

Now our flag is flung to the wild wind free, Let it float o'er our father land-And the guard of its spotless fame shall be, Columbia's chosen band.

CARLISLE:

THURSDAY, JANUARY 28, 1841.

FOR GOVERNOR IN 1841,

DAVID R. PORTER.

Subject to the decision of a State Convention

Democrats Attend!

The Democrats of the Borough are requested to meet at the public house of GEORGE BEETEN, on to-moreow evening, (Friday,) atearly candle light, for the purpose of nominating delegates to the County Convention, to be run at the election on Saturday. A general attendance is desirable. MANY.

January 28, 1841.

We are glad to learn that our representative, Mr. ZIMMERMAN, is recovering from his late

Since Mr. Crabb's retiracy the Herald is left without any ostensible head. It is now "edited and published for the Proprietor," but by whom we are not informed.

For the proceedings, of the Military State Convention, see first page.

"Old Ironsides on a Lee Shore."-This tale of thrilling interest, founded on fact, is on our first page. It is from the pen-of J. E. Dow, the Secretary on board the frigate Constitution at the time; and shows the admirable presence of mind, and calmness in the midst of danger, for which our esteemed fellow citizen, Commodore Elliott, is so remarkable.

Messrs. Buchanan and Sturgeon of the U.S. Senate-Col. M'Clure of the House of Represen tatives and A. S. M'Kinney, Esq. of the State Legislature, have our thanks for transmitting us various public documents, &c.

THE DELEGATE ELECTIONS.

We trust our Democratic friends throughou the county will remember that Saturday next is the time fixed upon by the Standing Committee for the election of delegates to the County Convention-and we again urge upon them the neces sity of turning out in their strength at these primary assemblages. The County Convention which is to assemble on Tuesday next, will have an important duty to perform-that of selecting delegates to the State Convention of the 4th of March-and it is important that this Convention should fairly carry out the wishes of the people, and that the delegates from the different bo and townships should truly reflect the will of the sovereign people. If the mass of the people stay at home, delegates might be elected who would be obnoxious to the majority, and thus the ground acratic ranks. We do hope, therefore, that a general turn out will be had, and that the ensuing ly exists. County Convention will be an indisputable repre sentation of the popular will.

The approaching election for Governor is one of e highest importance to the Democratic party. no frebrands in the ranks now, or we may have the rock on which we then split. Let our motto be, Union-Concession-Harmony, and the old-Keystone will again be replaced in the Arch.

The Banks of the State of Delaware resumed specie payments on Friday week.

Gov. Seward, of New York, was attacked with paralysis in the Executive Chamber, at Albany, on Thursday last, and the attack is considered se-

Pensioners .- The whole number of Revolutionary pensioners, under the act of March, 1818, was over 20,000. It has now been reduced to 7,947.

Resumption .- Drafts to the amount of nearly

the commencement of the session, have reported in favor of the establishment of an asylum for the insane poor.

A correspondence has taken place between the Hon. R. B. Rustr, member of the House of Re- a more bitter tone, as follows: presentatives from South Carolina, and the Hon,
DARIEL WEBSTER, in relation to certain remarks
alleged to have been made by the latter in a speech
at Saratoga during the last Presidential canvass,
and in which Mr. Rhett was alluded to. Mr.
Webster disclaims any intention to do injustice to
Mr. R., and says that the published speech does
not contain the true sentiments he uttered. This presentatives from South Carolina, and the Hon, not contain the true sentiments he uttered. - This explanation was "entirely satisfactory" to the gen tleman aggrieved, and here the matter ended.

Federal Economy .- The West Chester Republican, in alluding to the proposed special session of Congress, has the subjoined pithy remark on the subject: "Many of the Federal presses are advocating an extra session of Congress, to be called by President Harrison. An extra session at an expense of at least \$100,000; and for the purpose of repealing the Independent Treasury, estabof a permanent National Debt."

ailed for Havre, carried out \$230,000 in specie.

The National Intelligencer of Monday says :-'In conformity to usage, we learn that the Senate of the United States has been summoned by the Executive to meet in this city on the 4th of March next, for the transaction of business (being, of course, of an Executive character, connected with the commencement of a new Administration, the formation of a new Cabinet, &c.")

