

**To the Democracy of Cumberland County.**

**FELLOW CITIZENS:**

If there be one subject more interesting to an American citizen than another, that subject is politics. There is none in which every individual is more deeply concerned, or which may with greater correctness be considered as a common property. And so peculiar nature of our governmental institutions makes their permanency and utility depend upon the action of the people, to them belongs the weighty responsibility of determining whether the machinery of government shall preserve a healthy operation, or be wielded to the silent, but fatal destruction of those immunities, the attainment of which was the paramount object of our Revolutionary struggle. Every citizen rests under an imperious obligation to discharge fully and faithfully, every duty which his relation to society demands; and among these duties none is of more importance, than the due and intelligent exercise of the right of suffrage; because, in our country, it is a lever more potent than the one for which Archimedes sighed. But, not only ought each man in the community to exercise this right, but he ought to exercise it in such a manner as to answer the great end of its bestowment. And this can only be done by a careful regard to the tendencies of the times, and by a judicious selection of those who are to watch over our interests, and whose duty it will be to make and administer the laws.

Does there exist now an urgent necessity for this cautious circumspection? The present period is fraught with mighty interest to all who are concerned for the honor of our State, and who are solicitous to preserve unimpaired the rich legacy bequeathed to us by the founders of our Republic. The history of the last few years bears abundant and startling evidence of the fact, that the unholty acts and foul machinations of an unprincipled opposition, are bent with giant-like strength to prostrate the sovereignty of the people—the only main-stay of our Government. The sacred institutions which form the rock of our defence and protection have been assailed with ferocity and malignance unexampled in the history of our country. In the attack, defeated, but not crushed, the same corrupt and desperate faction which in '38 strove to conquer the clear, manifest, and unequivocal voice of the people by "buckshot and ball," have rallied under a leader, who hugs to his bosom the dark principles of Federalism with devotional fervor. Leagued together by the bonds of interest, and impelled onward by a reckless spirit of plunder; the heterogeneous mass composing the opposition have tried every nefarious plan, and resorted to every flagitious scheme, to defeat the popular will, and to establish upon its darkened ruins the hated and repulsive edifice which shelters a Pretorian band—a licentious and pampered crew—who are ever willing to prostitute the prerogatives of power to the most venal and abandoned bidders. Identified with a class of principles which are at war with the public weal—full of intrigue, duplicity and partiality—devoted to exclusive privileges and open to corruption—how is it possible for them to pursue that course which is in keeping with the harmony of our institutions, and which is demanded by the honest and unsophisticated lover of his country!

The past conduct of those with whom we have now to do battle, is the best criterion by which we can decide what would be the nature and effects of their future actions. Now, as it is that part of wisdom to cultivate assiduously what is beneficial, and to carefully avoid what is injurious, there can be no difficulty in coming to a conclusion in relation to whom we shall support. Have the measures of Joseph Ritner's administration, dictated by the pensioned mercenaries of a reckless system of plunder, which under the imposing garb of legal institutions has cast blight and mildew over the land, been productive in beneficial consequences to the industry and enterprise of Pennsylvania? Has the chartering of the fetid harlot, the U. S. Bank, answered the ends contemplated? Do not the distress, the confusion and dismay which now reign triumphant, tell in thunder tones, that that measure was planned in weakness, and consummated by the most damning and polluted corruption? In this act, and in every other one of that infamous administration, the high and imperative duty which rests upon those in power, was forgotten or disregarded—to wit: the promotion of the public welfare. The same men, who in 1838, were spurned by the people with holy horror from the seat of power, are now clamoring for a return. They ask you to sanction by your suffrages, the iniquities which they then perpetuated, and to aid them in grasping the reins of power that they may pander to their ambitious lust for office—that treachery and treason may be seen in high places—and that the noble "Keystone State" may be despoiled and degraded. Can it be, fellow citizens, that their desires will be acceded to? Can it be that the faithful, vigilant, untiring, and patriotic individual, under whose banner, you in the last gubernatorial campaign, drove the Vandal hordes from the Capitol, shall be deserted for traitors, plunderers, knaves and Tories? Shall he whose every aspiration is for the extension of popular right and the destruction of aristocratic monopolies, be abandoned for John Banks, the weak, miserable tool of "Thaddeus of Tanenwren's memory"—the aristocratic, truckling and measureless villain of the "Missionary fund"—the minion of the god-father of the chaste Peggy Beatty, the intelligent yellow boy John, and the conscientious Stonebreaker, be permitted to grasp in his unconscionable hand the sacred sceptre of Pennsylvania's power? No—the voice of the people will forbid it. Let us, fellow citizens, say no—and back the prohibition by giving our present worthy and popular Governor, DAVID RITNER, FOUR MILLIONS OF DOLLARS!

