States were unable to pay those debts. It did not follow that they would be unable, even should the General Government be unable to pay them;—because the States enjoyed a revenue from the works of internal improvement to construct which they had contracted debts. New York had a revenue more than sufficient to meet the interest of her debt; but if that debt were turned over to the General Government, it would be without the corresponding revenue.

However, the Whigs would have it that the Report was tantamount to a proclamation that the States were unable and unwilling to pay their debts. The report was recommended, on motion of Mr. King of Alabama, to strike out all reference to the indebtedness of particular States. The document was again reported yesterday, and the debate was continued.

The Whigs united in the most solemn protestations that the Assumption Project had neither been offered nor contemplated by any one of the States; and that the report was, therefore, altogether gratuitous. But, *mark!* they, at the same time, admitted that they were in favor of an *indirect* assumption, by a distribution among the States of the proceeds of the sales of the Public Lands!!—The plan is to set apart the Public Lands for the payment of the State Debts, and to supply the deficiency in the revenue by a high protective Tariff, or a National Debt. Thus we are on the march, under the Whig load, to a high Tariff, a National Debt, and a National Bank!"

Edward B. Hubley, Esq. has been elected President of the Board of Canal Commissioners, in place of James Clarke, Esq. resigned.

The following resolution was offered by Mr. Ramsey, in Congress, on Monday week, which, under the rule, lies over:

Resolved, That the Committee on Revolutionary Pensions be instructed to inquire into the expediency of extending the pension laws of the U. S. so as to embrace the officers and soldiers who served in the armies of Generals Harman and St. Clair, subsequent to the Revolutionary war.

The *Fifteen Gallon Act.*—This law, which caused so much contention in Massachusetts, has been repealed by the Legislature of that State. The repeal is unconditional, and with it expire all the pending suits at law, about 500 in number.

Tennessee Senator.—Gen. ANDERSON, of Knox county, has been elected to succeed Judge White, as U. S. Senator from Tennessee. Gen. A. is a genuine republican, and a warm friend of the Administration.

Resumption in Tennessee.—A resolution passed the Senate of Tennessee on the 23d ult. compelling the banks to resume the payment of specie *forthwith*. This is an example well worthy of imitation by the Legislatures of other States.

GEN. JACKSON'S RETURN.—The Nashville Union of the 3d inst. says:—"On Saturday, about 2 P. M., the Steamboat Clarksville, Capt. Irwin, hove in sight off the race track, under fire of a salute, which told that our venerable fellow citizen, and beloved neighbor, Andrew Jackson, with his suite were on board. Citizens flocked to the shore by hundreds; and as the boat came up they greeted the old Chief with many a hearty cheer. The crowd rushed to the decks, and the old and the young all pressed around the gallant old veteran to grasp his hand."

The Legislature of Virginia have elected Thos. W. Gilmer (Federalist) Governor of that State, for three years, from the 31st of March next. The vote stood: Gilmer 83—all others 81.

Michigan Banks.—Forty-three of the banks in Michigan have been proceeded against, by the Attorney General; and thirty-four of them owe the State an aggregate of $1,500,000.

Democratic Victory.—The municipal election which recently took place in the city of Lancaster, resulted in the election of the entire democratic ticket, by an average majority of about 400.

Another.—*George Leidy*, Esq. a sound and unwavering democrat, has been elected to the Legislature, from the Lycoming district, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of James H. Laverty, Esq.

M. Martinez, the Mexican Minister at Washington, died at his residence in Georgetown, on Sunday evening, 9th inst.

The breaking up of the ice on the Susquehanna, has done considerable damage to several of the piers of the Harrisburg and Cumberland Valley Rail Road bridges—not sufficient, however, to render the crossing of them dangerous.

Rev. Dr. BATES, of Vermont, has been elected Chaplain to the U. S. House of Representatives.

CARLISLE BANK.

Statement of the affairs of this institution on the 1st of October last, as reported to the Auditor General.

