THE CONSISTENCY OF FEDERALISM.

Gov. Johnson, in the Senate last winter, advocated the passage of a bill giving the people the right to elect Prosecuting Attornies in the several counties. How comes it that he does not recommend this measure in his Message now?

Gov. Johnson, in the Senate, also advocated the abolishment of the office of Adjutant General. Now, as Governor, he advocates no such policy. This is Federal inconsistency No. 2.

In the Senate, Gov. Johnson advocated the sale of the public improvements. In his Message he does not recommend such a policy. Inconsistency No. 3.

Such is Federalism out of power and Federalism in power.

SLAVE QUESTION IN ILLINOIS.—The Illinois Legislature have passed resolutions instructing their Senators and requesting their representatives to use all honorable means to procure the enactment of such laws by Congress as to expressly prohibit the extension of slavery in newly acquired Territories.

WHO IS THE HERO OF BUENA VISTA?—The *N. Y. Evening Post* has an article claiming the principal credit of the battle of Buena Vista for General Wool. It says:

"The choice of the battle field, the posting of the troops, the bold and well-directed manœuvres which twice, we might almost say, won the victory, are his by a right which cannot be fairly contested."

PRICES IN CALIFORNIA.—A letter from California, published in the N. Y. Tribune, says:

Whiskey sells here at from $2 50 to $5 per gallon; shoes, light and heavy, $3 50 to $5; boots $10 to 16. Domestic goods sell at an advance of 250 per cent. on cost, including transportation; ready made clothing 250 to 350 per ct. clear profit. Good blankets sell by the bale at $20 per pair. Watches and jewelry bring very high prices, with very quick sale, and gold dust is frequently picked up at $8 to $10 per ounce.

ARE THEY SERIOUS?—Mr. Swartzwelder, of the House, has introduced resolutions instructing our Senators, and recommending our Representatives in Congress to vote for the restoration of the Tariff of 1842, "*without modification.*" The very fact of asking an unconditional restoration of that Tariff, must satisfy all that there is no cincerity in this pretention of the Whigs.

RAIL ROAD ACCIDENT.—Near Harrisburg on Thursday morning last, a man by the name of John M'Caffrey, who resided at Middletown, was run over by the cars, and instantly killed.

A CHINESE DINNER.—A correspondent of the Pennsylvanian, in the Navy, writes from Macao, China, an account of a dinner that was given to Dr. Davis, our Commissioner, and the officers of the Plymouth, with Commander Sue. He says:

We sat down to a regular Chinese dinner of *bird's-nest soup, duck's feet*, and I do not now remember [illegible] half; but I do know, that we had *nineteen courses* [illegible]p, of all of which we, of course, had to partake, [illegible]t to taste would have been considered uncour- [illegible] after we got through the Chinese dinner, we [illegible] to commence on another, cooked according to the Tartar fashion, which was by far more like ours than was the Chinese. There were about one hundred Mandarins present, all waiting on and teaching us "*outside barbarians*," how to use the "*chop-sticks*" —these, you must know, are two sticks, something like our pen holders, only a little longer, with which the Chinese eat all their food; when they eat rice they hold the bowl up to the mouth, and shovel it in most dexterously with these sticks; and so, in fact, with all their food, which, before cooking, is always cut fine. The dinner, and indeed all the ceremonies of the day, passed off pleasantly and happily, and we left for the city in a good humor with our entertainers, not even suspecting we had eaten *dogs*, or *cats*, or *rats*, as some began to imagine we had; but I do not and will not believe it. It is estimated by those initiated in Chinese affairs, that each one present ate about one hundred dollars' worth, or at least what cost them that amount. You can, therefore, form some idea of the extent and magnificence, in their way, of the entertainment. I do not care particularly, however, about eating another Chinese diplomatic dinner, especially with chop sticks, unless I see it cooked.

☞ It is a mark of a depraved mind, to sneer at discrepit old age, or to ridicule any one who is deformed in his person or lacketh understanding.

A FAITHLESS SWAIN.—Miss M'Clelland, of Bedford, Penna., lately recovered damages to the amount of $3000 for a breach of promise of marriage from John Van[illegible]ert.

[illegible] AND FREE SOIL.—Vague hints are afloat that Senator Benton has determined to take a bold and decided stand in favor of Free Soil.

The thieves are getting funny. A gentleman in Cincinnatti had all his champagne stolen the other [illegible] by one of them, who left this note:

"Dear Mr. S.—I tried your wine. *It wasn't hard to take!*"

DEATH OF MAJOR DIX.—The Washington (Pa.) *Reporter*, of Wednesday, brings a confirmation of the telegraphic report of the death of Major Dix, of the U. S. Army, (a brother of Senator Dix of New York,) who died in Hillsborough, in that county, on last Sabbath morning, of Cholera. Major Dix in company with several other officers of the army was *en route* from New Orleans to Washington city. He had been quite unwell while coming up the Ohio river, and felt much worse after leaving Wheeling.

