THE VOLUNTEER.

John B. Bratton, Editor and Proprietor.

CARLISLE, THURSD'Y, NOV. 2, 1848.

AGENCY.

☞ V. B. PALMER, Esq. is our authorized Agent for procuring advertisements, receiving subscriptions and making collections for the *American Volunteer*, at his office N. W. corner of Third and Chesnut streets, Philadelphia.

FOR PRESIDENT,

GEN. LEWIS CASS.

Of Michigan.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

WILLIAM O. BUTLER.

Of Kentucky.

DEMOCRATIC ELECTORIAL TICKET.

Senatorial Electors.

WILLIAM BIGLER, of Clearfield.
DAVID D. WAGENER, of Northampton.

Representative Electors.

Dist.	Dist.
1. Henry L. Benner,	13. John C. King,
2. Horn R. Kneass,	14. John Weidman,
3. Isaac Shunk,	15. Robert J. Fisher,
4. A. L. Roumfort,	16. Frederick Smith,
5. Jacob S. Yost,	17. John Criswell,
6. Robert E. Wright,	18. Charles A. Black,
7. Wm. W. Downing.	19. Geo. W. Bowman,
8. Henry Haldeman,	20. John R. Shannon,
9. Peter Kline,	21. Geo. P. Hamilton,
10. B. S. Schoonover,	22. William H. Davis,
11. Wm. Swetland,	23. Timothy Ives,
12. Jonah Brewster,	24. Jas. G. Campbell.

Cass and Butler!

CARLISLE DEMOCRATIC CLUB.—A meeting of the Club will be held at MARTIN'S Hotel, this (Thursday) evening, and at BLEAN'S Hotel, on Saturday evening next. Democrats, turn out!

DEMOCRATIC ELECTORAL TICKETS.

The Democratic Electoral Tickets are printed, and ready for delivery. Our friends of the different boroughs and townships in this county are requested to call at our office and get them.

HON. JOHN BANKS.—This gentleman, the Federal candidate for Governor in 1841—and the late Federal State Treasurer—REFUSES TO SUPPORT GEN. TAYLOR, AND WILL NOT GIVE HIM HIS SUPPORT!

☞ The *very able* and *far-seeing* editor of the Carlisle *Herald* in his filthy sheet of yesterday, says that we formerly defended Gen. Taylor from the assaults of his enemies—and because we do not now admit that he is a fit man for the Presidency, we are guilty of inconsistency! Logical argument that, every way worthy the editor of the Herald. We are free to admit that we did defend Gen. Taylor, and that too at a time when such traitorous miscreants as the editor of the Herald abused and vilified him, and the men under him in Mexico. What course did the editor of the Herald pursue at the time when Gen. Taylor was surrounded by the enemies of our country? Did he defend him *then*? No indeed. On the contrary he published speeches of Federal members of Congress, in which the wish was expressed that Gen. Taylor and his brave band of patriots, might receive a welcome from the Mexicans with "bloody hands to hospitable graves!" If ever "treason dire" was written on a man's face, it stood out in bold capitals upon the Cain-like brow of the editor of the Herald at that time. And yet our neighbor—who has less patriotism in his heart than would fill the kneepan of a famished gnat—has the face to talk to us about dishonesty and inconsistency! *He* to complain that we abuse Gen. Taylor now! It is false—we have never abused him. We have said, and we repeat it, that Gen. Taylor is no statesman—that he knows nothing of the affairs of Government—and is therefore about as well qualified for the office of President as is the grandmother of the editor of the Herald. He has performed his duty well as a soldier—almost as well as did Gen. Butler perform his duty—but acting soldier and discharging the duties of President are two very different things.

But, what has been the course of the Herald in regard to that pure patriot and great statesman, Gen. Cass? The most infamous lies that ever disgraced a dirty and degraded sheet have been put forth by the sycophant of the Herald from week to week.—The falsehoods published in that paper against Gen. Cass, were well calculated to put the prince of darkness to the blush. What lie was too base to receive the endorsement of the editor of the Herald? More than one of his readers have been shocked at his recklessness, and more than one regard his course with disgust—disgust for his grovelling propensities and dastardly demeanor. Talk not to us, neighbor, about the dishonesty of our paper—talk not to us about inconsistency, for they are crimes about which you should never whisper a word. We feel prepared to drive you to the wall, and pin you there, with one of your own poisoned shafts, whenever you feel disposed to enter the field.

