



AMERICAN VOLUNTEER.
CARLISLE:
THURSDAY, MAY 14, 1840.

FOR PRESIDENT,
MARTIN VAN BUREN.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
RICHARD M. JOHNSON.
ELECTORAL TICKET.

- James Clark of Ind. George G. Leiper, of Del. CONGRESSIONAL.
- | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. John Thompson, | 12. Frederick Smith, |
| 2. Frederick Stoeber, | 13. Charles M'Clure, |
| 3. Benjamin Millin, | 14. J. M. Gemmill, |
| 4. John P. Steinhart, | 15. Geo. M. Hollenback, |
| 5. John Dowlin, | 16. Leonard Poutz, |
| 6. Henry Myers, | 17. John Horton, Jr., |
| 7. Daniel Jacoby, | 18. William Philson, |
| 8. Jesse Johnson, | 19. John Morrison, |
| 9. Jacob Able, | 20. Westly Frost, |
| 10. George Christman, | 21. Benjamin Anderson, |
| 11. William Schenker, | 22. William Wilkins, |
| 12. Henry Dehuff, | 23. A. K. Knight, |
| 13. Henry Logan, | 24. John Findley, |
| | 25. Stephen Barlow. |

An amusing dialogue will be found in the first paper, in which the candidates in leading strings and their CONSCIENCE KEEPERS are held up in a ludicrous, though proper light.

Notaries Public.—The Governor has appointed CHARLES HELL, Esq. and Dr. GEORGE D. FOUTER, Notaries Public for the Borough of Carlisle—the former in place of JOHN PHILLIPS, Esq. superseded.

A subscription is being taken to aid the sufferers by the fire at Springfield on Saturday week.—This is right and proper, and we trust that all who may be called on for that purpose, will subscribe liberally to the relief of those unfortunate people. Most of them have lost their all, and it is a duty we owe suffering humanity to extend a helping hand in time of need.

The State Legislature is again in session—having met, pursuant to adjournment, on Tuesday last. We do hope, now that the members have had an opportunity of mingling with their constituents and ascertaining their wishes, that both Houses will go to work in real earnest and pass such laws as the interests of the Commonwealth require, and that too in the shortest possible time.

We are sure every thing necessary to be done, would be accomplished in two or three weeks—and it behooves the members to make up by industry and attention to business, what they lost by useless and unprofitable discussion during the winter.

The people expect this much at the hands of their servants. Let the members then go to work like honest men, and carry out the wishes of the Governor and the people, and they may yet redeem their character as a Legislature, which they well might have ruined during the past session.

BEHOLD THE LOG CABIN CANDIDATE.

In another part of this paper will be found some extracts from the Ohio Statesman, and Madison (La.) Courier, which exhibit in bold relief the principles that govern the hard cider federal candidates for the Presidency—and which place him in a still more odious light, if possible, than his white slavery vote has done. In the Senate of Ohio, Harrison voted to sell white men for "fines or costs,"—as if G. W. Governor of Indiana he added **THIRTY NINE STRIPES!** In Ohio his inhuman propensity was confined to the barbarous punishment of males only—but as Governor of Indiana he included **females also!** The latter clause of the 2d section of the act, it will be seen reads:— "And if such person or persons, so sentenced and hired or SOLD, shall abscond from the service of his or her master or mistress, before the term of such service shall be expired, he or SHE shall be deemed a runaway slave, and shall be liable to the same punishment as if he or she were WHIPPED WITH THIRTY NINE STRIPES!"

What a spectacle in a free country! A WHITE FEMALE under the hammer of the Sheriff, selling to pay fine or costs—or at the whipping post receiving **THIRTY NINE STRIPES!** Oh Shame, where's thy blush!

But this is not all. It is also proven that Harrison officially sanctioned a law which established an odious **PROPERTY QUALIFICATION.**—The poor man not possessed of fifty acres of land could not vote, because poor—matters what services he had rendered his country, or how useful was a citizen, he could not under the law sanctioned by Harrison, vote unless he was the owner of **FIFTY ACRES OF LAND!**—What say you, ye hard working industrious Mechanics and Laboring men of Cumberland county! Can you vote for such a man? Can you cast your suffrages for an individual for the highest office in the gift of the people, who would degrade you to a level with the southern slave, or the Russian serf? We answer for you in the negative.— "The liberties purchased by the best blood of your sires, are not esteemed so lightly that you can assist in elevating a man to power who would trample you in the dust."

