LATE FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE CANADA.

The Steamship Canada, Capt. Judkins, from Liverpool, arrived at Halifax on the 3d inst.

Italy.

THE FRENCH NOT YET IN ROME.

Up to the evening of the 21st ult., no news had been received in Paris of the entry of the French troops into Rome. Gen. Oudinot would not make a general attack before the 10th or 17th, when the news of the failure of the conspiracy in France would reach that place, and would probably induce the Triumvirate to capitulate.

The London *Globe* of the 22d, P. M., says it is generally thought that the Telegraph will to morrow announce the capitulation of Rome.

LATER.—THE FRENCH IN ROME.

The Gazette, of Lyons, of the 20th ult., states that a Telegraphic despatch from Marseilles, has been received as they were going to press, announcing to the Perfect the entry of the French into Rome.

LATEST FROM ROME.

The news is to the 18th ult., up to which time the Romans had maintained their position.

The French used cajolery and threats, but the Romans sternly resisted all these advances, and in the most dignified manner refused to yield to the summons to surrender issued by Gen. Oudinot.

On the 11th, a breach was affected in the walls by the French, and a portion of their troops entered the city. This report which was given out by the French led to the belief that the struggle was over, but the fact appears that on the 12th, Gen. Oudinot issued a letter to the Triumvirs making a last appeal to them, and endeavoring to throw upon them the responsibilities of the effusion of blood consequent upon an assault in the event of their refusal.

France.

INSURRECTION AT LYONS.

The attempted insurrection at Paris, has been followed by a more formidable resistance to the laws at Lyons. A serious engagement took place in the streets of that city between the troops and the mob, in the course of which a considerable number of lives were lost on both sides. Barricades were thrown up which were not taken away until they had been battered down by the cannons.

The fighting commenced on the morning of the 15th, and continued till a late hour in the night; but a telegraph despatch, dated Lyons, the 16th, at 9 o'clock P. M., announces that the insurgents had been completely routed, the streets cleared, and the city restored to tranquility. There are upwards of 50,000 troops in and around Lyons. There was no apprehension of any further disturbance.

THE LATE CONSPIRACY.

Great excitement existed in different places, and it is evident that the conspiracy of the Red Republicans extended not only to every department of France but to every town. It appears to be the general opinion that the failure of the conspiracy of the 13th of June, 1849, is a greater blow to the Red Republicans than even that of June, 1848.

An attempt was made to get up a disturbance at Marseilles; but it totally failed. A regiment of cavalry set all right without a blow being struck.

IMPORTANT RUMOR.

It is reported that Abbe Palouth, private Secretary to the Cardinal Antolli has arrived in Paris from Gaeta, and that he is the bearer of important despatches for the French Government; and also of an autograph letter from His Holiness to Louis Napoleon, expressive of his regret at the bombardment of Rome.

RUMORS.

Rumors are again rife in Paris that other Ministerial changes are about to take place. M. Dufaure and his friends are; it is believed, about to retire.

LATEST FROM PARIS.

France, up to the latest advices, was tranquil. Ledru Rollin, had not as yet been arrested. The Cholera has declined in Paris.

Hungary and Austria.

MORE CONTRADICTORY RUMORS.

The news is contradictory; some accounts giving the advantage to the Austrians. In the South two actions have happened, giving the advantage to the Austrians. The Hungarian General, Perczel, from the fortress of Peterwardein, made an attack upon some Austrian entrenchments, but was ultimately repulsed and driven, with loss, into Peterwardein, though the Austrians admit that their own troops suffered severely.

The other battle was fought by Baron Jellachich, and is asserted to have been a brilliant victory; but the Austrian accounts were evidently not trustworthy—at least as regards their own losses.

A GREAT BATTLE.

The London Globe, of the evening of the 22d, says we have intelligence from Vienna to June 16th.—The great news is a tremendous encounter with the Hungarians. The Austrians and Russians are said to have been completely defeated, and to have left no the field the fabulous number of twenty-three thousand killed!

This battle took place on the 13th and 15th, on the large plain between Raab and Weisselburgh. It lasted sixty four hours. The loss of the Magyars is stated at eight thousand. The Austrians were commanded by Hayman, the Russians by Rudiger, and the Hungarians by Gorgey.

Although the news is up to the 15th, the report of this battle has been received in private letters.—Singularly enough no papers allude to it.

The "Lloyd's" of Vienna contains not the most distant allusion to it, and another affair which must not be confounded with the above is mentioned as having occurred at Cyona.

A brigade was sent by Schlick from Odenburg, under Gen. Wyss, in that direction. General Wyss was taken prisoner, and Baron Gessner killed.—Schlick sent out this brigade to cover his left flank. As he was marching to Raab it was beaten on the 13th ult.

