

American Volunteer

BY JOHN B. BRATTON. VOL. 34. CARLISLE, PA., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1847. AT \$2 PER ANNUM. NO. 19.

Shepherd's Vermifuge.

Parents, Physicians and Nurses, read the following certificate of cure of its by Shepherd's Vermifuge. We have in our possession thousands of certificates of its efficacy in the cure of worms in children. Remember that Shepherd's Vermifuge never sickens children, and never fails to give them a good appetite—it combines many valuable properties independent of the worm destroying, &c. It is doing good wherever it is used.

New York, July 12, 1847.
My child four years old has been subject to fits from the age of four months, and pronounced by the physicians after their utmost exertions to be incurable—and at one time expired of her life and said she would not live two hours, refusing to leave medicine for her saying it would be of no use. I could not induce myself to believe that worms were not the cause of her disease, in consequence of which I purchased three or four bottles of Jays' Vermifuge which I used according to direction without it producing any good effects. I next used Morrison's without any better success, besides various other kinds, but all to no purpose. Mr. E. Wilson, Agent of Shepherd's Vermifuge, induced me to try Shepherd's Worm Destroyer, which I am happy to say after using three bottles entirely cured her, a large quantity of worms having been expelled. She had been so long afflicted by having fits every day, that she had not been able to walk or talk until the last six months since using Shepherd's Vermifuge. She has commenced to talk and walk and I am satisfied that Shepherd's Vermifuge has produced all these happy results, and therefore recommend it as an invaluable medicine. Price 25 cents per bottle.

DAVID MAUCK.
The following certificates are from citizens residing in Franklin county, Pa., and who are known to many of the readers of the Volunteer:
Rockwood, Pa., April 29, 1847.
After having used without success, a Vermifuge which was held in high estimation, I was induced to try Shepherd's. To my daughter, who is eight years old, I gave four doses, and which had the effect of expelling a large number of worms. I am recomended it as a good article.

JAMES SHOEMAKER.
St. Thomas, Pa., April 27, 1847.
I administered Shepherd's Vermifuge to a girl five years old—it operated without producing any sickness—expelled a large quantity of worms, and answered fully my expectations. I have sold it to many and have always had a good report for it.

D. FOHL.
For sale by the following appointed Agents, G. W. Wither, Carlisle; John Fulmer, Slippenburg; Burkhardt, Newville; Robert Elliott, Newburg; A. Richards & Co., Plainfield; Eddy & Kinsinger, Kingstown; S. & S. A. Coyle, Hogestown; J. & J. Millson, Mechanicsburg; William Alexander, Parkersburg.
September 2, 1847.—6m

Shepherd's Sarsaparilla.

The public will please examine and see that they get Shepherd's Sarsaparilla, as there is no other preparation of the name of Sarsaparilla. Shepherd's never fails to cure long standing cases of Rheumatism, Scrofula, Tetter, Ringworms and Consumption, and the numerous certificates of cure read the following:
Yastow Springs, Blair Co., Pa.,
I purchased two bottles of Shepherd's Sarsaparilla and administered it to my boy seven months old who had been affected with scrofula for six months, and happy to find him entirely cured, the lumps on his neck having disappeared so as to leave no sign of their ever having been there. His health is as good now from all appearances as if he had never been afflicted with the disease mentioned.

ALLEN J. GREEN.
Mr. Green is well known in Blair county, is a respectable farmer and his veracity will not be doubted by any one who knows him.
YOUNG LADIES LOOK HERE!
For pimples on the face, Shepherd's Sarsaparilla is a never failing cure. It purifies the blood and cures every blemish on the face and complexion.

RHUMATISM.

This disease in its acute form is inflammation of the joints, the joints uniting to another, or certain organs, and especially to the membrane of the heart. In this form of Rheumatism there is occasionally fever; the joints are much swollen and excessively painful. In the chronic variety there is no marked constitutional symptoms, but in many cases, particularly in children, the disease, when the health of the body has been deranged by previous disease or too great exertion of body or mind, produces a distortion of the joints and a stiffness of the limbs as almost certain to follow. Many medicines have been tried, and which were reported as being certain cures for this disease, but all have failed, and it is only by the use of the Sarsaparilla, that the cure has been effected, and the health of the patient, after the administration of this medicine, has been restored to its normal state.