"Several spirited songs were sung by the Rough and Ready choir, which had a happy effect."
Herald, Oct. 25, 1848.

The *Herald* of the above date contains quite a graphic account of a little *glorification* of their party at Orth's hotel on the Saturday evening previous. This "Rough and Ready choir" must be equal to the Tyrolese Minstrels, but we think the "choir" had better tune their pipes for some other strains—for we are much mistaken if they don't make a "sweet noise" out of the other side of their mouths soon after the 7th of November next. This "choir" must be composed of pretty cherubs—and the "*songs*" were no doubt "*spirited*" indeed!

"To the polls, to the polls, friends of Taylor, friends of Pennsylvania and her interests, friends of the laboring men, and of the tariff of 1842!"
Lancaster Union.

Yes, "friends of the laboring man" don't forget that poor laborers in the county of Schuylkill were *forced* to vote for Johnston at the late election, and were told by their Federal employers that if they refused to do so they would "get no more work."—And don't forget that Daniel Webster, one of the high priests of the Federal party, declared before the Congress of the United States, and in the face of the civilized world, that the motto of his party was, "*take care of the rich, and the rich will take care of the poor!*" The Federalists to pretend friendship for the poor! Yes, such friendship as the robber gives to the benighted traveller—pilfering his purse, yet graciously sparing his life!

And ye friends of the defunct "tariff of 1842," don't forget that in the National Federal "slaughter-house Convention" a resolution was offered favorable to the tariff of 1842, which was forthwith *voted down!* The Whigs of this State wish to humbug the ignorant into the support of Taylor, by telling them that he and his Federal friends are favorable to the tariff of 1842. And yet a resolution was voted down in the Convention that nominated Taylor! The tariff of 1842, we can tell our Federal adversaries, has lost its charm, and the people, if they even believed the Federalists favorable to the restoration of that measure, would have good reason for voting against Gen. Taylor. The tariff of 1846 has worked well—the people are satisfied that it is a more just tariff than was that of 1842. The Federalists will therefore make nothing out of their pretended friendship for the exploded tariff of 1842.

"The South ought never to submit to the Wilmot Proviso."—Gen. Taylor.

A GLORIOUS RALLY!

Speech of the Hon. Ely Moore, of New York.

The Democratic Meeting at Education Hall, in this Borough, on Monday evening last, gave evidence that the Democracy of Carlisle are determined to do their whole duty on the 7th of November. The large room was crowded to suffocation. On motion, the following named gentlemen were chosen officers of the meeting:

President—PATRICK DAVIDSON, Esq.

Vice Presidents—Gen. WILLIS FOULK, MITCHELL M'CLELLAN, JOHN IRWIN, Esq., and Capt. S. CROP.

Secretaries—*Isaac Ringwalt, Joseph C. Thompson, and Col. John F. Hunter.*

After being thus organized, J. E. Bonham, Esq. in a few appropriate remarks, introduced to the meeting that able champion of the rights of the people, Hon. ELY MOORE, of New York, who was received with three heavy cheers. Mr. Moore then addressed the meeting for about one hour and a half. His thrilling eloquence, strong arguments, and bitter sarcasm, enchained every ear. We shall make no attempt to give a sketch of his speech, for we feel incompetent to the task. His remarks at one moment were like the "soft breathings of the zephyrs," and the next "like the thunder-tones of the impetuous torrent."—He spoke of Gen. Cass, as being one of the greatest statesmen of the age—a man against whose character, moral and political, no responsible man would dare to whisper a word—a man perfectly familiar with all the affairs of government—a ripe scholar, whose experience, distinguished services, and sound judgment, pointed him out as one eminently qualified for the important and responsible office for which he had been named. He spoke also of Gen. Butler, as a man universally beloved by all who had the pleasure of his acquaintance—one who had periled his life in fighting the battles of his country. The manner in which he spoke of the services of Generals Cass and Butler, was eloquent, powerful, and true.

