The Huntingdon Journal. J. R. DURBORROW, - - J. A. NASH,

PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS. Office in new JOURNAL Building, Fifth Street. THE HUNTINGDON JOURNAL is published every Friday by J. R. DURBORROW and J. A. NASH, under the firm name of J. R. DURBORROW & Co., at \$2,00 per onnum in NAVANCE, or \$2.50 if not paid for in its months from date of subscription, and \$3 if not paid within the year.

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Transient advertisements will be inserted at TWELVE AND A-HALF CENTS per line for the first insertion, SEVEN AND A-HALF CENTS for the second and FIVE CENTS per line for all subsequent insertions.

Regular quarterly and yearly business advertisements will be inserted at the following rates:

3m 6m 9m 1 yr 3m 6m 9m 1yr 1 In | \$3 59 | 4 50 | 5 50 | 8 00 | \(\frac{1}{2} \color \text{ool} \) | 9 00 | 18 00 | \(\frac{27}{3} \) | \$36 \\
2 \cdots \) 5 09 | 8 00 | 10 00 | 12 00 | \(\frac{1}{2} \color \text{ool} \) | 18 00 | 36 00 | 50 | 65 \\
3 \cdots \) 7 0 10 00 | 14 00 | 18 00 | \(\frac{1}{2} \color \text{ool} \) | 13 00 | 30 00 | 65 | 80 \\
4 \cdots \) 8 00 | 14 00 | 20 00 | 18 00 | 1 col | 36 00 | 60 00 | 80 | 100 \end{array} All Resolutions of Associations, Communications of imited or individual interest, all party announcements, and notices of Marriages and Deaths, exceeding five lines, rill be charged TEX CENTS per line.

Legal and other notices will be charged to the party awing them inserted. these figures.

All advertising accounts are due and collectable hen the advertisement is once inserted.

JOB PRINTING of every kind, Plain and Fancy Colors, nee with neatness and dispatch. Hand-bills, Blanks, rds, Pamphlets, &c., of every variety and style, printed the shortest notice, and everything in the Printing in will be executed in the most artistic manner and at a lowest retail.

Professional Cards

Office formerly occupied by Messrs. Woods & Williamson

H. C. MADDEN, Attorney-at-Law. Office, No. -, Penn Street, Huntingdon, Pa. [ap19,71]

W. MATTERN, Attorney-at-Law and General Claim
Agent, Huntingdon, Pa. Soldiers' claims against the
Government for back-pay, bounty, widows' and invalidpensions attended to with great care and promptness. Office on Penn Street.

S. GEISSINGER, Attorney-at-Law and Notary Public, Huntingden, Pa. Office, No. 230 Penn Street, oppo-site Court House. [feb5,71]

S. E. FLEMING, Attorney-at-Law, Huntingdon, Pa., office in Monitor building, Penn Street. Prompt and careful attention given to all legal business. [aug5,74-6mos WILLIAM A. FLEMING, Attorney-at-Law, Huntingn, Pa. Special attention given to collections, other legal business attended to with care and ess. Office, No. 229, Penn Street. [ap19,71] School and Miscellaneous Books.

> GOOD BOOKS FOR THE

FARM, GARDEN AND HOUSEHOLD.

The state of the s

and Gun paper 30c.;; cloth Book*

THE JOURNAL STORE

Is the place to buy all kinds of

AT HARD PAN PRICES

Election Proclamation.

ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

thereof:
Now therefore, I, Thomas K. HENDERSON, High Sheriff of Huntingdon county, do hereby made known that
the General Election will be held in and for said county On Tuesday, November 6th, 1877,

in theing the Tuesday following the first Monday of November, (the poils to be opened at seven o'clock a. m., and closed at seven o'clock p. m.) at which time the Freemen of Huntindon county will vote by ballot for following of fleers, namely:

One person for Supreme Judge of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person for Auditor General of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person for High Sheriff of Huntingdon county.

Two persons for Director of the Poor of Huntingdon county.

One person for Auditor General of the Commonwealth
of Pennsylvania.

