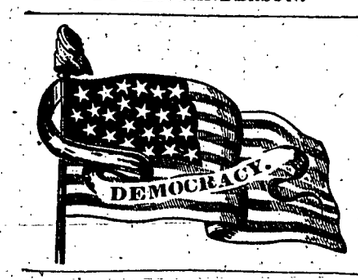
# AMERICAN VOLUNTEER.

BY GEO. SANDERSON.


Now our flag is flung to the wild wind free,
Let it float o'er our father land—
And the guard of its spotless fame shall be,
Columbia's chosen band.


## CARLISLE:

THURSDAY, MAY 20, 1841.


## DEMOCRATIC REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR,

## *DAVID R. PORTER.*

Rev. Mr. SLICER, will deliver a *Temperance* address, on Sabbath next, in the Market House, at 4 o'clock.

The public generally are invited to attend.

CONGRESSIONAL ELECTION—COMPLETE.

| | GUSTINE. | SCATTERING. |
|---|---|---|
| Cumberland, | 877 | 93 |
| Perry, | 595 | 20 |
| Juniata, | 348 | 6 |
| TOTAL, | 1820 | 119 |

☞ The Hon. CHARLES OGLE, whose celebrated speech had such a "wonder workynge" effect on the Presidential election, *died* at his residence in Somerset on the 5th inst.

MARYLAND.—The Congressional election in this State took place on Monday last. We have not yet heard the result from any of the districts.

KENTUCKY.—The result of the recent Congressional election in Kentucky, is 11 Locofocos to 2 Democrats—the same as in the last Congress.

In Indiana, the Federalists have elected 6 of the 7 members of Congress—being a gain of four to the administration.

☞ GRAHAM'S MAGAZINE, for May, is a capital number.

☞ The LADY'S COMPANION for the current month is filled with a choice variety of entertaining and instructive matter.

The LADY'S AMARANTH is an excellent monthly periodical, each number containing 24 pages of closely printed matter, and furnished at the low rate of $1 per annum.

The SATURDAY EVENING POST has recently appeared in an entirely new dress. It is now the handsomest weekly published in Philadelphia.

LOCKHART vs. U. S. BANK.—Judge Randall gave his opinion in this case, on Saturday last, in the Court of Common Pleas of Philadelphia.—He decided against the forfeiture of the Bank's charter, on the ground that it was necessary that the same person should hold the notes at the time of proceeding who held them at their first presentation and refusal of payment.

The Pennsylvanian of Monday last says:—We have been informed that the following Banks have refused to accept the "Relief Bill," viz:—Commercial, Philadelphia, North America, Western, and Southwark."

It is rumored that the Pittsburg Banks also refuse to accept. The *Carlisle Bank*, we understand, has accepted.

SARAH ANN DAVIS.—This woman, whose trial for the murder of Julia Ann Jordan took place in Philadelphia last week, was convicted, and sentenced to be hung. The sentence of the court was delivered on Monday last by Judge Barton.

Nothing certain yet as to the fate of the steamer President. The next arrival from England will decide the matter.

LANCASTER COUNTY BANK.—The Bill creating a new banking institution in the county of Lancaster, under the foregoing title, originally known as the Lancaster county Loan Company, has become a law.

JOHN BANKS still holds on to his Judgeship.—*Honest* John, as the Federalists have dubbed him, no doubt thinks that "a bird in the hand is worth two in the bush," and that it is best to hold on to the good fat office he has got, rather than run the risk, by resigning, of losing the teat entirely.—There is too much of the *Yankee* about John to be caught in such a foolish act. *Lawyers* don't do such things—not they.

