

POVERTY IN LONDON.

According to late accounts, much distress prevailed in the British metropolis, especially among the poorer and working classes. On a recent occasion, the Rev. Mr. Hearne made a powerful appeal in behalf of the poor of his district, and solemnly declared that there were thousands totally devoid of common subsistence; that the garrets were crammed with the starving and the naked; that in his visitations he found the parents stretched on the bed of sickness, while their famished children were crying for bread, and there was none for them, because so occupied were the wealthier portion of his congregation in assisting individual distress, and so crippled were even they by the sad revolution that had taken place in the prosperity of the country, that they could not contribute as they had been accustomed to the general poor-box.

The London Chronicle remarks that the entire condition of the working-classes of Great Britain, needs the patient attention of enlightened statesmen. The London correspondent of the Boston Notion, says: With every mail the most heart-rending accounts are received, and by every successive mail they appear to grow more heart-rending; were I to give you these accounts, as officially reported, they would not be believed, and yet they come so rapidly and so well authenticated, that they must be true. Meetings are held all over the country for the purpose of devising some means for the relief of the suffering thousands, but their meetings do but little good—there is something rotten in Denmark, and the whole system of the present government must be revolutionized before the great mass of the people obtain relief from their present almost insupportable sufferings. Few persons in America can realize the present awful condition of the great mass of the population in this Kingdom, and therefore it is that I shall attempt to place before my countrymen some account of this deplorable and disgraceful state of suffering among the people.

A YANKEE GOVERNOR.

A late number of the London Courier contains the following extract of a letter from an English gentleman travelling in America: "I am travelling in Vermont for pleasure and information. I have journeyed 500 miles in my carriage, and have not seen a person in my progress to whom I should have dared to offer alms! As I was directed an hour or two, a few days since, I saw a sturdy looking farmer pass the inn, driving a one-horse cart loaded with wool on which he was seated. He drove to a store, shouldered his bales of wool one after another, and placed them in the merchant's shop. Who do you think it was? Paine, the present Governor of Vermont?"

INTELLECT AND OLD AGE.

In one of his letters, Mr. Walsh says: "The Duke of Wellington is in his seventy-third year. Before the general election, the London press writers affirmed that his intellectual powers were in utter decay. His subsequent speeches in Parliament belie the report, especially his reply to Viscount Melbourne in the debate on the change of administration, which reply was absolutely the best. He may be called a cabinet Minister emeritus. The King of Sweden is, I believe, the oldest of the European sovereigns, and he betrays no decrepitude. On the 6th instant, Louis Philippe completed his sixty-eighth year, so little worn by time in frame and spirit, that for the two years past, even the Radical politicians have ceased to report him moribund or valitudinarian. Chateaubriand, the hierophant of the Legation, who counts more than threescore years, has not ceased to write, and his intimate friends tell us that the memoirs of this, 'the most brilliant genius of the era,' are far advanced; and will cast the brightest light on the most important points of contemporary history."—Philadelphia Inquirer.

A fearful Accident at Niagara Falls.—We learn that a boat with three men went over the Falls of Niagara, on the night of Monday last! They had started from Schlosser, at 9 o'clock, intending to cross over to Hudson's tavern, two miles above Chippewa. Shortly after they left the shore, cries from the river were heard at Field's tavern, near by, but excited no attention, as similar noises are very common from boatsmen in that quarter passing to and fro. No suspicion of the accident was had until Thursday, when inquiry began to arise, and on Friday, awful evidence of the fate of the boat and her eddy crew was presented in the fragments found in the eddy below the Falls.

It is supposed that the boat was struck by a squall, and being heavily loaded with six barrels of whiskey, sunk—the wretched men on board being swept by the resistless current down the American rapids and over the frightful precipice below! The names of two were John D. Kinney & John York, and the other was a stranger, who had merely taken passage for Canada. The two former were from Nova Scotia—Kinney had kept a tavern eight miles below the Falls for two years past, and left a wife and three children. Part of one of the mangled bodies is said to have been found yesterday.—[Buffalo Com. Adv. Nov. 27.]

