The Huntingdon Journal.

Office in new Journal Building, Fifth Street.

THE HUNTINGDON JOURNAL is published every Friday by J. A. Nash, at \$2,00 per snnum in advance, or \$2.50 if not paid for in six months from date of subscription, and \$3 if not paid within the year.

No paper discontinued, unless at the option of the publisher, until all arrearages are paid.

No paper, however, will be sent out of the State unless absolutely paid for in advance.

Transient advertisements will be inserted at TWELVE AND A-HALF CENTS per line for the first insertion, SEYEN AND A-HALF CENTS for the second and FIVE CENTS per line for all subsequent insertions.

or all subsequent insertions.

Regular quarterly and yearly business advertisements will be inserted at the following rates: 3m 6m 9m 1 yr 3m 6m 9m 1yr

All Resolutions of Associations, Communications, of limited or individual interest, all party announcements, and notices of Marriages and Deaths, exceeding five lines, will be charged TRN CRNTS per line.

Legal and other notices will be charged to the party Legal and other notices will be charged to the party having them inserted.

Advertising Agents must find their commission outside of these figures.

All advertising accounts are due and collectable when the advertisement is once inserted.

JOB PRINTING of every kind, Plain and Fancy Colors, done with neatness and dispatch. Hand-bills, Blanks, Cards, Panuphlets, &c., of every variety and style, printed at the shortest notice, and everything in the Printing line will be executed in the most artistic manner and at the lowest rates.

D. CALDWELL, Attorney-at-Law, Fo. 111, 8rd street Office formerly occupied by Messrs, Woods & Williamsou. [ap12,71

DR. HYSKILL has permanently located in Alexandria to practice his profession. [jan.4 '78-ly. E. C. STOCKTON, Surgeon Dentist. Office in Leister's building, in the room formerly occupied by Dr. E. J. Greene, Huntingdon, Pa. [apl28, 76.]

GEO. B. ORLADY, Attorney-at-Law, 405 Penn Street [nov17,75

SYLVANUS BLAIR, Attorney-at-Law, Huntingdon,

Pa. Office, Penn Street, three doors west of 3rd
Street. [jan4,771

J. W. MATTERN, Attorney-at-Law and General Claim
Government for back-pay, bounty, widows' and invalid
pensions attended to with great care and promptness.

Office on Penn Street.

Calcimining, Glazing,
Paper H
and any and all work belonging to the

New Advertisements.

WOLF'S

HERE WE ARE! At Gwin's Old Stand, 505 PENN STREET.

Not much on the blow, but always ready for work.

Clothing, Hats and Caps,

GENTS.' FURNISHING GOODS,

RENT AND EXPENSES REDUCED, At S. WOLF'S. I am better able to sell Clothing, Hats and Caps, Gents.' Furnishing Goods, Trunks and Valises, CHEAPER than any other store in town. Call at Gwin's old stand. S. MARCH, Agt.

MONEY SAVED IS MONEY EARNED

The Cheapest Place in Huntingdon to buy Clothing, Hats, Caps, and Gents.' Furnishing Goods is at S. WOLF'S, 505 Penn street, one door west from Express Office. S. MARCH, Agent.

TO THE PUBLIC.—I have removed my Clothing and Gents.' Furnishing Goods store to D. P. Gwin's old stand. The Expenses reduced and better bargains than ever can be got at

S. Wolf's 505 Penn Street.

BEAUTIFY YOUR The undersigned is prepared to do all kinds of

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTING,

Paper Hanging, and any and all work belonging to the business. Having had several years' experience, he guarantees satisfaction to those who may employ him. PRICES MODERATE. March 14th, 1879-tf.

New Advertisements. New Advertisements.

GARMENTS of the VERY LATEST STYLE

READY - WADE CLOTHING

FOR MEN, YOUTHS, BOYS AND CHILDREN IS FULL. Men's Suits for \$4.00 up;

Boys' Suits for \$4.00 up;

MY STOCK OF HATS

Suspenders, Shoulder Braces, and Handkerchiefs. Also, Trunks and Satchels,

All bought at BOTTOM PRICES FOR CASH, AND WILL BE SOLD CHEAP FOR CASH.

