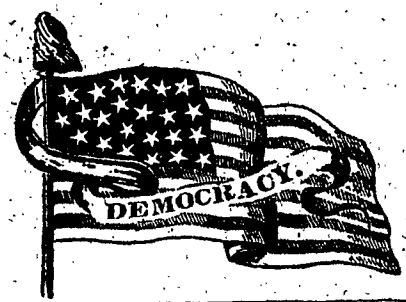


# AMERICAN VOLUNTEER.

BY GEO. SANDERSON.



Now our flag is flung to the wild wind free,  
Let it float o'er our fatherland—  
And the guard of its spotless fame shall be,  
Columbia's chosen band.

## CARLISLE:

THURSDAY, MARCH 25, 1841.

### DEMOCRATIC REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR,

**DAVID K. PORTER.**

WOOD! WOOD!! WOOD!!!

Those of our subscribers who promised us wood, will either have to bring it on immediately, or we shall have to "shut up shop"—that's all.

Those of our subscribers, in town and country, who change their places of residence this spring, will please inform us of their whereabouts—so that their papers may receive the proper direction.

**BONHOMME ELECTION.**—The election in this Borough, on Friday last, resulted in favor of the Federalists by a small majority. The test vote was between the Judges, and the Federal candidate was elected by 14 majority. (At the Presidential election the Federal majority was 43.) One of the Democratic candidates for Constable, the Town Clerk, Inspector, and one of the School Directors, were elected—the latter, however, was not run on party grounds. Our candidate for Assessor, run only 9 votes behind this opponent. The Democratic friends made one half the exertion that the other party did, our whole ticket would have been elected. Upwards of one hundred votes it did not come to the polls, and of these a large majority here Democrats. The following is a list of the persons elected:

- Chief Burgess.—JOHN OFFICER.—Assistant Burgess.—NATHANIEL HARTER.
- Town Council.—Frederick Watts, David N. Mahon, George W. Rheam, Charles Fleming, Charles Barnitz, John D. Gorgas, Armstrong Noble, Clark Sener, John H. Weaver.
- Town Clerks.—Robert Moore.
- School Directors.—Lewis Harlan, Andrew Blair.
- Judge.—John McGinness.
- Inspector.—James Hoffer, William Gould.
- Assessor.—Andrew Comfort.
- Constables.—Robert McCartney, Saml. Crall, Matthew B. Rodgers, John C. Gilmore.

Democratic candidates marked with \*.

**THE TOWNSHIP ELECTIONS.**—Our friends in the different townships of the county acted nobly on Friday last. Democratic Judges, &c., were elected in Silver Spring, Mechanismsburg, North and South Middleton, Upper and Lower Dickinson, Upper and Lower Franklin, Newville, Newton, Milford and Southampton. The Federalists succeeded, as usual, in Allen, East and West Pennersburg, (Upper & Lower), Shippensburg, Hopewell and Monroe.

The elections generally were unusually large, and the zeal and animation with which our Democratic friends in most instances went into the contest, gives an earnest of what they intend doing on the second Tuesday of October. All seem anxious to assist in wiping out the stain which attaches to the character of this county since the Presidential election, and we are well assured that no exertion will be wanting to recover the position we so nobly maintained until that decisive period. We had the result of the Spring elections as an auspicious omen, and we therefore urge our friends everywhere to improve upon the advantage already obtained. Organize your forces without delay in the several Boroughs and Townships, and let the rallying, animating cry be every where heard, that **"OLD CUMBERLAND MUST AND SHALL BE REDEEMED!"**

**DEMOCRATS!** Organize your forces at once. The carrier who takes the field, the better our defeat and the enemy's triumph last fall, was owing to our defective organization. We were too confident of our strength, and the purity of our principles. We slumbered in the presence of a watchful and well-disciplined foe—and you all know the consequence. **BERRY YOURSELVES IN TIME!** Rouse all your latent energies—And let the stuff be not who will do his duty, but WHO CAN DO MOST FOR THE SUCCESS OF THE glorious cause in which we are engaged. Gird on your armor at once, and let the busy notes of preparation be heard from one end of the county to the other. **ORGANIZE! ORGANIZE!! ORGANIZE!!!**

**McLeod's Trial.**—A correspondent of the N. York Herald, writing from Lochport under date of the 10th inst. says:—"The trial of McLeod will not come on at our next Oyer and Terminer, which sits at this place on the 23d inst. Mr. McL. has commenced, or is about to commence, proceedings to procure a commission to examine foreign witnesses, and amongst the first Captain Drew, who commanded the Caroline expedition, and who is now in England. I think a trial cannot be had before the latter part of next summer, or perhaps not until fall."