AMERICAN MANUFACTURES.

Buckingham, in his work on America, notices the Franklin Institute of this city and its annual Exhibition, and speaks thus favorably of some of the specimens submitted by our mechanics and manufacturers: "Among these may be mentioned almost every description of cotton, silk, and woolen fabrics, especially broad cloths and carpets, the latter of which are equal in appearance and beauty of pattern to English hardware in iron and steel; cutlery, and surgical instruments; silver and plated goods, glassware, and porcelain, stoves and grates, lamps and chandeliers, cabinet ware, and musical instruments in all of which, such progressive improvement is manifest every year as to make it certain that they have already attained to equal perfection with the oldest nations of Europe in many articles; and that, before many years elapse, they will be inferior to none in their general manufactures."

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From the Brookville (Canada) Statesman. MYSTERIOUS CIRCUMSTANCE.

A few evenings since, Dr. McDonnell, of Gananoque, was sent for to attend a patient, under the following singular circumstances: An Irishman, residing about five miles below Gananoque, had left his home early in the morning for the purpose of cutting wood, taking with him his dinner, and not having returned at a late hour in the evening, his wife became anxious, and went in pursuit of him, accompanied by three of his brothers, who had recently come out from Ireland.

They, in turn, being strangers to the forest, were also lost; when, for the double purpose of sheltering themselves, and giving a clue to their lost brother, they kindled a large fire on the spot, where they determined on remaining for the night. About 11 o'clock a figure was seen approaching, and passing the fire, moving on all fours, and clutching a woodman's axe. The watching party immediately went out and accosted the figure, who, to their great surprise, proved to be the object of their search.

He was brought to the fire, when it was discovered that he had a severe wound on the head, apparently inflicted by some blunt instrument; his dress was covered with blood, and of course (from the creeping position in which he had been discovered) with mud. To their inquiries, as to the cause of his accident, no answer could be obtained; all that the man could say on being questioned, was: "Take them away, take them away; do not let them come near me." The brothers were naturally anxious to convey the sufferer to his home, but having lost their way themselves, they were compelled to remain in the woods all night, and did not regain their home until the following day.

Doctor McDonnell found him as above described, and in a state of continued insensibility, still uttering the words, "take them away, do not let them come near me." The man indeed was almost raving mad, and it was not without the utmost difficulty, that Doctor McDonnell succeeded, with the aid of three or four strong men, in extracting two and twenty ounces of blood from his arm. He however still continues insensible (from concussion of the brain,) and no clue can be given to the cause of the extraordinary manner in which he made his appearance (clutching his axe with an iron grasp) before his bewildered and wailing family.

It was at first supposed that, while in the act of cutting down a tree, a branch had fallen upon his head and produced the wound, but this explanation is done away by the fact that every tree felled by him had been regularly cut up, into the length required for cord wood, and that no branch of size sufficient to occasion any injury, had been found.

Correspondence of the Boston Mercantile Journal. North Eastern Boundary.

BANGOR, (Me.) Nov. 22, 1841. Mr. Editor:—The North Eastern Boundary Commissioners, I understand, have completed their *ex parte* labors, with the exception of Major Graham, who has unfortunately been delayed by reason of the season of a dense snow covering the region where he was located. Six weeks of his time have been unoccupied in the business of the Commission in consequence. He will leave the line for the fall and winter, somewhere in the vicinity of the St. John River, and at about thirty miles distant from the N. E. angle of the State.

Professor Renwick, who run the line from the N. E. angle, along the Highlands, to the N. W. angle, arrived at his terminus on the 20th of October, and returned home by the 6th instant; Louis Philippe completed his sixty-eighth year, so little worn by time in frame and spirit, that for the two years past, even the Radical politicians have ceased to report him moribund or valitudinarian. Chateaubriand, the hierophant of the Legation, who counts more than threescore years, has not ceased to write, and his intimate friends tell us that the memoirs of this, "the most brilliant genius of the era," are far advanced; and will cast the brightest light on the most important points of contemporary history."—Philadelphia Inquirer.

