The Huntingdon Journal.

J. A. NASH, - - - Editor.

HUNTINGDON, PENN'A.

FRIDAY, - - - OCTOBER 11, 1878.

Circulation LARGER than any other Paper in the Juniata Valley.

Republican State Ticket.

GOVERNOR:

Gen. HENRY M. HOYT,

OF LUZERNE.

JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT:

Hon. JAMES P. STERRETT,

OF ALLEGHENY.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR:

Hon. CHARLES W. STONE,

OF VENANGO.

SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS:

Capt. AARON K. DUNKEL,

OF PHILADELPHIA.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

CONGRESS:

HORATIO G. FISHER, of Huntingdon.

ASSEMBLY:

SAMUEL M'VITTY, of Clay,
WM. S. SMITH, of Jackson.

PROTHONOTARY:

W. M'K. WILLIAMSON, of Huntingdon.

REGISTER AND RECORDER:

I. D. KUNTZLEMAN, of Huntingdon.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY:

GEORGE B. ORLADY, of Huntingdon.

TREASURER:

S. H. ISENBERG, of Penn.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS:

W. H. BENSON, of Tod,
S. P. SMITH, of Union.

DIRECTOR OF THE POOR:

A. B. MILLER, of Porter.

AUDITORS:

J. H. DAVIS, of Morris,
A. W. BROWN, of Cassville.

HOYT ON FINANCE.

Professing to be an honest man, the candidate of an honest organization, I favor honest money.

The volume of the currency should be regulated by legitimate demand, and not by the requirements of bankrupts and wild speculators.

The currency should be redeemable as early as the exigencies of the Government will permit, in the currency recognized by all civilized nations.

The contracts of the Government should be held as sacred as the contracts of individuals, and the bonds, the evidence of its indebtedness, should be paid according to the understanding between the Government and the lender.—*Speech at Butler, Sept.* 2, 1878.

The election, November 5th.

Voters must pay a State and county tax by Saturday, October 5th.

Foreigners must be naturalized by October 5th.

DILL hasn't taken his financial views out of his carpet bag yet.

MR. SPEER's made use of his organ No. 2 last week to publish his letter to Mr. Tyhurst in relation to the Wall's case.

"MY ORGANS" will be full of *editorial* this week, as we are "reliably informed" that Mr. Speer has been in town for several days.

FOUST, the man who Speer had brother-in-law North foist upon the Greenbackers as their candidate for Assembly, claims to be "as good a Democratic as ever he was." Of course he is, and Republican Greenbackers should govern themselves accordingly.

IRVIN D. KUNTZELMAN, the Republican nominee for Register and Recorder, is the son of a gallant soldier who gave his life for his country. He is the sole support of a widowed mother, and is a moral, christian young man. Vote for the soldier's orphan.

FIFTEEN years ago the interest paid by the United States was a fraction over four dollars for each individual. Now the interest paid *per capita* is less than two dollars. This is not indicative of a ruinous financial policy, nor does it point to a vital necessity for a billion or two of greenbacks.

IF Dill's brother, who is so industriously informing the public as to Hoyt's religious opinions, would give us a little information about the Democratic candidate's views on financial questions, he would be almost as useful as he was when he confined his attention exclusively to the preaching of the gospel.

ORGAN No. 2 wants us to say positively whether the law firm of Woods & Williamson has been dissolved or not. Well, as we are anxious to be on the side of truth in anything that we assert, we are not prepared to say whether this firm has been dissolved or not, and what is more, we don't care.

LABORING MEN, remember that Speer's *Mud-Slinger* is doing all it can to prevent the Middle Penitentiary from being located at Huntingdon. To be sure, nothing coming from that sheet, with its 200 readers, will amount to anything, but the disposition is shown to injure the business interests of our town. Can you, will you support such a party?

ON the first page will be found the able speech of Hon. Frank Jordan, in reply to the speech delivered by Chairman Speer, at McConnellsburg, for which we ask a careful reading. By mistake this speech also appears in the supplement which we issue this week, but in addition to this it contains much matter of interest, all of which we ask our readers to study carefully.

IT is of the utmost importance to the tax-payers of this county that the Republican candidates for County Commissioner are elected. It is asserted by Greenbackers that they are anxious to elect their candidates for Commissioner in order that the *Nationalist* may be kept alive by public patronage. Tax-payers, are you ready to vote for men who will use the public funds in this way?

THE apostate, Prof. W. Howard Day, who is traveling the State in the interests of the Democratic party, received a cool reception from the colored people of this place during his visit on Monday last. The cause he has now espoused had no more bitter opponent up to this fall than this same Prof. Day, but a dive into the barrels of Democratic money has had its effect in shaping the course of Mr. Day in this campaign.

TO LABORING MEN.