Eructations of the Skin.—These are exhibited in various forms. Pimples and blotches on the face, which frequently disfigure the most admired features, and on the neck, arms and hands, are the result of impurities of the blood. All these, with the diseased condition of the system, caused by the excessive use of mercury, will generally yield to that admirable preparation of medicine known as Shepherd's Sarsaparilla.
Price 75 cents per bottle.
For sale by the following appointed agents, G. W. Wither, Carlisle; John Fulmer, Slippenburg; Burkhardt, Newville; Robert Elliott, Newburg; A. Richards & Co., Plainfield; Eddy & Kinsinger, Kingstown; S. & S. A. Coyle, Hogestown; J. & J. Millson, Mechanicsburg; William Alexander, Parkersburg.
September 2, 1847.—6m

Shepherd's Compound Medicated Candy.

In the cure of Colds, Coughs, Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Croup, Asthma, Suffering from Blood, and all other complaints of the Throat and Chest, and those arising from a diseased condition of the Lungs, and for clearing the Voice, &c.
The articles composing the Compound Medicated Candy have been selected with the utmost care and attention, and entirely from the Vegetable Kingdom, therefore no fear need be apprehended of its producing the slightest injurious effect, on the contrary, it is asserted, and without exaggeration, that it is one of the most efficient articles, in curing the most troublesome complaints, that has ever yet been introduced to the public. From its being pleasant to the taste, and at the same time so certain in its effects, a preparation has been gained for it, such as few articles of the kind can pretend to claim. Price 12 1/2 cents per package.
For sale by the following appointed agents, G. W. Wither, Carlisle; John Fulmer, Slippenburg; Burkhardt, Newville; Robert Elliott, Newburg; A. Richards & Co., Plainfield; Eddy & Kinsinger, Kingstown; S. & S. A. Coyle, Hogestown; J. & J. Millson, Mechanicsburg; William Alexander, Parkersburg.
September 2, 1847.—6m

School Books.

Just received a general assortment of School Books, to which we invite the attention of Parents, Guardians and Teachers. For sale at
Carlisle, Sept. 26, 1847.

Woolen Yarn.

JUST received 300 cuts of Woolen Stocking Yarn, of first rate quality, of all colors, at the cheap rates of
A. W. BENTZ.
Carlisle, Sept. 2, 1847.

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Carlisle, Sept. 2, 1847.

Economy, Utility and Light!

Pine Oil & Solar Lamp Lamps.

M. B. DYOTT & KENT, Lamp Manufacturers, No. 64 South Second street, one door below Chesnut, Philadelphia, have constantly on hand a complete assortment of DYOTT'S Patent IMPROVED PINE OIL LAMPS, which are superior in construction, more simple in arrangement and cheaper in price, more of them than any other kind of lamp, and the cost of burning them does not exceed that of any other light, and produces a light more brilliant than gas. The lamps are so constructed that they can be burned dry, when the wick is short. The wick, which is consumed, being supplied with oil by a feeder underneath it. This arrangement keeps the oil always pure in the lamp, and the recent improvements made by the patentees, adds beauty to their appearance, and renders their management so easy, that a child can take care of them. They are perfectly safe, and free from unpleasant odour.

In addition to the above, we have a large and handsome assortment of DYOTT'S NEWLY IMPROVED SOLAR LAMP LAMPS, a great variety of patterns; Hanging Lamps, suitable for Churches, Stores, Halls, Factories, Lodge Rooms, Hotels and Billiard Saloons, and Lamps with shades, designed for reading, and for every other purpose where light is required. A handsome variety of CANDELABRAS, BOUQUET HOLDERS, and every article pertaining to the lamp business. Having every facility for manufacturing, we are prepared to sell, wholesale and retail, as cheap as any other dealers, and the articles are warranted equal in appearance and superior in construction, to any that can be procured elsewhere.

