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American Volunteer.

BY GEO. SANDERSON.] "OUR COUNTRY—RIGHT OR WRONG." [AT TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM. Whole No. 1440. Carlisle, Pa. Thursday March 3, 1842. New Series—Vol. 6, No. 38.

AGENTS. JOHN MOORE, Esq. Newville. JOSEPH M. MEANS, Esq. Hopewelltownship. THOMAS H. BURTON, Shippensburg. WILLIAM M. MATHER, Esq. Lee's Roads. JOHN MEHARRY, Dickinsontownship. JOHN CLEWENTIN, Jr. Esq. Hagerstown. GEORGE F. CAIN, Esq. Mechanicsburg. FREDERICK WUNDERLICH, do. JOHN STOUGH, Esq. Stoughton. DANIEL KRYSHER, Esq. Churchtown. JACOB LONGNECKER, Esq. Wormleysburg. J. B. DRAYBAUGH, Cedar Spring, Altoona. MARTIN C. RUFF, Esq. Shiremanstown.

LEMUEL TODD, ATTORNEY AT LAW. OFFICE No. 10, Harper's Row, in the room formerly occupied by Isaac Todd, Esq. Carlisle, August 26, 1841.

SAMUEL R. HAMILL, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Will practice in the several courts of Cumberland County. Office in Main street; the office now held by Saxtons A. PRAVIER, Esq. of Butler. Office two doors east of Evans' Hotel. Franklin, Dec. 9, 1841.

WILLIAM H. LAMBERTON, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Will practice and attend to collections in the counties of VENANGO and CLARKE. Office next door to R. Snodgrass, Esq., in Carlisle. Office two doors east of Evans' Hotel. Franklin, Dec. 9, 1841.

FRESH GROCERIES, & C. The Store Room of the subscriber, in Main street, a few doors west of the Court House, next door to R. Snodgrass, Esq., is just received a fresh supply of Groceries, Spices, &c. of every description and of the best qualities, viz: Green Rio and Java Coffee. Single, double and Boston treble refined Louf Sugars. White Havana and Brown Sugars of various qualities. Sugar House, New Orleans, West India and Boston Syrup Molasses. Honey. Imperial, Gunpowder, Young Hyson, and Black Teas, of first and other qualities. CHOCOLATE—Baker's No. 1, and Homage, the best qualities—Also, Lingg's prepared superior Caracas Cocoa, &c. Pure winter Spices and other Oil. Sperma and Mould Candles. Soaps—Castile, Variegated, and Common. Also, Almond and other Fancy Soap for shaving &c. Tonacco—Plug, Ladies Twist, Cavendish, &c. best qualities, also, Spanish, Half Spanish and Common Segars. Spices Ground and Unground, such as Cloves, Cinnamon, Ginger, Allspice, Nutmegs, Cayenne, Black Pepper and Mace. Citron, Vanilla Bean, &c. Mustard prepared and other. Salaratus, Alum, Indigo, Salt-petre, Epsom Salt, Camphor, Cream of Tartar, Potash, Sal Soda, Starch, Rice, Snuff, &c. CHEESE—Pine Apple, Sapsago, and Common. Best Bunch Raisins, in whole, half, and quarter boxes, as also keg Raisins at unusually low prices. Fresh Currants, Almonds, Ground-nuts, Figs, Cream-nuts, Lemons, &c. Table Oil, White Soap Beans, Table Salt, &c. A general assortment of Pickles in Jars, Tomato Ketchup, and Horse-radish. Water, Butter, Soda and Sugar Crackers. Salmon, Mackerel, and Herring. Cider Vinegar. A general assortment of Queensware, Earthenware, &c. Hair, Clothes, Sweeping, Scrubbing, White-wash, and other Brushes. With a variety of combs, spool cotton, thread, tapes, pins, needles, shaving boxes, pearl and other buttons, spool stands, silver over-pointed pencil-sharp blades, best qualities, a variety of best shavers, pocket sand, twine, bed cords, &c. An assortment of tubs, buckets, pails, market-baskets, &c. Also, a lot of Fresh Cranberries & White Hominy, with a variety of other articles. J. W. EBY. Carlisle, January 20, 1842.