LEMUEL TODD,  
JOHN MOORE, (D.)  
FRANCIS ECKELS,  
ABRAHAM LAMBERTON,  
JAMES WALLACE,  
I. W. SNOWDEN,  
JOSEPH P. NEVIN.

from the thralldom of Federal sway. Too long have we been compelled to submit to the tyrannical domination of men, sold to the money changers—men, whose actions, principles, and lives, exhibit no trait calculated to win our esteem or confidence. This evil—for it is a grievous one—can be remedied by an ardent and cordial support of the democratic candidates for a seat in the Senate, JAMES M. McLELLAN and WILLIAM R. GONZALES. Imbuing in infancy, when the heart is free from the trammels of selfishness, a devoted attachment to Jeffersonian principles, they have adhered to them up till the present moment; never wavering, never doubting their truth, never flinching in the darkest hour from a fearless and manly support of them. Gifted with talents which peculiarly fit them to watch over and guard the interests of the people, they will be found at all times ready and able to do good service. For these men, who embody every requisite necessary to constitute able and trustworthy democratic Senators, we ask your warm and energetic support.

We beg leave to call your particular attention to the nominations made by your delegates in County Convention. Never before, perhaps, have the Democracy been called upon to sustain a ticket more worthy of their support and confidence. Every man on it bears a character for integrity and sterling worth, which is the surest guarantee that they will make honest and indefatigable efforts. Our nominees for the Assembly, WILLIAM BARR and JOSEPH CULVER, are peculiarly fitted to fill the stations for which the partiality of the people, who always reward merit, intends them. Fresh from your ranks, they are acquainted with your wants, and sympathize with your feelings. Consistent in their political course—unwavering in their adherence to the democratic cause—endowed with intelligence and anxious to devise and aid in the execution of measures which will be promotive of the public peace and prosperity, and destructive of those measures which tend only to embarrassment and public immorality—possessing these elements of character, they cannot fail to be invaluable representatives.

The remainder of the ticket, consisting of WILLIAM M. MATHER, for Treasurer; JACOB RITNER, for Commissioner; PETER BARNHART, for Auditor; SAMUEL GRAMER, for Sheriff; and Col. JAMES VEDD, for Justice of the Peace, are all men of high character, and possess every qualification necessary for the discharge of their respective duties. They are all working men, farmers and mechanics, who have learned by actual and hard experience what are the wants, and what are the desires of the laborer. Trained up in the rigid school of simplicity and economy, they have no acquaintance with those luxuries and indulgences which render obtuse the moral perceptions, and lead inevitably to an infringement of obligation and an abandonment of previously entertained wholesome principles. These are men on whom the people can depend. These are the honest, true-hearted, incorruptible democrats, for whom gold can have no charms, when it is to be obtained by the sacrifice of honor and of a good conscience. Had such men always been chosen by the people to guard and protect their interests from assault, we never should have had to rejoice over the final extinction of the "Monster," nor been compelled to bow down under its lash, and patiently endure all the ills which spring from its pollution and ruthless tyranny.