Other reports say the trial is to come on during the present week—that Gen. Scott is proceeding to the Florida frontier, for the purpose of representing any disturbances which may grow out of McLeod's trial—and that Mr. Crittenden, the Attorney General, will be present at the trial on behalf of the United States.

President Harrison has issued his proclamation, convening Congress in extra session on the 21st day of May.

There are forty clerkships in the General Post Office at Washington; and only ONE THOUSAND applications have been made for them! How patriotic!

Flour in Baltimore, \$4 1/2.

## Appointments by the President.

By and with the advice of the Senate.

- William R. Watson, Collector, Providence, Rhode Island.
- Austin Baldwin, Collector, Middletown, Connecticut.
- Nathan Cummins, Collector, Portland and Falmouth, Maine.
- Daniel Remick, Collector, Kennebec, Maine.
- Tristram Storrs, Collector and Inspector, Saco, Maine.
- Gordon Forbes, Surveyor and Inspector, Yeocomico, Virginia.
- George Howland, Surveyor and Inspector, Tiverton, Rhode Island.
- Jedediah W. Knight, Surveyor and Inspector, Pawcatuck, Rhode Island.
- William Pinckney, Surveyor and Inspector, Baltimore, Maryland.
- Ogden Hoffman, District Attorney, Southern District of New York, in place of Benj. F. Butler, resigned.
- Allen A. Hall, of Tennessee, Charge d'Affaires to Venezuela.
- Thomas Hayes, Navy Agent, Philadelphia.
- Lorenzo Draper, Consul, Paris, France.
- Henry C. Bosler, U. S. Marshal, for the Western District of Pennsylvania.
- Daniel Huginin, U. S. Marshal for the District of New York.
- Clark Robinson, U. S. Marshal for the Northern District of New York.
- William M. Meredith, Attorney U. S. for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania.
- Walter Forward, Attorney U. S. for the Western District of Pennsylvania.
- Henderson Taylor, Attorney—U. S.—Western District of Louisiana.
- Isaac N. Stoddard, Collector and Inspector, Plymouth, Massachusetts.
- Myles Elliott, Surveyor and Inspector, Hertford North Carolina.
- Lieut. W. K. Hanson to be a Captain by brevet.
- William A. Spencer, to be a Captain in the Navy.
- Abraham Bigelow, to be a Commander in the Navy.
- William L. Maury, to be a Lieutenant in the Navy.

## APPOINTMENTS BY THE PRESIDENT.

- Charles B. Penrose, of Pennsylvania, to be Secretary of the Treasury, in the place of Matthew Burchard, removed.
- John Williamson, of Pennsylvania, to be Recorder of the General Land Office, in the place of Hudson M. Garland, removed.
- Robert C. Cornell, of New York, to be Receiver General of Public Money at New York, in the place of Stephen Allen, removed.
- Samuel Frothington, of Boston, to be Receiver General of Public Money, at Boston, in the place of Isaac Hill, removed.
- Richard K. Call, of Florida, to be Governor in and for the Territory of Florida, in the place of Robert B. Reed, removed.
- Elisha Whittlessey, of Ohio, to be Auditor of the Treasury for the Post Office Department, in the place of Charles K. Gardner, removed.
- Paul Roignol, to be Superintendent of the Branch Mint, at Dabonoga, in the State of Georgia, in the place of J. J. Singleton.
- Solomon Van Rensselaer, to be Deputy Postmaster at Albany.
- Thomas Scott, Register, Chillicothe, Ohio, vice James S. McGinness, removed.
- Ambrose Whittlock, Receiver, Crawfordville, Indiana, vice Ezekiel McConnell, removed.