Carlisle Agency. Indemnity against LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE. CHARTER PERPETUAL. The Spring Garden Fire Insurance Company of Philadelphia. MAKE INSURANCES, either temporary or perpetual, against loss or damage by Fire, in Town or Country, on Houses, Barns and Buildings of all kinds; on Household Furniture, Merchandise, Horses, Cattle, Agricultural, Commercial & Manufacturing Stock, and Unusually of every description, as well as Mortgages and Ground Rents, upon the most favorable terms. The following are the usual rates, viz: On stone and brick buildings, from 35 to 40 cts. on \$100. " Log and frame " 60 to 70 cts. on 100. " Merchandise and furniture in brick or stone buildings, from 40 to 50 cts. on 100. " Do. in log or frame, 60 to 70 cts. on 100. " Horses, cattle, farming utensils and sundries, at about 50 cts. on 100. PERPETUAL RISKS. On Brick or Stone buildings, \$25 on \$1,000. The premium subject to be withdrawn at any time by the party insuring, at a deduction of five percent on the amount paid. Applications for Insurance, or any information on the subject, may be made either personally or by letter, at the Company's Office, at the north-west corner of Sixth and Arch streets. MORITON M. MICHAEL, President. JOHN J. MYERS, Agent, Carlisle, Pa. FEBRUARY 17, 1842.

ROBBERIES. Morton M. Michael, George M. Troutman, Joseph Wood, Samuel Townsend, P. L. Longenecker, Robert L. Longenecker, R. W. Pomeroy, Chan. W. Schreffler, Charles Stokes, Joseph J. Sharpless. February 3, 1842.

NOTICE. THE Stockholders of the Hagerstown, Carlisle and Chambersburg Turnpike Road Company, are hereby notified, that in pursuance of an Act of the General Assembly, passed the 10th day of April A. D. 1828, an election will be held at the Public House of SIMON WUNDERLICH, Esq. in the Borough of Carlisle, on Monday the 7th day of March next, and that there between the hours of 9 and 5 o'clock P. M. to elect Three Managers for said company. JOHN IRWIN, President. February 17, 1842.

T. B. SMITH'S assorted PICKLES for sale by Stevenson & Dinkle.

APPEALS. COUNTY AND STATE TAXES. NOTICE is hereby given to all the taxable inhabitants within the County of Cumberland, Pennsylvania, either for State, County, or Common School purposes, that the Commissioners of said county will hold the appeals for the year 1842, in the different boroughs and townships of said county, at the times and places as published below, for the purpose of hearing all persons who may apply for redress, and to grant such relief as to them shall appear just and reasonable, to wit: Frankford and Moffitt townships, on Tuesday the 1st March next, at the public house of David Bleas, in the borough of Newville. Newville and Newton, on Wednesday the 2d, at the same place. Hopewell, on Thursday the 3d, at the public house of James Sponaler, in Newburg. Southampton and Shippensburg townships, on Friday the 4th, at the public house of John Rebeck, in the borough of Shippensburg. Shippensburg borough, on Saturday the 5th, at the same place. North Middleton, on Monday the 7th, at the Commissioners' office, in the borough of Carlisle. Dickinson, on Tuesday the 8th, at the public house of Jacob Kregg, in Cumberland Hall. West Pennsboro', on Wednesday the 9th, at the public house of Geo. Sheaffer, at Mount Rock. Silver Spring, on Thursday the 10th, at the public house of Joseph Grier, in Hagerstown. East Pennsboro', on Friday the 11th, at the public house of Andrew Keitzner, in Hagerstown. Mechanicsburg, on Saturday the 13th, at the public house of Jacob Post. Allen, on Tuesday the 15th, at the public house of David Sheaffer, in Shepherdstown. Mount on Wednesday the 16th, at the public house of John Paul, in Churchtown. South Middleton, on Thursday the 17th, at the Commissioners' office, in the borough of Carlisle. Carlisle Borough, on Friday the 18th, at the Commissioners' office, in said borough. By order of the Commissioners, JOHNS IRWIN, C. M. Commissioners' Office, Carlisle, Feb. 10, 1842.

