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\$2 00 per annum, in advance—
or \$2 50, if not paid within the year.
No subscription taken for a less term than six months, and no discontinuance permitted until all arrears are paid.

American Volunteer.

BY GEO. SANDERSON.
"OUR COUNTRY—RIGHT OR WRONG."
[AT TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM.]
Whole No. 1438.
Carlisle, Pa. Thursday February 17, 1842.
New Series—Vol. 6, No. 36.

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VALUABLE MEDICAL PREPARATIONS

are calculated to produce more real good than can possibly result from the use of any others, for several reasons:—They are not recommended to cure all, and every disease, as is generally boasted of other preparations, (which the most ignorant must be aware cannot be, as different diseases require different medicines.) but each of Dr. Leidy's Medicines are recommended and adapted to different classes of diseases. They do not contain Mercury, or the minerals which are combined with most, if not all, other preparations in use. They are perfectly safe and pleasant to take, containing nothing offensive or deleterious, but being composed of vegetable Extracts—may be employed by young and old, male and female, at all times, and under all circumstances, without restraint from occupation, temperate or moderate living. (They are the preparations of a Regular Druggist, (Dr. Leidy), also Physician, attended by the most distinguished Physicians of the United States, among whom are, Dr. P. S. Physic, Dr. N. Chapman, Dr. W. G. Gibbon, Dr. S. Jackson, Dr. W. E. Horner, Dr. W. P. Dewees, Dr. T. C. James, Dr. J. Redin on Cox, Dr. R. Hare, &c., &c.; also, by Dr. J. D. DeLancy, Robert Aitken, L. L. D., J. L. Biddle, Esq., and numerous others.—They have been employed in innumerable instances, with the most unexampled success, as thousands can testify, among whom are the principal officers in Washington City. Members of Congress, of the State Legislatures, many of the Clergy, &c. &c. (See certificates and recommendations, accompanying the directions with each Medicine.)

Dr. Leidy's Medicinal Extract of Sarsaparilla

The strongest Preparation of Sarsaparilla in existence. One Hundred Dollars will be forfeited for a preparation equal to it. One Bottle contains six pints of the strongest Syrup of Sarsaparilla that can be made. Comment upon the efficacy of such a medicine is unnecessary—the world knows it—is only necessary for persons using it to be sure of getting a good preparation of it. See recommendations, with directions. Price \$1 00 a bottle.

Victory!

WHO DOES NOT KNOW OF Dr. Leidy's Blood Pills as a component part of which is Sarsaparilla. The reputation of Dr. Leidy's Sarsaparilla Blood Pills is so well known, that comment upon their virtues is almost unnecessary. Suffice it to say they possess all the Purgative and Purifying properties that can be combined in the form of Pills. Newspaper Puffing is unnecessary to their success.

Their efficacy, in one case, is a sure introduction and passport of them to the contrary. Five years employment of them throughout the United States, have made them as they deserve to be Victorious! Whilst the Proprietors and Manufacturers of others Pills, have been endeavoring to humbug the public in various ways to introduce their pills, publishing columns of matter and bolstering them up by made, lying certificates, and attributing to their pills the powers of effecting every thing, barely excepting the restoration of the dead to life.

Dr. Leidy has allowed his Blood Pills to become known by their efforts; thus establishing for them a character that can never be taken from them, and which is proof incontrovertible of their qualities.

Most other pills have gone out of use since their introduction, many have fallen into deserved disrepute, and some are now altogether unknown; still a few hangers-on endeavor to gull the ignorant by plausible (though false) reasoning of the extraordinary powers their pills possess; but the public are fully sensible of such impostures, and are not to be deceived by them.

Dr. N. B. Leidy is a regular Physician Druggist, attended by Doctors Physick, Chapman, Jackson, Dewees, Horner, Gibbon, Cox, Hare, &c., and well knows the nature of the ingredients contained in his Blood Pills, and knows to their adaptation in all cases where a purgative is required, or for purifying the blood.

