TERMS OF PUBLICATION.

$2 00 per annum, in advance—or
$2 50, if not paid within the year.

No subscription taken for a less term than six months, and no discontinuance permitted until all arrearages are paid. A failure to notify a discontinuance at the expiration of a term, will be considered a new engagement.

Advertisements—$1 00 per square for the first three insertions, and twenty five cents for every subsequent one.

American Volunteer.

BY GEO. SANDERSON.] "OUR COUNTRY—RIGHT OR WRONG." [AT TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM.

Whole No. 1419. *Carlisle, Pa. Thursday October 7, 1841.* New Series--Vol. 6, No. 17.

AGENTS.

JOHN MOORE, Esq. Newville
JOSEPH M. MEANS, Esq. Hopewell township.
JOHN WUNDERLICH, Esq. Shippensburg.
WILLIAM M. MATEER, Esq. Lee's ✕ Roads.
JOHN MEHAFFY, Dickinson township.
JOHN CLENDENIN, Jr. Esq., Hogestown.
GEORGE F. CAIN, Esq. Mechanicsburg
FREDERICK WONDERLICH, do.
JOHN STOUGH, Esq. Stoughstown.
DANIEL KRYSHER, Esq. Churchtown.
JACOB LONGNECKER, Esq. Wormleysburg.
J. B. DRAWBAUGH, Cedar Spring, Allen tp.
MARTIN G RUPP, Esq. Shiremanstown.

LEMUEL TODD, ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE No. 10, Harper's Row, in the room formerly occupied by Isaac Todd, Esq.
Carlisle, August 26, 1841.

LAW NOTICE.

SAMUEL R. HAMILL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Will practice in the several courts of Cumberland county. Office in Main street, the office now occupied by James H. Devor, Esq.
Carlisle, September 30, 1841.

WILLIAM B. KNOX,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Carlisle, Pa.

OFFICE a few doors west of the Post Office, in Main street.

CHARLES M'CLURE,
Attorney at Law.

OFFICE in Main street, a few doors west of the Post Office.
Carlisle, April 29, 1841.

WILLIAM H. LAMBERTON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

WILL practice and attend to collections in the county of Venango. In any business that may be entrusted to him, he will be assisted by Samuel A. Purviance, Esq. of Butler.
Franklin, August 12, 1841. tf

NEW

HAT MANUFACTORY.

THE subscriber has rented the shop heretofore occupied by Mr. Charles Woodcock, near the corner of Hanover and Louther streets, where he is prepared with the best materials, and will keep constantly on hand and manufacture to order

Hats of every Description,

such as RUSSIA, BRUSH, NUTRIA, CASTORS, &c. &c. His work will be done in the most fashionable style, and at moderate prices. He solicits a share of public patronage.

WILLIAM H. TROUT.
Carlisle, May 20, 1841. 6m

BOOTS AND SHOES.

The subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of Mechanicsburg and vicinity, that he has just received from Philadelphia the most splendid assortment of Ladies, Misses, and Children's Morocco and Kid Boots and Shoes, ever offered to the public in this place, varying in price from $1 to $1,50; Misses and Children's in proportion. The subscriber intends to confine himself more particularly to the Ladies' branch of the business, and he flatters himself that he will be able to please the most fastidious. The ladies are most respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves.

Don't forget Cain's Boot and Shoe Emporium, Mechanicsburg.

GEORGE F. CAIN.
September 9, 1841.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Cumberland county, will be exposed to public sale, on the premises, on Saturday the 16th of October next, at 1 o'clock of said day, the real estate of George Myers, late of Silver Spring township, county aforesaid, deceased, consisting of a *LOT OF GROUND*, containing about one and a half acres, with a good

LOG HOUSE & STABLE,

thereon erected. There is a good spring of water on said lot convenient to the door. There are also on the same a number of good Peach and Apple trees. Said lot is under good fence and in good order.

The conditions of sale will be the payment of the purchase money on the confirmation of the sale.