## GOVERNOR PORTER.

Since the organization of the government to the present time, there has not been an Executive in Pennsylvania who has had one-half the difficulties to encounter that have encompassed GOV. PORTER on every hand during the short period of his administration. This will not be denied by any sensible man of any party, who is conversant with the history of our Commonwealth. Coming into power at a time when an immense debt was crushing with its weight the energies of the people, and when the State was almost hopelessly bankrupt, mainly brought about by the reckless extravagance of his immediate predecessor—with the eyes of his fellow citizens upon him, and the hopes of his constituency centered in the Executive chamber—with ruin and dismay staring him full in the face, no matter what direction his eyes were turned—with the wretched insolvency of the Banks, the depreciation of the State stock in Europe, and the consequent inability of the government to negociate the necessary loans for finishing the public improvements—with a factious and unprincipled Legislature to thwart him in every step, and throw unnecessary obstacles in his way—with all these, and a hundred other difficulties that might be mentioned, which were sufficient to appal the stoutest heart, and unnerve the strongest arm—Gov. PORTER has had to contend single-handed and unaided, except by the approving voice of the people. No other man, perhaps, would have been equal to the task, and none could have steered the ship of state with such consummate skill and prudence amid the breakers which surrounded her.

Would it be wise—would it be prudent to change such an able and experienced Chief Magistrate as DAVID R. PORTER, for one who has nothing to recommend him but his approval of the acts of the Ritner dynasty, and his well known attachment to the interests of Thaddeus Stevens and Thomas H. Burrowes? We cannot think the honest farmers and mechanics of Pennsylvania have any desire to experience the evils of another Buckshot administration. If they have not, their only safety is in re-electing our present worthy Governor, whose patriotic course is known to all—if they have, then, of course, they will cast their votes for Lawyer BANKS. Choose ye between them.

## WHO ARE WHIGS?

Reader, look all around you among your acquaintances, call them up in your mind, and you will find that nine-tenths of the non-producers—those who get their living by their wits, are *Whigs*. Call to mind all you know who are Merchants, Traders, Speculators, Stockjobbers, Shavers, or Rich Grandees, who live upon the interest of money, whether gained by their own, or their father's wits. How many of all these classes are *Whigs?* We beg you to lay down our paper, and think a little while on this subject.

Well, what say you? You have found but few Republicans amongst all these wit-living classes! Now and then you have found a Democrat among some of them. But how different is he from the rest! He pays his debts honestly—he is fair, candid and above-board in all his dealings—he is liberal in his sentiments, never disposed to *proscribe* men because they differ with him in opinion. He is, in short, *a good man*. He does not set his heart upon money, false show and parade. With these good qualities, he cannot help pitying the *Whig party*, for arrogantly claiming to themselves "*all the decency, all the wealth, and all the talents*" of the country.

If you see a man cutting a dash with fine clothes and glittering equipage and heavy expenditures, a hundred to one, he is a *Whig*. But, whether he is spending *his own money* or not, no man can tell while there are so many Whig banks in the country.

If you see a man commence business without capital! depend upon it, he is a Whig, and an advocate for Banks and floods of paper money, for the credit system and paper money can alone put him on an equality with [illegible] ital. If he be sharp-sighted and lucky, or if a swindler, he makes a fortune out of the more virtuous and worthy part of the community. But if he *fail* and be reduced to his original nothingness, he will have lived in "good society" at the fountain of all good things, and peradventure have secured to his wife or somebody else, a comfortable store for future support. How many broken men are known to live better than their industrious and independent neighbors? and all this at the expense of the industrious—the producing classes of society!—The husbandman and mechanic support the rest of mankind; and is it not strange, that they permit themselves to be governed and rode over by their servants, agents and factors. It is high time that the body of the people should wake up to a just sense of their rights, and govern themselves.—They should spurn the officious meddling in elections of the classes we have mentioned.—*Yeoman.*

## THE EXTRA SESSION—FEDERAL PROMISES.

Congress will convene in extra session on Monday week, immediately after which, if at all, the good times promised by the Federalists before the election of Mr. Tyler will take place. The falsehoods and misrepresentations propagated by them effected their object, in inducing many honest and unsuspecting persons to vote the Harrison ticket, under the belief that his election would be the philosopher's stone to convert all things into gold. The people were told over and over again, by the newspapers and stump orators of Federalism, that Mr. Van Buren had ruined the country—that it was going headlong to destruction, and that he, and he alone was the cause of the depression in the markets—and that, without a change of rulers, certain and inevitable ruin must ensue. These doleful jeremiads were the constant theme of every Hard Cider swiller, by night and by day, until at length they succeeded in their nefarious design.—Well, the election over, the good people who aided in the glorious work of "reform," were anxious to realize the better times promised them as soon as the result of the contest was ascertained. They were then told it was too soon—that they must wait until the new administration got the reins of government in their hands, when all their fondest anticipations would become glorious reality.—The fourth of March came—Gen. Harrison was inaugurated—and from that time to the present every thing remains in *statu quo*—indeed; if there is any perceptible difference, it is from bad to worse.