Application for Tavern License. NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to apply at the next term of the court of Quarter Sessions of Cumberland county, for a License to keep a tavern or public house, in the house I now occupy as such in the Borough of Carlisle. A. ROBERTS. February 17, 1842. We, the undersigned, citizens of the borough of Carlisle, do certify that we are well acquainted with the above named Andrew Roberts, and that he is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the lodging and accommodation of strangers and travellers. John Harper, Jos. D. Halbert, Hugh Gaullagher, John M. Gregg, Geo. Ege, James Postlethwaite, Geo. Sanderson, Henry Rhoads, M. Halcumb, John D. Gurgas, W. Foulk, R. A. Noble, Robert Snodgrass, E. Macfarlane, Hugh Reed, Geo. W. Crabbs.

Application for Tavern License. NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to apply at the next term of the court of Quarter Sessions of Cumberland county, for a License to keep a tavern or public house, in the house I now occupy as such in North Middleton township. D. CORNMAN. February 17, 1842. We, the undersigned, citizens of North Middleton township, do certify that we are well acquainted with the above named David Cornman, and that he is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and that he is well provided with house room and conveniences for the lodging and accommodation of strangers and travellers. George Brindlb, D. Sphar, Ab'm. Lambertson, Richard Parker, Elias Brownayell, George Smith, William Hanwood, George Gutschall, Jacob Cornman, Henry Jacobs, Michael Fishburn, John Kitch.

Application for Tavern License. NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to apply at the next term of the court of Quarter Sessions of Cumberland county, for a License to keep a tavern or public house, in the house I now occupy as such in West Pennsborough township. HENRY C. HACKET. February 17, 1842. We, the undersigned, citizens of West Pennsborough township, do certify that we are well acquainted with the above named Henry C. Hackett, and that he is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the lodging and accommodation of strangers and travellers. Solomon Bear, Enoch Woodrow, M. C. Davis, Josiah Hood, John Wynkoop, George Sheaffer, John Myers, John Paul, James Montgomery, Matthew Davidson, James Piper, Daniel Gring, James Dunlap.

Application for Tavern License. NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to apply at the next term of the court of Quarter Sessions of Cumberland county, for a License to keep a Tavern or Public House, in the house I now occupy as such in Springfield, in West Pennsborough township. ENOCH WOODROW. February 17, 1842. We, the undersigned, citizens of West Pennsborough township, do certify that we are well acquainted with the above named Enoch Woodrow, and that he is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the lodging and accommodation of strangers and travellers. Edward Phillips, Isaac Markwood, George Graw, James Smith, Josiah Hood, Samuel Tru, William Boyd, Joseph Brown, James Fulton, William Gracey, Jr., John Dunlap, Barnabas Thrush, James Elliott.

SUPERIOR WHITE FAMILY FLOUR. For sale at the store of A. RICHARDS. February 17, 1842.

BONNET SILKS & RIBBONS—of the very latest style, just received at the store of CLIPPINGER & CAREY, Shippensburg.

Application for Tavern License. NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to apply at the next term of the court of Quarter Sessions of Cumberland county, for a License to keep a tavern or public house in the borough of Shippensburg. STEPHEN COCHRAN. February 17, 1842. We, the undersigned, citizens of the borough of Shippensburg, do certify that we are well acquainted with the above named Stephen Cochran, and that he is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the lodging and accommodation of strangers and travellers. Benjamin Reynolds, Robert Cochran, Joseph P. Nevin, D. H. Colbertson, Benjamin Duke, Stephen Culbertson, Jacob Engle, Samuel Porter, D. Nevin, Wm. McConnell, John M'Kee, Lemuel G. Duley.

Application for Tavern License. NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to apply at the next term of the court of Quarter Sessions of Cumberland county, for a License to keep a tavern or public house in the borough of Newton township. JAMES REED. February 17, 1842. We, the undersigned, citizens of Newton township, do certify that we are well acquainted with the above named James Reed, and that he is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the lodging and accommodation of strangers and travellers. Skiles Woodburn, Jefferson Beales, John M'Colloch, Jacob Keller, Thomas M'Colloch, Samuel Piper, James Kyle, Joseph Waggoner, Christian Snook, Isaac Waggoner, C. L. Vanderbelt, John Hood, John B. Vanderbelt, J. Irvin.