The land throughout this region is remarkably sterile. The growth is mostly dry. The climate is cold. The earliest snow this season fell on the 18th October, I believe; later than usual. When the party left, on the 20th, the snow was six inches deep. The joint commission will probably go upon the line some time next year; and doubtless before the year 1843 has expired, the much vexed boundary question will be settled in our favor. This result will not be at all agreeable to our New Brunswick neighbors, who, finding the heavens and the earth against their claim, are already yelping anathemas against all the Yankees in general; and Maj. Graham in particular, for consulting these unerring authorities in the matter.

The above information, I have from one of the "Highland" party. Our lumbermen are going largely into their business the coming winter. Seldom, if ever, have more teams been fitted out than there have been this fall. One man, I am told, sends two hundred men into the woods. How many others send as many; I am not informed. If we have much snow, and the usual Spring rains to bring down the lumber, the coming

year, business will be unusually brisk upon the Penobscot. Business in Bangor this year has been remarkably lively. There has been but little building, but the stir and bustle in the streets has borne some resemblance to that of 1835. Our new Judge of the Supreme Court—Tenney—is presiding for the first time, in this city. He appears to be at home upon the Bench, and, although not exactly a Gridley, despatches business as rapidly as the interest of parties requires. The bar are pleased with him, and he bids fair to become a popular judge.

Yours, &c.

Jewish Synagogues in the U. States.

In the State of New York there are nine, Pennsylvania six, Maryland four, Virginia four, Ohio eight, North Carolina four, South Carolina five, Alabama three, Louisiana three, Kentucky five, Tennessee one, Georgia two, Florida three, Rhode Island one—in all fifty-nine. Belonging to the above there are about forty-two thousand Jews. There are supposed to be in the United States about ten thousand more who do not belong to either of the above congregations. In 1805 there were only five Synagogues, and about four thousand five hundred Jews.—Philadelphia Chronicle.

DEPARTURE OF THE PRINCE DE JOINVILLE.

The New York Courier of Monday says: "The French Frigate La Belle Poole and Brig of War Cassard, got under weigh yesterday morning from their anchorage off the Battery, and stood out for sea, after exchanging salutes with the U. S. Ship of War North Carolina. Fine gales and pleasant weather attend them and their young Commander, the Prince de Joinville, whose visit to this country, we would find hope, will in after life be attended with pleasant recollections to him. Since his return from Boston he has been feted by his countrymen resident here, at the Gothic Hall, Broadway, and on Saturday evening, the Corporation of the City received him at dinner at the Astor House, with as much splendor and eclat as the character of our institutions would permit."

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THE STATUS OF WASHINGTON.

The work of the eminent sculptor Greenough, has been raised to its lofty pedestal in the centre of the grounds of the Capitol, and is now uncovered to public view. During the elevation of the statue, which took place on Wednesday, the President of the United States, with a large number of citizens, was present. The National Intelligencer says:—"The operation was directed by the same energetic citizens who were employed to remove it from the Navy Yard; and it is no little praise to the skill and care of all concerned in the work, that it has been completed without accident, and without the slightest injury to the statue. Preceding it to be judges of such things, we would venture with great diffidence any opinion on this colossal work of art; but we must say that the first view of it has impressed us with deep admiration. The attitude is dignified; the resemblance of the head and features to the best portraits of the hero, striking and marked by the grandeur and repose which distinguish the countenance of the great original. As a whole, the work strikes us as worthy of the subject, and of the magnificent hall in which it is placed, and which for the statue is itself so noble a receptacle."

