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American Volunteer.

BY GEO. SANDERSON.] "OUR COUNTRY—RIGHT OR WRONG." [AT TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM.

Whole No. 1392. *Carlisle, Pa. Thursday April 1, 1841.* New Series--Vol. 5, No. 42.

AGENTS.

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JOHN WUNDERLICH, Esq. Shippensburg.
WILLIAM M. MATEER, Esq. Lee's Roads.
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GEORGE ERNEST, Cedar Spring, Allen tp.
MARTIN G. RUPP, Esq. Shiremanstown.

JURY LIST,

FOR APRIL TERM, 1841.

GRAND JURY.

Allen—Henry Creamer, George Hyder, Adam Seacrist, Nicholas Ulrich.
Carlisle—Nathaniel Hantch, John Hays, Daniel Keller, William Moudy, John M'Clure, Philip Quigley.
Dickinson—John King, John W. Shriver.
Mifflin—Thompson Mathers, Samuel Patterson.
Newton—John Powley.
North Middleton—David Cornman.
Silver Spring—Henry Grove, William Greenwood.
Southampton—Peter Burkholder, Thos. Mathews.
S. Middleton—Jacob Burkholder, Peter Ferenbach.
West Pennsborough—Andrew Forbis, Daniel Gring.

TRAVERSE JURY--1st week.

Allen—Charles Bingaman, Jacob Hickornell.
Carlisle—John Peters, George W. Hitner.
E. Pennsborough—Saml. Baisore, Lewis Bricker, John Keefer, John Miller, David Martin, Daniel Ruby.
Dickinson—Abraham Kurtz.
Frankford—Henry C. Hackett, Frederick Mentzer, Adam Mountz.
Hopewell—Samuel Duncan, Jacob Foglesonger, James Hemphill, William McElwane.
Monroe—David Williams.
Mifflin—Hugh Barr, George Christlieb.
Mechanicsburg—Geo. F. Cain, Valentine Shock.
Newton—William Buchanan, William Gracey, Jacob High, Isaac Marquard, Samuel Piper, John Ruth.
North Middleton—Jacob Beidler, Samuel Beistline, Andrew Monasmith, Benjamin Diller, Michael Wise.
Silver Spring—William Adams, John Dunlap; Jacob Grove, Benjamin Haverstick, William Keller, George Keller.
South Middleton—Henry Erben, Alexander Fulton, John Kinkly, Hugh Stewart.
Shippensburg B—John Elstrote.
West Pennsborough—James Grayson, Samuel McCormick, Frederick Zeigler.

TRAVERSE JURY--2d week.

Allen—John Drawbaugh, Conrad Hard.
Carlisle—Henry Myers, Clemens McFarlane, George McFeely, Peter Weibley.
Dickinson—Isaac Brandt, William Line, George Martin, Samuel Stewart, Capt. Samuel Woods, Mathew Lynch.
East Pennsborough—Jacob Bricker, Danl. Deitz, John Heffelfinger, Adam Seifer.
Frankford—Benjamin Alter, William Campbell, Josiah C. McDowell, Christian Myers, David Nickey.
Hopewell—David Duncan, sen. John Heberling, Jacob Myers.
Monroe—John Beelman, Samuel Bricker, John Dornbaugh, John Line, Jacob Morrett.
Mechanicsburg—William Meiley, Jacob Rupley, Robert Wilson.
Mifflin—George Bratton, James Brown, jr. Wm. Stevenson.
Newton—William Boyd.
North Middleton—Joseph Wert.
Silver Spring—John Chronister, John Hinkle, John Trimble.
South Middleton—Henry Buttorff, Alexander Gregg.
Shippensburg B—John Saltzman.
Southampton—John Highlands, Abraham Seavers.
West Pennsborough—George M. Graham, Yost Spangler.

To the Directors of the Common Schools in Cumberland Co.

GENTLEMEN:—The following statement is made in accordance with the school law, passed 1838.

I am yours, respectfully,
FRS. R. SHUNK,
Supt. Com. Schools.

Harrisburg, February 23, 1841.