## OFFICERS OF THE CUSTOMS.

- James Hunter, Savannah, Georgia, vice Abram F. Pennin, removed.
- Joseph C. Noyes, Passamaquoddy, Maine, vice Sullivan S. Rawson, removed.
- John M. Hale, Frenchman's Bay, Maine, vice Edward S. Jarvis, removed.
- Charles J. Abbott, Penobscot Maize, vice Rowland H. Brigham, removed.
- William B. Smith, Machias, Maine, vice Wm. Brown, removed.
- George Thatcher, Belfast, Maine, vice Nathaniel M. Lowney, removed.
- Edward Curtis, New York, vice John J. Morgan, removed.
- George Allen, at Waldoborough, Maine, vice Denny M. Cobb, removed.
- Jeremiah Brooks, at York, Maine, vice Joseph P. Jenkins, removed.
- Parker Sheldon, at Bath, Maine, vice Joseph Sewall, removed.

## SURVEYORS.

- Shilworth S. Whipple, Eastport, Maine, vice Ezekiel Foster, removed.
- Bazillee Cushman, Portland, Maine, vice Stephen W. Enton, removed.
- William Taggart, New York, vice Ely Moore, removed.

## NAVAL OFFICERS.

- Thomas Lord, New York, vice William S. Coe, removed.
- Isaac P. Davis, at Boston, Mass., vice Isaac O. Barnes, removed.

## THE POLITICAL PROSPECT.

HEADS UP! SMILES BRIGHT!

It is one of the most prominent characteristics of the great democratic party, never to despair of success! Though the clouds may lower, and the enemy may appear flushed with past victory, still the democracy of the country STAND TO THEIR ARMS, until the last gun is fired. This confidence and firmness spring chiefly from an abiding, deep seated consciousness of the justice and correctness of their cause, from the conviction that although their principles may be temporarily overshadowed by the mists of delusion, and their sacred tenets crushed to earth by the accidental triumph of federalism, they will nevertheless rise like a Phoenix from their ashes, the brighter and purer for having passed the ordeal. In this respect, if we may be allowed the comparison (and we make it not irreverently,) the faith of the Democrat resembles that of the Christian, who, whatever temporary reverses befall him in the "good fight, continues to the end in cherishing an unshaken conviction, that ultimately a grand and glorious TRIUMPH awaits his exertions.

Such precisely are the feelings which animate us in the present contest, and which we deem it our duty to express, and such should be the sentiment of every true-hearted republican. We should, one and all, from the very threshold of the contest, carry hearts for the conflict, but not for despair. The rallying cry of the Democratic party should be: every man to his post, and never to desert it, until the heat and smoke of the battle shall have passed away, and VICTORY shall have perched upon our standard. Then, and only then, can Pennsylvania be purified and blackened ecumenicon be cleansed and stilled. Our ancient and inveterate enemies, it is true,

are already raising the shout of exultation, and wreathing in anticipation the garland of victory. They evidently predicate their hopes of success upon the result of last fall's election, and assume that as infallible data, by which to estimate the result of the future. The premises are false, and the result will be still more so. They should remember, and our friends too should not forget it, that it has frequently happened, that the Democratic party has sustained a defeat one year, and by a bold effort redeemed itself triumphantly for the very next year. In 1830 the democratic candidate for governor, owing to a multiplicity of causes, was defeated by a majority of about fifteen hundred. At the very next gubernatorial contest, the Democratic party regained the Chief Magistracy of the state by a majority of about TWENTY SIX THOUSAND. In 1836 Mr. Van Buren's majority in the state was barely four thousand, and but two years after the Democrats carried the present able and enlightened Governor by an undisputed majority of 10,000, and this too with all the state works in the hands of the federalists, who were enabled by them to SMUGGLE at least 10,000 illegal votes into the boxes—vide, the Millerstown, Tankhannock, Morris, Halifax, and Youngstown districts.

Judging from analogy, then, the federalists have not a shadow of reason to hope for a favorable result next October. The democratic party is closely UNITED upon DAVID R. PORTER, and will assuredly right itself, as it always has done, by the first opportunity. We may say to our friends, then, one and all, go to work cheerily, with bold and buoyant hearts, and federalism will be swept before you, as chaff is swept by the rude blast of the whirl-wind.—Yeoman.

**NEW HAMPSHIRE ELECTION.**—Returns from all but twenty towns are known, and the Democratic majority so far is about 8,000—being a gain of more than 1600 on the election of last year. Of the 12 Senators elected, 10 are Democrats—and the House of Representatives is Democratic by an overwhelming majority. This is the "first gun" under the new order of things, and will inspire fresh courage into the hearts of the Democracy from one end of the Union to the other. Pennsylvania will follow the example in October next.