GENUINE PEARL SHIRT. A SPLENDID LINE OF SAMPLES FOR SUITINGS

Bon't Fail to Gall and Examine my Goods and Prices before Purchasing. DON'T FORGET THE PLACE :

CARPET STORE.

1879. FRESH STOCK! NEW STYLES!! 1879.

CARPETS.

Chairs, Beds, Tables, Chamber Suits, Lounges,

ROCKERS, MOULDINGS, BRACKETS, &c., ever exhibited in Huntingdon county. WALL PAPER! WALL PAPER!

in great variety. Plain, satin and figured paper, plain or gilt band shading, spring and FLOOR OIL CLOTHS

From 15 inches to 2½ yards wide. Halls covered with one solid piece without joints. [Bring diagram and measurement.] For

PICTURE FRAMES AND LOOKING CLASSES.



Plain Coffins, Elegant Caskets and Burial Cases, WOOD OR LIGHT METALIC TO SUIT ALL. BURIAL ROBES IN VARIETY.

reach you in time, do not wait, but come direct to the store JAMES A. BROWN, March 21, 1879. 525 PENN ST., HUNTINGDON, PA.

BUTLER FOR TREASURER.

Detailed Report of Proceedings.

mittee will announce the officers for the temporary organization." Lucius Rogers then announced the fol-

owing officers:

Doorkeeper-Chas. Magraw. Assistants-John Melick, Harry Rein-

hi, R. A. Robinson, S. M. Killough. Janitor—Humphrey Mages. Mr. C. L. Magee, of Pittsburgb, offered resolution appointing the following secretaries, which was agreed to:

Assistants-John E. Barrett, Wm. P. Snyder, Wm. Withcrow, John McCulough, Samuel E. Ewing, John Upperman, A. W. McCoy, E. P. Dietrick, C. K. Loose and John L. Wilson.

The Secretary then called the roll of asking for, sir. delegates, which showed all the districts

The resolution

but two fully represented.

Hon. William T. Davies then nominated clerk. Hon. L. W. Hall, of Dauphin, for temporary chairman. He was unanimously elect- lution is already referred.

TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN'S ADDRESS. Representatives of the People .-- I con-

ty, the enthusiasm and the representative character of the convention. The grand old Republican party has hrown off all lethargy, and banished all

ountry; and to do battle for the right. ored, that the heretical doctrines of secesion and nullification had been vanquished, fact; and that an era of peace and good will was at hand. Alas, that these fond erties of the citizen are trampled under foot, in unlawful and criminal efforts to And Children's Suits for \$2.00 up. create and perpetuate a "Solid South." The same men and the same party, who from 1861 to 1865, in advocacy of the same dangerous and revolutionary principles, precipitated upon us a causeless and bloody war, are endeavoring, through the present Congress, to regain the cause they lost in the field. A thousand thanks to the gallant Republicans in Congress who President the bulwark of constitutional fight it out on this line" to the end. The Republican party and the patriotic people of the nation have suffered and sacrificed too much in the recent conflicts for the liberties and rights of man to abandon the contest until the legitimate fruits are all gathered and secured beyond peradven-

it will do it to the end.

and those who come after us shall enjoy all the fruits of that victory.

Under the policy of the Republican

exhibited in the equalization of values as they relate to labor and capital, and the dollar of the Government passes current in all markets for what its face imports. A hundred cents means a dollar-no more -no less. Reviving business is everyeign demand for our increased agricultural productions and home manufactures.

Slavery has been abolished and the na-tion has given to the colored man constiity before the law; and we intend that his ken when he said it has to be twice read. work. But if he receives a worthless dol- in fact the whole subversion of liberty and in 1861-2-3, as you did, sent her men to inalienable rights shall be secured to him

In this spirit I assume the duties of the position you have assigned me; and I invoke that harmony and conciliation which resolutions there shall be no debate. The standard of value, like worthless money, party organization, into the Democratic subordinates all personal ends to the public good. And now you are so far organized as to proceed to farther business.