N. B. Lamps, &c. regltd, silvered, bronzed and repaired in the best manner. Oil lamps of every description altered to burn Pine Oil.
Phil., Sept. 2, 1847.—6m

Allegany House.

280 MARKET STREET, PHILADELPHIA.
THE superior (late of the Washington Hotel), Harrisburg, Pa. takes this method of informing his old friends and the public generally, that he has taken the above named HOTEL. The house is airy and comfortable, and has been extensively altered and improved, and the proprietor hopes by a strict attention to business, and a proper care for the comfort of his guests, to merit and receive a share of public patronage. The House is situated very convenient for the Travelling Public, being only two doors above the Harrisburg and Pittsburg Depot, and within two minutes walk of the Baltimore and Reading Deposits. STABLES attached to the premises. Terms, 91 per day.
E. F. HUGHES, Proprietor.
Phila., Aug. 26, 1847.—3m

Mount Eagle Tripoli.

THIS is the best article ever discovered for cleaning and polishing every kind of Metallic and Glass, and being superior to rotten stone, whiting, &c., as it produces the most brilliant and lasting polish with very little labor. It is also an excellent article for windows and mirrors. The American Tripoli is altogether free from acids and corroding substances, and is, therefore, superior to the Italian so much used in Europe. No person who has used this article will be slow to purchase to sell again, can procure it from the subscribers at the same price as from the manufacturing company.
J. & W. B. FLEMING.
September 2, 1847.

Clothing! Clothing!

THE subscriber, of the late firm of Buck & Moore, takes this method of informing his friends and the public in general, that he has bought out the interest of S. L. Buck, of the old established CLOTHING STAND, No. 204 Market Street, Philadelphia, and is now prepared to furnish all kinds of Ready-made CLOTHING at prices which cannot be surpassed. He has also a large stock of all kinds of purchase Cheap Clothing. I have splendid French Cloth Dress and Frock Coats, from \$5.00 to \$18.00; Pants from 75 cents to \$6.00; Vests, from 25 cents to \$4.00; suit of Summer Clothing, for \$25.00. Also, all kinds of Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods at extreme low prices.

Wholesale dealers in Clothing would do well to call at the store of
JOSEPH J. MOORE,
204 Market Street, Philadelphia.
May 20, 1847.

Speicid New Goods

For Spring and Summer use.
LANGNEY, at the North East corner of the N. Public Square, Carlisle, has just returned from the city, and is now offering an extensive assortment of Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, which being selected with great care, and purchased on the most favorable terms, he will dispose of at the smallest possible profit. He would call the attention of Farmers and others residing in the country to his large and fresh supply of Goods especially adapted to their use, and to the present season. He has also with great care made large additions to his stock of

Dress Goods;

Including mouslin de laine, handsome cashmeres, bombazines and plapades, black and fancy col'd silks; every description of prints; Scotch ginghams, Manchester ginghams, lawns & balazines, white goods for dresses, mourning and second mourning goods. He also offers his

Cloths, Cassimeres, Sattinets,

Vestings, summer cloths; linen drills, tweeds, cotton/pantalon stuffs, Kentucky Jeans, bed tickings, table cloths, diaper toweling, linens, shawls, stockings, gloves, &c., at prices less than any other store in this market. He has also increased his assortment of bleached and unbleached Muslins in all their varieties, and is disposed of at greatly reduced prices. Also

CARPETS, FLOOR CLOTHS and MATTINGS.

will be found at his store at very low prices. His stock of GROCERIES, QUEENSWARE, &c., has been much enlarged and will be sold astonishingly low. Together with a large assortment of

Boots, Shoes, Slippers, &c.

which will be disposed of at great bargains given for cash. A large assortment of other goods on hand, which cannot be mentioned.
April 29, 1847.