The ticket is before you. With you rests its fate. Will the democracy of "Old Mother Cumberland" stand fast by their ancient principles and usages, and in this position triumph—or will they indulge in inaction, and suffer the enemy to bear off the standard of victory? If ever there existed a time in which high and holy motives called upon you to be united in your efforts, and zealous in your endeavors, to break down the battlements of the enemy, that period is now upon you. Every element antagonistic to Democratic supremacy has been brought into active play, in order to re-establish those measures which you have heretofore declared were abhorrent to the welfare of Pennsylvania; and which have been found by actual experience, to exert a pestilential influence upon the prosperity of the country, and to have a dangerous proclivity towards the polluting of the moral atmosphere, and the production of crime, poverty and woe. Can it be, that you will quietly stand by and see these threatened, disastrous consequences looming darkly up, and not make a strenuous effort to ward them off! We call upon you by your love of country, by your devotion to liberal principles, by your own true interests, to arouse from your lethargy and do battle for the good cause. We call upon you to sacrifice, with that patriotic ardor peculiar to freemen, your personal predilections and sectional feelings and prejudices. Remember, the contest is not for men—but for principles—not for the sole interest of one small district of country—but for the welfare of the county—the prosperity of the State.

LEMUEL TODD,  
JOHN MOORE, (D.)  
FRANCIS ECKELS,  
ABRAHAM LAMBERTON,  
JAMES WALLACE,  
I. W. SNOWDEN,  
JOSEPH P. NEVIN.

From the State Capital Gazette.  
**ESTABLISHED FACTS.**  
We have established the fact that when Governor Ritner retired from office, he admitted in his farewell message to the Legislature that the Commonwealth was "INSOLVENT!" Connected with this important fact, we proved, by reference to official documents, that Governor Ritner received upwards of SIX MILLIONS OF DOLLARS during his twelve years official career, which he managed to expend, somehow or other, and did not complete a single mile of canal or railroad.

2d.—That, in addition to having expended the amount mentioned, he left his successor, DAVID R. PORTER, a debt to pay, to begin his administration with, of upwards of FOUR MILLIONS OF DOLLARS!  
3d.—That he had contracted, and should under his successor, a debt which must be paid in process of time, of upwards of SEVENTEEN MILLIONS OF DOLLARS!  
4th.—That immediately upon entering upon the duties of his office, GOVERNOR PORTER, by message to the Legislature, made known to them and to the whole people, that the "creditors of the State were

**knocking at the door of an empty Treasury.**

5th.—That Governor PORTER, aware of the alarming condition the State had been placed in by the unwise and injudicious acts of his predecessor, recommended to the Legislature a suspension of some, and a total abandonment of many, of the unprofitable works put under contract by RITNER and his reckless advisers.  
6th.—That the Legislature, a majority of them being Federalists, having disregarded his economical and judicious recommendations, PORTER was constrained to resort to the veto power, and thus arrested the useless expenditure of upwards of TEN MILLIONS OF DOLLARS.

7th.—That by placing his VETO on the GETTYSBURG RAIL ROAD, alias TAPE WORM, he saved the State, in that single instance, an amount of money equal to, at least, TWO AND A HALF MILLIONS.  
8th.—That his predecessor, JOSEPH RITNER, having left the Treasury of the State empty, Governor PORTER, by his wise, judicious and economical measures, has managed to preserve unbroken and unimpaired, the FAITH and CREDIT of the State, without, in the slightest degree, oppressing his fellow citizens.

9th.—That no NEW PUBLIC WORK has been commenced by Governor PORTER, and that every dollar of debt incurred by the State since Governor Wolf's time, was incurred by JOSEPH RITNER; and that he, and his reckless band of official agents, are alone answerable for the difficulties the State is now laboring under, and has been laboring under since the passage of the U. S. Bank Bill.