The amount of tax every district must levy to entitle itself to its share of State appropriation is a sum equal to at least sixty cents for every taxable inhabitant in the district, according to the last triennial enumeration made in the spring of 1839. A list of taxables in each district is hereto appended.

Districts that have already accepted the Common School system and received their share of the appropriation for former years, will by levying the proper amount of tax, be entitled under existing laws to receive for the school year 1842, which commences on the first Monday of next June, one dollar for every taxable.

Districts which have not received any part of the appropriation of former years, but which accept the system for the first time, at the annual election in March next, and levy the proper amount of tax, will under existing laws receive $4 40 for every taxable in the district in 1835, and $3 00 for every taxable in 1839, according to the annexed list. These sums, by a resolution passed April 13th, 1840, will remain in the State Treasury for the use of non-accepting districts, until the first of November, 1841, and no longer.

Number of taxable inhabitants in the several School districts of the county, according to the enumerations of 1835 and 1839.

	1835	1839.
Allen	423	593
Carlisle,	783	814
Dickinson,	508	623
Frankford,	291	239
Hopewell,	204	206
Mechanicsburg,	125	153
Mifflin,	296	318
North Middleton,	355	394
South Middleton,	462	423
Monroe,	308	369
Newton,	291	336
Newville,	152	149
East Pennsborough,	453	503
West Pennsborough,	397	453
Shippensburg Borough,	28	50
Shippensburg township,	297	321
Silver Spring,	369	480
Southampton,	305	315

By order of the Commissioners.
Test:—JOHN IRWIN, Clerk.
Commissioners Office,
Carlisle March 11, 1841.

LAW NOTICE.

PETER F. EGE, Attorney at Law, Office opposite the Carlisle Bank.
March 25, 1841. 3ms

6 CENTS REWARD.

RANAWAY from the subscriber, in Newville, on Friday the 12th inst. an apprentice to the Carpenter and Cabinet making business, named *John McClelland*. Said boy is about 19 years of age, of slender make, and is a tolerable workman at the business. The above reward will be paid for his apprehension, but no extra charges.

JOSEPH OTTO.

March 18, 841. 3t

HARD TIMES!

Wanted immediately one Journeyman CHAIRMAKER, one TURNER, and one ORNAMENTAL PAINTER, to whom constant employment will be given. None but good workmen need apply.

Also, two APPRENTICES will be taken to the above business immediately.

C. E. R. DAVIS.

Carlisle, March 18, 1841.

Estate of William Keith, dec'd.

LETTERS testamentary on the estate of William Keith, late of the Borough of Carlisle, Cumberland county, dec'd., have been issued to the undersigned residing in said Borough, in due form: All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands will present them without delay for settlement.

J. W. EBY, Executor.

March 17, 1841.

MR. VAN BUREN, it is said, will take up his future residence in his native village of Kinderhook, in the mansion formerly occupied by his friend, Judge VAN NESS. May long life and prosperity attend him.

VIRGINIA.—This State is now without a governor, the late Executive, Mr. Gilmer, having resigned in consequence of a misunderstanding with the Legislature. The difficulty occurred in consequence of a demand made by the Governor of New York to deliver up a fugitive from justice. This Governor Gilmer refused to do, unless Governor Seward would first surrender three fugitive slaves who had taken up their residence in New York. The Legislature refused to sustain him in his position—hence the resignation.

The duties of the Executive office (the Legislature having adjourned sine die,) devolve upon the senior Councellor, JOHN M. PATTON, Esq. until the meeting of the next Legislature, upon his successor, Col. JOHN RUTHERFORD.

THE PRINTER.

"I pity the printer said my uncle Toby.

"He's a poor creature," rejoined Trim.

"How so?" said my uncle.

"Because, in the first place, (continued the corporal, looking full upon my uncle) because he must endeavour to please every body. In the negligence of a moment perhaps a small paragraph pops upon him; he hastily throws it to the compositor—it is inserted—and he is ruined to all intents and purposes."

"Too much the case, Trim," said my uncle with a deep sigh, "too—much—the case."

"And please your honor," continued Trim, elevating his voice, and striking into an imploring attitude, "an please your honor, this is not the whole."

"Go on, Trim," said my uncle feelingly.