DAVID HUME, Adm'r.
September 9, 1841.

Public Sale of Real Estate.

WILL be sold at public sale, on Friday the 22d of October next, on the premises, in pursuance of the last will and testament of Anthony Black, late of Dickinson township, deceased, the following described real estate, late the property of said testator, to wit:

A tract of land situate in Dickinson township, in said county, bounded by lands of John Black, John Heikes, John Myers, John Fishburn and others, containing about 85 acres, of which about seventy acres are cleared and the residue well timbered.—The improvements are a large

LOG HOUSE & KITCHEN,
ADOUBLE LOG BARN,

Wagon Shed, Corn Crib & other out Buildings, a never failing well of water convenient to the house, and a young and thriving Apple Orchard of choice grafted fruit trees. This farm is situate in the "Rich Lands," is limestone land of a superior quality and in a good state of cultivation, and about three fourths of a mile south of the turnpike road from Harrisburg to Pittsburg, and about 6 miles west of Carlisle.

The terms of sale are as follows: One half of the purchase money to be paid on the 1st of April next, when possession will be given and a deed made to the purchaser, the residue in two equal annual payments thereafter, to be secured by a lien on the land, or bonds with security satisfactory to the undersigned. The rent due on the 1st of April next is reserved, and will not pass to the purchaser.

If the above farm is not sold, it will be rented at the time and place above mentioned for one year.

WILLIAM CAROTHERS,
Executor of Anthony Black, dec'd.
September 9, 1841.

PUBLIC SALE.

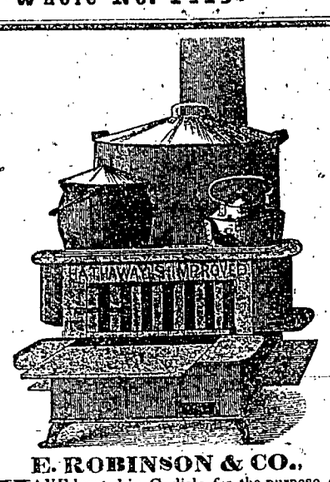
BY an order of the Orphans' Court of Cumberland county, I will expose to public sale on the premises, on Saturday the 16th October 1841, at 12 o'clock noon, the following property, viz:

A Two Story Plastered House
AND LOT OF GROUND,

situate in Shiremanstown, Eastpennsboro' township, containing about Four & a Half Acres, more or less, of first rate Limestone Land, having also erected on the premises a small Frame and Log Barn and other out Houses. There is also a never failing well of water on the premises, and a small Orchard of bearing fruit trees.

The terms of sale will be made known on the day of sale by

PETER BARNHART,
Guardian of David Stroh.
September 9, 1841.



E. ROBINSON & CO.,

HAVE located in Carlisle for the purpose of manufacturing and selling *Hathaway's Patent Hot Air Cooking Stoves*, and being aware that the people in this place and vicinity have been much imposed upon by the introduction of new and highly recommended articles which they have been induced to purchase, and which have been so slightly made, and of such bad material, that in a short time they have failed and become useless. We thereforo do not intend offering stoves for sale until they are fairly tried in this community and pronounced more durable in their construction, and better adapted to the purposes of boiling, baking and all the varieties of cooking,—also that they are a great saving of fuel as well as labor.

We earnestly invite farmers as well as residents of this place and the neighboring villages, to call on us at S. Wunderlich's hotel, or notify us by letter (postage unpaid) that they are willing to try our stove, and the stove shall be placed in the kitchen of any person [illegible] house, and [illegible] sons using the [illegible]

The stoves will be kept for sale at the Tin Shop of Mr. J. Fridley, and at the Foundry of Messrs. Lay and Stouffer, in Carlisle.

Having contracted for 100 tons of castings, we will in a few days supply stove dealers with all the different sizes, on the most liberal terms.

Eleazer Robinson of Carlisle, is agent for selling the right to make and vend the Hot Air Stoves, and will dispose of counties in this and the adjoining States.

