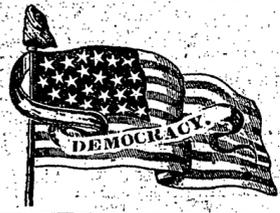


AMERICAN VOLUNTEER.

BY GEO. SANDERSON.



Now our flag is flung to the wild wind free,
Let it float o'er our fatherland,
And the guard of its spotless fame shall be,
Columbia's chosen band.

CARLISLE:

THURSDAY, JANUARY 21, 1841.

FOR GOVERNOR IN 1841,
DAVID R. PORTER.

Subject to the decision of a State Convention

Mr. John H. Hickox, who was run over by the cars at Harrisburg a few weeks ago, died of the injuries received on Thursday evening last.

Our thanks are due to the Hon. Chas. M'Clure for letters, documents, &c.

Mr. Van Buren.—At a meeting of the Democratic citizens of the city and county of Philadelphia, held on the 8th inst., a committee was appointed to tender to Mr. Van Buren the compliment of a public dinner, as a mark of respect for his distinguished services to his country.

On Friday evening last, the U. S. House of Representatives, by a vote of 116 to 85, decided that Naylor was duly elected a member of the present Congress—our Representative, Col. M'Clure, voted in the negative. Mr. Ingersoll's closing reply to Naylor is said to have been in a style of "biting burning eloquence," such as was scarcely ever before heard on that floor.

We regret to learn that one of our representatives in the State Legislature, Mr. Zimmerman, has been confined to his room by severe indisposition for the last two weeks.

For a detailed account of the devastation consequent upon the late freshet in the Lehigh, Schuylkill and Delaware rivers, see first page. Also for an account of the ceremonies at the funeral of Napoleon, under the head of Foreign news.

ISAAC C. BATES, Esq. has been elected U. S. Senator for Massachusetts, in place of the Hon. John Davis, resigned.

The Legislature of Delaware have elected Messrs. CLAYTON and BAYARD to represent that State in the U. S. Senate.

The Banks of Baltimore have resolved, by a vote of 8 to 3, not to resume specie payments for the present.

The U. S. Senate, at the latest accounts, were still engaged discussing the Pre-emption Bill.

A grand military State Convention was held at Harrisburg on Monday last.

The State Temperance Convention came off at Harrisburg on Wednesday and Thursday last. A large number of delegates were in attendance.

James Morris, the colored man convicted of the murder of A. C. Cross on board the schooner *Oread*, a few months since in the Delaware, was executed in the jail yard of the Moyamensing prison, (Philadelphia), on Friday last.

The Supreme Court of the United States is now in session at Washington.

All the Banks in this Commonwealth are now, we presume, paying specie for their notes, as the resumption law took effect on Friday last. Up to this time, we understand, the Carlisle Bank has only paid out about \$300, a fact which makes manifest the great degree of confidence placed in this institution by our citizens generally.

THE FOUR GREAT STATES.

We learn from the Harrisburg Reporter, that the entire population of

New York, is	2,132,835
Pennsylvania,	1,793,541
Ohio,	1,515,785
Virginia,	1,231,444
Total,	6,673,605

Federal Economy and Reform.—The Federal members of the Ohio Legislature lately spent ten days in debating whether they should publish five or six thousand copies of Gov. Shannon's Message, and finally decided in favor of the smaller number—thereby saving the enormous sum of FIVE DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS, the price asked for the extra thousand copies! The expense of the ten days' legislation cost the people of that State the sum of \$6,300!! This is Harrison's trenchment and reform!

We perceive by yesterday's Herald that Mr. CRABB has dissolved his connexion with that establishment, and that for the present it is left without any ostensible editor. Mr. C. retires from the chair editorially, with our best wishes for his health and prosperity—for although we have differed widely in politics, as a man and a neighbor we always respected him.

State Filibusters.—Petitions are pouring in upon the Legislature, praying the passage of a law authorizing the Banks to issue notes under five dollars. Would it not be well for those opposed to the measure, to get up remonstrances against it? What say the Democrats of Cumberland county?

John Riley.—This individual, who has been confined in our Jail for several weeks past on a prosecution instituted against him for Adultery, was convicted on Thursday last, in the Quarter Sessions, and sentenced to twelve months imprisonment, and to pay a fine of one hundred and thirty dollars.