They arrived at Hillsborough about 8 o'clock in the evening, and after the horses were changed, he remarked that he had the cholera and could not go on. The stage was detained, and at his request a Justice of the Peace was sent for, who drew up his Will, disposing of his property. He lingered in great agony until Sunday morning, about two o'clock, when he died. He was buried in Hillsborough, on Sunday morning. The passengers paid off his bills, and immediately started on with his effects to Washington city, where they will be delivered, by his directions, to his brother. The four physicians who attended him concurred in the opinion that it was cholera.

The News by the America—A Brief Abstract.

The intelligence by the steamship America, which arrived at Boston on the 12th instant, is eleven days later. Louis Napoleon was formally proclaimed President of the Republic of France, on the 20th of December. His term will expire on the 2d Sunday of May, 1852. His Inaugural Address is thoroughly Republican. In the course of it he took occasion to compliment Cavaignac in very decided terms. Odillon Barrot has been empowered to form the new Ministry. It is supposed that a general Amnesty will follow the accession of the new President. Ledru Rollin and his party have already commenced attacking the new government, and the National newspaper seems disposed to follow the same course. Abdel Kader has asked for his liberty.

The Paris funds exhibit much firmness. The cholera still prevails in London. The bullion of the Bank of England has increased to nearly £15,000,000 sterling. Consols 86½ to 88⅞. Money still abundant in London, although the demand had slightly increased. First class paper 2¾ per cent. per annum. The accounts from the cotton and woollen districts of Lancashire are favorable. The Pope was still at Gaeta. Nothing important from Italy. The Imperialists were successful as far as heard from in Hungary. Vienna and the provinces were all tranquil. The Parliament of Frankfort had resolved, it was said, to have an Emperor for Germany. Cotton without material change. Flour duty paid, 26s. to 27s. Wheat 6s. to 7s. White Corn 30s.; best yellow 32s. 6d. The advices are to the 30th ultimo.—*Phil. Inquirer.*

From the N. Y. Journal of Commerce. (Taylor Paper.)

The Tariff of '42.

It would seem by the vote of the U. S. House of Representatives last Monday, on a resolution of Mr. Eckert, of Pa., instructing the Committee of Ways and Means to bring in "a Bill based on the principles of the Tariff of 1842," that the Whigs are again lusting after the leeks and onions of Egypt. The demonstration is of no practical importance, as there is not the slightest probability that any such bill will pass the Senate; still it is of some interest as showing what the Whigs would do, *if they could.* It is thus that without the possibility of any good resulting in any way, they shake off the reinforcements by *which they have gained their recent victory*, and without aid, they can never gain another, nor retain the ascendency which they now hold.

EDUCATION.

We publish the communication which follows, at the request of "A Teacher," but at the same time we must be permitted to remark that it is not exactly correct in all its statements. To say that "protection to education in Pennsylvania, and especially in Cumberland county, is not even dreamed of," is absurd. No doubt our system of Common Schools contains many errors, but at the same time all will admit that the system itself is a good one, and has worked wonders, and more than realized the hopes of its most sanguine friends. Cumberland county is ahead of most other counties in her efforts to promote education, and her schools, with a very few exceptions, are in a highly prosperous condition. That most of our country teachers receive too small a salary we admit, but this the people themselves have it in their power to correct. Employ none but competent teachers, and pay them a liberal compensation, and the people will find themselves to be the gainers. With these remarks we insert the article following:

For the American Volunteer.

Mr. Editor—While Congress has been invoked to pass Laws to "protect" home industry—while our State Legislature has been petitioned to protect mechanical business—while we have our standing armies to protect our soil—protection to Education in Pennsylvania, especially in Cumberland county, is not now even dreamed of. Strange it is, that this important subject has become almost wholly neglected. Laws were passed establishing Common Schools in this State; but are as deficient and unmeaning, as though earth had been hunted o'er to procure the greatest blockheads to conceive the project. I need only refer to the enactment which provides that a tax shall be levied for school purposes twice the amount of the *pro rata* of State appropriation.—When the effect of this absurd law is exposed, we shall see what kind of a story we'll have to tell. The country schools are supported only from four to six months in the year; generally but four, and the teacher paid from $15 to $17 per month and board himself. The same law gives the people of each borough, township, &c., the privilege to decide by ballot whether, in order to keep the schools open a longer time each year, an "additional tax" shall be laid; but the school Directors give no notice of such election to be held in the month of May, nor has such an election ever been held in the adjacent townships, since the Common Schools were first introduced. The Directors can either give notice or not do it, just as they think proper; and, inasmuch, as they are generally all farmers and the owners of farms, believe it to be inexpedient to vote for a measure, or allow others to decide in its favor, which will tax them with an additional amount—they are all interested as far as dollars and cents are concerned! The Directors are not punished for neglect of duty—no penalty whatever is inflicted by law. If they refuse to attend to their duty, although the Court would appoint others, yet no one seems disposed to bring the case before the Court, hence nothing is done, and men go on in this respect, regardless of law, justice, or their duty.