"The printer sometimes [pursued the Corporal] hits upon a piece that pleases him mightily, and he thinks it must go down with his subscribers; but alas, sir, who can calculate the human mind? He inserts it, and it is all over with him. They forgive others, but they cannot forgive a printer. He has a host to print for, and every one steps up for a critic. The pretty Miss exclaims "why dont he give us more poetry, marriages and bon mots?—away with these stale pieces." The politican claps his specs on his nose, and runs it over in search of some violent invective; he finds none; takes his specs off, folds them, sticks them in his pocket, declaring the paper is good for nothing but to burn. So it goes. Every one thinks it ought to be printed expressly for himself, as he is a subscriber and yet after all this complaining, would you believe it, sir, said the honest Corporal, clasping his hands beseechingly, would you believe it, sir, there are some subscribers who do not hesitate to cheat the printer out of his pay! Our army swore terribly in Flanders, but they never did any thing so bad as that!"

"Never!" said uncle Toby emphatically.

Romance in Real Life.

The last number of the New York Sunday Atlas relates the following romantic story. Whether true or not, it has merit above the common order of this class of newspaper tales of the wonderful, and will be read with intrest.

"Married, on Tuesday, by the Rev. William Ash Thomas Howitt, to Charlotte Conway, both of its city."

The above marriage was consummated in this city on last Tuesday week, and thereby hangs a tale which may be worth the attention of the lovers of the marvellous. Mr. Howitt is a respectable shoemaker, who keeps several men employed, and among the rest was one named John Pelsing, who had ingratiated himself so much in his favor by his faithfulness, industry and sobriety, that he took him in partnership about three years since, and had no cause to regret his kindness. From that period Mr. Howitt and Mr. Pelsing were constant friends and companions, and boarded in the same house until about twelve months since, when one day they were subpœned for a coroner's inquest which was bout to be held on the body of a man that had been taken out of the Maiden Lane Dock. The deceased had all the appearance of having been a regular dock loafer, and it was the opinion of all present that he had fallen into the slip while in a state of intoxication; but the verdict—which was given in a few minutes—was merely "found drowned."

The jury being dismissed, Mr. H. turned round to look for his friend and fellow juror, who had been at his side till that moment, but he had gone and he thought he saw him running at almost full speed up Maiden Lane. This struck him as being curious, and it also remided him of another curious fact, (at least curious as taken in connection with his sudden flight) namely, that when Mr. Pelsing had first glanced at the face of the corpse, he started, and turned deadly pale. Mr. H. then proceeded to his boarding house, and thence to his store to look for his partner, but he was to be found at neither, nor did he return that night; nor the next; and two more passed away without bringing any intellence of him, during which time Mr. Howitt had fully made up his mind that there was some mysterious connection between his friend and the man that was found drowned, and that, in consequence thereof, Mr. Peing had in all probability made away with himself.

Well, so matters rted until a certain day in last June, when a lady called at Mr. Howitt's store, and asked for Mr. Pelsing. She was told the particulars of his story.—"And hast he been here since," she inquired. "Not since," replied Mr. Howitt. "I know he has," said the lady. "He has not, I assure you, at least to my knowledge," answered Mr. Howitt. "But I am positive," said the lady. "What proof have you of it," inquired the shoemaker. "The best in the world," returned the stranger," for I am here, and I and Mr. Pelsing are one and the same person." And strange as it may appear, such was the actual fact.

Well, the question then was, whether Mr. Pelsing was a gentleman, or a lady, and it turned out that she was a lady, and more than that, her name wasn't John Pelsing at all, but Charlotte Conroy, and furthermore, that she was the *widow of the man that had been found drowned.* She then stated that her husband, who was a shoemaker in Philadelphia, and to whom she had been married for about two years, had treated her very badly, the consequence of which was, that she picked up his trade by stealth, and when she thought she was sufficiently perfect, equipped herself in men's clothes, and ran off to this city to be the more safely out of the reach of her lord and master. Here, as we have seen, she got into the employment and remained in the confidence of Mr. Howitt until the time of the coroner's inquest, immediately after which she proceeded to Philadelphia, where she learned that her husband (who had become a wandering loafer,) had, on the hint of some friend, set out for New York, about a week before, to look for her; but where, instead of an injured wife, he found a watery grave.