Now, however, the people are told, wait till Congress meets—every thing will be put to rights by the National Legislature—and the assembling of that body will be the advent of those often promised, long expected blessings, which are to make our whole country a very garden of Eden—the beau ideal of sublimated happiness. Kind Heaven will then smile propitiously upon us—rich harvests and high prices will bring joy to the Farmer—and the Mechanic and Laborer will have abundance of work, and an advance of at least one hundred per cent. on the price of their labor. All these blessings, and many more, are promised from the labors of Congress—and if they are not realized, it will not be because the people have not been taught to expect them. We trust, therefore, that those especially who were induced to vote the Federal ticket through the above mentioned promises, will keep an eye to the approaching session of Congress, and observe how the *practice* of the new administration corresponds with its profession. Let them hold the Federal leaders and orators to their oft-repeated pledges, and insist upon a fulfilment of every thing which was promised by the overthrow of the late administration.

Great efforts are now making to induce the people to believe that Gov. *Porter* vetoed the Revenue bill, that he might stand well with his party in the non-improving districts, and with the understanding that his political friends from the improvement districts should sacrifice themselves to ensure its passage. We can only give a broad positive *denial* of any such design. Some of his political friends voted for it, because they supposed it would have a beneficial influence on the affairs of their immediate constituents, and not from any preconcerted arrangement with the Governor. However beneficial it may be to them, we are very certain that the views given in the Governor's message will be found, before many months have passed, to be those of a large proportion of the people of all political parties. The whole working of the law will eventually be disastrous, although it may be of some present relief to those whose liabilities press them. But without analyzing the motives of our political friends who voted for it, we repeat that Gov. PORTER has attended no *caucus* since he has been our chief magistrate, and that he conscientiously and honestly vetoed a bill which he thought would be disastrous in its influence upon the welfare and prosperity of the commonwealth.

*Harrisburg Reporter.*

## THE RECENT LEGISLATURE.

Although the Federalists came into the Legislature in January last, with the catch-penny words of "RETRENCHMENT and REFORM," inscribed in *capital letters* upon their banners, yet we believe the journals of their proceedings (when printed) will bear us out in the assertion that a more shameful and wanton waste of the public treasure has never been committed by any previous Legislative body that ever sat in Pennsylvania.—While they have *talked* about "retrenchment," they have squandered thousands upon thousands for the most paltry and frivolous pretexts. While "*reform*" has rung with talismanic grace upon their lying lips, they have opened new channels of expenditure never before heard of in the annals of legislation, and as useless as can be possibly conceived. Their constant and unceasing effort throughout the entire session has been to induce the people abroad to believe that they were assiduously at work in SAVING the public money, while their every act *here* has been, to put into the pockets of political favorites and panders.

The investigation (got up by Mr. Lightner) of the official conduct of the canal commissioners, is a practical illustration of this fact. When the journals will be spread before the tax-paying people, it will be found that this grandiloquent HUMBUG, got up for the vilest of party purposes, has cost the State not a cent less than FIFTEEN THOUSAND DOLLARS!! Under the plea of giving relevant testimony, witnesses were brought hither from the most remote sections of the state, who knew nothing of the matters to be investigated, and enjoyed a hearty jollification at *the public expense!* A Mr. Carr, a resident of Pittsburg, who had been a disappointed applicant for one of the Clerkships was employed to write down the testimony, and received for this *important* duty the *trifling* sum of FOUR HUNDRED AND FIFTY DOLLARS!! The clerks of the House were nearly doubled, although there was no increase of business as compared with former years, and were all duly stuffed with EXTRA *compensation*!! And in fine, from the *beginning* to the end of the session a system of peculation, extravagance and FRAUD was practised upon the public, which is without a parallel in the history of legislation!!