There is no risk of danger in employing them; they contain no Mercury—they do not produce inflammation of the Bowels—they do not produce disorganization of, nor do they injure the digestive functions—they do not produce the piles—they do not produce irregularity of the bowels, or costiveness, as do other pills on the contrary, they will be found to obviate all the foregoing, besides being efficacious in all cases where a purgative may be necessary, and for purifying the Blood and Animal Fluids.

Ample directions, together with recommendations from Physicians and others, accompany each box of pills. Price 25 cents a box.

Dr. Leidy's Tetter & Itch Ointment,

AN infallible remedy for various affections of the Skin, removing Pimples, Pusules, and Eruptions, of the Skin, and particularly adapted to the cure of Tetter and the Itch.

This ointment has been used in numerous schools throughout the city and county, as well as Factories, employing numerous girls and boys and amongst whom Tetter and Itch, as well as other Affections of the Skin, prevailed, with the most unexampled success. Names of School Teachers, as well as Superintendants and Proprietors of Factories, could be given, confirming the above, but for the delicacy they feel in having their names published in connection with such disgusting and disagreeable affections. Price 25 cents a box.

Dr. Leidy's Rheumatic Liniment,

A truly efficacious application for Rheumatism, Bruises, Sprains, Stiffness and Weakness of the Joints, Numbness of the Muscles and Limbs; Pains along the Back, Spine, Sides, and across the Loins. Many high commendatory certificates from physicians and others, have been frequently published of its efficacy. See directions. Price 37 1/2 cents a bottle, or three bottles for one dollar.

Dr. Leidy's Health Emporium,

No. 191 North Second street, near Vine street, (Sign of the Golden Eagle and Serpents.) Philadelphia.

Sold at the Drug Store of STEVENSON & DINKLE, Carlisle, Pa.

SUPERFINE FLOUR OF RICE warranted pure for sale by J. & E. Corman.

POTATOES.—A large supply of Potatoes received and for sale in quantities to suit, by J. & E. Corman.

FOR SALE.

A HALF LOT OF GROUND in the Borough of Carlisle, situated on the south side of Louthier street, bounded on the west by a stone house and lot of J. Seel on the south by Dickinson Alley, on the east by the other half of said lot, and on the north by Louthier street—containing 30 feet in front on Louthier street, and extending south 240 feet to Dickinson Alley—considered one of the best building lots in said street. Application to be made to JAMES LANZAROTTI, who will show the premises and make the terms known. January 6, 1842.

CABINET MAKING.



WM. G. GIBSON,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he is supplied with a HEARSE, and ready to perform every duty of an Undertaker. He is prepared at all times to make Coffins and attend Funerals.—CABINET MAKING. In all its branches carried on, as usual, at his new stand in North Hanover street, opposite E. Bullock's Chair Manufactory. Every thing in the line of his business will be done on the most accommodating terms. Carlisle, Oct. 30, 1841.—47.

FOR RENT.

THAT large and commodious House, on the corner of Hanover & Louthier streets, it can be divided so as to accommodate 2 Families, and is well calculated for a Boarding House; there is a large Cistern and a Well of Water in the yard also, a Pump at the door, there is also a Large Garden and extensive Stabling, and a Carriage House. It will be rented separately or together. Apply to J. B. BRADRETH, at the corner of Hanover & Louthier streets, Carlisle, Dec. 9, 1841.—47.

ENTIRELY NEW LABELS.

THE public will please take notice that no Brandrell Pills are Genuine unless the box has three labels upon it, (the top, the side, and the bottom), each containing a fac-simile signature of my hand-writing, thus—B. Brandrell, M. D. These labels are engraved, and beautifully designed, and done at an expense of \$2000. Therefore it will be seen that the only thing necessary to procure the medicine in its purity, is to observe the labels. See if the box has three upon it, engraved.

Remember, the top, the side, and the bottom. The following respective persons are duly authorized and hold Certificates of Agency, for the sale of Brandrell's Universal Vegetable Pills, in Cumberland county.