The Legislature should so amend the school law, instead of regulating the school tax by the State appropriation, to make it obligatory upon the Directors to levy sufficient tax to support the country schools at least 9 months in the year, and should repeal that part of the law that relates to holding elections, giving the people an opportunity to decide for or against an additional tax. Hon. Jesse Miller, State Superintendent of Common Schools, in his report to the Legislature last winter, recommended that the School Directors should be compelled by law to levy a tax to keep the schools open at least 6 months in the year. Even this recommendation, if hearkened to, would have been better than having but four months, but we find our sublime law makers pass by the subject unnoticed—nothing was done! We whose profession it is to instruct the country schools, must tamely and resignedly submit to our fate, by having employment not more than half of the year, more commonly but one third of the year, and be paid too a wood choppers wages—eleven dollars per month, allowing six dollars per month for boarding. This is the kind of "protection" we receive by law! A farmer who sends from four to five children to school for four months, pays on an average, about four dollars of school tax. At the usual rate of instruction, $2 per quarter, would cost him $10; he pays but $6 at most in shape of tax; here is a clear gain of $4 made off the teachers! Others pay 12½ cents tax, and send to school to the amount of as many dollars, every session. A beautiful system truly! Well may the school directors complain of a fearful want of good teachers, well may the people weep and wail and gnash their teeth; at finding their school houses closed for want of competent teachers—well may their children grow up in ignorance, while they are imposed on by a horde of ignoramuses, in the garb of teachers, who are employed, rather than have an empty house altogether!—No less than 5000 Common School teachers in this State are thus imposed on for want of legal protection. Soon, very soon, unless some wise, speedy and effectual remedy is applied, will we go back to where we stood 50 years ago in the point of education.

A TEACHER.

January, 1849.

For the American Volunteer.

CANAL COMMISSIONER.

Mr. Editor—I notice by your paper that the State Central Committee have appointed Pittsburg as the place, and the 4th of July next as the time, for holding the Canal Commissioner's Convention. Allow me, therefore, through the columns of the Volunteer, to mention the name of GEORGE H. BUGHER, Esq., of old Mother Cumberland, as a gentleman well qualified for the Canal Board. Cumberland county has never yet had a Canal Commissioner. Her claims are as strong as almost any other county, and it is to be hoped that they will not again be overlooked. Should Mr. Bugher be selected by the Democratic Convention, his election would be certain by a large majority.

A DEMOCRAT.

Distinguished Deaths.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 12.

Col. Oakly, Canal Commissioner of Illinois, died at his residence on the 1st inst.

Gen. Ruland, Indian Agent, and for a long time attached to the staff of Gen. Harrison, died at Jefferson city on the 6th inst.

A telegraphic despatch has reached this city announcing the death of Colonel Croghan, Inspector General in the Army. It is thought that the President will appoint Col. Duncan in his place.

RATHER EQUIVOCAL.—A young fellow having been charged with getting drunk the night before, and wishing to justify himself, declared he never was drunk, nor never meant to be, *for it always made him feel so bad the next morning.*

MARRIED.

On the 11th instant, by the Rev. A. H. Kremer, Mr. JONATHAN BEAR, of West Pennsborough, to Miss MARIA BEAR, of Silver Spring township, this county.

On Thursday last, by the Rev. J. N. Hoffman, Mr. DAVID NAILOR, to Miss CATHARINE HASSLER, both of this county.

On the same day, by the same, Mr. JOHN STROCK, of Churchtown, to Miss ELIZABETH STEVENSON, of Silver Spring township.

On the 4th inst., by the Rev. John Fritchy, Mr. WM. C. BRANDT, to Miss ELIZABETH GOODYEAR, both of Monroe tp.

On the 6th inst., by the same, SAMUEL BEAR, to Miss MARY RUPLY, both of Hampden township.

DIED.

Suddenly, on the 6th instant, at his residence, in East Hanover township, Lebanon county, Hon. ADAM WEISS, aged about 60 years.

Of Scarlet Fever, on Sunday morning, December 10th, at Mr. John Reber's, in Lancaster, Ohio, JAMES EPHRAIM STEELE, aged 6 years, 8 months, and 15 days, only child of Mr. John Steele, of Philadelphia, and formerly of Carlisle.

On the 25th of December last, in Clermont county, Ohio, JOSEPH STAYMAN, Sr., formerly of Cumberland county, Pa., aged 57 years and 20 days.