Some reports represent this whole brigade as having been destroyed. They say that Levo's men have deserted en masse from Schlik to the Magyars. What is certain, carts of wounded for three days, have been continually pouring into Presburg and the places about. A fresh recruitment throughout all Austria is intended.

Letters from Odenburg state that a certain Count, Imperial Chamberlain, and others in whose possession a number of passports of the Rebel party have been found, have been arrested.

The only mention, or rather allusion which can be gleaned from Vienna papers with regard to a great battle reported, is in the above.

Private letters say that the battle said to have taken place near Raab, is surmise, and that the defeat of the Wyss brigade has given origin to the fabulous rumors.

On the other hand the authorities maintain that the route of Wyss was only an episode of the other battle.

STILL ANOTHER BATTLE.

A letter of the 13th ult., from Cracow in the Breslau Gazette, mentions an affair between the vanguard of the Magyars and the Russians, within the Gallacian frontier, at Jordanow. The Russian Colonel Magden was killed. Two hundred Cossacks were cut off and taken prisoners.

Another letter of the 15th, from Cracow, mentions a report of an engagement at English Pass, between the advanced guard of the Russians, and Bem, with a force numbering 6000, in which the former was beaten.

CHOLERA.

PHILADELPHIA, July 10.—Thirty nine cases of cholera and twenty deaths within 24 hours.

CINCINNATI, July 8.—The cemeteries, yesterday at noon, reported 104 interments, 74 of which were from cholera, and thirty from other deseases.

PITTSBURG, July 8.—The Sanitary Committee this morning reported 8 cases of cholera and 2 deaths.

NEW YORK, July 9.—The report of the Board of Health to-day is 120 cholera cases and 46 deaths.

ALBANY, July 9.—10 cases of cholera and 4 deaths have occurred during the past 48 hours.

GIRARD COLLEGE.—The vacancy in the Presidency of this institution, occasioned by the resignation of the Hon. Joel Jones, has been filled by the election of Frederick A. Packard, Esq.

RHODE ISLAND.—The Legislature is in session at Newport. A resolution restoring to Thomas W. Door his forfeited civil and political rights, passed the house by 1 majority—ayes 29, nays 28, but was defeated in the Senate—ayes 13, nays 19. What else could be expected of Federal Rhode Island?

FATAL ACCIDENT.—Samuel Young, formerly proprietor of the Washington Hotel, in Philadelphia, was killed on Monday by being crushed between the cars at the depot.

IMPORTANT AND INTERESTING FROM MEXICO.

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE.

We are indebted to the N. O. *Patria* for the following important intelligence from Mexico:

We received yesterday the *Bien Publico*, published at Matamoras, of the 10th ult., in which we find the following: On the 17th ult., the following document came to hand, which we have translated from the English and although it appears to have been printed in this city, (Matamoras,) we have good reason to believe it was printed on the other side of the river, (i. e. on the American side:).

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE.—June 16, 1849.

Unanimous declaration of the Seven Northern States of the Sierra Madre of Mexico.

When, in the course of human events, it becomes necessary for one nation to dissolve the political bands which unite it to another, and to assume seperately among the powers of the earth the position to which the laws of nature and nature's God entitled it, a decent respect for the opinion of mankind, requires that we should state the causes which impel it to the seperation.

The history of the present and past government of Mexico is a history of repeated injuries and usurpations, all having for their direct object the establishment of an absolute tyranny over these States. To prove this, we present, the following facts to an impartial world:

First—Wearied with political changes, which have been heretofore nothing more than continued oppression, exercised by new hands, we declare ourselves free.

Second—Wearied with the exactions of the government, which have been made solely for the purpose of perpetuating the power of the usurpers of the liberties of the people, we declare ourselves free!

Third—Wearied with the armies which have been collected solely to oppress and annihilate the industry of all, except that of the oppressors, we declare ourselves free.

Fourth—Wearied that our beloved religion, constantly threatened by bayonets, is lettered in its design of benevolence and public instruction, we declare ourselves free.

Fifth—Wearied that the people in the midst of their wide domains, are denied the right of individual possession, we declare ourselves free.

Sixth—Wearied with the promises which have been made to our children, who anxiously await in vain of their rulers the right of education, we declare ourselves free.

Seventh—Wearied that our aged fathers are sinking gradually into the grave, like the brutes; without any alleviation, we declare ourselves free.

Eight—Wearied that whilst misery and poverty prevail everywhere, the usurpers amass purple and gold, we declare ourselves free.

Ninth—Wearied with the national declaration that slavery should not be tolerated on our soil, while the domestic service is an odious, horrible and cruel system, and prevails without alleviation and without parallel, we declare ourselves free.