Such have been the fruits of a federal, "reform" preaching legislature. It was the first time for many years the federal 'buckshot and ball faction' had unlimited ascendency in those halls, and we trust for the honor and well being of the community it may be the last. While they have carried the honied professions of "reform" upon their lips, a train of corruption and wilful extravagance has characterized their practice, which should cause the heart of every tax-payer in the state to revolt with honest indignation.—*Yeoman.*

## OFF WITH THEIR HEADS!

The last Herald has the following sweeping recommendation at the close of a long, lachrymose article on the subject of removals from office:

"We want to see the administration first prove the truth of the old adage, that a "new broom sweeps clean, *by sweeping every Loco-foco from office*, and then, as vacancies afterwards occur, let them be filled by men who are honest and capable, without reference to political opinions. In this way will the "spoils system" be destroyed, and the government at the same time be enabled to reform existing abuses. This we believe, ought to be the policy of the Administration, and with this only, will the democracy [Heaven save the mark!] of the country be satisfied."

This we should call guillotinism by wholesale—making a clean sweep from the Cabinet down to the humblest laborer engaged in the public service. Off with their heads, the rascals; these Locofocos ain't fit to live, let alone enjoy office. We marvel that the writer of the above mentioned article, who we strongly suspect has an awful squinting at the Post Office, did'nt recommend to the Government the appointment of an Executioner in every city, town and village, to attend specially to this business of decapitation. How would the old Bi-Colonel do for this Borough? His *fiery crest* and savage disposition, would, we think, peculiarly fit him for an exterminator of Locofocos. "Go it, ye cripples!"

But, jesting aside, we ask the Herald if this was the doctrine the Harrison party held out before the election? Did the federal papers proclaim that "to the *victors* belong the spoils?" On the contrary, is it not notorious that this same doctrine of proscription for opinion's sake was denounced by every federal press, and every pot house politician, and hard cider orator, from the commencement of Gen. Jackson's administration down to the Presidential election of 1840—and was not this one of the infamous means made use of by them to overthrow the late administration? What confidence can the people, can the bone and sinew who are no office-seekers, have in the sincerity of those who so furiously and perseveringly denounced an administration, which, compared with the present, in this respect, is as different as day is from night? Where Gen. Jackson or Mr. Van Buren removed one office-holder, the present administration has removed *ten*—and yet this is the party, and these are the men, who were so violent in their denunciations of the system previous to the late election!

We advise the Herald editor to exercise a little more of that prince of virtues, *patience*. The system of decapitation is going on at the rate of about *one hundred per month*, and it cannot be very long, in the order of things, until the guillotine is put at work in this section.

Whether *he* will be benefited by the process, remains to be seen.

## JOHN BANKS.

To form a correct estimation of JOHN BANKS, the Federal candidate for Governor, we think it would be applicable to state that he was appointed by RITNER to the office of judgeship which he now holds; and in reality he was a supporter of the notorious JOSEPH RITNER, and approved of the "BUCKSHOT WAR," and other infamous acts, which were revealed during his administration. He is one of the persons who were favorable "to treat the election as if it had never been held." Can any true republican support a man for the highest and most distinguished office in the Commonwealth, who encouraged a conspiracy, which if it had gained the ascendency, would have cheated them out of their rights—rights given to them by their ancestors, who fought and bled at Bunker's Hill and Yorktown.

A host of the heroes of the "BUCKSHOT WAR" were delegates to the convention which placed JOHN BANKS in nomination, among whom THADDEUS STEVENS, THOMAS H. BURROWES and BELA BADGER, all of whom voted for him on the first ballot. Is there any man so blind to the interest of the State as to support JOHN BANKS for Governor? Can they not conceive that he and STEVENS will use all their influence for the resuscitation of the GETTYSBURG TAPEWORM, which has already cost the State MILLIONS? What man who has the least drop of economy flowing through his veins, will support a man for office, who it is confidently believed, will approve of a thing which has for its object only the advancement of one man's interest, and which has been the consumer of MILLIONS of dollars of the State, and never will be worth to the State half it costs after its completion.—Union Times.