The deceased has many friends and relatives scattered through different parts of this county, who will doubtless feel deeply affected upon the sad intelligence of the death of one whom they greatly loved, and highly esteemed. His disease which was bilious colick, terminated fatally in thirty hours. Thus in the short space of thirty hours, he who was blessed with a strong constitution naturally, and who lived in the enjoyment of good health, was suddenly cut off, by one of those "fierce diseases that wait around to hurry mortals home."

How important that saying of divine revelation, "Be ye also ready, for in such an hour as you think not, the Son of man cometh."

S.

CONCERT!

A CONCERT will be given at the Union Church, Plainfield, on Monday Evening, January 22d, 1849, in aid of the funds for building the church. Those in favor of extending the knowledge of the gospel, as well as the lovers of music are invited to attend. The exercises will be under the direction of Prof. R. K. BURNS, who will be assisted by the Carlisle Quartette.

January 18, 1849.

Report of the Poor House Visitors.

To the Honorable the Judges of the Court of Cumberland County.

The undersigned Committee appointed by your honorable body, for the purpose of visiting and examining the condition of the Poor House of the county, beg leave to report that they have discharged the duties appertaining to their appointment; and with pleasure state that they have found every thing connected with the establishment in good order.—The rooms are large, clean, and neatly furnished with good beds and excellent bedding. The food, which is abundantly provided, is of a good quality, wholesome and nutricious. The clothing substantial and comfortable. The medical attendance is all that can, under present circumstances, be possibly rendered them. The recorded number of inmates on the 1st day of November, 1847, was 118; since which time were admitted 176, making the number provided for during the year, 294, of which number there have been discharged, died and eloped, 188, leaving on the 1st of November, 1848, 106, being 12 less than at the same time in 1847. The above is exclusive of a number of way-faring persons who received supper, lodging and breakfast, whose names do not appear on the register.

One improvement, which your Committee considers not only desirable, but absolutely necessary, is the erection of a suitable building, at a reasonable distance from the rest, to be used for hospital purposes, and especially for those who may be laboring under contagious diseases. At the last visit of the Committee, one person attacked by small pox (and the only case which occurred in the institution) was placed in a room in the building used as a bakery, but had the disease have spread, or many cases occurred, there would have been no alternative but to have placed them in some part of the buildings occupied by the rest of the paupers, thereby endangering not only the lives and health of the others, but by keeping up the disease run the risk of it spreading through the neighborhood. We therefore take the liberty of calling the attention of those whose duty it may be, to the subject. Your Committee cannot close their report without expressing their gratification at the apparent cheerfulness and contentment of those who are enjoying the benefits of the noble charity, and of acknowledging the courtesy and attention extended towards them by the Steward at the times of their different visits.

GEORGE EGE,
WM. W. DALE,
W. H. TROUT.

The foregoing report approved

BY THE COURT.

November 15, 1848.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY, ss.

In testimony that the foregoing is a true copy of the Report of Poor House Visitors, as full and entire as the same remains on file in my office, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of said office, at Carlisle, this 17th day of November, 1848.

J. GOODYEAR, Jr.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested, that the following accounts have been filed in this office, for the examination by the accountants therein named, and will be presented to the Orphan's Court of Cumberland County for Confirmation and allowance, on Tuesday, the 13th day of February, A. D. 1849.

1st. The account of Sam'l. Cocklin, Ext'r. of James Louden, late of Monroe tp. dec.

2d. The account of Samuel and Miley Gettle, administrators of Jacob Gettle, late of Southampton township, deceased.

3d. The account of John B. Ebright and Jacob Baker, administrators de bonis non with the will annexed of George Baker, late of Silver Spring township, deceased.

4th. The account of William Baker, Guardian of Catherine Baker, minor daughter of Philip Baker, deceased.

5th. The account of Benjamin Haverstick, administrator of Eve Haverstick, late of Silver Sprng. township, deceased.

6th. The account of John N. Mosser, Executor of Esther Horst; late of East Pennsboro township, deceased.

7th. The account of George Zinn, Jr., administrator of Hannah Vaughn, late of Lorain county, State of Ohio, deceased.

8th. The account of Isaac L. Wingard, administrator of Elizabeth Kitzmiller, late of the borough of Carlisle, deceased.

9th. The account of John Miller, administrator of Abraham Landes, late of Mifflin tp. dec'd.

10th. The account of Saml. Strom guardian of Susan, Samuel, Eli, Emily, Jesse and Sarah Buchman minor children of Philip Buchman dec.

WM. GOULD, Register.

Register Office,
January 13, 1849.

Estate Notice.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of Andrew Kerr, Sr. late of the Borough of Carlisle, Cumberland county, Pa., dec'd., have been granted by the Register of said county. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them properly uthenticated for settlement to

ANDREW KERR, Jr. Ex'r.

January 18, 1849.—6t

Notice.