THE SUBSCRIBER, being desirous to settle up his business and lessen his care, proposes to sell at private sale the following property, viz: That well known property, Cumberland Furnace & Mill, situate on the Yellow Breeches Creek, 9 miles west of Carlisle, in Cumberland county, Pa., and from 1000 to 1500 acres of timber land appended, &c. Also, SEVERAL FARMS, well improved, and part not improved, situate in Dickinson township, in said county, and most of them on said creek, consequently they are well watered. Also, about 500 ACRES in lots of from 10 to 50 acres to suit purchasers, the principal part of which is in fine growing young timber, suitable for the farms in the neighborhood. The farms spoken of contain from 100 to 200 acres, and as they principally adjoin can be so divided to suit purchasers. If I do not succeed in making sale of a large portion of said property before, I will on the 28th day of December offer the same at public sale on the premises.

December 2, 1841. T. C. MILLER.

FOR RENT, A large two story stone House, with a good Store Room & two large Cellars, and a Brick work shop, Barn and excellent Garden attached, situate in North Hanover street, a few doors north of the public square—all in good order. Apply to JOHN CORNMANN, Carlisle, December 2, 1841.

LIST OF CAUSES For Trial at the January Term, 1842.

First week commencing on the 10th January, 1842. Wilson vs Clark et al. Moale & Brother vs J B Lyno. Pursel for use vs M'Clure et al. Wise for use vs Same. Roigo vs Ahl. Grubb et al vs Croft et al. Saving Fund vs Moore. Same vs Moore & Biddle. Palm vs neisher. Ego vs Kaufman.

Second week commencing on the 17th January, 1842. McLaughlin vs Wolf. Brady vs Hailman. Shunk for use vs Alexander. McClay for use vs Croft et al. Brindie vs Dreisbaugh et al. Houser vs Same. Miller vs Mahon. Myers et al vs Barr et al. Myer's adm'r vs Noble & Co. Squire et al vs Underwood et al. Ramsey vs Craighead. Noble's Ex'rs vs Harper. Wilson vs Alexander. O'Donnell vs McClure. Schlosser vs Fenner. Same vs Becher. Masteer's adm'r vs Thompson. Brandt vs Givler. Same vs Same. Wilson assign'g &c vs Givin's ex'rs. Same vs Same. Same vs Alexander. Kennedy for use vs McFeely. Harris vs Church. McGurgan's ex'r vs Watts.

GEO. SANDERSON, Proth'y. December 2, 1841.

Assigneeship Account. In the Court of Common Pleas of Cumberland county: November 8, 1841.

Michael Hoover, Esq, and Dr. Jacob Weaver, Assignees of Isaac B. Crowell, presented to the court an account of the execution of their trust, and Monday the 10th day of January, A. D. 1842, is appointed for its confirmation and allowance by the court, if no objections be made—of which all persons interested will take notice. GEO. SANDERSON, Proth'y. Carlisle, December 2, 1841.

Trustee Account. In the Court of Common Pleas of Cumberland county: November 23, 1841.

Skiles' Woodburn, surviving Trustee of Samuel Caldwell, presented to the court an account of the execution of his trust, and Monday the 10th of January, A. D. 1842, is appointed for its confirmation and allowance by the court, if no objections be made—of which all persons interested will take notice. GEO. SANDERSON, Proth'y. Carlisle, December 2, 1841.

Dissolution of Partnership. THE partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers in the Blacksmithing business, under the firm of PORTER and RHODES, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 23d of November last.

ROBERT D. PORTER, WILLIAM RHODES. Carlisle, December 2, 1841. The business will be continued at the old stand, in Church Alley, by RHODES & AMERSON, and they will be thankful for a continuance of the patronage extended to the former firm.

THE BRITISH WHALE FISHERY.

