THE VOLUNTEER.

John B. Bratton, Editor and Proprietor.

CARLISLE, THURSDAY, SEPT. 18, 1851.

FOR GOVERNOR,

WILLIAM BIGLER,

OF CLEARFIELD COUNTY.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,

SETH CLOVER,

OF CLARION COUNTY.

FOR JUDGES OF THE SUPREME COURT,

JEREMIAH S. BLACK, of Somerset.
JAMES CAMPBELL, of Philadelphia.
ELLIS LEWIS, of Lancaster.
JOHN B. GIBSON, of Cumberland.
WALTER H. LOWRIE, of Allegheny.

COUNTY TICKET.

President Judge,

JAMES H. GRAHAM, of Carlisle.

Associate Judges,

Hon. JOHN CLENDENIN, S. Spring.
WILLIAM KERR, W. Pennsborough.

Assembly,

J. ELLIS BONHAM, Carlisle.
J. C. DUNLAP, Allen.

Prothonotary,

JOHN P. RHOADS, Hopewell.

Clerk of the Courts,

SAMUEL MARTIN, S. Middleton.

Register,

HENRY S. RITTER, Carlisle.

Commissioner,

Col. W. GRACEY, Frankford.

Treasurer,

MOSES BRICKER, Monroe.

Director of the Poor,

GEORGE SHEAFFER, S. Middleton.

Auditor,

S. MEGAW, Mifflin.

Bigler Club of Carlisle!

A Meeting of the Club will be held at Moudy's Hotel, on Saturday evening next, the 20th inst., at 7½ o'clock. Turn out, Democrats, turn out!

JOHN B. BRATTON, Pres't.

Carlisle, Sept. 18, 1851.

Attention Democrats!

COL. WILLIAM BIGLER,

The Democratic Candidate for Governor,

Will address the citizens of Cumberland county, on Thursday, the 25th of September,

At the following places and hours—At Shippensburg, at 10 o'clock, in the forenoon of said day. And at Carlisle, at 3 o'clock, in the afternoon of the same day.

Turn out, Democrats, and give a welcome to your distinguished standard-bearer, Col. William Bigler. It will be the only occasion you will have to see and hear the "Susquehanna Raftsman." Keep the ball rolling, Democrats! Turn out from the hills and valleys to the meetings, and let each one be a grand rally in favor of the good old cause!

By order of the Committee appointed by the "Carlisle Bigler Club."

Carlisle, September 11, 1851.

Our columns for the last few weeks have been crowded with advertisements, which has prevented us giving our usual amount and variety of reading matter. We will have more room in a week or two.

Read It—Read It.

Democrats of Cumberland, read the Address of the Democratic State Central Committee, to be found in another column. "The duty of Democrats to all their Regular Nominations," is the subject of the Address. The arguments used in this Address appeal to the *honor* of every Democrat. Let every Democrat, therefore, read it, and if he be a man of principle and honor, he will cling to the nominations of his party, as he does to his religion. Read it!—*read it!*—READ IT!

COL. BIGLER COMING—CHANGE OF HOURS.

We have received a letter from Col. Bigler, dated Pittsburg, September 12, in which he says he "will certainly be in old Mother Cumberland on the 25th inst." He will speak in Shippensburg *at 10 o'clock*, (not at 1 o'clock, as first announced,) in the forenoon; and at Carlisle, *at 3 o'clock* in the afternoon of said day. As soon as practicable after he has concluded his speech at Shippensburg, he will leave that place in a private conveyance for Carlisle. If the roads are good and the weather favorable, he will come by way of Centreville, where he will stop for a few minutes, and possibly dine at the public house of Mr. C. Hoffman. He expects to arrive in Carlisle between 2 and 3 o'clock.

Hot Weather—Cold Weather.—During several days last week the thermometer stood at 96°, and the atmosphere was so close and oppressive that we could hardly breathe. On Saturday night, however, the weather suddenly changed, and on Sunday morning the thermometer was down to 66°, and on Monday and Tuesday nights we had heavy white frosts. These sudden changes create sickness. Be careful.

Franklin County.—The Democrats of Franklin county met in County Convention, at Chambersburg, on the 9th instant, and placed in nomination the following excellent ticket:

Assembly—Wm. D. McKinstry, William Donnelly.
Associate Judges—John Orr, Henry Ruby.
Commissioner—Jonathan Knepper.
Prothonotary—J. Smith Grier.
Register and Recorder—Dr. W. J. Maxwell.

Wilson Reilly, John Armstrong and John Nill, were then elected Delegates to the State Convention at Harrisburg, to assemble in March, 1852.—No resolutions were offered on the subject of the Presidency, but the Delegates elected are the firm friends of Gen. Cass.