Never before, perhaps, was there such a crowd of people in attendance at Court, as at the time of this trial. The Court Room and Gallery were completely filled. It was a perfect jam, and with all the efforts of the Sheriff, his Deputies, and the

constables present, it was with extreme difficulty they could make room sufficient within the Bar for the Defendant to be seated—so anxious were the multitudes present to get a sight of this somewhat celebrated propagator of the *Gates-ite heresy*. He refused to walk from the Jail to the Court House, and the Sheriff was obliged to have him carried by two or three men. When the sentence of the Court was pronounced, he exclaimed in a loud voice, "God be praised!"—appearing delighted with it.

Riley is undoubtedly a *mono-maniac*. He may be sane in other respects, but on the subject of religion he is evidently crazed. The doctrines he inculcates are calculated to destroy the marriage rite, and to upset the very foundations of society—and the Court felt it to be their bounden duty to lay a heavy hand upon the offender. The wonder is that he could have made converts to his infamous doctrines—but so it is, and we are informed there are several persons in his neighborhood who are firm believers in the truth of what he has told them.

The woman, who was proven to have been an associate with him in guilt, was also tried for the same offence, convicted, and sentenced to imprisonment for six months, and to pay a fine of one hundred dollars.

Riley's wife was in Court during the trial, and is said to be a woman of exemplary character.

Van Buren's Standing Army.—The Militia of the United States, according to the latest returns, consists of 1,472,203 men.

"Keep it before the People."—The Bridgeport (Cl.) Chronicle wishes to keep it before the People, that at this season of the year, persons of all descriptions, and particularly those who follow the printing business, are more than ever in want of money.

The Canadian Militia.—The Boston Post mentions that a general order has been issued by the Adjutant General of the Upper Canada militia, directing that in every battalion two companies shall be formed, to be denominated *bank companies*; to be composed of men from 18 to 40 years of age, and to be at all times ready for any service. The Montreal Transcript mentions this order in connection with difficulties which may be expected to grow out of the detention and trial of McLeod, by the authorities of New York, and says it must have in view the prevention of violent and ill-advised proceedings on the part of the British border population, rather than any aggressive object. It says that the government of England will protect McLeod from injustice, and moderately asserts that a thousand American lives for every hair supposed to grow on his head, would not suffice to compensate any harm that might befall him!

Canal Commissioners' Report. The following appropriations are recommended in the report. They will probably be cut down about one third, before a bill is finally passed by the Legislature.

Eric Extension,	\$1,000,000
North Branch,	1,000,000
Wisconsin Canal,	146,000
Reservoirs,	918,000
Completion of Columbia Railroad,	140,300
French Creek Feeder,	100,000
Repairs,	875,000
Damages,	30,000
New work on finished lines,	40,000
Motive power on Allegheny Portage Railroad,	25,000
Debts due on Sinnemahoning extension,	1,206
Total,	\$3,578,506

Trouble in the Camp.—A New York Harrison paper says, "There is a great deal of trouble in Washington among the different branches of the new administration party. Mr. Clay's friends did not want Mr. Webster in the cabinet—and it was expected that he would have declined the office of Secretary for that of Minister to England. He accepted, however, and has thrown every thing into confusion. Mr. Webster is forming a party of his own, by uniting with Thaddeus Stevens and the original Harrison men, which already begins to alarm Mr. Clay and his friends. In all these arrangements the conservatives are thrown overboard. Mr. Webster declared in Philadelphia that the "Conservatives did little to elect Harrison—their force is contemptible—in fact, in point of numbers, they would only fill a good-sized New York omnibus."

The recent question decided.—The Legislature of Maine have at length counted the votes for Governor, and the following is the result:

Kent,	45,574
Fairfield,	45,507
Seaboard,	98

Neither candidate having a majority of the whole number of votes polled, the choice rested with the Senate—and as that body is *Whiggishly* inclined, of course Kenr was elected.

The Secretary of the Commonwealth has advertised for proposals for the loan of \$800,000, authorized by the act passed on Saturday last.

U. S. Bank Stock sold on Saturday last, in Philadelphia, at \$47 for \$100 paid!

State Legislature. Letter to the Editor, dated "Harrisburg, Jan. 16, 1841."