Dr.	
Capital stock,	$228,834 00
Notes in circulation,	195,462 00
Due to other Banks,	11,522 36
Due to depositors,	74,776 25
Dividends unpaid,	3,258 96
Profit and loss,	12,299 82
Discounts and interest,	5,895 25
Due commonwealth, tax on dividends,	713 04
Total,	$532,761 70
Cr.	
Bills discounted,	$299,040 71
Judgments,	19,533 14
Specie, gold, silver, and cents,	47,516 43
Notes and checks on other banks,	11,801 61
Due by other banks,	70,877 85
Real estate,	35,537 87
Expenses,	154 09
Stocks, Carlisle bank, and U S Bank,	48,280 00
Total,	$532,761 70
Amount of $5 bills in circulation on the 1st January 1840,	$20,870
Amount of $10 bills,	53,470
Amount of $20 bills,	46,200

"To speak his thoughts is every freeman's right."—We have received the following communication from a highly respectable source in the upper end of the county, and the views and suggestions of the writer cannot fail to be useful to the public generally at the present time. We cannot, however, fully agree in all his recommendations; but as the right of thinking and speaking on such subjects is reciprocal between us and our correspondent, we cheerfully accord to him the same right of making his opinions public with ourselves.—We have called, in another column, the attention of the people to the subject of the spring elections, and trust that every man in the community will be alive to their importance.

For the Volunteer.

Messrs. Editors:—A writer who signs himself "One of the People" has very properly called the attention of the community, in some of your late numbers, to the important question soon to be determined by the people—"who shall be our Magistrates for the next five years from March next?" Your correspondent, however, seems to confine his remarks chiefly to one subject, viz: "the total exclusion of all the *present* incumbents from being candidates for re-election!"—I cherish very highly (and I would desire all others to do so) that much improved feature of our amended constitution, *rotation in office*; yet with all due and respectful deference to the opinion of "One of the People," I am opposed to a general and universal proscription of any set of men, merely because they happened to have been in the employ of the people before. It is admitted that in many instances, the interests of the community calls for removal; yet it must be also admitted that, in some cases, the people would be greatly injured by casting off well tried and universally approved officers, and substituting in their places men of doubtful qualifications.—It was one ground of serious objection with many well meaning men to any change in our constitution, that they were afraid that the spirit of radicalism would become quite too rampant, unsettled and unsafe. Now it is much to be desired, that on a subject of such incalculable importance to the whole community as the choice of the magistracy, the "sober-second thought" and good sense of the people will be manifested in the wisdom of their selections. If it would not be considered dictation, I would respectfully advise that the people in the different boroughs and townships call "Primary Meetings" upon a day agreed upon, before the time of holding the election, and that no ordinary cause prevent *all* the people from attending; and then and there, in the spirit of candor and good feeling, let the right kind of men be brought out and nominated. If it is the general desire of the people to retain *some* of their present officers, let it be so;—but if, as is undoubtedly the case, the wants of the community demand a removal of others—let the new choice fall upon men of the right stamp. It is not to be expected that all the persons nominated will be profound scholars, or possessed of great legal attainments; but it is absolutely indispensable, that they have sound judgments, and clear-sighted, vigorous common sense—with minds imbued with that measure of moral courage which will prompt them, on all occasions, to act with firmness and impartiality.—But, above all, they should be men of established reputation for *honesty*, *truth* and *sobriety*—men whose moral character is above and beyond suspicion. In vain need we look for a magistracy who will be a "terror to evil doers and a praise to them that do well," where the person exercising the responsible duties of the office is himself destitute of moral feeling and firmness. If these qualifications are known to be possessed by those upon whom our choice may fall, they are a much surer guarantee to the public for the faithful discharge of the heavy responsibilities of the office, than double the security called for by the amended constitution.

I would say, in conclusion, that as in this matter no party principle is involved, it is greatly to be desired that all party feelings be merged in an earnest wish for the well-being of the community at large—and in making our selections, let the peace and happiness only of the people be considered.

These few remarks are thrown out simply as hints, for the purpose of inciting others to give their views to the public, on a question of such vast and vital importance—so that the public may act intelligently in the matter. N.

State Legislature.

Letter to the Editors, dated

"HARRISBURG, February 15, 1840.

