GENERAL SAM. HOUSTON.

The Richmond *Examiner* gives the following description of Sam. Houston's appearance before the National Convention. We heard the speech which the Examiner describes, and the description is not exaggerated. He made another speech, on the last day of the session of the Convention, of great power and eloquence, which we hope to see reported. The General was "the observed of all the observers" at the Convention, and the Northern delegates seemed especially delighted with him.—*Pennsylvanian.*

HOUSTON.—This is a man of power. It is unmistakeably stamped on every line of his great, grim countenance, and is seen in the deliberate movements of his large body. His appearance does not compromise the "strange eventful history" of his life. From his youth upward, he has been the victor in every contest. He has been the victor over the ill fame which the fierce and ungoverned passions of his early days earned for him, and he has succeeded in every thing he has ever attempted. With a neighborhood of backwoods hunters and squatters, he broke the power of Mexico, defeated their disciplined armies, and powerful cavalry, on the open prairies, with a handful of riflemen. Out of lawless and heterogeneous materials, he founded and constituted a flourishing State. Without education, he has of late years entered political life, and increased his fame thereby. The Democratic victory in New Hampshire, gained by him over the combined forces of Clayites, Taylorites, and Abolitionists, led on by the redoubtable Horace Greeley in person, was a much greater victory than that of San Jacinto. When he stood up before the Convention, you felt that the man you saw was equal to it all and to more. His form and features are of that sort which once seen, are never to be forgotten, and are evidently those of one who was born to rule the men with whom he might be brought in contact. He was the observed of all the observers in Baltimore. Barnburners and Old Hunkers, though objects of curiosity, were lost sight of when he passed by. Even Doctor Brandreth, of pill-box celebrity, who was of the New York set, was almost thrown into the shade.

"For who, scarce less by every gazer eyed
Walks yonder with a stalwart swinging stride?
With that vast bulk of chest and limb, assigned
So oft to men who subjugate their kind;
So sturdy Cromwell pushed broad-shouldered on;
So burly Luther breasted Babylon;
So brawny Bleon hawled his Agory down;
And large limb'd Mahmoud clutched a prophet's crown!"

Houston was an object of peculiar attraction to the Northerners who came to the Convention. They expected to see some horrible, throat-cuting bugaboo, and on finding him a civil, well bred gentleman, they seemed to be somewhat non-plussed.

In his manner of delivering his speech, there was a great deal of dignity—much of effected, and much more that was real. He paused for nearly a minute before he commenced speaking. There was a dead silence. He spoke of the importance of the deliberations of that Convention, because the Democracy wou'd have to fight new issues, the old party lines being nearly obliterated by the great events of the last two years. One of those issues was the justice or injustice of the war. He believed it to be a just war; and that the approbation of the Almighty had prospered our arms and given us victories such as had never before been gained. Another issue was the extension of territory. He was in favor of the enlargement of freedom's area, and did not dread even the annexation of Mexico itself, though he had not approved it. He spoke with much force of the great advantages to be gained by the possession of our territories on the Pacific, to the poor but enterprising men of the Atlantic States, and was for "indemnity for the past and security for the future."

THE BURNT DISTRICT OF ALLENTOWN.—We learn from the Democrat of that place, that the work of rebuilding on the site of the late conflagration has been commenced, and proceeds with great rapidity. The Democrat adds:

"It now only remains for the more favored of other towns and cities, to extend to Allentown that "aid and comfort," which alone can enable her to rise from the blow which has fallen so heavily upon her prosperity. A little timely assistance, in this, their hour of need, will place those of our citizens who have been deprived of a whole life's earnings, in a condition to shield themselves and families from the "pelting of the pitiless storm," and enable them to employ their recuperative energies in such a manner as will at least secure to them the comforts of a home."

The following is, we believe a correct list of the Senators whose term of office expired with the last session of the Legislature:

Districts.
1. Philadelphia city.—*Wm. A. Crabb.*
2. Philadelphia county.—HENRY L. BENNER.
4. Chester and Delaware.—*Wm. Williamson.*
7. Lancaster and Lebanon.—*Jonh P. Sanderson* and *A. Herr Smith.*
14. Northumberland and Dauphin,—*Benjamin Jordan.*
15. Union, Mifflin and Juniata.—*Ner Middleswarth.*
21. Westmoreland and Somerset.—SAML. HILL.
22. Fayette and Greene.—CHAS. A. BLACK.
23. Washington.—A. G. CRAGRAFT.
28. Warren, Jefferson, Clarion, Potter, M'Kean and Elk;—JAS. L. GILLIS.

Democrats in SMALL CAPS and the Federalists in *italic.*

The Empire State.