The Herald accuses us of publishing falsehoods. Admitting for the sake of argument it is so—and what does it prove? Why that "Satan is rebuking Sin!" For if ever there was a newspaper so much given to lying as to be incapable of telling the truth, to use a common expression, and their reports were adopted by the Convention.

The different Committees reported, and their reports were adopted by the Convention.

The utmost harmony and good feeling prevailed among the delegates, and the most unbounded confidence in the success of the Democratic candidates.

During the progress of the Convention, several addresses were delivered. Amongst the speakers were the Hon. Felix Grundy, of Tennessee, Hon. Alexander Duncan, of Ohio, Hon. T. Howard, of Indiana, and Hon. J. Walker, of Mississippi.

The way they make young Whigs.—We learn from various quarters, says the New Jersey Eagle, that the Hard Cider Whigs are making sad havoc with the temperance cause, and that the friends of temperance have already found it necessary to issue a fresh supply of tracts, designed expressly to stem the torrent of hard cider drinking.

The lean, lank, Cassius-looking blackguard who figures in the Herald appears anxious to draw us into another personal controversy, such as we had last fall, if we may judge from the Partisan arrows which he has been speeding in our direction for the last three or four weeks, in the columns of that falsifying sheet.

So reckless is he of character, and so desistive does he appear to be of any gentlemanly or honorable feelings, that he must needs spit the venom of his filthy carcass at us, in order to give himself an ephemeral character as a newspaper writer, and to indulge his constitutional penchant for fish-woman slang and vile blackguardism.

He is not satisfied with the drubbing he got last fall, in reply to his villainous abuse of the democratic candidates; but he must now stir up fresh that species of warfare for which he is so admirably qualified, and which his black and malignant soul seems so much to delight in.

Be it so—we're prepared for the contest; and however much we detest such a warfare, we shall not shrink from taking up the gauntlet which he has thrown at our feet. If the base miscreant wishes to have it so, we shall "war with him to the knife, and the knife to the hilt"; and if need be, we shall carry our arms into Africa and thence at the gates of Carthage.

We have no fear of the result. Armed with the power of truth, and having a fresh supply of ammunition on hand—if our adversary desires it, we shall "bring to his mind unpleasant reminiscences of his early youth," in addition to what we know personally of his riper years.

A friend from Chester county has kindly furnished us with a history of his sojourn there, and if he does not feel "somewhat ashamed of his many peccadilloes" which can be brought to light, it will be because shame and he are entire strangers to each other.

This controversy is not of our seeking; for we have studiously avoided every thing calculated to give rise to it. But we have no option in the matter. The base menial of Charles B. Penrose will have it so; and if he and his hypocritical master, and the whole horde of blackguards who counsel and advise in the matter, are disposed to go into an investigation of private character, they shall be accommodated to their hearts' content. We close for the present by saying—

"Lay on Macduff,
And bid him be the first cries blood-enough!"

The Federal Convention at Harrisburg.—Mr. Watterston of Tennessee, in a recent speech in which he investigated the character of the materials composing the National Convention which nominated Harrison and Tyler, and which has been represented by Harrison's conscience keepers as embodying all the interests of the country in its composition, gives the following as the result of his inquiries.

96 Lawyers, 31 Bank Officers, 10 Manufacturers, 21 Merchants, 6 Speculators, 7 Planters, 3 Doctors, 3 Parsons, 3 Schoolmasters, 3 Federal Editors, 30 Abolitionists, 1 Lottery Broker, and 2 Apostates from Democracy. In other words, Federalists ALL—Farmers NONE—Mechanics NONE—Workingmen NOT ONE!

inaction was made for Vice President, the Convention thinking it best, as there are different candidates nominated in different States, and as five States were not represented, to leave the question of the Vice Presidency open for the States individually to select for themselves.

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the election was unusually small, no exertions having been made by the Democrats to carry their candidate. On the contrary, the federalists exerted every nerve, and made use of every means, foul and fair, to carry their man.

Of one thing we feel certain that when the official returns are published, it will be found that, although the democratic candidate was defeated, the federal vote will be found to be less than it was in 1836—and we have no doubt that at the final election the federalists will be convinced they have "gained a loss" even in Bedford county.