Wherefore we, the people of the seven northern states of Mexico, appealing to the Supreme Judge of the universe for the rectitude of our intentions, now solemnly proclaim and declare "that these United States are free and independent!" That they are absolved from all allegiance towards the Mexican government, and that all connection between them has ceased, is and ought to be, entirely dissolved.—And consequently, as free and independent states, we have the right to levy troops of war, make peace, form alliances, establish commerce, and perform any other act or thing which appertains of right to free and independent states. And to sustain this declaration, with a firm reliance upon Divine Providence, we mutually pledge to each other our lives, our fortunes, and our sacred honors.

We have drawn the sword and thrown away the scabbard: Now's the day. Death to tyrants.

From the information which I have been able to acquire, from persons well versed in the affairs of this unfortunate country, assuredly worthy of a better fate, it appears that the monarchial party, having never abandoned the hope of attaining power, have coalesced with the Santa Anaists, in order, with their combined strength, to overthrow the existing administration and contend for the spoils afterwards.

Gen. Santa Anna, whose *prestige* in the Republic is always sufficiently powerful, appears to entertain the design of seizing upon this circumstance to return to power, which, in the opinion of many, he will succeed in doing, and perhaps in a short time.

It is said that the Commandant-General of this State consulted the Supreme Government concerning the manner he should receive Gen. Santa Anna, supposing the case of his arrival on these shores, and I am assured that the reply of the government was "receive him with the honors due a general."

For more than one reason, I am inclined to believe, that, before long a revolution will take place in favor of the exiled general, and that before two months he will again be in power.

The United States' frigate Saratoga, which cruises in this vicinity, arrived at Sacrificios, on the 12th. There are not wanting those who attribute her remaining there to the new difficulties which many persons believe have arisen between Mexico and the United States.

LATE FROM TEXAS.

We have received Galveston papers to the 26th ult., from which we extract the following items:

Galveston continues to enjoy uninterrupted health.

Lieut. H. Stonemetz, of the U. S. Army, was drowned on or about the 11th ult, in the Rio Bosque.

Major Neighbors has arrived at San Antonio, from El Passo, where he saw the party of Lieut. May.—He reports they had lost ten men on the route, who wandered off in search of water and did not return; but does not give their names.

The crops in Texas are promising notwithstanding some of them are late.

The health of San Antonio, according to the Texian, is much improved and business reviving.

The Western Texan says that a street fight occurred in San Antonio, on Friday, the 9th inst., between E. M'Lane and Wm. Owen, in which the former was dangerously and the latter slightly wounded. They had Colt's revolvers and fired several rounds each.

The Austin Democrat has had information, by late arrivals from New Braunfels, that the cholera has entirely disappeared from that place, and that the inhabitants were returning to their homes.

The Western Texan says tat although the cholera no longer prevails as an epidemic at San Antonio, cases still occur of a virulent character, principally among strangers.

It appears from the Houston Morning Star, of the 23d inst., that there are gold hunters even in Texas. They are Louisianians, and gone on an expedition to the mountains below Santa Fe, for that object.—They had with them a man who could show "the sign," and, of course they will see the "elephant," if not the gold.

The following is from the Civilian of the 25th:

Company M of dragoons, under the command of Lieut. Neal, have left San Antonio for their station, somewhere in the neighborhood of Caso Blanco, on the west side of the Nueces river.

The people of some of the interior counties of this State are beginning to be somewhat excited from the apprehension that an organized body of negro thieves, somewhat after the plan of the celebrated Murel gang, have extended their plan of operations to Texas. A number of negroes have disappeared of late, and it has been ascertained that some of them had been carried off by white men.

The Texan Ranger, published at Washington, on the Brazos, says:

The crops in this part of Texas are fine and flourishing, and promise an abundant harvest. Almost every planter we see is boasting of his crop of corn and cotton.

The Board of Health of New York has passed a resolution prohibiting the sale of fish, shell fish, fruits and vegetables from wagons, carts, or other vehicles throughout the city, in the public streets, squares, parks and places.

Major Bliss won the highest prize during the late campaign, viz: Gen. Taylor's daughter; a *Bet* worth having. This is Fuller's, not ours.

☞ "Old Whity" is on his way to Washington from the South. Rise up Whigs and show your respect for the gallant *old "hoss."*

☞ The Hon. Henry Clay is recovering from an attack of cholera.

SAD FATE OF A MOTHER AND CHILDREN.—Mrs. Mitchell and her three children, at Steubenville, Ollio, a few days ago left home very mysteriously, and have all been found drowned, in Yellow Creek. When discovered, the two eldest children were tied together and the youngest to the mother.

PHILADELPHIA MARKET.

