AMERICAN VOLUNTEER.

BY GEO. SANDERSON.

CARLISLE:

THURSDAY, MARCH 31, 1842.

Pennsylvania and Buchanan!

The Democratic Republicans of Cumberland county, friendly to the nomination of the Hon. JAMES BUCHANAN to the next Presidency, are requested to assemble in County Meeting, at the Court House, in Carlisle, on MONDAY EVENING THE 11th OF APRIL NEXT, (Court week) for the purpose of giving an expression of opinion on the subject of the claims of Pennsylvania. It is to be hoped that every Democrat in the county will endeavor to be present.

MANY.

Carlisle, March 31, 1842.

☞ The citizens of Carlisle and its vicinity, are respectfully invited to attend a discourse on the subject of "CHRISTIAN BAPTISM," to be delivered in the Court House on Sabbath next, the 3d of April, at 10 o'clock, A. M., by Elder E. WEST.

Appointment by the Commissioners.

JOHN BLACK, Esq., of East Pennsborough township, and ADAM FEEMAN, Esq., of Allen township, "*Inspectors of Lumber*," at the different landings on the Susquehanna, in the county of Cumberland, Pennsylvania, for the ensuing year.

☞ Subscribers to the Volunteer, (whether in town or country,) who change their residence about these times, will please inform us of their whereabouts after this week, so that their papers may receive a proper direction.

MR. BUCHANAN'S SPEECH.—We commence this week the admirable speech of this distinguished statesman, (against abolishing the Veto power,) in reply to Mr. CLAY—and shall continue it next week. We advise all our readers to give it a careful perusal, and to preserve the papers containing it for future reference. It is one of the masterly efforts of the master mind who conceived it, and completely annihilates all the arguments of his distinguished opponent.

TEXAS.—The news from this young Republic is of the most interesting character, and we therefore devote a considerable space of this week's paper to a detail of the intelligence. [illegible] Mexicans have invaded Texas with a large army, and that there is every prospect of a fierce and sanguinary war—perhaps a war of extermination.

The correspondence between Santa Anna and Gen. Hamilton will also be highly interesting to our readers, and discloses the determination of the Mexican Chief in a way not to be misunderstood.

☞ MARTIN VAN BUREN and RICHARD M. JOHNSON have been nominated, in Michigan, for President and Vice President.

This makes three States, viz: Mississippi, Missouri and Michigan, that have already expressed their preference for these distinguished individuals, for the two highest offices in the Republic. Kentucky has nominated her own heroic son, Col. Johnson, for the Presidency—and the names of several other distinguished individuals are spoken of for the high station.

We have reason to believe, however—nay, we feel assured—that the contest for the highest honor, before the National Convention, will be narrowed down to Messrs. VAN BUREN and BUCHANAN—and much, very much, depends on the action of Pennsylvania in the premises. For Mr. VAN BUREN we have the warmest feelings, and, should he be the nominee, would as cheerfully support him as we did upon the two former occasions. But, then, we have a Pennsylvania candidate—a distinguished son of the old Keystone—whose great talents and long experience in public affairs, pre-eminently qualify him to be the Nation's Chief. Besides, he is a statesman of unbounded personal popularity—and, if nominated, would go into the chair of State with a larger majority, than any other individual, perhaps, that could possibly be nominated. Let JAMES BUCHANAN be the candidate of the Democratic party, and he would be triumphantly elected by an old-fashioned Jackson majority.

We appeal to every Democrat in our ancient Commonwealth, and ask them to say, if they can, whether it is not time that the claims of their own State should be urged and heeded. For more than fifty years has the government been in operation, and yet Pennsylvania, the second in population, and the most Democratic in the Union, has never had the honor of giving either a President or Vice President to the Republic! And why has it been so? Certainly not because we have been deficient in men of talents—but simply because we have not urged our rights with that determined zeal and unanimity which are necessary in order that our voice may be respected. Let us, then, arouse from this lethargy on the subject, and by our conduct show that we are in earnest in this matter.

We say not a word against any other of the distinguished individuals spoken of for the Presidency.—They are each and all worthy the high station to which they aspire. But without disparagement to any of them, we do say that the crisis in our public affairs requires the Executive chair to be filled by such a man as JAMES BUCHANAN—the cool-headed, clear-sighted, talented, experienced and energetic statesman—who knows the Nation's rights, and, knowing, dare maintain them.

The name of JAMES BUCHANAN is a host within itself, and is familiar to every body from one end of the Union to the other. His career in the Senate has been marked with consummate ability—and his eloquent advocacy of popular rights and republican measures have given him a character which but few, if any, statesmen of our day can aspire to. Let the Democracy of Pennsylvania present an unbroken front in his favor, and we doubt not he will receive the nomination. But let them falter or hesitate, or divide into factions, and we lose the nomination now—and may not have as good a prospect again for the next half century to come.