Blair County.—George R. M'Farland, Esq. is the Delegate to the 4th of March Convention from this county, instructed unanimously for Cass.

Cambria, Blair, and Huntingdon counties have elected John Scott, Esq., Senatorial Delegate to the State Convention, and instructed him for Cass.

Bedford, &c.—We learn from the Bedford *Gazette*, that the Hon. Isaac Hugus, has been selected as the Senatorial delegate to the next State Convention from that District, instructed for James Buchanan for President.

Adams.—Hon. J. B. Danner, is the Delegate from this county. He is the decided friend of Mr. Buchanan.

Lebanon.—D. B. Marshall and Wm. Murray are the Delegates, with instructions to vote for Mr. Buchanan.

THE SECRET OUT!

The *Herald* of last week has a lengthy article on the subject of the election of *two* Whigs and *one* Democrat as Judges. The article, it is generally supposed, was sanctioned and dictated by Judge Watts himself. For the purpose of convincing our Democratic friends of the *real* object the Federalists of this county had in view in forming the amalgamation ticket, we select from the article the following sentence:

"It must be plain to every *Whig*, that if we wish to secure the election of Judge Watts, a *union* with our political opponents is the only means by which we can *succeed*. On this ground, therefore, the Independent ticket is formed."

There—the secret is out at last. The object of the "union" is the defeat of Mr. Graham. So it appears the Federalists care very little about their candidates for Associate Judges after all. If they can elect Judge Watts they will have accomplished the object had in view by the three or four men in Carlisle who nominated the "Independent Judicial Ticket." This is a frank admission on the part of the *Herald*, and we think it will have the effect to open the eyes of the Democrats of this county. What Democrat will countenance a plot, the object of which is the defeat of the Democratic candidate for President Judge?

Democrats of Cumberland, your political opponents are attempting to blindfold you, and seduce you from duty. If they succeed in this base attempt at deception, they will laugh at you after you have voted and discovered the trick. Be wide awake, then, and spurn the offers of your adversaries. Stick to your own ticket, and battle for your own principles.

DEMOCRATS, SUPPORT YOUR COUNTY TICKET.

Never had the Democracy of Cumberland county a more glorious chance for gaining a brilliant victory than at the coming election. They *must* prove victorious, unless they listen to the syrene song of the minions of Federalism. The contest should be emphatically based upon principle, for it must be admitted that the private character of the Democratic candidates will bear the test of investigation. The fundamental doctrines of the Democratic party are deeply involved in the coming election, and you should not permit minor matters to influence your course at the ballot box.

Arouse, then, Democrats, and preserve your integrity—exhibit your patriotism, and zealously unite in promoting the election of your regularly nominated candidates. Rally in solid columns to the support of the WHOLE TICKET. Teach your ancient enemies a lesson on the second Tuesday of next month, which will prove to them that you cannot be deluded by either falsehood or trickery, or defeated through treachery. Be united—be harmonious—be watchful—be fearless in your support of the REGULARLY NOMINATED DEMOCRATIC TICKET, and VICTORY must perch upon your proud standard of pure principles!

GOV. JOHNSTON AND THE PUBLIC TREASURY.

Gov. Johnston prates much about his replenishing the Commonwealth's treasury, but he is careful not to say one word about his attempt to filch from it. He not only charged the Commonwealth, and actually received mileage for going to Harrisburg to assume the duties of the office of Governor—a thing unheard of—but he also demanded from the State Treasurer pay as Governor, at the rate of *twelve hundred and fifty pounds*, whilst he was acting as Governor by virtue of his office as Speaker of the Senate, under the act of 1791, which provides that the Speaker of the Senate when he shall exercise the office of Governor in cases provided for in the Constitution shall receive "at the rate of twelve hundred and fifty pounds per annum,"—thus attempting to take out of the treasury, *illegally*, a sum much greater than he was entitled to under the laws *in existence at the time*, and of which he was fully aware. Here then we have a barefaced attempt of his Excellency to take from the Treasury of the Commonwealth, illegally, a large sum of money for the purpose of appropriating it to his own use, and yet this *economical* Governor tells the people that he has provided ways and means for supplying funds and extinguishing the State debt!

But *perhaps* the Governor has forgotten this attempt upon the public funds, inasmuch as he failed in accomplishing his object, but we dare him to a denial. We are prepared with the proof, if necessary, to establish the fact, that he did make such demand of the then State Treasurer, and insisted upon its payment. The Treasurer, however, refused to pay and here the matter ended, Gov. J. not daring to expose himself by attempting to compel the Treasurer to pay his illegal claim.

Such, then, is the man who asks you to support him because of his "guarding the public Treasury"—a man who, during his official career, has been endeavoring to prey upon it. Will the people of Pennsylvania longer permit him to occupy a position which affords him an opportunity to put his hands into the public purse when he pleases? We are convinced they will not.