Table and to value, like wordiness inducty, reading of a resolution is debate—as much debate as anything. I have ruled, and who earn their bread by their daily toil.

While the question of currency and Mr. Hall's speech was frequently and

heartily applauded.

lowing, which was adopted:

Mr. Cooper, of Delaware, offered the following, which was adopted: Resolved, That the Committee on Resolutions

all consist of one from each Senatorial district. Gen. Lilly, of Carbon, offered the following, which was agreed to:

Resolved, That the Committee on Permanent Organization shall consist of one member from each Senatorial district, to be selected by the delegates; and that said committee shall meet in the State Library immediately after their appointment Mr. Wolfe, of Union, offered a resolution, which were contract the clark's deal. tion, which was sent to the clerk's desk.

The Chairman. The resolution is per-

Mr. Wolfe. I would like to hear the esolution read. The Chairman. You offered the reso-

Mr. Wolfe. I call for the reading of The Chairman. It doesn't make any difference, sir. whether you do or not. (Applause) The clerk will refer that

Mr. Wolfe. I wish to know whether I Assistants-George Galbraith, Joseph am under a misapprehension. I understand-The Chairman. The gentleman is out

of order. The gentleman knows so from his parliamentary experience.
Mr. Wolfe. I rise for information.
The Chairman. What is it that the gentleman desires to know?

Mr. Wolfe. I desire to know what the esolution passed provides for; I understand that all-The Chairman. It will be read but the gentleman cannot make a speech upon the subject. A speech is not in order.

Mr. Wolfe. The reading is all I am

The resolution passed for referring of resolutions without debate was read by the not in order. I hold that I have not trans-

The Chairman. The gentleman's reso Mr. Wolfe. I rise to a point of order. The point of order is that the resolution

adopted by this convention does not preclude the reading of a resolution, and that gratulate you upon the numbers, the abil- a resolution is not before the body until The Chairman. The gentleman is not in order, and the Chair will not entertain

the gentleman's point of order. Mr. Wolfe. I appeal from the decision of the chairman of this convention. The Chairman. There is no appeal on point of order not properly made.

Mr. Wolfe, I do not wish anything not proper and right, but-The Chairman. The Chair will treat the gentleman from Union just as he would treat any other member of this body, but the gentleman cannot override parliamen-

tary law. tion, which, after debate, was r Mr. Wolfe. I state distinctly that I do the Committee on Resolutions. not wish to do anything of the kind; but on is not before this convention on Permanent Organization.

ing to parliamentary law. A voice. "Sit down." Mr. Wolfe. I will not sit down when I am right.

A Delegate. I move to go into permanent organization. M. Welfe. I appeal from the decision of the Chair.

"Sit down." A voice.

"Go out if you don't like it." Mr. Wolfe. I am willing to fight it out

The Chairman. The gentleman is not

The Chairman. I would respectfully

Mr. Cooper. The resolution just adopted provides that this convention shall be governed by the rules of the House of Rep-

The Chairman. I understand that. Mr. Cooper. The rules of the House of

Mr. Cooper. The rule says that a res der the rule, if there is objection to it, it

the convention, shall be referred without debate or vote to the Committee on Resolutions, and unless reported by a majority of said committee shall not be considered or acted on by the convenient of the Chairman. The Chair must be re-

spected. A delegate. I understand the gentleman is not in order. Mr. Wolfe. I appeal from the decision of the Chair, and I must be heard under

apprehension.
Mr. Wolfe. It is a matter of right.

Mr. Cooper. It is a matter of right; and this began under a misapprehension on the

tleman from West Chester requires that same as the vanquished. all resolutions presented be disposed of as under the rules governing the House of conflict settled forever that this is a nation, under the rules governing the House of conflict settled forever that this is a nation, Representatives?

The Chairman. Yes, sir. Mr. Barrett. Then I desire that this convention should be governed by these for political ills, then indeed was it a useless States.