The Nantucket Inquirer states on English authority, that the northern Whale Fishery from the port of Hull has actually come to an end. Formerly, it would seem, no less than 60 ships were fitted out from that port, for Greenland and Davis Straits. This fleet has been gradually diminishing, until it has become reduced to two small ships. These returned a few weeks since, one with the product of a single whale, the other with that of only four small ones. The time has been, when from 30 to 40 ships arrived at Hull in a single season, bringing the blubber of half a thousand fish, producing some 5000 tons of oil. Now, the two remaining vessels have brought but about 50 tons—

resulting in a most ruinous loss to the owners. Newcastle, and other northern British ports, have fared even still worse; and the editor of the Hull paper, after declaiming against the trade, as a system of gambling, giving fortunes to a few lucky adventurers, impoverishing others, depriving sailors of half their education, turning aside the regular channel of commercial enterprise, and adding nothing to the general capital, concludes that a "cure has been nearly effected of the whale fishing mania." The decline and final fall of the fishery is ascribed partly to the gradually growing conviction of its unproductiveness, and to the fact that the fishing stations have become almost inaccessible, by reason of the vast quantities of ice accumulated in and around their customary passages."

PROCLAMATION. WHEREAS the Hon. SAMUEL HEPBURN, President of the Court of Common Pleas in the counties of Cumberland, Juniata, and Perry, and the Hon. John Stuart and John Lefevre, Judges of the said Court of Common Pleas of the county of Cumberland, have issued their precept bearing date the 19th of November 1841, and in compliance therewith, for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer, and General Jail Delivery, and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, at Carlisle on the second Monday of January, 1842, (being the 10th day,) at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the Coroners, Justices of the Peace, and Constables of the said county of Cumberland, that they be then and there in their proper person with their Records, Inquisitions, Examinations, and other Remembrances, to do those things which their offices respectively appertain. And those who are bound by recognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are, or then may be, in the Jail of Cumberland county, to be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Dated at Carlisle, the 2d day of December 1841, and the 66th year of American Independence. PAUL MARTIN, Sheriff.

THE GLOBE.

MESSRS. Blair and Rives propose issuing a Congressional Globe during the approaching Session of Congress, containing a full Report of the Proceedings, with Sketches of Debates, and an Appendix containing the Speeches at length, together with the President's annual Message and principal Documents. Both will be indexed.

The following are extracts from their prospectus: "We have on hand 3,000 or 4,000 surplus copies of the Congressional Globe and Appendix for the extra session, which make together near one thousand royal quarto pages. They give the full history of Congress that has ever been published. We now sell them for \$1 each, that is, \$1 for the Congressional Globe, and \$1 for the Appendix. We propose to let subscribers for the Congressional Globe and Appendix for the next session, have them for 50 cents each. They will be necessary to understand fully the proceedings of the next session."

For the Congressional Globe and Appendix for the last Extra Session, \$1. For the Congressional Globe for the next session, \$1 per copy. For the Appendix for the next session, \$1 per copy.

Six copies of either of the above works will be sent for \$5; twelve copies for \$10, and so on in proportion for a greater number. Payments may be transmitted by mail, postage on our risk. The rules of the Post Office Department, postmasters are permitted to frank letters containing money for subscriptions. The notes of any bank, current where a subscriber resides, will be received by us at par.

"HARRISBURG AURORA." (A GERMAN PAPER.) Proceedings of the Legislature.

"The Aurora" has labored upwards of 43 years unceasingly in the great cause of the people by disseminating the seeds of true Democracy, and it is well known that its principles are still the same. During the next Session of the Legislature of this State, we propose to publish in the German language in the "Aurora," the most interesting proceedings of the Legislature, in a clear and plain language, and request our German friends and others, in the different counties of the State, to further our project by their signatures, in order that we may receive some reward for our labors. Subscriptions can be forwarded by the postmasters.

For one year, 1 dollar. Single copy during session, 50 cents. BAAB & HUMMEL. Harrisburg, Oct. 28, 1841.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT. Wholesale & Retail Confectionery & Fruit Store, Main Street, a few doors west of Bretem's Hotel, and next door to T. H. Skiles' Merchant Tailor Store, Carlisle, Pa.