Bank reform appears to be the order of the day in both houses, and until that is disposed of not much else of importance will be done. The banking system of itself, however affords an ample field for legislative gleaning, and it is certainly the most important subject that has over been agitated in this commonwealth.

On Tuesday, Mr. Snowden, from the committee on Banks, made a report to the House of a general bank bill, for the regulation of the banks, savings institutions and loan companies of the State—which was made the order of the day for Monday next. The bill contains provisions for the appointment of three bank commissioners who may investigate the condition of the banks at any time; compels each bank to take the notes of all specie paying banks in the State; prohibits the issuing of notes under ten dollars after the first day of January next; prevents the banks from paying out any thing but their own notes or specie, unless at the option of the creditor; makes a suspension of specie payments *ipso facto* a forfeiture of charter; prevents directors and other officers from taking loans out of their own banks; provides that the debts and liabilities of the banks shall at no time exceed three dollars to one of specie in their vaults; provides that the loans of the banks shall not exceed fifty per cent over the capital paid in; abolishes the proxy system, &c. &c.

The bill will probably pass with some modifications. It differs somewhat from Mr. Stevenson's bill in the Senate, and is rather intended for prospective than retrospective action.

The acts for the incorporation of the Cumberland and Union Fire Companies have passed third reading in both houses.

In the Senate, Gen. Miller, from a select committee, has reported a bill altering the charter of the Society of Equal Rights, in your borough.

A resolution passed the House on first reading, on Thursday, for an adjournment *sine die*, on the 24th of March. The time will probably be altered to the 24th of April, in which shape it may ultimately pass both houses. It would be better for the interests of the Commonwealth that the time for adjournment was definitely fixed; for all experience teaches us that until that is done, no business of importance is likely to be transacted.—There is generally more business disposed of in one week at the close of the session, than in a month at the beginning.

I had expected to have been able to give you some definite information relative to the action of the Senate, on the Bank bill, which was made the order of the day for Thursday; but I regret to say that no progress of consequence has yet been made. It has been under discussion since that time—various amendments have been offered—but still no decision has been had, and it is uncertain when the subject will be disposed of.

Harrisburg is still more than ever infested with bank *borers*, who are ever and anon pestering the members of the Legislature with the doleful cry of ruin and distress, which they allege will follow if the banks are compelled to resume short of a year or eighteen months to come.

I had almost forgot to mention that there is a committee here from a number of the banks of Philadelphia, having the unblushing, the unparalleled impudence to ask the Legislature to fix the day of resumption so late as the 1st of February, 1841. And it is even said that they are instructed to offer the State authorities sufficient funds to carry on the public improvements until that period. Now, if this be true, and I have no reason to doubt its correctness, then are we come to a pretty pass indeed. What! the creatures of our making have the hardihood to offer indirectly a *bribe* to the Legislature, in order to legalize their lawless and unprincipled conduct. And what do they offer in return? Gold and Silver, the legal currency of the country? No—but the miserable, filthy, irredeemable trash which these banks refuse to redeem at their counters. These rotten, corrupt and insolvent Philadelphia institutions, offer their worthless paper as an equivalent for the sovereignty and independence of the Commonwealth!

But enough for the present. I shall write you again next week."

BANKS.

The following notice of a motion was given by Mr MILLER, of Adams, on Friday week, and which was overlooked in our last publication.

Mr. Speaker—In pursuance of public notice given for that purpose, in conformity with the amended constitution of the state, I rise this morning to notify the Senate, that I intend introducing a bill into the Senate, by asking leave to bring in the same on an early day, with provisions such as are mentioned in the bank notice hereto appended, viz:

"Notice is hereby given that sundry citizens of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania intend applying at the next legislature for acts of incorporation erecting a bank, with general banking and discounting privileges, by the name, style and title of the Philadelphia Bank of Pennsylvania, to be located in the city of Philadelphia. Also a bank with similar privileges to be called the Pittsburg Bank of Pennsylvania, to be located in the city of Pittsburg. Also a bank with similar privileges, to be called the Cumberland Valley Bank of Pennsylvania, to be located in the borough of Carlisle, (or if the Legislature think proper) in Harrisburg or Chambersburg. Each or either of which Banks to have a capital of two hundred thousand dollars, with power to increase each or either, whenever the respective companies may deem it necessary, to any sum not exceeding five millions of dollars each. Each person subscribing stock, to pledge by mortgage or otherwise, an amount of real estate at a fair valuation, to be made by the county commissioners and confirmed by the court, or in such other manner as the Legislature may direct, or to pledge state stocks of this commonwealth, equal in amount to the stock he or she is permitted to subscribe—the said mortgages or stocks to be deposited with some officer to be designated by the Legislature, and to be held by him as a security for the payment of the notes issued by the bank, and in trust for those concerned. The bank to issue no more notes than the amount of the securities so deposited.

All these things to be done and regulated as the legislature may direct.

Cumberland Valley Nov. 2."

And also, with proper provisions, to secure the public against imposition in the over-issues of bank paper. That no note or notes shall be put in circulation without bearing on its face the counter signature of a contracting officer of the state government, whose duty, to that effect, shall be created and defined by law, and who shall so perform that duty that no bank note, of any bank in the commonwealth, shall be allowed to be issued without his supervision and signature; such restrictions to be enforced by proper penalties enacted by law; and such officers to be created by provisions of the same law, his compensation fixed thereby, and be paid accordingly by said banks.

FLOUR in Philadelphia,	$5,50.
" In Baltimore,	$5,37½.

MARRIED:

On the 13th inst. by the Rev. D. P. Rosenmiller, Mr. *David Henry Karns*, of Washington county, Md. to Miss *Elizabeth Walt*, of Dickinson township.

Township Meeting.

The Democratic Republicans of Silver Spring township, are requested to meet at the public house of Joseph Grier, in Hogestown, on Saturday the 29th inst. at 2 o'clock, P. M. for the purpose of nominating township officers.

MANY.

Feb 20, 1840

Orphans' Court Sale.

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Cumberland county, will be exposed to public sale on *Wednesday the 15th day of April next*, at 12 o'clock at noon, on the premises, the following land, late the real estate of Christian Crotzer, deceased, to wit:

All that certain Plantation or

TRACT OF LAND,

situate in North Middleton township in said county, adjoining lands of David Kutz, Christian Ruhl, Samuel Kutz, and Jacob Erb, containing one hundred and sixty-four acres, more or less, neat measure, all of which (except about five acres of woodland) is cleared and under excellent fences, and in the highest state of cultivation. This property is situate about two miles and a half from Carlisle, between the turnpike and rail road, and has the Letart spring running through it. The improvements are a large

NEW DOUBLE BRICK

HOUSE,

And Kitchen;

two stories high, a weather boarded LOG HOUSE, two stories high, a frame BARN, with corn cribs and other small buildings. There is an excellent well of water near to the houses, and a thriving young Orchard of apple and peach trees on the premises. A portion of this farm is first rate meadow land.

The terms and conditions of sale will be made known by the administrator on the day of sale.

DAVID KUTZ,
Adm'r of Christian Crotzer, dec'd.

February 20, 1840. 8t

Public Sale.

Will be sold by the subscriber on the 13th day of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon at the Court House in the borough of Carlisle, a LOT OF GROUND, containing sixty feet in front and two hundred and forty feet deep, bounded on the west by Hanover street, on the south by John M'Carter, on the north by Henry A. Doty, and on the east by a lot in the occupancy of J. Monks, having thereon erected a two story STONE HOUSE, Crockery Kiln, and Stabling.—The above property is well calculated for public business, being situated in the most business part of said borough—it having been kept as a tavern for many years.

If the above property should not be sold at private sale, it will be offered at public outcry on the above day; when terms of sale will be made known by the subscriber, on the premises.

JOHN TROUGH, *Owner.*

February 20, 1840.

TO THE DIRECTORS OF COMMON SCHOOLS, IN CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

The following statement is made in compliance with the 10th section of the school law, of June, 1836.

