THE VOLUNTEER.

John B. Bratton, Editor and Proprietor.

CARLISLE, THURSDAY, JANR'Y. 27, 1848.

FOR PRESIDENT,

THE NOMINEE OF THE NATIONAL CONVENTION.

DELEGATE MEETING.

The Democrats of the East Ward are requested to meet at Col. Moody's Hotel on Friday evening next, for the purpose of nominating delegates to be elected on Saturday to attend the county Convention.

The Democrats of the West Ward, will meet at Beeteem's Hotel, at the same time and for the same purpose.

MANY.

☞ The inaugural address of Governor Shunk will be found on our first page.

The *Receipts and Expenditures* for this county, published by order of the Commissioners, exclude our usual variety this week. In our next we shall try to make more room for reading matter.

The Delegate Elections.—The election for delegates in the several townships and boroughs of the county will be held on Saturday next. We hope our Democratic friends will bear this in mind, and send good and true men to represent them in the county Convention.

The Lady's Book.—We invite attention to the advertisement of the Lady's Book, in another column. We do not hesitate to say that it is the very best Magazine published in the Union. No family should be without the Lady's Book. Specimen numbers can be seen at this office.

☞ The Washington correspondent of the Public Ledger, of Monday last says; "I wrote you some time ago that the Democratic State Convention of Mississippi had nominated Mr. Dallas and General Quitman for President and Vice President, respectively; but this was premature. They have after learning that Mr. Walker had declined, nominated no one After their first love, the people of Mississippi have no choice."

Rumors at Washington.—It is evident that the letter-writers and originators of rumors, at Washington, are in a fog respecting the designs of the administration, and we are glad of it. The last story is that Scott is not to be Court Martialled, and that Towson has gone to Mexico on business connected with his department, that of Paymaster General.—So ended the noise of last week.

Col. Henry Petriken, says the Union, has been re-appointed Deputy Secretary of the Commonwealth by Mr. Miller. Mr. Petriken has held this office for three years under a former administration, and three years under the present, and has discharged his duties in a manner highly satisfactory to those with whom he was associated and the public generally.

INDIANA DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

We have seen an article in several papers, says the Pittsburg Daily Post, stating that the State Convention, which met at Indianapolis on the 8th instant had nominated Gen. Cass for the Presidency, by an almost unanimous vote—only two voting against the nomination. This we think must be a mistake. We have carefully examined the proceedings of the Convention, as contained in the State Sentinel, and find no recommendation of any one, for that office, embodied in the proceedings. The following resolution is the only expression in the proceedings in reference to the Presidency:

Resolved, That we approve of the proposed National Convention, to be held for the nomination of a Democratic candidate for the Presidency and Vice Presidency, and of the proposition that it be held at Cincinnati, on the 4th day of July next; and that we will give to the nominee of the Convention, our zealous and undivided support.

Arkansas.—The Democratic State Convention of Arkansas met at Little Rock on the 3d inst. The Convention nominated R. N. Johnson for Congress, and Thos. S. Drew for the office of Governor, appointed Presidential Electors, resolved that they would cordially support for the Presidency either Woodbury, Buchanan, Cass, Dallas, Walker, or any other good Democrat nominated by the National Convention.

Indian Affairs.—The report of the Commissioner *of Indian Affairs, Mr. Medill, which fills an entire* page of the Union, is an interesting document, and its statements and representations in regard to the business of the department, and the condition of affairs both amongst the Indians themselves and between them and the government, are very satisfactory. The various tribes generally are shown to be peaceably disposed, both towards each other and our own citizens; though there have been a few disturbances, attended with some loss of life, among some of the more remote and restless, with whom we have little intercourse, and over whom it is difficult, if not impossible, to exercise any control.

The Question Discussed in mexico.—The *North Americano* has been discussing the question of annexation, contending that the lamentable and hopeless circumstances in which Mexico is placed, have imposed upon the United States the necessity, if not the duty, of annexing her whole territory. Events, continues that paper, have proved the boundless spread on this continent, of the Northern race, which European diplomacy neither desires nor is able to prevent, the interest of the old world, with regard to Mexico and the United States, being purely commercial; and to them it is rather beneficial than otherwise, that the Northern race should continue to progress.

☞ Generals Quitman and Shields, Captains Macgruder and Blanding, and Lieutenants Selden and Blakely, were received by the Virginia Legislature on Saturday, in very handsome style. After this they reviewed the troops on the public square, and were then escorted to the Governor's mansion, where they were elegantly entertained. A dinner followed at the city Hotel, and from thence the guest were escorted to the Theatre.