One person for High Sheriff of Huntingdon county.
Two persons for Director of the Poor of Huntingdon
county.
One person for County Surveyor of Huntingdon county.
The Election Polls in all the wards, townships, boroughs,
and districts of the county shall be opened at 7 o'clock
A. M. and closed at 7 o'clock P. M.

In pursuance of said act, I also herely make known and
give notice, that the places of holding the aforesaid general
election in the several election districts within the
county of Huntingdon, are as tollows, to wit:

Ist district, composed of the township of Henderson, at
the Union School House.
2d district, composed of Dublin township, at Pleasant
Hill School House, near Joseph Nelson's in said township,
3d district, composed of the township of Hopewell, at
the bouse of Levi Houpt.
Sth district, composed of the township of Hopewell, at
the bouse of James Livingston, in the town of Saulsburg, in
asid township,
of the district composed of the borough of Shirleysburg,
and all that part of the township of Shirley not included
within the limits of District No. 24, as hereinafter mentioned and described, at the house of David Fraker, dec'd,
in Shirleysburg.
The district, composed of Porter and part of Walker
township, and so much of West township as is included in
the following boundaries, to wit: Beginning at the southwest corner of Tobias Caufman's Farm on the bauk of the
Little Juniata river, to the lower end of Jackson's narrows, thence in a northwesterly direction to the
southernly part of the farm owned by Michael Maguire,
thence north 40 degrees west to the top of Tussey's mountain to intersect the line of Franklin township,
the following boundaries, to wit: Beginning at the southwest corner of Tobias Caufman's Farm on the bauk of the
Little Juniata river, thence
down the same to place of beginning, at the public school
house, near Hugh Madden's, in said township,
12th district, composed of White Lewis (formerly
west of th

public house of Edward Littles, at McAleavy's Fort, in said township.

22d district, composed of the township of Clay, at the public school house in Scottsville.

23d district, composed of the township of Penn, at the public school house in Grafton, in said township.

24th district, composed and created as follows, to wit:—That all that part of Shirley township, Huntingdon country, lying and being within the following described boundaries, (except the borough of Mount Union.) namely:—Beginning at the intersection of Tuion and Shirley township lines with the Juniata river, on the south side thereof; thence along said Union township line for the distance of three miles from said river; thence eastwardly, by a straight line, to the point where the main road from Eby's mill to Germany valley, crosses the summit of

39 0 subordinate municipal or local officers, below the grade of city or county officers as shall be designated by general law.

30 an act of Assembly entitled "an act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," passed July 2, 1819, provide as follows, viz:

300 "That the Inspectors and Judges shall meet at the respective places appointed for holding the election in the district at which they respectively belong; before 7 o'clock in the morning of the 1st Tuesday of November, and each said inspector shall appoint one clerk, who shall be qualified voter of such district.