Districts that have accepted the Common School system.—The amount which each accepting school district is entitled to receive the ensuing year, commencing on the 1st Tuesday of June next, out of the annual state appropriation, is a sum equal to ONE DOLLAR for each taxable inhabitant in the district.

The amount of school tax required to be levied, to entitle a district to its share of the state appropriation, must be a sum equal to at least, sixty cents, for each taxable inhabitant in the district.

Districts that have not accepted the Common School System.—The amount of undrawn balances remaining for the use of non-accepting districts, for the school years 1835, 1836, 1837, 1838, and 1839, is FOUR DOLLARS and FORTY CENTS, for each taxable inhabitant in a district, according to the enumeration of 1835; and for the school years 1840 and 1841, it is TWO DOLLARS for each taxable inhabitant, according to the enumeration of 1839. The school year 1841, will commence on the 1st Tuesday of June next.

Hence it follows that each non-accepting school district, in which the qualified citizens accept the system, at the next spring elections, and lay a tax equal to 60 cents for each taxable inhabitant, will be entitled to receive out of the state appropriations, a sum equal to more than SIX DOLLARS, for each taxable inhabitant in the district.

By a resolution of the Legislature, passed the 24th day of June, 1839, the above undrawn balances are to be retained for the use of non-accepting districts *only* until the 1st of November, 1840. On which day they are to be repaid into the common school fund.

Hence it follows, that as the law now stands, unless the non-accepting districts accept the system at the next spring elections, these undrawn balances amounting now to a sum adequate to the erection of school houses, and putting the system into complete operation, will be forfeited.

Taxable Inhabitants in the districts.

ENUMERATION OF

	1835.	1839.
Allen,	423	593
Carlisle,	783	844
Dickinson,	508	623
East Pennsborough,	453	503
Frankford,	291	239
Hopewell,	204	206
Mechanicsburg,	125	153
Mifflin,	296	318
Monroe,	308	369
Newton,	291	336
Newville,	152	149
North Middleton,	355	394
South Middleton,	462	423
Silver Spring,	369	480
Shippensburg,	297	321
Shippensburg tp.,	28	50
Southampton,	305	315
West Pennsborough,	397	453

FR. R. SHUNK,
Sup. Com. Schools.

By order of the Commissioners,
JOHN IRWIN, Clk.

Commissioners Office,
Carlisle, Feb. 20, 1840.

To the Heirs and Legal Representatives of CHRISTOPHER WALTERS, late of Southampton township, deceased.

TAKE NOTICE that I will hold an Inquisition on a writ of Partition or Valuation, on the premises late of Christopher Walters, deceased, on Thursday the 9th day of April, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and forty, at 11 o'clock, A. M. when and where all interested may attend.

JOHN MYERS, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Carlisle, Feb. 20, 1840.

TURNPIKE ELECTION.

THE Stockholders of the Harrisburg, Carlisle and Chambersburg Turnpike Road company, are hereby notified that in pursuance of a late act of the Legislature, an election will be held at the public house of Major Jacob Rehrar, in the borough of Carlisle, on *Monday the 2d day of March*, 1840, between the hours of 2 and 5 o'clock, P. M. for the purpose of electing THREE MANAGERS for said company for the ensuing year.

JOHN IRWIN, President.

February 20, 1840.

At a stated Orphans' Court

Began and held on Tuesday the 11th day of February, 1840, and held at Carlisle in and for Cumberland county, before the Hon. Samuel Hepburn, President, and John Stuart and John Lefevre, Esqs., Associate Judges of the same court, assigns, &c. the following proceedings were had, to wit:

Came into court John Myers, High Sheriff of Cumberland county, and returned the writ of partition and valuation on the real estate of Robert Armstrong, late of the borough of Carlisle, deceased, with the proceedings of an inquisition thereto annexed.

11th February, 1840, on motion of Mr. Devor said proceedings confirmed and rule on all the heirs to appear at the next stated Orphans' Court (to be held the 28th day of April next,) to accept or refuse to accept the real estate of said deceased at the valuation thereof. Notice to be served personally on those residing in the county, and by publication in two newspapers published in said county to those who reside out of the county, for six weeks preceding the time of holding said court. *By the Court.*

Cumberland county, ss.