☞ Mr. Isaac Kirkpatrick, who has been for some time engaged in rebuilding the bridge over the Juniata, at Millerstown, fell into the river on the evening of the 14th, and being carried under the ice by the current, was drowned. The Bloomfield *Democrat* states that the deceased was a citizen of that place, and one of the most energetic and enterprising mechanics in the county. For several years he was one of the Commissioners of the county, and was well known as one of the most useful and respectable citizens of the same. He was about 44 years of age.

Singular Coincidence.—The Pittsburg Post says: "Upon taking the vote in the House of Representatives of the United States, on Hudson's resolution, to withdraw our army from Mexico, there were found to be just forty-one patriotic Whigs, in favor of the infamous proposition. This is the exact number of the traitors to their country, who were hung in Mexico, at the moment when the glorious stripes and stars' waved over Churubusco.

Destructive Fire.—A fire occurred at Albany, Georgia, on the 1st instant, which consumed property valued at $50,000.

Dead.—The Richmond papers announce the death of the wife of the Hon. Andrew Stevenson, of Va.

THE ELECTION NEXT FALL.

The election next fall will be an important one—a contest involving the fundamental principles of the Constitution, and one which will stamp the character of the government, for weal or woe, for years to come. All the Federal weapons of party rancor and abuse will be brought into full play. The arch enemy of Democracy, which, under the thousand and one disguises, assumed for popular effect, has been hitherto driven to the wall, now stalks forth in the broad light of day, exhibiting its gorgeous head, and openly uttering and avowing principles which have ever been repudiated and scorned—principles which, if carried out, would disgrace us in the eyes of the civilized world, and endanger, if not totally destroy the constitution which binds us together as a people. Never, in the history of our country, have the Federalists been more bold in their attempts to disgrace the Union—never have they advocated more treasonable measures, than at present—never before have they been so *unanimous* in their dark and damnable work of TREASON! A reckless, degraded, and discontented party, banded together by no common principle, save factious opposition to Democratic rule, stung by the recollection of repeated and recent defeats, and animated by the *prospective enjoyment* of public patronage and plunder, are now engaged in plotting treason against the Government! The Sage of Ashland—he whose hands are stained with the blood of his own countrymen, and whose whole life has been one continued scene of political gambling for power and place, has been induced to leave his home and repair to Washington, for the purpose of urging on his blind party followers in their efforts to give "AID AND COMFORT" to the treacherous and dishonest Mexicans! Yes, the whole power of the Federal party, with that great but wicked man Henry Clay, at their head, are moving heaven and earth in trying to defeat the bill before Congress which provides for the raising of volunteers to prosecute the present war.

Let it be remembered that the Federalists themselves voted in Congress at the last session for the bill which declared that war existed "by the act of Mexico," and that soon after Henry Clay himself, in his speech at New Orleans, wished for "some nook or corner in the American army, that he might *avenge the wrongs of his country!*" At that time the Federalists had not fully matured their plans of treason, nor had Henry Clay fully made up his mind as to the course he should pursue. Proteus-like, he assumes every prase which the varying hue of public policy may dictate—all things to all men, he is the very genius of demagoguism and deceit.

We have been led to these remarks for the purpose of convincing our Democratic friends of the great importance of union and harmony in our ranks. As we said in the commencement of this article, the next election will be one of great importance. Should the Democratic party unfortunately be defeated next fall, every true lover of his country can then exclaim—"God save the Republic." Is this the time for Democrats to quarrel among themselves about *men*, when principles so momentous are at stake? Shall we suffer the ranks of the democracy to be rent asunder, while the enemies of our country—the enemies of our peace and happiness are attempting to rock the battlements, if not rive the foundations of the Republic? No, never! Let the friends of the different aspirants for the Presidency urge the claims of their favorite, if they please, but in God's name let us not commit political suicide by attacking each other. He is a traitor at heart who will at this time attempt to cast a fire-brand into the ranks of the Democratic party. The lion-hearted democracy of this country—a democracy, which, in the language of Senator Allen, "knows no basis, and cowers before no attacks"—a democracy as pure and unpurchasable as the eternal principles on which it is based—never has and never can be defeated when united.

Let us all then, wait with patience, the action of the Democratic National Convention. Let no one be too rash in urging his particular favorite. The interests and fortunes of a single individual are but dust in the balance. Let us all unite against the insidious designs and dogmas of Federalism, and a glorious victory will crown our efforts.

☞ Nothing of any moment, has, as yet, been done in Congress. The session has, so far, been spent, by the whigs, in making calls upon the President and the departments for all sorts of information with a *view to a vigorous attack upon the administration*, and for the further purpose, we presume, of giving as much aid and comfort as possible to our Mexican enemies.

It seems to be the impression, with some, that the Whigs in the House of Representatives, have determined to assume the responsibility of voting against any further appropriations for the prosecution of the war. Let them do it! A day of reckoning will come, when the people of the United States will pronounce judgment upon them.