We publish the following recommendations from some of those who are using the stove, to encourage others to try it.

I do certify that I am now using one of Hathaway's Patent Hot Air Cook Stoves, No. 3, and do recommend it as superior to any stove I have seen. The great saving of fuel and the variety that can be cooking at the same time, makes it an object to those who wish to facilitate the operations of the kitchen.

J. CULBERTSON.
Chambersburg, September 6, 1841.

I have in use in my kitchen one of Hathaway's Patent Hot Air Cooking Stoves, and can recommend it as a very superior article. The one I have is No. 3, it has 5 boilers and an oven sufficiently large to bake 6 loaves of bread. The baking, roasting and boiling, can be done at the same time and with much less wood than required for any stove I have ever used. This size appears to be peculiarly calculated for Farmers, and for their benefit I invite them to call and see this stove in use, as I shall take pleasure in showing the stove to those who wish to see it.

S. WUNDERLICH.
Carlisle, September 12, 1841.

Messrs. E. Robinson & Co.

Gentlemen:—I have fairly tested the "Hot Air Stoves" which you put up at my house and can recommend it as possessing principles of economy and convenience far surpassing any other stoves which I have ever seen. The boilers coming in immediate contact with the fire gives it great facilities for boiling, and the oven is heated on such a principle that bread is baked in as fine a manner as in a brick oven. I find it also a great saving of fuel and labor, and would advise all to adopt it.

M. McCLELLAN.
Carlisle, September 12, 1841.

Messrs. E. Robinson & Co.

Gentlemen.—I have during the few days I have had your Hathaway Hot Air Stove in use become convinced of its great superiority over all other stoves I have used or seen—I find by the trial that boiling, roasting, baking and broiling may all be done at the same time, in a most perfect manner and with less than one fourth the fuel I have ordinarily used for the same purposes. I have heretofore been of the opinion bread could not be well baked in a Cook Stove, but I am convinced upon trial that it can be done as well in your stove as in a brick oven. I believe that the general introduction of your stoves into use will be very beneficial to the public, therefore I shall take pleasure in recommending it to my friends.

WM. MOUDY.
Carlisle, September 13, 1841.

A GRIST MILL AND FARM FOR SALE.

THE subscriber, Executor of the last will and testament of Peter Creamer, late of Southampton township, Cumberland county, dec'd, will offer for sale by public outcry, on the premises, on Friday the 5th of November next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, the following described Real Estate of said deceased, situate part in Cumberland and part in Franklin counties, viz:

ONE HUNDRED & SEVENTY ACRES OF PATENTED LAND, 160 of which is first-rate limestone land, and the balance is excellent slate land—about 100 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, and the residue covered with thriving timber. A portion of the tract is excellent meadow. The improvements are a

A STONE GRIST MILL,
A DOUBLE TWO STORY DWELLING HOUSE PART STONE—STONE BARN—TWO APPLE ORCHARDS, &c. &c.

The Mill, House and Barn, and about 25 acres of the land, are in Cumberland county, and will be offered for sale separate. The balance, 145 acres, is in Franklin county, in two separate tracts, adjoining each other. The whole is situated about 2 miles north-west of Shippensburg, on the Middle Spring—said stream running through the premises. It is one of the most desirable properties in the two counties.

Terms will be made known on the day of sale by

JACOB CREAMER, Jr. Ex'r.
September 9, 1841.

☞ JOHN BRENHOLTZ and his sister CATHARINE, (reported to have been married to *Jacob Riber*,) children of Henry Brenholtz dec'd. or if dead, their heirs will learn something to their interest, by addressing the subscriber at West Chester, Penn'a., postage paid.

NIMROD STRICKLAND.

Valuable Town Property for Sale.

The property of the late John W. L. Hogue, dec'd.

