matter. On Saturday, the "regulators" found that the secret was out, and their "scheme for Perry county" knocked on the head. They all look like condemned culprits when the Perry county letter is mentioned, and try to clear their own skirts, by throwing all the odium on the author of the letters.

## Let the People Remember,

That the taxes on real and personal estate have been **INCREASED**, in two years, under Johnston's administration, *NEARLY A QUARTER OF A MILLION OF DOLLARS.*

### Let the People Remember,

That the cry of *TARIFF! TARIFF!* **Ruin! Ruin!** is rung in their ears previous to every election, and then permitted to slumber until it becomes necessary to use the same theme again for agitation.

### Let the People Remember,

That *two more clerks* are employed in the Executive and State Department of this Commonwealth under Gov. Johnson's administration than were employed under Gov. Shunk, and that their salaries are an additional burthen upon the State of *FIFTEEN HUNDRED DOLLARS.*

### Let the People Remember,

That the taxes have been increased more than **Two Hundred Thousand Dollars** greater than the two last years of Shunk's administration. Tax Payers, Remember that it is an official fact as shown by the Auditor General's Report.

### Let the People Remember,

That John Strohm when in Congress voted against granting supplies to feed and clothe the American troops, while fighting their country's battles in a foreign and inhospitable climate, in the midst of a cruel, intolerant enemy.

### Let the People Remember,

That in order to take money from the ordinary revenue, to put into the Sinking Fund, to purchase five per cent. stocks—Gov. Johnson's administration had to borrow *FOUR HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS* at an interest of SIX PER CENT.—Surely this is Sinking the Funds!

☞THE TICKET, THE WHOLE TICKET, and nothing but the Ticket—Democrats, let that be your motto. Go the whole figure, and you'll never regret it.

"The Volunteer's *jokes* are getting to be vastly amusing."—*Herald.*

And the Herald's LIES are not only amusing but heart-rending.

### THE UNITY OF THE COMPROMISE.

There appears to be one point in regard to the compromise measures of the last Congress, so far as regards the surrender of fugitives from labor, that seems not at all to be understood, or, if understood, not to receive its full share of importance—that is, "the *unity*" of the compromise. Fully to appreciate the importance of this point, it is necessary to refer to the period of the organization of our Government, and the adoption of our Constitution. A warm difference of opinion then existed between the North and the South in regard to slavery. In the Convention for the formation of the Constitution, the Northern delegates naturally took a stand against the institution of slavery, as being politically injurious, and opposed to the common feelings of humanity.—These assertions were partly admitted by the members from the South; but, they replied with great force, that the institution had been saddled on them—that it was so interwoven into their system of society that it was impossible to get rid of it—that slave labor had become necessary to the peculiar productions of the South—and that *they were politically* their recognized property. On these questions, the union of the thirteen States was in danger of never being consummated. At last a *compromise* was effected, by the South entering into a covenant not to import, or allow the importation of slaves after a certain period, in consideration that the Northern States should hold *inviolate* their right of property in slaves, and deliver them up when they should escape into the territory of the Northern States. In sealing this solemn contract, the 3d clause of the 2d section of the 6th Article of the Constitution of the United States was adopted. Under this clause, the right of property was as strongly recognized in slaves as it was in any other property that the master possessed, and, by virtue of it, he could pursue his fugitive into any portion of the Union, and take him without legal process. In time, however, by the efforts of abolitionists, the life of the master became endangered, whenever he attempted to exercise this right in any Northern State. The master, or his agent, was beaten down by armed mobs, and his property rescued from his possession, and the clause in the Constitution became a dead letter. The cry of disunion was then raised, on the ground that the compact entered into in the Constitution had been broken by the North, and that thus the agreement which had bound the States together had been virtually dissolved. A new *compromise* was then entered into, between the Northern and Southern States, before the last Congress.—Among many great and conflicting interests, this one was settled, by the South agreeing that their slaves, when arrested as fugitives, should be taken before a Commissioner of the United States, where the question of their owing service *should be tried*, and a decision given in accordance with the facts. In consideration of this being done, the North again solemnly covenanted to interpose no obstacles in the way of the master retaking his property to his own home. Hence the compromise became a unit in which the stipulations were all *centered* and *meged.* Thus, then, this act, which has settled the storm that was likely to rupture our bond of Union, stands in the nature of a *contract*, and is to be viewed as totally different in its *essence* from the ordinary acts of common legislation, although technically similar. Yet in regard to this act, Gov. Johnston declares that he will never cease to agitate the question of its repeal or modification! He is not content to let the Union rest in peace, but for his own political aggrandizement and elevation, he must try to stir up another hurricane to disturb the harmony and good feeling which was again just beginning to bless our whole nation, under the benign influence of what is called "the compromise." But how is its repeal or modification to be accomplished, without the assent of both parties—without the assent *of the South*, as well as the North? If the North could command a majority, to repeal or modify those parts, which secure Southern rights, could they not fairly charge us with fraud, and a violation of our promises—and would they not have good reason to suppose that they could no longer act in union with us, without surrendering their right of property entirely, or submit to insults and violence on every occasion?