If the Republican party had to meet in the coming election, the Democratic party and its policy alone, there would be no doubt of its triumph. The only disturbing element is the new party, called the National Greenback Labor party. This is made up almost entirely of laboring men. Its voting strength, its fighting ranks are drawn from those who are without capital and depend upon manual labor for existence. Its leaders, who are the spirit of the movement, are the ambitious and unscrupulous demagogues who would lead their followers into the jaws of ruin and abject poverty in order to hold, for a brief period, the reins of power. The same spirit which animated Louis Napoleon, or of any of the free lances in South America or in Mexico, is the motive of these National party leaders. They do not resort to the force of arms because they know such a resort could not be used in this country, but, they use the weapons of sophistry, chicanery and falsehood to play upon the credulity of the laboring classes, knowing that success means but an ephemeral enjoyment of the pleasures of office for the candidates, and the ultimate misery of the deluded voters. To these candidates we have nothing to say; to their followers we have.

Now, what is the purpose of your crusade, and to what Mecca are you travelling? Your very first principle is hatred to capital and the capitalist. Why do you hate the capitalist? Only because he has made what you have not, money. Do you stop to think your wealthy fellow citizens were most of them poor boys like your boys? And those who have inherited wealth only go back one or two generations to find poverty? A. T. Stewart came to this country with but a few hundred dollars which he made himself. The great Astor was not worth a dollar when a boy. Thomas A. Scott was a brakeman of the great road which he now controls. John Wanamaker, the most extensive merchant in Philadelphia, employing thousands of hands, twenty years ago was a struggling clerk. U. S. Grant was just before the war a bankrupt tanner. We might mention scores of men whose names would be familiar to every laboring man, and point to the fact that they came from his own ranks; men who have risen to wealth, position and property through sheer energy, indomitable resolution, and the cultivation of their minds. What these men have done every laboring man has the opportunity of doing. There are no laws of caste, or of any other kind, to prevent the laboring man from attaining high position. But the road to it can never be reached by dishonest means nor without stubborn application.

But, all men cannot get rich. The laborer is as needful as the capitalist.—The one depends upon the other. Both have their faults because both belong to a common humanity. But the nature of our government compels the capitalist to respect the bone and sinew power. In the lawless ages money could buy soldiers to assert its commands. With the advance of civilization those who could bring to the courts of power large estates, controlled positions of influence, became the nobility, shaped the laws of the land for their own benefit, and oppressed the poor. But, there is no such tyranny existing here, and the feeling of antagonism against the employer which has grown up in the minds of the workingmen is unwise. There is a tyranny of labor as well as of capital.—Labor must remember that there are risks that capital runs, and expenses it incurs which labor overlooks. The company that employs hundreds of hands has thousands of dollars invested in buildings, machinery and stock in process of manufacture. The fluctuation of prices of a single week may throw the profits of an entire year in doubt. The changing demands of public taste will make unsaleable styles of goods which have cost the capitalist large sums of money, and for the working of which the laborer has received his pay. Then the vicissitudes of commercial life, bad debts, fire, &c, must be borne by capital.—All of these things should be remembered by the laborer. Again, the laborer complains that his employer lives in a palace. Let him remember that the palace has been built with brains and unremitting work, and many a night when he is soundly sleeping in his humble abode, his employer is walking his study in agony studying how to avoid commercial disaster, and keep employed his hundreds of workingmen.

Now, it is upon the credulity of the laborers that the leaders of this party are playing. They assert that the way to wealth is by issuing greenbacks. Let us suppose the Greenback party wins. How are the laboring classes going to get hold of these greenbacks? They cannot step up to the Treasury and demand them. Something must be given in return. The government cannot send them around with the compliments of the Treasurer. There are no large armies to be paid now, no enormous lots of clothing, arms and provisions to be bought so as to get them into circulation. Does the laborer think that the greenback party can pay off the bonds in these worthless notes? Does he think any capitalist will honor them in business? Were it possible to elect a Congress of greenback men who would pass such a law, not a bond would be presented, a terrible panic would ensue in business, the next election would sweep such a Congress into disgrace and oblivion, all such laws would be repealed, and the losses of the intervening two years could never be regained.

No. There is nothing for the laboring man to gain by endorsing this party. He has everything to lose, for he is playing directly into the hands of the greatest enemy he has, the Democratic party, which now means the South. What gives the Democratic party its majority in the House of Representatives? the South, and nearly every man is an ex-confederate soldier.—What will give the Senate its majority at its next meeting? The South. Thus the great legislative branch of the government is handed over to the power which has impoverished labor, has trodden labor under foot from the beginning, and which to-day holds millions of laboring men completely, autocratically in subjection. There are thousands of workingmen who remember Andersonville and Libby prison. Thousands of workingmen died during the war to defeat this very power. Thousands are living, maimed in the struggle against it. Are the workingmen satisfied to be made the tools of demagogues, who, for the bare hope of success, are willing to risk the victory of the Democratic party, and the consequent victory of the South at the ballot-box, the gaining by the ballot of everything it fought for with the bullet—supremacy and control of the government?