ELIOTT'S IMPROVED CHEMICAL SOAP.—This soap stands unrivalled in this country for extracting Grease, Tar, Pitch, Oil, Paint, or any other greasy substance from all kinds of Gentlemen's or Ladies' Clothing, Carpets, Table Covers, Merino Shawls, &c., without doing any thing that pure water will not injure. Having tested this article we can recommend it with confidence, satisfied that no person will be without it after a trial. Price 12 1/2 cents. For sale at the Drug store of
J. & W. B. FLEMING.
September 2, 1847.

JUST received 300 cuts of Woolen Stocking Yarn, of first rate quality, of all colors, at the cheap rates of
A. W. BENTZ.
Carlisle, Sept. 2, 1847.

THE AMERICAN VOLUNTEER.

In published every Thursday, at Carlisle, Pa., by JOHN B. BRATTON, upon the following conditions, which will be rigidly adhered to:
Terms of Subscription.—\$2 Per Annum in Advance.
For six months, in Advance, \$1 00
No subscription taken for a less term than six months, and the discountance permitted until all arrears are paid.
Advertisements—Five per cent. additional on the price of advertisement will be required of all those who do not pay in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One square, one insertion, \$1 00
One square, three insertions, \$2 00
Every subsequent insertion, per square, \$1 25
An liberal discount will be made to those who advertise by the year, or for three or six months.

Poetical.

From the Richmond Enquirer.
THE APPROACH OF WINTER.
Hark! the Autumn winds are moaning—
Moaning through the naked trees;
And the withered leaves are lying—
Sport of every passing breeze.
Hark! the Wintry winds are coming—
Whispering lowly for the hills;
And they tell of frozen rivers—
Frozen rivers, lakes and rills.
Hark! the wild geese shrilly crying—
Crowing loudly for the hills;
As he soars to Southern regions,
Where 'tis Summer all the year.
Hark! the raven hoarsely cawing—
Cawing loudly for his craggy den;
And the hooting owl is hooting—
Hooting in the woody glen.
Hark! the woodman's axe resounding—
As he falls the monarch oak;
And the hardy hickory thunders—
Thunders down beneath his stroke.
See! the pigeons fleetly flocking—
Flocking fleetly to their homes;
Where no chilly winds are blowing—
Where no Winter ever comes.
See! the crows are wildly wheeling—
Wheeling wildly over the air;
And they warn the frugal farmer,
Of his careless corn sown bare.
Now, the darkling clouds are spreading—
Spreading darkly o'er the earth;
And the storms are rudely sweeping—
Sweeping rudely from the North.
Now, the traveller closely wraps him—
Wraps himself with cloak and gown;
And his horse's hoofs abruptly
Sound upon the frozen ground.
Now, his husbands, housed by Winter,
To your marriage vows be true;
Love and cherish till you fondly
Fondly gave life to you.

Miscellaneous.

From New's Saturday Gazette.
THE MOTHER AND HER SON.
By JULIA A. PARKER.
Concluded.
In vain did Henry attempt to vindicate himself and urged the delight to him reading, and know, surely that his mother would not think so very ridiculous what his mother had always taught him so highly to value.
His mother was found for two spirits so diverse reared, and after an hour's conversation, in which Henry found almost everything he had been accustomed to receive handed with levity and contempt by his cousin, he excused himself on the ground of a severe headache, and retired to his room. He was first impelled was to give free course to his wounded feelings; but the man arose within him, and the tear-drops were restrained. Accustomed from his early years to hear and read the volume of Heaven's truth, and kneel in prayer at a beginning and close of each day, he opened his trunk for a letter, which his mother had placed there, fraught with that affectionate counsel that a full heart would not allow her to express at the parting hour. Each word a reproach with kind solitudes for his welfare, left him, which never after was broken, to rest not till he had attained an object worthy of life—till he had fulfilled the hopes of such a parent. With a grateful and strengthened spirit he studied the words of wisdom and commendation which were thrown away on his ungrateful and unrepentant heart. "The cause of the widow and the fatherless!"