- George W. Hittner, Carlisle.
S. Culbertson, Shippensburg.
Adam Reigle, Mechanicsburg.
M. G. Rupp, Shiremstown.
Leaac Horton, Leeburn.
Gilmore & McKinney, Newville.
L. Riegle & Co., Churchtown.
J. & J. Kyle, Kennedy's.
Samuel L. Senthman, Newburg.
Brechbill & Grunt, Boiling Springs.
Henry Breuneman, New Cambria.

As counterfeits of these pills are in some cases sold for the genuine ones, the safety of the public requires that none should be purchased except from those recommended as above.

Remember no Brandrell Pills sold in Carlisle, are genuine, except those sold by George W. Hittner, and be particular to see the new labels now used upon the Brandrell pill boxes.

B. BRANDRETH, M. D. Office, No. 6, North 8th st., Phila.

New Hardware, Grocery AND VARIETY STORE.

THE subscriber has just returned from the city of New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, and is now opening at his store room South East corner of Market Square and Main streets, (formerly occupied by G. W. Hittner, Esq.) a general assortment of

HARDWARE, STONEWARE, CEDARWARE, BRITANNIA-WARE, GROCERIES,

Oils, Paints, Varnishes, Glass, Brushes, Whips, Canes, Lamps for burning Camphine Oil, and a great variety of articles useful and necessary for furnishing and keeping a house.

He has also, and will constantly keep on hand, Camphine Oil, a cheap and elegant substitute for Sperm Oil, and having been appointed the agent of Messrs. Baehner & Brother of Newark, N. J., for the sale of JONES' PATENT LAMP in this county, he is prepared to furnish Lamps and Oil at a very reasonable rate to all who may wish to use this new and economical light.

Having selected his goods himself, and made his purchases for cash, he is able and determined to sell low. Those having the cash to lay out will find it to their advantage to give him a call. HENRY DUFFIELD, Carlisle, July 9, 1840.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

Wholesale & Retail Confectionary & Fruit Store, Main Street, a few doors west of Beetlem's Hotel, and next door to T. H. Skiles' Merchant Tailor Store, Carlisle, Pa.

GILLELAND & MONYER,

BEG leave to acquaint the public that they have commenced the above business in all its various branches. The Candies are manufactured by themselves and warranted to be of the best quality—they would therefore solicit a share of public patronage. Their assortment consists of the following articles, viz:

- Mint Sticks, Hoarhound Candy,
Mint Cakes, Flavored Candy,
Mint Lumps, Secrets,
Mint Drops, Cinnamon Sticks,
Lemon Sticks, Clove Sticks,
Winter Green Sticks, Rock Candy,
Cream Candy, Jelly Cakes,
Rose Almonds, Sassafras Candy,
Sugar Steples, Vanilla Candy,
Sour Drops, Caraway Confits,
Fruit Secrets, Sugar Toys,
Mint Lozenges.

Also, FRUITS AND NUTS, such as Raisins, Figs, Lemons, Oranges, Currants, Almonds, Biscuits, Ground Nuts, Cream Nuts, Cocoa Nuts, Filberts, English Walnuts, Liquorice Ball, &c. &c.

Merchants and others are invited to call and examine for themselves before purchasing elsewhere. All orders thankfully received and punctually attended to. Carlisle, November 25, 1841.

N. B. BAKING done at the shortest notice.

Valuable Property at PRIVATE SALE.

THAT valuable property situated in Papertown, about five miles south of Carlisle, Pa., on the turnpike road leading from Carlisle to Baltimore, known by the name of

"UNION PAPER MILL,"

is offered for sale. It is one of the largest class of Mills, and has recently been thoroughly repaired and fitted up with new and expensive machinery, in which the paper is dried on Steam-Cylinders.

There are two engines in the mill, with water power sufficient to drive two more. In connection with the above property, there are about 108 acres of first rate land, having thereon erected a

MANSION HOUSE

with the appurtenances for the accommodation of the manager—besides 3 substantial Tenements. Application can be made to Wm. B. Mullen on the premises, or to

WM. B. KNOX, Att'y. for the owners, Carlisle, October 28, 1841.

Estate of John Saxton, dec'd.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of John Saxton, dec'd., late of Silver Spring township, Cumberland county, have been issued to the subscriber residing in the same borough. All persons indebted to said estate will make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them for settlement. GEORGE KELLER, Ad'r. January 13, 1842.