The Greenback Labor party has no other destiny than the ruin of the country. Will the laboring men aid in its fulfillment?

ONE OF THE CLOSE DISTRICTS.—The Republicans of the county of Huntingdon, in former years more generally divided than those of any other county in the State, have, with noble purpose, buried factious differences, presented Senator Fisher their strongest man, to make the Congressional race against Stenger, of Franklin, a fire-eating Democrat, who tries to excel even Southern leaders in their criticism of the government. Senator Fisher, though in his first term at Harrisburg, has acquired a State reputation for practical ability and strong common sense. He is thoroughly reliable and honest, and can bring more genuine, substantial wisdom to bear on any legislative question than many of the men of more showy parts, and this is the secret of his strength. He will make a first class Congressman, free from humbug and deceptive promises, and will work for his constituents, from the greatest to the least influential, with remarkable care and industry. Best of all men he can redeem the Huntingdon-Franklin district, for he carries with him a prestige of success, which is half of the battle. We shall count a gain from that quarter until we hear otherwise.—*Delaware County American.*

THE Republican meeting at Orbisonia last week is said to have been a grand success. In the afternoon the speakers were Hon. Chas. W. Stone, candidate for Lieutenant Governor, and Senator Everhart. In the evening the meeting was addressed by the Hon. M. Chance of Ohio, Gen. Jno. Williamson and P. M. Lytle, Esq., of Huntingdon. Mr. Chance held the vast crowd who had assembled, in almost breathless silence, for two hours and forty minutes, discussing the financial issues of of the day and proving the impracticability of the proposed changes to be effected by the revolutionary element of Greenbackism. He appealed to the Jackson and Buchanan Democrats to stand by the right, and help the Republican party again, as they did in the late war, to crush out a festering element in our body politic, which is threatening the very life of our free institutions. Greenbackism, with such representative blow-horns as the Rev. Doyle, is simply demagogism.

HON. H. G. FISHER.—We have had the pleasure of becoming personally acquainted with the Hon. Horatio G. Fisher, candidate for Congress in the 18th District, and we are glad to be able to state that we found him to be a perfect gentleman, and a man well qualified to represent us in Congress. The speech which he delivered at Middleburg, and which we hope to hear repeated here, certainly won golden opinions for him. We can now go into the fight with the feeling, it matters not whom may be nominated by the Democracy, that we have a candidate much more able and available, and that under all and every circumstance victory will not fail to perch upon our banners. Let the cry be "forward" for Fisher and the Ticket. Victory will be ours.—*Snyder County Tribune.*

ORGAN No. 2 says that Foust "never goes back on his promises." In some cases this is so, for when he promised those poor laboring men that they should not use his weigh-scales unless they permitted him to take a dollar or two off them, he kept his promise true, and they were compelled to go to the railroad scales at Mill Creek. He is a pretty man to set up as the friend of the poor. A man mean enough to do an act of this kind, before he would contribute one cent to charity, would clutch a quarter so tight that he would strangle the goddess of liberty and force the eagle to befoul his fingers.

Since his [Orlady's] nomination, three Republican members of the Bar have informed us of their determination to vote against him, and two of them expressed the earnest hope that Jackson will defeat him *again.—Monitor.*

Thus speaks J. Chalmers Jackson, esq., District Attorney of Huntingdon county, in last week's *Monitor.* That's another of the stale lies uttered from week to week through the columns of that sheet. No Republican member of the Bar said any such thing, and not one Republican lawyer in town will vote for Mr. Jackson, his assertion to the contrary notwithstanding. They want a competent man to fill the office, and hence the unanimous support they give to Major Orlady.

THE little-man-who-writes-his-own-editorials claims that because A. P. M'Elwain has but one arm he "deserves the sympathy of his fellow men irrespective of party." The *Monitor* crew didn't have much sympathy for Republican candidates with but one arm or one leg. But we suppose it makes a difference in what manner the loss was sustained. If Mr. M'Elwain had lost his arm in fighting Southern Democratic rebels, as our candidates did, instead of having it injured in a saw mill, he wouldn't be the candidate of Speer and North today. Mr. M'Elwain, like any other maimed individual, "deserves sympathy," but—"only that and nothing more."

ONE issue has arisen in this campaign which affects no party but the Democratic and which Republicans may well leave to that party to settle among themselves.—This issue is being discussed in a very lively manner by some of the Catholic newspapers and the organs of Mr. Dill.—The *Catholic Standard*, of Philadelphia, asserted last week that Mr. Dill was a Know Nothing, and demands his defeat, and closes in these words: "What we have said is based, not on conjecture, but on actual knowledge." We have no intention of interfering in the fight, but Democrats have reason to expect Mr. Dill to rise and explain.