Louisiana Senator .- Alexander Barrow, whig, was elected by the Legislature of Louisiana on the 11th inst. to represent that State in the Senata of the United States for six years from the 4th of March next!

State Legislature. Letter to the Editor, dated

"HARRISBURG, January 23, 1841. On Tuesday both houses went into convention and elected JOHN GILMORE, Esque of Butler State Treasurer for the ensuing year, by a vote of 73 to 56. Mr. G. is a Federalist, and received

The joint resolution relative to the distribution of the public revenue among the several States,

has passed both houses. The bill for the election of two Canal Commisond reading yesterday, and was ordered to be engrossed for final passage. The bill will probably is to be hoped that the Governor will interpose shall elect one, and the Governor appoint one, whose term of office respectively shall commence on the first of February. Both houses being opposition, of course a majority of the board proposed to be elected would be federalists, and these worthies would no doubt manage the public works as Stevens and Ritner did in 1838. All the democrats would immediately be turned out of employment, the funds of the Commonwealth squandered and the whole concern converted into a vast elec-

The resolutions to "reform" the Printing, have passed both houses. The anti-Sub Treasury resolutions are of the carpet.

Petitions for and against small notes still come n, and borers on the subject are also beginning to

make their appearance. As the Fourth of March approaches, the Gubernatorial question seems to throw most others in the back ground. So far as the Democratic candidate is concerned, there is but little difference of opinion: All agree that our excellent Chief Magistrate, DAVID R. PORTER, will receive an almost unanimous nomination, maugre the efforts of a clique of disappointed office hunters in this place to the contrary notwithstanding. The opposition will have some trouble with their nomination .-Different factions exist in that party, and the Antimasons and Federalists will be into each other's wool in fine style on the 10th of March, the day

appointed for bringing their courser on the field. It is thought to be very doubtful whether the Governor can effect the loan of \$800,000, the Banks appearing either unable or unwilling to take it. Had his Excellency's recommendation to sell the Bank stock held by the State, been adopted, instead of resorting to loans, the money would have been raised without any difficulty. But this prudent and wise course did not suit the Federal Solons of the Legislature: They preferred mortwork laid for division and distraction in the Dem- gaging the State still further to the Banks, rather than dissevering the connexion which unfortunate-Yours, &c."

> CANADA AND THE UNITED STATES-PROGRESS OF ESTRANGEMENT.

The correspondence between Mr. Fox, the Britand it becomes every one of us to exert all our ish minister, and Mr. Forsyth, the American Secpower to secure the success of our candidate. retary of State, on the burning of the Caroline This is no time to dispute about men. The contin- has reached the Canadas, and, as might have been ued ascendency or utter prostration of the Democra- expected, produced a prodigious explosion of valtic party is at issue. Let us then be careful to throw or and vengeance, if McLeod should be hanged by the authorities of Niagara county, in whose hand causs hereafter to regret it. We all remember the he now reposes rather uncomfortably. From Monunfortunate division of the party in 1835, and the treal to Upper Canada the same big, broad, bitter sad consequences that followed—let us beware of feeling prevails against the United States. The "British Colonist," published at Toronto, writes as follows :-

"It is somewhat extraordinary that the American authorities do not admit the justifiable circumstances (in the Caroline affair) which cannot fail stances (in the Uaroline attair) which cannot tait to strike every impartial observer. It would appear as if they desired to make the most of a disgraceful affair—disgraceful as far as they are concerned. But they have a peculiar way of confounding things—and the manner in which they mix up and confuse, to suit the particular object in view at the time, that which appertains to their General Government and to their senarate. State General Government, and to their separate State Governments, is, as they would say themselves,
'a caution.' They take shelter under either, as it
suits their convenience for the time, and when the
Interest on Loans,

one fails them, they then fly to the other. we conclude for the present, with the expression of a confident hope, that, at whatever cost, our government will not suffer one hair of Mr. McLeod's House of Refuge, cape, as has been done, in the cases of all the bor-der prowlers who have been tried in the United States, and convicted, but afterwards set at liber-

The "Montreal Herald" speaks, if possible in

"As nothing is now too base for the officers of

lishing a National Bank, and laying the foundation | ple of Canada and the people of the U. States, un

wards the people of the United States, than by wasks, better to consolidate the British North American nation, by way of a counterpoise to the U. States republic. Things are coming to a pretty pass.