Estate of Martin Mohler, dec'd.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of Martin Mohler, dec'd., late of the borough of Mechanicsburg, Cumberland county, have been issued to the subscriber residing in the same borough. All persons indebted to said estate will make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them for settlement. SAMUEL WORST, Ad'r. January 13, 1842.

Dr. Duncan's EXPECTORANT REMEDY.

STANDS ALONE From the Quack Syrups and Paragoric Compounds which have of late become a burden to the public health, and a suspension to the cure. Why is it that these medicines are taken repeatedly by the sick without removing the complaint in question? The reason is plain and simple, viz.—Because they are composed chiefly of opium and its spiritual preparations which acts on the system as a powerful stimulating opium, and by its narcotic influence, the system becomes habituated to its action, and as those who are given to intemperance.

This fact has become apparent to the thousands who have experienced the fatal effects of such medicines, and commenced using Dr. Duncan's Expectorant Remedy, which is entirely free from opium and all other poisonous ingredients, and is used with perfect safety by all under any circumstances. It immediately relieves the distressing cough—strengthens and vigorates the nervous system, causing the settled contagious matter to leave its hold from the lungs, and is discharged by the power of Expectoration. Unless this is done, the lungs will soon become contaminated from noxious matter, and ulcerate, and fall a prey to the fatal morn Consumption.

Office for the sale of this Medicine, No. 19 NORTH EIGHTH STREET, Philadelphia, also at the store of DR. JOHN J. MYERS, Carlisle, & WILLIAM PEAL, Shippensburg.

BLACKSMITHING.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he is carrying on business in the shop recently erected in the rear of Rheem & Halbert's Warehouse, where he is prepared to do all kinds of work with neatness, durability and despatch. He hopes by strict attention to business and a determination to please, to receive a share of public patronage. ROBERT D. PORTER. Carlisle, January 25, 1842.

FOR RENT.

The WARE-HOUSE and lot of ground situated on the Railroad at the west end of High street, Carlisle, now occupied by W. B. MURRAY. Possession will be given on the first of April next. Apply to W. B. MURRAY or DWIGHT W. McALLOCH, Guardian of the minor children of J. Fleming, dec'd. Carlisle, Jan. 6, 1842.

FOR RENT.

And possession given on the first day of April next. Think House situated on the Main street, a few doors west of A. H. Beetlem's Hotel, now in the occupancy of Miller & Maloy, Boot and Shoe Manufacturers. It is an excellent stand for a mechanic, or a very suitable situation for an office, &c. R. LAMBERTON. Carlisle, Jan. 24, 1842.

MORE PROOFS OF DR. HARLICH'S COMPOUND STRENGTHENING TONIC AND GERMAN APERTENT PILLS.

Mr. John Robertson, of Columbia county, Ohio, is happy to state to the afflicted the great benefits he received from the use of these invaluable medicines. Being afflicted for five years with a Bilious and Nervous affection and its natural consequences, during which time I procured many medicines, but always found them to aggravate the diseases in a greater measure. Seeing these medicines performing cures on a trial of my friends, I was induced to give them a trial. I happy am to say that the good results were soon visible which entirely cured me of that dreadful and peace-destroying disease. I really hope that those similarly afflicted will see the necessity of quitting the use of such vile and drastic compounds as some that appear in the public prints, which I am fully persuaded almost cost my life, besides bringing on the piles, which for more increased my disease. I heard say by many of my intimate friends, that the same vile compounds fixed them the same way. I feel confident that if persons use those "Drastic Medicines" according to their directions, that they will give up their lives.

When commencing with Dr. Harlich's Medicines, I found them to be an invention, viz.—an Apertent Medicine, to carry off all diseases and impurities from the system, accompanied with a "Strengthening Tonic" medicine, to give strength and tone to the system and reanimate the functions of the animal economy. These medicines are truly invaluable, and the best extant. JOHN ROBERTSON. [Attest] Wm. Fitzpatrick, A. Seabrook. Columbia county, Ohio, May 10, 1840.