He then referred to Gen. Taylor—admitted that he had rendered important services to his country in a just war—a war which had been commenced by the advice of Gen. Taylor himself. He was willing, he said, to admit that Gen. Taylor was well qualified for the camp. But, Gen. Taylor had himself declared that he was ignorant of the affairs of Government—and he (Mr. M.) believed Gen. T. had stated the truth. Gen. Taylor, however great he is or may have been as a military hero, is entirely disqualified for the responsible office of President—an office which should only be filled by a statesman, who had, by hard study, made himself familiar with the intricate affairs of government—a man of giant mind, of great experience, and of acknowledged prudence.—Gen. Taylor possessed none of these qualities—he had himself said so, and every one knew it to be true—and therefore was totally incompetent for the discharge of the duties of the office.

He next spoke of the so-called "Wilmot Proviso." He, as a Northern Democrat, deprecated the institution of slavery, and so did Gen. Cass. Gen. Cass was no slave holder, never had been, and never would be. But, Gen. Taylor is now a slave-holder, and always had been. The Federalists of the South support Gen. Taylor *because* of him being a slave-holder, and in favor of extending slavery into newly acquired territory. This was the position of the Federal party in the South; and it was because the southern delegates in the Federal National Convention *knew* their man, that induced them to *force* Gen. T. into a nomination for the Presidency. What! Gen. Taylor opposed to slavery, and yet a purchaser and a seller of slaves! Nonsense. What evidence have the Federalists that Gen. Taylor is opposed to slavery? Is the evidence to be found in the fact that he is now the owner of *three hundred slaves?* Is it to be found in the fact that he has, within the last few months, invested upwards of one hundred thousand dollars in the purchase of slaves? Is it to be found in the fact that he is an extensive cotton planter, and that his immense wealth consists in slaves and slave labor? These are facts which will not, cannot, and dare not be denied. Has Gen. Taylor ever said he was opposed to slavery? Oh no—not he. On the contrary he laughs to scorn the proposition to prohibit slavery in new territory. The southern Whigs would regard him as a *traitor* to the south, if he did not recognize in its broadest sense the right of slave-holders to extend the institution of slavery. And yet, in face of all this, the lying, cheating Federalists of the North—men collected together like vultures by the carrion scent of prey, and who are united in a partnership of plunder—have the impudence and dishonesty to assert that Gen. Taylor is opposed to the extension of slavery! Shame where is thy blush? A more deliberate, premeditated falsehood was never concocted—a more wicked, villainous lie never was propagated.

Mr. Moore took his seat in the midst of a storm of applause. A resolution was then offered, and adopted by acclamation, tendering to Mr. Moore the thanks of the meeting for his able address.

Thus ended the largest and most orderly meeting that has taken place in our borough during the present political campaign. It was indeed a most glorious rally of true and unflinching Democrats, and gave proof that the Spartan Band of Carlisle are true to their faith, and anxious for the conflict. We hope the same spirit may animate our friends in the different townships. Should this be the case, a glorious victory will be the reward of our labors in old Mother Cumberland.

A Single Vote.

Few persons estimate the value and importance of one vote.

One vote sent Oliver Cromwell to the Long Parliament. Little thought the holder of that vote, that his hand was to send Charles Stewart to the scaffold, and convulse an empire with revolution.

One vote elected Marcus Morton Governor of Massachusetts in 1841, out of an aggregate vote of more 100,000.

One vote filled the vacancies of our State Senate in 1843, and again secured the election of Marcus Morton as Governor.

One vote in 1841 gave the Whigs a majority in the Senate of Pennsylvania.

One vote in 1839 elected a Whig Senator in the Third Senate District in New York.

Four votes given in the 5th Ward of the city of New York made Thomas Jefferson President of the United States.

One vote carried the tariff of 1842, and one vote repealed it in 1846.

Cheering.

Let every Democrat remember that we have a Democratic majority of **4,536** on the Congressional vote—that we have a majority for the Democratic Canal Commissioner of **2,700**, that we have a Democratic majority on the Legislative ticket of about **2,000**, and that we have carried forty counties in the State, while the federal coalition of Whigs, Natives and Abolitionists have but twenty counties.

Let, therefore, every Democratic voter come out and the State is safe for CASS and BUTLER by thousands.—*Harrisburg Union.*

The Fire Won't Burn.

Mr. Gregg, one of the Indiana Whig electors, in a speech at Lawrenceburg, lately said:

"The Whigs here are cold—very—very cold!—They have no life; no animation. He would as soon think of galvanizing a dead body with an icicle, as to infuse life into their hearts. They were torpid as oysters. But, says Mr. Gregg, I ought not to complain, for I have been cold myself, on account of circumstances."