The upshot of this romantic affair was that Mr. Howitt requested Mrs. C. to make his house her home; that after a while he found that he *liked her yet better* as Mrs. C. than as Mr. Pelsing; that by virtue thereof, he proposed a renewal of their terms of partnership, which was accepted; and that on last Tuesday week Mr. Howitt and the late Mr. John Pelsing became husband and wife.

This is the first instance we believe on record wherein the wife performed the office of a coroner's jurymian on the body of her own husband, or wherein a young man was married to his own master. The lady, by the way, is very good looking, and still on the safe side of thirty.

Opinions of the Press.

To show the enthusiastic reception the nomination of DAVID R. PORTER has met with, we make the following selection from papers in various sections of the Commonwealth. We might swell the number to an indefinite extent, but have not the space. It is sufficient to observe that every Democratic paper in the State, without a single exception, speaks in the warmest terms of approbation of the nomination.

NOMINATION FOR GOVERNOR.—Never was the democracy of Pennsylvania more firmly united than at the present crisis. The unanimous nomination of *David R. Porter*, by delegates fresh from the ranks of the people, proves conclusively that he has sustained the highest expectations of his fellow citizens by his fearless and honest course of policy, and that he will be re-elected by a triumphant majority. The commencement of the present term was subjected to unprecedented difficulty and pecuniary embarrassments, resulting from a profligate antimasonic administration, and the consequent evils of the United States bank of Pennsylvania, the creation of which was intended to aid political aspirants by deranging business, and destroying confidence, for the purpose of making political capital out of the people's sufferings. The general derangement of the whole banking system of the state, greatly aggravated by the institution above alluded to, requires the prudent and unyielding firmness of David R. Porter to enforce the laws against fraudulent and insolvent institutions that assume the high attribute of making and loaning money; and if we are not mistaken in the signs of the times, the people regardless of party distinction, who live by labor, and regard honesty as a virtue, will cordially support him.—*Upland Union.*

We have only been able to give a portion of the proceedings of the 4th of March Convention this week. Every county was represented, and the utmost harmony prevailed throughout. Our present worthy governor was renominated with but two dissenting voices. Let him only be governed on the present *trying occasion* by the firmness which has heretofore characterized the man—let him manfully protect the community against the machinations of the banks, and tens of thousands, who now despond, will hail him as their deliverer!—*Clearfield Banner.*

THE NOMINATION.—The Convention which met in Harrisburg on the 4th inst. by an almost unanimous vote renominated our present worthy Executive, and we have now the gratification to announce the name of *David R. Porter*, as the regularly nominated democratic candidate for Governor. This is an event which, though not unexpected, will be hailed with pleasure. We learn that the greatest unanimity of feeling prevailed in the Convention on all the subjects brought before it. The bold, decided tone of the resolutions meet our hearty concurrence, and we have no doubt will be responded to by the democracy of the State. The able address, prepared by H. B. Wright, Esq. and adopted by the Convention, we regret to say, is crowded out of to-day's Sentinel; it shall appear, however, in our next.

Gov. Porter holds a high seat in the confidence of the democracy of Columbia county. His unbending integrity, his unswerving devotion to the interests of the State, and his manly, decided rebuke to the Federal majority in the Legislature who attempted to legislate themselves into office, have endeared him to all who are not prejudiced against the man and his administration. Gov. Porter has stood firm in support of democratic principles, and to him the people are again willing to confide the trust of wielding the destinies of the Commonwealth. Under the proud banner of "Porter and Democracy," we again go forth to battle, not doubting the result of the contest.—*Berwick Sentinel.*