*"It's a bad rule that won't work both ways."*—If Democrats are to be proscribed for interference in elections, so ought Federalists—and, upon no account, should active partizan brawlers be appointed in their place. But this is not the case: In every instance in which an appointment has been made by the present administration, the person selected has been notorious for his active and violent partizan movements. Look, for example, at the appointment of Penrose, and Badger, and Ritner, and Roberts, and the whole host of *pipe-layers* who have been rewarded for their services since the Fourth of March. Look too at their hypocrisy, in discharging Maj. RAMSEY from the Navy, because he attended a few Democratic meetings with his political friends and acquaintances, and retaining Capt. STOCKTON who made himself so conspicuous by preaching up treason against the Government to the people of New Jersey during the last campaign! This is one, among the many instances, of the Federal party "straining at a gnat and swallowing a camel," and should open the eyes of the people to the hollow-hearted hypocrisy of those who have so outrageously and villainously abused their confidence.

Several of the Federal presses are urging upon Congress the propriety of paying the whole amount of Gen. Harrison's salary had he lived out his term to his widow and heirs—and why? because they allege his estate is embarrassed!—Jefferson, Madison and Monroe died poor, and yet no provision was ever made for their families—and it will not be contended that they were less worthy, or the country under less obligations to them than to Gen. Harrison! We hardly think the people are willing to see $100,000 of their money frittered away in this manner, nor do we believe that such a measure is deserving of their approval. It is a specimen of Federal "reform," however, and is one of the first in the long catalogue of blessings which may be expected to follow the accession of that party to power.

DR. DYOTT.—The Globe has the following just remarks in relation to the recent pardon of this individual by Gov. PORTER, in all of which every *honest* man who is in favor of even-handed justice must fully concur:

"This unfortunate maker of shinplasters was prosecuted with terrible vengeance by that dignified class which has the privilege of a monopoly in this species of fraud, and making it respectable when conducted upon a large scale and in fashionable style. He was condemned to a term of imprisonment, equivalent, at his age, to imprisonment for life. Gov. PORTER, blending mercy with justice, has deemed two years' suffering in confinement sufficient expiation for the crime of the poor apothecary banker, while society, considers retirement to the grapery and gardens of Andalusia [Mr. Biddle's residence] as almost too great a penance for the millionaire financier, who diddled or biddled at the rate of a hundred thousand dollars, when Dr. DYOTT did it for a hundred! Gov. PORTER deserves praise for putting Dr. DYOTT on a more equal footing with his fellows. It is even-handed justice. It is some little clemency to him, and a little punishment to them."

DR. DYOTT is now over seventy years of age.—He was sentenced, if we mistake not, to three years' imprisonment, and had served nearly two at the date of his pardon.

*More Trouble in the Whig-wam.*—A Mr. Riddle was recently appointed by President Tyler, Post Master at Pittsburg. The Pittsburg Evening Visiter, a violent Anti-masonic Whig paper, thus discourses of his character and qualifications:—"We stated but two charges against him; that of gambling in its worst forms, in which he had rendered himself so infamous, that his partners, who had been the sufferers by his vices, had refused him the loan even of a certificate of honesty. He applied to General Harrison for office and was repulsed—he applied to Mr. Tyler, to appoint him Post Master of this city, and he is at last successful. We are prepared with proof and dare this scamp, who has been palmed upon us, to a denial of our statement. We have stated the common objection to him as a Post Master for this city; and, in the name of an insulted and outraged people, we demand of the government his removal.—A feeling not only of disgust but alarm, pervades the whole City. Since the appointment of one of the worst of the eaves dropping tribe to so high and responsible an office, all confidence in it is destroyed." Verily, President Tyler appears to have much difficulty in finding *honest men* in the party, on whom to confer the offices.

MITCHELL THE FORGER.—Officer *Bowyer*, who has had such a long chase after the ex-M. C., writes the following account of the arrest of that distinguished individual:

MONTREAL, May 5, 1841.

"I have at length succeeded in capturing his Honor after a pretty long chase, (about twenty-six hundred miles,) and I think this time I have waked up the right passenger. He had been concealed at Point-au-Tremble, about ten miles from here. On attempting to arrest him, he leaped from the garret window and ran to the St. Lawrence. Finding himself pursued, he plunged in. One of the officers called to him to stop, or he would fire. He then threw into the current a package containing as he says $2,700, and told the officer to fire, as he was ready to die.

"A canoe was then shoved off to him by a companion before he could be prevented, but he got a nice flogging for his trouble. Mitchell got into the canoe and crossed to an island in the river, but he was arrested there.