10th.—That ALL THE PUBLIC WORKS NOW UNDER CONTRACT, and in progress of completion, were placed under contract by GOV. RITNER, under the provisions of the act incorporating the (now dead) Bank of the United States! This fact speaks volumes of itself, and scatters to the four winds of Heaven the charge of extravagance, and "astounding increase of the PUBLIC DEBT," made against DR PORTER. It is to us a matter of sincere pride, that having had our attention directed to the PUBLIC DEBT by the misrepresentations and wilful falsehoods of the BANKS party, we have succeeded in silencing, by UNDENIABLE OFFICIAL PROOFS, the principal battery of a "seamy sheet" against our present energetic, patriotic, and economical Chief Magistrate. No attempt has been made to refute our arguments and our proofs! Desperate and reckless as the Federal pipe-layers are known to be, they have not attempted to meet our facts; even by a naked denial! Bear this in mind, fellow citizens, and go to the polls with hearts resolved and hands prepared to sustain patriotic worth, and unimpeachable HONESTY, in whose person soever they may be found; and by voting for DAVID R. PORTER you are certain of making no mistake. Remember, we beseech you, "he is wise to no purpose who is not wise to himself." The three years misrule of JOSEPH RITNER you are feeling the effects of—be, therefore, wise to yourselves, and save the State from everlasting disgrace, by preventing THADDEUS STEVENS from again ruling you in the person of JOHN BANKS. It is pretty clear, in case an infatuated people should elect Lawyer BANKS, he is to be the Secretary of State, at least he is to be *one* of the Cabinet! We need not assure you that Governor PORTER is not a "puppet" moved by wires in the hands of others; he is familiar with his independent bearing, and energetic character, and being the descendant of one of those who "in freedom's sake rushed upon the sword," in his hands your liberties are safe. TO THE POLLS, THEN, and do your duty, with the alacrity and determination of men who live "not for themselves ALONE, but for their COUNTRY!"

**Federal Falsehoods!**  
1.—IT IS AN INFAMOUS LIE, that David R. Porter ever received a single dollar from the United States Bank, or any other Bank, for any purpose of his own whatever. This is an assertion which none but a consummate KNAVE would utter, and none but an egregious ASS believe.  
2.—IT IS AN INFAMOUS LIE, that Ovid F. Johnson, the Attorney General, or the President of the State Bank, or any other Bank, a single farthing of the signature of EVERY FEDERALIST, in the last Legislature, in which they say: "If your credit is due for the signature of EVERY FEDERALIST OF IT IS DUE TO THE EXECUTIVE."  
3.—IT IS AN INFAMOUS LIE, that Governor Porter has been the means of increasing the State Debt. Every dollar of money authorized to be borrowed since his inauguration, was appropriated to the payment of debts CONTRACTED BY JOSEPH RITNER, in the personification of the GETTYSBURG TAPEWORM, HUNTINGDON BREACH, BUCKSHOT WAR, and other works of similar public utility.

4.—IT IS AN INFAMOUS LIE, that any of the friends of Gov. Porter "despair of his election." On the contrary, they deem his success as placed beyond the possibility of doubt, as much so as though they held the "bond of fate."  
These five infamous, unscrupulous, ignominious, and dastardly LIES, are now disseminated far and wide by the "pestiferous blackguards" who control the Federal presses in Pennsylvania. They are a piece of the lying and perjured Peggy Beatty and John Stonebreaker affidavits concocted and circulated by the same abandoned instruments during the campaign of 1838.

5.—We advise these federal falseifiers and retailers of petty scandal, in sober earnestness to pause and reflect upon the evil consequences of their infamy. We recommend them, one and all, to take to heart the Scriptural denunciation pronounced against them of their kidney in Revelations, 31st chapter, 8th verse: "ALL LIARS shall have their portion in the LAKE which burneth with FIRE and BRIMSTONE." When they rest upon their pillows in the dead of night, and the pangs of troubled conscience disturb their slumbers, let them reflect upon this terrible anathema, and tremble for the future.—Yaman.

**Flour Mills.**—There are at Rochester, N. Y., twenty flouring mills, with about one hundred run stones, which manufacture annually five hundred thousand barrels of flour. One mill turns out five hundred barrels a day.

**The McLellan Case.**—It is stated that the panel of jurors made out for the trial of McLellan, consists of several Quakers and others, who are disposed to look at the matter in a light the most favorable for McLellan.



**E. ROBINSON & CO.**  
HAVE located in Carlisle for the purpose of manufacturing and selling Hathaway's Patent Hot Air Cooking Stoves, and being aware that people in this place and vicinity have been much imposed upon by the introduction of new and highly recommended articles which they have been induced to purchase, and which have been so slightly made, and of such bad material, that in a short time they have failed and become useless. We therefore do not intend offering stoves for sale until they are fairly tried in this community, and pronounced more durable in their construction, and better adapted to the purposes of boiling, baking and all the varieties of cooking, — also that they are a great saving of fuel as well as labor.