Principal Office No. 19 North Eighth Street Philadelphia. Also, for sale at the Store of J. J. MYERS, Carlisle, and WILLIAM PEAL, Shippensburg.

Buffalo Robes—Just received 2 bales of a superior quality, at the store of OLIPHANT & CAREY, Shippensburg, Dec. 30, 1841.

From the Belpap Gazette. Napoleon and the Robber, Or, the Parisian Pedestrian.

(A CHAPTER FROM AN UNPUBLISHED NOVEL.)

It was near the hour of midnight. A fierce storm raged in its wildest fury. The rain poured in torrents—the night was dark and gloomy—and the wind howled mournfully as it rushed on in its furious career.—The distant west was illuminated by the lightning's fiery blaze, and the hoarse murmuring of the thunder sounded like the terrific voices of a thousand cannon. The prospect was sublime, indeed. But, in a moment, as if some mighty magician of the East had, with one stroke of his potent and mysterious wand, thrown a spell over Nature in one of her most terrific moods, the scene was changed—the storm, violent as it was, abated—the rain ceased to pour—the wind no longer blew—from a wild tempest, it was hushed to a gentle zephyr—all was calm, serene and quiet. Even the surface of the Seine was unruffled. The black and threatening clouds broke and dispersed, and unveiled the glittering expanse of heaven—the stars one by one, made their appearance in the ethereal vault! and at last, the peerless moon—and in unison they shed their soft, balmy, melting lustre upon the splendid capital of the French empire.

At this moment, when the heavens were clothed in unrivalled splendor, grandeur and beauty, a little man enveloped in a grey surcoat and cocked hat, or rather a cap, which partook more of the costume of the soldier than the citizen, and which concealed his dark visage, with a quick step was seen hurrying through a superb street in Paris, towards the Tuilleries—the magnificent palace of the puissant Napoleon, Emperor of Gaul. The pedestrian buttoned his coat close about him and accelerated his already hasty pace; and as he was turning the angle of a square, a dark, fierce, ruffian-looking fellow, darted from the place of his concealment, in the shade of a lofty edifice, and with a gleaming poniard in his hand, in a surly tone demanded a contribution. The pedestrian heeded him not—and walked on as if nothing had occurred—and seemed unconscious that any person was near.

The robber repeated his demand for gold in an angry voice. "Begone, villain!" said the pedestrian, coldly; still proceeding on his way as before. "He is the most provoking devil I ever saw," said the man with the dagger, to himself. He dashed forward, and in an instant stood before the grey-clad knight, who, to his astonishment, passed on without a word or even a look. The assassin, enraged that his intended victim treated him with such cool indifference, shouted in a hoarse, tremulous voice,

"Stop stranger! stop! not another step on your peril; another inch, and my weapon—" The pedestrian laughed outright. "Ha! ha! you will, so!" said he, calmly drawing a sabre.

The robber rushed madly upon the stranger, and aimed a deadly thrust at his heart, which the knight parried, and with a blow, he dashed the murderous instrument from the hand of the desperado, and laid him in the dust, prostrate at his feet. "Now yield, bravo! yield, or by heaven, this sword shall drink thy life-blood!" The stranger released the disarmed miscreant, who earnestly begged for life. But no sooner was he on his feet, than he drew a pistol; he snapped it—it missed fire—and he attempted to escape by flight from the vengeance of his antagonist. But now, the stranger in his turn, invited the other to stop, and, seizing him fiercely by the throat, he compelled him to submit.

"Ah, wretch! thou shalt die—thy blood shall atone for this!" said the stranger, at the same time holding up his shining blade before the bewildered eyes of the desperate, though humbled robber. "Mercy, mercy!" cried he convulsively, trying to free himself from the iron grasp of the pedestrian, whose piercing eyes sparkled and flashed with wrath—"I appeal to every generous sympathy—I implore—" continued he, trembling with fear.