A certified copy from the records of the Orphans' Court of said county the 12th day of February, 1840.—Witness my hand and seal of said court.

W. FOULK, Cl'k O. C.

February 20, 1840. 6t

POST OFFICE,

Carlisle, Pa. Feb 1, 1840.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

			Arrives.	Closes.
Eastern	daily		about 12 m.	7 p. m.
"	"		" 7 p. m.	10 a. m.
Western	"		" 11 a. m.	10 a. m.
"	"		" 11 a. m.	5 p. m.
Southern	"		" 7 p. m.	10 a. m.
Mechanicsb'g	"		" 12 m.	7 p. m.
Newville	"		" 11 a. m.	10 a. m.

R. LAMBERTON, P. M.

NOTICE TO RENTERS.

THE two story Dwelling House, with Kitchen and other improvements, at present occupied by Isaac Augney, Esq. situate on the east end of High street, Carlisle, adjoining the residence of Mr. James Thompson, is for rent.

Also, the two story Dwelling House and Lot in the occupancy of Wm. Lusk, Esq. opposite the residence of Maj. Edward Armor, in East Main street. Apply to

JASON W. EBY.

February 13, 1840.

Messrs. Sanderson & Cornman:—

Please announce to the citizens of Carlisle, that WM. B. UNDERWOOD will stand a poll at the ensuing election for Justice of the Peace, and if elected, he will discharge the duties of the office without *fear* or *favor*, to the best of his judgment.

February 20, 1840. 5t

To the electors of the Borough of Carlisle:

I am a candidate for the office of Justice of the Peace.

GEO. W. CRABB.

February 20, 1840. 3t

To the electors of the Borough of Carlisle:

FELLOW CITIZENS:—I offer myself to your consideration for the office of Justice of the Peace, at the approaching election in March next.

Yours, &c. JACOB BRETZ.

February 20, 1840. 5t

FELLOW CITIZENS;

ENCOURAGED by a number of my friends I take the liberty to offer myself as a candidate for the office of

Justice of the Peace;

at the ensuing election, and pledge myself, if elected, to discharge the duties of the office with fidelity and impartiality.

Owing to a misfortune well known to my fellow citizens, renders it difficult for me to pursue my present calling—I therefore most earnestly solicit part of your suffrages for said office.

Yours, &c.
JEFFERSON WORTHINGTON.

Carlisle, Feb 13, 1840. 6t

To the Electors of the Borough of Carlisle.

FELLOW CITIZENS—I offer myself to your consideration as a candidate for the office of

Justice of the Peace,

and will be thankful for your support.

Respectfully,
J. H. WEAVER.

Feb 13 6t

The Persian Pills.

Superior to the Hygean, Brandreths, Evans, Tomato, the Matchless Sanative or any other compound before the public.

It is now a settled point with all who have ever used the VEGETABLE PERSIAN PILLS that they are the best and most efficacious FAMILY MEDICINE ever used in America.

These pills raise from the greatest weakness, distress and suffering, to a state of strength health and happiness. The name of these pills originated in the circumstances of the medicine being found only in the cemetries of Persia. This vegetable production being of a peculiar kind, led to experiments as to its medicinal qualities and virtues. In half a century it became an established medicine of that country.

The extract of this singular plant was introduced into some parts of Europe in the year 1783, and used by many celebrated Physicians in curing certain diseases where all other medicines had been used in vain. Early in the year 1792 the extract was combined with a certain vegetable medicine imported from *Dava Baca*, in the East Indies, and formed into pills. The admirable effect of this compound upon the human system led physicians and families into its general use. Their long established character, their universal and healing virtues, the detergent and cleansing qualities of their specifical action upon the glandular part of the system are such as will sustain their reputation and general use in the American Republic.

For sale in Carlisle at the Drug Store of *Stevenson & Dinkle.*

To the citizens of Newville and vicinity.

DR. STURGIS, DENTIST,

Will visit Newville on Monday next, 17th inst. in a professional capacity, and remain two weeks. All operations on the Teeth neatly and carefully performed, and charges moderate.—Residence for the time at Col. Woodburn's hotel. Feb. 13, 1840.