150 1 50 1 150 1

Election Proclamation

Section 13. As soon as the polls shall close, the officers of election shall proceed to count all the votes cast for each candidate voted for, and make a full return of the same in triplicate, with a return sheet in addition, in all of which the votes received by each candidate shall be given after his or her name, first in words and again in igures, and shall be signed by all of said officers and cortified by overseers, if any, or if n it so certified, the overseers and any officer refusing to sign or certify, or either of them, shall write upon each of the returns his or their reasons for not signing or certifying them. The vote, as soon as counted, shall also be publicly and fully declared from the window to the citizens present, and a brief statement showing the votes received by each candidate shall be made and signed by the election officers as soon as the vote is counted, and the same shall be immediately posted upon the door of the election house for information of the public. The triplicate returns shall be acclosed in envelopes and be sealed in presence of the officers, and one envelope, which shall contain one list of voters, tally-paper, andoaths of officers, and another of said envelopes shall be given to the index of the prothonotary's office, or within twenty-four miles, if their residence be in a town, village or city upon the topic of airrord leading. To the county sast, shall, beor the minority inspector. All judges living within twenty-four the line of railroad leading to the county seat, shall, before two o'clock post meridan of the second day after the election, deliver said returns to the shall be five with return sheet, to the prothonotary of the count of common pleas of the county, which said returns to the shall be filed, and the day and hour of filing marked thereon, and shall be preserved by the prothonotary of the count of common pleas of the county, which said returns the shall be filed, and the day and hour of filing marked thereon, and shall be preserved by the prothonotary for public inspection. Attwelve o'clock on the said second day following any election, the prothonotary of the count of common pleas of the count of common pleas of the count of common pleas, which the sie imposed upon the court of common pleas, which all convens for said purpose; the returns to the suit our. In counties where there is no resident president resident judge, the associate judges shall perform the ties imposed upon the court of common pleas, which the sies imposed upon the court of common pleas, which all convens for said purpose; the returns to the said section of the second day following any election, the prothonotary of the court of common pleas, which all courts of common pleas, which all courts of counts are the said returns to the said court. In counties where there is no resident president resident judge or the second day following any election, the prothonotary of the court of common pleas, which all the presence of the judge or so fosaid court, and the returns cortified and certified and certifie at such election shall elect one of their unmber to find the word of the control of the several assessors of each direct to attend at the place of holding every general seasons of each direct to attend at the place of holding every general purpose of giving information to the impectors and judges, when called on, in relation to the impectors and judges, when called on, in relation to the impectors and judges, when called on the right of on any person assessed by them to true at such and the production of the said from time to time require.

Seportly and a tree of the word of the second day and the country shall be presented by the productory of the source of the said from time to time require.

Seportly and a tree of the second day and the country shall be presented by the productory of the source of the said from time to time require.

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Election Proclamation.

where the shall offer the votes at most two mouths immediately processing the effection. or offere and approach, a beauling the votes and the control of the

The direct levents of Early Holdscretten, which renders Marriage impossible, Destroying both body and mind Gener al Organic Weakness, Pain in the Head or Back, Indigestion, Palpitation of the Heart, Nervousness, Timidity, Tremblings, Bashfulness, Blushing, Languor, Lassitude, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, Consumption, &c., with those Fearful Effects of mind so much to be dreaded, Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Depression of Spirits, Evil Forebodings, Aversion of Society, Self Distrust, Love of Solitude, etc. MARRIAGE.

The Muses' Bower.

Autumn.

BY CHARLES B. MACLAY. By the laggard sun I greet,
By the crispen leaves so fleet,
Hither, thither 'neath my feet,
Whirling, whirling.

greeted us, and the waves had torn our boxes into slivers. Thus I parted with the man for whom you are looking, gentlemen. But the secret parts of the Liberia are open for inspectively are welcome to his valise and contained.

You are welcome to his valise and contained by the shutting of the door told that the captained left the house. of the rascal is removed from my vessel."

Li was with a merry twinkle in his dark eye that the Frenchman greeted the several broth-bluntness for which he was noted, impressed by the vessel much the authorities, and they left the vessel much chagrined. They carried with them the small amount of baggage left by the suicidal pas-senger, and the cable sent the unfortunate result to London. But the matter was not per- that he had solved the mystery of the iron

light upon Anderson's disappearance.

The man called Barnacle, who was at the wheel on the eventful night, corroborated the murderer had actually been caged.

The little Frenchman permitted a merry twinkle to brighten his eye as he replied: "It is the universal belief that the man is in the sea. Wouldn't I be foolish to stand out against it? But," he added, with a smile,

'sometimes the gallows draws its victims from the waves." Boudonot's companions exchanged signifi- two thousand pounds. cant glances. They seemed to read hope in the detective's cunning smiles and words.

room, anticipating his arrival.

sult to London. But the matter was not permitted to rest here. Several American detectives stirred by the handsome reward, boarded the Liberia and searched her thoroughly, but without throwing any additional light upon Anderson's disappearance.

"Not quite so lucky; but Bleeker street, and not the sea, has given up John Anderson. Have eigars, gentlemen?"