The approaching trial of McLeod may lead to some strange scenes-perchance an emeute on the border before the winter is over. Where is Gen. Scott? On this subject the letters of our Canadian correspondent become more and more interesting than ever. We shall continue them to-morrow developing the state of morals, society, and government comment in the Canadas .- New York Herald.

The following very singular narrative is copied from the St. Louis Republican, of Wednesday seem to believe it, for as the community has re-week:—"A singular incident occurred during the cently been severely bitten by an excessive circu- the bloody drama which followed, quarrelled return home, when a short distance from the Ferry, the entire opposition vote, and also the votes of in the prairie, the same man they had seen in the two or three Democratic members who hail from city, rode up to them and demanded their money. The one who had the money drew it out, and is attempting to hand it to him the wind caught the bills and carried them off on to the ground. The man dismounted to pick them up, and as soon as he was down, the ladies put whip to their horses sioners by the Legislature, and the appointment and made off as fast as possible. On their way of one by the Governor, passed the Senate on sec- they heard the clatter of a horse's hoofs following them, but were too much terrified to stop or lool back. When they reached their own gate, behold bass the House; but here, I trust, it will stop. It the robber's horse was with them, a fine animal with an elegant saddle, and a pair of saddle bags, his veto, and save the public works from the hands &c., but the man was nowhere in sight; they supof the spoilers. The bill provides that each house pose his horse escaped whilst he was picking up the bill elect one and the Governor appoint one. sum of money was found and several articles of wearing apparel, but nothing by which his name had appeared to claim the horse or property. The above facts we have from a respectable gentleman of the city, who assures us, that singular as the circumstances may appear they are strictly correct."

> THE RESERVE AND THE PARTY OF TH From the Auditor General's Report, made to the legislature at the opening of the session, we glean he annexed important items in relation to the financial condition of the State.

SUMMARY STATEMENT of the Receipts at the State Treasury, commencing on the first day of No-

vember, 1839, and ending on the thirty-first day of October, 1840. Land and Land office fees, Auction commissions, 19,725 00 Auction duties. 26,482 55 Dividends on bank stock. 126,522 00 Dividends on turnpike stock, 4,742 00

Dividends on bridge and navigation 32,983 32 Btock. Tax on bank dividends. 80.465 03 52,749 09 Tavern licenses. 70,971 98 Retailers' licenses. Hawkers' and pedlars' licenses, 4,606 13 Tin and clock pedlars' licenses, Collateral inheritances, 22,951 43 Pamphlet laws, 380 29 Increase of county rates and levies 2,948 49 Colonial records. 680.85 Tax on personal property. 3 48 1,072,620 75 Canal and rail road tolls. Premiums on bank charters. 105,214 25 4,338,310 00 Loans, Interest on deposits. Tax on writs, 37,560 07 Tax on certain offices 2,446 30 Dickinson College lands, 316 77 Militia and exempt fines, 229 00 1,325,53 Tax on loan companies, Fees of the Secretary of the Commonwealth's office,

\$6.113.650 61 Balance in Treasury, 1st Nov. 1839, 1,337,170 64 \$7,450,821 55

SUMMARY STATEMENT of the Payments at the Mr. SANDERSON:-State Treasury, commencing on the first day of November, 1839, and ending on the thirty-first

day of October, 1840. Commissioners of the Internal Im-\$ 5,152,609 72 provement fund. Expenses of Government Turnpikes, Bridges, 5,800 00 State Roads, Rail road, Canal Companies, &c., 72,951 97 31,378 59 Militia expenses, Pensions and Gratuities, Education. 369,335 43 Colonial Records. 2,475 00 467.500 00 162,722 23 15,143 24 Eastern Penitentiary. 3,753 05 822 68 Premiums on Silk. Payment of Troops, Seat of Government, Conveying Convicts, Conveying Fugitives,

8 6,860,471 50

Specie.-The packet ship Rhone, which lately by creating a war feeling among its population to- British troops are permanently located at Madasailed for Havre, carried out \$230,000 in specie.