Five of the "Barnburning" papers in New York have put aside their personal resentments and come up to the support of the National Democratic nomination at Baltimore. The Albany Argus says:

"We invite attention to its confident assurances that such is the prevailing sentiment of the Democracy of that locality, of all the sections and divisions of the party. So it is generally; we have no doubt, throughout the State. The tone of the Democratic press generally affords gratifying proof of the same spirit and determination among the masses; however they may have hitherto been divided on local questions, to support the ticket, so evidently the preference of the Democracy of the entire Union, and so deserving in itself of the energies and efforts of the Democracy."

Stand Back Whiggery!

The Philadelphia Sun, the organ of the Nativists, talks plainly to the Whigs. The Sun says:

"For months the Native Americans advocated his claims, while all around, the sunshine friends who had been dazzled by the first flash of his glory from the field of Buena Vista, fell off one by one and returned to the worship of their old wooden gods, who had never yet been able to succor them in the hour of need. And now that the Whigs, through motives of safety to themselves, have ratified the nomination made by the Native Americans, shall we give up our candidate, sacrifice our party identity and merge ourselves in the turbid stream of Whiggery?"

Great Excitement among the Irish in New York—The sentence of Mitchel—An expedition to Burmuda. Projected for his Rescue!—No sooner had the news of Mitchel's sentence been communicated in New York, than a demonstration was called in the evening at the Shakspeare, at which Mr. John Mooney, the Irish "historian," was called to preside. A second meeting was organized out of doors, which was addressed by several eloquent declaimers. A resolution was passed at both meetings, and unanimously adopted, authorizing the appointment of a committee who will use *all and every means to rescue Mitchel from the British authorities at Bermuda.* The Express says:

"Mr. Bergen addressed the meeting, and described the locality of Bermuda, and told how easily the exile could be rescued. Col. Ming, too, made a speech, and offered his services on the expedition. The Colonel was frequently interrupted in his address by the cheers of the meeting. He stated that he only asked 2000 men, which $5000 would be able to raise, in order to carry their purposes into effect.—Mr. O'Berne read the account of the last scene of Mitchel before Baron Lefroy, when he branded the Judge as a partisan, and the Sheriff as a Jugglor.—The reading of the article raised the men to a pitch of fury.

A genuine Irish pike was conveyed through the streets yesterday, by a detachment of the Irish Brigade, accompanied by fife and drum. The pike is a savage looking death-dealing instrument, a sort of union of the meat axe and reaping hook, upon a twelve foot pole!"

☞ At the Clay supper in New York, Mr. Ullman, speaking of Gen. Taylor's non-committalism, said:

"We desire to know whether a man is fish, flesh or fowl, (good, good.) We desire to know whether a man is cheese or chalk—(laughter)—and, if we sit down at a table, and a rabbit is put before us, if we eat of it, we don't want to find afterwards that we have to digest a cat. (Uproarious applause.)"

LATE FOREIGN NEWS.

BY THE AMERICA.

The Steamship America, Capt. Judkins, from Liverpool, June 3d, arrived at Boston on Tuesday night, in the remarkably short passage of *ten days and eight hours*, including eight hours off and at Halifax. Her time from Halifax to Boston was thirty-six hours.

IRELAND.—On Saturday last, in Dublin, Mr. Mitchel, convicted of treason upon the previous evening, was sentenced to fourteen years transportation; and immediately removed under an escort squadron of cavalry to a steamer of war, which was in waiting to convey him to the convict depot, at Spike Island, in the Cove of Cork. His destination is Bermuda, whither he has already sailed, to be incarcerated on board a dock-yard hulk! Intense excitement prevailed in Dublin, up to Sunday night, but has since given away to a deep solemn silence, which denotes stern preparation and resolve. A liberal provision will be made by the nation for the convicts family.

CHARTIST MOVEMENTS.—Some partial disturbances have taken place in London, at Bradford, Manchester, Leeds, and other places. Chartists have been the chief instigators of these tumults, which, in every case, have been almost instantly suppressed.

On Monday evening a large assemblage of chartists collected in Clerkenwell, in London; but at midnight they quietly dispersed. On Wednesday evening similar meetings took place, but the arrangements of the police; aided by a demonstration of the military, were so complete, that the mob, whenever it appeared, was speedily scattered.

FRANCE.—During the past week tranquility has been maintained in Paris, under the vigorous administration of Gen. Carvaignac, with a large body of regular troops under his command. The attempts which have been several times made to create disturbance have been at once suppressed.

The National Assembly, surrounded by an immense military force, sits daily, and appears by degrees settling down to the business of practical legislation.