THE subscriber will dispose of at private sale, that valuable property at the corner of Hanover and North streets, in the borough of Carlisle, adjoining Mr. Weibley's Hotel. The property is comprised of a full lot of ground, on which are erected a large

TWO STORY FRAME
WEATHERBOARDED HOUSE,

on Hanover street, and two *Frame Weatherboarded Houses* on North street. The first mentioned building has been for many years occupied as a store and is admirably calculated, from its situation, for public business of any kind. There is also a *Frame Stable* on the premises, and a well of excellent water with a pump in it, at the front door of the large building. There is a large cellar, walled, at the corner of the lot, on which a large building might be erected, (this part, if the purchaser wished to build, he might have possession of immediately.) Possession will be given of the other part of the property on the 1st of April next.

An indisputable title will be given, and terms made easy to the purchaser.

Apply to EZEKIEL BULLOCK.
August 26, 1841. tf

Dr. Swayne's Syrup of Wild Cherry.

CINCINNATTI, February 15, 1840.

DR. SWAYNE—Dear Sir:—Permit me to take the liberty of writing to you at this time to express my approbation, and to recommend to the attention of heads of families and others your invaluable medicine—the Compound Syrup of Prunus Virginiana, or Wild Cherry Bark. In my travels of late I have seen in a great many instances the wonderful effects of your medicine in relieving children of very obstinate complaints, such as Coughing, Wheezing, Choaking of Phlegm, Asthmatic attacks, &c. &c. I should not have written this letter, however, at present, although I have felt it my duty to add my testimony to it for some time, had it not been for a late instance where the medicine above alluded to was instrumental in restoring to almost hopeless, in a family of my acquaintance. "I thank Heaven," said the doating mother, "my child is saved from the jaws of death! O how I feared the relentless ravager! But my child is safe! is safe!"

Beyond doubt Dr Swaynes Wild Cherry Syrup is the most valuable medicine in this or any other country. I am certain I have witnessed more than one hundred cases where it has been attended with complete success. I am using it an obstinate attack of Bronchitis, in which it proved effectual in an exceedingly short time, considering the severity of the case. I can recommend it in the fullest confidence of its superior virtues; I would advise that no family should be without it; it is very pleasant and always beneficial—worth double and often ten times its price. The public are assured there is no quackery about it.

R. JACKSON, D. D.
Formerly Pastor of the 1st Presbyt'n. Ch. N. Y.
September 23, 1841.

AGENTS—J. J. Myers & Co. Carlisle; Martin Lutz, Market street, Harrisbur; G. & R. W. Davis, (254 Market street) and Rev. J. P. Cook, (52 Market street) Baltimore.

Estate of William M. Duncan, dec'd.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of William M. Duncan, late of Southampton township, Cumberland county, dec'd, have been issued to the subscriber residing in the same township: All persons knowing themselves indebted in any way to said estate are requested to make payment immediately, and those having claims to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

WILLIAM G. DUNCAN, Adm'r.
September 16, 1841. 6t*

Orphans' Court Sale.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans Court of Cumberland county, will be sold on the premises, by public vendue on Friday the 15th day of October next, at 12 o'clock, noon, the following Mill property, late the estate of Martin Brandt, jr. of Monroe township, in said county, dec'd., viz:

All that mill tract of land situate on the Yellow Breeches Creek, in said township of Monroe, bounded by lands of Jos. Latshaw, Adam Brandt, Christian Lemer and Brandt's heirs, containing 10 acres and 23 perches strict measure. The improvements are a

CHOPPING & CLOVER MILL, SAW-MILL, TWO STORY
DWELLING HOUSE,

a large double Log Barn, a two story Tenant House, a Stable and other outbuildings. There is a first rate Orchard of choice fruit on the premises, and a well of excellent water at the house. The water power is very strong and is surpassed by none on the Yellow Breeches creek, being much more than sufficient for the mills now on the property. It is situated on the road leading from York to Carlisle where the road crosses the creek.