Application for Tavern License. NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to apply at the next term of the court of Quarter Sessions of Cumberland county, for a License to keep a tavern or public house in the borough of Shippensburg. DANIEL DUKE. February 17, 1842. We, the undersigned, citizens of the borough of Shippensburg, do certify that we are well acquainted with the above named Daniel Duke, and that he is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the lodging and accommodation of strangers and travellers. Jonathan Peal, David Nevin, George M'Ginness, Stephen Culbertson, Jacob Engle, Benjamin Reynolds, Alexander Stewart, Robert Koons, Jacob Snider, George Kimmel, Robert C. Hays, William M. Mather.

Application for Tavern License. NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to apply at the next term of the court of Quarter Sessions of Cumberland county, for a License to keep a tavern or public house in the borough of Carlisle. HENRY L. BURKHOLDER. February 17, 1842. We, the undersigned, citizens of the borough of Carlisle, do certify that we are well acquainted with the above named Henry L. Burkholder, and that he is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and that he is well provided with house room and conveniences for the accommodation of strangers and travellers. John Cornman, J. Holsaple, John P. Lyne, E. Cornman, Samuel Myers, Wm. M. Porter, Hugh Gaullagher, A. Hensel, J. Kehrer, W. M. Bateman, Isaac Angney, Samuel Gray, Jr., Michael G. Ege, George Taylor, W. Foulk, John Hatfield.

Application for Tavern License. NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to apply at the next term of the court of Quarter Sessions of Cumberland county, for a License to keep a tavern or public house, in the house lately kept as such by W. S. Allen, in the borough of Carlisle. DAVID BLEAN. February 17, 1842. We, the undersigned, citizens of the borough of Carlisle, do certify that we are well acquainted with the above named David Blean, and that he is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the lodging and accommodation of strangers and travellers. Paul Martin, George Brown, Isaac Angney, John Moore, T. H. Skiles, Samuel M'Keehan, John Harper, Charles Barnitz, Thomas Craighead, Philip Quigley, A. Richards, George Sanderson, Christian Inhoff.

Application for Tavern License. NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to apply at the next term of the court of Quarter Sessions of Cumberland county, for a License to keep a Tavern or Public House, in the house now occupied as such by John Heffeman, in the borough of Newville. ELIAS DEHLL. February 24, 1842. We, the undersigned, citizens of the borough of Newville, do hereby certify that we are well acquainted with the above named Elias Dehell, and that he is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the lodging and accommodation of strangers and travellers. John Heffeman, James Herron, Jamison Hannon, George Lightner, Wm. Klink, James Gilmor, John Nubbin, John Kinley, Michael Heffeman, Abraham Killan, Jos. Midland, Samuel Ahl, James Wideman, Jacob Zeigler, James Kennedy.

WASHINGTON. The following is the best brief account of Washington's personal habits and character we have ever seen. We find it in the New York Commercial. The reader will find the following habits strictly observed: 1. He was devout. 2. He was an early riser. 3. He was exact and orderly. 4. He was strictly temperate. 5. He was industrious. 6. He maintained the social distinctions in reference to station and authority. 7. He was serious and dignified. Let the reader watch closely in him and others the effect of early rising, strict order, industry and temperance, simply as the habits of life, and he will find reason to be astonished, and to impress them upon the minds of all the young.