☞ Will the Democrats of Cumberland county speak out on the subject of the Presidency? The voice of this "mother of counties" is potential, and is listened to with respect throughout the Commonwealth, at all times. In obedience to the request of a number of our friends we insert a call for a County Meeting, to take into consideration the subject, and trust that such an expression may be given by the unterrified Democracy of old Cumberland, as will be heard and respected from the Delaware to Lake Erie. Already meetings have been held in various counties of the Commonwealth, in favor of the claims of Pennsylvania's distinguished son, and we see no good reason why the Democrats of this county should be behind their neighbors in the good work.

We hope, then, the Democrats of Cumberland county will come up to the work in earnest. Now is the time—now or never, to strike for the rights of Pennsylvania. If the old Keystone State is ever to have the honor of furnishing a Chief Magistrate for the Republic, we must move in the matter with one heart and one mind, and suffer no divisions or distractions to creep in among us. Let us move in the good work as one man, and the Democracy of other counties will be stimulated to follow our example.

Taking the back track.—President TYLER has sent in a message to Congress, recommending the repeal of the law for the distribution of the proceeds of the public lands, passed at the extra session, and urging the necessity of prompt action in order to save the nation from dishonor. He also recommends an increase of the tariff, so that a sufficiency of revenue may be raised from these two sources to pay off the public debt and carry on the government.

Verily, this "Tippecanoe and Tyler too" Administration, that so much was anticipated from by those who "moved heaven and earth" to place it in power, has performed wonders in the first year of its reign!—A public debt of *twenty millions* already—a deficit in the quarter ending this day of over *three millions*—an estimated deficit of *five millions* for the next quarter—the Treasury *bankrupt*—and the people threatened with a *direct tax* to keep the wheels of government in motion!

Huzza for the Log Cabin, Hard Cider, Coon Skin Administration!

☞ During a discussion on Friday last, in the House of Representatives, on a resolution for suspending the work on the unfinished lines of improvements, Mr. CULVER, one of the Representatives from this county, made the following sensible and pertinent remarks:

Mr. CULVER hoped that the house would now come up to the vote and discontinue these works, as the public treasury was exhausted and there was no means left for carrying them on, unless the people were to be burthened more than they were able to bear. Millions upon millions had been expended on these works, and still they yielded nothing to the state, and he thought it was now time that they should be discontinued, at least until it was seen whether they could ever be made beneficial to the state. The people were unwilling to bear taxation while they knew that the continuance of the public improvements were running them deeper and deeper in debt every day, but if the works were discontinued they would willingly pay their taxes to sustain the state.

The resolution was carried by a vote of 79 to 13—both the members from this county voting in the affirmative.

☞ Both branches of the Legislature have agreed to adjourn on Tuesday next, the 5th of April—to meet again on the 9th of June for the purpose of districting the State, by reason that Congress has not yet acted on the Apportionment Bill. The pay of the members is to cease during the adjournment.

The members from this county and district, in both houses, opposed the extra session.

Another Flare-up in Congress.—In the House of Representatives, on Monday week, Mr. GIDDINGS, a Whig member from Ohio, offered [illegible] resolutions, openly justifying mutiny and murder, and declaring any efforts on the part of the Government to regain possession of the slaves of the Creole incompatible with our national honor, and unauthorized by the constitution and laws. A resolution of censure was moved by another Whig member, and passed by a large majority; whereupon Mr. G. immediately withdrew from the House, and, it is said, will resign his seat, and throw himself upon his constituents. We presume he will again be returned, inasmuch as his district is made up of a large majority of Federalists and Abolitionists.

Specie Paying Banks.—We copy the following list from Bicknell's Reporter of Tuesday last—in addition to the NINE specie paying Banks of Philadelphia;

Pittsburg—Exchange Bank, Merchants' and Manufacturers' Bank, Pittsburg Bank.

York Bank,
Bank of Middletown,
Easton Bank,
Doylestown Bank.
Farmers' Bank of Reading,
Franklin Bank of Washington,
Northumberland Bank,
Miners' Bank, Pottsville,
Honesdale Bank.
Bank of Montgomery county,
Bank of Chester County,
Delaware county Bank,

In addition to the above, we learn from other sources that the THREE Banks of Lancaster, the Gettysburg Bank, the Harrisburg Bank, the Lewistown Bank, and the Chambersburg Bank, are paying specie in small sums for the purpose of change.

☞ The majority of the Girard College Legislative Committee have made a report to the House, in which they express their decided opinion that the will of the late Stephen Girard has been outrageously violated, and recommend legal proceedings against the city to recover the amount which they allege has been wasted.

Invasion of Texas by Mexico.

SURRENDER OF SAN ANTONIO!!