Also a tract of Mountain Land nearly adjoining the said mill tract, situate in said township, bounded by lands of Adam Brandt and others, containing 42 acres and 32 perches and allowance. This land is well covered with Chesnut, Pine and Oak timber.

The terms of sale will be made known on the day thereof by

JACOB GROFF,
DAVID BENDER,
Admr's. of Martin Brandt, dec'd.
September 16, 1841.

Orphans' Court Sale.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Cumberland county, will be sold by the subscriber by public vendue on the premises on Friday the 15th day of October next, two undivided sixth parts of the following real estate, the property of Martin Brandt, Jr's. heirs, viz:

All that plantation or tract of land situate in Monroe township, in said county, bounded by lands of Robert Cook's heirs, Joseph Brandt, Joseph Latshaw and others, containing

150 ACRES,

more or less, of which about 20 acres are good timber land, and the residue cleared, under substantial fence and in excellent cultivation. The land bounds on the Yellow Breeches creek, and has a large quantity of locust timber growing on it.

The sale will take place on the same day that the administrators of Martin Brandt, jr. sell the mills of said Martin which adjoin this property and the other four heirs of said Martin will sell a, the same time their interests in the above plantation, so that the purchaser can procure a good title to the whole thereof.

JACOB BELSHOOVER.
Guardian of Henry & Sarah Brandt.
September 16, 1841.

DR. WILLIAM IRVIN,

OFFICE and Dwelling in East High street, next door to Rev. J. V. E. Thorn.
Carlisle, August 12, 1841. tf

Orphans' Court Sale.

By order of the Orphans' Court of Cumberland county, the subscriber will expose to public sale, on the premises, on Wednesday the 20th day of October next, at 11 o'clock, A. M. the following described real estate, to wit:

A tract of part LIMESTONE and SLATE LAND, situate in North Middleton township, Cumberland county, bounded by the Conodoguinet creek, lands of Abraham Lamberton, Zeigler's heirs and others, containing 239 Acres and 27 perches, strict measure, having thereon erected a two story

BRICK AND STONE HOUSE,
FRAME BARN & STABLE, &c.

There is a never failing spring on the premises, and a good well of water with a pump. About 60 acres of this farm are covered with thriving timber.

Terms—Two hundred dollars of the purchase money to be paid on the confirmation of the sale, and the balance in three equal instalments, to wit: One third thereof to be paid on the 1st of April, 1842, when possession of said property will be given—one third thereof on the 1st of April, 1843, and one third thereof on the 1st of April, 1844.—The whole to be secured by recognizances in the Orphans' Court with approved security. The fall grain that shall be growing on the premises at the time of sale to go to the purchaser, excepting the share of the tenant which is expressly reserved to him. No part of the corn crop now growing on the land is to go to the purchaser.

JOSEPH SHROM, jr.
Adm'r. of Joseph Shrom, sr. dec'd.
September 23, 1841. ts

A VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.

THE subscriber intending to remove to the west, will dispose of at public sale, on the premises, on Saturday the 30th of October next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., a first rate farm of prime land, situate in South Middleton township, about two miles south of Carlisle, containing 100 acres of

PATENTED LIMESTONE LAND,

80 acres of which is cleared, and the residue covered with thriving young timber.

STONE HOUSE AND KITCHEN;
AND A DOUBLE LOG BARN,

weatherboarded, There is also a thriving young Orchard of choice fruit trees.

The Bony Brook Spring rises on this farm, a few rods from the house, which ensures a never failing supply of water to the house, and also to the cattle from every field on the farm.

The whole is under good fence and in a high state of cultivation. A clear and indisputable title will be given, and the payments made to suit purchasers.

ANDREW OATMAN.
September 23, 1841.

From the New York Sun, Extra, September 26.

Horrible Murder!

On Friday week Mr. Samuel Adams, a highly respectable printer, residing at No. 11 Elizabeth street, of the firm of Scrathard & Adams, of No. 59 Gold street, suddenly and mysteriously disappeared. He was a man of regular habits. He was advertised, but nothing has been heard of him. On the evening of his disappearance, the occupants of the upper stories of the large granite building, corner of Broadway and Chambers, were disturbed by mysterious noise and scuffling in the room of a tenant named J. C. Colt, the author of a new system of book-keeping.