Years passed on—years of unwearied devotion to business and the faithful performance of every duty. Every day he grew in the esteem and regard of his dependents, a golden ball almost too powerful for his purpose. But the thirst of the soul was unquenched, and the nobler aspiration triumphed.

Into the scenes of college life we need not follow the student. Let us not doubt that the fixed principles of conduct, implanted in the young man's mind, proved an all-powerful protection and manifold

complaints. "Nor need we fear that the unacquainted bled spirit relaxed its energies, or that his solitary chamber did not bear witness to many a painful effort." In the year of his death, he was a determined resolution, such as the soldier feels on the battle-field to conquer or die.
Pass we over a few brief years and an incident occurred, developing the history of the hero of our story. In the year of 1843, the exertion of the young physician, who had set out in the career of that honorable profession, whose high mission it is to lessen and alleviate the ills that flesh is heir to, with hope, the most ardent and enthusiastic—with an ambition that aspired to eminence in his vocation, and to the merited confidence of his fellow citizens—Spring from a highly respectable family—emancipated and open in all his actions, with a medical skill that had gained question, having added to the best advantages our country could afford, all that Europe could offer, he had become a mark for the envious and spiteful claims to respect, and confidence, that should have been liberally bestowed upon him, and a large and successful practice rewarded his professional efforts. And more, dear reader, was it not his duty to exert himself to the utmost, to do good, to relieve the suffering, to succor the distressed, and to be true to the principles of his profession, which were the basis of his fame? He was a man of high principles, and of a noble mind, who was not content with the ordinary duties of his profession, but who sought to do good in every way that lay in his power. He was a man of high principles, and of a noble mind, who was not content with the ordinary duties of his profession, but who sought to do good in every way that lay in his power.

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FATTENING HOGS.

It has been demonstrated that in fattening hogs, a great saving of food is made by cooking and boiling, rather than by roasting, broiling, or baking. It has been found that hogs which are fed on cooked food, will fatten much more rapidly than those which are fed on raw food. This is because the food is more easily digested, and the hogs are able to assimilate it more readily. It is also found that hogs which are fed on cooked food, will live longer than those which are fed on raw food. This is because the food is more nutritious, and the hogs are able to derive more benefit from it. It is, therefore, highly recommended that hogs should be fed on cooked food, rather than on raw food.

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REMARKS ON THE DESTRUCTION BY FLOOD.

The flood last week, on the Juniata, was higher than it has been since 1801, and has produced an amount of destruction hitherto unknown in this State. It would take a volume to detail the destruction, but we will mention a few of the most remarkable instances. At Lewisstown, we learn by a slip from the office of the Gazette, the water rose 30 feet above low water mark, producing a vast amount of suffering and loss. At Juniata Island, a tavern house, with all its furniture, was swept away, and the new bridge over Newington, which had just been completed, was swept away, and the suspension cables were broken. The Juniata Canal is swept from Hollidaysburg to Dunbury Island, and its embankments washed away in numerous places. Every bridge over the Juniata is broken, and appalling to think upon. At Lewisstown, we learn by a slip from the office of the Gazette, the water rose 30 feet above low water mark, producing a vast amount of suffering and loss. At Juniata Island, a tavern house, with all its furniture, was swept away, and the new bridge over Newington, which had just been completed, was swept away, and the suspension cables were broken. The Juniata Canal is swept from Hollidaysburg to Dunbury Island, and its embankments washed away in numerous places. Every bridge over the Juniata is broken, and appalling to think upon.

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Entrance into the City of Mexico.

In covering with an intelligent officer, who expressed in very strong terms his conviction that the city, under the victory of Christobal, did not without a full knowledge of the difficulties of the undertaking, we were favorably impressed with statements of his in relation to the very great impediments and perils in storming a city like Mexico.

The City of Mexico is built in the center of a lake, which we believe is nearly dried up, and the streets into which the cascades run, are also barricaded and defended by cannons. Had Gen. Scott advanced upon the city, he would have lost fully a half of his army, and added to the losses he had already incurred in the battles of Contreras, and Chapultepec, would have been severely crippled, and probably destroyed.

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