Estate of Dr. Thomas Grier, deceased.

NOTICE.

Letters of Administration on the estate of Dr. Thomas Grier, deceased, late of the borough of Shippensburg, have been issued to the subscriber residing in said borough: All persons indebted to said decedent will make payment and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement to

JACOB ENGLE, Adm'r.

February 13, 1840. 6t

George Washington Artillery.

You will assemble at the Armory in the borough of Carlisle, on Saturday the 22d of February, at 10 o'clock, in winter uniform, (with stripes) with arms and accoutrements in good order. Each member will provide himself with thirteen rounds of blank cartridge

By order of Captain Crop,
THOS. B. THOMPSON, O.S.

February 13

ATTENTION ARTILLERY.

You are ordered to parade on your usual ground on Saturday the 22d inst. at 10 o'clock, with yellow stripes on the pantaloons.

By order of Capt. Porter.
J. R. KERNAN, O. S.

Feb 13

ATTENTION

Carlisle Light Infantry!

You are ordered to parade at your usual place on Saturday the 22d of February instant, in winter uniform, with arms and accoutrements in good order.

By order of Lieut. R. M'Cartney,
A. S. LYNE, O. S.

N. B.—The MEDAL will be shot for on said day.

Feb 6

PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be sold at public vendue on the premises, on Saturday the 22d of February, 1840, at 10 o'clock, A. M. in the borough of Newville, Cumberland county,

A LOT OF GROUND

situate in Main street in said borough, bounded by M'Candless' heirs, an alley and other property of Wm B Milligan, containing 60 feet front and 180 feet in depth, having a two story log

HOUSE,

and a large smith shop with coal sheds attached, and a well of water at the door.

Also, another Lot of Ground

situate in the said borough, on the corner of Main and Corporation streets, bounded by the said streets and the first above described lot, containing 60 feet front and 180 feet in depth, having a two story log *DWELLING HOUSE*, a large frame shop and other improvements thereon erected, well calculated for carrying on any business or trade.—The terms will be made known on the day of sale.

There will also be sold at the same time and place six good Thrashing Machines, and several light Carriages, fit for family purposes.

All persons having claims against William B. Milligan are hereby notified to present the same for settlement on or before the said 22d February inst, otherwise they will be barred from any portion of the assets.

JACOB MYERS,
SCOTT COYLE,
ALEXANDER M'KERR,
Trustees of William B. Milligan.

Newville, Feb 6, 1840 3t

TO TEACHERS.

There will be a vacancy next month in the Female School of the Second Grade Secondary Department, of the Common Schools of Carlisle. Application may be made to

A. BLAIR,
J. HAMILTON, } Committee.

February 13, 1840 3t

Estate of Jacob Miller, deceased.

NOTICE.

LETTERS testamentary on the estate of Jacob Miller, deceased, late of East Pennsborough township, Cumberland county, have been issued to the subscribers: All persons indebted to said decedent will make payment immediately, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

ABRAHAM MILLER,
Halifax township, Dauphin county.
ABRAHAM BRETZ,
East Pennsboro' township, Cumb co.

February 6, 1840. 6t Executors.

List of Letters

Remaining in the Post Office at Carlisle, Pa. January 31st, 1840.

Enquirers will please say advertised.