It ion of the American people as a remedy anteed by the Constitution of the United in nomination and sent to the House of rules. Let us transact our business in order and decency. In order to accomplish that I do not desire to see anybody gagged in this convention. (Applause). The rendered inoperative, the one by repeal, appropriates the life and property of the same authority that I do not desire to see anybody gagged in this convention. (Applause). The paper to the proper committee, when it is rules. Let us transact our business in massacre of brave men. bate, to take action on it. (Applause).

Mr. Wolfe. I appeal-The Chairman. The gentleman is not in Mr. Wolfe. I appeal from the decision.

The Chairman. The gentleman will take Mr. Wolfe. I appeal from the decision,

and I have that right.

Resolved, That in view of the developments of cotrupt practices in connection with the "Riot Bill" in the last House, we emphatically reaffirm that part of the platform adopted by the Republican State Convention at Lancaster in 1875, and which was re-adopted by the Republican State Convention at Harrisburg in 1876, which demands "honest men in office—men with brains enough to know dishonesty when they see it, and courage enough to fight it wheresoever they find it."

Referred to Committee on Resolutions. Mr Mapes, Venango, offered a resolution, which, after debate, was referred to Government. It comes back to legislative On motion of Col. Quay, the roll of Sen-

hopes should ever be blighted, or imperil-

tees they withdrew for consultation-the law of the land; and the judges in every Committee on Resolutions to the Senate Chamber, and the Committee on Organi-

zation to the State Library. After a short absence Gen. Lilly, from the committee on permanent organization, reported, naming Hon. Galusha A. Grow as Permanent Chairman, and one Vice

of evil, there comes employment for idle the government of the Union, and at will labor, with still greater encouragement and brighter hopes for the future. [Applause.] The devotees of slavery, while it What the teachers of a new political econo-

that labor is entitled to receive for its toil something better than a promise of uncerthe non slaveholding States would outthe nonthe non-the states would outthe tain fulfillment in an indefinite future.

and commerce which the rantings of po-litical demagogues and time servers cannot With the keen foresight characteristics and the commerce which the rantings of poorder to secure successful and staple in- interest, the votaries of slavery, led by be recognized as of the same value by all love of a common country.

by the gentleman from West Chester, money of all kinds to the extent of the While the question of currency and ernment.

kindred measures, which affect most di-Mr. Wolfe. Under the rules of the House rectly the industrial interests of the coun- precisely the same voters that elect the Mr. Leeds, of Philadelphia, moved that of Representatives which we have just try, are still unsettled in its legislation, a constable and the justice of the peace, the rules of the House of Representatives govern this convention, which was agreed the decision of the Chair, and ask for an country in the attempt to revive some of ple; the term of office of the President and the justice of the peoday damn this country. We are for the country in the attempt to revive some of ple; the term of office of the President opportunity to reduce my appeal to writing the old theories of nullification and seces- not longer than that of most Governors, a accordance with the rules.

sion, and thus the people are called upon and that of members of Congress the same to settle at the ballot-box and in the forum as the legislators of most of the States; as the legislators of most of the States are the states as the legislators of most of the States are th Resolved, That all resolutions or propositions of the Government of cher than those relating to the organization of the Union, except the judiciary, amenable with positions on the ticket of Pennsylva-

same as are their State organizations, how is it possible for the Government of the hundred and sixty, after fifty years of heated discussion, settle nothing? Did the sword in one of the most gigantic wars of history settle nothing, unless it be to clothe the vanquished with power and authority to make their own terms of sur.

this began under a misapprehension on the part of the Chair.

The Chairman. There is no misapprehension on the part of the Chair.

The Chairman of the Chair.

The conditions or right of suffrage is left to each State to fix it as it pleases, sublect only to the limitations and prohibition on the part of the Chair.

The Chairman of the Chair of the Chair.

The conditions or right of suffrage is left to each State to fix it as it pleases, sublect only to the limitations and prohibition on the part of the Chair.

The conditions or right of suffrage is left to each State to fix it as it pleases, sublect only to the limitations and prohibition on the part of the Chair.