JULY 10, 1849.

Business generally has been quiet to-day, though some 1200 bbls. superfine Flour have changed hands for shipment, at $4 62½ per bbl. for fresh ground, and $4 44 for sound old stock. A further sale of Rye Flour at $3 per bbl. Corn Meal is steady in price, with sales of 800 bbls, at $2 75 per bbl. for Penna. Grain—No change in the prices of Wheat, the demand for which continues moderate; sales of 4000 bushels at $1 a $1 02, for good and prime reds, and $1 05 a $1 07 for white per bushel. A sale of Rye at 57c. For Corn there has been an improved demand, and some 10,000 bushels of good yellow sold at 57c per bushel. Oats continue dull, and our last quotations are nearly nominal. The market continues nearly bare of Whiskey in hhds. and bbls.

MARRIED.

In New Haven, Conn., on the 24th ult., in the first Methodist Episcopal Church, by the Rev. Dr. Floy, J. W. BOWEN, of Lee, Mass., to Miss HANNAH A. BARBOUR, of Papertown, Pa.

DIED.

At Newville on the 11th ult., Mr. JOHN VANCE, aged 76 years and 29 days.

In the same place, on the 30th ult., Mr. JAMES CALLEN, aged 61 years.

Mr. C., having served his country as a volunteer in 1814, his remains were escorted to the burying ground in the Borough of Newville, on the 1st inst., by the Ringold Artillerists. Mr. Callen was placed on the pension list, on 3d of March, 1827.

In Petersburg, Adams county, on the 27th ult., Mrs. MARY ANN, wife of the Rev. Henry Aurand, formerly of Carlisle, in the 42d year of her age.

County Treasurer.

ROBERT SNODGRASS will be a candidate for *County Treasurer*, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

Carlisle, July 12, 1849.

Assigneeship Account.

THE account of William Crawford, Esq., Assignee of John R. Wilson, having been presented to the Court of Common Pleas of Cumberland county, said court appointed the first day of the August Term, 1849, for the final confirmation of said account, and rule on all persons concerned to appear and show cause why the same shall not be confirmed and allowed by said court.

JAS. F. LAMBERTON, Proth'y.

Prothonotary's Office, Carlisle, July 12, 1849—3t

Proclamation.

WHEREAS the Honorable FREDERICK WATTS, President Judge of the several Courts of Common Pleas of the counties of Cumberland, Perry and Juniata, in Pennsylvania, and justice of the several Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery in said counties, and Hon. John Stuart and John Clendenin, Judges of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offences, in the said county of Cumberland—by their precepts to me directed, dated the 12th day of April, 1849, have ordered the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, to be holden at Carlisle, on the 4th Monday of August next, (being the 27th day) at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to continue one week.

NOTICE is therefore hereby given, to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace and Constables of the said county of Cumberland, that they are by the said precept commanded to be then and there in their proper persons, with their rolls, records, inquisitions, examinations, and all other remembrances, to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done, and all those that are bound by recognizances, to prosecute against the prisoners that are or then shall be in the Jail of said county, are to be there to prosecute them as shall be just.

JAMES HOFFER, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Carlisle, July 12, 1849.

Summer Groceries.

J. W. EBY, at his Grocery and Tea store, West Main street, Carlisle, has just received and opened a fine and fresh selection of Groceries, in addition to his former variety, and is therefore prepared to supply his customers and friends with the finest quality of

Loaf Sugars,

either in the loaf, crushed, sifted or pulverized, suitable for all purposes at the low price of *ten cents per pound*, and other white or soft crushed sugars at lowest prices, together with a large lot of the best

Brown Sugars,

at prices suited to the different qualities, as also a fine assortment of

Old Rio & Java Coffees,

including Mocha and Laguyra, and the best quality of Rio Coffee fresh roasted.

Pepper, Allspice, Cinnamon, and all other spices, fresh and pure, ground and unground, constantly in store, together with

Honey & Molasses,

including finest Syrup, Sugar House and Orleans Molasses.

Sperm, Mould, and Common Candles of all sizes, as well as a pure bleached Sperm Oil, and Whale Oil. Of salted fish we have

Salmon, Shad,

Mackeral and Herring, at retail.

Fine Dairy Salt, in small sacks, as also Ground Allum in sacks or by the smaller quantity as may be wanted, together with a general assortment of all other articles in the line of Groceries, such as Cheese, Vinegar, Soda and Water Biscuit, &c., all of which for quality and prices we can confidently recommend as equal if not superior to any similar articles in the market.

Thankful for the encouragement given us heretofore, we respectfully solicit a continuance of patronage, which by strict attention and endeavors to please, it shall be our object to merit.

J. W. EBY.

Carlisle, July 12, 1849

Fine and Fresh Teas.