THE OCTOBER GALES!

Cock-a-Doodle-Do!

OHIO REDEEMED!

IOWA STANDS FIRM!

HONEST MONEY WINS!

THE RAG-BABY STRANGLED!

Democrats and Greenbackers to the Rear!

REPUBLICAN GAINS ALONG THE WHOLE LINE!

The elections on Tuesday resulted in glorious victories for the Republicans in Ohio and Iowa. Last year Ohio went Democratic by 20,000; this year the Republicans redeem the State and give the whole ticket 10,000 majority. Hoop la!

The Republicans claim ten Congressmen elected sure, with chances for one or two more. The present delegation in Congress is twelve; but as the Democratic Legislature last winter gerrymandered the State so as to assure to the Republicans only six Congressmen out of twenty, the election of ten is a gain of four, instead of a loss of two. In Iowa the Republicans have swept everything by increased majorities. In Indiana the Democrats have elected the State ticket and gained perhaps a Congressman, while the Legislature, which elects a U. S. Senator to succeed Voorhees, remains in the control of the Republicans. The returns from West Virginia are meagre as yet, but they indicate Republican gains in Congressmen and members of the Legislature.

NOW FOR PENNSYLVANIA.

"DID YOU SEE SAM?"

The *Catholic Standard*, the official organ of the Catholics in Pennsylvania, takes strong grounds against the election of A. H. Dill on account of his Know-Nothing affiliations in the palmy days of that party. It also complains of the contemptible manner in which Catholics have been treated by the Democratic party in the past, and says that Catholics, who constitute at least one-third of the Democratic party, are good enough to vote the ticket, but when it comes to asking for position, they are thrust aside. This is a family quarrel in which Republicans have no interest, but when the *Standard* is engaged in this business it should turn its attention to J. Simpson Africa, esq., another of the Democratic candidates on the State ticket, for his connection with the Know-Nothing party. The friends of Dill claim the benefit of the "baby" act in his case, but with Mr. Africa the case is different, he having arrived at man's estate long before he was initiated a member of the party that was in favor of "putting none but Americans on guard." That he was a member of that party *we dare any of his friends to deny.*

THE *Nationalist* of this week says that we got $1,000 for campaign services this fall. If this were so, but we are very sorry to say that it is not, it would prove that the services of the JOURNAL are more valuable to the cause than when the editor of the *Nationalist* figured as its editor in the campaign of 1876, when it required two or three weeks of negotiations before the Chairman of the County Committee would agree to give him half of the above sum for putting up the county ticket, which, as the editor of a Republican organ, he should have done without one cent of "blood money."

OUR neighbor of the *Globe* has been arrested and held in the sum of $500 for his appearance at the next court to answer the charge of having libelled R. Milton Speer in an article published in that paper of September 28th, under the caption of "Who Robbed Jimmy Walls? We don't have any idea that Mr. Speer proposes to let this case come before the courts, but we are rather inclined to believe that it is done to call off the dogs of war. If the case comes to trial, which we sincerely hope it will do, perhaps we will find out "who *did* rob Jimmy Walls."

STENGER NOMINATED.—Hon. Wm. S. Stenger, the chronic office hunter, was nominated for Congress on the 378th ballot, at Newport, on Friday last, one of the conferees from Snyder having been *persuaded* to cut loose from Magee, independent of his instructions, and cast his vote for Stenger. It is needless to say that the nomination is an empty honor, for Fisher's election is a foregone conclusion. The Republicans of this district have quit running after strange gods, and without their support no Democrat can be elected. Republicans, unfold the Fisher banner and march to victory.

THERE was a large and enthusiastic Republican meeting held at Robertsdale on Friday night last, at which Rev. Doyle was invited to debate the issues of the campaign with J. W. Baer, esq But notwithstanding his verbal and written assertions that he was desirous of meeting the Republicans on the stump for this purpose, he backed down on this occasion and flatly refused to argue the question of finance or any other issue involved in this campaign. His request, therefore, for a joint discussion was made for buncombe.

THE NEW PENITENTIARY.

The "Mud-Slinger" Tries to Array the Laboring Class Against It.

The *Nationalist*, published in this place in the interests of the Democratic party, for two or three weeks past, has been trying to throw cold water on the efforts of those who have been laboring to secure the location of the Middle Penitentiary at this place, but finding that its opposition to this popular measure was raising a breeze about its ears, and its heretofore ardent supporters were withdrawing their patronage on this account, it last week, in no less than three paragraphs, asserts that it is in favor of the building being located here. Let us see how it favored it. In the issue of that paper of the 19th of September, in an article on the penitentiary, we find the following query propounded to the laboring men:

"How would you like to be brought in competion with this feature [convict labor] of our penal system?"