THE stockholders of the Harrisburg, Carlisle and Chambersburg Turnpike Road Company, are hereby notified that in pursuance of an Act of the General Assembly, passed the 10th day of April, 1826, an election will be held at the public house of Henry L. Burkholder, in the Borough of Carlisle, on Monday the 5th day of March next, then and there, between the hours of 3 and 5 o'clock, P. M., to elect Three Managers for said company

JOHN IRWIN, Pres't.

January 18, 1849—7t

Great Economy in Kindling Fires.

THE attention of Country Merchants, Pedlars and dealers generally, and families, is respectfully invited to a composition called

Cheever's Patent Fire Kindling,

an article much needed and in demand from all quarters. Fifty cents will supply one fire every day for six months. It is neatly done up in packages, each containing 24 cakes, each cake 10 inch-squares, one of which instantaneously taking fire from contact with a lighted match will ignite Charcoal, Wood and Bituminous Coal, and with one-fourth the ordinary quantity of Wood or Charcoal will kindle the Anthracite.

For sale, wholesale and retail, at the Kindling Depot, No. 149 South Second street, Philadelphia by

J. W. GRAY.

January 18, 1849—3m.

A WORD TO THE AFFLICTED!

5000 PERSONS in Philadelphia alone have witnessed with astonishment the wonderful efficacy of THOMSON'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF TAR AND WOOD NAPHTHA, in curing consumption, Asthma, bronchitis, obstinate coughs, pains in the side or breast, liver complaint, &c.

This preparation is entirely a Vegetable remedy, and may be administered with perfect safety to the most feeble adult or child. Its power as an expectorant is admirably adapted to relieve the oppression in pulmonary diseases, and while it assists nature in throwing off the vitiated matter which collects to the injury of the system, it acts as a general tonic or strengthener.

The testimony of Physicians, and others, to the value of this great remedy, has been of the most satisfactory kind, and has given it a character and standard as a Family medicine, that has placed it beyond competition for the various diseases for which it is employed.

Prepared only at the N. E. corner of Fifth and Spruce sts., Phila.

Sold in Carlisle by J. & W. B. Fleming, at 50 cents per bottle, or five bottles for $2.

January 18, 1849.—3t

Cabinet Making.

Extensive Furniture Rooms.

JACOB FETTER & SON, corner of North Hanover and Louther streets, Carlisle, would respectfully announce to the public that they have on hand, and are constantly manufacturing, every description of work pertaining to the above business, embracing in part,

SIDEBOARDS,	SOFAS,
BUREAUS,	BEDSTEADS,
TABLES,	WASH-STANDS,
SECRETARIES,	MAHOGANY CHAIRS, and
WARDROBES,	WORK-STANDS.

Their Furniture being made out of the best material, by their own hands, they fell no hesitation in warranting its durability. Being always apprized of the very latest city fashions, they are enabled to turn out the most

Fashionable Work

in the country, and at prices too which shall correspond with the "tightness of the money market." They would earnestly invite persons who are about to commence housekeeping to call and examine their present elegant stock, to which they will constantly make additions of the newest and most modern styles.

The UNDERTAKER'S branch of business receives especial attention.

January 18, 1849.

Harrisburg, Carlisle & Chambersburg Turnpike Road Company.

EXHIBIT of tolls received, repairs and expenses, on the "Harrisburg, Carlisle and Chambersburg Turnpike Road Company," from the 1st of January to the 31st of December, 1848, inclusive, as follows, to wit:

DR.

To amount of tolls received at gates,	$3810 42
" Balance at settlement for 1847, paid into court at January 1848,	2084 33
	$5894 75

CR.

Balance of 1847, paid to creditors per act of Assembly of 1823, 1828 and 1830,	2084 33
" Cash paid for repairs on road,	954 96
" Gate Keeper's salaries,	623 28
" Managers for 1848,	214 50
" Treasurer's salary,	43 75
" Secretary's "	25 00
" Incidental expenses,	55 75
" Postage, taxes, and stationary,	11 20
	$4012 77
" Balance paid into court to be appropriated under the act of Assembly aforesaid,	1881 98
	$5894 75

COPY.

Certified on oath to the Judges of the court of Common Pleas of Cumberland county, the 8th day of January, A. D. 1849.

SAMUEL W. NEVIN, Treas'r.

TAKE NOTICE,

That the court of Common Pleas of Cumberland county, have appointed Tuesday the 13th day of February next, at the Court House, in the Borough of Carlisle, at 10 o'clock A. M., for hearing and determining the claims of the respective creditors against the company, so as to enable the court to distribute the money paid into court by the Treasurer of said company, agreeably to the acts of Assembly made for the relief of said creditors on the 1st day of April 1823, and the supplement thereto. At the aforesaid time and place, the preferred (if any) and all other creditors, are requested to have their respective claims duly authenticated and presented, and also to furnish evidence at the same time, whether any claims have been assigned, or are still held by the original owners; and also proof to establish the consideration of their claims, whether for work, materials, &c.