**THE BANK BILLS.**—The proceedings of the two houses, on Friday, relative to the respective Bank bills before them, are condensed as follows in the Harrisburg Intelligencer:

The House had under consideration the bank bill, generally known as Mr. HINGHAM'S bill, which was warmly discussed during the whole morning session. As soon as the House met in the afternoon, the yeas and nays were called upon the first section of the bill, when it was lost by the following vote:

**YEAS.**—Messrs. Andrews, Banks, Dard, Bull, Clark, Correy, Cox, Cummins, Darsie, Dunlap, Faus, Funk, Fathay, Gratz, Hanna, Higgins, Hinnehan, Kennedy, Kerr, Kieffer, Law, Letherman, Lightner, Livingston, M'Clure, M'Curdy, Middlesworth, Miles, Montgomery, Musser, Myer, Pearson, Pennell, Purnoy, Rusli, Skinner, Snyser, Snively, Steele, Tius, Von Neida, Crary, Speaker, 42.

**NAYS.**—Messrs. Anderson, Apple, Barr, Bean, Boal, Brodhead, (Pike) Broedel, (Nth.) Crousilat, Dilworth, Douglass, Felton, Fenton, Finney, Flemken, Flick, Fogel, Fuller, Gamble, Garrettson, Haas, Hahn, Hill, Holman, Horton, Johnston, (Arms) Johnston, (West's) Kutz, Leidy, Lusk, M'Call, M'KINNEY, Moore, Painter, Penman, Pierce, Pollock, Smith, Snyder, Traeh, Vanhorn, Wakler, Wilkinson, Wright, 43.

When the result was announced, Mr. SMITH rose and stated that he had voted in the negative for the purpose of moving a reconsideration, as he perceived from the seats of the members that the section was likely to pass by a majority vote. He came from their dinner then the vote was taken. He therefore moved to reconsider the vote just taken. This motion was lost by the following vote:

**YEAS.**—Messrs. Andrews, Banks, Dard, Bull, Christian, Clark, Correy, Cummins, Darsie, Dilworth, Dunlap, Faus, Fathay, Gratz, Hanna, Higgins, Hinnehan, Kennedy, Kerr, Kieffer, Law, Letherman, Lightner, Livingston, M'Clure, M'Curdy, Middlesworth, Montgomery, Myer, Pearson, Pennell, Purnoy, Rusli, Skinner, Snyser, Snively, Steele, Tius, Von Neida, Crary, Speaker, 46.

**NAYS.**—Messrs. Anderson, Apple, Barr, Bean, Boal, Brodhead, (Pike) Broedel, (Nth.) Cortright, Cox, Crousilat, Douglass, Felton, Fenton, Finney, Flemken, Flick, Fogle, Fuller, Gamble, Garrettson, Gillis, Haas, Hahn, Holman, Hill, Horton, Johnston (Arms) Johnston (Westmoreland) Kutz, Leidy, Lusk, M'Call, M'KINNEY, Moore, Painter, Penman, Pierce, Pollock, Snyder, Traeh, Vanhorn, Wakler, Weaver, Wilkinson, Wright, ZIMMERMAN, 47.

The bill which originated in the House has therefore failed, while that which originated in the Senate has passed second reading.

## SENATE.

The bill reported by Mr. SPACKMAN from the Committee on Banks, was taken up on second reading.

After some discussion, the first section (relating to the provisions for the forfeiture of charters during a suspension) passed by the following vote:

**YEAS.**—Messrs. Barclay, Brooke, Brower, Case, Cochran, Hiestor, Huddleson, Killinger, Macley, Mathers, Pearson, Spackman, Sterrett, Strohm, Sullivan, Williams, Ewing, Speaker, 17.

**NAYS.**—Messrs. Brown, Coplan, Crispin, Fogley, Fleming, Gibbons, Hays, Headley, Kingsbury, Mixon, Patterson, Plimmer, Smith, Snyder, 14.

The second section allowing small notes for five years, passed by the following vote:

**YEAS.**—Messrs. Barclay, Brooke, Brower, Case, Cochran, Headley, Hiestor, Huddleson, Killinger, Kingsbury, Macley, Mathers, Pearson, Smith, Spackman, Sterrett, Strohm, Sullivan, Williams, Ewing, Speaker, 20.