THE subscriber has just opened an entire new selection of BLACK & GREEN TEAS, which he has selected from the well known Tea store of the Messrs. Jenkins of Philadelphia. The assortment consists of Young Hyson, Imperial, Gunpowder and Oolong Teas, (fanciful names omitted) and are neatly packed and secured in ¼, ½, & 1 lb. metallic and paper packages—the qualities varying in prices from 37½ to 1,25 per pound, and from the encouragement received in the selling of these Teas for more than two years past, we have reason to believe we can confidently recommend them to our customers and the public, as superior to any other in our market.

J. W. EBY.

Carlisle, July 12, 1849

Glass and Queensware.

A LARGE and general assortment of glass bowls, lamps, dishes, pitchers, fine fluted table and bar tumblers, jelly glasses and other glassware. Also, China, Liverpool, and Granite Tea sets in variety. Also, plates, dishes, bowls, cups and saucers, pitchers, custards, pepper mugs, coffee and tea pots, sugar bowls, cream mugs, sallad bowls, chamber ware, and generally all other articles of Liverpool, Granite and Common ware, in store and for sale by

J. W. EBY.

Carlisle, July 12.

Olive Oil.

A VERY superior article of fresh Bordeaux Table Oil, just received and for sale at the store of

J. W. EBY.

July 12, 1849

Stop your Cough, it leads to Consumption.

THOMSON'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF TAR AND WOOD NAPHTHA, is the most certain and effectual remedy known for the cure of all complaints of the Throat and Lungs, Obstinate coughs, chronic sore throat, bronchitis, asthma, pain in the side and breast, tightness from phlegm, hoarseness, croup, whooping cough, &c. Give it a trial, and you will acknowledge it has no equal.

Prepared only at the N. E. corner of Fifth and Spruce streets, Phila. Sold in Carlisle by James Fleming.

July 5, 1849.

LIST OF LETTERS.

ADVERTISED IN THE "VOLUNTEER" BY APPOINTMENT.

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Post-office at Carlisle, Pa., July 1, 1849. Persons inquiring for letters on this list, will please say they are advertised.

Alexander John
Lieut. M'Clelland &c. } Heir of
Anderson George
Air Jacob
Bear John
Beitly George
Bosler John
Brown Samuel
Budd Benjamin
Baldwin O
Brougher Isaac
Boggs J Jr
Brenizer Samuel
Bitzer Martin
Burns Edward 2
Clinedinst Harriet
Canada Tompson
Cramer Jacob
Caldwel John
Clakson Joseph D
Collier & Brothers
Clark James M
Chandler George
Corminn Benjamin
Collier Jos E
Dchura William D W
Devinney Mrs Jane
Declure Frederick
Dunkle Paul
Dowling Catharine
Darr John
Diller Jolin
Eliott James
Eckert John
Eaby & Kissinger
Fry Martin
Givler Rebecca
Given Robert
Giffin Robert
Graham William
Miller William &c. } Heirs of
Hain David
Hippehemmer Sarah
Hooper George
Houinstine Mr
Houinstine John
Hipple Mary
Ickhoff W
Irvine William
Hartley Thomas &c. } Heirs of
Irvine William Gen } Heirs of
Jones Cyrus
Jordan Nathan
Kerber Franz
Kelly R W
Kelly Thomas
Kelly Levi
Kerns Charles
Leib Christian or
Walter Christian jr } Heirs of
Lehman Jacob W
Louke John
Lippert William
Leidich Widow
Lehr John
Lee Elizabeth
Luebin Daniel
M'Donald Thomas
White Robert &c. } Heirs of
Miller Joseph
M'Bride John
Myers John
M'Caleb Joseph
Morrison Frederick
Mordorf Abraham
M'Cord John
M'Nair Samuel
Miller John W
Mucelwee Efrum
Miller P S
Millard James
M'Cool Elijah
Nicholas Francis } Heirs of
Ninniger Frederick
Pelton J W
Parks Adeline
Parks Mrs Adline
Rough Peter
Rudey George
Royer John
Ruth John
Slade Wm H Esq
Shewman David
Smith Frederick 2
Shade Sarah E
Spidle Miss Sarah
Stevenson Joshua
Smith Miss Margaret
Smith John H Esq
Smith David
Shaffer John
Shambranch Rebecca
Shoop John
Swigard Wm F } Stevenson Warner C
Seidel Christiana M
Shelly Ephraham
Steiff Charles
Tolbert Jeremiah
Rippie William &c. } Heirs of
Thomas Josiah
Thess Samuel
Tyler Aaron
Taylor James
Tanger George
Troup John
Thumma Peter
Torbet Allen S
Uhler George
Watts Elanora
Washington Samuel
Whiteman Catharine
Watson George
Wealcom Catharine
Wagoner John
Wise Henry jr
Warfiel Elizabeth
Wyant John
White Priscilla
Yartells James
Zigler G W