THE PERSONAL CHARACTER AND HABITS OF WASHINGTON.—The following are recollections of Washington, derived from repeated opportunities during the three last years of his public life. He was over six feet in stature, of strong muscular frame, without fullness of covering, well formed and straight. He was a man of extraordinary physical strength. In his house his action was calm, deliberate and dignified, without pretensions to gracefulness or peculiar neatness, but merely natural, and such as one thinks it should be in such a man. When walking in the street, his movements had not the soldierly air which might be expected. His habitual motions had been formed long before he took command of the Armies, in the wars of the interior, and in the surveying of wilderness lands, employments in which grace and elegance were not likely to be acquired. At the age of sixty-five, time had done nothing towards bending him, out of his natural erectness. His deportment was invariably grave, it was sobriety that stopped short of sadness—His presence inspired a veneration and feeling of awe, rarely experienced in the presence of any man. His mode of speaking was slow and deliberate, not as though he was in search of fine words, but that he might, after those only adapted to his purpose. It was the usage of all persons in good society, to attend Mrs. Washington's levees every Friday evening. He was always present. The young ladies used to throw around him in conversation, there were some of the well remembered belles of that day whom against themselves to be favorites with him. As these were the only opportunities they had of conversation with him, they were disposed to use them. One who would think that a gentleman and a gallant soldier, if he could ever laugh, or dress his countenance in smiles, would do so when surrounded by young and admiring beauties. But this was never so the countenance of Washington, never softened or changed its habitual gravity. One who had lived always in the family said, that his manner in public life, and in the seclusion of most retired life, was always the same. Being asked whether Washington could laugh, this person said that this was a rare occurrence, but that one instance was remembered, when he laughed most heartily at her narration of an incident in which she was partly concerned; and in which he applauded her agency. The late General Cobb, who was long a member of his family during the war, and who enjoyed a laugh as much as any man could—said that he never saw Washington laugh, excepting when Col. Scamman—if this was the person—came to dine at head quarters. Scamman had a fund of ludicrous anecdotes, and a manner of telling them which relaxed the gravity of the commander in chief. General Cobb also said, that the forms of proceedings at head quarters were exact and precise, orderly and punctual. At the appointed moment, Washington appeared at the breakfast table. He expected to find all members of his family—Cobb, Hamilton and Humphreys were among them—awaiting him. He came dressed for the day, and brought with him the letters and dispatches of the preceding day, with short memoranda of the answers to be made, also the substance of orders to be issued. When breakfast was over these were distributed among his aids to be put into form. Soon after he mounted his horse to visit his troops, and expected to find, on his return before noon, all the papers prepared for his inspection and signature. There was no familiarity in his presence, it was all sobriety and business. His mode of life was abstemious and temperate. He had a decided preference for certain sorts of food, probably, from early associations. Throughout the war, as it was understood in the military family, he gave part of every day to private prayer and devotion.

While he lived in Philadelphia, as President, he rose at four in the morning, and the general rule of his house was, that the fires should be covered, and the lights extinguished at a certain hour, whether this was nine or ten is not recollected. He devoted one hour every other Thursday from three to four to public visits. He understood himself to be visited, as President of the United States, and not on his own account. He was not to be seen by any body and every body; but required that every one who came should be introduced by his secretary, or by some gentleman whom he knew himself. He lived on the south side of Market street, just below Sixth. The place of reception was the dining room in the rear, twenty-five or thirty feet in length including the bay projecting into the garden. Mrs. Washington received her visitors in the two rooms in the second floor, from front to rear. At three o'clock, or any time within a quarter of an hour afterwards, the visitors were conducted into his dining room from which all seats had been removed for the time. On entering, they saw the tall manly figure of Washington, clad in black velvet, his hair in full dress, powdered and gathered behind in a large silk bag, yellow gloves on his hands, holding a cocked-hat with a black feather about an inch wide. He wore knee and shoe buckles, and a long sword, with a finely wrought and polished steel hilt, which appeared on the left hip, the coat worn over the blade, and appearing from under the folds behind. The scabbard was white polished leather.

From Alexander's Weekly Messenger. A Burglary prevented by a Courting Match.—A few nights since some rascals, attempting to break into a house in Kensington, attracted the attention of a couple of lovers in the house opposite, who were engaged in some amatory exercises, and whose appearance at the door startled the robbers, who fled, carrying away nothing but a padlock which they had broken off the grating.