Strange language, that, to come from a man who pretends to be in favor of locating the institution in our midst.

Then, again, in its issue of the 26th of September, it throws more cold water by publishing this:

"After it is built, which will be done by workmen from a distance, it will put our people in competition with convict labor."

After reading the above there are others besides "knaves" and "fools," as he says, who will conclude that the writer is opposed to the penitentiary project, or else that he has a queer way of exhibiting his friendship for it. The opposition of the *Nationalist* grows out of the fact that Senator Fisher is the father of the penitentiary bill, and that he has worked untiringly to secure its location at Huntingdon. The interest he has taken in this measure has made him very popular with all classes of people, and, in order to injure his growing popularity this hired scribbler and adventurer will cunningly appeal to the working classes and attempt to array them against a man who has always been their friend, by holding out the idea that the location of the penitentiary in our midst will put them on a par with convict labor. This is the argument of a "knave," or a "fool," or both. The laboring men of Huntingdon are not so easily gulled, and they will endorse Mr. Fisher's labors in their behalf by giving him one of the largest votes ever cast for a citizen of Huntingdon. Hoop 'er up, boys.

A DIRTY TRICK ON HAND.

Keep a Top Eye Open for the Trickster.

Chairman Speer has issued a *private* circular to one or more of the "faithful" in each election district in the State, requesting them to send him the following information:

1. The name and address of every minister in the county.

2. The name and address of five active, representative christian men in each election district, with the denomination to which each belong.

3. The names and address of all anti-Cameron representatives in the county.

There is evidently a low, dirty trick on hand, to be played immediately preceding the election, when it will be too late perhaps to connect it through the channel of the press. We trust that the readers of the JOURNAL will not permit themselves to be imposed upon by any eleventh hour cards that may come from the headquarters of this unscrupulous demagogue. Mr. Speer has asserted that "this is to be the battle of his life," and there is nothing too low or contemptible for him to do, if he thinks it will aid him in his efforts to lead his party to victory. We again urge upon our readers to be on the lookout for any campaign slanders that may be issued for the purpose of leading Republicans to the support of the Democracy.

TO SHOW the reader how the "decent and polished" scribbler of Speer's newspaper No. 2 "meets the facts and allegations made by us," we copy the following beautiful and chaste language from last week's issue of that sheet:

"Doting old political blatherskite."

"Every political tramp and huckster, political prostitute, if you please."

"Filthy, lying, sophistical, subsidized, truckling sheets."

"Political huckster and prostitute."

"Greedy-gut! Greedy-gut!"

"Republican dead beat."

A paper that publishes such vile stuff as is embraced in the above quotations, is a pretty pill to censure any one. From its free use of billingsgate its proper sphere would be the fish market, where it would have a larger field to exhibit its proficiency in the vocabulary of the slums.

THE *Monitor* credits the *Valley Spirit* with saying that the Republican County Committee of Franklin had passed a resolution requesting Senator Fisher to resign. This is another of the base lies concocted by the Democrats in their attempts to injure Mr. Fisher. There is no truth in the assertion, Franklin county Republicans having been the first to ask Mr. Fisher *not* to resign his seat. If these falsifiers will only wait until they hear from Franklin in November they will be satisfied that our party "over there" is in favor of Mr. Fisher holding his seat in the Senate until he is called to take his place in the House of Representatives at Washington.

LET us follow the example of our brethren in Ohio and rout the enemy.

Methodism and Republicanism.

I am a Republican in principle, and I wish to see this party succeed in our State this Fall. I desire this, among many other reasons, because I honestly believe that it saved the Union in the dark hour of the Rebellion, and because the welfare of our Country, for years to come, can alone be committed with safety into its hands.

Is there any danger of its defeat? Suppose that I believe there is, what would patriotism call upon me do do? Ought I not to sound the alarm as far as my voice will reach? No one certainly will deny me this right, and I look upon it as a duty. Personally, I have nothing to gain or lose by the success of either Party. Voluntarily, therefore, unbought by any price, or unswayed by any selfish motive, I write this paper.

I glory in my Church, in regard to the Rebellion. Certainly there is no brighter page in our Country's history than that furnished by Methodism. No Church did more to sustain the cause of the Union than she, pouring out her treasure abundantly, and sending hosts of her sons to bear the brunt of the battle, and to shed their blood to defend our flag.

And I know that in my own immediate region, throughout the great State of Pennsylvania, and all over the Land, there are hosts of Methodists, especially in the Ministry, who believe, without doubting, in the sound principles of the Republican Party, and there is no price large enough to buy them from their allegiance.

Is there any attempt to swerve Methodists, and especially Methodist preachers, from their devotion to a great cause? It is said that there is, and that the attempts will be continued more earnestly up to the very eve of the election.