GILLELAND & MONYER, BEG leave to acquaint the public that they have commenced the above business in all its various branches. The Candies are manufactured by themselves and warranted to be of the best quality—they would therefore solicit a share of public patronage. Their assortment consists of the following articles, viz: Mint Sticks, Hourhound Candy, Mint Cakes, Flaxseed Candy, Mint Lumps, Secrets, Brindie, Cinnamon Sticks, Lemon Drops, Clove Sticks, Winter Green Sticks, Rock Candy, Cream Candy, Jelly Cakes, Rose Almonds, Jubile Paste, Sugar Sticks, Sassafras Candy, Snow Drops, Fenella Candy, French Secrets, Curraway Confits, Mint Lozenges, Sugar Toys.

Also, FRUITS AND NUTS, such as Raisins, Prunes, Figs, Lemons, Oranges, Currants, Almonds, Biscuits, Almonds, Ground Nuts, Cream Nuts, Cocoa Nuts, Filberts, English Walnuts, Liquorice Ball, &c. &c. Merchants and others are invited to call and examine for themselves before purchasing elsewhere. All orders thankfully received and punctually attended to. Carlisle, November 25, 1841. N. B. BAKING done at the shortest notice.

Estate of George Coffey, dec'd. LETTERS of Administration on the estate of George Coffey, late of Southampton township, Cumberland county, dec'd., have been issued to the subscriber residing in said township: All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them properly authenticated for settlement. JAMES COFFEY, Adm'r. November 25, 1841.

MILITARY NOTICE. ALL persons having claims on the Commonwealth, through my hands as Brigade Inspector, are hereby notified and requested to make known the same to the undersigned, by letter or otherwise, on or before the 31st of December next, in order that the same may be properly adjusted for payment, otherwise payment may not be had for another year. W. W. FOLK, Brig. Insp. 1st Brig. 11th Div. P. M. Brig. Insp. Office, Carlisle, Nov. 25, 1841.

Estate of Robert Shannon, dec'd. LETTERS of Administration on the estate of Robert Shannon, late of South Middleton township, Cumberland county, dec'd., have been issued to the subscriber residing in said township: All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment immediately, and those having claims to present them properly authenticated for settlement. DAVID COOK, Adm'r. November 4, 1841.

A Word to Parents. Wanted, immediately two Apprentices to the Chair-making business. Boys from the country will be preferred. Also a JOURNEYMAN, who is a good traveler, will meet with constant employment on a Power Lath, by calling on C. E. DAVIS, Carlisle, December 4, 1841.

PROSPECTUS Of the Daily Keystone. Terms \$2.00 for the Session.

THE undersigned being fully aware of the importance of having a Daily Democratic Paper, published at the Seat of Government of Pennsylvania, during the sessions of the Legislature, in compliance with the request of a number of their democratic friends, purpose to publish the KEYSTONE DAILY, during the approaching session on a Royal Sheet at the low price of two dollars for the session, or two cents per single copy.

The great object to be attained by the publication of a Daily paper at Harrisburg during the session of the Legislature, is to give Reports of the Debates in the two Houses, on all important public questions, more at length than has heretofore been customary, and to give those reports not before the public, more expeditiously than by the slow process of a semi-weekly paper. There is an anxiety in the minds of the reading public to obtain the earliest information in regard to all public movements; and as the measures to be brought forward and discussed, at the approaching session of our Legislature, will be of the very first importance, to the people at large, we conceive that we can be no more suitable time than the present, for the commencement of an enterprise of this kind.

As one of the proprietors of the Keystone is a professional stenographer, and has long been engaged as a Reporter in Congress, in the Convention to amend the Constitution, and the State Legislature, he confidently trusts that he will be enabled to conduct the Legislative Department of the paper, in a manner entirely satisfactory to those members whose remarks he may report and the public at large. He will be assisted by competent reporters, and will at all times attend in "one of our Legislature, to ensure faithful and accurate reports of debates in the Legislature. The other proprietor will take charge of the Editorial Department of the paper, and as he has heretofore had considerable experience in conducting a Democratic Journal, in another part of the State, he hopes to be able to make the Keystone acceptable not only to his political friends, but to the reading public.