A Burglary aided by a Courting Match. Uninvited Guests.—On the same night as the above, a gentleman residing in Kensington was alarmed, from his slumbers by a strange noise, and stating so to his wife, was told that it was their daughter, a sweet girl of seventeen, whom they had let do, the agreeable to a young gentleman who had exhibited violent symptoms of matrimony. Satisfied with this assurance, "they addressed them again to sleep" from which they were again startled by a repetition of the same noise, which they thought was rather louder than two lovers would make, though a poet once told of a whole "wood trembling to a kiss." Determined to satisfy his doubts, the gentleman softly stole down stairs to the back parlour, and there was astonished by seeing some half dozen "gallows looking" rascals, who were kicking up what might be graphically styled "the devil's delight," and with a perfect abandon that showed they considered themselves "at home." Naturally surprised, and not restraining such intruders, the host went up stairs, and getting his pistols, returned—when at the last step, his foot catching in the stair rod, tripped him up, and, in the fall, the pistol was discharged in the direction of the robbers, wounding one of them (as was afterwards seen by the blood), and demolishing in its course a plaster of Paris Cupid; and shattering into fragments a large and costly looking glass, the scamp in the confusion doing some jumping and running that would have reflected credit on the most famous professor of the lofty art. Lights were brought, and the gentleman had the pleasure of looking at as pretty a picture of ruins as was ever got up. Pies, cakes, preserves, and nicknacks of all kinds, were strewn in a most melancholy manner over the room; lumps of butter were thrown upon and trampled into the Turkey carpet; piles of napkins and table linen were trampled together, and the contents of several dozen wine bottles emptied upon them, and the appearances around indicated that the rascals had emptied as many more down their throats—gostly cut glass dishes were in pieces, and the chairs, sofas, ottomans, &c. cut in a most shameful manner. The silver plate, spoons, and other valuables were done up in rolls to be carried away, which was frustrated by the arrival of the gentleman. The fault of the whole affair rests upon the young lady or gentleman, for had they not been courting in the early part of the evening, the old folks would have had a proper apprehension of the noise and taken steps to stop the mischief and to catch the robbers.

SELF RELIANCE.—If our young men miscarry in their first enterprise, they lose all heart. If the young merchant fails men say he is ruined. If the finest genius studies at one of our colleges, and is not installed in an office in one year afterwards in the city or suburbs of Boston or New York, it seems to his friends and himself that he is right in being disheartened and in complaining the rest of his life. A sturdy lad from New Hampshire or Vermont, who in turns tries all the professions, who teams it, farms it, peddles, keeps a school, preaches, edits a newspaper, goes to Congress, buys a township, and so forth, in successive years, and always, like a cat, falls on his feet, is worth a hundred of those city dolls. He walks abroad with his days, and feels no shame in not 'studying a profession,' for he does not postpone his life, but lives already. He has not one chance, but a hundred chances. Let a stolid arise who shall reveal the resources of a man, but can and must not detach themselves; that with the exercise of self-trust, new powers shall appear; that a man is the word made flesh, horn to shed heeling to the nation; that he should be ashamed of our compassion, and that the moment he acts for himself, tossing the laws, the books, idolatries, and customs out of the window—his pity him no more, but thank and revere him—and that teacher shall restore the life of man to splendor, and make his name dear to all History. It is easy to see that a greater self reliance—a new respect for the divinity of man—must work a revolution in all the offices and relations of men, in their religion; in their education; in their pursuits; their modes of living; their associations; in their property; in their speculative views.

Weighting Ways.—In one of the new towns of Iowa the way they weigh a hog, is to put a plank across a rail, with a hog on one end, and then, having piled stones enough on the other to balance, guess at the weight of the stones.

profit by some of our speech founders and message builders. The document, as the reader will see, is a cockler's. It was actually handed by a shoemaker to a gentleman in the county of Kent, Maryland, who, without questioning the name, paid the name: Squire SPARKER, To Wooron, Shoemaker, Dr. 1 7

Dec. 26. Clog'd up Miss Betty, 1 7
Mended up Miss Jenny, 1 2
Jan. 3. Toe Capped Master Billy, 1 1
Turn'd up, clog'd & mended the maid, 1 6
Heel to'd Master Johnny, 1 5
Lined, bound and put a piece of Madam, 6
To stitching up Miss Kitty, 4
Saling the bottom & strapping the sides of maid, 1 6
To tugging up Miss Fanny, 9
To pegging up Miss Fanny, 6
Total, 11 3