Wards the people of the United States, than by permitting party factions among themselves. The virginia Senator.—On Monday week, in the Virginia Legislature, William C. Rives was elected a member of the U. S. Senate, for six years from the 4th of March next. The vote stood 85 to in order to form a subject of excitement among the subject of excitement among the forward in this matter, with promptees and energy with a singer and ever any love design to pre-Canadians, and thus to enable Lord Sydenham the gy, with a sincere and even anxious desire to preserve peace, but with an equally firm determina-tion to maintain subsisting engagements on our part, and to insist upon a full performance from

> COMMODORE STEVENS, of the Washington city Navy Yard, was found dead in his bed on Thursday morning last. '

he other party.

SMALL Notes .- A correspondent of the Philalelphia North American has the following in rela-

tion to small notes: "The old recipe says, that the hair of the offendholidays on the opposite side of the river. Two lation of notes, many applications have been made with the cook of the schooner; the captain ladies, who resided in Illinois, came to the city to to the Legislature to increase the issue, by repeal remonstrated with him, when Smith and make purchases. A well dressed man followed them into several stores, at one of which one of notes of less denomination than five dollars. If turbulent spirit. The captain said he had them got a ten dollar bill changed, receiving the the currency doctors at Harrisburg will let the arms aft and would use them if any disposichange in small bills. In the evening, on their Banks alone, they will soon settle down to a specie tion was shown to mutiny. Smith replied

use. If this is true, then let us have Homeconthic Banking."

LIST OF DELEGATES TO THE 4th OF MARCH CONVENTION.

Berks County .- Henry W. Smith, Benjamin ter,-instructed unanimously to support the re- up all hands; but the captain and his men nomination of David R. Porter, by a convention of were out of his power. They then turned more than 100 delegates.

Luzerne County.-John R. Dean, and Thomas Smith-convention recommended Gov. Porter. structed to support David R. Porter. Butler County .- Samuel A. Gilmore and Arthur

David R. Parter. Schuylkill County .- George Rahn & John Weaver instructed to support David R. Porter. unable and refused to work, Jones beat about

Philadelphia County .- John McCoy, H. D. Lentz, Peter Fisher, Wm. O. Kline, Jesse W. Griffith, Edward Wartman, George Gideon, Christopher Mason, Joseph Dean, T. J. Cummisky, & lames Enue, Jr. -

The delegates are understood to be in favor of the nomination of David R. Porter.

Columbia County .- O. D. Lieb, John McReynolds, instructed to support David R. Porter. Indiana County .- James McKennan, Augustu Drum, instructed to support David R, Porter. Mcrcer County .- John Hoge, Samuel Goodwin,

N. P. Fetterman, instructed to support David R. Porter. Mifflin County .- Hugh Connelly, not instructed

as to a man. Cambria County .- Robert P. Linton, no instructions.

Montgomery County .- John' B. Sterigere, Nathaniel Jacoby, John Hocker, Benjamin T. Hollowell, no instructions.

Warren County .- J. Y. James, Dr. G. A. Irvin, nstructed to support David R. Porter. Green County .- M. M'Coslin, no instruction. Jefferson County .- Levi G. Clover, instructed to

support David R. Porter. Beaver County .- Charles Carter, W. H. H. Chamberlain, no instructions. Tioga County .- James Goodrich, instructed to

apport David R. Porter. Huntingdon County .- John Porter, Daniel Mas- cared not-they were prepared for it. No sy, instructed to support David R. Porter. Erie County.-Col. W. Loomis, F. J. Christy, overboard and was drowned, making the

Porter. the rest as fast as received .- Keystone.

For the Volunteer.

On next Saturday the people of Cumberland County are, to elect delegates to the County Convention—and that body when it assembles, will appoint delegates to the Fourth of March Convention—and ing republicans. Heretofore it has always been customary to place the incumbent in nomination for re-election for the second and third term, and I can see no good reason why, at this crisis, that cated as they are—that they desire death time-honored custom of the party should be departed from. Gov. Porter has attended faithfully and energetically to the interests of the Com-monwealth. He has adhered firmly to the demo-167,500 00 monwealth. He has adhered firmly to the democratic faith, and is besides, as all will acknowledge, possessed of rare talents and a very large degree of personal popularity—then why discard him for a new man, as a few individuals in the party are so anxious to do? Would it be right? Would it be just? Would it be for the interest of the great Democratic party? I think not. The party was defeated at the last Presidential election in this State, and it will take a strong man to rally the State, and it will take a strong man to rally the broken and dispirited republican legions for the ensuing campaign. Such a man, in my humble opinion at least, is David R. Porter. He would not only command the entire democratic vote, (with a very few exceptions,) but he would likewise make considerable inroads: upon the other party. In this neighborhood there is not a dissenting to the work of the more moderate of the Whig party who will support his election, if he is a can-44,430 63 party who will support his election, if he is a can-