**NAYS.**—Messrs. Brown, Coplan, Crispin, Fogley, Fleming, Gibbons, Hays, Mixon, Patterson, Plimmer, Snyder, 11.

The other sections of the bill were then passed, except the last section, repealing all laws inconsistent with the provisions of the bill, with some amendments.

**Tavern Licenses.**—The following is the bill relative to Tavern Licenses as it passed both Houses of the Legislature:

**AN ACT** supplementary to the various acts relating to tavern licenses.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same:

That every person intending to apply for a tavern license in any city or county of this commonwealth, from and after the first day of April next, shall give public notice of the same by at least two publications in two newspapers where the application is made in any of the cities, and in one where the application is made in any of the counties of this commonwealth, (if so many there be in said city or county, or if there be no newspaper published, then by printed handbills, to be posted

throughout the township in six of the most public places, of which fact an affidavit, together with a copy of the printed notice, shall be attached to the application; which publication shall be made once at least in each of the said cities, and once in each of the said counties, before the first day of the fourth section of the act passed the eleventh day of March, one thousand, eight hundred and thirty-four, entitled an act relating to inns and taverns and so forth, the last of which publications shall be at least ten days before the first day of the fourth section of the act to which the application shall be made.

SECTION 2. That the price of a license to keep an inn or tavern shall be as follows, viz: ten dollars for one year in all cases where the adjusted valuation of the yearly rental of the house and the property occupied or to be occupied for that purpose, shall not exceed one hundred dollars; in all cases exceeding one hundred dollars and not above two hundred dollars, fifteen dollars; in all other cases, the sum of fifteen dollars and the additional sum of four per cent on the rental above one hundred dollars; and so much of the tenth section of act of March eleventh, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four as is supplied by this act, is hereby repealed.

SECTION 3. No house of entertainment shall be constructed to be an inn or tavern under the provisions of the laws of the commonwealth, except such as retail vinous, spirituous or other strong drinks, and the twelfth section of the act of March eleventh, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, to which this is a supplement, be and the same is hereby repealed.

SECTION 4. If any person shall be convicted under the provisions of this act, or the act to which this is a supplement, of retailing vinous, spirituous or other strong liquors by less measure than one quart without license, such person shall be fined in a sum not less than twenty nor more than one hundred dollars.

## State Legislature.

Letter to the Editor, dated

HARRISBURG, March 20, 1841.

DEAR SIR.—During the week the Legislature was in session, a portion of the time, occupied with the Bank Bill. On Monday it passed Committee of the Whole without objection, but owing to the indisposition of the Chairman of the Committee on Banks, Mr. Hinchman, was not taken up on second reading until yesterday. In the meantime, the bill relating to its general principles, which evidently indicated that they had not then been thoroughly drilled, although there were signals occasionally thrown out by several of its leaders. The Democrats stood aloof from any discussion of the bill, which was the subject of conversation on the other side. On the question brought on the first section, (generally considered the test vote,) the yeas were 42, nays 43—of course it was negative. A motion was immediately made to reconsider—but after debate, and the question taken, it was lost by a vote of 46 yeas to 43 nays. This morning, notice has been given that there will be two or three bills of a similar character introduced on Monday next—I think it probable that a bill containing the general provisions of the one negative, will eventually pass the House, but by a very close vote.

To-day, the bill for incorporating the York and Cumberland Rail Road Company came up, and after considerable debate, in which one of your members, Mr. McKinney participated, the first section was struck out, and the bill incorporating a company to make a road from Harrisburg to Columbia inserted in its place—thereby negating the first mentioned bill.

The bill which has been several days under discussion relative to the abandonment of the contracts on the Tanhannock Division of the North Branch Canal by order of the present Board of Canal Commissioners, owing to the illegal retelling and enormous frauds (or alleged frauds) of the Board of Canal Commissioners in 1835, by which said contracts were given out at an advance of more than \$100,000. The bill authorized the contractors to bring suit against the Commonwealth for damages, and had passed second reading. To-day it came up on third reading, and was negated by a strict party vote, the Federalists, and the Democrats against it—there may, however, be an effort to revive it when the party friendly to it are all present.

The Governor has nominated Judge Burnside, of Centre, to the vacancy occasioned by the withdrawal of the nomination of Judge Fry.