The Senate has been engaged principally this week in legislating for Congress, on the subject of the repeal of the Independent Treasury, and the distribution of the proceeds of the public lands amongst the several States. Now this may be all well enough in its proper place, and if the people of Pennsylvania sent their representatives to Harrisburg for that purpose, it would no doubt be just and proper. But as other duties have been assigned them, for which they are receiving three dollars per day, I cannot but think that their constituents would be better served and better satisfied, if State Senators would leave that business to Congress to whom it appropriately belongs, and attend to the business assigned them in the Constitution.

The "Loan Bill" by which the Governor is authorized to borrow \$800,000 to pay the interest of the State Debt falling due on the 1st of February, has been the subject of discussion in both houses for several days. The bill, as it originally passed the House, was not a Loan Bill, but was one authorizing the sale of the stock held by the Com-

monwealth in the several Banks—but when it came to the Senate it was amended by striking out all after the enacting clause, and inserting a section authorizing the money to be borrowed. In this shape it passed the Senate by a vote of 19 to 13, a strict party vote, and was sent to the House, where with a slight amendment it was concurred in. The passage of this bill shows conclusively that the federal majority in the Legislature prefer involving the State still more in debt, in preference to dissolving the connexion, as recommended by the Governor, which unfortunately exists between the Banks and the Commonwealth.

To-day the Senate (Mr. PENROSE and one other member being absent,) unanimously confirmed the nomination of Judge Parsons.

Petitions are pouring in from different quarters, praying the Legislature to grant the Banks permission to issue one, two, and three dollar notes. Remonstrances against the same are also beginning to come—but I have but little doubt that in this particular the Banks will be gratified. These creatures of legislation are above the people, and now that federalism predominates in the Capitol, they will reign supreme.

We have fallen on evil times. The whole business of legislation appears now to be for the Banks. In the palmy days of the Commonwealth the interests of the people were attended to—now it is otherwise. Truly it is said, that "money is the root of all evil"—and what is true of individuals is true of States. A floy of it induces men to embark in wild and extravagant undertakings—and when the ebb comes it leaves them floundering in the quagmires of dis-appointment and difficulty. Just so with our ancient Commonwealth. She has sown to the wind, and is now reaping the whirlwind. Plunged headlong into difficulties by improvident legislation, her legislators are now endeavoring to extricate her by applying to the remedy which first fastened the disease upon her vitals. The immense issues of the Banks, and the ease with which money was obtained, induced former Legislatures to run wild with expenditures, and now when pay-day has come they apply to the same source for relief. The Banks, struggling for their own existence, are unable to give relief—and with the view of aiding them, fursooth, the Legislature want them to issue more paper. They are not able now to redeem, if they were called upon, the fourth part of their circulation—and it requires a new kind of logic to make it appear to sensible men that more issues would enable them to continue to pay specie.

But enough for the present. The mail is about closing, and I must reserve what more I have to say on this subject for a future letter.

I remain, yours, &c."

From the Harrisburg Reporter.

THE FINANCES.

We have gone to some trouble in condensing the State Treasurer's report, which we shall publish in detail in our next. We learn from it, that the receipts into the Treasury, for the fiscal year, ending November 30, 1840, were

Loans & interest upon same,	\$4,627,250 56
Canal tolls,	\$582,933 22
Rail road,	276,685 80
Motive power,	536,182 32
	1,195,751 34
Other sources,	744,204 77
	6,567,206 67
Balance in Treasury,	1,337,170 64
Receipts total,	\$7,904,377 31

EXPENDITURES up to the same period.

Int't on loans,	\$517,500 00
Do,	81,123 07
Difference between specie & paper,	82,807 50
Do. internal improvement,	1,424,823 57
	2,106,254 14
Education,	371,773 54
Canals,	3,608,192 12
Difference between specie & paper,	19,358 45
Motive power, inclusive of engines, ropes & damages,	459,038 89
	4,086,569 46
Expenses of government,	362,024 01
Do. Militia,	33,470 75
Bucks shot war,	31,475 40
	427,870 16
Other payments,	\$6,992,467 30
Balance on hand,	286,653 64
	625,256 37
	\$7,904,377 31

Estimated Receipts for 1841.

Canals,	\$600,000 00
Rail Roads,	255,000 00
Motive power,	510,000 00
	1,165,000 00
Other sources & balance above,	2,276,079 31
	\$3,441,079 31

Estimated Expenditures for the same period.

Loans,	\$2,635,000 00
Other expenses,	2,559,598 73
	\$5,194,598 73

Anticipated deficit, 31st November, 1841.