The conditions or right of suffrage is left to each State to fix it as it pleases, sublect only to the limitations and prohibitions or right of suffrage is left to each State to fix it as it pleases, sublect only to the limitations and prohibitions or right of suffrage is left to each State to fix it as it pleases, sublect only to the limitations and prohibitions or right of suffrage is left to each State to fix it as it pleases, sublect only to the limitations and prohibitions or right of suffrage is left to each State to fix it as it pleases, sublect only to the limitations and prohibitions or right of suffrage is left to each State to fix it as it pleases, sublect only to the limitations and prohibitions or right of suffrage is left to each State to fix it as it pleases, sublect only to the limitations and prohibitions or right of suffrage is left to each State to fix it as it pleases, sublect only to the limitations and prohibitions or right of suffrage is left to each State to fix it as it pleases, sublect only to the limitations and prohibitions or right of suffrage is left to each State to fix it as it pleases, sublect only to the limitations and prohibitions or right of suffrag reading of the resolution is debate, so far promote the welfare of the country. And the vanquished have certainly no cause of States. But when so fixed the voter for active in the Republican party, but who Mr. Barrett, of Lycoming. I desire to complaint if the policy so fixed applies, as the most numerous branch of the State has only within the last three years ap-

in this convention. (Applause). The proper action is to read this resolution, and then refer it to the committee without de bate, to take action on it. (Applause). maker, citizen or State can rightfully nullify them by withholding support, is but a revival of the old doctrine of South Carolina nullification.

While a law remains a valid enactment, his seat-I am the chairman of this con- it is as much a disregard of duty and constitutional obligation for the law-maker to refuse the necessary appropriations of Where is the justice in the government from the Committee on Resolutions, made refuse the necessary appropriations of where is the justice in the government from the Committee money to make it effective, as it is for the using the life and the property of the citi-

reading of the resolution, and that the resolution is not before this convention until it is read; that the rules of the House of Representatives provide for a second reading of the body of the resolution is not before this body until then.

The Chairman. I have decided according to parliamentary law, and the gentleman is out of order.

Mr. Wolfe. I appeal from the decision of the Chair.

The Chairman. The gentleman will take his seat.

Mr. Wolfe, I will when accorded my rights and the reading takes place according to parliamentary law.

Mr. Wolfe, I will when accorded my rights and the reading takes place according to parliamentary law.

After the announcement of the committee.

Mr. Wolfe, I will when accorded my rights and the reading takes place according to parliamentary law.

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Mr. Wolfe, I will when accorded my rights and the reading takes place according to parliamentary law.

Mr. Wolfe, I will when accorded my rights and the reading takes place according to the preceding resolution is not before this body and the intersection of the United States, in The beeple of the United States, in The beeple of the United States, in The beeple of the United States, in The total which against the construction of the Constitution and their posterity, and upon the accomplantary. State to the contrary notwithstanding.

I would be a secure the blessings of liberty for themselves and their posterity, and upon the accomplantary. State to the contrary notwithstanding.

I would be a secure the blessings of liberty for themselves and their posterity, and constituted the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution

number those from the slaveholding, and There are certain great laws of trade then their peculiar institution might be

With the keen foresight characteristic change. Of which the most essential, in of the representatives of a special or class Representatives—and the gentleman has dustries in all times of peace, is that the Calhoun, for nearly half a century, devoted that the standard or that real value should to that patriotism which springs from the

Mr. Cooper. The gentleman is mista- the representative of the value of a day's he chanced to live for his protection; when The Chairman. The Chair has not forgotten. You adopted a resolution offered value of a day's work; so of depreciated been by State authority and by that alone.

Gobin said:

"Mr. Pre"Mr. Pre-These ideas, born of slavery, they in-

Is there to be no end of controversy? to the people and created by them, the lia. The first time Isaac Wayne, the son Is nothing ever to be regarded as finally same as are their State organizations, how of "Mad Anthony Wayne," was the can-

our parliamentary rules.