Upon the belief that this report is true, I write and urge my brethren not to be false to their principles, and allow no unsound reason to influence them to vote for any man whose association, if not his record, proves that he holds views utterly antagonistic to those of the great Republican Party.

The reason has been urged, it is reported, and will be urged, it is supposed, again and again, especially upon Methodist preachers,—"Vote for the Hon. A. H. Dill for Governor, because he is the son of a Methodist preacher." So is another man the son of a Methodist preacher, and yet that same man was a Rebel in the South during the War. Suppose he was here now, and running for office, and that this reason was urged why Methodists of every class should vote for him, because he is the son of a Methodist preacher. Is there a Methodist layman or preacher who would not scorn such a plea, who would not regard any man urging it as insulting him, and who would not say to him,—"No, sir, I can never cast my vote for a Rebel." Is Hon. A. H. Dill a rebel? I do not say so. If he had been in the South during the war would he have acted as his brother did? I cannot tell. I can tell at the North the Democratic Candidate for Governor did act with a party who sympathized with the South, opposed the war, and denied that the soldiers had the right to vote. How can any Methodist preacher, who is a Republican, though he has profound respect and the kindliest feeling for his honored father, vote for his Democratic son?

But Senator Dill is a member of the M. E. Church, therefore vote for him. Simply because a man is a Methodist is that a sufficient reason why some great public interest should be entrusted to him? Is it not possible for a Methodist to be right in heart but wrong in head? to have principles so false and pernicious that following them no interest would be safe, and with them fully in the ascendant the Ship of State would be forced on some Scylla or steamed into some Charybdis. Vote for A. H. Dill because he is a Methodist! That reason is slyly hinted at in one of our Methodist papers which says: "The State of Pennsylvania has never had a Methodist Governor." And I suppose if the writer of this sentence had presented his reasons plainly he would have said "Pennsylvania ought to have once a Methodist Governor—here is now a chance—vote for Mr. Dill." Why vote for him because he is a Methodist? The foolish notion may possibly enter the minds of some that a Methodist Governor would bring great honor to the Church and in some way build up her interests. The Church when true to herself, seeks not her honor from men but from God, and her interests depend not on any political party but the presence of Christ in the midst of her. But even could a Methodist Governor of our State bring honor and aid to our Church, is the Methodism of Mr. Dill of that type to assure us of such results? If it be, it certainly has improved greatly of late years, for there were times when he paid no attention to the Church of which he was a member in name; not even attending her worship nor treating her pastor with the common civilities of life. Now, however, he is a great Methodist and Methodist people and especially Methodist preachers are called upon to ignore their sacred political principles and vote for him. Pshaw! "Something is rotten in the State of Denmark." And it looks very much like the Methodism of the Democratic Candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania is all put on for the sake of winning in the Gubernatorial Race. How can Republican Methodists vote for Mr. Dill? Simply for the reason that he is a Methodist, and a Methodist of such a doubtful kind, hoping if he be elected that he will bring honor and help to the Church? Can any loyal Methodist preacher vote for him? Can that one do it who plead so eloquently his Country's cause at the opening of the Rebellion, asking with an emotion the most intense, the question—a question that thrilled the audience in the Church of God and stirred patriotic hearts to their profoundest depths—"Who will go?" and was answered by the universal shout of the men: "In the name of the Lord God we will go." Can that preacher do it, who, when his Country called, obeyed the call, rushed to the front, bared his breast to the bullets of the enemy, and now carries a wound received in the glorious battle for the right? Can any patriotic Methodist vote for him when he believes that our Republic without the great Republican Party, would have gone down, broken, shattered and ruined, and without that party controlling the vessel it cannot be said confidently:—

"Thou, too, sail on, O Ship of State!
Sail on, O Union, strong and great!
Humanity, with all its fears,
With all its hopes of future years,
Is hanging breathless on thy fate."

It may be said that this is a personal attack on Mr. Dill. Not at all. I have nothing against him personally, and really wish him well in his legitimate calling. I cannot be regarded as an enemy of his family. I am friendly to his brother, who is a useful Methodist preacher. I revere and love his father, whose life has been a useful one in the gospel ministry, and therefore a grand one, and who now, on this account, wears his gray hairs as a crown of honor. But because I wish the candidate for Governor well, am a friend of his brother, and have a profound reverence and a sincere love for his father, is that any reason why I should cast my vote for Hon. A. H. Dill? Should I place my good wishes, my friendship, my love for another, above my love for my Country? Who will dare to urge such a reason why I should lay aside my conscientious political principles and vote for a man who is diametrically opposite to me in politics? Who will dare approach me with such a plea? With my views, I could not vote for my own brother if he stood in the place of Mr. Dill.