We earnestly invite farmers as well as residents of this place and the neighboring villages to call on us at S. Wunderlich's hotel, or notify us by letter (postage unpaid) that they are willing to try our stove, and the stove shall be placed in the kitchen of every person giving us such notice, and taken away after trial, without any expense to persons making the trial.

Having contracted for 100 tons of castings, we will, in a few days supply stove dealers with all the different sizes, on the most liberal terms. Eleazer Robinson of Carlisle, is agent for selling the right to make and vend the Hot Air Stoves, and will dispose of counties in this and the adjoining States.

We publish the following recommendations from some of those who are using the stove to encourage their countrymen to give it a trial: "I have used your Patent Hot Air Cook Stoves, No. 3, and do recommend it as superior to any stove I have seen. The great saving of fuel and the variety that can be cooking at the same time, makes it an object to those who wish to facilitate the operations of the kitchen."  
—J. CULBERTSON, Chamberburg, September 6, 1841.

"I have used in my kitchen one of Hathaway's Patent Hot Air Cooking Stoves, and can recommend it as a very superior article. The one I have is No. 3, it has 5 boilers and an oven sufficiently large to bake 6 loaves of bread. The baking, roasting and boiling can be done at the same time and with much less wood than required for any stove I have ever used. This stove appears to be peculiarly calculated for Farmers, and for their benefit I invite them to call and see this stove in use, as I shall take pleasure in showing the stove to those who wish to see it."  
—S. WUNDERLICH, Carlisle, September 12, 1841.

Messrs. E. Robinson & Co. Gentlemen—I have fairly tested the "Hot Air Stoves" which you put up at my house and can recommend it as possessing principles of economy and convenience far surpassing any other stoves I have ever seen. The boiler coming in immediate contact with the fire gives it great facilities for boiling, and the oven is heated on such a principle that bread is baked in as fine a manner as in a brick oven. I find it also a great saving of fuel and labor, and would advise all to adopt it."  
—M. McLELLAN, Carlisle, September 12, 1841.

Messrs. E. Robinson & Co. Gentlemen—I have during the few days I have had your Hathaway Hot Air Stove in use become convinced of its great superiority over all other stoves I have used or seen—I find by the trial that boiling, roasting, baking and broiling may all be done at the same time in a most perfect manner, and with less than one fourth the fuel I have ordinarily used for the same purposes. I have heretofore been of the opinion bread could not be well baked in a Cook Stove, but I am convinced upon trial that it can be done as well in your stove as in a brick oven. I believe that the general introduction and use of your stoves will be very beneficial to the public welfare. I shall take pleasure in recommending it to my friends.  
—WM. MOUDY, Carlisle, September 13, 1841.

**PRIVATE SALE.**  
THE subscribers offer private sale a first rate Limestone Plantation, late property of James Neely, Esq. dec'd, situate in Dickinson township, Cumberland county, bounded by lands of Andrew Carothers, John Woodburn, Samuel Houston and others, containing 240 acres, more or less—about two thirds of which is cleared, in excellent cultivation and under good fence, the remaining third is "Timber Land." The improvements thereon are a large two story

**DWELLING HOUSE AND KITCHEN.**  
**A LARGE BRICK BARN.**  
Wagon shed, and other outbuildings, and a well of good water.  
There is in the premises a good Apple Orchard and other fruit trees, also a large Pool of water that has scarcely ever been known to go dry.  
If the above property is not sold before Saturday the 23d of October, other notice will then be given of its disposal. The terms will then be made known.

**SAMUEL BOYD, ROBT. LEMMONS, M. BOYD.**  
N. B. Any information respecting the property can be had of Mr. Vickes, on the premises, of Wm M Biddle, Esq. of Carlisle, or of Samuel Boyd, (one of the owners) near Columbia, Lancaster Co. Pa.  
September 16, 1841.

**In the Court of Common Pleas of Cumberland County.**  
9th August, 1841: Upon the petition of Jacob Stough, one of the Assignees of David Bell, the court grant a rule to show cause why he should not be dismissed from the trust confided to him under a voluntary Deed of Assignment to be argued at next November term, of which all persons interested will take notice.  
By the Court,  
GEO. SANDERSON Proth'y.  
September 16, 1841.