BY THE COURT.

January 18, 1849—3t

The American Metropolitan,

DEVOVED TO AMERICAN LITERATURE AND ART.

EDITED BY WILLIAM LANDON,

AND COMPOSED OF CONTRIBUTIONS FROM THE MOST EMINENT WRITERS OF THE COUNTRY; TOGETHER WITH

Splendid Engravings,

Executed by the first Artists, from Original Designs made expressly for this periodical, by celebrated American Painters, generally illustrative of some point in the History of our country, or peculiar feature in American character.

THE LETTER-PRESS

Will be profusely illustrated by numerous Wood Engravings, executed in the best manner by Engravers of note from original designs. These Wood cuts will not be the caricatures of the Art so often presented, which have served to create a distaste for this artistice style of engraving; but will be executed by eminent engravers who have been employed at liberal prices to ensure the production of the best specimens of their skill.

A new feature in this magazine will be a serial illustration of the

LIFE OF WASHINGTON;

To be continued through twelve numbers. The pictures to be made expressly for this magazine, by T. H. Matteson, whose "Spirit of '76," "First Prayer in Congress," &c., have already stamped him pre-eminent as an Historical Painter.

The text descriptive of these paintings will be from the powerful pen of J. T. Headley, the well known author of "Napoleon and His Marshalls," "Washington and His Generals," &c., making, when completed, the most

Beautiful Illustrated Life of the Father of his Country ever given to the public.

The determination to produce a monthly periodical which shall be eminently American and exclusively original in every department, we feel assured will meet the approbation of a liberal public, and its practical fulfilment secure a patronage indicative of the warm interest which is universally taken in this country for the advance of American Literature and Art.

The names of some of those from whom we have received contributions, or are encouraged to expect assistance, will be found in the following list:

Mrs. L. Maria Child,	William C. Bryant,
Mrs. L. H. Sigourney,	Fitz Green Halleck,
Mrs. E. C. Embury,	J. T. Headley,
Mrs. Ann S. Stephens,	N. P. Willis,
Mrs. Frances S. Osgood,	C. F. Hoffman,
Mrs. E. F. Ellet,	T. S. Arthur,
Mrs. C. M. Kirkland,	C. Edwards Lester,
Mrs. C. M. Stark,	H. T. Tuckerman,
Mrs. E. Little,	John Brougham,
Mrs. C. H. Butler,	Francis C. Woodworth,
Mrs. S. H. Whitman,	W. Gilmore Simms,
Mrs. Mary S. B. Dana,	George W. Peck,
Mrs. Jane C. Campbell,	Edgar A. Poe,
Miss C. M. Sedgwick,	E. A. Duyckinck,
Miss Hannah F. Gould,	Orville Dewey,
Miss Louisa C. Hunter,	George Wilkins Kendall,
Miss Martha Russell,	H. P. Grattan,
Miss Augusta Browne,	Ralph Hoyt.

The first number of the "Metropolitan" will be published on the first of January, 1849, and regularly on the first of each month. Dealers in periodicals throughout the United States and the Canadas, who wish to become agents for the "Metropolitan," will please apply to the publisher immediately. All Post Masters are desired to act as agents for it—the usual discount will be made to them.

A SPECIMEN NUMBER

Will be sent to any one wishing to see it, on application to the publisher, post paid.

TERMS OF THE AMERICAN METROPOLITAN.

One copy one year, in advance,	"	$3 00
One copy, two years,	"	5 00
Two copies one year,	"	5 00
Five copies "	"	10 00
Eight copies "	"	15 00
Twelve " "	"	20 00

Address (post paid) ISRAEL POST,
259 Broadway, New York.

January 18, 1849.

Southern Literary Messenger.

PROSPECTUS FOR 1849.—FIFTEENTH VOLUME

The editor of the Messenger in issuing the Prospectus of a New Volume takes occasion to announce to its patrons and the public that he has made such arrangements for the coming year as will enable him to raise the work to an even higher standard of excellence than it has ever yet attained. In addition to the present large and excellent list of Original contributors, he has secured the services of many other authors of known ability who will supply the pages of the Magine with *Reviews, Historical and Biographical Sketches, Novels, Tales, Travels, Essays, Poems, Critiques, and Papers on the Army, Navy, and other National Subjects.*

The able papers on Scientific subjects which have hitherto attracted such marked attention throughout the country, will be followed up by others, equally instructive and entertaining, while the readers of the work will be kept well-informed of European intelligence, literary, political and scientific, by a regular Paris Correspondence from the pen of a gentleman who has access to the most accurate sources of information, and whose fine taste and general scholarship render him in an especial manner fitted for the task.

Of the Editorial and Critical Department the Editor will only say that it will embrace copious notes on current literature and reviews of all new American or Foreign works of general interest and value. His opinions will at least be always honestly and fearlessly avowed.