	\$1,773,519 42
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This does not include one item for damages to engines, &c., which we have charged to the item of motive power. It amounts to \$192,866 57, the sum due the motive power fund by the motive power.

Kendall's Exposition.—The Globe says that this paper is to be issued in a few days, subscriptions sufficient to warrant the undertaking having been received.

Positive Slaves.—An *Upper Canada* paper says, that within the last four years, more than 12,000 runaway slaves have made their way into Canada from the United States, & that 2000 have been maintained among them during that period by the American abolitionists.

The Georgia papers contain the proclamation of Governor McDonald, requiring the banks of that State to resume specie payments on the 1st of February next.

Another Horrible Murder.

The Danville (Va.) Reporter of the 1st inst., gives the details of a murder, not less atrocious in its character than any we have recently recorded, which was perpetrated in that vicinity, on the 22d ult. We copy from the Reporter: [Balt. Sun.]

It appears by a verdict of the jury called by Jas. M. Williams, Esq., coroner, to view the dead bodies of Betsy Fleeman, Eliza Fleeman, her daughter, and two small boys, children of the said Eliza, that on the night of Wednesday, the 22d ult., James H. Lainer, living near the White Oak Mountain, in this county, accompanied by three negro men, (belonging to his father,) whom he had procured to aid him in the savage deed, proceeded to the house in which the four persons above spoken of resided, and after deliberately beheading one or two of its inmates, did beat out the brains of the others with an axe, which he had carried with him for the purpose. Having despatched his victims, the wretch piled their bodies in the middle of the floor, covered them with straw, which had been previously procured by his accomplices, and having set fire to them and to the house, returned home well pleased with the desolation he had wrought.

We are sorry to say that the circumstances of this tragical event are greatly aggravated by the fact that the two boys were the children of the murderer, and that he was prompted to the heinous deed by the desire to rid himself of the legal liability of providing for their support. It appeared in evidence that one of the boys (a little fellow about four years old) alarmed by the murder of his mother and grandmother, caught the monster around the legs and implored him in piteous accents to spare his life. He had scarcely uttered the request, when his head was severed from his body by a single blow.

Mr. Webster and the Pre-emption Bill.

The debate on the pre-emption bill has now been going on for a month, and the voice of Mr. Webster has not been heard upon it. It has become the prominent debate of the session, and the *quidam* friend of pre-emption—the prime minister that is to be of General Harrison—and the reversionary candidate for the Presidency after Mr. Clay—this veteran Senator, now looming so largely in his multiplied characters—has never yet come into debate. The log cabin bill has not come within the reach of his brawny arm. This is a circumstance which we have twice mentioned before; we have twice adverted to Mr. Webster's ominous absence from this debate. The fact of the absence is incontestible; the reason for it alone is contestable. What is that reason? Is it fear of Mr. Clay? Is it part of the bargain with Mr. Clay? Is it a sign that Gen. Harrison has changed, and that, being now President, he has abandoned the pre-emption and the graduation policy, (upon which he stood the election in the new States,) and has surrendered himself, soul and body, to Mr. Clay's plan of raising all the money possible out of the lands, and distributing it among the States? Something has occurred; and what was it? Mr. Webster pledged himself for pre-emption in his great western tour in 1837—he voted for them, and spoke for them in 1838. Now, when the greatest contest rages which has ever taken place yet about pre-emption, when Clay redoubles his blows upon them—when help is needed—when the real friends to the inhabitants of Western log cabins are straining might and main—when Mr. Webster, from his new position as prime minister to Harrison, as his appearance in the third circumstance, he would have such weight in this contest, behold him shrinking and shrinking from it! He avoids the debate, and that without reason or excuse. Neither himself, nor any friend, intimates a cause for his abstinence. He is in the Senate every day, but usually walks out when the pre-emption debate begins. Why act in this way? He cannot have changed his opinions. He is too old for that. What then? Fear of Clay? That is probable. To comply with a bargain? That is probable. To give a sign of Harrison's change of policy? That is probable. All three are probable; for all three have a common sympathy. The fear of Clay, the bargain with Clay, and the change in Harrison, are all consistent and homogeneous results; and Mr. Webster may act upon all three at one, and the same time.

BAITING MARKET.