OUR TICKET.

The *Pennsylvanian*, in speaking of the Democratic ticket nominated in this county, says:

Cumberland County, with Juniata and Perry, form the Judicial district, and the Democrats of each have presented, by a unanimous vote, the powerful name of James H. Graham, as the Democratic candidate for President Judge—an indication of victory in October of the most gratifying character. Cumberland County has put in nomination the following strong Democratic ticket. We rejoice to see that Bonham has consented to come back to the Legislature, where, in the remnant of Mr. Church's last term, he distinguished himself by many of the loftiest qualities of a legislator and an orator, and above all, by his sincere and enthusiastic championship of Democratic principles.

BIGLER CLUB MEETING.

The largest meeting yet held by the Carlisle Bigler Club convened at Alcorn's tavern, in this borough, on Saturday evening last.

In accordance with a resolution adopted at the last meeting, the officers of the Club announced the following block committees:

North West Ward—Andrew Roberts, Samuel H. Gould.

North East Ward—Ephraim Cornman, William H. Trout.

South East Ward—George Z. Bentz, Franklin Holcomb.

South West Ward—Jefferson Worthington, Samuel Wetzel.

The committee appointed to make arrangements for the reception of Col. Bigler, made report that they had attended to that duty.

The meeting was then addressed by John Hyer, Esq., and John B. Bratton. After which the following resolutions were offered and adopted:

Resolved, That when this meeting adjourns it adjourns to meet again at the public house of Col. Moudy, on Saturday evening next, the 20th inst.

Resolved, That the above proceedings be signed by the officers and published.

JOHN B. BRATTON, *President.*

Wm. Parke, Rudisill Natcher, Andrew Roberts, Christopher Stough, Andrew Monasmith, *Vice Presidents.*

Philip Quigley, Samuel H. Gould, *Secretaries.*

GOVERNOR JOHNSTON'S PROCLAMATION.

The *Herald* of last week exults over the Proclamation of Gov. Johnston, informing the people that $659,122 98 of the State debt has been liquidated by the operation of the Sinking Fund. This is certainly good news, and the people have reason to be thankful to a Democratic board of Canal Commissioners, a Democratic Auditor General, a Democratic State Treasurer, and to Democratic Legislatures for their vigilance and energy in behalf of the State. But, the object of the *Herald*, in publishing the Proclamation, was to give Johnston the credit of paying off this amount of the State debt! Gov. Johnston, who has been absent from the seat of Government, and neglecting the duties of his office for the last five months, now returns home, and attempts to rob faithful public servants of their toil, economy and vigilance, and appropriate the fruits of their labor to himself! What had Gov. Johnston to do with the payment of the sum mentioned in the Proclamation? Why should, he who attempted last winter to INCREASE THE STATE DEBT ONE MILLION OF DOLLARS, by borrowing that amount of shinplasters from the banks, and which he was prevented doing by the firmness of a Democratic Legislature—why should he, we ask, dare attempt to appropriate credit to himself for the payment of this amount of the State debt? The financial measure called the Sinking Fund was created during Gov. Shunk's administration, and has been carried into effect by Democratic officers. And yet Gov. Johnston who is two thirds of his time neglecting his duties, and who can have no knowledge of the condition of the public Treasury, modestly tells the people that *he* has paid off the amount mentioned in the Proclamation! Never was a greater fraud attempted to be practised upon the people.—Gov. Johnston had no more to do with the payment of this portion of the State debt, than the editor of the *Herald* himself. The Governor, it is well known, was anxious to *increase* the State debt, during the late session of the Legislature, and, had the Federalists had a majority in the two Houses, he would have succeeded in adding **$1,000,000** additional debt upon the people. And yet he has the *face* to claim credit for the present payment!

But, why was this Proclamation issued at this particular time? What object was in view? In a late speech delivered by Senator Buckalew, of Columbia county, made at a Democratic meeting, at Bloomsburg, on the 11th of August, he gives a very striking exposition of the humbug expedient alluded to.

We copy it as follows, and hope our readers will peruse it carefully, bearing, as it does, so forcibly upon the new attempt of Johnston to deceive the people. After pointing out, with great clearness, that the whole Sinking Fund project was invented two-thirds of a century ago in England, and that the idea upon which Johnston bases his last appeal to popular support, was actually first embodied in a law in this State in 1846, by the present Democratic candidate for Governor, Col. Bigler, then in the Senate, and by the Hon. J. M. Burrell, of Westmoreland, then in the House, Mr. Buckalew goes on to say:

But, the act of 1849, contains some sections additional to those already mentioned, which are, without any doubt both original and extraordinary; although they constitute no necessary part of the system contemplated by the act. It is these *additions* to the sinking fund, that I desire to call your attention particularly, as there is good reason for yielding to Johnston the claim of their paternity, as nothing like them exists in the legislation of any country on the globe.