I have taken every possible measure to recover the money, but can't say how it will turn out. I am now writing the Governor's order for his removal.

I think it will turn out that this Mitchell got Ward's doubloons, as he exactly answers the description which the boy gave.

I wish you would let Mr. L. know that there was a man here who is supposed to have been concerned in the forgery. I know where he is now, but he will soon sail for England. He came from New Orleans just about the time of the forgery, and is full of gold. He is rather a small sized man, bright eyes, hair grey, but dyed black. He has a lady and a boy with him. I am informed at the house where I put up, that he changed some Cincinnati money. He surely has been concerned in some roguery, or he would not come here to go to England at this time of the year.

Captain Comean, of the police, also suspected him, and called on him; but he suddenly started off after the Captain left. He is an Englishman. I received a letter from a gentleman who is watching his movements for me."

## FIRST LETTER FROM MR. BIDDLE.

The 6th letter of Mr. B., upon the subject of the United States Bank, ought to be numbered *seven*. The *first* was published in 1839, and we re-publish it for the purpose of refreshing the memory of his admirers, as well as to show our taste for a good—*story!*—Harrisburg Reporter.

*To the Board of Directors of the Bank of the United States:*

GENTLEMEN—I execute a purpose which, as you are aware, I have long meditated, and which I intimated to the stockholders at their first meeting under the new charter:—that of retiring from the direction of the Bank. It is now more than twenty years since I entered its service. They have been years of intense labor, and they have earned for me a right to claim a relaxation and repose which approaching age and precarious health require. I have waited anxiously for the most appropriate moment at which I could best be spared; but hitherto, whenever I have sought the retirement I so much needed, some difficulty, in which my service was deemed useful, always interposed to detain me. None such exist now.—All the political dissentions connected with the Bank for the last ten years have ceased; all its extraordinary efforts for the protection of our national interests are happily ended; and the Bank has returned to its accustomed channel of business in peace. I can therefore withdraw at length without inconvenience, and I do it more readily because *I leave the affairs of the institution in a state of great prosperity, and in the hands of able Directors and officers.*

This separation from friends with whom I have been so long and so agreeably associated, is among the most painful acts of my life; and I pray you to accept, at parting, my sincere wishes for the personal welfare of you all.

N. BIDDLE, President.

Philadelphia, March 29, 1839.

GEN. LEIGH READ KILLED.—The Tallahassee (Florida) Sentinel says:

"We regret to state Gen. Leigh Read, of this place, was shot in the street on Monday morning last, by Mr. Willis Alston. He expired in about fourteen hours afterward. We forbear making any comments, as the affair will undergo a legal investigation. Two other persons were (accidentally we presume) wounded—one severely though we trust not mortally."

THE SUN.—A correspondent of the Boston Daily Mail says, that with one of my *Jaggers* [illegible] five distinct clusters of dark spots on the sun may now be seen. (May 5th.) The two clusters near the centre of the sun extend upwards of fifty thousand miles in length, by about twenty thousand miles in breadth. They will be visible a few days longer if the atmosphere is clear.

BALTIMORE MARKET.—We quote from the American—Flour, Susquehanna, $4 34c., 4 37c. 4 50. Wheat 94 to 98 cents. Rye 55 to 28 cts. Whiskey 17 to 20 cents, gallon. Bloom iron $65 to 67 per ton.


TO THE PUBLIC.—The unprecedented success which has resulted from the adoption of *Brandreth's Pills*, during a period of upwards of ninety years; the numerous and extraordinary cures which they have performed on hundreds of individuals, whom they have rescued from almost inevitable death, after they had been pronounced incurable by the most eminent of the faculty—justify *Dr. Benjamin Brandreth* the proprietor of this *Vegetable Universal Medicine*, in warmly and conscientiously recommending it to the especial notice of the public.

These Pills do indeed "assist nature" to all she can do for the purification of the human body; yet there are numbers whose cases are so bad, and whose bodies are so much debiliated, that all that can reasonably be expected, is temporary relief; nevertheless, some who have commenced using these Pills under the most trying circumstances of bodily application, when almost every other remedy had been altogether unavailing, having been restored to health and happiness by their use. Dr. Brandreth has to return thanks to a enlightened public, for the patronage they have bestowed on him; and he hopes, by preparing the medicine as he has ever done, to merit a continuation of favors.