We subjoin astounding news from Texas, furnished by the New Orleans Bee of March 16th, and if it prove to be literally true, it serves to explain Santa Anna's martial swaggering in his recent letter to Gen. Hamilton. If Texas be thus invaded, a terrific struggle—a war to the knife—may be confidently anticipated. The result, however, can scarcely appear doubtful, though, as the Texians are somewhat taken by surprise, the contest may perhaps open disastrously for them, as it did before.—*Pennsylvanian.*

The Bee says:—By the arrival of the steam-packet ship New York, we have been put in possession of the certain intelligence of the invasion of Texas by a formidable Mexican force; San Antonio has surrendered; the Mexicans had taken Goliad. The invaders, variously estimated at from 8 to 14,000, entered Texas at several points. The Texians were concentrating on Victoria, Gonzales and Austin, at which places a desperate resistance will be made. We publish an extra from the Galveston *Civilian*, and the proclamation of President Houston.

From an Extra of the *Civilian* (Galveston) of the 12th of March.

"By the steamer Dayton, just arrived from Houston, we learn that expresses arrived yesterday from Austin, dated on Monday last, stating that intelligence had reached that place, that San Antonio was taken by Mexicans on Saturday last. Captain Dotton, who brought the intelligence from Austin, states that the number of Mexicans were large, numbering several thousands.

The express which reached here from Victoria last night states that a body of 300 Mexicans who captured Capt. H. Ferguson and from whom he escaped, stated that their force on this side of the Nueces numbered 800, who were destined for Victoria, that 3,000 had gone to San Antonia, and that there were in all 14,000 this side of the Rio Grande.

Men are turning out rapidly at Houston.

A number of men left this city yesterday for the seat of war, and a company is expected to leave to-day.

PROCLAMATION.

To the Citizens of Texas—MY COUNTRYMEN:—Rumors have been brought from the South-western frontier of invasion. Particulars have not been furnished to the Executive. The facts are sufficient to justify immediate preparation for defensive war. All who are subject to military duty are commanded to be in readiness to repair equipped to the scene of action, at the call of the authorities of the country. It is ordered that the colonel of each county, for the present, lay off the county into company Beats, and direct the election of captains and subalterns, and arrange the members of each company in three classes, agreeably to the class in which they may draw. When drafts may take place, the colonels of the different counties shall have authority and power to accept efficient substitutes into service.

Each man will be required in the event of a call, by the President, to report himself furnished with good arms, eight days provision, and one hundred rounds of ammunition, and prepared for three months service from the time when they may report at the Head-Quarters of the army.

In the event of a formidable invasion, it is needless to appeal to the patriotism and valor of Texians.—They have won Liberty and Independence by their undaunted heroism; they have enjoyed the blessings of freedom—they are proud of their national character.

If an invasion should press upon us we are required by every sacred obligation to family, friends and country, to repel our invaders with discomfiture and dismay. If war should come upon us we will make it our business. We will be authorized to meet and pursue our enemies with vengeance. They have forgotten the generosity with which they were treated when they were placed at the footstool of Texian mercy! They were saved when even humanity would have justified retributive vengeance! Should Mexico again disregard the exalted principles of civilized and honorable warfare, they shall feel that avenging arm that shall take of them full recompense for oppression and cruelty! Texians can and will be free! They would prefer death to degradation, or the loss of their Independence.

SAMUEL HOUSTON.

Galveston, 10th March, 1842.

At 11 o'clock on Sunday, as the New York was coming out from Galveston, we met the steamer Edward Barrelson, just from Houston, and we learned officially of the surrender of San Antonia to the Mexicans, under the command of Gen. Vasquez, on the 5th instant. His force consisted of 50 lancers, 350 cavalry, 100 infantry, 30 mounted Caddo Indians, and about 550 rancheros, and is, no doubt the advance guard of the army. All the Mexicans in Boxar have joined the invading army. From the best information we can get, the entire Mexican force now in Texas is believed to be about 15,000. Gen. Burrelson has about 2000 men under his command at Gonzales, and is daily receiving accessions. He is prepared to give the enemy a warm reception, and although the numbers are largely against them, he and his men are certain of success and impatient for the conflict.

Gen. Houston left Galveston on Saturday morning, at 10 o'clock, for the army. He goes cool and collected, as would seem from exterior appearances, whilst at the same time, those who are intimate with him can but perceive that eruptions equal to Mount Vesuvius are at work within him. His health is good, and a determination immoveably fixed in him to heap vengeance on the perfidious Mexicans.

If necessary, he will have 10,000 Texians in the field in thirty days. Houston and Galveston are turning out to a man, as is all other parts of Texas.—The steamer Lafitte, and three sloops, all private property, have been manned and fully fitted out by the citizens of Galveston, and sailed on Sunday, under command of Capt. Clark, for Copano and the Brasso San Iago. The Texas flag will be planted at the latter place, and the next step is to take Matamores.—These are the orders of General Houston.