"Why do you resort to this base method of acquiring wealth?" asked the stranger—"why not seek some more honorable means of obtaining a livelihood than by playing the robber and assassin?" "Why not enlist in the imperial army, and fight your way to fame and glory in the ranks of the brave?" "Listen to my tale," said the desperate youth. "This is not my trade. I am a soldier; I have an aged father and mother, who depend solely upon me for their support and the compensation which I receive is insufficient to supply the wants of us all. Of late, I have been trying my fortune at the gambling tables, and this evening I lost my last sou. But never until this cursed night did I ever attempt to get gold in this manner, disappointment—the frowns of fortune—every thing passed heavily upon my mind, I grew furious. I was mad! and in my phrenzy, I vowed not to sleep until I had procured the gold, from some source, requisite to meet my demands. You see the result of all my visionary schemes. I have failed—and now I know my folly—I see where I have erred—I am now aware of the wickedness of my daring plans. Pardon, stranger, pardon!"

"Ha! fine talk, this, for a midnight assassin! Five minutes ago, and you held a deadly weapon in your hand, with the intention to take my life—but now, Mon Dieu! you are as penitent as a saint!" "Well do with me as you will," said the vanquished robber calmly. "Drag me to prison—to the scaffold—the guillotine—to death; or kill me with your own hand—any way you please, monsieur! Put me out of the world! I am unhappy—miserable! I prefer death to life with its present enjoyments—and I have not one bright ray of hope to cheer me onward in my dreary way—the future to me is dark!"

"You are delicious! you are mad!" cried the stranger. "But say, wretch! if I have thee executed, what will become of thy aged, hoary-headed parents? Who will protect them? Who will provide for them? and who, when the axe and the executioner have done their work on thee—who will console them and smooth their pillow in the hour of death! Answer me, vile miscreant!" cried the stranger, impatiently.

"The Emperor will protect them," said he. "Bah! eh!" muttered the other, and continued he, "what would be their anguish of soul if they could behold this scene—see the degradation of their lost and ruined son—once the hope and comfort of their wane of life; but now sunk low in crime? Would not the old man curse his ignoble boy? And what, think you, will be the keen bitterness of the deep sorrow of their hearts, when they behold thee led out to execution—to suffer an ignominious death to atone for thy many dark, foul deeds?"

"Spare! spare! spare—for heaven's sake spare me the torture of such agonizing thoughts. Wouldst thou God that I had been slain in battle, while fighting by the side of Bonaparte in Italy. Oh, cruel Fate that has doomed me to come to this; to feel the pangs of this moment, is more dreadful than death! Kill me—kill me, stranger, sheath your dagger in my heart! I'm in agony—I cannot—will not live."

"I have but to alarm the guard," said the pedestrian, "and thou wilt be dragged to the lowest dungeon. Thou art worthy of death, but I desire I will not stain my sword with thy coward blood; but go wretch; to thy hiding place, thou may be in safety; and there brood over thy numerous offences—relate to thy comrades in crime, thy tales of death, and thy many hair-breadth escapes—tell them, surrounded; how I disarmed thee; and when death stared thee full in the face, how thou didst cower and beg for thy life; at my hand. Get back to the dark recesses of thy den, thou poltroon! and see to it that you never cross my path, and in future, beware how you attack a braver man than yourself," said he with indignant scorn.

"The robber for a moment was irresolute. "No, stranger, never! I have faced the cannon's mouth—I crossed the bridge of Lodi through a wall of fire and steel—through smoke and flame—I have braved death in a thousand forms, and never will I flee from it; Give me back my sword and let me put an end to my wretched existence!" cried he frantically.

"Bah, madman, under the false pretence of self-destruction, to regain your arms, you would still murder me?" "I pledge my honor," returned the robber.

"Ha! ha! ha! honor—what, the honor of an assassin?" inquired the stranger, with a bitter, ironical laugh. "Oh Heaven!" cried he wildly, "I am ruined—my honor—my all!" "Well be it as you wish," returned the stranger, giving him the glittering steel, which he raised to plunge it into his breast. "Hold! hold!" cried the pedestrian, taking off his cap and throwing open his coat, which revealed the star and cross of the Legion of Honor.

"The robber fell upon his knees—his sword fell from his powerless arm. The stranger whom he had attempted to rob and murder was none other than Napoleon Bonaparte Emperor of the French—the great, the mighty Corsican.