DEMOCRATS, AROUSE!!

Democrats of old Cumberland, and of the State!—the 7th of November is at hand! Are you prepared for the contest? It is for you to say whether we shall be defeated or not. Have you organized?—Have you committees of vigilance, to see that every Democrat is at the polls? If not, let it be done immediately. We have been defeated in the Governor's election, but why should we be discouraged? Can we expect to be always successful? But *how* have we been beaten. *Such* a defeat is a real victory. A resort to *such* means by our political enemies, proves that they could not succeed by any that are fair and honorable. Rally once more and fear not;

"For freedom's battle once begun,
Though often lost is ever won."

Think not to enjoy the blessing of freedom without constant watchfulness, and unremitted toil. Its enemies are neither few nor weak. Vigilance! "eternal vigilance, is the price of liberty." You are set as sentinels on the watch tower of liberty. Slumber not at your posts. Let your enemies see that though defeated you are neither vanquished nor disheartened.

"Truth crushed to earth shall rise again,
The eternal years of God are here,
While error wounded writhes in pain,
And dies amid her worshippers."

Arouse then to the work with new zeal, and more determined resolution. Stand no longer on the defensive, but carry the war into Africa. Do your duty, and though your enemies were even stronger, and more numerous you shall again triumph—for "truth is mighty, and will prevail," and "thrice is he armed who hath his quarrel just."

ARE YOU ALL READY?

A few days more, and the 7th of November will have arrived. Democrats, let us hear and know that you are all ready for the forthcoming fight. VICTORY every where perches on the Democratic eagle—and shall Pennsylvania retard the all-conquering march of the legions who battle for free principles? Let there be a thundering, spontaneous NO!

One Vote.

Let no Democrat say to himself "my vote is of no importance." Every vote counts, and one vote has often been the means of deciding a great contest and saving the democratic party from federal misrule.—Let every Democrat vote, and thus show that he is truly with the cause and for the cause.

Every Democrat should perform his duty.

Those to whose care is entrusted the duties of attending to voters and their wants, supplying them with tickets, &c, should be always on the alert.—Votes may be lost for want of attention. See that every man gets his ticket—and the right ticket—the Democratic Republican ticket.

Democrats.

Slumber not at your posts, in the face of an active, selfish and unscrupulous enemy! Give your banners "to the wild wind free," and every where rally the faithful. Sustain the principles of the party—SAVE THE STATE!

Look at your tickets.

Every Democrat should look at his ticket—see that all the names are spelled correctly; and that it is the ticket—the whole ticket, and nothing but the ticket!

Vote early.

Every Democrat should vote early, and then devote the rest of the day in bringing up the voters who may be behind. Be unceasing—vigilant, and the victory is ours!

Be early on the ground!

Democrats should be at the polls, in their districts at the moment of the opening of the boxes, and there remain, if possible, until the closing.

DEMOCRATS, TO YOUR POSTS!

REMEMBER, THAT TUESDAY, THE 7TH OF NOVEMBER WILL BE THE DAY OF ELECTION FOR PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES!

REMEMBER, that LEWIS CASS and WILLIAM O. BUTLER, are the regular candidates of the great DEMOCRATIC party of the country, for these two high and responsible offices. They were fairly nominated in conformity with the past usages of the democratic party.

REMEMBER, that as democrats, desiring the continuance of the democratic policy, under which our country has steadily advanced in happiness, prosperity and glory, we are, in duty bound to vote for Cass and Butler, who are, in feeling and in principle, in favor of a continuance of that policy.

REMERBER, that CASS and BUTLER have been ever since they first came upon the stage of political action, staunch and unwavering democrats.

REMEMBER, that Gen. Taylor, although he has often said, that *he would not be* the candidate of any party, is now the candidate of the WHIGS, and their *proscriptive allies*, the NATIVE AMERICANS.—Our *naturalized* citizens, especially SHOULD REMEMBER, that Taylor is the candidate of the NATIVES, and that CASS is not.

OLD JACKSON MEN, we call upon you to REMEMBER, that WM. O. BUTLER, who fought by the side of Old Hickory, at NEW ORLEANS, also advocated the cause of Jackson, on the floor of the House of Representatives, and voted for the refunding of the unjust fine imposed upon Jackson, by Judge Hall, and,

REMEMBER, too, that *Millard Fillmore*, the Whig candidate for Vice President, was then in Congress, and that he, with the "*black hearted*" malignity, and persecuting spirit which has ever distinguished the conduct of the Whigs towards Andrew Jackson, *voted against* refunding the fine imposed upon Jackson by a federal Judge.