VIRGINIA ELECTION.—The "Old Dominion," published at Portsmouth, Va., has a table of the late election in that State, by which it appears that parties will stand in the next Legislature as follows: In the Senate, 16 democrats to 16 federalists—a loss of three to the Democrats. In the House, 65 Democrats to 69 federalists—a gain to the Democrats of three members since last year.

There are three or four counties, however, where the election will be contested on account of federal fraud, &c. Should the Democrats gain these delegates, of which there is little doubt, it will give them a majority of from 1 to 3 on joint ballot.

The State is safe for Mr. Van Buren by at least 10,000 majority. Mark the prediction.

STATE LEGISLATURE.
Letter to the Editors, Dated
"HARRISBURG, May 12, 1840.

The Legislature met in the capitol to-day at 12 o'clock; but on account of so few members being in attendance, (41 in the House and 14 in the Senate,) both houses adjourned over till to-morrow. Little business will be done for two or three days, on account of the death of two of the members during the recess, Messrs. Chandler, of Susquehanna, and Swaine, of Chester—the latter of whom had contracted the small-pox by visiting the former during his illness with that loathsome disease.

A short session is anticipated, as the members generally seem anxious to proceed with business. From the tone of sentiment here at present, I should not be astonished if the Resumption Bill will be repealed, and another one compelling the Banks to resume at an early date passed in its stead.

An improvement bill will also be passed. Yours, &c."

MR. BUCHANAN'S VILLEIERS
"BACKE'd OUT."

For 470 weeks has the proposition of the Democratic Committee of Correspondence for this county, to challenge the Antislavery Committee to the publication of all Mr. Buchanan's and Mr. Davis's speeches, been published to the world, "without being accepted by the Antislavery Committee!" We refer the reader to the proceedings of our county committee, in which he will see that the challenge is renewed, and that it will be kept before the public for the purpose of showing that the Democratic party does not shrink from letting the people see and read for themselves.

We invite the attention of the people—the mechanic and workman—to the humiliating and cowardly course of the slanders of Mr. Buchanan. THEY DARE NOT LET THE PEOPLE READ FOR THEMSELVES—they are afraid to submit all the speeches of both parties to the public—knowing full well that, if they did, a bitter fate would await them than if they remained silent, and acknowledged that they are "broken and cowed." In either event, they will be gored to death, however.—One of the horns of the dilemma they must choose—to remain silent, and thus show that they fear to let the people read; or to join with the Democrats, and to publish all the speeches, and thus be convicted of falsehood and perversion in the eyes of every honest man!

Look at this spectacle! After having published it in their papers that Mr. Buchanan was in favour of reducing the wages of labor—after the foul calumny had been amplified and repeated by every one of their lower orators, charging Mr. B. on the highway and the byway with advocating doctrines from which his manly soul would revolt, they NOW, WHEN CHALLENGED TO PUBLISH HIS SPEECHES, AND THOSE OF MR. DAVIS, SLINK FROM THE FAIR FIELD, and confess that they believed the people ignorant enough to place credence in assertions which never had a shadow of truth to relieve their falsehood!

But the challenge is renewed. We still hope they will accept it. They entered upon this business like roaring lions; and it would be contemptible indeed if they sneaked from it like whipped hounds. They have been sleeping for weeks upon the challenge. We hope they will sleep no longer, but come forward like men who do not fear to make their vauntings true.

Gentlemen of the Antislavery County Committee, BARE YOU ACCEPT THE CHALLENGE?—Lancaster (Pa.) Intelligencer and Journal.

and fearlessly, without being dictated to by a human being."

COL. R. M. JOHNSON.
The Maryland Democratic State Convention, which met in Baltimore, and which closed its deliberations on Thursday morning, nominated Col. Richard M. Johnson as the candidate of the party of that state for the Vice Presidency.

In speaking of this scared and gallant soldier, and veteran democrat, who both as a warrior and as a statesman has entitled himself to the affections of the American people, we cannot suffer the opportunity to pass without alluding to his admirable letter to the Baltimore Convention, published in our columns of yesterday. It breathed the true spirit of genuine patriotism, and cannot fail to increase the estimation in which its author is held by all who can appreciate the conduct of one who has shown that it is not in the field of battle alone that he is ready to cast aside personal considerations to promote the general welfare.