The Messenger, on the 1st of January next will enter upon its FIFTEENTH Volume and Fifteenth Year of its existence. This respectable age is the surest guarantee of its permanence. To the South it appeals for renewed liberality and support that it may not only continue, as heretofore, the compeer of the best Northern Periodicals, but aspire to yet higher triumphs and a still wider field of usefulness. As the only Southern Magazine strictly literary in its character a just sectional pride should encourage and foster it. This appeal however is connected with the assurance, on the part of the Editor, that its intrinsic merits shall always command an extended circulation.

With a view to improve the appearance of the work the Editor announces that the Fifteenth Volume will appear in ENTIRELY NEW TYPE from the best Northern foundry; so that for typographical excellence the Messenger shall be unsurpassed.

CONDITIONS OF THE LITERARY MESSENGER.

1. The Southern Literary Messenger is published in monthly numbers. Each number contains not less than 64 large super-royal pages, printed on good type, and in the best manner and on paper of the most beautiful quality.

2. The Messenger is mailed regularly on or about the first day of every month in the year.—Twelve numbers make a volume—and the price of subscription is $5 per volume, payable in advance—nor will the work be sent to any one unless the order for it be accompanied with the cash. The year commences with the January number. To subscriptions received for less than the year, unless the individual subscribing chooses to pay the full price of a years subscription for a less period.

3. The risk of transmitting subscriptions by mail will be assumed by the proprietor. But every subscriber thus transmitting payment, is requested (besides taking proper evidence of the fact and date of mailing,) to retain a memorandum of the number and particular marks of the note sent; or subscriptions may be remitted through the Post Masters, according to the present laws.

4. If a subscription is not directed to be discontinued before the first number of a volume has been published, it will be taken as a continuance for another year.

5. Any one enclosing a $20 current bill, at one time, with the names of FIVE NEW subscribers, shall receive FIVE copies of the Messenger for one year.

6. The mutual obligations of the publisher and subscriber, for the year, are fully incurred as soon as the first No. of the volume is issued; and after that time, no discontinuance of a subscription will be permitted. Nor will any subscription be discontinued while anything remains due thereon, unless at the option of the editor.

JNO. R. THOMPSON,
Editor and Proprietor.

Richmond Va., Jan. 18, 1849

More New Goods at the NEW & CHEAP STORE.

THE subscribers would respectfully inform their friends and the public, that they have just returned from Philadelphia with a large lot of

NEW GOODS,

purchased at reduced prices. Among those goods may be found Cloths, Cassimeres and Sattinetts, low priced, medium, and of the best quality.

Ladies Dress Goods, such as Cashmeres, Alpacas, plaid Stripes, Mous. de Lains, &c.

Terkerre and other Shawls, good quality and new style.

Also, a splendid assortment of Calicoes, at prices from 4 to 12½. Cheap Tickings and Muslins of all kinds, and a large and elegant lot of Boots and Shoes, with a good assortment of Groceries, all of which we are determined to sell low.

The Pekin Tea Company's far famed Teas are also for sale by us at Philadelphia Retail prices. Please give us a call at the corner of Hanover & Louther sts.

S. D. POWEL & CO.

Carlisle, December 7, 1848.

Bargains! Bargains!

THE subscriber will commence this week to cut down his winter stock of goods at very reduced prices for cash. All persons in want of cheap goods will find it decidedly to their advantage to call and examine this large and cheap assortment of goods. I have very recently opened a large and beautiful assortment which I am determined to sell at very low figures. Old stock will be sold off without regard to cost.

Recollect the old stand, east Main street, opposite Martin's hotel.

CHAS. OGILBY.

December 14, 1848.

For the Holidays!

JUST received at the store of S. W. HAVERSTICK, South Hanover street:

Raisins,	Lemons,
Prunes,	Grapes,
Dates,	Figs,
Citron,	Almonds,
Sugar-plums,	Cocoa-nuts,
Mint-sticks,	Cream-nuts,
Licorice,	Filberts,
Candies,	Pea-nuts,
Sugar-drops,	English Walnuts.
Oranges,	

December 21, 1848—2t

Coffee, Sugar, &c.

A LARGE and general supply of fresh Rio, Mocho and Java Coffees, as also Brown, Crushed and Pulverized Loaf Sugars, of best quality, besides a general selection of fresh Spices always on hand at the old Grocery and Tea store of

J. W. EBY.

Cranberries.

A LOT of Fresh Cranberries just received and for sale at the store of

J. W. EBY.

Table Oil.

A CHOICE brand of superior Olive Oil received and for sale at the Tea and Grocery store of

J. W. EBY.

Canary and Hemp Seed.

A FRESH supply of the above named seeds, just received by

P. MONYER.

Roussell's Nectar,

A SUPPLY of the above named Winter drink, has been received by

P. MONYER.

November 30, 1848.