REMEMBER, that in voting the Taylor ticket, you also, vote for Millard Fillmore, the *enemy* and *persecutor* of JACKSON!!

REMEMBER, also that Millard Fillmore voted for the ODIOUS BANKRUPT LAW, by which thousands of honest men were cheated out of their just dues, by the corrupt and dishonest speculators, for whose especial benefit the law was passed; and,

REMEMBER, too, that *Millard Fillmore*, voted *against* the repeal of that iniquitous law!

7th of November, Democrats of Pennsylvania Remember,

That on TUESDAY, the 7th of November, you are to exercise the independent right of Freemen.

Shoulder to shoulder with the Democracy of twenty-nine other States, you will declare your preference for Cass and BUTLER.

If you desire Pennsylvania to be as in 1844, right side up for a Democratic President, vote your full Electoral ticket of *twenty-six names*. Let not a Democrat be absent from the Polls on TUESDAY, 7th of November, and bear in mind that the polls will be kept open only ONE DAY.

VOTE EARLY, and let the day be devoted to your country!

THE DUTY OF VOTING.

We commend to the attention of a certain class among our voters, the following remarks on the DUTY of voting, by President WAYLAND, author of "Political Economy," and "Moral Science." They are, we know, able to decide moral questions for themselves, and no doubt their opinion will coincide with that of Wayland, but their attention may not have been particularly turned to this point:

"I think that every Christian citizen is under obligation to vote in every case where a public officer is to be chosen. The happiness and virtue of the community, no less than the security of property, depend greatly on the character of the magistracy. If I am injured in person or property by a wicked public officer, I have a right to complain of my fellow-citizens who gave him authority over me, or who, when it was in their power, did not prevent his election. A Christian in this country, above all others, has a duty to perform in this matter, and he disobeys the commandment in the text if he does not perform it."

FREE SOIL WHIGS, LOOK HERE!

John M'Pherson Berrien, United States Senator from Georgia, well known as one of the leading Whigs of the South, in reply to an invitation recently given to attend a "barbacue," uses the following strong language:

"I implore my fellow-citizens of Georgia, Whig or Democratic, to forget for the time their party divisions—to know each other only AS SOUTHERN MEN—to act upon the truism uttered by Mr. Calhoun, "that on the vital question—the preservation of our domestic institutions, the Southern man who is farthest from us, is nearer us than any Northern man can be"—that GEN. TAYLOR IS IDENTIFIED WIT US IN FEELING AND INTEREST—was born in a slaveholding State—is himself a slaveholder—that his slave property constitutes the means of support to himself and family—that HE CANNOT DESERT US, without sacrificing his interests, his principles, the habits and feelings of his life—and that WITH HIM THEREFORE, OUR INSTITUTIONS ARE SAFE. I beseech them, therefore, for the love which they bear to our noble State, to rally under the banner of Zachary Taylor, and with one united voice to send him by acclamation to the Executive chair."

The Richmond (Va.) Republican, contains a report of a speech lately made at Hampden, Va., by Mr. SEGER, a Whig orator, in which appears the following remarkable passage:

"Gen. Taylor took the true view of the veto power—was not for its abrogation—would not veto bills relating to the currency, and fiscal operations. But *in cases of palpably unconstitutional and hasty and inconsiderate legislation, he would exercise the veto, and, under this reservation, he might be safely relied on* TO VETO ANY BILL CONTAINING THE PROVISIONS OF THE WILMOT PROVISO."

The New Orleans Bee, the leading Taylor paper in Louisiana, Gen. Taylor's home, makes the following positive declaration, which one would suppose, if without authority, might be readily contradicted by General Taylor's friends, or even by the old hero himself:

"Gen. Taylor is from birth, association and *conviction*, identified with the South and her institutions, being one of the *most extensive slaveholders* in Louisiana, and supported by the slaveholding interests, as OPPOSED to the *Wilmot Proviso*, AND IN FAVOR OF SECURING THE PRIVILEGE TO THE OWNERS OF SLAVES TO REMOVE WITH THEM TO NEWLY ACQUIRED TERRITORY."