From that time forward the youth never wanted for gold. From that hour may be dated his rise. By that adventure he rose to eminence. He afterwards fought by the side of the Emperor in many bloody battles. He continued to follow the star of Napoleon, and soon became one of the most successful and distinguished of the French Generals, and ultimately a Marshal of the Empire.

Concord, N. H., Dec. 25.

From the Norwich Aurora.

A SHORT CHRONICLE.

1. And it came to pass in the latter days, in the goodly land of Columbia, that a powerful party arose, yclep'd—the Federal party.

2. And they were men of wealth, and men of renown, and fared sumptuously every day, especially in the days of John the elder.

3. And his wise men and his counsellors approached King John the elder, and said, "O King, live forever."

4. Let now a decree be passed, that whosoever shall speak a word against the king or his administration, the same shall be crucified.

5. So they passed the Sedition Act, and they said, "Behold, now verily is our power established."

6. But there arose in those days a man named Thomas, who is surnamed Faithful; and he spake unto the people the words of wisdom and truth.

7. And the people hearkened unto Thomas the faithful, and they arose in their unsteady like the up-heaving ocean, and lo! they knocked Federalism into a cocked hat in the twinkling of a bed post, made a perfect "effumax" of the whole concern, and laid it away prostrate in the outer parts of the camp of freedom, where it has remained with slight interruption unto this day.

13. And it shall come to pass, when the people see our wigs, they will reverence the heads of our party.

14. And the Federal or the chameleon party spake one to another saying: "15. The council of our brother pleases us well; let us adopt it—yea, let us even call ourselves "Democratic Whigs."

16. And they found a man named William a "mighty man of valor," as they said, they determined to make him a king.

17. And partly by accident, partly by craft, they put before the people an honest man, whose name was John, a Tyler of a Masonic Lodge in Virginia.

18. And William was surnamed Tippecanoe, which signifieth that the canoe of Whiggery is to be tipped over.

19. And they raised the city and Temple of Whiggery, and called that day "Old Tip's Raising."

20. But it came to pass in a month, that William the king was gathered unto his fathers.

21. And the pipers mourned exceedingly; for their confidence in John, except as an understrapper, was by no means excessive.

22. Now the rest of the acts of king William and all that he did, and a little more too, are they not written in Federal memories and lives, embalmed in coon skin lyrics, and celebrated in Tippecanoe melodies, of the year 1840?

23. Nevertheless they said: Now is the day of our power; and, to establish the same, let us create a monster like unto that which Andrew demolished, so shall we be rulers over the land, and we shall rule as with a rod of iron.

24. But honest John perceived their cunning, and his zeal was kindled.

25. And he put forth his edict, saying: "Gentlemen you can't come in."

26. And Whiggery was exceedingly wroth, and reared up, and kicked and snorted albeit, it prevailed not.

27. And about this time a terrible disease from the South—a disease commonly called the Bots—fell upon the party and destroyed many of them.

28. And many removed from the camp of Whiggery; for they said, "Least we also be infected."

29. And shortly after John put forth his second edict, saying, "Gentlemen you can't come in."

30. The people rose in their might, and sustained him.

31. And they demolished the outer works, yea, even the great temple of Whiggery, so that one stone was not left upon another.

32. And the Wall street brokers, and the speculators, and the great men, and the binkites, put on sackcloth, and cast ashes upon their heads; and they stood afar off crying.

33. Alas for thee, great city of Whiggery—by whom we were made rich; how art thou become desolate! The voice of Hoxie sounds no more within thee—the gurgling of the cider barrel is heard no more within thy borders—the flapping of the coon skin is stilled—how in one hour is thy destruction accomplished.

34. But the people did rejoice greatly; and they said, "Lo, now we are free forever."

MORE MURDER.—Two men were recently killed near the lines in Henry county, Tennessee and Calloway county, Kentucky, under the following circumstances.—

The corn houses of the Rev. Hinson Purnell having been destroyed by fire, which was the work of an incendiary, suspicions were excited against an individual