The 4th section is in these words:

"Section 4. That it shall be the duty of the said Commissioners (of the sinking fund,) on the *first Monday of September* in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty one, and on the same day in every third year thereafter, to certify the amount of the debt of the commonwealth, held by them to the governor, who shall direct the certificates representing the same to be cancelled, and on such cancellation *issue his proclamation*, stating the fact of the extinguishment and final discharge of so much of the principal of said debt."

Now what is the true significance of this section? for it has an occult as well as an apparent meaning. Let it be kept in mind that the fiscal or business year of the Commonwealth begins on the first day of December and ends on the last day of November. This division of time is found convenient and is consequently recognized in our legislation. The closing up of the annual transactions of the State at that date permits all the various public officers to have their reports made up to lay before the Legislature at its meeting in January, and such is accordingly the practice. The Governor, Secretary of the Commonwealth, Auditor General, Canal Commissioners, and State Treasurer each communicate to the Legislature at that time under provisions of the constitution and laws; the first by message and the others by reports. And the Treasurer and Auditor General in particular, (the operation of whose departments are very much connected,) report fully upon the subject of the finances of the Commonwealth including the operation of the Sinking Fund.

Why then does the 4th section of the act of 1849, which I have just read, provide that a report shall be made by the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund at an *unusual* time instead of the usual time in January? Why on the first of September, *during* the fiscal year of the State, and not at its close? Why is this report to be made every *third* year and the first report exactly on the 1st of September, 1851? *The purpose was to re elect Wm. F. Johnston!* Recollect, the act was passed 10th of April, 1849, and that these reports spoken of in the 4th section, were to be made at the end of every *third* year. But three years from the passage of the act would extend to the 10th of April, 1852, six months *after* the Governor's election this fall, in consideration of which circumstance doubtless the time of making the report was pulled backward and fixed on the first of September.

How beautifully the matter was arranged to effect the purpose intended; and how clearly may this fourth section enlighten us as to the intention and purpose entertained in 1849. The main object was not to befriend the people of Pennsylvania in the payment of their debt, but to re elect an Armstrong county lawyer—the father of Relief Notes and the friend of Abolitionists—to the office of Governor. You will observe that this triennial report is to be made not to the Legislature, where such reports appropriately belong, but to the *Governor*; that up to the time of such report the debt paid off is considered *unpaid*, and draws interest; that upon receiving the report the *Governor* is to order the cancellation or destruction of the certificates of debt, so that the actual extinguishment of debt shall appear as *his act*; and that thereupon, *just six weeks before the election*, he shall issue a flaming proclamation to the people, announcing the payment of so much of the public debt! And then we are told that Gov. Johnston and his wonderful Sinking Fund have done the whole business! And that the financial abilities of the Executive are at least equal to those of Alexander Hamilton and Wm. Pitt. Do you not perceive that in pursuance of the intention in view, the Governor struck the key note of the music in his speech at Lancaster, and has been followed by his file leaders all over the State, in a paean of praise to the Sinking Fund? It was desirable to direct the public mind beforehand in such a manner as to give a full and salutary effect to the September proclamation? That wonderful document, gentlemen, is soon coming, in all the beauty of large type and under the great Seal of the Commonwealth. It will soon become us to peruse it with thankfulness and gratitude, and to recollect that it is the production of a sublime personage, who has borrowed a project from his competitor, and prepared it for electioneering purposes.

Dismissal of the Collector of New Orleans.—The Washington *Republic* states that upon investigation of the conduct of the Collector of New Orleans, in suffering the Pampero to leave that port without clearance papers, and perceiving that the vessel was allowed to depart, notwithstanding a direct call upon him by Gen. Twiggs to do *his* duty, in obedience to his orders, and offering to furnish the requisite force from his command in the vicinity to make his interference effectual, the President has felt it his imperative duty promptly to remove the Collector from office.

Address of the Democratic State Central Committee.

The Duty of the Democrats to all their Regular Nominations.

We have already called the attention of the people of the State of Pennsylvania to the State and National issues involved in the contest to be decided on the 14th of October. Happily they are so plain to the popular understanding that all who run may read. The same in the east and in the west, the same in the north and in the south, they challenge investigation and defy contradiction. Hundreds and thousands of votes in Pennsylvania, heretofore classed among our opponents, are convinced by the position the Pennsylvania Democracy occupy before the Union, and attest their admiration of it by openly espousing the cause of BIGLER and CLOVER. Indeed, in every part of the country rational men of all parties hail us as brethren, and watch with intense anxiety the result of a canvass in which one side is so broadly committed to the Constitution of the United States and all its guarantees, while the other is pledged to unite with the agitators and the abolitionists, who contemplate a peaceful and prosperous future as the certain destruction of all their own hopes of personal advancement on the one hand, and of political ruin on the other. Such, in brief, is the distinct and plain attitude of the Pennsylvania Democracy. It is a spectacle well calculated to inspire the loftiest emotions of pleasure and of pride.