These are the grounds upon which Gen. Taylor is supported, at the South, by those who know him best. How can Northern Whigs, in the face of such irrefragable proof, support him as a "free soil" candidate?

GENERAL TAYLOR.

REMEMBER, that "Gen. Taylor is a military man and a military man merely." Daniel Webster says so, and no honest man can say otherwise.

REMEMBER, that "Gen. Taylor has performed NO functions of a *civil* nature, under the Constitution of his country."—Daniel Webster says so, and ALL well-informed men KNOW such is the fact.

REMEMBER, that Gen. Taylor has been known, and *is only known*, by his achievements at the head of our army." Daniel Webster says so.

REMEMBER, that Gen. Taylor is the first man who was ever nominated for the Presidency, in this country, who had "*never* performed any functions of a civil nature under the Constitution;" and,

REMEMBER, that Webster, also says, that Taylor's nomination is "*without precedent and without justification!!!*"

REMEMBER, that this same Gen. Taylor, who has "*never performed any civil functions*," and, who is "*known only* by his achievements at the head of our army," in which he has been a regular officer for FORTY YEARS, although now a candidate for the Presidency, still holds on to his sword and military commission, and *will not* resign either.

REMEMBER, that, although Taylor is now a candidate for the highest civil office, HE IS RECEIVING

$601,33, PER MONTH!

as an officer of the "STANDING ARMY!"

—REMEMBER, that Gen. CASS, as soon as he was nominated, RESIGNED his seat in the United States Senate, and RETIRED to his home in Michigan, to await the verdict of the people in November.

REMEMBER, that Gen. CASS, although now receiving NO PAY from government, does not "*interfere in the election*," and that Taylor IS receiving his pay as an officer of the army, and has been doing nothing since his nomination but writing political letters.

Whig Hypocrisy.

It must require more than an ordinary degree of effrontery in the Whigs, to contend before the people that they support General Taylor for the Presidency, *believing* that if elected, he will aid in restoring the Tariff of 1842.

Gen. Taylor is a southern Planter—the owner of 300 negroes—and it is therefore fairly presumable that his predilections are all in favor of Free Trade. We have evidence too, that the Whig National Convention which nominated him, or a majority of it at least, was opposed to the Protective Policy, and here it is:—Mr. Campbell, a Delegate from Ohio, offered the following resolution, which produced great excitement in the Convention, and was promptly put down:

Resolved, That the Whig party, by their representatives here assembled, pledges itself to abide by the nomination just made, of General Zachary Taylor, if he will accept the nomination as the candidate of the Whig party, bound to adhere to its great principles—no extension of slavery over territory now free; and the PROTECTION OF AMERICAN INDUSTRY."

"Cries, "No, no," "withdraw it"—and great opposition was here manifested."

Immense Democratic Rally in Independence Square, Philad'a.

"What though the field be lost?
All is not lost: th' unconquerable will,
And study of revenge, immortal hate,
And courage never to submit or yield,
And what is else—not to be overcome?"

The greatest meeting held in Philadelphia since the beginning of the present campaign, took place in Independence Square on Monday of last week. The numbers in attendance were estimated at twenty thousand. The *Spirit of the Times* gives a glowing account of the tremendous gathering, and, among other things, says:

"It was really a most exhilerating sight to every true Democrat present. It was just the kind of meeting we expected and hoped. The right kind of spirit was there. Instead of being dejected by the small triumph which Whiggery and its amalgamated forces have been enabled to achieve, the strong determination was visible on the faces and hearts of all present to redeem the Keystone State from the disgrace of such a victory. Our friends need not fear the result of the 7th of November next. The Ball was put in motion last night, and will sweep over this country, crushing all the many colored opposing parties that may raise their heads. The county of Philadelphia, at least, will be rescued from the Philistines, and the good old Democratic banner, that has so long waved victoriously over the battlements, will again be placed in triumph upon the topmost tower. Let the rest of Pennsylvania do as we do, or will do, and Cass and BUTLER will carry the State by thousands.

THE STATE OF OHIO is now in her 61st year, or rather it is now 61 years since the first white citizen moved into what is now that State—yet she polls a vote approximating to *three hundred thousand*. The fact abundantly shows the rapid progress of the country.