Never have I seen so much joy manifested by any people as is by the Texians, in consequence of their invasion by Mexico. All are on tiptoe at the prospect of an early engagement, and the motto of "Victory or Death and no Surrender," is the cry and watch-word of every Texian citizen. In the language of the hero of San Jacinto, whose letter you have—"Mexico has made the war and has provoked the indignation of all who regarded her sanguinary cruelty and matchless perfidy since the Alamo was first besieged. Let Mexico look out for the recompense of her iniquities.

A crisis is at hand in Texas of the most important character. A spark has been kindled which will never be extinguished until Mexico declares Texas to be free and independent, or her brave sons will perish in the effort. The constant cry is, "Remember the Alamo," "Remember the Santa Fe prisoners."

The exigency having arrived so unexpectedly, the government has not had time to form or divest any specific modes in which the aid of the friends of Texas in the United States should be asked or furnished.—But the citizens of Galveston representing the feelings of their common country have deputed Messrs. Watrous, Megginson and Jones to communicate with their friends here, and to devise such measures as may be found practicable. These gentlemen will address their views to the community of New Orleans and the citizens of the United States in the papers of the day.

Letter of President Houston,

GALVESTON, March 11, 1842.

To P. EDMUNDS,
Consul to New Orleans.

Sir—It is probable that you will find in New Orleans and other parts of the United States, great excitement arising out of the late movements of Mexico against Texas. If any should be anxious to volunteer in rendering assistance to our Republic, it will be your duty to have it made known; that if *any should emigrate*, it will be required for each emigrant to bring with him a good rifle or musket, with a cartouch box, or shot pouch and powder horn, with at least one hundred rounds of ammunition, a good knapsack and six months clothing, and enter service for six months subject to the laws of Texas. They must be landed for the present, at some point West of the Brasos, with eight days provision. No number less than fifty-six in companies well organized will be received, and on landing, each commandant will report to the Secretary of War for orders. Emigrants who wish to remove to Texas at this time must come thus prepared, as none other would be of use to the defence of the country, nor will they be received—There is a greater scarcity of arms and munitions of war than of men in Texas. Were men to come in great numbers to the country without being in a condition to act efficiently, and well provided, it would only encumber the country, without any other effect than to destroy the substance of those who would be necessary to sustain and defend the nation.

We can bring into the field at least ten thousand men, and in case of emergency we could raise fifteen thousand.

The war will not be of long duration. No Mexican force can long sustain itself in Texas.

The indignation of Texians will not tolerate the pollution of their soil by the footsteps of their servile invaders.

Mexico has made the war and has provoked the indignation of all those who have regarded her sanguinary cruelty and matchless perfidy since the Alamo was first besieged.

Let Mexico look out for the recompense of her iniquities.

I have the honor to be,

Your obedient servant,
SAMUEL HOUSTON, President.

From the Pennsylvania Reporter.

PENNSYLVANIA & BUCHANAN.

GREAT DEMOCRATIC MEETING.

One of the largest democratic meetings ever convened in Harrisburg, assembled at the Court House, on Wednesday evening, the 23d of March, 1842, for the purpose of asserting the claims of Pennsylvania and sustaining the nomination of her distinguished favorite, JAMES BUCHANAN, for the Presidency. Long before the hour designated for the meeting, the people began to assemble, and at the ringing of the bell, our spacious court room was filled to overflowing with citizens, who feeling like Pennsylvanians, were anxious to express their sentiments, and vow their preference for the statesman who so nobly maintains the honor of our state in the councils of the nation.

A few minutes past seven o'clock the assemblage was called to order by JOHN H. BRIONS, Esq., upon whose motion the following officers were selected:

JOHN B. BUTLER, Esq., *President.*—*Vice Presidents*, Dr. *Duther Reily*, of Dauphin; Col. *Asa Dimock*, of Susquehanna; *J. K. Moorhead*, Esq., of Allegheny; *Wm. M. Mateer*, Esq., of Cumberland; Gen. *Simon Cameron*, of Dauphin; *John Potteiger*, Esq., of Berks; *J. X. M'Lanahan*, Esq., of Franklin; *Charles F. Muench*, of Dauphin; Maj. *Robert Fleming*, of Lycoming; *Alex. Thompson*, Esq., of Franklin; *George S. Kemble*, of Dauphin; *Wm. R. Gorgas*, Esq., of Cumberland; *James Worrall*, of Crawford; Gen. *Joel Bailey*, of Dauphin; *A. Brackenridge*, Esq., of Allegheny; *Michael Burke*, of Dauphin; *Isaac Garretson*, Esq., of York; *Abraham Weisel*, Esq., of Bedford; *Daniel L. Sherwood*, Esq., of Tioga; *John Felton*, Esq., of Philadelphia; *Solomon Springman*, of Dauphin; *Peter Cook*, Esq., of Franklin; *Charles Kugler*, Esq., of Montgomery; *Christian Hachnlen*, of Dauphin; *John P. M'Elrath*, of Clinton; *Samuel Fegely*, Esq., of Berks; Hon. *John Mathiot*, of Lancaster.