Our victory, however, should not only be a decisive, but a glorious one. It should not only purge the departments of State, of those who now mismanage and misrepresent all our great interests, but it should do so by majorities that will be hailed from sea to sea, and from the mountains of the furthest east to the wildernesses of the remotest west, as the proud pledge of the Central State of the Republic, of venerated devotion to the Constitution. Our triumph should not be marred by animosities, that only help the enemy and hurt ourselves. The Democrat who, in such a contest, so full of all the most ennobling auspices of success, so full of inducements to patriotic duty, so identified with our best hopes of Union and of Country—the Democrat who, in such a contest, by his hostility or indifference to any part of the ticket, seeks to dim the lustre of the triumph that awaits us, will regret it for the remainder of his life.

Look to it well, fellow citizens. Your surrender supposes you are partially dissatisfied, and what is comparatively little to the great good which your acquiescence and ardor—for all the nominations will help to achieve. This whole government is one of concession. If it were not so it could not exist a day, or it could only exist as a mockery and an admonition. It is the great glory of the Democratic party, that, next to the Constitution itself, it is probably the most effective organization in favor of popular liberty, that the world has ever seen. The members of that party have made it so, by their devotion to the majority, and by their enthusiastic attachment to its principles. And now, when hundreds of thousands of our former political adversaries attest, by the acknowledgement of its patriotism, its incomparable value to the country, why should any Democrat hesitate a moment to strive with all his might for the entire Democratic ticket.

Surely the cry of "incompetency," raised against a portion of the State ticket nominated at Harrisburg, cannot mislead you from the performance of your plain and honest duty. Let us remember that those that make this charge were among the very first to concede ability they now blindly deny. We do not desire to draw invidious comparisons in such a place, between Democratic and Whig candidates, but the Democrat who hesitates when this charge is made, should reflect that the very partisans who fulminate it, have repeatedly solicited votes for the highest offices in the country, for those who were confessedly incompetent. Again, a charge is made that a portion of the same ticket is corrupt. And even when this is made, the same presses and politicians that resort to it, *invoke* your votes for Judicial candidates tainted with the bad odor of exploded banks and wanton dereliction of official duty. To erase one name from the Democratic standard, is to aid the very party whose leaders are now opposing an imperilled Union and a threatened Constitution. In a recent address we enforced, at some length, the necessity of a Democratic Judiciary in a Democratic country; but in no aspect is that necessity more imposing than in the relation of the Judiciary of the States to the rights of the States, and to the enforcement of the obligations upon each member of the confederacy to observe the rights of all. This is Democratic doctrine, and it should be written upon the hearts and memories of all our countrymen as the first political lesson that a republican should teach his children.

Let the Democrat, when appealed to "trade off" his vote, by accusations against certain of the Democratic Judical candidates, recall the fate of all fabrications that ingenious malice has invented against the representatives of Democratic principles. The alleged "incompetency" of JACKSON, who believes it now? The "obscurity" of JAMES K. POLK, widely and vehemently asserted; has it served to make his glorious administration less worthy of the veneration and the gratitude of posterity? How glad the authors of the attacks upon FRANCIS R. SHUNK are to bury the recollections of those attacks in the deep bosom of the ocean! Tried by time, tested by the ordeal of impartial experience; the pure metal is rendered ten times purer when subjected to the seven times heated furnaces of persecution; and calumny itself wonders at the utter poverty of its resources when its inventions are exposed. The future will establish this truth in the history of the Democratic Judicial ticket; and when the citizen in other days observes with admiration and pride how nobly and how righteously—how fearlessly and how calmly—the high duties of the highest Judiciary, are discharged by the gentlemen now before us, as candidates for that tribunal, he will wonder at the malignity which sought to impugn the ability, capacity, integrity and experience of BLACK, CAMPBELL, LEWIS, GIBSON and LOWRIE.

Call it what our opponents may, then, fellow Democrats, adherence to your nominations is adherence to your country, to your State, and to your own best interests. Heretofore, your observance of this rule, so just and so safe in all its aspects, has conferred unnumbered benefits upon your Commonwealth; but now, not only will its vigilant observance aid Pennsylvania, but contribute to the preservation of the most glorious government devised by man since the world began.

WM. DOCK, *Chairman,*
WILLIAM S. ROSS,
WILLIAM DEAL,
THOMAS J. POWER,
J. ELLIS BONHAM,
JAMES BURNSIDE,
GEORGE W. BOWMAN,
JAMES L. REYNOLDS,
F. K. BOAS, *Secretary.*

Harrisburg Sept. 10, 1851.