**In the Court of Common Pleas of Cumberland County.**  
12th August, 1841: Upon the petition of William Blean, one of the assignees of David Bell, the court grant a rule to show cause why he should not be discharged from the trust confided to him under a voluntary Deed of Assignment, to be argued at next November term, of which all persons interested will take notice.  
By the Court,  
GEO. SANDERSON, Proth'y.  
September 16, 1841.

**AUDITOR'S NOTICE.**  
THE subscriber who was appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Cumberland county, to make distribution to the creditors of William B. Milligan, of the assets in the hands of Scott Coyle, Alexander M. Kerr and Jacob Myers, his trustees, under a Domestic Attachment, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in Carlisle on Monday the 18th day of October 1841, when and where the said creditors may make presentation of their respective claims.  
S. DUNLAP ADAIR.  
September 9, 1841.

**NEW GOODS.**  
THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has just returned from the city and is now opening a large and splendid assortment of  
**DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,**  
China, Glass and Queensware.  
All of which he will sell very cheap for cash; the public are invited to call and examine his stock, next door to McClellan's Hotel.  
JOHN A. PEPPER.  
Carlisle, Sept. 9, 1841.

**BARGAINS! BARGAINS! CLIPPINGER & CAREY**  
Have just received at their old stand near the Rail Road, and directly opposite Mr. R. Cochran's Hotel, a very full and rich assortment of  
**FALL & WINTER GOODS,**  
among which are superfine and common blue, dahlia, black, invisible and bottle green, wool dyed black, London brown, olive and mixed, plain, diamond beaver and pilot

**CLOTHS,**  
of a variety of colors and qualities; a very full assortment of Merinos, Musline de Laines & Saxonia; a very large assortment of Satinets and Cassimeres; Merino, Broche, Taglioni, McGregory, Chene, Silk and Cotton  
**Shawls & Handkerchiefs:**  
Cotton, Worsted, Minno, Lambswool and Silk HOSIERY; Back, Beaver, Berlin; Woollen and Worsted lined and unlined GLOVES; Silk, Kid, Mohair, Chene and Cotton GLOVES and MITTS; a very large and beautiful assortment of  
**Fall and winter Ribbons,**  
of the very latest style; Thread Lace and Edgings of all widths and prices; Black Italian Luteingins, Gro de Rhe, Gro de S, Gro de Sw and Rept. SILKS; Chene, rib'd, and plain Gro de Afrique for Bonnets; Lughorn, Plounee, Braid and English Straw BONNETS; Mens' and Boys' Fur, Seal, and Sable CAPS; a full assortment of

**China Glass and QUEENSWARE**  
Their assortment is now very full, comprising nearly every article usually kept in a Dry Goods Store, and have been bought upon the very best terms; consequently, they are prepared to offer goods at such prices as cannot fail to give satisfaction. They most respectfully ask those wishing to purchase, to give them a call. They feel satisfied they can make it their interest to purchase from them.  
Shippensburg, Sept. 9, 1841.

**Orphan's Court Sale.**  
In pursuance of an order of the Orphan's Court of Cumberland County, will be sold, at public vendue, on the premises, on Saturday the 30th day of October next, at 12 o'clock at noon of that day, the following real estate, late the property of John Myers, of West Pennsborough township, deceased, viz:

All that plantation or tract of land, situate in said township of West Pennsborough, in the county of Cumberland, aforesaid, and bounded by lands of John Fisherburn, John Myers, Jacob Nailor and Daniel Sheehohm, and containing One Hundred and Thirty-five Acres of first rate Limestone Land, One hundred and twenty acres whereof is cleared land, and the rest well wooded. The property is situate about three miles West of Carlisle, on the State road leading to Newville;—is principally under good fence and in a good state of cultivation. The improvements are

**A LARGE DOUBLE TWO STORY STONE HOUSE**  
A Large Stone Bank Barn, Corn Crib, Wagon Sheds, a Tenant House and other out buildings. A never failing stream of water runs through the farm, and there is a well of excellent water at the house. There is also on the premises, an Orchard of well selected grafted apple trees.