Purchase in Carlisle, of Geo. W. Hitner, and only in Cumberland county of Agents published in another part of this paper.


## MARRIED:

On Thursday evening last, by the Rev. H. Slicer, Mr. GEORGE L. KROH, to Miss ADELIA COOFER, all of Maryland.

On the 27th ult. by the Rev. Mr. Sharp, Mr. William Runshaw, of Hopewell township, to Miss Isabella Kyle, Dickinson township.

On Sunday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Mackey, Mr. SAMUEL SPIECE, to Miss BARBARA SHIREMAN, both of Shippensburg.

On Monday evening last by the Rev. Mr. Kremer, near Shippensburg, Mr T. CAMPBELL BURTEN, Merchant of Vincennes, Indiana, to Miss MARGARETTA youngest daughter of John Clippinger, Esq. near Shippensburg.

At Shippensburg, on Wednesday last, by the Rev. Mr. Moodey, Rev. JAMES ROWLAND, of Mansfield, Ohio, to Miss MARY ANN, daughter of the former.


HONEY of very superior quality for sale by Stevenson & Dinkle.

## ☞ Last Notice. ☜

IT is now nearly one year since my connexion with the "Volunteer" establishment ceased, at which time the books and accounts of the firm were all assigned to me for my share—and as a large amount of debts due the firm, notwithstanding the frequent notice given, still remains unpaid, this is therefore to give a final notice that unless payment be made on or before the 1st of July next, compulsory process will then positively be resorted to against each and every delinquent. E. CORNMAN.

Carlisle, May 20, 1841.

## ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

BY virtue of a decree of the Orphans' Court of Cumberland county, the subscriber will sell by public vendue at the Court House in Carlisle, on the 19th day of June next, at 2 o'clock P. M., the undivided half of a Lot of Ground in Carlisle, bounded on the south by Pomfret street, on the west by a lot of John Delancy's heirs, on the north and east by another part of the same lot, containing about 40 feet on said street & 60 feet in depth, having thereon erected a Story and Half Brick House, (commonly known by the name of the African Church.)

JOHN LEHN,
Guardian of B. F. & C. A. Spicer.

May 20, 1841.

N. B. George Spensler will join in said sale of the other half of said property.

## NOTICE.

ALL persons wishing to be supplied with the earliest city news, may feel themselves much gratified by calling at the subscriber's, where they can have a selection of the following daily and weekly papers, viz:—the Philadelphia Daily Chronicle, Ledger and Spirit of the Times; New York Daily Herald, Weekly Herald, Brother Jonathan, New World, Yankee Notion, Boston Notion, Magazines, &c. &c. to be had at the store of JOHN GRAY, Ag't.

Carlisle, May 20, 1841.

## PUBLIC SALE.

THE subscriber will offer at public sale, on Friday the 9th of July next, a Lot of Ground, situate in East Pomfret street, having TWO FRAME DWELLING HOUSES thereon erected, with Cellars, Outhouses, Gardens, &c. An indisputable title will be made and possession given immediately. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock P. M., when the terms will be made known by

ANDREW HARE.

May 20, 1841. 3t*

NEW

## HAT MANUFACTORY.

THE subscriber has rented the shop heretofore occupied by Mr. Lindsey Spottswood; near the corner of Hanover and Louther streets, and one door west of Mr. John Snyder's store; where he is prepared with the best materials, and will keep constantly on hand and manufacture to order.

### Hats of every Description,

such as RUSSIA, BRUSH, NUTRIA, CASTORS, &c. &c. His work will be done in the most fashionable style, and at moderate prices. He solicits a share of public patronage.

WILLIAM H. TROUT.

Carlisle, May 20, 1841. 6m

## NOTICE.

THE Court of Appeals of the 86th Regiment P. M., will meet as follows: For the First Battalion at the house of T. Bruner, in Mechanicsburg: Officers Captains Furtenbaugh, Snell and Leidig. For the second Battalion at the house of Wm. S. Allen, in Carlisle: Officers Captains Allen, Fiester & Todd; to be held on the second Monday of June next, according to law,

LEWIS HYER,
Col. Comd'g. 86th Reg. P. M.