The tone and temper of that letter prove that Colonel Johnson is not of those who cling to party for self-advancement, and who are ready at the first disappointment to abandon their principles and their friends to fly into the arms of their enemies. The intrepid Kentuckian is a man of another mould; willing to serve in the ranks should the people not call him to a higher station; but it is evidently their wish that the true hero of the Thames should remain in the post which he now occupies—Pennsylvanian.

MARRIED:
On Thursday evening last, by the Rev. John Ulrich, Mr. Edward E. Brisbin, to Miss Ann Amelia Gould, both of this place.

DIED:
On Monday last, suddenly, in this place, Mrs. Margaretta Wonderlich, widow of the late John D. Wonderlich, of North Middleton township, deceased, in the 73d year of her age.

In this Borough, on Saturday evening last, Mr. Ezekiel McMuray, aged about 50 years. The deceased served a tour on the lines during the last war, in Capt. Moreland's company, and his remains, according to custom, were interred with military honors on Sunday.

NEW GOODS.
ANDREW RICHARDS.
Is now opening a splendid assortment of Spring and Summer GOODS.

at his store, south-east corner of Market square, comprising in part Cloths, Cassimeres, Silks, Florences, a variety of Prints and Chintzes, Muslins, Calicoes, Handkerchiefs, Vestings, Summings, Cloths, Satinets, Linens, Gowns, Checks, Drillings, Tickings, Bonnets, Hats, Ribbons, &c.—Also, GROCERIES & QUEENSWARE.

He is thankful for past favors, and hopes by attention to business, to receive a share of public patronage.
May 14, 1840

REMOVAL.
BOOK-BINDERY.
THE undersigned have the gratification of informing the public that notwithstanding they were so unfortunate as to have their bindery burnt down, in March last, they have opened a very extensive one, in Locust street, in the new building directly opposite Gleim's Hotel and are prepared to execute all work in their line with despatch and in a superior style.

Their RULING APPARATUS, and other Machinery, are new and of the first order and latest improvements, and they feel a confidence in their facilities for giving perfect satisfaction to all who may favor them with their orders.
Banks, County Offices, Merchants, Mechanics and others can be supplied with

BLANK BOOKS
of every description, which for neatness and durability, will be equal to any made in the United States.
HICKOK & CANTINE.
Harrisburg, May 14, 1840.

THE BLOODED HORSE
PETER PARLEY,
Will stand at the public house of Mr. Bruner, in Mechanicsburg, three days of each week, commencing on next Tuesday, and after that time on Monday, Tuesday & Wednesday, every other week.

DYEING AND SCOURING.
THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he carries on the above business in Alexander's Row, Pitt street, Carlisle, where he will be thankful for work in his line.
He will color cloth, yarn, &c. any color required, and remove all spots of grease, tar, &c. from coats, pants, or any other kind of clothing without injuring the cloth or color, upon very moderate terms.
JOHN WINDER.
May 14, 1840.

NEW AND CHEAP
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
CONFECTIONARY & FRUIT
STORE.

GEORGE W. FELL.
RESPECTFULLY announces to the citizens of Carlisle and the public in general, that he has opened the above business in the house formerly occupied by Dr. Roland, nearly opposite the Carlisle Bank, and is prepared to furnish the best assortment of CANDIES and SYRUPS,

such as Lemon, Ginger, Pine Apple, Sarsaparilla, Orange, Caplain, and Strawberry, all of which are manufactured by himself—also, Water, Soda, Butter and Sweet CRACKERS. He intends keeping constantly on hand a large assortment of FRUIT AND NUTS,

such as Raisins, Figs, Prunes, Dates, Currants, Oranges, Lemons, Citron, Almonds, Cream Nuts, Filberts, English Walnuts, Ground Nuts, Cacao Nuts, &c. All of the above he will sell wholesale & retail. MERCHANTS, DEALERS, and all others, will find it to their advantage by calling before purchasing elsewhere. All orders from the country will be thankfully received and promptly attended to.

BAKING
attended to at the shortest notice.
ICE CREAM served up for parties, &c. B.—Two apprentices wanted to the above business. None need apply unless they can come well recommended.
May 7, 1840.

DIVIDEND.
CARLISLE BANK, May 5, 1840.
The Board of Directors of this Institution have this day declared a dividend of three per cent for the last six months, on the capital stock paid in, which will be payable to the stockholders or legal representatives on or after the 15th inst.
W. S. COBEAN, Cashier.