A. HENDEL, P. M.

NO other Medicine has ever been introduced to the public that has met with such unparalled success, as Dr. Soule's ORIENTAL BALM PILLS.—Having been but six years before the public, and the advertising small when compared with most other medicines, yet they have worked their way into every State in the Union and Canadas. They have absolutely become the standard Medicine of the day. They are purely vegetable and so admirably compounded that when taken in large doses they speedily cure acute diseases, and when taken in small doses they operate like a charm, upon the most delicate, nervous female, and have raised numbers from their beds when all other remedies had failed. We here refer to but a few of the many miraculous cures effected by the use of said Pills,

Spinal Affection.—Anna Wood, of Rutland, Jefferson co., N. Y., was cured, after she had been confined to bed 5 years, with Spinal disease and Abscess of the Lungs. The bill of her regular Physician (Dr. Johnson of Clay,) had amounted to $600, See Circular.

Scrofula and Nervous Debility.—Mrs. Down of Clay, N. Y., was cured of Dyspepsia, Nervous debility and Scrofulous affection of the head, after she had been confined six months and all other medicines had failed.

Cough and Consumption Cured.—Wm. Bently, of Pickering, C. W., was cured of a severe Cough after he had been confined to his bed for a long time, and was given up by the Physicians. He had used most of the cough medicines of the day, and was supposed by his friends and physicians, to be in the last stage of Consumption.

Dyspepsia.—A. B. F. Ormsby, of Syracuse, N. Y., was cured of Dyspepsia, so severe as not to be able to work for two years.

Wm. Smith, of Greenwich, Conn., was cured of a severe case of Dyspepsia, Costiveness and Nervous Debility, of years standing, after expending large sums of money to no purpose, See Circulars.

Bleeding Piles.—Asaph L. Leonard, of Avon, N. Y., was cured of a severe case of Bleeding Piles of a number of years standing, after using a variety of Pile medicines without effect.

Mrs. Williamson, of Bethleham, N. J., was afflicted for thirty years with disease of the chest and stomach, a few doses of these pills cured her.

John Darling, of Westford, Oswego co., N. Y., was greatly benefitted in a case of Asthma and difficulty of breathing, by use of these pills.

Severe case of Piles.—John Bolton, of Hardwick, Otsego co., N. Y., was cured of a severe case of Piles and extreme costiveness of long and painful duration. Who would not sacrifice a few shillings to be relieved from so distressing a complaint.

Wm. Mockbridge, of Sodus Point, N. Y., was cured of Cough, Nervous Debility, and general derangement of the digestive organs. He had been sick for years, and spent hundreds of dollars to get relief, but to no purpose, and was so discouraged he could hardly be pursuaded to take the Pills.

The above are all cases in which all other remedies failed to cure or give relief. Many of the same character might be published if we had space.—For particulars see the Botanic Institute, which can be had of agents.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

As there are spurious Pills in circulation called Oriental or Sovereign Balm, be sure to see before you buy that the name of "DR. E. L. SOULE & CO." is on the face of the Boxes. None others can be genuine. We are not aware that any who is making a spurious article has yet dared to make use of our name; but some of them have had the impudence to imitate our boxes and copy our Circulars, Certificates, &c. Unless the public are careful when they purchase they will be deceived.

The following persons, in this county, are agents for the above Medicine.

J. C. & G. B. Allick, Shippensburg.
Wm. Barr, Newville.
Jacob Heffelbower, Newburg.
Joseph L. Sterner, Mifflin township.
Perry & Cristlieb do.
John Ernst, do.
A. Cathcart, Shepherdstown.
J. G. Miller, Lisburn.
C. Mellinger's Tavern, Stoughstown.
A. C. Norton, (Maglauchlin's Hotel) Carlisle, Pa., General Agent for Pennsylvania, Maryland and Delaware, to whom all orders should be addressed.

Carlisle, June 29, 1849.—6m.

To the Voters of Cumberland county.

FELLOW-CITIZENS—Being solicited by a number of my friends, I offer myself as a candidate for the

OFFICE OF SHERIFF,

at the ensuing election, and will be thankful for your suffrages. Should I be elected, I hereby promise to perform the duties of said office faithfully.

JOHN F. HUNTER.

Carlisle, April 5, 1849

To the Voters of Cumberland county.

FELLOW-CITIZENS—Encouraged by numerous friends, I hereby offer myself to your consideration as a candidate for the

OFFICE OF SHERIFF,

of Cumberland county, at the ensuing general election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of said office with impartiality.