OUR CANDIDATE.—We raise this week, the name of *David R. Porter*, to our mast head, as the democratic republican candidate for Governor, nominated by the 4th of March Convention, in accordance with the established usages of the party. That convention, composed of members from all the counties of the State, and representing the entire democratic party of Pennsylvania, was strongly marked by a high tone of good feeling, and a disposition to harmony and unanimity, which generally prevailed amongst its members; and its acts and declarations are entitled to respect as the voice of the people, and must be calculated to insure the hearty concurrence of every member of the democratic party, who is willing to make sacrifice of partial views and preferences, for the sake of the union, harmony, and triumph of the whole party. We are of those who conceive the union of the whole party of the highest importance, and worthy of the largest possible measure of concession for its attainment; and we have heretofore been, are now, and we trust ever shall be, ready and willing to postpone all personal considerations and opinions, to effect that union and harmony without which triumph is out of the question. On this subject we adopted approvingly, the admirable sentiment with which the worthy President of the convention closed his introductory address, after taking the chair, "In the settlement of all questions, here (in convention) and at the ballot box, let us invoke the spirit of union, harmony, patriotism, and sustain with united voice the great principle, submission to and respect for the will of the majority." The almost entire unanimity with which the convention acted in the choice of a candidate for Governor, left no doubt as to what was the voice of the majority; and it is now ardently hoped whatever differences of opinion may have existed on this subject before the meeting of the convention, now, that a nomination is made, in accordance with the usages of the party made honorable by long observance, that there will be but one mind and one feeling amongst the democrats of Pennsylvania.—Let us all unite and organize, let us present an undivided front to the enemy, let us pull strong and long, and ALL together, and there cannot be a doubt as to the result. Let us disappoint our opponents, who have so long and earnestly watched and prayed for disunion in our ranks, as their only hope and chance of trampling us down. The anxious faces with which they gathered around the convention, showed how they desired to find dissension there, and they chuckled with delight when they fancied they saw evidences of discord, which were mostly, nothing more than manly and free discussions of of measures before the body. Let us rally under the banner raised by the convention, and remembering that without union there is not strength, resolve that the Keystone State shall not again be subjected to the rule of a now prostrate faction, which a few years ago, disgraced and well nigh ruined the Commonwealth.—*Westmoreland Argus.*

THE NOMINATION.—In to-day's Emporium we publish the proceedings of the democratic 4th of March Convention, from which it will be seen that a unanimous re-nomination was conferred upon our present excellent Executive, David Rittenhouse Porter. This unanimity of action on the part of the representatives of the democracy of Pennsylvania is unprecedented, and at once secures his election by the old fashioned democratic majority. John Banks his antimasonic opponent, will look something like our canal banks did after the late freshet, when he hears the result of doings on the second Tuesday of October next. Our mast stands firm, and our banner of "*Porter and Democracy*" is wafted in the breeze to await the foul-mouthed anathemas of the Peg Beattyites, who will doubtless again employ the Yellow Boy John to aid them in despoiling the character of those whom they hate for their private virtues and correct political principles.—*Pottsville Emporium.*

Gen. David R. Porter and *Hon. John Banks* are now before the people of this State as the candidates of the two great political parties for the office of Governor.—They are both capable men. *Gen. Porter* has been tried and has given general satisfaction. *John Banks* is a good Judge, but he has never done any thing that entitles him to the appellation of a statesman, or for which he can claim the votes of the people. But it is not for us to stop to enquire what the character, qualifications, &c. of the candidates are, or what services they have rendered the community. Each party, by its nomination, declares the candidate to be suitable for it, and the candidates are only the flag bearers of their respective parties. It is the great and just principles of democracy, which the party that nominated *Gen. Porter* will strive to carry, in opposition to the principles of Federalism, of which Judge Banks is the standard bearer. Democracy, against Federalism is the true issue, and no man should stop to enquire who either Gen. Porter or Judge Banks is, but he should enquire into the principles of the parties of which these men are the respective standard bearers. It is not our intention to call up prejudices of any description, either to operate in favor of Gen. Porter or against Judge Banks, but we will endeavor to impress the public with the importance of maintaining the ascendency of the democracy of this state, and of keeping down the baneful spirit of Federalism. With these views as our guide, we nail the name of the Democratic candidate at our mast head, and "embark with consciousness of right and hearty good will" in support of sound democratic principles.—*Milton Ledger.*

The manner in which our present able and patriotic Executive was again put in nomination, by the unanimous voice of the democratic party of Pennsylvania, in their representative capacity, is an event peculiarly gratifying to his political friends, while at the same time it cannot fail to send dismay and confusion into the ranks of his opponents. They had loudly predicted a division of the democratic party, in the nomination of a candidate for Governor, and had flattered themselves that this occurrence would tend to insure the success of the federal candidate. But now that the convention has assembled, they find that the unanimity with which the nomination was made is almost without a parallel in the political annals of Pennsylvania. They may now see, unless wilfully blinded by prejudice, that the administration of Governor Porter has been such as to meet the entire approbation of a majority of the people, and that the perfect harmony and good feeling which attended the proceedings of the convention, is a bright presage of certain and glorious victory.