The above thoughts have suggested themselves Balance in Treasury, 1st Nov. 1840. 590,349 75

Balance in Treasury, 1st Nov. 1840. 590,349 75

The above thoughts have suggested themselves to my mind, in consequence of reading the proceedings of a self-styled Democratic meeting at Harrisburg a short time ago. Whether the men who participated in that meeting are, or are not democrate, it is not for me to say, as they are all strangers to me; but one thing is certain that an interacted batch of individuals (for I judge they are similar nature. And the British government is so much respected by the American, that it is powerless to save its servants for obeying its lawful or ders. This stats of feeling cannot last. The cup of iniquity is fast filling up, and we should like to see that country left to itself. Those persons who firmly believe in Providence overruling the affaire of the world, cannot but be impressed with the conviction, that a government which does not acknowledge a God, and acts as if there were no God, must ultimately be brought to desolation."

It is very evident, we think, from the various movements of the day, that it is the purpose of the British government at home, or in Canada, to example of Canada and the people of the U. States, unple of Canada and the people of the U. States, unple of Canada and the people of the U. States, under the belief that Canada can be better governed and respected by the American, that it is nowelledge and so the single of the day, that it is the purpose of the people of the U. States, under the belief that Canada can be better governed and respected by the American, that it is power of the posts at Tambles to tiself. The cup of individuals (for I judge that a government at the seat of the posts at Tambles at Canada, of the stipulated agreement best the set of individuals (for I judge that to be datch of individuals (for I judge that to be detected to individuals (for I judge that to be datch of individuals (for I judge that Tambles at Tambles at Tambles at Canada, of the posts at Tambles at Canada, of the stipulated agreement best the set that country left to itself. The cup of individuals (for I judge that the country left to itself. The cup of individuals (for I judge that the country left to itself. The cup of individuals (for I judge that the country left to itself. The cup of individuals (for I judge that the country left to itself. The cup o

From the Saturday Courser. The Case of Piracy and Murder on board the Schooner Alexander.

The New Orleans Picayune gives the full particulars which follow, of this painful

Swal, were yesterday brought to the Second dunicipality prison by Lieut. Winters and police officer Rockwell. They are charged with murder and robbing the schooner Alex.

ander, the particulars of which are as follows: The schooner Alexander, Capt. Butler, left this port for Pensacola on the 24thtDecember. She stopped at the lake end of the Ponchartrain rail road to take on board a crew of six sailors, as passengers, who were being sent to ship on board a vessel lying at "The old recipe says, that the hair of the offending second by a shipping master in this city-ing dog will certainly cure his bite. Very many On the 26th one of the prisoners, Smith, basis; then the community will be inspired with that if he had arms aft, they, the passenger their wonted confidence in these useful institu- sailors, had arms forward and would use them, and finally said that it should be de-"It is said that the Homopathic system is based cided that night whether he or the captain upon this principle. Administer a medicine until should command the schooner. The schoolyou cause sickness, then the same kind of mediner in the mean time got aground on the \$450. sine in the smallest possible doses will always re. Shell Banks. About dusk, and while Smith move the disease which was caused by its too free and his bloody-minded companions were in the forecastle, the captain and the whole of and 20 cents from wagons. his own crew excepting the steward, who unfortunately was left behind, got into the yawl and shoved off from the schooner, leaving her aground and in possession of the pirates. As they put off, Smith happened to Berks County.—Henry W. Smith, Benjamin come on deck and saw them, when he immediately asked for his Bowie knife and called to and commenced drinking, and the next Dauphin County .- Gen'l. Simon Cameron and day it was proposed to lighten the schooner could be discovered. Up to Saturday last, no one Benjamin Stees-instructed to support Governor by throwing the cargo overboard, with the view of getting her off. They intimated their design to the steward, who remained in the cabin. He objected, when Smith replied Armstrong County.-G. W. Marchand, and in- that whosoever would not join with them should be considered their enemy and be treated as such. The steward replied they