DAVID CRISWELL.

Shippensburg, April 14, 1849.

To the Voters of Cumberland county.

FELLOW CITIZENS—I offer myself to your consideration as a candidate for the

OFFICE OF SHERIFF,

subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Pledging myself, in the event of my nomination and election, to disdharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability.

ANDREW ROBERTS.

June 19, 1849.

To the Voters of Cumberland county.

FELLOW-CITIZENS—I offer myself to your consideration as a candidate for the

OFFICE OF SHERIFF,

of Cumberland county, at the next general election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of said office with fidelity.

DAVID SMITH.

Carlisle, April 5, 1849

To the Voters of Cumberland county.

FELLOW-CITIZENS—At the solicitation of many friends I hereby offer myself to your consideration as a candidate for the

OFFICE OF SHERIFF,

at the ensuing general election, subject to the decision of the Whig County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I promise to discharge the duties of the office with fidelity and humanity. I therefore respectfully solicit your support.

JOSEPH McDARMOND.

Newville, April 12, 1849.

To the voters of Cumberland county.

FELLOW CITIZENS—Being encouraged by a number of my friends, I offer myself as a candidate for the

OFFICE OF SHERIFF,

of Cumberland county, at the ensuing general election—subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be nominated and elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of said office with impartiality. I therefore respectfully solicit your support.

J. LONGNECKER.

Wormleysburg, May 10, 1849.

To the Voters of Cumberland county.

FELLOW-CITIZENS—I offer myself to your consideration for the

OFFICE OF SHERIFF,

subject to the nomination of the Whig County Convention. Should I be fortunate enough to be elected, I will discharge the duties of the office with impartiality and fidelity.

ROBERT M'CARTNEY.

Carlisle, April 12, 1849

To the Voters of Cumberland county.

FELLOW-CITIZENS—I hereby offer myself as a candidate for the

OFFICE OF SHERIFF,

of Cumberland county, and solicit your support, pledging myself if elected, to discharge the duties of said office with fidelity.

MONTGOMERY DONALDSON.

Westpennsboro' tp. April 12, 1849

Carlisle Sulphur Springs.

THE Proprietor respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he is prepared to accomodate commfortly a large number of visitors and boarders.

The Springs are 4½ miles North of Carlisle, Cumberland County, Pa., situated in a healthy and romantic place. Hot and Cold Baths in good order, and every accommodation may be relied on.

D. CORNMAN.

N. B. Good Hacks in readiness for the Spring at Hendle's or Hilton's Livery, Carlisle.

June 24, 1849—5*

A CARD.

THE DOUBLING GAP WHITE SULPHER SPRINGS, situated in Cumberland county, Pa., in a picturesque portion of the mountains, and eight miles north of Newville, has recently been fitted up with new and commodious buildings.

The subscriber having provided himself with good cooks and waiters, hopes by close and personal application to business, to be able to give general satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call.

A line of Hacks will always be ready at the Newville Depot on the arrival of the cars to carry passengers to the Springs.

SCOTT COYLE.

May 31, 1849—3m

A CARD.

SAMUEL HEPBURN, will resume the practice of the law in the several counties (Cumberland, Perry and Juniata,) of his late judicial district. Any business entrusted to his care will be promptly attended to. Office in Mrs. Ege's corner room, North Hanover street, immediately opposite the Bank.

Carlisle, March 8, 1849—tf

DR. J. K. SMITH,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN, respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Carlisle and vicinity. Office in Snodgrass' Row, next door to Justice Holcomb's, where he can at all times be found, when not professionally engaged.

Carlisle, June 7, 1849—tf

J. B. PARKER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office in North Hanover street, in the room formerly occupied by the Hon. F. Watts.

March 22, 1849.—tf.

BLOOMFIELD HOTEL,

Bloomfield, Perry County, Pa.

HENRY D. WOODRUFF.

May, 17, 1849—3m

"Quick Sales and Small Profits."

THE RED FLAG CLOTHING STORE, South Hanover street, below Bentz' store is the place to buy fashionable ready made Clothing. The Cheapest Clothing under the sun is now selling at the above store. From 32 to 42 inches Cloth Dress Coats at $6 50, worth $13; do. $7, worth $15; super. French wool dyed Black, at $9, worth $20; Pants from $1 25 to $6; Black and Figured Satin Vests at $1 50, worth $3.

May 3, 1847.

Refreshing Drinks.

ROUSSEL'S MINERAL.—

Sparkling and bright,
In its liquid light,

and not only sparkling and bright—but for its flavor it is hard to beat.