Gen. Quitman has withdrawn from the Gubernatorial canvass in Mississippi, in consequence of the election for delegates to the Convention resulting so largely in favor of the Union party. Gen. Foote, the Union candidate, will now be elected without opposition.

The Democrats of the Northern Liberties, in the county of Philadelphia, have abolished the delegate system for nominating a municipal ticket. The candidates for office are voted for in each ward, and returns are made out to a convention. The candidates having the highest number of votes are declared to be "the ticket." Thus, the power to nominate emanates directly from the people.

Promptness.—Cromwell did not wait to strike until the iron was hot, but made it hot by striking.

North Middleton Awake!

The Democrats of North Middleton township, will hold a meeting at *LAMBERTON'S SCHOOL HOUSE*, on Wednesday Evening, the 24th instant, at 7½ o'clock. Turn out, Democrats in your strength. Several able speakers will be present to address the meeting.

Attention Democrats of Silver Spring!

A meeting of the Democrats of Silver Spring township and vicinity, will be held at the public house of GEO. DUEY, in Hogestown, on Tuesday Evening the 23d inst. Several able speakers will be present. Turn out Democrats; turn out!

Horrible Tragedy.

Two Persons Killed---Several Wounded and Missing.

A most awful and melancholy tragedy occurred at a place called *Christiana*, on the Columbia railroad, in Lancaster county, on Thursday of last week, by which a citizen of Maryland lost his life, two or three others were badly wounded, and two are missing, supposed to be dead.

The persons killed were a Mr. Gorsuch, and an old gentleman who resided near Baltimore. Those wounded and missing were officers accompanying the Messrs. Gorsuch.

It appears that Mr. Gorsuch was the owner of two fugitive slaves from his plantation, and accompanied by his two sons, the deputy marshal from Baltimore, and police officers from Philadelphia, he proceeded to Christiana for the purpose of arresting the fugitives and taking them back to Maryland. From the best reports we learn that the colored population in the vicinity, having been informed of the nature of the visit of the officers to Christiana, held a meeting, and asked the opinion of several leading abolitionists as to what course they should pursue.

The answer was, one of the most current reports state, that they should stand their ground. Accordingly about eighty negroes assembled, with guns, &c., and secreted themselves in the neighboring woods and cornfield. The signal of attack on the officers was the blowing of a horn.

When the officers came upon the party, they were surrounded on all sides, and a deadly fire poured upon them by the negroes.

The elder Mr. Gorsuch was shot dead by one of the fugitive slaves, of whom he was owner. When the son saw the father fall, he drew his revolver, and fired on the slave, wounding him in the arm; at this moment a large party of negroes, who had been concealed, rushed out and assailed the young man with guns and clubs until he was left on the ground insensible. He cannot recover.

The rioters scattered in every direction, and the fugitives made their escape.

It is said that the white people residing in the neighborhood of the scene refused to assist the officers, and would afford no facilities for the pursuit of the murderers who escaped. They refused even the use of their wagons and horses. No arrests were made.

This is a most shocking and deplorable event; and the blood of those who fell must rest upon the souls of the men who are guilty of inciting the riot, whether it has been by openly urging the negroes to *commit murder* or by indirectly sapping the foundations of our institutions, by teaching resistance to our laws and rebellion against the Constitution. Men who advocate a *resistance to law* are enemies to the peace, order and well being of society; and it is manifest that if such sentiments prevail to any extent, the bonds of society *will be broken asunder*, and anarchy, confusion and rapine *must* ensue.

These infatuated negroes have but carried out in practice what the abolitionists and disunionists assert in principle. They have only obeyed the advice of those whom they considered their friends. Men who were in no danger of being arrested, have been swayed by the pernicious influence of the doctrines taught them by whites, and made themselves accessories to murder, and are now liable to the penalties of the law or forced to flee from the peaceable enjoyment of their homes.

This is among the *first fruits* of the preaching of self styled philanthropists who advise *resistance to the laws of Congress*, which provides for the restoration of fugitives from labor to their owners or masters. It is among the first fruits of Gov. Johnston's setting public opinion at defiance, and endangering the peace and safety of society by *pocketing* the law of last session, passed to give justice to the owners of slaves, and render obedience to the Constitution of the United States. In the language of a cotemporary "it is absurd to mince matters on such a subject; and the sense of this whole community traces the cause of these bloody tumults, not to the poor, deluded, and frenzied blacks, but to those reckless agitators who counsel and applaud opposition to the established laws of the land. In this State, one man, conspicuous because of his official position, and influential because he uses that position for purposes of sectional excitement, openly proclaims hostility to the fugitive slave law, and deliberately urges such amendments to it as would make it nothing more than a blank sheet of paper. But this is not all. Not only does he urge this fatal modification of the law itself, but he refuses to sign a bill intended by the Legislature to carry out the provisions of that law in good faith. THAT MAN IS WILLIAM F. JOHNSTON, GOVERNOR OF PENNSYLVANIA."