## Henry S. Ritter.

MECHANICS, rally to the support of HENRY S. RITTER, the Democratic candidate for Register. Mr. Ritter is a hard working mechanic—a man of spotless character, and one of our very best citizens. He is poor, with a large family dependent upon him for support. Of German parentage, he speaks the German language equally as *well as the English*, which is a matter of much importance and convenience to our German fellow citizens having business to transact in the Register's office. But, independent of all these considerations, Mr. Ritter's intrinsic merits should commend him to the support of every man who desires to see our public offices held by faithful, competent, and moral men. No man within our knowledge is better qualified to fill this office in a creditable manner to himself, and with profit to the people, than Mr. Ritter. Mechanics! give your fellow mechanic a lift.

### To Work, Democrats, To Work!

The time is short within which to work before the election. Never before was the Democracy of Cumberland called more imperiously and earnestly than now, to make every sacrifice of personal feeling, and come up united to the support of every candidate upon the ticket. Obliterate private animosities, bury old bickerings, and come up like men who battle for *principles*, who desire to see our flag once more in complete triumph in old Cumberland. Give not an inch to the enemy. Let the Democracy present a solid column, each candidate receiving a decided majority. The day is ours if we desire to have it. Every persuasion will be used; misrepresentation resorted to, to induce Democrats to vote for one or more of the Whig ticket. Stand firm; be not coaxed or deceived; repel like men every such attempt to seduce you from your integrity. Remember that it is impossible to save our State ticket, unless every *Democrat is unyielding.* If you would not defeat Col. Bigler, resolve now, resolve firmly to support the WHOLE TICKET. It is in this way you save yourselves the annoyance of being *bored* by the Federalists.—Repel them promptly and decidedly, and they will not come again with blandishments. The day is ours. If you would share the victory, be sure you are faithful.

### Col. JOHN W. FORNEY.

We extract the following notice of our valued friend and able cotemporary of the *Pennsylvanian*, from the Baltimore Republican of the 25th ultimo. Col. FORNEY attended the great Democratic demonstration in that city; and no doubt did the cause of the People as good service in speech as he is constantly doing with his pen:

Col. JOHN W. FORNEY, of Philadelphia, succeeded Mr. Whyte, and proved himself to be as able on the stump as he is with his pen. His eloquent speech was received in the best possible manner. We regret that we are not able to give a sketch of this gentleman's remarks in our paper to-day; we shall, however, do so in a day or two. The Colonel's eloquent delivery of incontrovertible truths reached every mind and heart.

We understand that the Colonel will be a candidate for Clerk of the next House of Representatives of the United States. There is no man in the country, we think, who can lay stronger claims to this distinguished post; and the Democracy of the Union will scarcely do their duty unless they elect him to that office, if he is disposed to accept it.

## Gov. Johnston Condemned!

WILLIAM F. JOHNSTON, in his Lancaster Speech, said that if he had been a member of Congress, he never would have voted for the Texas Boundary Bill and the Fugitive Slave Law, two important sections of the Compromise Measures. And he further said that the Union is in no danger, and could never be dissolved.

Now to prove the incorrectness of his position—to show to you beyond doubt that he is not the friend of the whole country—to demonstrate to you that he is in direct opposition to leading men of his own party—to satisfy you in your own minds that *his* opposition to these measures places him in the list with such abolitionists as Seward, Giddings, Hale, Howe, Garrison, Thaddeus Stevens, &c.—we quote only from two sources.

Daniel Webster, the great leader of the Northern Whig Party, said at Albany, whilst speaking of these measures, the following words:

"Nevertheless, gentlemen, I desire to declare in the most emphatic manner, that I hold *these laws*, and especially that which provided for the adjustment of the controversy with Texas, to have been essential to the preservation of the public peace."

Therefore William F. Johnston is *condemned* by the Godlike Daniel, (as the Whigs call him,) AND WOULD HAVE VOTED AGAINST THE PRESERVATION OF THE PUBLIC PEACE. You cannot support such a man.

Again Daniel Webster has said in reference to the Compromise Measures:

"It was my conscientious belief, still unshaken ever since confirmed, that if the difficulty with Texas could not be amicably adjusted, there must, in all probability, have been civil war and civil bloodshed."