Mr. Cooper. I would like to have this made straight—there is only a little mis
which the victors may enjoy the governconditions seem to require for the promoconditions seem to require for the promocondition which the victors may enjoy the government saved by their valor? [Applause.]
The logic of all wars, especially of civil wars, if they have any logic at all, is that

ask the Chair if the resolution of the gen- in our case, to the victors themselves the Legislature becomes a voter of the United | peared before you as such; a gentleman States within the limits of the State of his who in 1876 was for the first time named and that nullification or secession in any he is protected in the full and free enjoy- where the office asked for the man with form is not to be resorted to by any por- ment of that right as of any other guar- out his solicitation in any way, shape or

bound to protect that life, with all its State. I name to you, gentleman, How.

a local community is paramount to the

A voice. "Sit down."

Mr. Wolfe. I shall not sit down.

A voice. "We'll sit down on you, if you don't?" (Laughter.)

Wr. Wolfe. I am willing to abide by the rules, and I am going to abide by the rules, and I am going to abide by the rules, and I am going to abide by the rules, and consequently I appeal from the decision of the Chair.

Geveral voices. "Mr. Chairman."

The Chairman. Gentlemen will all take their seats. The gentleman on my left (referring to delegate on permanent or ganization) made a motion.

Mr. Wolfe. I appeal from the decision of the Chair. I demand my constitutional rights.

A voice. "Go out if you don't!ke it."

A voice. "Go out if you don't!ke it."

A voice. "Go out if you don't!ke it."

A voice. "Sit down."

Mr. Wolfe. I shall not sit down.

A mong the powers conferred upon Congress is one "to provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the limit to execute the laws of the militia to execute the saws and the still more vio.

By. The Verifical presentiatives of mound all the given the consent of the union, and at will all take the consent of the militia to execute the laws of the militia to execute the saws and each and every State is expressly prohibited from "entering into any treaty, alliance, or confederation," or "into government of the Union, and

complish in peace what they failed to accomplish in war. [Applause and cheers Senator Cameron and our Republican Congress.]

county of Chester to place in nomination Col. Gobin moved that a committee of before you one of their citizens. The Re- five be appointed to inform Mr. Butler of publican party of Chester county, and the his nomination, which was adopted. party in opposition to the Democratic The Chair appointed the following com party of Chester county has at all times, from the adoption of the Constitution of the United States until to day, stood by, supported and maintained the doctrines of the convention took a recess. al navy, under the banner of the Federal pointed to notify the gentleman who is to

as we have in all the history of Chester county, squatter sovereignty, rebellion and political damnation! [Applause] for from these have come everything that may to-day dawn this county. We spure to-day dawn this county. proper distribution of the powers of gov-ernment.

of Alexander Hamilton. We spurn to-day, as we have in all the history of Chester

thority to make their own terms of sur- such rules and regulations for their own have never hesitated to poll all the honest

Hon. Thos. V. Cooper, of Delaware,

men in resisting the revolutionary riders so per sistently pressed by the Democrats in Congress.

or State Treasurer were next in order.

Gen Hooten, of Chester, in naming of the resolution and called the previous question.

the Federal Constitution and the Federal After a short recess the convention was ago was a Federal county. Chester county pointed to notify the candidate of his nom

> "Mr. President. The committee ap take charge of the State finances for the

-Mr. Butler said : Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the

Convention: I suppose, at this time, I

Professional Cards

WM. P. & R. A. ORBISON, Attorneys-at-Law, No. 321
Penn Street, Huntingdon, Pa. All kinds of legal
business promptly attended to.
Sept.12,78.

DR. A. B. BRUMBAUGH, offers his professional services to the community. Office, No. 523 Washington street, one door east of the Catholic Parsonage. [jan4, 71]

H. C. MADDEN, Attorney-at-Law. Office, No. -, Penn [ap19,71]

S. GEISSINGER, Attorney-at-Law and Notary Public, Huntingdon, Pa. Office, No. 230 Penn Street, oppo-site Court House. S. E. FLEMING, Attorney-at-Law, Huntingdon, Pa., office in Monitor building, Penn Street. Prompt and earoful attention given to all legal business.

[Augo, 74-6mos]

March 14th, 1879-tf.

HUNTINGDON'S

For MEN, YOUTHS, BOYS, and CHILDREN is large, and prices low. The best line of SHIRTS, ranging in price from 35 cents up. A large assortment of HALF-HOSE-5 pair for 25 cents, and up to 50 cents per pair. LINEN COLLARS, 2 for 25 cents.