Marriages.

At York, on Thursday evening last, by the Rev. D. H. Emerson, Clark H. Wells, of the U. S. Navy, to Miss Mary S., daughter of Henry Welsh, Esq., of York Borough.

In Mechanicsburg, on the 11th instant, by the Rev. A. Height, Mr. John Erford, to Miss Sarah A. Stuckey, both of East Pennsboro' township.

Deaths.

In this borough, on Sunday last, of Fever, Henry, son of Mr. Lewis Robinson, aged about 6 years.

Boy Wanted,

To stand in a Grocery Store, in this Borough.—One from the country, of about 15 or 17 years of age, will hear of a favorable opportunity. Enquire of the editor of the Volunteer.

September 18, 1851.

Auditor's Notice.

The undersigned, an Auditor appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Cumberland county, to marshall and distribute to and among creditors, the assets in the hands of Peter Barnhart and John Houser, Assignees under a deed of voluntary assignment for the benefit of the creditors of William C. Houser, will attend at his office, in Carlisle, for that purpose, on Saturday the 4th day of October, 1851, at 10 o'clock A. M.

LEMUEL TODD, Auditor.

Sept. 18, 1851—3t

Auditor's Notice.

The undersigned having been appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Cumberland county, an Auditor to marshal and distribute the assets in the hands of John Waggoner, Assignee of George Strohm, Sr., under a deed of voluntary assignment for the benefit of creditors, hereby notifies the creditors to present their claims duly authenticated to said auditor, at his office in Carlisle, on or before Saturday the 4th day of October next.

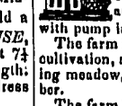
WM. H. MILLER, Auditor.

Sept. 18, 1851—3t

Executor's Sale.

The subscriber, Executor of the late Danl. Handshew, will sell on Friday the 10th of October, next, at 1 o'clock P. M., on the premises, the following described SLATE LAND FARM, situate in Silver Spring township, Cumberland county, containing

160 Acres,



neat measure, having thereon erected a two story LOG weatherboarded dwelling HOUSE, BANK BARN, Corn Crib, Wagon Shed, Smoke House, Wash House, Cider Press, an elegant Young Orchard, and a Well with pump in it close to the door of the house.

The farm is well improved and in a good state of cultivation, about 100 acres are cleared, 12 acres being meadow, and the balance well covered with timber.

The farm bounds on the Conodoguinet creek, and a public road runs through it; it is situated about 3 miles from Hogestown and 9 from Carlisle and Harrisburg.

The terms of sale made known on the day of sale by

SAML. SENSEMAN,
Executor of Daniel Handshew, dec'd.

Sept. 18, 1851.—4t

Wood Wanted.

To the Independent Voters of Cumberland county.

Fellow-citizens:—At the solicitation of numerous friends, I offer myself to your consideration as an independent candidate for the office of *Associate Judge*, at the ensuing election.

W. B. MULLIN.

South Middleton tp., Sept. 18, 1851.

To the Free and Independent Voters of Cumberland county.

Gentlemen—I offer myself to your consideration as a Free and Independent candidate for the office of *Associate Judge*, at the ensuing election. Assuring you, if elected, I will not be controlled by any clique or individuals in the discharge of my duty, and will be thankful to all who may favor me with their support.

JAS. KENNEDY.

Mifflin tp., Sept. 11, 1851—5t

New Wholesale & Retail Confectionary, Fruit & Toy Store,

West Main Street, a few doors west of Burkholder's Hotel, in the room formerly occupied as a Book Store.

The undersigned begs leave to inform the citizens of Carlisle and the public generally, that he has opened a store at the above place, where he intends manufacturing and keeping constantly on hand

CANDIES

of every description. His stock is all new and he warrants his Candies equal to any manufactured in the State. His stock consists in part of Oranges, Lemons, Dates, Raisins, Prunes, Figs, Almonds, English Walnuts, C. Nuts, Filberts, Cocoa Nuts, Citron, Ground Nuts, &c. Also, Mint, Lemon, Chocolate, Gum, Cordial and other Drops. Lozenges, Figured Almonds, Candy Cigars, and a variety of other candies.