The following paragraph from the Union shows what progress Congress has made in the business of Legislation:

"The business of the session drags; the President's message is not yet referred, and the interests of the country are left to suffer. The debates upon the reference of the President's annual message have consumed as much time as one would suppose ought to be devoted to that subject. The country will observe that when Mr. Robinson of Indiana moved, on Wednesday last, that the debate should be terminated, the entire whig party voted against it. A party having the majority in the House, and having the control of the House—in the midst of a war, the pressing exigencies of the public service—protract the debate, consume their precious time, and manifest no inclination to come to the serious business of the session. The democratic party are ready and anxious to meet the issues, and come to a direct vote upon them. The country expects it; and we trust that the eyes of the country will be fixed on those who, when opportunity is offered, refuse to do the business of the people, and thereby virtually withhold supplies for the war."

The Governor's Message.—That able Democratic paper, the Boston Post says of the late message of our excellent and worthy Governor:

"The message of the sound and able statesman who presides over the noble commonwealth of Pennsylvania, is of convenient length and encouraging tone. It is a merit in a Governor, always to be able to make themselves understood. The whole document relates purely to the affairs of the State except that a few remarks on the war have a national bearing."

The Chester Bank Robbery.—The rogues engaged in the robbery of Dr. Darlington, are likely to have only their trouble for their pains. The West Chester Register says:

"The Bank of Chester county has issued new notes of a different character from those stolen, and is rapidly withdrawing its old circulation and substituting a new one. Our friends, who have any of the old emission on hand had better bring them to the Bank and have them exchanged for the new emission. The sooner the old circulation is withdrawn the more difficult will it be for the rogues to use their ill-gotten booty."

☞ Gen. Houston has been re-elected a U. States Senator by the Legislature of Texas for the term of of six years from the 4th of March, next. Well does he deserve it.

Good Doctrine.—The Democrats of Kentucky have resolved to support no man who will not avow his sentiments on any and all topics.

Death of Capt. John Butler.—It is with deep regret we announce the death of Capt. John Butler, of the 3d Dragoons. Captain Butler died at Brazos, on his way to the United States.

Voice of the People—Democratic Governors.

From the recent election returns, it will be observed that the Democracy are greatly in the ascendant. There are now 29 States, out of which the Democracy have elected 20, and the Whigs 9 Governors.—Wisconsin will add another to the dominant party. Does not this prove that a large majority of the people are Democratic? The list below will show what we have stated to be correct:

Democratic.—Maine, New Hampshire, N. Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Indiana, Illinois, Missouri, Arkansas, Michigan, Florida, Texas, Iowa—20.

Whig.—Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, North Carolina, Tennessee, Kentucky, Ohio—9.

INAUGURATION OF GOV. SHUNK.

The Harrisburg Democratic Union of Tuesday week thus speaks of the inauguration of Gov. Shunk:

"Yesterday was as favorable a day for the occasion of the Inauguration as could have been desired.

The procession to conduct the Governor to the *Capitol formed at his residence*, at 11½ o'clock A. M., and was composed chiefly of the Heads of Department, Canal Commissioners, Judges of the Courts, members of the bar, together with the "Carlisle Cadets." We have not for some time seen a better drilled or a better looking company of volunteers than the "Cadets."

At 12 o'clock the procession entered the House of Representatives, where the members of the Senate and House were in Convention, and a large concourse of ladies were assembled, adding interest and gaiety to the scene. We noticed also a number of distinguished gentlemen from abroad on the floor.

After the administration of the oath of office by the Speaker of the Senate, Francis R. Shunk, the Governor elect, delivered his Inaugural address. Its style is pure, perspicuous and forcible, like that of all the State papers which emanate from the pen of Gov. Shunk, gives a brief but lucid exposition of the principles which are at the basis of our structure of government, shows that the interests of capital and labor are identical, when under the influence of equal laws and equal rights, and unrestricted by partial legislation, and expresses hostility to all measures calculated to destroy this indentity of interest, to derange the harmony and mar the beauty of the system of free government by the people.

The address, from its admirable style, and sound and patriotic sentiments, will commend itself to the intelligence of all good citizens."

FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, Jan. 24, 1848.

A caucus of the Democratic members of the Senate and House is now being held to determine when and where the National Convention, to nominate the Presidential candidate, shall be held.

An enthusiastic Mass Meeting of the Democracy is also in session at Jackson Hall. Mr. Brown, the Assistant Postmaster General, made an eloquent speech, and was followed by John Brough, Esq., of Cincinnati.

The President's first evening levee is to be held on Wednesday.

Washington, Jan. 24

The caucus have decided that the Convention shall be held at Baltimore on the fourth Monday of May next.

No Small Notes.—The Select Committee of the Virginia Senate, to whom was referred the bill for the issue of small notes by the banks of that State, have been unable to agree upon anything. The bill will consequently be rejected.