It is stated that the Committee appointed to draw up a constitution has decided unanimously upon the expediency of having but one Chamber and a single President, both the result of direct popular elections by universal suffrage. The number of members to the Chamber is undecided, but it is said that the present will be incapable of re-election and must have at least two millions of votes. The Committee will probably conclude its labors in about three weeks.

There can be no doubt, whatever, that the complicity of Louis Blanc in the conspiracy of 15th May, has been established in evidence before the Minister of Justice and Attorney General. These authorities have demanded of the Chamber the liberty to prosecute him, and in spite of the alleged opposition of the executive authority, a committee has been appointed to report on the case. The Chamber has been thrown into great confusion by this proceeding. It appears that Louis Blanc, Barbes, and Soubrier, breakfasted together on the morning of the 15th, and together concerted their measures. The two latter are fast confined in Vincennes, while M. Louis Blanc, after several days' absence from the assembly, has again ventured to show his face there. Can the conspirators of the 15th May really be brought to punishment, under such circumstances? The decision of the committee on Louis Blanc's case, will disclose whether the assembly is sufficiently strong to exercise a just vigor.

Fresh disturbances have broken out at Lyons.

It is stated that M. de Circourt has been appointed Minister to the United States.

The Sub-Committee of Finance has recommended the rejection of the ministerial scheme with regard to the Railways.

Prince Louis Napoleon, who visited Paris *incog* three days ago, has received orders to quit. Baron Rothschild's model farm villa has been burned by incendiaries, in pursuance of the system, a detail of which was found in Blanqui's papers, viz, to destroy the *bourgeoisie* by extinguishing credit through perpetual outrage and compulsion. It is supposed the frightening away of M. Rothschild will be a great blow at the financial means of the government.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL INTELLIGENCE.—The improved tone exhibited in the general character of trade up to the close of last week, has been fairly maintained for the last few days, notwithstanding the constant augmentation of continental intelligence, by no means conducive to an expression of the prevailing feeling.

The accounts from the manufacturing districts, though somewhat conflicting, in many respects, are not in the main gloomy. Operations for the past week have been limited, being almost wholly confined to the execution of some United States and home orders, and a few for the German market.

An impression is generally acknowledged that the present ministry must abandon office before the closing of the session. From the late defeats which they have sustained in both Houses of Parliament, the growing unpopularity of the Irish policy, and the great inadequacy of the revenue to meet the current demands of the State, the funds after much vacillation during the week, opened well yesterday morning, with a large influx of money upon the stock market.

The condition of the Bank of France is represented as improving, though slowly. Business is exceedingly depressed in Havre.

LATE FROM MEXICO.

Delivery of the city of Mexico to the Mexicans, by General Butler—An Expedition to Yucatan getting up.

New Orleans papers of the 8th contain late accounts from Mexico by the Water Witch:

The seige train and heavy artillery of the city of Mexico on Monday, 29th ult., Gen. Patterson with his Division of Volunteers, was to follow on Wednesday; after whom comes Gen. Marshall, of the Volunteers. The Regular Divisions follow in succession—Gen. Kearney preceeding and Gen. Worth bringing up the rear.

General P. F. Smith arrived at Vera Cruz on the morning of the 31st of May, and the following day entered upon the duties of Governor, relieving Colonel Wilson.

The Monitor *Republicano*, of the 27th ult., says that during the commencement of the ensuing week, Gen. Butler would deliver possession of the city to the Mexican Government.

The *Zacatecano*, of the 15th May, asserts most positively that Paredes has demanded a passport to leave the country and further adds, that the nation will be benefited by his absence.

The *Arco Iris*, of Vera Cruz, is very much incensed on account of the mercy extended to Lieut. Haro and his accomplices, by Gen. Butler. The *Eco del Comercio*, on the contrary, applauds it as an act of clemency, creditable to the feelings of the Commander-in-chief, and expresses itself satisfied with the sense of justice evinced by the Commission in the conviction of the criminals.

The Monitor of the 27th says: It is said that Congress will suspend its session on Saturday, and re-open them in Mexico in July. We shall see if it is so.

The diligence from Queretaro which came in on Friday, was robbed near San Juan del Rio. It had four passengers.

Tranquility was entirely restored in San Luis at the last dates.

The N. O. Delta has the following paragraph:

IMPORTANT—AID TO YUCATAN.—Our Vera Cruz correspondent, in a letter dated 1st inst., says:—"About 1000 troops were to leave for Yucatan from the city of Mexico, on the 28th ult." Until we have further information as to this movement, we refrain from any comment.