It may be said that in my opposition to Senator Dill, I am dragging up a dead and buried issue—the spirit that gave birth to the costly and bloody War of the Rebellion. Is that spirit dead and buried? No. Visit the South and see everywhere proofs of this fact. An intelligent Northern lady, on a recent visit to the South, said: "No one surrendered but General Lee." And that is true. Look at the Democratic Party in Congress when the power was again in its hands. We heard again of the fatal doctrine of State Rights. The impudent Southern claims upon the Treasury of the United States for indemnity for losses in the rebellious War of the South, and other political views—the very bane of our prosperity, if not of our existence as a Nation. We have the most fraternal feeling for our brethren of the South. We are ready to do all we can for their welfare, to pour out our treasure, for instance, to aid those who are suffering from that terrible scourge, the Yellow Fever; but we do think that the time has not yet arrived when men who, if they had received their just deserts, would have died as Traitors, ought to be trusted with power. Nor should we be willing to trust with power the men of the North who gave "aid and comfort" to those who fired on the Flag of the Union, and did all they could to destroy the best Government on the face of the earth. It is impudent in Southern Traitors and in their Northern sympathisers to ask so soon for the trust of political power. Let them wait for long years till the Country is fully satisfied that their repentance for the loss of vast treasure and seas of blood in their dreadful attempt to destroy the Union, is sincere, and then ask humbly to be restored to places of honor and trust in the Government of the Country. And the Country may then hear and heed their request, but it ought not to do it now.

In this note of warning am I only putting up a man of straw? No, I am not. This boast has already been made: "There are thousands of Methodists, formerly Republicans, who will vote for Hon. A. H. Dill, and their votes will elect him." Several prominent Methodist preachers of Republican proclivities have publicly declared their purpose to vote for him. Others, it is believed, intend quietly to do the same. Recently a presiding elder was approached on the subject of his vote, and he was told if by a certain time he indicated his purpose to support Mr. Dill, such an indication would be greatly to his advantage." When the time came he wrote this reply: "For years I have supported the Republican Party; more recently I have voted the Prohibition Ticket; I cannot now support a party which has favored Rum, Slavery and Rebellion." That preacher is a brave, true man. His brethren can safely commit their appointments into his hands, and trust him in any place of responsibility, for he never will betray their interests. And it is said that a number of Methodist preachers, in view of securing their votes for the Democratic Candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania, are now riding on the railroads on free passes. Surely this must be false. No Methodist preacher certainly can be bought like a sheep in the shambles. His desire for the good opinion of his brethren would prevent this. So bought, his brethren could never trust him again in any place of responsibility. But Methodist preachers are controlled by higher motives than the good opinion of their brethren, and this report must be a slander; it must be only an instance of the fact that strange things are sometimes said about the best and purest of men.

A METHODIST PREACHER.

Extra Liability to Malarial Infection.

Persons whose blood is thin, digestion weak and liver sluggish, are extra-liable to the attacks of malarial disease. The most trifling exposure, may, under such conditions, infect a system which, if healthy, would resist the miasmatic taint. The only way to secure immunity from malaria in localities where it is prevalent, is to tone and regulate the system by improving weakened digestion, enriching the blood, and giving a wholesome impetus to biliary secretion. These results are accomplished by nothing so effectively as Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which long experience has proved to be the most reliable safeguard against fever and ague and kindred disorders, as well as the best remedy for them. The Bitters are, moreover, an excellent invigorant of the organs of urination, and an active depurent, eliminating from the blood those acrid impurities which originate rheumatic ailments. [oct4-1m.

Dyspepsia. Dyspepsia. Dyspepsia.

Dyspepsia is the most perplexing of all human ailments. Its symptoms are almost infinite in their variety, and the forlorn and despondent victims of the disease often fancy themselves the prey, in turn of every known malady This is due, in part to the close sympathy which exists between the stomach and the brain, and in part also to the fact that any disturbance of the digestive function necessarily disorders the liver, the bowels and the nervous system, and affects to some extent, the quality of the blood.

E. F. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron a sure cure. This is not a new preparation, to be tried and found wanting; it has been prescribed daily for many years in the practice of eminent physicians with unparalleled success; it is not expected or intended to cure all the diseases to which the human family is subject, but is warranted to cure Dyspepsia in its most obstinate form. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron never fails to cure. Symptoms of Dyspepsia are loss of appetite, wind and rising of the food, dryness of the mouth, heartburn, distension of the stomach and bowels, constipation, headache, dizziness, sleeplessness, and low spirits. Try the great remedy and be convinced of its merits. Get the genuine. Take only Kunkel's, which is put only in $1 bottles. Depot, 259 North Ninth St., Philadelphia. Advice by mail free, by sending 3 cent stamp. Try one bottle of Kunkel's Iron and be convinced of its merits. Sold by druggists and storekeepers everywhere.

WORMS. WORMS. WORMS.