Monyer's Fountain Mead, is indeed the "No-plus Ultra" drink of the season, and may be had, together with the above named Mineral Water, at the Wholesale and Retail confectionary of P. MONYER.

June 14, 1849

NEWARK Furniture Varnish, just received at Dr. Rawlins' Drug store.

May 7, 11849

APPRAISEMENT.

OF Distillers, Brewers, Eating Houses, &c., in Cumberland county, as classified by me as per act of Assembly, passed the 10th of April, 1849.

CARLISLE.	No. Gals	Kinds.	Class		License.
Edward Shower,	27,000	whiskey	8	Distiller	$12 50
Henry Baraitx,	20,000		8	Brewer	12 50
Wm. Alexander,			10	Brewer	8 00
Wm. T. Phaler,			8	Eating-house	5 00
Jacob Low,			8	Eating-house	5 00
John Hanlon,			8	Beer-house	5 00
A. C. Norton,			4	Medicine	5 00
Wm. Chandler,			4	"	5 00
James Donaldson,			4	"	5 00
Geo. Chandler,			4	"	5 00
Jas. Hathon,			4	"	5 00
Franklin Barber,			4	"	5 00
O. G. Cramer,			4	"	5 00
Elijah Switzer,			4	"	5 00
Daniel Rife,			4	"	5 00
J. W. Kurtz,			4	"	5 00
Levi Snell,			4	"	5 00
John Crig,			4	"	5 00
John Deemer,			4	"	5 00
Thomas Edic,			4	"	5 00
ALLEN.					
Wm. Harkness,	10,000	whiskey	9	Distiller	8 00
John Bowman,	12,000	"	9	"	8 00
DICKINSON.					
Robert Linn,	9,000	"	10	"	5 00
N. MIDDLETON.					
Wm. M. Henderson,	63,000	"	7	"	20 00
S. MIDDLETON.					
Robert Given,	54,000	"	7	"	20 00
John M. Good, Ag't.	15,000	"	9	"	8 00
John Kelly,	27,000	"	8	"	12 50
MONROE.					
Michael Beltshoover,	45,000	"	8	"	12 50
C. & P. A. Abl,	14,400	"	9	"	8 00
HOPEWELL.					
Robert Quigley,	13,500	"	9	"	8 00
John Laughlin,	9,000	"	10	"	5 00
NEWTON.					
Jacob Ail,	18,800	"	9	"	8 00
SOUTHAMPTON.					
Mr. Conver,	9,000	"	10	"	5 00

J. WORTHINGTON,
Mercantile Appraiser.

The foregoing persons returned to the County Treasurer, will call for their licencess on or before the 1st of July, 1849.

ROBERT MOORE,
County Treasurer.

June 28, 1849—3t

Notice to Tax-payers.

UNDER the provisions of the act of 1844, any county paying into the State Treasury the State Tax levied on such county, prior to the 17th of July in any year, is entitled to an abatement of 5 per cent. on the amount so paid.

The undersigned, Commissioners of Cumberland county, in view of the above provisions consider it equitable and proper that those who by the prompt payment of their taxes prior to the above date, enable the Treasurer to pay over the State tax, so as to receive the aforesaid abatement of 5 per cent., the benefit of which has hitherto been enjoyed by the citizens of the county generally, should be allowed a deduction of that amount by the collector—have authorized the different collectors to make said abatement from the State tax, in all cases where the State and County tax is paid to the collector before the 17th day of July, 1849, when said abatement shall amount to one cent or more, no fractions of a cent to be credited.

Since the act of 1844, the Commissioners have paid the State tax of this county annually to the State Treasurer, within the time prescribed by the act, and the county has received the benefit of an abatement of 5 per cent. thereon, but to meet said payment they have found it necessary heretofore to appropriate a part of the county funds to meet the deficiency occasioned by delinquents, until the balance of the State tax was collected. It therefore becomes necessary to require the payment of both State and county tax to entitle the payer to the aforesaid abatement upon the aforesaid State Tax.

The undersigned therefore confidently anticipate that the above arrangement, and the further inducement of enabling Cumberland county to maintain the character for promptness and fidelity which she has acquired in the discharge of her obligations to the Commonwealth, will induce every citizen to discharge their State and county tax prior to the 17th day of July.

DANIEL COBLE,
JOHN MELL,
JAMES KELSO,
County Commissioners.

Attest—WM. RILEY, Clk.
Commissioner's Office, Carlisle, May 3, 1849—3m

Estate Notice.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of Wm. Trimble, decd., late of Silver Spring township, Cumberland county, Pa., have been granted to the subscriber living in said township. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement to

JOHN TRIMBLE, Adm'r.

June 21, 1849—6t*

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made at the next session of the Legislature of Pennsylvania, for an alteration in the charter of the Carlisle