The expedition is undertaken by John H. Peoples, the editor of the American Star, who seems to have been joined by a restless and adventurous portion of the army. Speaking of his enterprise, he says:

"The expedition to California is a failure—the uncertainty of obtaining vessels at San Blas has induced many who were on my roll to scratch themselves off. But few of them are satisfied to return to the United States. They have been so long with plenty of sea room, that they think the "white settlements" will be too much crowded for their comfort, and no sooner was the california expedition abandoned—for abandoned it is—than they began to look around for some other place in which to 'squat.' Their eyes fell quickly upon Yucatan, and as the people of that State had invited assistance against the ravages of the Indians, they thought they would rally to their call, and then—look out for the future. The present Congress of Mexico will, in all probability, pass a law inviting emigration to the country, and should Yucatan renew allegiance to Mexico, the settling of these hardy Northmen in that State will be in every way beneficial to the country. On the other hand, if Yucatan persists in her independence, their aid will be great in establishing there an independent republic. These are the views of those who wished to go there, and amongst them are mechanics and artisans of all branches, who have been engaged in the Quartermaster's and other departments of this army."

A correspondent of the Delta says—"Since peace has become a "fixed fact," numbers of the restless spirits among the troops are deserting daily, and turning guerrilleros. Such a course, they consider reflects no discredit on the American arms. They argue, that as they have borne the banners of the Republic in triumph from the castle of San Juan to the Garita of Mexico, and as the army, if not legally, is virtually disbanded, they are justified in resuming their individual rights, and going it on their "own hook." A number of the dragoons, who deserted at Jalapa, took the road to Huntusco, and were met by an overpowering force of the genuine guerrillo, and all captured, save two. What their fate has been I have not yet learned."

Another correspondent says—"The officers who were sentenced to be hung in the city of Mexico on the 26th instant, Lieutenants Hare, Tilden and Dutton, have been reprieved, but are to be dishonorably discharged from the service, and sent out of the country."

PHILADELPHIA MARKET.

TUESDAY, June 11, 1848.

Flour—Is inactive with sales at $5 52 a 5 37 for common Penna—extra $5 75 a 6.

Corn Meal—Will not command more than $2 37.

Rye Flour—Is quiet at about $3 50 a $3 56.

Wheat—Prime White $1 27 a 1 30; red is worth $1 22 a 1 23.

Rye—Small sales Penna. 70c, per bushel.

Corn—Yellow is worth 51 a 54c; white 50 a 51c.

Oats—Are dull at about 37c for Pa. Southern 33.

Whiskey—Sales in brls. at 22c, in hhds 21 a 21½c.

DIED.

In this borough on Friday last, Mr. ROBERT MOORE, Sr., aged about 90 years.

THE celebration of the 59th Anniversary of the Union Philosophical Society of Dickinson College, will take place in the M. E. Church of this borough, on Tuesday the 4th of July next.—Services to commence at 7½ o'clock P. M. The public are respectfully invited to attend.

G. B. HUNTER,
S. A. GRAHAM,
J. R. COXE,
S. H. REYNOLDS,
J. G. SMITH,
J. T. DANIEL,
B. D. CHENNOWITH,
Committee of Arrangement.

Carlisle, June 22, 1848.—2t

Books! Books!

JUST received and will be sold on reasonable terms at the Book Store of JAMES LOUDON, some rare and valuable Theological, Classical and Miscellaneous Books, of which the following is a part:

Gasenius' Greek and Hebrew Lexicon.
Liddell's and Scott's Greek & English Lexicon.
Greek Testament, 2 vols. with English notes by Bloomfield.
Bibles in Hebrew.
Book of Psalms in Hebrew.
Crabb's Synonyms.
Horne's Introduction, 2 vols.
The Theologian, 2 vols.
Turrett's Theology, 3 vols.
Edwards' Works, 4 vols.
Hill's Divinity.
Paley's Works.
Upham's Mental Philosophy, 2 vols.
Manual of Classical Literature.
Anthon's Classical Dictionary.
Hutton's Mathematics.
Butler's Analogy.
Punceton's Theological Essays.
Mrs. Ellis' Works.
6 vols. of the Democratic Review.
Rambles in Yucatan, &c. &c.

Carlisle, June 22, 1848.—tf

To the Electors of Cumberland county.

FELLOW-CITIZENS AND FRIENDS.—I offer myself as a candidate for the office of *REGISTER* at the next election, and respectfully solicit the favor of your votes, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. Should I be elected I hope by a faithful and impartial performance of the duties of the office, to justify the confidence reposed in me.

ISAAC RINGWALT.

Carlisle, June 12, 1848.

Notice.