THE NORTHERN TAYLOR AND THE SOUTHERN TAYLOR. WHO IS ZACHARY?—"There is no Whig *at the North* [illegible] favorable to the principles of *Free Soil*, than [illegible]"—*Rochester Daily American.*

[illegible] is no man in the South more bitterly opposed [illegible] Wilmot Proviso, and the principles involved in it, than Gen. Taylor."—*N. O. Picayune.*

To the Polls!

Remember Democrats, that the Presidential election this year takes place on

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 7th.

For President,

GEN. LEWIS CASS,

OF MICHIGAN.

For Vice President,

GEN. WILLIAM O. BUTLER,

OF KENTUCKY.

DEMOCRATIC ELECTORAL TICKET.

William Bigler,	Jonah Brewster,
David D. Wagener,	John C. King,
Henry L. Benner,	John Weidman,
Horn R. Kneass,	Robert J. Fisher,
Isaac Shunk,	Frederick Smith,
Augustus L. Roumfort,	John Cresswell,
Jacob S. Yost,	Charles A. Black,
Robert E. Wright,	George W. Bowman,
William W. Downing,	John R. Shannon,
Henry Haldeman,	George P. Hamilton,
Peter Kline,	William H. Davis,
Bernard S. Schoonover,	Timothy Ives,
William Swetland,	James G. Campbell.

DEMOCRATS OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY! We put a solemn question to you. ARE YOU PREPARED FOR THE BATTLE? It "comes off" in a very few days and you have but little time for preparatory organization. That time must be usefully employed. Every ward, district, and township in the State should have its committee, to class the voters, and bring out every Democrat TO THE POLLS. Let this not be neglected, as it is all important that EVERY MAN should be brought to the Polls!

RALLY, RALLY, FREEMEN! Rally from every hill—rally from every dale—rally from your workshops—rally from your fields—rally from your firesides—Old men rally—Young men rally.

When the polls are open, vote yourself and then look out for the test. Be at hand all day, and if there be a Democrat missing, start out after him. Possibly he may be backward with his seeding, and unable to lose the time required to go to the place of voting. Send him along and work for him yourself. Do any thing that is fair and honorable to get out the voters. It is needless to say that this is the way the Federalists will do; they always have done so! their voters never fail to be at the polls—while the Democrats are very often too thronged with work to go to the election.

We have the majority in the State

And need only bring the full Democratic vote to the polls, to secure the State for CASS and BUTLER. In proof of this, we refer to the fact, that we have elected our CANAL COMMISSIONER by

2870 MAJORITY!

We can give the same majority to the Democratic Electoral Ticket, if we all turn out on TUESDAY next, and do our whole duty to our Party and our Country. Let us, then, be resolved to give a pull, a long pull, and a pull altogether, and the day cannot fail to be our's. Remember, therefore, Democrats, one and all, that off

Next Tuesday Your Country Calls!

DEMOCRATIC GAIN IN CONGRESS.

The elections, thus far, have resulted as follows:

	31st Congress.		30th Congress.	
	Dem.	Whig.	Dem.	Whig.
Illinois,	6	1	6	1
Missouri,	5		5	
Arkansas,	1		1	
Iowa,	2		2	
Vermont,		1		3
Maine,	5	2	6	1
Pennsylvania,	9	15	7	17
Ohio,	11	10	10	11
Florida,		1		1
South Carolina,	7		7	
	46	30	44	34

OUR CALCULATION.

We are often asked for our estimate of the result of the Presidential election, upon which we express so much confidence of the triumph of Cass and BUTLER. We have no hesitation in giving our calculation upon the matter, and we therefore present below a table, showing what we confidently believe will be the result. We have the greatest confidence that Cass and Butler will get all we claim for them, and we are willing to put the estimate upon record for future reference:

For Cass.		For Taylor.	
Maine,	9	Massachusetts,	12
New Hampshire,	6	Vermont,	6
Pennsylvania,	26	Connecticut,	6
Virginia,	17	Rhode Island,	4
South Carolina,	9	New York,	36
Georgia,	10	New Jersey,	7
Ohio,	23	Delaware,	3
Louisiana,	6	Kentucky,	12
Florida,	3	Maryland,	8
Mississippi,	6		
Indiana,	12		94
Illinois,	9		
Alabama,	9	Doubtful.	
Missouri,	7	North Carolina,	11
Arkansas,	3	Tennessee,	13
Michigan,	5		
Iowa,	4		24
Texas,	4		
Wisconsin,	4		
	172		