Therefore, as William F. Johnston has said *boldly*, that he would not have voted for an amicable adjustment of these difficulties, HE WAS IN FAVOR OF CIVIL WAR AND CIVIL BLOODSHED.—Freemen of Cumberland, can you support such a man, whose heart and soul are in open rebellion to the interests of the Union? *You cannot, you will not.*

The Washington *Republic*, the organ of the Whig party of the United States, says on this subject:

"The Compromise, it is well known, is regarded by President Fillmore, as the best, if not the only means of restoring peace and quiet to the country, and maintaining inviolate the integrity of the Union."

Yet Gov. Johnston says he would not have voted for a part of this Compromise, and therefore he was opposed to the RESTORATION OF PEACE AND QUIET TO THE COUNTRY. Such a man deserves *universal condemnation*, and he will receive it on the 2d Tuesday of October. No man can receive the support of Pennsylvania who is not the true and firm friend of the Compromise measures, and as W. F. Johnston has shown his hostility to the measures, he will be consigned to a political grave, while Col. WILLIAM BIGLER, who is the firm and enthusiastic supporter of all of these measures, is entitled to the support of every Union loving man in this Commonwealth, and will be rewarded by a triumphant and glorious election, and when the fight is over and the battle won, the glad tidings will be heralded to the North and the South, the East and the West, that PENNSYLVANIA IS TRUE TO THE UNION, THE CONSTITUTION, AND THE COMPROMISE.

## Gen. Clover at Home!

At a large Mass Meeting held in the borough of Clarion, during the recent sitting of their County Court, the following resolution, endorsing the high character and competency of our Democratic candidate for Canal Commissioner, was adopted unanimously, and is responded to by the Democracy of Clarion county, without a dissenting voice. Look at it, ye truckling Whig tricksters, and hush your foul and slanderous allegations concerning his standing at home, among the people *where he is known*, and has spent the years of his manhood:

*Resolved*, That the selection of Seth Clover as a candidate for the office of Canal Commissioner, meets our hearty approbation; that we have entire confidence in his honesty and fitness, and regard insinuations to the contrary as reckless imputations, insulting to the citizens who have heretofore honored him with their votes for important and responsible trusts.

In addition to this, we have still another of the same sort, from the "Clarion Township Bigler Club," the district in which the General was born, where he grew up to be a man, a "common man," and led the life of a farmer, until he was twenty-one years of age. The meeting which passed this resolution was a very large one, and the resolution was passed unanimously!

*Resolved*, That we highly approve of the nomination of SETH CLOVER for Canal Commissioner, knowing him to be honest and capable, and well qualified to discharge the duties of that office, and we, his neighbors, now in solemn council met, not only *approve* his nomination, but we pledge the Democracy of Clarion county to *endorse* it by giving him **1100 majority.**

## Look out for Lying Handbills.

We understand that the friends of Judge WATTS have it in contemplation to issue handbills on the eve of the election, containing vile and infamous slanders against Mr. GRAHAM. We caution Democrats to look out for these lying handbills. Our friends in Perry and Juniata counties, particularly, must be wide awake for all sorts of trickery and fraud. The Federalists are becoming desperate, and are willing to resort to any means to gain their ends.

## Bill of Fare!!

Under the Democratic administrations of SHUNK and POLK:

Wheat $1,50 per bushel.
Flour $6,00 per barrel.
Corn $1,45 per bushel.

Under the Whig administration of JOHNSTON and FILLMORE:

Wheat 75 cents per bushel.
Flour $3,50 per barrel.
Corn 40 cents per bushel.

Farmers how do you like the bill of fare? If it suits you vote the Whig ticket and you can have a little more of the same sort.

## New Cumberland Awake!

A mass meeting was held on *Saturday evening* last, at the public house of Wm. H. Bohl, in the Borough of New Cumberland, which was numerously attended by the Democrats of the lower end *townships*, and *also from* York county, and Harrisburg. That sterling Democrat, ADAM FEAMAN, presided, assisted by a number of Vice Presidents and Secretaries. The meeting was held in the open air in front of Mr. Bohl's house, and was *addressed by* J. Ellis Bonham of this place, and F. C. Carson and R. A. Lamberton of Harrisburg. The right spirit is abroad in the lower end of the County, and we hope they will give a good account of themselves on the 2d Tuesday of October. Let New Cumberland now redeem herself from the cloud that has rested upon her.

### REGULAR NOMINATIONS.

No party can be sustained without an adherence to party organization and regular nominations.—"Principles, not men," should be the motto of every faithful Democrat. We must yield to the will of the majority and sustain the choice of Conventions; otherwise the party will be split up into factions, and we will be defeated by our intestine broils. To retain Democratic supremacy and ensure success in future campaigns, we must stick to the ticket—the whole ticket—and nothing but the ticket.