Something to Ponder on.—American citizens seated in the Senate Chamber of Mexico, devising a plan of a railroad from Vera Cruz to the Halls of the Montezumas.

A Broadside for Corwin.—At the late Jackson supper in Washington, Mr. C. L. Weller gave the following toast:

Two Senators from Ohio: The Antipodes in talents, in their love of country, in the esteem of Americans, and in all that adorns the statesman, the patriot, and the object of high esteem; may they speedily find their appropriate places—the one in the *presidential chair of our Union and the other in the* embraces of his Mexican allies.

☞ An exchange says: The Whig papers have a great deal to say about Henry Clay being "first in the hearts of his countrymen." If this is so, it is somewhat singular that he has never been "first in the" *ballot boxes!*

LATE FROM THE SOUTH.

The New Orleans papers of the 14th, brought by express, state that several vessels had arrived there from Vera Cruz. Among the rest is the steamship Virginia, that left Vera Cruz on the 4th. She touched at Tampico on her way to New Orleans.

The most important intelligence by this arrival are indefinite but current rumors of secret negotiations being in progress that promise peace.

Despatches were received at Vera Cruz on the night of the 31st ult., by the arrival of a courier from Mr. Boyle, the British Charge d'Affairs at the capital. They were immediately despatched for New Orleans on board H. B. M. brig of war Daring Nothing positive was know concerning the despatches, but opinions that they were negotiations for peace had been formed at Vera Cruz, from the fact that they had been sent in a vessel of war instead of waiting *for the steamer.*

Colonel Miles, with 1500 men, left Vera Cruz on the 2d inst., for the capital. General Marshall was at Jalapa on the 20th ult., awaiting the arrival of the train expected under the command of Colonel Miles.

John Reynolds, attached to Co. D, of the 8th Regt. of Infantry, was hung at Jalapa for having murdered some Mexican women.

It is reported in the Mexican papers that Santa Anna had embarked at Acapulco for the port of San Blas.

A letter from Quoretaro states that the Government was doing all in its power to get the new members of Congress together, and it was believed it would assemble about the middle of January.

Advices had been received from Mazatlan to the 30th ult. The guerrillas, under Mijares, had made an attack upon the cape, but were completely routed, and Mijares and many other Mexicans were killed.

An expedition was despatched on the night of the 21st against Cholulu, to apprehend some Mexican officers. A skirmish took place, when three Mexicans were killed and three wounded.

A number of American prisoners, who had been taken at various times by the Mexicans, had been sent to Col. Childs from Zacatlan, by Izunzea, the former Mexican Governor of Puebla, asking an exchange for Col. Pavor, but if that was not admissible, that an equal number of Mexicans should be restored to liberty, and in case neither proposition should be acceptable, asking that the prisoners should be received as restored voluntarily.

Col. Childs, in replying to this message, announced that he could not comply with either of the propositions, the Mexicans being greatly indebted to our army for the great number of prisoners liberated in the progress of the war. He returned his sincere thanks to the Governor, Izunzea, for his kindness to the prisoners thus voluntarily restored, and would take pleasure in emulating his kindness towards the Mexicans who might fall into his hands.

The brig Rupert, bound from Tampico for Pensacola, loaded with lumber for the Government, was totally lost on the 1st instant, upon the Tampico bar.

LATE FROM MEXICO.

Attack of a Train on its way to the capital—Ten Americans Lost—$100,000 worth of property Captured by Guerrillas.

The daily express of this morning brings New Orleans papers of the 17th inst. The papers announce the arrival of the ship Tahmaroo, from Vera Cruz, bringing dates to the 8th inst., four days later.

A part of the last train that left Vera Cruz for the capital, was attacked by guerrillas.

The party attacked consisted of a small party of Mounted Riflemen, under Lieut. Walker, which had become scattered from the rest about seven miles.—The Statement in regard to the affair are very conflicting—some say that the guerrilla force was about *four hundred strong, and others that it was only two* hundred and fifty. The guerrillas succeeded in capturing three hundred pack mules, together with property to the amount of one hundred thousand dollars. The American loss was about ten out of the thirty men that composed the party. Lieut Walker had *obtained reinforcements from Vera Cruz*, and had followed in pursuit of the marauders.

☞ The claim to the Pea Patch Island, which has for many years been in controversy between the U. States, and the State of New Jersey, was decided last Saturday in the capital at Washington by John Sergeant, Esq., of Philadelphia, to whom it was referred for arbitration. The amount of his decision was, that the Pea Patch Island originally belonged to the State of Delaware, and not to New Jersey, and that the property in this Island was now vested in the United States under a transfer made by the State of Delaware in 1813.

Markets.

PHILADELPHIA MARKET.