We shall also have a correspondent at Washington, who will give a daily synopsis of the business transacted in the National Legislature; and an account of all the political movements, which may be made at the seat of the general government. As we shall incur a very heavy expenditure, over & above our own labor in getting our Daily, and in employing Reporters, Correspondents, &c. we trust our friends throughout the State will exert themselves to give our paper as wide a circulation as possible.

The very low rate at which we have placed our Daily, will make it necessary for us to adopt the usual mode of receiving payments, to be made during the first month of the session.

The semi-weekly Keystone, (double royal size) will be published as usual during the session at two dollars.

Post Masters and others sending us five subscribers accompanied by ten dollars, will be entitled to a copy for their trouble. ISAAC G. MCKINLEY, J. M. G. LESCURE. Harrisburg November 11, 1841.

Application for a Tavern License.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given, that I intend to apply at the next term of the Court of Quarter Sessions of the county of Cumberland, for a License to keep a Tavern or Public House in the township of Monroe, Cumberland county, on the road leading from Carlisle to York, formerly kept by David Bender. JOSEPH EBERLY. November 18, 1841.

The undersigned citizens of the township of Monroe, in the county of Cumberland, hereby certify, that the tavern above prayed for, is necessary to accommodate the public and entertain strangers & travellers; and that the above named petitioner is a person of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and convenience for the accommodation of strangers and travellers.

MICHAEL G. BELSHOOVER, GEORGE BRANDT, Sen. CHRISTIAN LEHMER, CHRISTIAN REICHWINE, JACOB MORRETT, Sen. JOHN BRANDT, JOSEPH BRANDT, PETER BENDER, SAMUEL GIBSEN, Jr. CHRISTIAN BIEDT, GEORGE HARMAN, JOHN GENSLEN, Sen. JOSEPH LATSHAW, JOHN ZIMMERMAN, JAMES WILLIAMS, Sen. November 4, 1841.

ESTATE of Conrad Weaver, dec'd. LETTERS testamentary on the estate of Conrad Weaver, late of Silver Spring township dec'd., have been issued to the subscriber residing in the same township: All persons indebted to said estate will make immediate payment, and all having claims will present them for settlement. SAMUEL SENSEMAN, Ex'r. November 4, 1841.

OAF and Lump Sugar. The subscribers have obtained a large supply of Oaf and Lump Sugar, which they offer for sale, wholesale or retail, at reduced prices. J. & E. COOMAN.

TURNPIKE ELECTION.

THE Stockholders of the Hanover and Carlisle Turnpike Road Company, are hereby notified that an election will be held at the public house of James Hurley, in South Middleton township, Cumberland county, on the 14th day of December next, for the purpose of electing three Managers for and on behalf of the stockholders of said company for the ensuing year—at which time and place the Commissioners of Adams and Cumberland counties are to meet to choose three Managers. GEORGE EGGE, Sec'y. November 18, 1841.

PRIVATE SALE.

A credit of six and twelve months will be given to the purchaser of a neat, convenient and comfortable two story BRICK HOUSE and KITCHEN, with a good dry Cellar under it, a new Bake Oven, Wood House, &c. near the Kitchen door; a superior Garden Spot, with shrubbery and Fruit Trees therein; a family right to a well of excellent water, with a pump in its convenient to the house. The whole in good order, in a good neighborhood west of the Court House. A more desirable residence for a genteel small family cannot be easily found in Carlisle. Should the purchaser incline to build, there is ample space directly on the corner, fronting two streets, upon which to erect a commodious edifice. An earnest wish to purchase such a property will please apply to GEORGE SANDERSON, Carlisle, November 18, 1841. N. B. Should a cash purchaser offer, he may have immediate possession—otherwise, not before the 1st of April next.

JACOB BETTER.

BETTER leaves to return to the public for the patronage he has extended to him, and respectfully informs his customers that he is now public generally, that he still continues the business of CABINET MAKING, in all its branches, at his old stand in Main street, where he is always ready to attend to orders in his line. Carlisle, November 18, 1841.