Maryland Advocate. Curious Courtship and Christian Resignation.—Deacon Marvin was a worthy Deacon in Lyme, Connecticut, and fell in love with a young woman, who was the daughter of a poor man, and was as likely to stunp their toes, bark their shins, or fall in love as any other men; Deacon Marvin fell in love with Betty Lee, as pretty a lass as ever stepped into Lyme meeting-house of a Sabbath day, and she was as constant there as the Deacon himself to say nothing of the Minister. When the Deacon's love had waxed so warm and ardent that he could no longer restrain himself, he mounted his plough horse and directed his course to Captain Lee's. Reflecting on the way that it would ill become the dignity of a Deacon to make love as do the world's people, he determined to conduct operations with a serious gravity befitting the occasion. He had studied his Bible to good purpose, and resolved to make the patriarch Jacob his pattern. Accordingly on finding himself by the side of Miss Betsey, he lifted up his voice and kissed her, she kissed her again and again, and he said, "Betsey, verily Betsey, the Lord has sent me to marry thee!" Betsey had hitherto been little better than one of the wicked; but the Deacon's kisses had wrought wonders, and although there was a little mischief in her eye, she answered with the resignation and submission of a deacon's intended, to the great joy of Deacon Marvin. "The will of the Lord be done." They were made man and wife in a fortnight.

PREPARATIONS FOR ATTACK.—The New Orleans Bulletin says:—The military preparations that are reported to be going forward in Texas, show that credit is there given to the rumors respecting another Mexican invasion. The grounds for the apprehension are indeed strong enough to justify the precaution, which should ever be excited, to prevent surprise from an enemy. There can be no doubt that Santa Ana feels every indication to try the fortune of battle, once again, with the Angle-Saxons, under the vain hope of retrieving the disgrace of San Jacinto. His solemn promises and engagements, whilst a prisoner, would now be no impediment against prosecuting a war of extermination against Texas, if the opportunity presented itself. It is also true, that extraordinary efforts are making in Mexico to create a navy and to strengthen the military establishment.

The fact is notorious that several vessels of war, within the past month, have been sent to the United States for the use of that government, and information is received from sources entitled to credit, that two steam ships of formidable equipments are daily expected from England. On the land warfare preparation has advanced on a still greater scale. Report mentions thirty thousand men, well organized and disciplined, filling the ranks of the regular army. To raise so large a force by sea and land must have acquired a prodigious effort on the part of a country impoverished and exhausted by many years of intestine commotion; as Mexico has been. Neither could any motive, but the strong one of ambition or revenge have prompted the movement. With facts like these before us, no doubt can be entertained as to what is the intention of the unusual arrangement.

BLOODY BUSINESS.—The Cincinnati Gazette gives the following account of a dreadful slaughter of hogs:—We learn from J. W. Coleman, Esq. who carries on the principal slaughtering house, that at his establishment, there have been killed this year 88,551 hogs, against about 102,000 last year. At the other principal houses near this, there have been killed about 12,000. At Covington, we learn that about 8,000 have been killed. Last year, Mr. Coleman killed about 22,000 from Kentucky, and this year about 15,000. The greater number of hogs have come this year from Indiana. The number of hogs packed this year, will fall short of that of last year about 25 or 40,000.

Miscellaneous News.—Stags Taken Down.—Mr. Rowland, of the Shenandoah (Ohio) Daily Sun on Friday morning, about 4 o'clock, the mail stage left this place for Pittsburg, with two ladies and a gentleman, as passengers. In attempting to pass Harmon's creek, which had swollen with the heavy rains, about a mile east of this place, the stage became unmanageable, the driver fell forward, and the body of the stage rolled over and over, with the passengers in it, until it caught on a rock. The passengers had time to work themselves out, or to be drowned, when they did. The driver, rescued the two ladies, who were floating down the stream. The gentleman saved himself. The horses became entangled in the harness, and were all drowned. The mail was also in the creek, but through the exertions of the enterprising proprietor, Mr. Rowland, it was saved, and yesterday afternoon, was brought back to town, on a sled, and again packed. None of the letters were lost, and the newspapers sustained but little injury.