Toys of all Kinds,

such as China Vases, Mugs, Bowls and Pitchers, Mantel Ornaments of all kinds, Lions, Elephants, Horses, Dogs, Guns, Whips, Indian Rubber and other Rattles, Wax, Varnished & other Doll heads, Kid and other Dolls, Whistles, Harmonicans, Dancing Figures, Basket & other Wagons, School Baskets, Wheelbarrows, Drums, Trumpets, Swords, Pistols, Alabaster Toys of all kinds, and an endless variety of

FANCY GOODS,

for Men, Women and Children. In addition to the above he has all kinds of Perfumery, such as Jenny Lind and other Cologne, Chrystaline, Pomatum, Ox Marrow, Bear's Oil, &c. Fancy and other Soaps. A prime article of Cigars and Tobacco on hand.

He hopes by strict attention to business and small profits to merit a share of public patronage.

A. S. WORMLEY.

September 18, 1851.

Election Proclamation.

Whereas, in and by an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act relating to the election of this Commonwealth," passed the 2d day of July, A. D., 1839, it is made the duty of the Sheriff of every county within this Commonwealth, to give public notice of the General Elections, and in such notices to enumerate:

1. The officers to be elected.

2. Designate the place at which the election is to be held.

I, DAVID SMITH, High Sheriff of the county of Cumberland, do hereby make known and give this public notice to the electors of the county of Cumberland, that on TUESDAY, the 14th day of October next, an Election will be held at the several election districts established by law in said county, at which time they will vote by ballot for the several officers hereinafter named, viz:

ONE PERSON

for Governor of the State of Pennsylvania.

FIVE PERSONS

for Judges of the Supreme Court of the State of Pennsylvania.

ONE PERSON

for Canal Commissioner of the State of Pennsylvania.

ONE PERSON

for President Judge of the 9th Judicial District composed of the counties of Cumberland, Perry and Juniata.

TWO PERSONS

for Associate Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of Cumberland county.

TWO PERSONS

to represent the county of Cumberland in the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania.

ONE PERSON

for Prothonotary of Cumberland county.

ONE PERSON

for Recorder and Clerk of the Courts of Quarter Sessions, Oyer and Terminer, and Orphans' Court.

ONE PERSON

for Register of Wills of Cumberland county.

ONE PERSON

for Commissioner of the county of Cumberland.

ONE PERSON

for Treasurer of the county of Cumberland.

ONE PERSON

for Director of the Poor and of the House of Employment of Cumberland county.

ONE PERSON

for Auditor to settle the public accounts of the county of Cumberland.

The said election will be held throughout the county, as follows:

The election in the election district composed of the borough of Carlisle and the townships of North Middleton, South Middleton, Lower Dickinson, Lower Frankford and Lower West Pennsborough, will be held at the Court House, in the borough of Carlisle.

The election in the election district composed of Silver Spring township, will be held at the public house of George Duey, in Hoguestown in said township.

The election in the election district composed of Hampden township, will be held at the house formerly occupied by H. Bressler in said township.

The election in the election district composed of the township of Upper Allen will be held at the public house of David Sheaffer, in Shepherdstown.

The election in the election district composed of the township of Lower Allen will be held at the wagon maker shop of Jonas Hunchbarger, on Slate Hill.

The election in the election district composed of East Pennsborough township, will be held at the house now occupied by C. Dolson, at the west end of the Harrisburg Bridge.

The election in the district composed of New Cumberland, will be held at the public house of W. Bohl, in the borough of New Cumberland.

The election in the district composed of the borough of Mechanicsburg, will be held at the public house of John Hoover, in said borough.

The election in the district composed of Monroe township, will be held at the public house of George Goodyear in Churchtown, in said township.

The election in the district composed of Upper Dickinson township, will be held at the house now occupied by Christian Hoffman in said township.

The election in the district composed of the Borough of Newville, and townships of Mifflin, Upper Frankford, Upper West Pennsborough, and that part of Newton township, not included in the Leesburg election district hereinafter mentioned, will be held at the Brick School House, in the Borough of Newville.

The election in the district composed of Hopewell township, will be held at the School House in Newburg, in said township.

The election in the district composed of the borough of Shippensburg, Shippensburg township, and that part of Southampton township not included in the Leesburg election district, will be held at the Council House, in the borough of Shippensburg.

And in and by an act of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth, passed the 2d July, 1839, it is thus provided, "That the qualified electors of parts of Newton and Southampton township in the county of Cumberland, bounded by the following lines and distances, viz: Beginning at the Adams county line, thence along the line dividing the townships of Dickinson and Newton to the turnpike road, thence along said turnpike to Centre School House on said turnpike, in Southampton township, thence to a point on the Walnut Bottom road at Reybuck's, including Reybuck's Farm, thence in a straight direction to the Saw Mill belonging to the heirs of George Clever, thence along Krysher's run to the Adams county line, thence along the line of Adams county to the place of beginning, be and the same is hereby declared a new and seperate election district, the election to be held at the public house of Wm. Maxwell in Leesburg, Southampton township."

Notice is Hereby Given,

That every person, excepting Justices of the