Also, a tract of MOUNTAIN LAND, in Dickinson township, in said county, bounded by lands of Henry Shenk and others, and containing TEN acres, more or less. This tract is well covered with young Chesnut timber.  
Persons wishing to view either of the above properties, previous to the day of sale, can be shown them by calling on the subscribers.  
The terms of sale will be made known on the day thereof by  
BENJ. MYERS, adm'r. of John Myers, deceased.  
September 9, 1841.

**PUBLIC SALE.**  
By an order of the Orphan's Court of Cumberland county, I will expose to public sale on the premises, on Saturday the 16th October 1841, at 12 o'clock noon, the following property, viz:  
**A Two Story Plastered House AND LOT OF GROUND.**

situate in Shiremanstown, East Pennsborough township, containing about Four & a Half Acres, more or less, of first rate Limestone Land, having also erected on the premises a small Frame and Log Barn and other out Houses. There is also a never failing well of water on the premises, and a small Orchard of bearing fruit trees.  
The terms of sale will be made known on the day of sale by  
PETER BARNHART, Guardian of David Stroh.  
September 9, 1841.

**A GRIST MILL AND FARM FOR SALE.**  
THE subscriber, Executor of the last will and testament of Peter Creamer, late of Southampton township, Cumberland county, dec'd, will offer for sale by public outcry, on the premises, on Friday the 6th of November next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, the following described real estate of said deceased, situate part in Cumberland and part in Franklin counties, viz:  
**ONE HUNDRED & SEVENTY ACRES OF PATENTED LAND,** 150 of which is first rate limestone land, and the balance is excellent slate land—about 100 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, and the following covered with thriving timber. A portion of the tract is excellent meadow. The improvements are a  
**A STONE GRIST MILL,**  
**A DOUBLE TWO STORY DWELLING HOUSE PART STONE—STONE BARN—TWO APPLE ORCHARDS, &c. &c.**  
The Mill, House and Barn, and about 25 acres of the land, are in Cumberland county, and will be offered for sale separate. The balance, 145 acres, is in Franklin county, in two separate tracts, adjoining each other. The whole is situated about 2 1/2 miles north-west of Shippensburg, on the Middle Spring—said stream running through the premises. It is one of the most desirable properties in the two counties.  
Terms will be made known on the day of sale by  
JACOB CREAMER, Jr. Ex'r.  
September 9, 1841.

**A VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.**  
Will be sold on Friday the 15th day of October 1841, on the premises, in Silver Spring township, Cumberland county, adjoining lands of Jacob Forney, William Waugh, and the heirs of Nathaniel Irvine, dec'd., a valuable tract of first rate Limestone Land, in a high state of cultivation, containing 80 acres more or less, about 65 acres of which are cleared and the residue covered with thriving young timber, with a considerable quantity of locust. The improvements are a new two story

**FRAME HOUSE, AND A NEW FRAME BARN,** with Wagon Shed and Corn Crib attached, and all necessary out buildings. A good well of water with a new pump in it is near the door; there is a stream of running water on the farm; and a thriving young orchard.  
Possession will be given on the first of April next.  
The sale will be made on payments. Conditions will be made fully known on the day of sale.  
DAVID LEHN, DAVID ORRIS; Assignees of George Ferney.  
September 9, 1841.

**Orphan's Court Sale.**  
In pursuance of an order of the Orphan's Court of Cumberland county, will be exposed to public sale, on the premises, on Saturday the 9th of October, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, the following described tract of land, part of the real estate of Elizabeth Curman, deceased, situate and lying in the township of North Middleton, county aforesaid, bounded by lands of Henry Crall, Geo. Keihl, David Brock and the Connoquionnet creek containing 145 acres and 90 Perches, strict measure. The improvements are a two story

**BRICK HOUSE, AND DOUBLE LOG BARN.**  
The land is all cleared, except about 40 acres.—There are about 19 acres of first rate meadow.—There is a good Apple Orchard, and a first rate well of water. Said land is of the first quality of slate land, and is about 2 1/2 miles from Carlisle.  
The terms of sale are as follows: One half of the purchase money to be paid on the 1st of April next, when possession will be given to the purchaser, the balance of the purchase money to be paid in two equal annual payments thereafter without interest, the purchaser to give approved security in the Orphan's Court by recognition on the confirmation of the sale for the payment of said purchase money.  
JACOB ZIEGLER, Trustee.  
September 9, 1841.