JOHN JOSEPH GILTO has published me as a Runaway Apprentice. With your permission, I embrace the same medium of informing the public of the true state of the case. I acknowledge I was with him in the capacity of an apprentice for about eleven months—but at the expiration of that time, finding it altogether impossible, according to the bargain which we had, to serve him any longer, I asked liberty of him to obtain my freedom, which he accordingly granted in the presence of witnesses. He has now absconded, which is done for the purpose of slandering my character—and, as I observed before, I wish you to publish this, in order to let the public know that the said GILTO has published a complete FALSHOOD against me.

JOHN MCLELLAND.  
Newville, March 19, 1841.

## TO THE PUBLIC.

Mr. SANDERSON—I have read with astonishment an advertisement in your paper, in which JOHN JOSEPH GILTO has published me as a Runaway Apprentice. With your permission, I embrace the same medium of informing the public of the true state of the case. I acknowledge I was with him in the capacity of an apprentice for about eleven months—but at the expiration of that time, finding it altogether impossible, according to the bargain which we had, to serve him any longer, I asked liberty of him to obtain my freedom, which he accordingly granted in the presence of witnesses. He has now absconded, which is done for the purpose of slandering my character—and, as I observed before, I wish you to publish this, in order to let the public know that the said GILTO has published a complete FALSHOOD against me.

JOHN MCLELLAND.  
Newville, March 19, 1841.

## DRY GOODS.

THE subscribers have just received from Philadelphia, at their store in S. York, in Hanover street, a large and general assortment of **Spring & Summer Goods,** of the best quality. They have also on hand a large stock of Groceries and Flour, all of which they offer to the public (for cash) as low as they can be purchased at any other establishment in the county.

J. & A. BENTZ.  
Carlisle, March 25, 1841.

## Brigade Inspector's Orders.

The enrolled inhabitants subject to military duty residing within the bounds of the 1st Brigade 11th Div. P. M., will parade and drill in companies or troops under their respective commanding officers on Monday the 3d day of May next, and the 2d day of May, at the place of parade for inspection as follows, viz:

- The 1st Bat 86th Reg't and the 2d Bat Camb Vol on Monday the 10th day of May next.
- The 1st Bat 86th Reg't and the 1st Bat Camb Vol on Wednesday the 12th of May.
- The 1st B. A. 25d Regt on Thursday the 13th of May.
- The 2d Bat same Regt on Friday the 14th of May.
- The 1st Regt Camb Vol on Saturday the 15th of May.
- The 2d Bat 39th Regt on Monday the 17th of May.
- The 1st Bat same Regt on Tuesday the 18th of May.
- The 2d Bat Perry county Vol at the same place, on one of the two last named days at the order of the commanding officer of the said Bat.
- The 3d Bat 113th Regt on Wednesday the 19th of May.
- The 2d Bat same Regt on Thursday the 20th of May.
- The 1st Bat of Perry Vol on Friday the 21st of May.
- The 1st Bat 113th Regt on Saturday the 22d of May.

Companies Armories must be in order for inspection, and the pieces of Artillery and apparatus thereto belonging must be in the field for inspection.

Officers in command of companies of Militia must have at least 4 Sergeants and 4 Corporals in each company at Regimental or Battalion inspection.

Commanding officers of Regiments or Independent Battalions and the officers in command of companies or troops, must make their annual return of their respective commands to the commanding officer of the Regimental or Battalion inspection to which they respectively belong.

W. FOLLE, Brig. Insp.  
1st Brig. 11th Div. P. M.  
Brig. Insp. Office, March 23, 1841.

## AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS.

According to the returns of the Marshals, by whom the last census was taken the State of New York is behind Pennsylvania in the production of wheat, to the amount of 2,000,000 bushels annually; while it exceeds Pennsylvania in the production of rye over 3,000,000 bushels, of Indian corn 2,500,000 bushels, of oats over 5,000,000 bushels, of buckwheat 300,000 bushels, of barley 2,900,000, of potat. 31,000,000 bushels, wool nearly 1,000,000 pounds, hay nearly 2,000,000 tons, sugar over 8,000,000 pounds, and of products of the dairy over \$9,000,000. In the production of wheat, Ohio exceeds Pennsylvania about 3,000,000 bushels, while Virginia is but about 1 1/2 million bushels behind New York in that article! In Indian corn, Tennessee takes the lead of all the States, producing 42 1/2 million bushels yearly, North Carolina, 34 1/2 million, of bushels, Virginia about 24 million of bushels, Illinois 28 millions, Michigan 22 millions, Alabama 18 millions, Missouri 15 millions, Pennsylvania 13 1/2 millions, and New York 10 millions. Of neat cattle, New York possesses 2,642,438, Pennsylvania 1,464,418, Ohio 1,008,315. Of sheep, New York has 5,331,325, Pennsylvania 3,396,451, Ohio 1,064,937, Vermont 1,293,420, Virginia 1,280,736.