Removed alive. Tape Worm removed alive in from two to three hours, with vegetable medicine, Head and all passing from the system alive. No fee till head passes. The Doctor never fails to remove Tape, Seat, Pin and Stomach Worms. Ask your druggist for a bottle of Kunkel's Worm Syrup. Price $1 per bottle. It never fails; or send to Doctor Kunkel, 259 North Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa., for circular with full instructions, by enclosing 3 cent stamp for return of same. Kunkel's Worm Syrup is used for children or adults with perfect safety, as it is vegetable. Buy it, and try it. [oct.4-1m.

CURED OF DRINKING.—"A young friend of mine was cured of an insatiable thirst for Liquor, that had so prostrated his system that he was unable to do any business. He was entirely cured by the use of Hop Bitters. It allayed all that burning thirst; took away the appetite for liquor; made his nerves steady, and he has remained a sober and steady man for more than two years, and has no desire to return to his cups, and I know of a number of others that have been cured of drinking by it."—From a leading R.R Official, Chicago, Ill. [oct4-2t.

New To-Day.

DISTRICT COURT of THE UNITED STATES, FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA.—*In Bankruptcy.* This is to give notice, that on the 7th day of Oct., A. D., 1878, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of John M. Maguire, of Huntingdon, in the county of Huntingdon, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition; that the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the Creditors of said Bankrupt to prove their debts, and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden in Hollidaysburg, Pa., before John Brotherline, esq., Register on the 22d day of November, A. D., 1878, at 11 o'clock, a. m. JOHN HALL,
U. S. Marshal. as Messenger.
Pittsburgh, Oct, 8, 1878. [oc11-2t

DISTRICT COURT of THE UNITED STATES, FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA.—*In Bankruptcy.* This is to give notice that on the 7th day of Oct., A. D., 1878, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Harry S. Wharton, of Huntingdon, in the county of Huntingdon, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition; that the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the Creditors of said Bankrupt to prove their debts, and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden in Hollidaysburg, Pa., before John Brotherline, esq., Register, on the 22d day of November, A. D., 1878, at 11 o'clock, a. m.
Pittsburgh, Oct., 8, '78. JOHN HALL,
oc11-2t] U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

VALUABLE

FARM & FLOURING MILL

—AT—

PRIVATE SALE

Estate of SAMUEL MOSSER, dec'd.

The undersigned, Executors of the estate of Samuel Mosser, deceased, will sell at private sale, the VALUABLE LIMESTONE FARM of said deceased, situated in West township, Huntingdon county, Pa., about five miles from Petersburg station on P. R. R., and near the public road leading from Petersburg to McAlevey's Fort, containing 271 acres and 54 perches, of which about 200 acres are cleared and in a high state of cultivation, having thereon erected a large well finished dwelling, and frame bank barn 94x48 with *Vegetable Cellar* attached, wagon shed, cider press, blacksmith shop and all other necessary outbuildings. There is a well of good water and cistern near the door, also a fountain pump in barn yard, a good apple orchard with other fruit, all situated within one-half mile of church, school, store, post office and grist mill.

ALSO—A FLOURING MILL, situated on Lost Creek, Fermagh township, Juniata county, Pa. and about 1½ miles from Mifflintown. This mill is on a never-failing stream and newly built, all in good repair, having therein 2 flouring burrs and 1 chopper and all other machinery necessary to constitute a first-class mill. It has a good run of custom, and is also convenient for merchant work. There is also a good frame dwelling house a good well of water, hog pen, stable and other outbuildings, with five acres of ground more or less. These properties will be sold on reasonable terms, and any person wishing to purchase would do well to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

For further particulars address the undersigned, Executors of said deceased, as follows:

JOSEPH MOSSER,
Mifflintown, Juniata co., Pa.
or JOHN H. NEFF,
Neff's Mills, Huntingdon co., Pa.

Oct11-6t

ASSIGNEE'S SALE

—OF—

Valuable Real Estate.

ESTATE OF DAVID C. WILSON.

By virtue of an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Huntingdon county, the undersigned Assignee of David C. Wilson, will expose at Public Sale, on

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1878,

at one o'clock, p. m.,

All that certain Farm in West township, adjoining lands of Adam Lightner on the north, Wm Livingston on the east, James Davis on the south, David Sheasley on the west, containing 250 acres, more or less, 150 acres of which are cleared, and the balance well timbered. The improvements are a STONE DWELLING HOUSE, LOG FRAME BARN, and other outbuildings, ORCHARD and Cider Press. The Farm is located four miles from Petersburg, and is within one mile of church and School house.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-third of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of sale, and the residue in two equal annual payments, thereafter, with interest, to be secured by the judgment notes of the purchaser.

HENRY DAVIS, JR.
Assignee of David C. Wilson.
October 11, 1878-ts.

CHILDREN TO INDENTURE.

A number of children are in the Alms House who will