NEARLY OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE. T. W. MONTGOMERY. BR W N'

JUST THE PLACE FOR HOUSEKEEPERS!

FURNITURE,

In this department I have made important changes; procured the latest improved trimmer, and my new styles and prices for 1879, can not fail to suit purchasers. Call and see. WINDOW SHADES and FIXTURES

This is headquarters. Mattresses, Window Cornice, and anything in the Cabinet or Upholstering line

A FINE PLATE GLASS HEARSE Ready to attend funerals in town or country. My new clerk and traveling agent, FERDINAND Kocu, will call briefly in the principal towns, villages and valleys of this and adjoining counties, with samples of Wall Paper, Carpets, Carpet Chain, and illustrations of Chairs and many kinds of Furniture, to measure rooms, &c., and receive orders for any goods in my line. If he should not

Political.

The Republican State Convention met in the Hall of the House of Representatives, in Harrisburg, on Wednesday of last week. At 12 o'clock, meridian, Col.

The Chairman. The resolution is perfectly competent. It must be referred, by resolution just adopted, to the proper committee. It is so referred. Quay, Chairman of the Republican State Committee, took possession of the Speak-er's stand and called the convention to order, saying: "The hour of twelve o'clock lution, and know what it is. having arrived this convention will come to order. The Secretary of the State Com- the resolution.

Sergeant at Arms-Maj. J. W. Simp-

Secretary-Lucius Rozers.

ed and on assuming the chair spoke as

issensions and has come up once again to Until very recently we supposed the past labors, sacrifices and triumphs of the people had permanently secured the perpetuity, the honor, the liberties and the onstitutional rights of every citizen of the Republic, in fact, as well as in law. We elieved the National Union had been resthe Democratic party, permitted to become a power in the land than the banner of State rights (which they construe to be State sovereignty) is again unfurled, the constitutional rights of the nation are assailed, and the individual rights and libstood as a wall of adamant against all the rampant schemes of nullification; and a thousand more to that inflexible patriot rights. Having often imperiled his life for the Government, like a true soldier and patriot he stands firm; and proposes "to

"Freedom's battle, once begun, Bequeathed by bleeding sire to son, Though baffled oft, is ever won." Let us not be misunderstood. We are here assembled as the representatives of an intelligent and patriotic people of a great State. We have "charity for all and nalice towards none," but with grave responsibilities and duties to perform. On and stay here.

preserved the honor and financial integrity of the nation against all enemies and prophets of evil at home and abroad, and say that I have not. Rebellion and secession having been conquered in a fair fight, and the Union of our fathers restored, we mean that we resentatives.

wherever the flag of the Union floats.

Mr. Hooten, of Chester, offered the fol- in accordance with the rules.

party resumption is an accomplished fact, not been here for so long a time that I money used in the transaction of business all their energies to creating a sentiment think that will account for his forgetful-The Chairman. O, no; I haven't forgotten them already. olution shall be read, and action had when

> Mr. Wolfe. I submit to that. subject.

The devotees of slavery, while it lasted, possibilities and duties to perform. On behalf of the Republican party we here and now give notice to the enemies of the country that we shall take no step backward, and that we have no compromises to make with repudiation, secession or revolution, or with any of their aiders or abettors.

The Republican party has successfully preserved the honor and financial integrity.

What the teachers of a new political economy of the Republican economy of the State debt, and prove of the State debt, and prove of the State of the same spirity to the same spirity to the same spirity to the same spirity of the same spirity and many of the same spirity of the same spirity of the same spirity of the same spirity and many of the same spirity of the same spirity of the same spi constantly seeking greater security and

should itself be a real value, or for con- with the people of their section under the venience, a representative convertible, at disguise and sugar-coating of State rights, the will of the holder, into real value, and of a local sectional allegiance, as paramount who deal in it, or in the commodities for In order to alarm the citizen as to his where seen, and our exports this year will it is twice read. That is the decision of which it is exchanged. Otherwise somebe more largely in excess of our imports than ever before, by the reason of the for-A depreciated or worthless currency is ently represented as a foreign Government, is the Speaker's duty to refer it. Then it can only be read once.