In the products of the orchard, New York and Vermont lead the other States nearly two to one—the former being to the amount of \$1,732,287, the latter \$1,100,587. In the value of the produce of the farm, New York is nearly 289,835,118 pounds, Pennsylvania 377,669 pounds, Virginia, 148,997,880 pounds, Georgia, 134,889,755 pounds, Louisiana, 27,640,185 pounds, Indiana, 10,787,451 pounds. Of tobacco, Maryland produced 19,800,000 pounds, Virginia 14,000,000

Ohio 6,000,000 pounds, Tennessee 26,700,000 pounds, Missouri 8,500,000 pounds, and Indiana near 8,000,000 pounds.

**PROBATION DECREELY SUPERIOR TO BLEEDING.**—When the properties of Brandell's Purgative Universal Pills have been appreciated, bleeding will no longer be thought of as a remedy for diseases, for in violent indamation, eight or ten of them will take, in the course of two or three hours, more of the impure humors from the body, by the stomach and bowels, than bleeding to the extent of forty ounces could possibly have done; and if those parts from the blood which were the cause of inflammation, whereas, bleeding removes the essential parts also. How great the prostration of all the corporeal powers after a copious bleeding. On the contrary, what agility and strength is felt after a dose of this medicine, the riding the vitiated humors with a vegetable medicine of this kind which eighty-four years have proved never to do injury, but always good. Is the pulse too high? A dose of those Pills will bring it down. Is it too low? The same means will increase it to a proper standard.—In it's use, it produces nervous excitement. The Pills by soothing the system, will allay it.

Purchase them in Carlisle of George W. Hiner, and only in Cumberland county of Agents published in another part of this paper.

## MARRIED:

On Tuesday morning last, by the Rev. W. T. Spole, Mr. John A. Peffer, Merchant, to Miss Elizabeth Atkinson, all of this borough.

On the 11th inst. by the Rev. John Ulrich, Mr. John Conley, to Miss Catharine Ducey, both of South Middleton township.

On the same day, by the same, Mr. John Metzler, of Frankfort township, to Miss Elizabeth Sitz, of North Middleton township.

On the same day, by the same, Mr. James C. Smith, to Miss Susan Rankine, of South Middleton township.

On the same day, by the same, Mr. Henry Croft, to Miss Mary Jane Chamberling, both of Carlisle.

On the same day, by the same, Mr. Frederick Elfine, to Miss Margaret Gould, both of Carlisle.

In Shippensburg, on the 4th inst., by the Rev. J. Harper, Dr. David D. Mahon, of Sta. Thomas, Franklin county, to Miss Martha S. Cochran, of the former place.

On the 16th inst., by the Rev. John Ulrich, Mr. John Steirmitz, of South Middleton township, to Miss Elizabeth Peniz, of Monroe township.

On the same day, by the same, Mr. Samuel Neff, to Miss Elizabeth Haler, both of North Middleton township.

On the 11th inst., by the Rev. C. B. Brandeberry, Dr. John N. Duncan, to Mrs. Catharine Davis, both of Shippensburg.

On the 4th inst., by the Rev. N. I. Stroh, Mr. Jacob Kutz, to Mrs. Elizabeth Estinger, both of this county.

On the 18th inst., by the same, Mr. John Greig, to Miss Mary Anderson, both from New Cumberland.

On the same day, by the same, Mr. William Miller, of Monroe township, to Miss Magdalene Meigs, near Dillstown.

## DIED:

At his residence in the vicinity of this borough, on Sunday morning last, after a lingering illness, Mr. JOHN M'CLURE, aged 87 years.

On the 6th inst., near Newville, Mr. John Pauley, Sr. in the 75th year of his age.

On the 4th inst., in North Middleton township, Mr. Jacob Shambaugh, in the 46th year of his age.