Boots & Shoes.

JUST received, several cases of Men's, Women's, Misses' and Boy's Boots, Shoes and Brogans, and for sale very low at the new store of

S. D. PWOEL & CO.

November 9, 1848.

New Clothing Store.

Corner of Hanover and Louther Streets, in the room formerly occupied by C. Inhoff, as a Grocery Store.

THE subscriber has received and is now opening a choice selection of Winter Goods, consisting of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, newest style at the lowest rates, which he will make up into

Frock and Dress Coats,

Over Coats, Sacks, Cloaks, Pants and Vests, Dress and Frock Coats of cloth from $6 upwards, Pants from $1,50 to $6, Vests from 75 cts. to $3, Cloaks from $8 to $20. He also keeps shirts, bosoms, collars, neck and pocket handkerchiefs, comforts, caps, gloves and hosiery, in short everything appertaining to a gentleman's wardrobe. As he is agent for an extensive house he will be enabled to offer fresh goods at least once a month. He will receive regularly the New York and Philadelphia

FASHIONS,

and will spare no pains in getting up his work in the most durable and fashionable manner. He will also make up work purchased at other stores in the most careful manner. He will pay particular attention to Children's clothing. He respectfully solicits a share of public patronage.

W. B. PARKINSON,
Agent for the Proprietor.

Carlisle, December 21, 1848.

LIST OF LETTERS.

ADVERTISED IN THE "VOLUNTEER" BY APPOINTMENT.

§ 18. *And be it further enacted,* * * * * * * * And all advertisements made under the orders of the Post master General, in a newspaper or newspapers, of letters uncalled for in any Post-office, shall be inserted in the paper or papers of the town or place where the office advertising may be situated, having the largest circulation.

[*New Post-Office Law, passed March 3, 1845.*

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Post-office at Carlisle, Pa., January 1, 1849. Persons inquiring for letters on this list, will please say they are advertised.

Anderson James	McCandless James
Best Daniel	Musselman John
Brenneman & Givler	Mundorf David
Bell William	Mussleman Samuel
Corncroops Joseph	McComon John R
Cornbrobst Joseph	Mohntz Adam
Camel David	Mussleman George jr
Craton Alexander	Minich Peter
Craton Susan	Mickey David
Decker Susan	McGowan John
Dix R S Esq	Mull George
Donely Elizabeth	Price Charles
Doyle Jago	Phillips D
Eckard John	Quigley Peres W
Fry Martin	Rogers P D
Finkenbinder David	Rawlins John W (M D)
Fleming Wilson 2	Stevenson Wm
Fetrow Jos	Stroy Catharine Ann
Fraizor John	Stehman John
Freeze Valentine	Stayman Dr Joseph 2
Grimes John (Teacher)	Schock, Sons & Co
Gibson John	Scholl Martha S
Groft Mrs (Widow)	Shefler & Fleming
Hurbert John	Shambaugh John F
Hach George	Stoner Augustus G
Hosler Mary	Strine Henry
Hoerner David	Sadler Joshua
Holmes R	Seely Josiah H
Hoffert Susanna E	Shaid David
Hossler George	Stevisen Inity
Hoch Jonas	Snyder A B
Humes George or Alex'r	Tagert William
Hamshire Adam	Tattock John H
Irvine Patience	Tompson Ellin
Kirnagn Ann A Elizab'h	Wight Wilem M
Kennedy John	Wight Wiliam S
Kirk Rev A G	Wondrlech John
Keppler Jacob	Wilke Marget
Lesler Mary A	Wilson James Esq
Montague James	

GEO. SANDERSON, P. M.

Special Court.

BY virtue of a writ from the Hon. NATHANIEL B. ELDRED, President Judge of the 12th Judicial District of Pennsylvania, bearing date at Harrisburg, the 4th day of December, A. D. 1848,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

that a Special Court will be held by the said Hon. Nathaniel B. Eldred, and the Associate Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of Cumberland county, at the Court House, in the Borough of Carlisle, commencing on Monday the 19th day of February 1849, to continue one week, for certain causes depending in the court of Common Pleas of Cumberland county, in which the Hon. Samuel Hepburn was concerned as counsel for one of the parties, prior to his appointment as President Judge of the 19th Judicial District, and such other causes as are embraced within the provisions of the act of the General Assembly, passed the 14th April, 1834, relative to the organization of courts of Justice. Of said Special court, Jurors and all persons concerned will take notice.

JAMES HOFFER, Sh'ff.

Sheriff's Office,
Carlisle, Dec. 14, 1848.

NOTICE.

THE Commissioners of Cumberland county, deem it proper to inform the public that the stated meetings of the Board of Commissioners will be held on the second and fourth Mondays of each month, at which time any persons having business with said Board, will meet them at their office in Carlisle. By order of the Commissioners. Attest:

WM. RILEY, Clk.

January 4,