A gentleman named Wheeler, teacher of penmanship, occupying a room adjoining Colt's suspecting foul play, looked through the key-hole of Colt's door, and saw Colt washing the floor. At a late hour looking again, he saw him similarly occupied. He ordered his young man to watch until Colt went out. Colt stayed all night in his room and was constantly employed. In the morning Colt went out and employed a carman, to whom he delivered a box of sufficient size to hold a man, directed to some one at St. Louis via New Orleans. The young man had not the wit to follow, but reported the circumstances to his employer.

The gentleman alluded to, some time afterwards, seeing the advertisement of the mysterious disappearance of Mr. Adams, made some inquiries, and ascertained that Mr. A. was then executing (or had previously executed) printing for Colt to a considerable amount, and was in the habit of often calling at Colt's rooms. This confirmed his suspicions that foul murder had been done on the Friday night above named, and he communicated the whole circumstances to Mayor Morris. Colt was arrested on Thursday. He denies being in the room on the night in question, and sending away the box, or knowing any thing of it or its contents.

We have since learned more full particulars, and the above statement is somewhat incorrect:

The facts, as far as we can gather, are these—Mr. Colt is the author of an able work on book-keeping, and the brother of the inventor of Colt's celebrated fire arms. He hired a room on the second floor of the granite building corner of Chambers street and Broadway. The room is the second room from Broadway, and windows face Chamber street.

On the night of Friday the 17th instant, the gentleman occupying the adjoining room heard, with others, a noise as if some person falling, and fancied some persons were fencing with foils, and one of them had fallen. The parties waited, expecting to hear a laugh, but from that moment a most profound and death-like silence followed. Surprised at the circumstance, the gentlemen knocked several times at Colt's door, but no answer was given.

On the following morning, a large box was observed by many of the inmates of the granite building, standing in the entry.—Some in the upper part of the building thought at first it was for some of them, as it was about the length to contain two full sized busts. Observing, however, that it was directed to St. Louis via New Orleans, they saw that it was going from the building, not that it had come to it. Other persons in the building, who knew that Colt had only taken the rooms for a short time, thought he was removing. The box was removed between half past 8 and 10 a. m. on Saturday the 18th.

The gentleman, who heard the noise spoken of, thought no more of it, until he saw the advertisement of Mr. Adams' disappearance. On mentioning it to another person, a female said that Mr. Colt was indebted to Mr. Adams. (The sum we understood to be $200, and for printing this identical work on book-keeping.) The conviction flashed upon the mind of this gentleman that Mr. Adams was murdered on the night in question, and he proceeded to acquaint the Mayor of the facts. Upon searching Colt's room, a glass was found shattered—a hatchet, the handle of which was newly scraped with broken glass—the end of the handle of the axe was covered over with ink.

The wall was spotted with ink, as we conceive, to conceal or obliterate the marks of blood. A portion of the floor of the room had been sawn away by the officers and carried to the mayor's office. On the examination of Colt, he said he made a box to hold his trunk, out of a large box which he had to hold his stationery. This statement he probably made to account for the use he had for tools, which he borrowed from some person in the building. He says that the box not answering, he threw the wood out of the window into the street.

In consequence of the discovery of these facts the Mayor advertised for the carman who had carried the box and who Mr. Godfrey, Superintendent of Hacks, discovered on Saturday night.—He was taken before the Mayor, where he stated that Mr. Colt had employed and paid him to carry a box from his room corner of Broadway and Chambers street, to the ship Kalamazoo, lying at foot of Maiden lane, on the morning of the 18th inst. and that he had delivered it there accordingly.