Tuesday, Jan. 25, 1848.

Flour and Meal.—The Flour market continues *inactive, with little or no inquiry for export. Good* brands are held at $6¼ a 6⅜—extra and fancy brands sell something higher. Corn Meal is now selling at $3 for Pennsylvania and $3 12½ for Brandywine.—*Rye Flour is held at $4½ a $4⅝.*

Grain—Wheat is inactive—light sales at $1 38 a 1 40. Corn—Is worth 63c per 56 lbs. for yellow.—Rye is nominal at 90c. Oats are scarce, and readily command 46c.

Cloverseed is steadily at $4 a 4¼.

Whiskey is more active; a private sale in bbls. at 25c.

MARRIED.

On the Thursday last, at the house of Mr. Geo. Levingston, by the Rev. William C. Bennet of Boiling Springs, Mr. Levi McHauly Reahim, to Miss Antonietta Elizabeth Pritts, both of Harrisburg, Pa.

On the 25th inst., by the same, Mr. Robert Felix, to Miss Layer Margaret, second daughter of Maj. George O'Donnel, all of Cumberland county, Pa.

At Hanover Landing, Indiana, on Thursday the 20th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Curtis, J. F. D. Lanier, Esq., of Madison City, to Mary B., youngest daughter of the late John McClure, Esq., of this place.

From the Daily News.

OBITUARY.

The South winds float their gentle zephyrs; these wave the low-bowed willow that so mournfully hangs over the grave of one, whose manly form threw off its mortal tenement, and was resignedly surrendered to the King of Terrors, at Oakland Mississippi on the 19th of September, where he went expecting in a few days to enter upon the discharge of his duties. But the star of promise twinkled brightest ere it set.

William D. Agnew, eldest son of John Agnew, Esq., of Carlisle, Pennsylvania, entered the Theological Seminary at Princton at the age of 20. He remained there nearly two years, during which period his ingenuousness of character won for him the kind feelings of many friends. His urbanity of manners and benevolence of disposition, with a true catholic spirit of Christian deportment, endowed him with an attractiveness of uncommon lustre. The professor of religion, he felt, was fallible, like other men, and but a portion of erring humanity. He vaunted not himself as standing upon a pinnacle above his fellows, but meekly felt the spirit of the publican, thus showing a bright example for his associates to imitate,—illustrating the brightest feature in the life of Christ.

He is gone! Mourning friends let forth their crystal fountains, and the silent slumbers of the grave wrap in their peaceful mother earth the mortal remains of an affectionate son, a devoted brother, and a warm friend.

Kindred ties proclaim that life's darkest days never brought upon the mind of the subject of this obituary, the clouds of discontent. Come what might, the sunbeams of joy or the frowns of sorrow, he always maintained an equanimity which bespoke perfect acquiescence in every fate that awaited him.—But truly has it been said,

Though earth has lost an elder son,
Heaven has a brighter angel won.

The celestial city has glorious crowns for those *saints who have kept the faith, who have fought the* good fight, and entered into that rest which remaineth for the people of God. S. V. B.

Godey's Lady's Book and Family Magazine,

THE oldest Magazine in the United States, contains monthly sixty pages of reading matter, by the first writers in the country,—twelve more than the New York magazines. Two splendid steel engravings, an undeniable authentic colored monthly Fashion plate, Model Cottages and Churches, Crochet Work, and other matters for the Ladies, all illustrated and well explained, &c. &c.

Price for one year, which includes the Lady's Dollar Newspaper, making three publications in one month,	$3 00
Two copies without the Lady's Dollar Newspaper,	5 00
Five copies with one to the person sending the club,	10 00
Eight copies,	15 00
Twelve copies,	20 00

A specimen of either the Lady's Book, or the Lady's Dollar Newspaper sent to any person paying postage on the request. Addres,

L. A. GODEY,
No. 113 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

January 27, 1848.

Carlisle Deposite Bank.

THE Stockholders of this Institution are hereby notified that they are requested to pay, within thirty days from this date, the 2nd instalment of five dollars on every share of Stock held by them respectively. By order of the Board of Directors.

W. S. COBEAN, *Cashier.*

Carlisle, January 27, 1848—3t.

Annual Report of the Board of Poor House Visitors.

To the Hon. Judges of the Court of Cumberland Co.

THE undersigned having been appointed by your Honorable Body, a committee to examine into and Report upon the condition of the Poor House of this county, beg leave to state, that in the discharge of the duties assigned them, they have at different times during the present year visited that Institution.

They are gratified to be enabled to say, that the good order and cleanliness, which last year were the subject of compliment to the Directors, Steward and Matron of the House, still prevail. The different apartments in the establishment were carefully inspected, and neatness and regularity observable in all. The diet provided for the paupers is of a wholesome and nutritious kind, the clothing good and substantial, and every attention seems to be paid to their personal cleanliness. The House throughout is clean and well ventilated, and all the wants and necessities of the inmates properly attended to.