Secretaries, C. W. Fitch, Esq., of Lycoming; Wm. S Picking, Esq., of York; J. Porter Brawley, Esq., of Crawford; Jacob Seiler, of Dauphin; Wm. Henlock, Jacob Baab, Philip Dougherty, Geo. M. Leumen, S. D. Patterson.

The meeting being thus fully organized, after some highly appropriate remarks from the President, on the interesting character of the occasion, which had called so large a number of citizens together.

The following preamble and resolutions were offered by HENRY BUEHLER, Esq., and adopted by acclamation:

WHEREAS, the late proceedings in favor of postponing the just claims of Pennsylvania to present one of her sons as a candidate for the Chief Magistracy of this Union, sanctioned as they have been by some prominent democrats, demand from the people who believe that the claims of Pennsylvania should not be postponed, an expression of opinion upon this interesting subject: *And whereas*, this early agitation of a question, which it is believed by many should have been deferred, has been forced upon us by the proceedings which have occurred, and as we cannot, without being faithless to what we believe to be the best interests of the State and the Union, hesitate any longer to express our convictions and our preference: Therefore,

Resolved, That it is the duty, as it is the interest and pride of the Democracy of this State, to assert with dignity, firmness and decision, her common right to present to the states of the Union a Pennsylvanian, as a candidate for the Presidency in 1844.

Resolved, That the sound democratic principles, integrity and eminent services, by which JAMES BUCHANAN has been distinguished in the councils of the nation during a series of years, and which have placed him in the front amongst those who have secured the confidence and esteem, not only of the citizens of this State, but of the citizens of the whole Union, present strong and unquestionable claims to the highest office in the gift of a free people.

Resolved, That JAMES BUCHANAN has by his able and distinguished advocacy in the Senate of the United States, of the fundamental principles of republican government, proclaimed the political sentiments of the democracy of his native state, and has secured its entire and unshaken affections and confidence.

Resolved, That this meeting hereby nominates for the office of President of the United States in 1844, JAMES BUCHANAN, of Pennsylvania.

Resolved, That we are urged by state pride—by confidence in the eminent talents, public and private worth of *James Buchanan*, his intimate knowledge of our foreign relations and our domestic policy, and the prudence, wisdom, and sagacity for which he is distinguished, to rally around him as the candidate of Pennsylvania, and by all honorable means to urge his nomination for the Presidency by the states of the Union.

Resolved, That as Pennsylvanians we are determined with confidence, firmness, and perseverance, to assert and sustain the nomination of *James Buchanan*, with full assurance that his merits as a statesman, an orator, and an honest man, will be recognized and sanctioned by the Democracy of the Union.

Resolved, That we have full and entire confidence in DAVID R. PORTER, Governor of Pennsylvania, knowing as we do, his high and honorable state pride—his sound democratic principles—his unquestioned friendship for, and unquestionable support of JAMES BUCHANAN, as a candidate for the next Presidency—and that his [illegible] for the Presidency, or to aid in bringing forward as a candidate for the Presidency, a citizen of another state, has won for him an additional claim upon the Democracy of Pennsylvania.

The following resolution was offered by Samuel D. Patterson, and unanimously agreed to:

Resolved, That a committee be appointed to prepare an Address to the democratic citizens of Pennsylvania, expressive of the sentiments of this meeting.

The President appointed Samuel D. Patterson, Henry Buehler, Jacob Seiler, John C. McAllister, and E. W. Hutter, the committee to carry the foregoing resolution into effect.

At this stage of the proceedings, in compliance with the unanimous wish of the meeting, James X. M'Lanahan, Esq., of Franklin, came forward and addressed it in the most eloquent and impressive manner. He was followed by John W. Forney, Esq., of Lancaster, Edwin W. Hutter, Esq., of Dauphin, Alexander Brackenridge, Esq., of Allegheny, Reah Frazer, Esq., of Lancaster, and John T. Adams, Esq., of Dauphin. All the speeches were full of eloquence and vigor, and their allusions to the claims of the good old Keystone State, and the merit of her son whom she desires to honor, drew from the audience repeated and enthusiastic demonstrations of applause.

The following resolution was then adopted:

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be signed by the officers, and that the editors of all the democratic papers in the state be requested to publish them. [Signed by the officers.]