CARLISLE DEPOSIT BANK,
June 14, 1848.

THE stockholders of this institution are hereby notified that they are required to pay, on or before the 15th day of July next, the third instalment of Five Dollars on every share of stock held by them respectively. By order of the Board of Directors.

W. S. COBEAN, Cashier.

Hams! Hams!

JUST received at the store of the subscriber, a fine lot of EXTRA CURED CANVASSED HAMS, which will be disposed of very cheap. He also continues to keep all kinds of Groceries, Fish, Queensware, Crockery, &c. Don't mistake the place—South Hanover street, next door to Green's hotel, and two doors from the Volunteer Printing Office.

C. INHOFF, Agt.

June 15, 1848.—4t*

A Piano for Sale.

A SPLENDID PIANO (nearly new,) together with a large and general assortment of new and fashionable Music, will be sold cheap, if application be made soon. For particulars enquire of the editor of the *Volunteer.*

Sale of Household Furniture!

THE subscriber being about to leave Carlisle, will expose his large assortment of HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN FURNITURE to public sale, at his dwelling, on Thursday, June 22d, consisting in part of Sideboards, Sofas, Piano, Walnut Chairs, Centre Tables, Bureaus, Mirrors, &c., together with a great variety of other article too tedious to mention. The Furniture is all in good condition, much of it being nearly new. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. on said day, when terms will be made known.

JOHN McCLINTOCK.

Carlisle, June 15, 1848.—2t

New Arrival.

THE subscribers have just received from Philadelphia a new and Fresh supply of

Drugs, Medicines,

Dye-stuffs, Perfumery, Fancy Articles, &c., &c. Our stock is now large and complete, and as we are determined not to be undersold, but to sell at the lowest cash prices, we invite the attention of country merchants, physicians and others, to examine our goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

J. & W. B. FLEMING.

June 15, 1848.

Valuable Property for Sale.

THE subscriber offers his property for sale, situat in Silver Spring township, Cumberland county Pa., one mile north of Mechanicsburg, on the road leading from Mechanicsburg to Hogestown, containing

28 Acres & 75 Perches,

of first rate Limestone Land, in a high state of cultivation. About 22 acres are cleared and the remainder is well tembered. The improvements are a good two story LOG HOUSE, plastered, a good FRAME BARN, and other necessary out-buildings, a good and never failing well of water with a pump in it near the door. There is also a young and thriving Apple Orchard of choice grafted fruit, and also Peaches, Plumbs and Cherries.

If not sold before the 25th of November next, it will be exposed to public sale on said day, at 1 o'clock P. M., when the conditions will be made known by

JACOB GROSS.

June 15, 1848.—ts

Valuable Property for Sale.

THE subscriber offers his property for sale, situated in South Middleton township, Cumberland county, Pa., 2½ miles south of Carlisle, on the road leading from Carlisle to Petersburg, containing

9 Acres and 5-8 Perches,

of first rate Limestone Land, in a high state of cultivation, a small portion of which is well timbered.—The improvements are a good two story LOG HOUSE, a good LOG BARN, and a good Well of never failing water, with a pump in it, near the door. There is also a thriving Apple Orchard of choice grafted fruit, and also Pears, Peaches, Plums, and Cherries.

If not sold before the 2d day of September next, it will be exposed to public sale on said day, at 10 o'clock A. M., when conditions will be made known by

MICHAEL FRIESE.

June 8, 1848.—cow-ts

LIST OF LETTERS.

ADVERTISED IN THE "VOLUNTEER," BY APPOINTMENT.

§ 18. *And be it further enacted,* * * * * * * And all advertisements made under the orders of the Post master General, in a newspaper or newspapers, of letters uncalled for in any Post-office, shall be inserted in the paper or papers of the town or place where the office advertising may be situated, having the largest circulation.

New Post-Office Law, passed March 3, 1845.

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Post-office at Carlisle, Pa., June 1, 1848. Persons inquiring for letters on this list, will please say they are advertised.

Arbegast James W 2	Hull Solomon
Arnold Wm.	Hetrick George
Ademe Cathern	Hefflefinger John
Askew William	Henderson Adam
Albert Jacob	Lindermuth Peter E
Burts W B	Lovejoy Perly R
Brooker Sely	Martin Joseph M
Brindle George (Monroe)	Moore Miss E
Blyler Jacob	Miller Catharine
Baldwine Richard	Moers Peter
Baughman Phebe	M'Common Nancy
Bibbons Mary	Murry C F
Barbour John	Rockafeller Mary
Bishop John	Rogers Elisabeth Jane
Cammel David	Rhoads Jacob
Camfield D B	Sanders William
Dixon Peter & Son	Thompson Mary Ann
Deem Reuben	Wilders Edward
Ernist Margaret	Welsh Catharine
Elliott C. S.	Weston Charles
Givler Ann	Willetts Mrs Jane Ann
Gatz Jacob	Yest Bartholomew
Grisinger Samuel	Zim Israel H
Grace Patrick	Superintendant of Cold water Establishment.
Hake Daniel	Leader of the Flesh Band.