Labor is provided for those who are able to perform it, and this employment contributes alike to their happiness and physical health. Those who are sick, have the attendance of a careful and judicious physician and are provided with every necessary comfort. During the last summer, a substantial two story stone building has been erected, at a cost of about five hundred dollars. This was greatly needed, and adds much to the convenience of the establishment, furnishing ample room for a Bakery and giving additional sleeping rooms for the paupers.

On examining the books of the Institution we find, that on the 1st of January, there were one hundred and twenty two names on its registry. There have been admitted since then one hundred and fifty four, making the whole number who have been relieved during the present year, two hundred and seventy six. In addition to this number many transient persons in indigent circumstances were admitted for a day or two, of whom no record is kept.

Your committee cannot close their report without expressing their gratification with the apparent cheerfulness and contentment of those who are experiencing the benefits of this noble charity, and also acknowledging the courtesy of the Steward at all times shewn them, as well in his attendance upon them during their visits of inspection as in furnishing information in all matters connected with the management of the House which they deemed within the the scope of their inquiry.

JNO. AGNEW,
WM. GRAHAM,
D. N. MAHON.

Now to wit 14th December 1847. Report of Visitors approved of BY THE COURT.

Cumberland County SS.

In testimony that the foregoing is a true copy taken from the original remaining on file in the office of the clerk of the court of Quarter Sessions of said county I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of said court at Carlisle the 24th day of January, A. D. 1848.

J. GOODYEAR, Jr. Cl'k. Qr. Sess.

Carlisle Janury, 27, 1848.

Selling Off!
COME THIS WAY!

THE subscribers will sell their entire stock of DRY GOODS, which consists of a handsome assortment of Merinoes, Alpachas, Cashmeres, Mous. de Lains, Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinets, Flannels, and Trimmings; with a great variety of other goods at reduced prices.

This is a new stock of Goods, and laid in for cash at the present low prices; some of which will be sold *Fifty Per Cent* below First Cost.—Bring on your money and you will be sure to get good bargains. Those persons knowing themselves indebted will please come forward and pay up.

A. & W. BENTZ,
3 doors south of the Post Office.

January 27, 1848.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership heretofore existing under the firm of Gilmore & M'Kinney, (of Newville,) was dissolved by mutual consent on the 6th inst. All persons knowing themselves to be indebted to said firm, will call on Thomas A. M'Kinney, residing in Newville, (with whom the books have been left,) for settlement, and all having claims will present them *without delay.*

JAMES GILMORE,
THOS. A. M'KINNEY.

Newville, Jan. 27, 1848—3t*

N. B.—The mercantile business will be continued at the old stand, by Gilmore & Stough, who will at *all times be pleased to wait on customers.*

Valuable Property at Private Sale.

THE subscriber offers at private sale a two story BRICK HOUSE, a FRAME BARN, Wagon Shed, &c., with about 18 Acres of first rate Limestone Land, situate in Dickinson township, Cumberland county, 4½ miles west of Carlisle, on the turnpike road leading from Carlisle to Chambersburg. The property is in excellent condition, and will be sold on reasonable terms. For further particulars call on the subscriber residing on the premises.

MICHAEL GIBBONS.

January 20, 1848.—3t*

Selling Off Dog Cheap.

THE subscriber wishing to discontinue his business, will sell his entire stock of CHEWING TOBACCO and CIGARS at reduced prices. His stock consists of excellent Cavendish and Congress Tobacco, Havana, Cuba and Seed Leaf Cigars, Snuff, Pipes and Senfarlatti Smoking Tobacco, all of which will be sold at greatly reduced rates to close business. Call and see.

THOS. H. CRISWELL.

January 20, 1848.

Potatoes for Sale.

MERCER and PINKEYE POTATOES, of a good quality, for sale by the subscriber, residing in Carlisle. EPHRAIM ZUG.

January 20, 1848.—3t

Pine Oil.

ONE brl. of Fresh PINE OIL, just received and for sale by C. OGILBY.

January 20, 1848.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Cumberland county, will be exposed to public sale, at the public house of John Stough, in Stoughstown, on Saturday the 5th of February next, at 12 o'clock, noon, of that day, the following described real estate, late the property of John Stough, sen'r. dec'd, viz:

No. 1, A Tract of Limestone Land, adjoining Stoughstown, Newton township, in said county, bounded by lands of John M'Culloch, Sharps heirs, Bronawell's heirs, the Harrisburg and Chambersburg turnpike road, and other property of the said John Stough, deceased, containing

105 ACRES,

84¾ Perches strict measure, of which about 100 acres are cleared, under good fence, and in good cultivation. The improvements are a large Two Story

Stone House and Kitchen,

now occupied as a TAVERN; a large BANK BARN; two Frame Stables, and other out buildings. A fine young apple orchard and other fruit trees, and a never failing well of water.