☞ *Forty-nine* of the Democratic members of our State Legislature, have expressed a decided preference for the Hon. JAMES BUCHANAN for the next Presidency.

☞ Governor Porter has nominated JEREMIAH S. BLACK, Esq. of Somerset, for President Judge of the Franklin and Bedford district, in the place of Judge Thompson, whose term has expired.

Also, ABRAHAM S. WILSON, Esq. of Mifflin county, to be President Judge of the new Judicial district (adjoining the Lycoming one,) created by the present Legislature.

FLOUR.—The wagon and car price in Baltimore, is $5,25—in Philadelphia, $5,50.

POLICE REPORT.

To John Officer, Esq., Chief Burgess of the Borough of Carlisle:

The board of Police, constituted to patrol the streets, lanes, and alleys of the borough of Carlisle, report: That they have performed the duties assigned them, and found nothing requiring their intervention.

The Police further say, that they believe the absence of evil disposition, (for which Carlisle of late has been so justly distinguished,) is in no slight degree attributed to the healthful influence exerted by the *Scientific Lectures*, delivered before the Alert Fire Company—taken in connection with the Market House Temperance addresses of the Rev. Henry Slicer.

ARMSTRONG NOBLE,
Capt. of the Watch.

Carlisle, March 25, 1842.

Phthisics Pulmonalis

OR

Pulmonary Consumption.

It is a very prevalent disease, and carries *millions* to the cold and silent grave. "Delicate young females" commonly fall a prey to this fell destroyer of human life. This disease commences at first with a *dry hacking cough*, pain in the breast and side, loss of appetite, and restless nights. At length a *wasting or decay of the whole body* is perceived, which is called by many consumption, or "going into a decline," a complaint that thousands are labouring under with faint hopes of ever recovering, not knowing that there is a medicine existing which will afford relief even in the *last stages*. This is *Dr. Harlich's Expectorant Remedy* for Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Asthma, and all other diseases of the Liver and Lungs. A full treatment is given of diseases in a small pamphlet, which can be had gratis of the Agent, where the Medicine can always be obtained. Price $1 per bottle.

Principal Office No. 19 North Eighth Street, Philadelphia. Also, for sale at the Store of J. J. MYERS, Carlisle, and WILLIAM PEAL, Shippensburg.

ACROSTIC.

Bleed if you will! take pounds of Calomel!
Rely on all the tales your Doctors tell.
Ask them if they can't cure you by the rules
No doubt they have acquir'd in learned schools,
Deny no drugs they give you—all things try,
Except you rather shun the hand which kills—
Then try—try what! Why, then try *Brandreth Pills.*
Hundreds, nay thousands, now of health possessed—
Saved from untimely graves—their worth attest,
Pay cheerfully and oft your Doctor's fees—
Inhabit still the mansion of Disease!
Lest you had rather shun expensive bills,
Long *bouts* of sickness, and all human ills,
Spend, then, two levies and get *Brandreth's Pills.*

Purchase in Carlisle, of Geo. W. Hitner, and only in Cumberland county of Agents published in another part of this paper.

MARRIED:

On Thursday last, the 24th inst., by the Rev. John Ulrich, Rev. JACOB SQUIER, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, to Mrs. MARGARET CREVER, all of this Borough.

Carriages for Sale.

CALL & SEE!

THE subscriber has on hand from 15 to 20 new CARRIAGES and TILLBURRYS, of a very superior manufacture, which he will sell at very moderate prices. The articles may be seen at Mr. Humrich's Carriage House, near the corner of Hanover and Louther streets—and will be disposed of on such terms as will suit purchasers, as he is anxious to close the concern.

LEWIS HARLAN.

Carlisle, March 31, 1842.

***"Hagerstown Mail" and "Chambersburg Times" will insert to the amount of $2 each, and charge this office.

LAW NOTICE.

THE papers and business with which I was professionally connected, are left in the hands of P. F. EGE, who will attend to the same during my absence. W. F. LINE.

FARMER'S HOTEL.

THE subscriber hereby informs his friends and the public in general, that he still continues to keep a Public House, (reports to the contrary, notwithstanding,) at the OLD STAND, in East High Street, a few doors east of the Court House, where he will at all times take pleasure in administering to the comforts of those who may favor him with their custom.

His **BAR** shall be constantly supplied with the choicest liquors, and his **TABLE** with the best the markets can furnish. A careful **OSTLER** always kept in attendance—and nothing shall be left undone to please all who call with him.

BOARDERS taken by the week, month or year.

SIMON WONDERLICH.

Carlisle, March 31, 1842.

Assignees' Notice.

WHEREAS MICHAEL LONGSDORFF, of Silver Spring township, Cumberland county, did on the 24th day of March, 1842, make an assignment to the subscriber, residing in said township, of all his property, real and personal, in trust for the benefit of his creditors: This is therefore to notify all persons indebted to said assignor, to make payment immediately, and those having claims to present them without delay properly authenticated for settlement.