**Orphan's Court Sale.**  
By public vendue on Friday the 16th day of October next, at 12 o'clock at noon of that day, the following real estate, late the property of John Myers, of West Pennsborough township, in said county, dec'd, viz:

All that tract of land situate on the Yellow Creech Creek, in said township of Monroe, bounded by lands of Jos. Latshaw, Adam Brandt, Christian Lamer and Brandt's heirs, containing 10 acres and 22 perches strict measure. The improvements are a

**GROPPING & GLOVER MILL, SAW-MILL, TWO STORY DWELLING HOUSE,** a large double log barn, a two story Tenant House, a Stable and other outbuildings. There is a first rate Orchard of choice fruit on the premises, and a well of excellent water at the house. The water power is very strong and is supposed by some on the Yellow Creech Creek, to be more than sufficient for the mills now on the property. It is situated on the road leading from York to Carlisle where the road crosses the creek. Also a tract of Mountain Land near adjoining the said mill tract, situate in said township, bounded by lands of Adam Brandt and others, containing 42 acres and 22 perches strict measure. This land is well covered with Chene, Pine and Oak timber.  
The terms of sale will be made known on the day thereof by  
JACOB GROFF, DAVID BENDE, Adm'r's of Martin Brandt, dec'd.  
September 16, 1841.

**Orphan's Court Sale.**  
By virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of Cumberland county, will be sold by public vendue on Friday the 16th day of October next, two undivided sixth parts of the following real estate, the property of Martin Brandt, Jr. dec'd, viz:

All that plantation or tract of land situate in Monroe township, in said county, bounded by lands of Robert Cook's heirs, Joseph Brandt, Joseph Latshaw and others, containing

**150 ACRES** more or less, of which about 20 acres are good timber land, and the residue cleared, under substantial fence and in excellent cultivation. The land bounds on the Yellow Creech creek, and has a large quantity of locust timber growing on it. The sale will take place on the same day that the administrators of Martin Brandt, Jr. sell the mills of said Martin which adjoin this property, and the other four heirs of said Martin will sell at the same time their interests in the above plantation, so that the purchaser can procure a good title to the whole thereof.  
JACOB BELSHOOR, Guardian of Henry & Sarah Brandt.  
September 16, 1841.

**Dr. Swayne's Syrup of Wild Cherry.**  
CINCINNATI, February 15, 1840.  
Dr. SWAYNE—Dear Sir—Permit me to take the liberty of writing to you this time to express my approbation, and to recommend to the attention of heads of families and others your invaluable medicine—the Compound Syrup of Prunus Virginiana, or Wild Cherry Bark. In my travels of late I have seen in a great many instances the wonderful effects of your medicine in relieving children of very obstinate complaints, such as Coughing, Wheezing, Choking of Phlegm, Asthmatic attacks, &c. &c. I should not have written this letter, however, at present, although I have felt it my duty to add my testimony to it for some time, had it not been for a late instance where the medicine above alluded to was instrumental in restoring to perfect health an "only child," whose case was almost hopeless, in a family of my acquaintance. "Thank Heaven," said the doating mother, "my child is saved from the jaws of death! Oh! how I feared the relentless ravager! But my child is safe!"  
Beyond all doubt Wild Cherry Syrup is one of the most valuable medicines in the world for coughs. I am certain I have witnessed more than one hundred cases where it has been attended with complete success. I am using it an obstinate attack of Bronchitis, in which it proved effectual in an exceedingly short time, considering the severity of the case. I can recommend it in the fullest confidence of its superior virtues; I would advise that no father should be without it; it is very pleasant and always beneficial—worth double and often ten times its price. The public are assured there is no quackery about it.  
R. JACKSON, D. D.  
September 25, 1841.

**Formerly Pastor of the 1st Presbyterian Ch. N. Y.**  
AGENTS: Wm. Myers & Co. Carlisle, A. Kefauver, Harrisburg, G. & R. W. Davis, (354 Market street) Baltimore.  
Job work neatly executed at this office.

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