The guests were astonished; but Boudonot

story I laughed to myself. I knew him in Lyons, and he knew me. Here is my estimate of him."

Bondonot passed his memorandum around. On one leaf was written these words: "Fletcher is a liar." Anderson was hung, and Boudonot got the

law are hunting me. They will catch me in the quarantine—if I get there. But there is a way to elude the dogs of the law—the sea can wrench me from their grip. Better the waves than the gallows.

"He did not say another word, but before I could detain him leaped over the vessel's side into the sea. I gave the alarm, and, despite the storm, sent a boat out to hunt for him, but in vain. We lay by till dawn, hoping to find him aboard one of the coops or boxes which we had thrown over for his rescue; but when the day broke not a living thing greeted us, and the waves had torn our boxes into sivers. Thus I parted with the man for whom you are looking, gentlemen. But the secret parts of the Liberia are open for happer. Yesterday he arrived here. He was not long in the city before he met an old St. Louis acquaintance, who threatened to expose him. The last known of the Count was his taking an afternoon train for the West.—Cincinnati Commercial.

Facts About Man.

If a well-made man be extended on the ground "Look at Boudonot?" exclaimed one.—
"What has happened? One would suppose that he had solved the mystery of the iron mask."
"Yot quite so lucky: but Bleeker street."
"Yot quite so lucky: hut Bleeker street." nask."
"Not quite so lucky; but Bleeker street, and not the sea, has given up John Anderson. Have cigars, gentlemen?"
The guests were astonished; but Boudonot guisely assured them that the Englishman's one tenth the length of the whole stature.

Of the sixty-two primary elements known in

A Strange Baker.

How a Rich Massachusetts Man Spends His Money
— His Wonderful Estate—Pigs and Horses in
Palaces—An Animal Graveyard—Electric Doorknobs and Magic Benches—A Cow Giving Milk
Punch—Demons in Caves, &c.—Praetical Jokes
on Visitorz.

Condensed from the New York Sun.]

Addresses the second of the reverse of the second of the reverse of the second of the reverse of

Baker's most renowned ambition is to lead a great anti-dyspeptic movement.

He believes that the most practicable method of accomplishing this is to establish a college of cookery. For this purpose he is ready to give land worth from \$50,000 to \$75,000, in addition to a handsome cash endowment. The foundations of his college or Trepho-Phagian Institute, as he calls it, are already laid on his estate. To interest the entire country in the scheme he planned a "Governor's fete" for the laying of the corner stone, and invited all the Governors of the states, all the presidents and professors of Massachusetts colleges, and a host of distinguished persons including Mr. Hayes. It happened that neither Mr. Hayes nor any of the Governors could find it convenient to attend. He captured a lieutenant governor, however, an ex-mayor or two, several eminent divines, and almost the military in the lieutenant governor, however, and extended the several eminent divines, and almost the military in the lieutenant governor, however, and extended the several eminent divines, and almost the military is to lead a great and the several eminent divines. ever, an ex-mayor or two, several eminent divin-and almost the entire Board of Aldermen of Bosto together with a couple of thousand of citizens.
With so many guests Mr. Baker's "Governors'
fete" passed off with celat. The corner-stope-ofthe Trepho-Phagian Institute was laid, and as it swung into place at the sound of a cannot of the two thousand guests let loose a toy

Two country attorneys overtaking a wagoner on the road thinking to break a joke with him, asked him why his fore horse was so fat, and the rest so lean. The wagoner, knowing them to be limbs of the law, replied, "That the fore horse was a lawyer, and the rest were his clients."

reason in the whole course of our lives! Reason itself is true and just; but the reason of every particular man is weak and wavering, perpetually swaying and turning with his interests; his passions and his vices.

When the coachman of Frederick the Great up-set his coach, Frederick swore like a trooper, but the coachman cooly asked . "And you, did you never lose a battle?" The King smiled graciously.

In a discussion in a board of aldermen, while they were debating a proposition to supply a new style of lamp posts, one member got up and in-nocently remarked that be, for one, had always found the old ones "good enough to stand by."