The result of this convention is an event upon which the democracy of Pennsylvania may congratulate themselves. The election of their candidate is placed beyond all doubt, if they but acquit themselves in a manner worthy of the sacred principles for which they had always so nobly contended; and they should be encouraged by the reflection that we shall not, in the coming contest, have to contend against such powerful and corrupting influences as in that of 1838.—The federal party have not now, as then, sections of the public works under their control, where hundreds and thousands of voters were brought, who had no better right to exercise the elective franchise than a citizen of a foreign country. All that we are now required to do, is to come boldly and manfully forward, and do our duty as citizens and as democrats. No one can doubt that there is a vast majority of democrats in the state, and if every man is found at his post when the day of trial comes, the re-election of David R. Porter may be counted upon with as much certainty as any occurrence which has not already transpired.—*Lycoming Gazette.*

GOVERNOR PORTER.—The unanimity with which David R. Porter was nominated by the 4th of March convention, as the democratic candidate for Governor, is evidence that all minor questions of policy and expediency were merged in the great objects of preserving the integrity and union of the democratic party, and maintaining its principles. Doubtless the members of the party throughout the state will see the propriety of making the same sacrifice of individual feeling, and adopting the patriotic views acted upon by our delegates in convention, rally once more around the triumphant flag of "Porter and Democracy."—*Blairsville Record.*

GOVERNOR PORTER.

As our democratic exchange papers come in to us from all parts of the commonwealth, we find them expressing but one opinion as to the re-nomination of Governor Porter.—No where has there been raised a single voice of discontent—no where has that nomination been hailed with other than the most enthusiastic feelings of delight. Never were the presages of victory brighter than at this moment—the whole party is united, every trifling difference about men and measures is merged in deep devotion to our glorious cause, and we stand forth pledged to the whole country to redeem Pennsylvania from the disgrace of having cast her vote for the federal candidate for the Presidency.

It is true that before the nomination of Governor Porter, we expressed ourselves adversely to his pretensions—and we did so in all honesty, we did not think that there were better or fitter men than he is, nor did we mistrust his capacity or his well tried democratic integrity. As a man—as a politician—as a true hearted son of Pennsylvania we always honored and esteemed the Governor. But we did think, that there were other men who, to use the whig phrase, were *more available* than the 'old Iron Grey'—a thought in which we are now convinced that we were mistaken, and for having harbored and expressed which, we pledge ourselves to tenfold exertion in the coming campaign by way of reparation to our friends.

Governor Porter received from the yeomanry of old Berks the largest majority that they ever cast for any man. Since he received that high honor at their hands he has done nothing, which has in anywise impaired their confidence in his abilities or his honesty, on the contrary he has done much, in his manly struggles to resist the encroachments of factious legislation upon democratic principles, and in his exertions to maintain unimpaired the honor and credit of the state during times of unparalleled pecuniary distress, to merit not merely a continuance, but a higher demonstration of their gratitude and favor. And he will receive it. If we know any thing of the people of Berks county, they will out do all that they have ever done on former occasions, upon the second Tuesday of next October.

Never did the federal party so reckon without their host as when they nominated Judge Banks with a view to his making an impression upon his democratic district.—much as the Judge may be respected in private life and on the bench, neither he nor any other member of his party can overcome the invincible repugnance, which is felt by the great majority of the people of Northampton, Lehigh and Berks to the principles and measures with which he is identified.—The people of this judicial district, however well they know and however highly they respect *the man*, are not to be led away by that knowledge and that respect from a severe scrutiny of his *principles*; and were the man as pure as the angels, if his principles be not democratic, they will reject him most decidedly and most emphatically.—*Reading Dem. Press.*

STATE CONVENTION.—The delegates to the state convention met at Harrisburg on the 4th inst. and put in nomination Governor David R. Porter for re-election. Perhaps a greater unanimity of feeling was never known in the proceedings of any nominating convention. On the first ballot David R. Porter received every vote but two in the convention. This augurs well for his triumphant election next fall.