In consequence of this the Mayor despatched Messrs. Swan and Waldron on board the vessel, and the hatches, which had been closed to be opened, and on Sunday afternoon, about one o'clock, the box was found and brought on deck. On opening it, the body of Mr. Adams, with only his shirt on, was found therein, packed round tightly with salt, and an awning wrapped round the whole, and then the box nailed up. It was conveyed to the dead-house in the Park, and the coroner called to hold the inquest.—Justice Taylor, of the upper police, (who, with the Mayor and officers above named, have been indefatigable in ferreting out the authors of this horrid murder) discovered the woman kept by Colt, and in her possession, found the watch of Mr. Adams.

Thus this affair of blood is revealed, and the guilty author known, and justice about to be satisfied.

A Statement of the Case of Col. Grogan.

Correspondence of the Albany Evening Journal.

ST. ALBANS, Sept. 22, 1841.

Dear Sir—An outrage has recently been perpetrated in our vicinity, by soldiers from the Canada side of the line, which, I fear, may lead to very serious consequences. I have taken much pains to obtain exact and accurate information on the subject, and I believe you may rely upon the following statement as being entirely correct:

On the night of Sunday the 19th instant, at about 2 o'clock, a band of armed men, composed of volunteers and dragoons from Clarenceville and Missisquoi Bay, in Canada, came across the line to the house of a Mr. William Brown, who resides in Alburgh in this State, about three miles south of the Canada line. The first that Mr. Brown knew of their approach was, that his house was entered by a body of men, and that two of them were standing with their guns and bayonets by his bed room door. Upon rising from his bed and attempting to go into the other room, they presented their guns and told him with oaths that they would blow him through if he attempted to go out. In a moment more he heard the tramp of men in the adjoining bed-room and voices exclaiming, 'Here he is! here he is! run him through! damn him! blow his brains out!" and such like expressions. It was the room in which Mr. Grogan was sleeping—a struggle followed, and a sound was heard as of a man who was gagged or choking. In a minute more Grogan was dragged out of the room and the house and thrown into a wagon, and the whole band drove off, carrying him with them to Canada. As he was dragged by the bed-room door, Mr. Brown saw him—he appeared helpless or lifeless—his head was hanging on his shoulder like a corpse, (probably stunned by a blow or some other violence,) and a handkerchief was stuffed into his mouth. Not more than five minutes had elapsed from the time they broke into the house till they had completed their work of violence and driven off. The number of men is estimated at from twelve to twenty—there were two wagon loads of them—and they were all armed with guns, bayonets, &c. In their haste to be gone they left behind them a bayonet, a hat, and a white handkerchief. The next morning early, a dragoon was seen riding not far from the house, as if looking for something he had lost, but upon being discovered he rode off.

One of our citizens, who was at Clarenceville the next morning (Monday) saw Grogan there—he was done up in a buffalo skin, and appeared much bruised about his face. From Clarenceville he was taken to Missisquoi Bay, where he was again seen by the same gentleman. There he was surrounded by a band of soldiers. From the Bay he was taken to St. Johns, on his way to Montreal; and there is a report that he was so much injured as to be unable to go further than St. Johns, but of this I am unable to ascertain the correctness.

In 1837 and '38, Grogan resided near Clarenceville, a few miles north of the line. He took no part in the rebellion, but refused to enlist or do service in the Canadian militia. For this he was suspected. A mob of his more loyal and violent neighbors attacked him and drove him over the line into Alburgh, threatening his life if he returned.—He, however, returned to his family, and the next time he and his wife and children were driven at the point of the bayonet over the line, and his house was plundered and burnt by the mob. This, if I mistake not, was the first of "the burning on the frontier." Soon after a house was burnt near Clarenceville, and gross outrages offered to some of the family. The Canadians attributed this outrage to Grogan and some of his comrades, and have ever since threatened to have their revenge—and, probably, the outrage of Sunday night was enacted in order to seize him and carry him to Montreal for trial upon the old charge.