We have conceded to Taylor a number of States which many consider very doubtful, and two or three which many think are sure for Cass. As to those which we class as doubtful, we think they are most likely to go for Cass. Our friends in both States express the utmost confidence that they will. The Nashville *Union*, ever careful in its opinions upon the result of elections, says: We protest against Tennessee being counted *doubtful*. She will vote for Cass. *There's no doubt about it.*"

A SCENE FOLLOWING THE SENTENCE OF SMITH O'BRIEN.—After the Court had sentenced Smith O'Brien to be hung and quartered, several persons rushed forward to the dock to take farewell of the prisoner; he shook them warmly and affectionately by the hand; he was cool and collected, and his manner was calm and manly; he left the dock with a steady step and smiling countenance, and was conveyed to the cell or waiting room adjoining the dock. When the intelligence reached the streets that he had been sentenced to death, crowds of persons collected about the Court house, and a great sensation was manifested. Several women ran to the gates, shrieking and throwing up their arms in violent grief. A large body of the constabulary, with bayonets fixed, were at once marched into the square before the Court house; the jail van (drawn by two horses) was then admitted inside the gates, and the prisoner conducted from the cell and placed in it. The vehicle was then driven to the jail, surrounded by constabulary, and the prisoner re-conducted to his cell. The excitement in the streets was intense, and it was not until a considerable time had elapsed that it subsided.

HON. MORRIS LONGSTRETH.

The following brief and touching address from the Democratic candidate for Governor at the late election, will be read with pride by every Pennsylvania Democrat. It is couched in terms of manly dignity, and appeals with force and ability to all those who stood fast to the Democratic flag at the late election, to press forward in the discharge of the high duty which awaits the Republican masses of the whole Union in November. We see no repining over the past—there is not even an allusion to the notorious and undeniable frauds under which his competitor claims the executive chair—the only feelings uppermost are those of devotion to the principles of our imperishable faith, and of solicitude for their success in the final struggle now shortly to be decided.

We trust every Democrat will read and remember this manly and truthful appeal. It should at once arouse all those who are or have been indifferent, to the good work before us. It should teach us that the highest duty we owe our principles is to battle vigorously and vigilantly against the common political foe:

TO THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY OF PENNSYLVANIA:

The result of the election of the 10th of October, has been the apparent defeat of the Democratic candidate for Governor and the triumph of your opponents—marshalled under every name and shade of opinion—and agreeing only in their hostility to Democratic principles.

Their reported majority for Governor is however very small, and we have succeeded in electing our excellent candidate for Canal Commissioner.

Under these circumstances, there is every inducement to rally upon our candidates for President and Vice President—Lewis Cass and Wm. O Butler—whose principles are known—whose qualifications are undoubted, and whose election will confer honor upon the Union.

The untiring efforts of every Democrat should be directed to secure this result, as our opponents, flushed with ephemeral success, are using every exertion against us.

With my heartfelt thanks for the flattering vote of the true Democracy of Pennsylvania in my favor, I hope I may without presumption call upon every personal and political friend to join in an united effort for a glorious republican triumph on the 7th of November.

MORRIS LONGSTRETH.

Oct. 20th, 1848.

O'BRIEN'S SENTENCE.

The brave Irishman O'BRIEN, says the Pennsylvanian, has been sentenced to an awful doom by the hired and haughty judges of the English crown.—For daring to speak his thoughts—for daring to lead his countrymen to a bold struggle for the rights that God has vouchsafed to all men—he is to be hanged by the neck until he is dead—and then his head is to be cut off, and his body cut into four quarters. A sentence worthy of the darkest days of savage barbarity—worthy only of a CALIGULA or an ATTILLA—which even, if never carried into effect, will inflict a stain upon the name of England, compared to which her long catalogue of crimes will seem a list of glorious virtues.

GEN. TAYLOR'S WITNESSES.

In his late speech, Mr. Webster said of Gen. Taylor:

"I think of him very much as he seems to think of himself."

Now hear what Taylor thinks of himself.

"I greatly doubt my qualifications to discharge the duties properly, &c."

Of course, then, Mr. Webster doubts his qualifications, and hence his declaration that Taylor's was a nomination "not fit to make."

☞ Six more votes in each county of our State would have elected Morris Longstreth Governor. Let *that* be remembered.