GEO. SANDERSON, P. M.

☞ *Under the new Postage Law, advertised letters are charged two cents each in addition to the regular postage.*

Furniture! Furniture!!

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he still continues to manufacture and keep on hand, at his shop on North Hanover street, nearly opposite Orth's, (formerly Glass') Hotel, Carlisle,

Bureaus, Sideboards, Secretaries, TABLES, STANDS, Desks, Book-cases Bedsteads, Cupboards, of every style and pattern, and in short, every thing that can be made in a cabinet shop.

The subscriber will warrant his furniture to be manufactured out of the best of material and by the best of workmen, and as to his prices he intends to sell low for cash. All who will give him a call, will say that his furniture is cheap and good. All work manufactured under his inspection. He particularly invites newly married persons to give him a call and examine for themselves—he has no doubt his workmanship and prices will not fail to please; so don't forget to call before purchasing elsewhere.

The subscriber would also inform the public that he carries on the

Coffin Making Business,

and can wait on all those who may desire his services in that line. Having a HEARSE, he can attend funerals in the country. Charges moderate.

FREDERICK CORNMAN.

Carlisle, June 15, 1848.—1y

N. B. A lot of choice Cherry Lumber for sale by the subscriber.

Second Arrival of New Goods.

S. A. COYLE has just returned from Philadelphia, and is now opening a large assortment of SUMMER Goods, which will be sold 30 per cent. cheaper than ever, consisting in part of new style dress goods for ladies, viz:

Striped Jasperines,	Grenadines,
Printed Bareges,	Batiste,
Satin Stripe do	Plaid Poil Decherre,
Mode de Laines,	French Ginghams,

Also, a large assortment of French Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, Bonnets, Ribbons, Gloves, Hosiery. Purchasers will please call and examine his stock for themselves, as he is determined to sell cheap for cash.

Carlisle, June 1, 1848.

Drugs! Drugs!

Prices Reduced.

PHYSICIANS, Country Merchants and Pedlars, are invited to call and examine my stock of Medicines, Paints, Glass, Oil, Varnishes, &c.

DRUGS.

Patent Medicines,	Herbs and Extracts,
Fine Chemicals,	Spices, ground & whole.
Instruments,	Essences,
Pure Essential Oils,	Perfumery, &c.

DYE STUFFS.

Indigoes,	Log and Cam Woods,
Madders,	Oil Vitriol,
Sumac,	Copperas,
Alum,	Lac Dye.

PAINTS.

Wetherill & Brother's Pure Lead, Chrome Green and Yellow, Paint & Varnish Brushes, Jersey Window Glass, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Copal & Coach Varnish, and Red Lead. All of which will be sold at the very lowest market price, at the cheap Drug and Book store of

S. W. HAVERSTICK.

Carlisle, June 1, 1848.

Strawberry Plants.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform the public, and particularly those fond of fine Stawberries—that he will have for sale during the season, STRAWBERRY PLANTS of the very best quality. The Strawberries raised from these plants are of the largest size, and those wishing to cultivate this fine fruit will find it to their advantage to give me a call.

DAVID MILLER.
3½ miles east of Carlisle.

June 8—4t.

PICKLES, PRESERVES.—Just received and opened by the subscriber, preserved Ginger and Pine Apple, Orange Jelly, Pickled Lobsters and Gherkins, Mangoes, Peppers, Picollili, Tomatoes and Onions, Olives, Capers, Anchovies, Sardines, Tomato Ketchup, with a very choice and pure article of Salad Oil, for sale at the cheap Drug, Book and Variety Store of S. W. HAVERSTICK, North Hanover st.

May 18, 1848.

Notice to Tax Payers.

UNDER the provisions of the act of 1844, any county paying into the State Treasury, the State tax levied on such county, prior to the 15th of July in any year, is entitled to an abatement of 5 per cent. on the amount so paid.

The undersigned, Commissioners of Cumberland county, in view of the above provisions, consider it equitable and proper that those, who by the prompt payment of their taxes prior to the above date, enable the Treasurer to pay over the State tax, so as to receive the aforesaid abatement of 5 per cent. the benefit of which has hitherto been engaged by the citizens of the county generally, should be allowed a deduction of that amount by the collector—have authorized the different collectors to make said abatement from the State tax, in all cases where the State and County tax is paid to the collector prior to the 15th of July, 1848, when said abatement shall amount to one cent or more, no fractions of a cent to be credited.