We regard this as a cheering announcement for the friends of the west. The man, whose administration for three years past has been a series of unremitting exertions for the benefit of the west—the man whose proclamation recalled to their seats a recreant legislature who adjourned without making the necessary appropriations for the western improvements, is now offered for the suffrages of western voters, and if he does not receive them, we shall be willing to own we have been mistaken in our estimate of western people.—*Erie Observer.*

THE NOMINATION.—We have the gratification of announcing to our readers this week, that the Democratic Convention which assembled in Harrisburg on the 4th inst. for the purpose of selecting a candidate for Governor, unanimously nominated David R. Porter, our present able and efficient chief magistrate. This nomination will meet with a hearty response from the citizens of this county, and of the democratic party throughout the commonwealth. It is an established democratic principle, that the majority shall rule; we, therefore, trust that any minor differences which may have existed in our ranks will be forgotten, and that the whole democratic party will again unite in the support of Gov. Porter.—*Butler Repository.*

FOURTH OF MARCH CONVENTION.—We publish to-day a portion of the proceedings of the fourth of March Convention, which nominated our present worthy Governor, David R. Porter, for re-election. Union and harmony, were the prevailing characteristics of that body, and the good feeling exhibited on the occasion, can be regarded as ample evidence of the united front which the democracy of the old Keystone, will present to the enemy in October next. No better proof could be adduced of the certainty of Governor Porter's election, than the fact that he was the almost unanimous choice of the convention. More anon.—*Monroe Dem.*

STATE CONVENTION.—The proceedings of the 4th of March democratic state convention may be found partly in this paper.—Our journals at Harrisburg, in noticing the convention, term it one of the most spirited, harmonious and talented that has ever been convened in the state. In a full covention of 133 members, from every county in the state, but one spirit, motive and design seemed to prevail. The redemption of the glorious old Keystone from federal vassalage to that elevated position in the course of republicanism which, until very recently, she has sustained through prosperity and adversity, constituted the sole object in view. No surer index of the feeling of the democratic party of Pennsylvania could be given than that afforded by this convention. It furnished the strongest indication of unanimity, and a firm resolve to bear the flag of democracy triumphantly through the approaching contest.

Upon the first balloting Gov. Porter received the vote of every Delegate, except two, and they, finally, concurred with the vast majority, by which the nomination was made unanimous. At the announcement of the nomination, the people who had congregated to witness the proceedings of the convention, sent forth three long, loud and hearty cheers for the nominee. They thus gave an expression of their approbation, and in doing so, manifested the ardor that burned within their souls.

The name then of our worthy democratic executive, heretofore placed at our mast head for the democracy of Washington county, shall now remain there in obedience to the will of the democracy of Pennsylvania, and until our renowned old ship of state shall be safely moored beyond the reach of the assaults of federalism. Let every democratic journal in the state fight under the motto '*Pennsylvania must be redeemed!*'—*Washington Examiner.*

THE FOURTH OF MARCH CONVENTION.—In this paper we present to our readers the complete proceedings of the Democratic State Couvention. It will be seen that its deliberations were marked with an almost unparalleled degree of unanimity—there being but two votes against the nomination of Gov. Porter—and no other name than his was formally submitted to the convention. We augur a most triumphant result from the unusual harmony of sentiment indicated by the circumstances of this nomination. Every county and senatorial district in the state had its full complement of members present on the occasion.

We hope that every democrat will cast behind him all the preferences and partialities conceived before the nomination, and go with a willing heart into the important contest which is just commencing. It is no time to stand upon trifles—to indulge in vain and bitter personal prejudices. The welfare of our commonwealth and the invaluable principles of the democratic party, which are now in jeopardy, demand from every democrat a warm and ardent support of our candidate David R. Porter. We are glad to see the nomination warmly responded to from every section of the state.

Pittsburg Mercury.