On the 17th inst., at the residence of her son, David Hume, Esq., in East Pennsbury township, Mrs. Frances Hume, aged about 81 years.

## THE PUBLIC.

Mr. SANDERSON—I have read with astonishment an advertisement in your paper, in which JOHN JOSEPH GILTO has published me as a Runaway Apprentice. With your permission, I embrace the same medium of informing the public of the true state of the case. I acknowledge I was with him in the capacity of an apprentice for about eleven months—but at the expiration of that time, finding it altogether impossible, according to the bargain which we had, to serve him any longer, I asked liberty of him to obtain my freedom, which he accordingly granted in the presence of witnesses. He has now absconded, which is done for the purpose of slandering my character—and, as I observed before, I wish you to publish this, in order to let the public know that the said GILTO has published a complete FALSHOOD against me.

JOHN MCLELLAND.  
Newville, March 19, 1841.

## DRY GOODS.

THE subscribers have just received from Philadelphia, at their store in S. York, in Hanover street, a large and general assortment of **Spring & Summer Goods,** of the best quality. They have also on hand a large stock of Groceries and Flour, all of which they offer to the public (for cash) as low as they can be purchased at any other establishment in the county.

J. & A. BENTZ.  
Carlisle, March 25, 1841.

## Brigade Inspector's Orders.

The enrolled inhabitants subject to military duty residing within the bounds of the 1st Brigade 11th Div. P. M., will parade and drill in companies or troops under their respective commanding officers on Monday the 3d day of May next, and the 2d day of May, at the place of parade for inspection as follows, viz:

- The 1st Bat 86th Reg't and the 2d Bat Camb Vol on Monday the 10th day of May next.
- The 1st Bat 86th Reg't and the 1st Bat Camb Vol on Wednesday the 12th of May.
- The 1st B. A. 25d Regt on Thursday the 13th of May.
- The 2d Bat same Regt on Friday the 14th of May.
- The 1st Regt Camb Vol on Saturday the 15th of May.
- The 2d Bat 39th Regt on Monday the 17th of May.
- The 1st Bat same Regt on Tuesday the 18th of May.
- The 2d Bat Perry county Vol at the same place, on one of the two last named days at the order of the commanding officer of the said Bat.
- The 3d Bat 113th Regt on Wednesday the 19th of May.
- The 2d Bat same Regt on Thursday the 20th of May.
- The 1st Bat of Perry Vol on Friday the 21st of May.
- The 1st Bat 113th Regt on Saturday the 22d of May.

Companies Armories must be in order for inspection, and the pieces of Artillery and apparatus thereto belonging must be in the field for inspection.

Officers in command of companies of Militia must have at least 4 Sergeants and 4 Corporals in each company at Regimental or Battalion inspection.

Commanding officers of Regiments or Independent Battalions and the officers in command of companies or troops, must make their annual return of their respective commands to the commanding officer of the Regimental or Battalion inspection to which they respectively belong.

W. FOLLE, Brig. Insp.  
1st Brig. 11th Div. P. M.  
Brig. Insp. Office, March 23, 1841.

## AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS.

According to the returns of the Marshals, by whom the last census was taken the State of New York is behind Pennsylvania in the production of wheat, to the amount of 2,000,000 bushels annually; while it exceeds Pennsylvania in the production of rye over 3,000,000 bushels, of Indian corn 2,500,000 bushels, of oats over 5,000,000 bushels, of buckwheat 300,000 bushels, of barley 2,900,000, of potat. 31,000,000 bushels, wool nearly 1,000,000 pounds, hay nearly 2,000,000 tons, sugar over 8,000,000 pounds, and of products of the dairy over \$9,000,000. In the production of wheat, Ohio exceeds Pennsylvania about 3,000,000 bushels, while Virginia is but about 1 1/2 million bushels behind New York in that article! In Indian corn, Tennessee takes the lead of all the States, producing 42 1/2 million bushels yearly, North Carolina, 34 1/2 million, of bushels, Virginia about 24 million of bushels, Illinois 28 millions, Michigan 22 millions, Alabama 18 millions, Missouri 15 millions, Pennsylvania 13 1/2 millions, and New York 10 millions. Of neat cattle, New York possesses 2,642,438, Pennsylvania 1,464,418, Ohio 1,008,315. Of sheep,