a representative of the destruction of value, not responsible to the people, therefore of loss, not gain. The laborer who receives dangerous to liberty. Hence the citizen a real dollar for his day's work holds in it must look to the local community in which

The President and Congress elected by

ever its jurisdiction extends. A government that cannot command the loyality of its own citizens is unworthy the respect of the world, and a government Butler be nominated by acclamation, which that will not protect its loyal citizens de. was unanimously agreed to.

m. Wolfe. I appeal from the decision and I have that right.

The Chairmen. The gentleman is not in order.

Alr. Wolfe. I appeal from the decision of the remedy. In the case of the private citizen to disobey it. The act in both cases is the same and differs only in more to make the effective, as it is for the order. I hold that I have not transgressed any rule.

Alr. Cooper. I move that the resolution beeread.

The Chairman. The motion of the gentleman from the case of the private citizen the remedy is in the courts; and in the case of the law maker it is in the ballot box, by the repudiation at the polls of a faithless public servant and of the party that sustains his acts.

The Chairman. The motion of the gentleman from the case of the private citizen the remedy is in the courts; and in the case of the private citizen the remedy is in the courts; and in the case of the private citizen the remedy is in the case of the private citizen the remedy is in the case of the private citizen to disobey it. The act in both cases is the same and differs only in the case of the private citizen to disobey it. The act in both cases is the same and differs only in the case of the private citizen to disobey it. The act in both cases is the same and differs only in the case of the private citizen the case of the private citizen the disobey it. The act in the case of the private citizen the disobey it. The act in the case of the private citizen the decision of of the case of the private citizen the decision of the case of the private citizen the decision of the case of the private citizen t

tion, and is revolutionary and destructive of all forms of government.

The party begins in power in 1879, just where it ended in 1861. It ended then in an opposition to the army and a refusal to acquiesce in the constitutional forms of the Government. It comes back to legislative power and begins by refusing the necessary support of the army and by making war upon the constitutional forms of the Government.

Thus the war of ideas goes on.

The people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect Union, es-

State shall be bound thereby, anything in the Constitution of laws of any State to the contrary notwithstanding."

The tribunal which they established in the Constitution to determine whether the laws are made in pursuance thereof was the Supreme Court of the United States.

Among the powers conferred upon Contract of the Community is paramount to the nation. The child of American slavery, and whatever injustice there might be in other cases of visiting the injustices of the Covernment meets the hearty approval of the Republican party of Pennsylvania.

8. We call on the veteran soldiers of the nation of their places to rebel soldiers, whose this resommendation seems to be unrepentant treason and unending hate of the nation.

The threat of leading representatives of the Democratic party to undo all the legis.

[Applause]
The men who vowed then, amid the clash of arms and the din of battle, that whatever else might perish it should not

loud and prolonged.] NOMINATION FOR STATE TREASURER. The Chair announced that nominations quently interrupted by applause. for State Treasurer were next in order. Hon. Samuel Butler, of Chester, said : Mr. President: I have been requested by the citizens and Republicans of the adopted.

party organization, into the Democratic party as articles of its political faith on the proper distribution of the powers of core of Alexander Hamilton and proper distribution of the powers of core of Alexander Hamilton and party as articles of its political faith on the proper distribution of the powers of core of Alexander Hamilton and party organization, into the Democratic been, followers of George Washington and bim to the convention, beg leave to present proper distribution of the powers of core of the powers Government. [Applause.]

Upon two occasions only in the history

citizen for its defense in time of peril is sions he has served with credit the entire rights, and that property, with all its incidents, against all lawless attacks where ever its jurisdiction extends.

Samuel Butler, of Chester county, as a candidate of the great Republican party of Pennsylvania for State Treasurer. [Vocif-

to labor at remunerative wages.

7. That the firm stand of the President in vin-

The reading of the resolutions was fre-The resolutions were then unanimously

ination appeared in the aisle and Col.

(Continued on fourth page.)