FLOUR.—The sales through the week have been generally at \$4 50 for Howard's quality, the early part of it being rather better for something less. Holders appear to be a little firmer within a day or two. The receipt price is \$4 25 to \$4 37.

WHISKEY.—Has declined a little. We quote 30 to 32 cents, the lowest cash price for stores, and 15 cents for wagons.

The quantity of flour inspected in Baltimore during the year 1840, was 736,479 barrels, and 30,515 half barrels.

Standing Committee Meeting.

The Standing Committee of the Democratic Republic, of Cumberland county, having met by special notice, at the public house of George W. Shearer, Esq., in Carlisle, on Monday the 11th inst., Esq., in Carlisle, Joseph Trazoo, was appointed first. Maj. W. Z. Angrey, Secretary. Resolutions, and consultation, it was, on motion, Resolved, That the democratic citizens, the different Boroughs and Townships of the county, be requested to meet

On the 30th of January inst.

at their usual places of election, to select two persons as delegates, who will assemble in County Convention on the Tuesday following, for the purpose of choosing suitable persons to represent the democracy of the county, in the next Fourth of March Convention.

Joseph Trazoo, Chairman.
W. Z. Angrey, Secretary.

Bleeding Always Improper.—For the life of the Flesh is in the Blood.—With as much reason might we say, that trees die from too great a quantity of sap, as that a man can die from too great a quantity of blood. The moisture derived from earth to the tree becomes sap, and the stomach of a man from the food put into it obtains blood, which supplies the daily waste of the body.

Dr. Benjamin Brandreth considers *Bleeding to be always improper*, in the treatment of any complaint, whether inflammatory or otherwise; because the *Brandreth Vegetable Universal Pills* remove the cause of the inflammation, without touching the vital principle. Heaten to the voice of reason and experience, ye who are now the friends of this fatal practice, bleeding.—Learn that *purgation* is the only sure road to health—because it lessens the quantity of blood, and leaves what remains richer. Think of this, you whose constitutions are inclined to plethora, and in time purge with that most innocent of all purgatives, the far-famed *Brandreth Vegetable Universal Pills*. Purchased in Carlisle, of Geo. W. Hixson, and only in Cumberland county of Agents published in another part of this paper.

MARRIED:

On the 20th ult. by the Rev. John Ulrich, Mr. John Wolf, to Miss Elizabeth Schlegelitch, all of this Borough.

On the 20th inst. by the Rev. Geo. W. Hixson, Mr. John Middleton, to Miss Elizabeth Schlegelitch, both of North Middleton township.

On the same day, by the same, Mr. Elias Breneman, of South Middleton township, to Miss Mary Hartzler, of North Middleton township.

On the 12th inst. by the same, Mr. Joseph Percinbaugh, to Miss Catharine Weaver, both of N. Middleton township.

On the same day, by the same, Mr. George Baker, to Miss Elizabeth Grove, both of South Middleton township.

DIED:

On the 27th of December last, at Millerstown, Adams county, of pulmonary consumption, Dr. John Paxton, in the 44th year of his age. Dr. Paxton formerly resided in this Borough, and was universally considered a good man and an excellent and useful citizen.

In this Borough, on Monday morning last, of a painful and protracted illness, which she bore with Christian fortitude and resignation, Mrs. ELIZA SHEAFER, wife of Mr. George W. Shearer, and daughter of the late Barnet Aughinbaugh, in the 35th year of her age.

Triennial Assessment.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Commissioners of Cumberland county, will hold the appeals for the year 1841, in the different Boroughs and Townships of said county, at the times and places as published below, for the purpose of hearing all persons who may apply for redress, and to grant such relief as to them shall appear just and reasonable, to wit:

Frankford and Millin townships on Thursday the 18th of February next, at the public house of James Hoover in the borough of Newville.

Newville and Newton, on Friday the 19th at the same place.

Hopewell, on Saturday the 30th at the public house of James Spangler in Newburg.

Southampton and Shippensburg townships, on Monday the 23d at the public house of Jacob Engle in the borough of Shippensburg.

Borough of Shippensburg on Tuesday the 23d at the same place.

Dichmond on Wednesday the 24th at the public house of Joseph Mellinger in Centreville.

West Pennsborough on Thursday the 25th at the public house of George Sheaffer, at Mount Rock.

North Middleton, on Friday the 26th at the Commissioners' office in the borough of Carlisle.

South Middleton on Saturday the 27th at the same place.