ADAM LONGSDORFF,
DAVID LEHN, } Assignees.

March 31, 1842.—6t.

In the Special Court of Common Pleas of Cumberland county. February Term 1842. Hon. CALVIN BLYTHE presiding.

Now to wit: February 23, 1842—On motion of Mr. WATTS, it is ordered, that all causes in the Special Court shall be put on the Special Court list, by the Prothonotary; and that the Plaintiff in each proceed in his cause in such manner as will evince determination to have the same put to issue and ready for trial. And if this order be not complied with within three months, the Prothonotary is hereby directed to dismiss every such cause, as being no further litigated between the parties. The publication of this order in the "Volunteer," and "Herald," for three weeks, to be notice to all persons concerned.

By the Court.

Test: GEO. SANDERSON, Proth'y.

Prothonotary's Office,
Carlisle, March 31, 1842.

In pursuance of the above order of Court, the following list of causes is hereby published, of which the parties concerned will take notice:

Blain's ex'rs	vs	Blain's adm'r
Woods	vs	Ege et al
Taylor for use	vs	Eby
Malone for use	vs	Anthony
Moore et al	vs	Horting et al
Commonwealth for use	vs	Neal
Bretten	vs	Bretten et al
Bredin	vs	Sheaffer et al
Alexander	vs	Mathews
Bredin	vs	Mathews
Todd	vs	Sponsler
Miller	vs	Smith
Ege	vs	Woods
Ramsey	vs	Bredin et al
Harvey	vs	Low et al
Gangewere's ex'rs	vs	Barber et al
Worley & Welsh	vs	Snider
Webber for use	vs	Todd
Grier et al for use	vs	Seaver
Rupley	vs	Rupley
Worley & Welsh	vs	Snider
Same	vs	Hamill
Fleming	vs	Reed
Graham	vs	Mateer
Martin	vs	Carothers' adm'r
Brandt et al	vs	Brandt
Gross	vs	Milliken & Miller
Connelly	vs	Miller
Pleis	vs	Postley & Son
Woods	vs	Gearhart et al
Pickle	vs	Angney
Clever	vs	Rupp et al
Croft	vs	Same
Rupley	vs	Rupley
Weaver	vs	Gray
Powell	vs	Longsdorff
Angney	vs	Todd Guardian &c
Hays' adm'r	vs	Foreman
Rupley	vs	Rupley
Dean	vs	Leidig
M'Keehan	vs	Rail Road
Edenbaugh	vs	Atherton
Commonwealth	vs	Herron
Spong	vs	Foulk
Fisher	vs	Himes
Decker for use	vs	Yengst
Gaullagher's ex'rs	vs	Linn
Yaw	vs	Fishburn
Keckler	vs	Fellot
Bovard's adm'r	vs	Bredin et al
Loe	vs	Houk
Lee et al	vs	Same
Gilbert	vs	Gilbert's ex'rs
Commonwealth	vs	Harper
Same	vs	M'Coy
Orphans' Court for use	vs	Harper
Same	vs	Woodburn
Same	vs	Penrose
Commonwealth	vs	Ruby's ex'rs &c
Bentz	vs	Zug
Commonwealth	vs	Harper
Same	vs	Wallace
Watts	vs	Craighead et al
Scott	vs	Givin
Huston's adm'rs	vs	Huston's ex'rs &c
Bank	vs	Stewart
Moore	vs	Johns
Moore & Biddle	vs	Wolf
Caldwell	vs	Russle
Yeellinger for use	vs	House
M'Cormick's adm'rs	vs	Mitchell
Sherbahn	vs	Bigley et al
Same	vs	Myers et al
Same	vs	Same
Same	vs	Same
Eckert's ex'rs	vs	Eckert
M'Clure's adm'r for use	vs	M'Clure's ex'rs &c

YOUNG TRAFALGAR,

Is a beautiful dark bay, full 16½ hands high, and is one of the very best specimens of a horse in all this section of country. Every competent judge who sees him must pronounce him a superior animal in figure, shape and appearance. (For pedigree, see bills.)

YOUNG TRAFALGAR will stand this season, the first three days of the week at the stable of William M'Cree, near M'Clure's Gap—and the last three days at the stable of Jacob Beighoover, Mount Rock.

March 31, 1842.

Public Sale.

WILL be sold at public sale at the residence of the subscriber, on the turnpike 4 miles west of Carlisle, on Tuesday the 12th day of April, the following personal property, viz:

Horses, Cows, Sheep & Hogs, 1 Broad Wheeled Road Wagon,

1 Plantation Wagon, Wood and Hay Ladders—Ploughs, Harrows, Horse-gears, Chains, Spreaders, &c.

1 Threshing Machine & Horse POWER, together with a great variety of other farming utensils too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M. of said day, when due attendance will be given and terms made known by

WM. CAROTHERS.