Since the act of 1844, the Commissioners have paid the State tax of this county annually to the State Treasurer, within the time prescribed by the act, and the county has received the benefit of an abatement of five per cent. therdon, but to meet said payment they have found it necessary heretofore to appropriate a part of the county funds to meet the deficiency occasioned by delinquents, until the balance of the State tax was collected. It therefore becomes necessary to require the payment of both state and County tax to entitle the payer to the foresaid abatement, upon the aforesaid State Tax.

The undersigned therefore confidently anticipate that the above arrangement, and the further inducement of enabling Cumberland county to maintain the character for promptness and fidelity which she has acquired in the discharge of her obligations to the Commonwealth, will induce every citizen to discharge their State and County tax prior to the 15th of July next.

D. STERRETT,
DANIEL COBLE,
JOHN MELL,
County Commissioners

Attest:—WM. RILEY, Clk.

LIST OF RETAILERS

OF Merchandize, &c., for Cumberland county, as classified by me, according to the different acts of Assembly.

Carlisle,	*No. of class.*	*License.*
Jason W. Eby,	13	$10 00
John G. Carmony,	13	10 00
Joseph D. Halbert,	14	7 00
Myers & Sheaffer,	12	12 50
Samuel Elliott,	14	7 00
J. M. Kneedler, agent,	14	7 00
Charles Ogilby,	10	20 00
Charles Barnitz, (Liquors)	13	15 00
George W. Hitner,	13	10 00
A. & W. Bentz,	12	12 50
Daniel Eckels, (Liquors)	14	10 50
John Faller, (Liquors)	14	10 50
Robert Irvine, jr.	13	10 00
Jacob Faust. (Liquors)	14	10 50
J. & D. Rhoads,	14	7 00
W. B. Murray,	14	7 00
John J. Myers, (Liquors)	14	10 50
S. W. Haverstick, (Liquors)	14	10 50
Robert Snodgrass,	13	10 00
S. M. & J. F. Hoover,	14	7 00
J. & W. B. Fleming,	14	7 00
Thomas H. Skiles,	14	7 00
Wm. M. Porter,	14	7 00
Thomas Conlyn,	14	7 00
Wright & Saxton,	11	15 00
Philip Messersmith,	14	7 00
Jacob Rheem,	14	7 00
George R. Crooks,	13	10 00
John R. Phillips,	14	7 00
James M'Granahan,	14	7 00
Michael Lehley, (Liquors)	14	10 50
Humer & Reed, (Liquors)	14	10 50
Peter Monyer,	14	7 00
John P. Lyne,	13	10 00
Jacob Wolf, (Liquors)	14	10 50
Arnold & Livingston,	14	7 00
S. A. Coyle,	13	10 00
Fortney & Fisher,	14	7 00
Jacob Leiby, (Liquors)	14	10 50
George Foland,	14	7 00
Andrew G. Lechler,	14	7 00
C. Inhoff, agent, (Liquors)	14	10 50
George Heckman, (Liquors)	14	10 50
P. Humer,	14	7 00
John E. Forster,	12	12 50
Nathaniel Hantch,	14	7 00
Hugh Maloy,	14	7 00
Mary McGinnis, agent,	14	7 00
Shippensburg.		
Wm. F. Carey,	14	7 00
Robert Snodgrass & Co.	12	12 50
Edward Scull,	14	7 00
Henry Hollar,	14	7 00
Gish & Hinsay,	13	10 00
Jonathan Peal,	14	7 00
John A. Clippinger,	12	12 50
James Gilliard,	14	7 00
Heck & Peal,	13	10 00
John Fulwiler,	13	10 00
S. Kunkle,	13	10 00
John Stambaugh,	14	7 00
David Nevin, (Liquors)	14	10 50
Philip Kontz,	13	10 00
Peter S. Artz, agent,	14	7 00
Joseph P. Nevin,	11	15 00
W. D. E. Hays,	14	7 00
J. C. & G. B. Altick,	14	7 00
Fleming & Sheffver,	14	7 00
John B. Duncan,	14	7 00
Robert Welsh,	14	7 00
Dickinson.		
Andrew G. Miller,	13	10 00
Andrew Comery, (Liquors)	14	10 50
T. C. Miller,	14	7 00
Russell & Dice,	13	10 00
W. M. Watts,	14	7 00
D. L. Beelman,	13	10 00
Shriver & Cassel,	14	7 00
Hopewell.		
Samuel L. Sentman,	14	7 00
Robert Elliott,	14	7 00
Jacob Heffelbower,	14	7 00
West Pennsborough.		
Christian Leas, (Liquors)	13	15 00
Josiah Hood & Son,	13	15 00
Donaldson & Green,	14	7 00
James Greason & Co.	14	7 00
Newville.		
Gilmore & Stough,	13	10 00
William Barr, agent,	12	12 00
Scott Coyle,	13	10 00
Jamison Hannon, (Liquors)	13	15 00
T. & J. McCandlish,	13	10 00
John Diller,	14	7 00
Jacob Swoyer,	14	7 00
Joseph Laughlin, agent,	14	7 00
Frankford.		
J. B. Lackey & Co. (Liquors)	14	10 50
J. G. Carmony & Co. (Liquors)	14	10 50
Newton.		
James Kyle,	14	7 00
Joseph Smith,	14	7 00
Adams & Eshelman,	14	7 00
Mifflin.		
Robert Hackett, (Liquors)	14	10 50
Charles Barnitz, Liquors,	14	10 50
Southampton.		
John W. Clover, (Liquors)	14	10 50
Monroe.		
G. W. Singiser,	13	10 00
Daniel Krysher,	14	7 00
Strock & Brandt,	14	7 00
Hampden.		
Thomas C. Rheem, (Liquors)	14	10 50
John H. Zearing,	14	7 00
George Matef,	14	7 00
New Cumberland.		
J. K. Boak & Co. (Liquors)	13	15 00
W. S. Prowel,	14	7 00
East Pennsborough.		
Jacob Reninger, (Liquors)	14	10 50
Longnecker & Eslinger,	14	7 00
Joseph O. Banks,	14	7 00
South Middleton.		
A. M. Leidich,	13	10 00
William Alexander,	14	7 00
Geisse & Kropff,	14	7 00
Rider & Sailor,	14	7 00
Allen.		
Alexander Cathcart,	12	12 50
Eby & Fritchey, (Liquors)	13	15 00
Isaac Barton, (Liquors)	14	10 50
John G. Miller,	14	7 00
Mathias Bitner, (Liquors)	13	15 00
Joseph Schroll,	14	7 00
Silver Spring.		
H. W. Mateer & Brother,	13	10 00
John Reed,	14	7 00
Dunlap & Barg,	14	7 00
Coyle & Spensler,	13	10 00
Mechanicsburg.		
J. Millison & Co. (Liquors)	13	15 00
Simon Arnold, (Liquors)	13	15 00
John Coover,	14	7 00
J. & L. Reigle,	13	10 00
Henry Less,	14	7 00
Houser & Bobb,	14	7 00
Baker & Miller,	14	7 00
Ira Day,	14	7 00
J. F. Spahr,	14	7 00
George Singizer,	14	7 00