East Pennsborough on Tuesday the 2d of March next, at the public house of Andrew Kretzer.

Borough of New Cumberland on Wednesday the 3d at the public house of Jacob Poist, in said borough.

Allen on Thursday the 4th at the public house of David Sheaffer in Shippensburg.

Borough of Mechanicsburg on Friday the 5th at the public house of John Hoover in said borough.

Monroe on Saturday the 6th at the public house of Mrs. Paul in Churchtown.

Borough of Carlisle on Monday the 8th at the Commissioners' office in said borough.

Silver Spring on Tuesday the 9th at the public house of Joseph Grier in Hoguontown.

All principal Assessors are also notified and required to attend at the time and place fixed for the appeal, for their respective boroughs and townships.

By order of the Commissioners,
JOHN IRWIN, Clerk,
Carlisle, Jan. 21, 1841.

A STRAY SHEEP.

On the premises of the subscriber in Hopewell township, Cumberland county, on the 5th day of November last, Three White Sheep, and one Black one, two of them are young ones, and still in the left ear. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take them away, or they will be disposed of according to law.

JACOB REBUCK,
January 14, 1841.

BOOT & SHOE EMPORIUM.

The subscriber thankful for past favors respectfully announces to the citizens of Mechanicsburg and vicinity, that he has on hand a large assortment of Boots & Shoes—Ladies', Gentlemen's, Boy's, Misses' & Children's—country and fine Leather and Morocco, which he will sell low for cash. The public are requested to call and examine for themselves.

GEORGE F. CAIN,
Mechanicsburg, January 7, 1841.

BLANKETS FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

LIST OF LETTERS Remaining in the Post Office at Hogestown, Pa., January 1st, 1841.

John Graham	Henry Spera
John Shumberger	Geo Poorman
Henry Rosebaum	John Ebricht
Michael Fertig	John Smith care of
Michael Longsdorff	Joseph Grier
John Keller	Andrew Sheely
Wm Morret	Saml or John Striely
Dr J Crain	Jacob Longnecker
Dr Snovden	David Light
Christian Grove	John Miller
Rob Billow	Hamilton & Graff

Harrisburg, Carlisle & Chambersburg Turnpike Road Company.

Exhibit of tolls received & charges in the Harrisburg, Carlisle and Chambersburg Turnpike Road Company, from January 1st, to December 31st, 1840.

To amount of tolls received at the Gates, Balance at settlement for 1839 paid at Carlisle at January A. D. 1840, for distribution, &c.

By balance of 1839 paid to creditors under the act of Assembly of 1823, 1828 and 1830, By cash paid for repairs on road, Do Gate Keepers salaries, Do Managers for 1840, Do Treasurer's salary, Do Secretary's salary, Do Incidental expenses, Do Postage and Taxes,

Balance paid into court to be applied to the creditors under the acts of Assembly aforesaid,

COPY. Certified on oath to the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of Cumberland county, the 11th day of January A. D. 1841, by DANIEL NEVIN, Treasurer.

To the Creditors of the Harrisburg, Carlisle and Chambersburg Turnpike Road Company.

The Court of Common Pleas of Cumberland county, have appointed Monday the 15th day of February next, at the Court House, in the Borough of Carlisle, at 10 o'clock A. M., for hearing and determining the claims of the respective creditors against said company, so as to enable the court to distribute the money paid into court by the Treasurer of said company, agreeably to the acts of Assembly, made for the relief of said creditors on the first day of April 1832, and the supplement thereto.

At the aforesaid time and place the preferred (if any) and all other creditors, are requested to have their respective claims duly authenticated, and presented, and also, to furnish evidence at the same time, whether any claims have been assigned, or are still held by the original owners; and also proof to establish the consideration of their claims, whether for work, materials, &c.

January 11, 1841.

Chambersburg Telegraph and Harrisburg Reporter, please insert three times, mark price, and charge Voluntary.

LIST OF LETTERS Remaining in the Post Office at Shippensburg, January 1st, 1841.

Alexander John	Harelioth Lawrence
Berlin Peter	Kill Merga
Bush Rebecca	Katzenberger Nathan
Beideman Adam	Krebs Fredk
Bower Moses	Kerr Andw
Blackledge Jesse	Lighner Jacob
Brackenridg W F	Saig Elizabeth
Baily Cyrus R	Miller Sarah
Barns Ams	