March 31, 1842.

Brigade Inspectors' Order.

THE enrolled inhabitants subject to military duty residing in Cumberland county, will parade and drill in companies or troops under their respective commanding officers on Monday the 2d day of May next, and the regiments and battalions will parade for inspection as follows:

The 1st battalion 86th reg't P. M. and the 2d battalion Cumberland Volunteers, on Monday the 9th day of May next.

The 2d battalion 86th reg't and the 1st battalion Cumberland Volunteers, on Tuesday the 10th of May.

The 1st battalion 23d reg't on Wednesday the 11th of May.

The 2d battalion same reg't on Thursday the 12th of May.

The 1st reg't Cumberland Volunteers on Friday the 13th of May.

Company Armories must be in readiness, and the pieces of Artillery must be in the field for inspection.

Commanding officers of regiments of independent battalions, and officers in command of companies or troops must make a return of their commands to the undersigned on the day of their respective battalion or regimental trainings.

W. FOULK, Brig. Insp.

Brig. Insp. Office,
Carlisle, March 24, 1842.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Take notice that we have applied to the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of Cumberland county, for the benefit of the Insolvent Laws, and they have appointed Monday the 11th day of April 1842, for the hearing of us and our creditors, at the Court House, in the borough of Carlisle, when and where you may attend if you think proper.

JOHN THRONE,
JOHN HOSKINS,
GEORGE PAINTER,
GEORGE ATHERTON,
JOHN M'GONIGAL,
GEORGE FISHER,
JAMES M. ALLEN,
CHRISTIAN MILLER,
JOHN OILER,
DAVID CLEVER.

March 17, 1842.

REMOVAL.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his patrons and the public in general, that he has removed his Fashionable Chair Making Establishment to the west side of South Hanover street, a few doors south of Dr. Geo. D. Foulke's. Having procured first rate workmen, he is prepared to manufacture to order and keep constantly on hand, a supply at the most accommodating terms of

Rush & Cane Bottomed
CHAIRS,
Settees & Sociables,
Common & Fancy
WINDSOR CHAIRS,

Large Boston Rocking Chairs, Cushioned and Spring Seated Boston Rocking Chairs, Cushioned, and Spring Seated Rocking Chairs. Also, Children's small chairs of every description.

The whole made of the best materials and upon the most improved and fashionable style. He will also repair and repaint old chairs, and continue the business of House and Sign Painting, Paper Hanging, Glazing and Gilding.

The subscriber hopes by strict attention to business, together with his long experience in the above business, to merit the continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed upon him.

C. E. R. DAVIS.

Carlisle, March 17, 1842.

Application for Tavern License.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to apply at the next term of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Cumberland county, for a License to keep a Tavern or Public House, in the house formerly kept by Francis Porter, and latterly by Jno. Wilkins, in Hogestown.

WILLIAM QUIGLEY.

Hogestown, March 17, 1842.

We, the undersigned, citizens of Silver Spring township, do hereby certify that we are well acquainted with the above named Wm. Quigley, and that he is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the lodging and accommodation of strangers and travellers.

Joseph Crain,	Ab'm. Rosler,
H. W. Mateer,	James Anderson,
William Bell,	George Trimble,
John M. Martin,	John Chronister,
Edw'd. Porter,	John Lutz,
A. W. Graff,	Wm. K. Brenizer,
C. B. Herman,	Samuel Fought,
Francis Porter,	Wm. Culbertson,
John Mateer,	Thomas Anderson,

Application for Tavern License.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to apply at the next term of the court of Quarter Sessions of Cumberland county, for a License to keep a tavern or public house, in the house I now occupy, in East Pennsborough township, called Oyster's Point.

JACOB B. YERKES.

March 17, 1842.

We, the undersigned citizens of East Pennsborough township, Cumberland county, do certify that we are well acquainted with the above named Jacob B. Yerkes, and that he is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the lodging and accommodation of strangers and travellers.

Simon Oyster,	Henry Parantz,
Jacob Eshelman,	Charles Oyster,
George Carl,	Christian Eberly,
William Oyster,	George Kenninger,
George Free,	George Oyster,
Levi Zerbe,	George Rupley,
David Brubaker,	Henry Church,
Michael Free,	David Stevenson.

TO FARMERS.

PLANK'S, WITHEROW'S AND HINWOOD'S Improved Patent Ploughs, for sale at the Foundry of the subscribers in Main street, a few doors east of the Jail.

A. STOUFFER, & Co.

Carlisle, March 10, 1842.

SUPERFINE FLOUR OF RICE warranted pure for sale by J. & E. Cornman.