May 20, 1841.

## WILLIAM B. KNOX,

### ATTORNEY AT LAW,

### *Carlisle, Pa.*

OFFICE a few doors west of the Post Office, in Main street.

## M'CLELLAN'S HOTEL.

*South-West Corner of the Public Square*

CARLISLE, Pa.

THE subscriber has taken that well-known tavern stand, near the County Hall, Carlisle, lately occupied by Mr. William S. Allen, where he will at all times be prepared to accommodate his old friends and the public generally with every thing needful to make their visit agreeable.

His TABLE will be supplied with the best the market can afford—his BAR with the choicest liquors—and every other requisite in the best style. Prices very moderate.

BOARDERS will be taken by the week, month or year.

A careful OSTLER will be always in attendance, and DROVERS and others will find it to their advantage to give him a call.

M. McCLELLAN.

May 13, 1841.

## Private Sale.

400 Acres of Woodland, situated in Mifflin township, Cumberland county, will be disposed of on accommodating terms. For particulars apply to

P. F. EGE, Attorney for Owner.

Carlisle, May 10, 1841.

## JEW DAVID'S

### *Resurrection or Persian Pills.*

Judge not lest ye be judged—keep on hand something for a wet day—be prepared for sickness in case it should come—be ready to stop it before it gets too deep a hold—use the Persian Pills in season, and thousands, yea tens of thousands might be saved from long and lingering fits of sickness by using the Vegetable Persian Pills freely. No injury can ensue from using the Persian Pills to youth or old age. Take them according to the directions, and you will be warranted with a sure cure. Try them before you judge—dont stand still and say there is no cure for the, but be up and a doing while the day lasts. They will cure all curable diseases if taken according to directions. Physicians can no longer hold back—those that are honest, and have seen their effects, now recommend them and use them in their practice. We feel thankful that an all-wise Providence has seen fit to bring to light an all prevailing remedy that will cure almost every disease in our country. Do not condemn them until you have used them and give them a fair trial, and we are certain you will not only use them yourself, but recommend them to your friends and the public generally.

☞ For sale in all the principle villages in Pennsylvania. WM. H. TAYLOR, at Harrisburg, general agent for Pennsylvania and Maryland. All orders sent to him at Harrisburg, will be promptly attended to.

Carlisle—Stevenson and Dinkle.
Shippensburg—J. Brackenridge.
Hogestown—Edward Miller.
White House—A. G. Miller.

## A GREAT PRIZE!

### *Or Hebrew Plaster.*

Read this before you stop; then do not stop there, but send and get a box of the JEW DAVID'S or HEBREW PLASTER, if you want to keep pain and weakness far from you—ask the person who has used it and he will tell you that he has been cured of the rheumatism and several other direful diseases that had drawn him all up in a heap, and had drawn his joints all out of place, and he was compelled to confine himself to his house, and he will tell you that it cured him, and that he is now well, will cure all chronic diseases, or where seated pain or weakness exists we will warrant a cure. It will restore the halt and the lame to the use of their limbs by applying it to the parts affected. The wonderful cures effected by the application of this plaster are the engrossing subjects of the day, go where you will and you will hear nothing but that Mr. Such-a-one, or Mr. S-and-so was restored to the healthy use of their limbs by the application of this plaster—or that they are glad that Mr. Such-a-one has got about again—really say they, this plaster must be a good plaster or it would not have cured so bad a case as that—or you will hear some person that has been gone from home some time exclaim when he returns at finding a person on his feet who he never expected to see again, why, how is this, I see he is about—I thought his case incurable—well every body thought so too, but he has used the Jew David's or Hebrew Plaster, and got well—and so it is performing cures all over the whole country where it is used.

For sale at all the principal villages in Pennsylvania and Maryland.

WM. H. TAYLOR, general agent for Maryland and Pennsylvania. All orders addressed to him, at Harrisburg, Pa. will receive prompt attention.

Carlisle—Stevenson and Dinkle.
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## NOTICE.

THE business of *Charles Barnitz & Co.*, will hereafter be conducted in the name of BARNITZ & PEFFER.

April 29, 1841.