> murdered him, and then threw him overfrom the cabin where the steward was; they ran in and struck at him with blood-thirsty violence. He begged his life, but Jones told Smith to give him no mercy. He got out, and one among them who neither approved nor participated in their proceedings, threw a plank into the lake on which the steward umped. They then threw at him billets of yood and other missiles, till they drowned him. They next turned on the one who threw out the plank to the steward, and despatched him. There were now but four hands remaining, who managed to get the schooner off. Swal was sent to the helm who shortly run the schooner aground again near Cat Island. They then ransacked the vessel, took possession of two hundred dolars, two watches and some other property put on other clothes than their own, and made a raft on which to go ashore. A storn was blowing and they did not venture, but staid on board that night, the 27th. In the morning they saw a boat, nearing them with armed men in it, and as they saw no chance of escape, they concluded that death-in stant death was inevitable. They expected to be shot as soon as the party reached the schooner, and Smith and Jones said they so an old man of the party, who jumped

W. P. Shattuck, instructed to support David R. fourth life that was sacrificed. the boat, consisted of the captain and some citizens of Pass Christian, who came with him armed to retake the vessel. The cowardly murderers, at their approach, ran desired the vessel to retake the vessel to confirm the country, are of deadly hostility to our free institutions—that the frightful encroach-These are the only counties that have as yet e- the boat, consisted of the captain and some lected delegates. We will publish the names of citizens of Pass Christian, who came with lown and hid themselves under deck, where they remained till they were arrested .-After this, the captain put his schooner in

appoint delegates to the routh of March Conven-tion to nominate a candidate for Governor. It is therefore of great importance that "good and true" men should be elected in the different townships, and still more important that the dolegates to the 4,000 00 State Convention should be genuine and unflinch captain and the other as mate. They say Swal (he is a Dutchman) is as much impli-

> MEXICO AND TEXAS. A letter writer furnishes the Houston Morning Star with the following disposition of the troops, comprising the force intended for the invasion of Texas. It is probable there is some exaggeration in this account, but the impression is generally en-tertained in Texas, that hostility will soon brokk

"The troops of Mexico on the frontier, are stationed as follows:—750 under the command of Vasquez, on the road to San Patricio, with 4 pieces Vasquez, on the road to San Patricio, with 4 pieces of artillery; under Gen. Arista at Monterry 350 infantry, and 150 cavalry; 4 eight pounders, 2 culverins of 4, and 2 mortars of 18 inches. In Cadoita, under the orders of Gen. Eredia, 500 infantry. In Salinos and Tlascala under the orders of Col. Tello, 300 infantry and 200 cavalry—and 200 cavalry at Presido. The above does not include the troops at Mresido. The above does not include the troops at Matamoras. The officers bring with them crosses of the legion of honor which they put on when the campaign of Texas commences. Nothing will prevent the campaign, unless some convulsion takes place. This S—thinks is not improbable, on account of the proceedings had by the present congress.

A Huge Ox .- An ox has been raised by Mr. Sheetz, of Berks county, and is now in Philadel phia, to be slaughtered, weight is 3600 pounds, & will nett 2500. He was bought for \$1500!

A loafer who had got his Christmas load on, the head up, against the side of a house which had been newly painted. Shoving himself clear by a vigorous effort, he took one glimpse at his shoulder, another at the house, at third at his hands, and exclaimed, "Well, that's a dam'd careless trick in whoever painted that house, to leave it stand out all night for people to run against .- N. O. Pic.

A Neat Reply .- A young lady at school engaged in the study of grammar, was asked if 'kisa' roplied, it is both common and proper. WOOD WANTED AT THIS OFFICE. was a common or proper noun, without hesitancy



Standing Committee Meeting.

The Standing Committee of the Democratic Republican Party of Cumberland county tragedy.

Bill Smith, William Jones, and John having met agreeably to notice, at the public

the different Borolghs and Townships of the county, be requested to meet

On the 30th of January inst.

at their usual places of election, to select, two persons as delegates, who will assemble in County Convention on the Tuesday following, for the purpose of choosing suitable persons to represent the democracy of the county, in the next Fourth of March Con-

Joseph Treco, Chairman. W. Z. Angney, Secretary.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

January 23, 1841.