CUMBERLAND COUNTY, ss.

I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a correct classification of the Dealers in Merchandize in Cumberland county, as taken by me in accordance with the several Acts of Assembly relating to Dealers in Merchandize.

Given under my hand and seal this 26th day of April, A. D, 1848.

JEFFERSON WORTHINGTON,
Mercantile Appraiser.

The foregoing persons returned by Jefferson Worthington, Esq., to the County Treasurer, will call for their licenses on or before the 1st of July, 1848.

ROBERT MOORE,
County Treasurer.

June 1, 1848.—4t

JUST opened at the "Bee Hive" a large lot of Parasolettes and Sun Shades, which will be sold cheap.

S. A. COYLE.

June 1, 1848.

Rare Fancy Articles!

A RICH and extensive variety of Fancy articles just opened by the subscriber, to which he invites special attention, consisting partially of Gold Pens and Pencils, Spy Glasses, Butter Knives, fine Pocket Knives, Pocket Books and Bead Purses, Port Moneys, Segar Cases, Fancy Boxes, cut glass and plain smelling Bottles, Fruit Knives, Spectacles, Watch Keys, Seals and Guards, Visiting Cards and Cases, Combs of every kind, together with a rich variety of other articles of elegant design and finish, which it is impossible to enumerate. Call at HAVERSTICK'S Drug, Book and Variety Store, North Hanover street.

June 1, 1847.

Great National Work.

A History of the Revolution and Lives of the Heroes of the War of Independence.

BY CHARLES J. PETERSON.

AN elegant volume with 18 fine Steel Plates, and nearly 200 beautiful Wood Engravings.

"This is a splendid book. A valuable addition to the Historic Literature of our country. We are much mistaken if it does not take rank with the works of Irving and Prescott."—*Frankford Herald.*