Grogan is, I believe, an American born citizen, although for a number of years prior to the rebellion, he resided in Canada. For the last year he has resided at Lockport in your State, and was here at this time solely on business to prepare for trial a lawsuit, which is to be tried at the present term of our county Court.

The afternoon before the outrage, two Canadians from the other side of the line, who were or had been volunteers, were in company with Grogan at Alburgh; they appeared very friendly; offered to drink with him, &c. &c. At night, when Grogan left, they were observed to go after him, and followed him to within half a mile of Brown's when they turned and went north towards Canada. The name of one of them is Irish, the other Pardoe. One of them, it is said, I know not on what authority, drove the wagon that brought Grogan to Clarenceville.—There is no doubt that they were at Alburgh to watch his movements.

There is a report, but as yet we have no sufficient proof of its correctness, that Capt. Jones, who commands the dragoons at Missisquoi Bay, involve men in authority, "her Majesty's officers," in a serious crime. Will her Majesty assume the responsibility of this outrage? I do not believe it. On the contrary, I think, as soon as the facts are made known to the proper authorities in Canada, that Grogan will be released, and that Capt. Jones may find his lawless outrages recoiling on himself.

As soon as the outrage was known in our village, on Monday, a meeting was held on the subject. There was a feeling of deep excitement and indignation, but no propositions were made or language used that were calculated to inflame the public mind to acts of rashness or retaliation. A committee was appointed to go to Alburgh and ascertain the facts, while the transaction was yet fresh and the evidence on hand.—They went and returned on Tuesday; and last evening at a public meeting, the depositions of Mr. and Mrs. Brown, of their son and two other persons (all respectable and credible witnesses) were read to the meeting.

THE McLEOD CASE.

Mackenzie, the Canadian insurgent, says in his Volunteer:

"The greatest difficulty will arise from the unwillingness of resident Canadian witnesses, of whom many know McLeod to have been at Schlosser, to come forward and prove it at Utica. In Canada there are no political privileges, the name is a mockery; hence there can be no personal rights. Ambassador Fox denounced the witnesses at Lockport as perjured, villainous out-laws; the Canadian press subservient to the power that gives it existence, cursed them, and urged the loyalists to take vengeance on them, and *I know* that excellent, trust-worthy men, capable of proving the whole matter, have been personally threatened, while others are in fear of declaring what they know, lest their brains be knocked out, The English Government must go to war, or knock under as empty braggarts, if McLeod is convicted; and the unexpected attitude of this state, the undaunted, fearless, and manly course pursued by the Supreme Court, puzzles their ablest statesmen. The editor of the Niagara Chronicle, a few days ago, stated that he had just received a letter from McLeod in Utica, hoping that the trial would be put back again, and carried in the United States Courts. Why should McLeod seek to shun a trial? why should he have tried by appeals to get off without a public investigation, after a grand jury had stamped a murder indictment on his forehead! Is this like innocence? And if guilty, let him be convicted, and England knock under, for upholding midnight assassination, in the hope of frightening the American people.

A MONOMANIAC.—There is now living in Milton, Mass., an elderly man, named Bent, who labors under the hallucination that he has not breathed for ten years, and that he has in his stomach a live rattlesnake. He imagines that he will never die as long as the snake remains in him. He is of a very religious turn of mind—with an amiable temper and communicative disposition.

Great sale of Woodland.

Will be sold on Saturday the 23d day of October next, at the public house of Jacob Trego, in Dickinson township, Cumberland county, about 2000 Acres of Prime Woodland in lots of from 50 to 100 acres. The land is situate along the south mountain, adjoining Cumberland Furnace lands on the west, Pine Grove lands on the south, Holly Lands on the east, and lands of Emanuel Line, John Coover, Phillip Spangler, George Beetem and others, on the north. The above described land is well covered with Chesnut, Pine and other timber, and would be well worth the attention of the farmers in the neighborhood. The conditions will be moderate, and an indisputable title given.

A. G. EGE.
Carlisle, September 23, 1841.

Wood Wanted.