FLOUR—The sales through the week have been generally at \$4.62 for Howard street, although the early part of it they were made for something less. Holders appear to be a little firmer within a day or two: The receipt price is \$4.37 to

WHISKEY has declined a little: We quote 18 to 22 cents the lowest cash price from stores

To THE PUBLIC .- The unprecedented sucess which has resulted from the adoption of Brandreth's Pills, during a period of upwards of ninety years; the numerous and extraordinary cures which they have performed upon hundreds of individuals, w they have rescued from almost inevitable death, after they had been pronounced incurable by the most eminent of the facultyjustify Dr. Benjamin Brandreth, the proprietor of this Vegetable Universal Medicine, in warmly and conscientiously recommending it to the especial notice of the pub-

These Pills do indeed "assist nature" fo all she can do for the purification of the humight do as they pleased. They then went ses are so bad, and whose bodies are so to work, discharging the freight the meaker. bly be expected, is temporary relief, the unable and refused to them, an old Englishman, who felt the control of the con man body; yet there are numbers whose cably be expected, is temporary relief; nesting the head and face with a mainspike till he these Pills under the most trying circumstances of bodily application, when almost every other remedy had been altogether unavailing, have been restored to health and happiness by their use. Dr. Brandreth has to return thanks to a generous and enlightened public, for the patronage they have be-stowed on him; and he hopes, by preparing the medicine as he has ever done, to meric

continuation of favors.

Purchase in Carlisle. of Geo. W. HITNER, and only in Cumberland county of Agents published in another part of this paper.

The silken tie that binds two willing hearts."

MARRIED:

On Tuesday evening last, in this Borough, by the Rev. W. T. Sprole, Mr. WILLIAM WEARLY, of South Middleton, to Mrs. MARY BRANDT, of

"Nor winter's cold, nor storms, nor snow, Can true love's placid course impede;

When Cupid hurls his darts, then know That hearts are pierced and made to vield." In Philadelphia, on the 23d ult. by the Rev. Thomas H. Stockton, W. G. Stov, Esq. to Miss MATILDA ALLMAN, all of that place.

DIED:

In New York, on Wednesday the 20th instant, Mrs. Margaret Langley, sister to Mr. John Ag-

PROSPECTUS OF THE

POLITICAL REFORMER. ELIEVING, as we do most sincerely, that ments of incorporated wealth are undermining the pillars of our national glory—that there exthe pillars of our national glory—that there exists, among a certain class, a determination to doom to utter extinction that Liberty which was purchased by : ur' father's blood—we are induced to appeal, to our fellow-citizens of this yet free Republic, to aid us in the circulation of a paper which shall unremittingly oppose these unholy designs.

That there exists at this crisis of our national affairs an absolute pressity for a work of this

That there exists at this crisis of our national affairs an absolute necessity for a work of this kind—a paper which shall cooly, faithfully, fearlessly, and persevering oppose and expose the dangerous schemes of the federal bank party—will not be doubted by any who are blessed with reason. Such shall be the end and aim of the present publication. It will advocate a thorough, radical, and complete reform in our present paradical, and complete reform in our present paper promise to pay money, system, which enables a privileged few to privile the hard working many are compelled to EARN them; enabling rich drones to exchange strips of brown paper with a picture engraved upon it, for houses, lands, labor, &c. Believing that paper money corporations are the most dangerous form of tyranny upon the face of the earth, we shall devote our energies to open the eyes of the public to a sense of their baneful influence. The Tariff, too-another invention of the idle to live in luxing at the expense of industry—will be Tariff, ton—another invention of the idle to live in luxury at the expense of industry—will be undeviaingly opposed. Internal Improvements by the General Government, a National Bank in any possible form, will be handled without gloves. The fanatical crew of Abolition demagogues who would desolate our sumy fields and crimson our hearth-sides with human gore, will be dealt with according to strict, justice. Indeed, no possible exertion shall be spared to make the Reformer, in all respects, richly deserving the generous support of every friend of political liberty. The interest and active exertions of the friends of freedom in promoting the circulation of this paper in their respective neighborhoods, is very respectfully and earnestly solicited. We look to them with undeubting confidence for their zealous support, and dare to confidence for their zealous support, and dare to hope that it will not be withheld.

CONDITIONS.

The Political Reformer will be published semi-monthly, upon fine white paper, each number containing Sixteen Octavo Pages, making 418 PAGES TO THE VOLUME.

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