No. 2, A Tract of Limestone Land, in said Newton township, bounded by lands of Skiles Woodburn, Jacob Belshoover, Polly Fulton, and the Harrisburg and Chambersburg turnpike road, containing 71 Acres and 29 8-10 Perches, of which about 42 acres are cleared, in good cultivation, and under excellent fence, having thereon erected a two story and a half

Log House, A Log Barn,

Corn Crib, and Shed. There is a good Orchard Cider Press on the premises.

[Purparts Nos. 1 and 2 will be sold together.]

No. 3, A Two Story Frame House, a Stone Shop, a Frame Shop and a Log Stable, with 2 Acres and 67½ perches of land thereto attached, situate in Stoughstown aforesaid, bounded by lands of Mitchell Stewart, Samuel Mellinger, and tract No. 1, aforesaid.

The terms of sale will be, $200 to be paid on the purpart No. 1—$100 to be paid on purport No. 2—and $50 on purpart No. 3—on the confirmation of *the sale of each respectively.*

One third of the purchase money to remain in the land, the interest thereof to be paid to the widow of John Stough yearly and every year during her life, and the principal at her death to the heirs and representatives of the said John Stough, dec'd. One half of the residue of the purchase money to be paid on the first of April next, when possession will be given and the remainder in two equal annual instalments without interest, the payments to be secured by recognizances with security in the Orphans' Court.—The grain in the ground and rents to be reserved, and purchasers to pay all taxes assessed for the year 1848.

Due attendance will be given on the day of sale by

GEO. SANDERSON,
Trustee

January 13, 1848.—4t.

NOTICE

To the Stockholders of the Carlisle Bank.

NOTICE is hereby given in conformity with the following order of court.

GEO. A. LYON, Pres't.

Carlisle, Bank, Jan. 3, 1848.

In the Circuit Court of the United States, in and for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, in the Third Circuit, of October Session, 1847.

Krebs vs Lyon et al. } No. 1, April Session, 1848. In equity.

And now to wit: This first day of December, A. D. 1847, in the matter of the Bill of Complaint of John M. Krebs vs. Geo. A. Lyon and others, Directors of the Carlisle Bank, and the Subpœna, issued out of the Circuit Court of the United States, for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania. No. 1 April Session, 1848.

On the petition of the defendants, setting out, although they represent all the stockholders of the said Bank, that different interests in different classes of the said stockholders, may require them to have notice of the proceeding that they may appear and defend their respective interests if they shall think proper, and that from their number it would be inconvenient and expensive, to bring them in as parties by the process of the court, and praying the court to make an order authorizing them to give notice to the stockholders of the proceeding, by a publication of said petition and the decree of the court thereon, for four weeks preceding the first day of April next, in one paper published in the city of Philadelphia, and in two papers published in the Borough of Carlisle. The court having taken the same into consideration, make the order according to the said prayer of the petitioners.

United States, Eastern District of Pennsylvania. } Sct.

I George Plitt, Clerk of the Circuit Court of the United States, in and for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, in the Third Circuit, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and faithful copy of the original on file and remaining of record in my office.

Witness my hand and the seal of the said court, at Philadelphia, this 2d day of December, A. D. 1847, and in the 72d year of the Independence of the said U. States. GEORGE PLITT,

Clerk C. C.

January 6, 1848.—4t

JOB WORK

NEATLY EXECUTED AT THIS OFFICE.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

THE House on West High street, now occupied by Mrs. Cook, is offered for rent from the 1st of April next. The property is also offered for sale.

WM. B. KNOX.

Carlisle, Jan. 13, 1848.—tf

For Rent.

FOUR or five two story Brick Dwelling Houses in Alexander's Row—also two Frame Dwelling Houses in East Louther street—also two Frame Dwelling Houses in South Hanover street, adjoining Bleam's Hotel—also one Plastered Dwelling House in Church Alley. For terms apply to the subscriber.

LEML. TODD Ag't.

Carlisle, January 6, 1848.—4t

For Sale or Rent.

A House and Lot of ground on West treet, at present occupied by Mrs. Parker. The house is nearly new, having been tenented but one year, and is in perfect order. For terms apply to

G. W. HILTON.

Carlisle Jan. 5,—3t.

For Rent.

THE house situate in South Hanover street, next door to A. & W. Bentz's store, and at present occupied by Henry S. Ritter. The house is well calculated for a dwelling, and is also one of the best stands for a store or shop in town. Possession given on the 1st of April next. Enquire of

PETER GUTSHALL,

Carlisle, December 9, 1847.—tf

Horses Wanted.