Anthony John	McDonald E Mrs
Alexander John Esq	M'Kenney Bernard
Anderson Richard	Main George Jacob
Armor Edwd	Moore Fany
Andrews Ralph P	Menell Sarah or Sarah Fields
Bancker Abraham V	
Bevens Christian	M'Grannahan Mary
Brenaman John	M'Donald Thomas
Bucher G H Esq	Moor Ann
Bice Mary	Mourer George
Brown Albert	Minich Lennart
Brindle George	M'Mullin John S
Butts Hannah	Miles Wesley
Ball E V	Oatman Andrew
Butnet James	Paul Sarah
Carter William	Paxton Thomas 2
Cropp George	Pars Miss
Crigan Alexander	Paxton John Dr
Ditlow David	Pedacord Ellen
Deghen Sargant	Quigley Andrew
Echols Joseph D	Rosenbaum Johann Gerhard
Ernest Conrod	
Eberrole Christian	River Susanna
Fulton Jane E	Ritner John
Farenbaugh Peter	Reisinger David
Fishburn John Esq 2	Randall D Major
Gitt Diana	Redd Edwin J 2
Gearhart Benjamin	Sander Pesant
Gibb Henry	Stubs Jane
Green Mrs	Stringfeller John
Green Thomas	Smith Elizabeth
Griser Anton	Stubbs Henry
Humer Mary	Sherry John
Hampton Thos D	Stoy G W B
Hess Caleb	Sollenberger John
Hetrick John	Smith Mary
Hastings F S Esq	Stoner David
Herneor Henry	Sailor John
Hakchan Jacob	Solinberger Catherine
Hunter Thos H	Smith George
Haines Reuben Dr	Smith Sarah
Heintz Reuben	Shade John
Herr Christian	Shorben David
Hamil Samuel 5	Tagart Margaret
Hamill George 2	Vandslin Isaac
Hegan John	Wolf Christian
Ibbeston Wm	Werner Henry
Jacobs Abraham	Walker John
Jones M Mrs	Weaver Eliza A
Johnson John	Weaser Rudolph
Kinkaid John	Williams Elizabeth
Kelly Maria Louisa	Wallace William
Kissinger John	Wonderly John the 2d
Kuhn John	Werry Jacob
King Catherine	Wink Daniel
Labhaw Joseph	Wallet George
Laineif Isaac	Watson James
Layman Benjamin	Zug Jacob
Lehram David	Zearing John H
Leibey Jacob	Zigler Samuel
Maney David	Ziegler John
Moore Elizabeth	

R. LAMBERTON, P. M.

Cumberland Greens!

You are ordered to parade at the public house of Mr. Weakly in South Middleton township, on Saturday the 22d inst. at 10 o'clock, A. M.

A. LAMBERTON,
Captain.

Feb. 13.

HAYS' LINIMENT.

THIS fine article is warranted to cure Piles or Rheumatism in all cases, or no pay taken for it.

GLARING FRAUD!—A notorious counterfeiter has dared to make an attempt upon this article, and several have been nearly ruined by trying it. Never buy it, unless it has the written signature of *Comstock & Co.* on the splendid wrapper. That firm have the only right to make and sell it for 20 years, and all from them is warranted perfectly innocent and effectual in all cases.

N. B. Always detect the false by its not having the above signature. The true sold only by

COMSTOCK & CO.

Wholesale Druggists, No. 2 Fletcher st, N.Y.

SOLOMON HAYS, Original Proprietor.

☞ The genuine is for sale at STEVENSON & DINKLE'S drug store. Jan 30

Estate of Elizabeth Dunlap, deceased.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber, residing in West Pennsborough township, having taken out letters testamentary on the estate of Elizabeth Dunlap, late of Dickinson township, Cumberland county, dec'd, hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate, to make payment immediately, and those having claims, to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JAMES DUNLAP, Executor.

January 16, 1840. 6t

The Elegant Young Horse

COLUMBUS,

Rising 5 years old, is offered for sale on reasonable terms. If not sold before the 20th of March, he will be rented for the season. Apply to

JOHN CORNMAN.

Carlisle, Feb 6

Acute Bronchitis, a forerunner of Consumption.—This disease is very much like a common catarrh, it generally commences like an ordinary cold with lassitude, chilliness, slight cough and oppression and tightness about the breast. In many instances the disease seems at first of no very serious character. As the disease continues the oppression in the breast increases, the countenance becomes expressive of anxiety, the respiration becomes more and more laborious, sometimes wheezing and rattling sounds, as if the air was forced through a narrow aperture clogged with a viscid fluid. To neglect this disease it may be of serious consequences, but by a timely application to *Dr. Swaine's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry*, with a strict attention to the directions, all these unpleasant effects will be removed. Be careful as it is sold at no place except at No. 139 North Eighth st. or at the respective agents.

For sale by J. MYERS & co.