Regimental Orders.
The Courts of Appeal for the 8th Regiment of Penna. Militia, will be held on the 2d Monday of June next, as follows:—For the 1st Battalion at the house of Frederick Wonderlich, in Mechanicsburg—officers Captains Perenbach, Snell and Longnecker. For the 2d Battalion at the house of William S. Allen, in Carlisle—officers Captains Pfister, Angney and Todd.
May 14, 1840. L. HYER, Col. Com.

MARGARET MARGARET!
AT THE NEW STORE.
I HAVE just received a seasonable assortment of DRY GOODS, which I have recently purchased and will be able to sell them at greatly reduced prices. The stock consists of extra wool dyed blue, black, brown, olive and various other colors of

BROAD CLOTH,
very superior CASSIMERES and Satinets, English and Domestic linen & cotton Drilling, and a general assortment of summer-stuff for men's and boys' wear, Bagpuffs, Corsets, Linen skin Cloth, together with a variety of Chintzes, Calicoes, Mousin de Laines, &c. rich shawls, French Lawns, Bombazines, Gro de Rhine Silk, blue black Italian and Mattise Silk, French needle work and common Capes; bobinet and cotton Laces and Edgings. Featuring of various breadths and qualities. Paris, kid and cotton Ladies' and Misses' Gloves, black, lace and green and white-blonde Veils, together with a neat assortment of Cashmere, Breche, twisted silk and other dress Shawls and Handkerchiefs—also a full assortment of Domestic Goods, Groceries, Shoes, Hats and Caps, all of which have lately been selected with care, which makes me confident that I sell good goods and give good bargains. I therefore take the liberty of inviting my former customers and friends and the public generally, to examine my stock in due season.

Thankful for past favors I hope by close personal attention to business to merit and receive a share of public patronage.
CHAS. BARNITZ.
Carlisle, May 7, 1840.

Estate of Henry Hagun, dec'd.
NOTICE.
LETTERS of Administration on the estate of Henry Hagun, deceased, late of the Borough of Carlisle, have been issued to the subscriber residing in said Borough, and all persons indebted to the estate of said deceased are requested to make payment immediately, and those having claims to present them properly authenticated for settlement.
JOHN IRWIN, Adm'r.
May 7, 1840.

STRAY CALF.
CAME to the plantation of the subscriber in South Middleton township, about the last of July, 1839, a stray red CALF with a white head, about 6 months old. The owner by proving property and paying charges can have it, otherwise it will be disposed of as the law directs.
DANIEL K. FRIESE.
May 7, 1840.

Hats! Hats! Hats!
Black and white Russia, Virginia, Fur, Chip, Palm Leaf, Leghorn, Willow Cane and Wood Hats, for sale wholesale and retail.
CHAS. BARNITZ.
MAJ. EDWARD ARMOR.
Will be a candidate for BRIGADIER GENERAL of the 1st-Brigade 11th Division Penna. Militia, at the election to be held on the 15th of May.
Carlisle, April 30, 1840

Notice to Justices of the Peace.
THE Directors of the Poor having understood that there still remains in the hands of some of the Justices of the Peace, fines belonging to the Directors of the Poor for the use of the Poor, which there has been no return made of according to law; NOTICE is hereby given to them to make return thereof on or before the August Court, or the law will be put in force against all such.
By order of the Board,
M. FISHER, Steward.
April 30, 1840

THE THOROUGH BRED HORSE
"PETER PARLEY."
Will stand the ensuing season at Carlisle, on the terms set forth in the handbill.
Peter Parley is of the very first racing blood. He was got by "Oscar"—his dam "Betsey Wilkes"—was by the celebrated "Sir Archibald"—his grand dam "Betsey"—his great grand dam by "Dore Devil"—his g. g. grand dam by "Lampighter"—his g. g. g. grand dam by "Sims"—"Wildair". The above pedigree is authentic as will be seen by a reference to the American Turf Register.
For further particulars apply to
JACOB LOW, Groom.
Carlisle, March 26, 1840.

NOTICE.
THE subscriber, being appointed Assignee of Dushier & Grounch of the Borough of Mechanicsburg, under a voluntary assignment, hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to them, to make payment immediately to him, and those having claims to present them without delay. His residence is at Dillsburg York county.
S. N. BAILEY.
April 23, 1840.