WANTED to purchase at Carlisle Barracks, a number of dark bay and brown horses, from 4 to 6 years old, and from 15½ to 16 hands high. Also a large supply of Corn, Oats, Hay and Straw. Application to be made to the Asst. Quar. Mtr., at the Barracks, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 3 o'clock P. M.

D. G. ROGERS, 1st Lieut.
2d Drag. A. A. Q. M.

January 6, 1848.—1m

Appeals for 1848.

THE Commissioners of Cumberland county, would hereby give notice to those persons concerned, that they have appointed the following times and place for the hearing of Appeals for the respective townships and boroughs:

Townships & Boro's	*Time of Appeal.*	*Where held.*
Silver Spring,	Jan. 18th, '48.	Commr's. Office.
Hampden,	"	"
E. Pennsborough,	" 19th "	"
Allen,	" 20th "	"
Mechanicsburg,	" 21st "	"
New Cumberland,		
Monroe,	" 22d "	"
Shippensburg Bo.,	" 24th "	"
Shippensburg T.,		
Hopewell,	" 25th "	"
Mifflin,		
Newville,	" 26th "	"
Newton,		
Southampton,	" 27th "	"
Frankford,		
Dickinson,	" 28th "	"
North Middleton,	" 29th "	"
South Middleton,	" 31st "	"
W. Pennsborough,	Feb. 1st "	"
Carlisle,	" 2d "	"

DAVID STERRETT,
DANIEL COBLE,
JOHN MELL,
Commissioners.

Commissioner's Office,
Carlisle, Jan. 13, 1848.
Test—Wm. Riley, Cl'k.

Harrisburg, Carlisle, & Chambersburg Turnpike Road Company.

EXHIBIT of Tolls received, repairs and expenses, on the "Harrisburg, Carlisle and Chambersburg Turnpike Road Company," from the 1st of January to the 31st of December 1847, inclusive, as follows, to wit.

DR.

To amount of tolls received at Gates,	$4444 32
" Balance at settlement for 1846, paid into Court at January 1847,	1616 34
	$6060 66

CR.

By balance of 1846, paid to creditors per act of Assembly of 1823-1828 and 1830	$1616.34
" Cash paid for repairs on road	1072 09
" Gate Keeper's Salaries	903 92
" Managers for 1847	224 25
" Treasurers' Salary	75 00
" Secretarys' Salary	25 00
" Incidental Expenses	49 50
" Postage, Taxes and Stationary	11 23
	$3976 33
" Balance paid into Court to be applied under the act of Assembly aforesaid	2084 33
	$6060 66

COPY.

Certified on oath to the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of Cumberland county the 10th day of January, A. D. 1848.

DAVID NEVIN, Treasurer.

TAKE NOTICE,

That the Court of Common Pleas of Cumberland county, have appointed Tuesday the 15th day of February next, at the Court House, in the borough of Carlisle, at 10 o'clock A. M. for hearing *and determining the claims of the respective creditors* against the Company, so as to enable the Court to distribute the money paid into Court by the Treasurer of said Company, agreeably to the acts of Assembly made for the relief of *said creditors* on the 1st day of April 1823, and the supplement thereto. At the aforesaid time and place, the preferred (if any) and all other creditors, are requested to have their respective claims duly authenticated and presented, and also to furnish evidence at the same time, whether any claims have been assigned, or are still held by the original owners: and also proof to establish the consideration of their claims, whether for work, materials, &c. BY THE COURT.

January 13, 1848.—3t.

The Tea and Grocery Store of J. W. EBY,

WEST MAIN STREET, CARLISLE,

IS constantly supplied with a fresh and general assortment of Groceries, embracing a lot of

Rio and Java Coffees,

of the best, as well as of lower priced qualities

Loaf and Brown Sugars,

viz; Double refined Loaf, crushed and Pulverized, as also White Havana, Brown and clarified Sugars—all of which for prices and qualities, cannot be excelled.

In addition to our former supply of Teas we have undertaken the sale of the Superior Teas of J. C. Jenkins & Co. of Philadelphia and have received and will be kept supplied with an assortment of

Green and Black Teas,

of the various kinds and qualities, varying in price from 37½ cts. to $1,25 per pound, which we believe will, on trial, take the preference over all other Teas in this community. These teas are put up in packages of ¼, ½ and 1 lb. each, labelled with name and price of Tea, with a Metallic ticket as well as paper envelope for preservation of the quality, and each having full weight. One of the partners (who selects the Teas) learned this difficult business of the Chinese themselves, while engaged in the Tea Trade and residing among them, and possessing this advantage, their ability to furnish, not only safe and genuine, but also the most delicious Teas, at the lowest possible prices, is unquestionable, and therefore they can be confidently recommended to our customers.

In addition to