The Huntingdon Journal.

J. R. DURBORROW, - - - - - Editor

HUNTINGDON, PENN'A.

FRIDAY, - - - - MAY 4, 1877.

Circulation LARGER than any other Paper in the Juniata Valley.

DECORATION DAY.

Governor Hartranft, as Commander in Chief of the Grand Army of the Republic has issued the following in reference to Decoration Day:

HEADQUARTERS GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC, 1,208 CHESTNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA, April 26, 1877.

General Orders No. 8.—In accordance with the annual custom, Wednesday, May 30, 1877, will be observed as Memorial Day, in commemoration of our dead comrades. It is fitting that we should turn aside from our accustomed pursuits to do honor to those who have given the strongest testimony of patriotic devotion; and a general observance of the day, through the active participation of the members of societies, the children of the various schools and the citizens generally, is earnestly invited.

Every effort should be made to mark the last resting place of each soldier and sailor, and we should also remember with tenderness those who died away from home and kindred and now rest in distant or unknown graves. Each Post will be the judge of the manner in which it may best perform this duty, but concert of action should be had wherever practicable. Wherever there are no Posts of the Grand Army to lead the good work, the Commander-in-Chief, in behalf of their surviving comrades, asks the citizens to take steps to decorate the graves of the gallant dead and secure a proper observance of the day.

JOHN F. HARTRANFT,
Commander-in-Chief.

THE effort to resuscitate the old Whig party has not assumed any definite shape yet. It is not likely to take like hot cakes.

HON. W. G. BROWNLOW, better known as "Parson Brownlow," died at his residence, in Knoxville, Tenn., on Sunday last.

THIS issue of the JOURNAL contains the report of the Louisiana Commission and the address of Packard. We lay the whole subject before our readers that they may read for themselves.

ITALY is to remain neutral in the struggle between Russia and Turkey. They don't very much care down there who licks. And yet a little piece of Turkey might be a good thing for Victor.

THE Russians and the Turks have come to blood and the Muscovites have been repulsed successively. Those Turks know how to fight and the Russian Bear will find it no easy matter to accomplish his aggressive purpose.

HON. ED. MCPHERSON has been appointed Chief of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing by the President, and his many friends will be pleased to hear of this mark of recognition of the services of one of Pennsylvania's most worthy and deserving sons.

THE old files of newspapers will be culled over to ascertain what are the rights of neutrals. Fifteen years ago the American press was full of advice to the neutrals of the old world, now the boot is on the other leg. We suspect it will make a difference whose ox is gored.

THE famous case of Ann Eliza against Brigham Young has taken a bad turn for that persistent and pugnacious lady. The court has decided that the marriage was null and void, and, therefore, she is not entitled to alimony. This decision unsettles the comubial question very badly in Utah.

RICHARD PHILLIPS, one of the oldest baggage-masters on the Penna. R. R., was arrested in Philadelphia, on Sunday last, and held to bail in the sum of $5,000 to answer the charge of robbing the mails. A large quantity of stolen property, some of which was identified, was found in his residence.

THE country is safe at last. We learn from the Associated Press that Col. Higginson approves of the President's policy. This settles it. What matters it whether the average reader knows who Col. Higgonson is or not! Don't he approve of the Presidents' policy and ain't that enough? Verily!

IT is not true that the Legislature of Ohio contemplates an amendment to the Constitution, permitting all its female population to hold office, to enable that State to fill the few remaining vacancies that are to be filled by the General Government.—The statement is a wicked canard intended to reflect upon Civil Service reform.

HON SAMUEL RANDALL, of Philadelphia, we learn, feels very confident that he will be the next Speaker of the House of Representatives. We do not like the man. He appears to us to be a mere political weather-cock, in short, a very small pattern of a demagogue, and, therefore, we will be sorry if his expectations are realized

THE President is expected to stop the prosecutions in the Ellentown and Hamburg massacre cases. Why keep up the old feuds by trying to bring a few paltry assassins to Justice? Political murders ought not to be regarded as heinous crimes.—Oh, no, enter nolle prosequies, and let the good natured cut-throats go Usher in the year of Jubilee! G'lang!

IT affords us pleasure to see, in the general distrust of railroad securities, that the Pennsylvania railroad stock is rapidly recovering from the late panic precipitated upon it by maliciously disposed persons, who have no interest in the general welfare of the State or any of its leading institutions. We hope it will shortly regain its former position of entire confidence.

THERE is much discussion going on in regard to the many failures of life insurance companies. We have practically regarded life insurance, for a number of years, as a swindle, and the late failures are only confirmations of our theory—Sifting them amounts to nothing. To-day they may be sound; to-morrow a new set of officers, and they are as rotten as straw.

SAID a Georgia planter in the hearing of a friend of ours the other day: "Now, by blank, we have got what we wanted, and we will do as we blank please." Said a listening gentleman, "will you permit a party in opposition to the Democracy in your section?" The answer was quick and emphatic, "No, by blank!" He was candid, albeit a little profane.

THERE are many ways of putting things. The correspondent of the *Inter Ocean* considers politics from a theological standpoint, as follows, referring to the policy of President Hayes: "His policy is the doctrine of the Universalist Church applied to politics. We believe in the doctrine of regeneration; in a new political birth; in a change by which the will and natural enmity of the Democratic party to Republican principles, are subdued and forever eradicated from the Democratic heart We believe in political salvation and redemption by faith defined by theologians to be the assent of the mind to be the truth of Republican principles, accompanied by a cordial assent of the will and heart to the Constitutional amendments. This is our belief, and this is what we have been insisting upon as essential to political salvation. We have held that the Southern Democrats should say *credo* to our articles of faith before they could be admitted to our communion, or be conceded anything in the way of government. But President Hayes is a political Universalist; he has admitted everybody to his grace, and it is very hard to approve his course."

WE have to hear the first Republican in this section say that he fully approved of the abandonment of the Republicans of the South as evinced in the policy pursued toward South Carolina and Louisiana, and we have no hesitation in saying, if there was an opportunity for the Republican masses to express themselves, there would be such a ground swell as would shake things from center to circumference. The Pennsylvania Republicans have stood by their Southern friends and they will not abandon them now when they most need help.

THE Governor of Minnesota has hit upon a plan to exterminate the confounded grasshoppers. He has designated a day of fasting, humiliating and prayer. Now, then, the hoppers will skip How can they withstand that sort of thing? They must flit, sure. Isn't it a shame that in the latter quarter of the nineteenth century, in the United States, in the State of Minnesota, a man should be found, and he a Governor at that, who will countenance such superstition? Out upon the—grasshoppers we mean!

THE *Daily New Era* has reached us and gives promise of being a very sprightly daily. It is published at Lancaster, by Hon. John B. Warfel, and edited by J. M. Geist, esq, late of the *Examiner and Express*. He wields a ready pen and will wake up the natives down there when political matters are to be ventilated. "To horse! to horse!" Old Guard! We snuff the battle afar off. We hope the investment may be a profitable one, and that the Republican party may profit by its establishment.

THE foreign news is rather meagre. A battle has been fought at Kars, but no details have reached us. The Russians are advancing slowly owing to heavy roads and insufficient transportation. England is brushing up and getting ready to take a hand in favor of the Turks. In a week or two there will be plenty of news.

Luxury on the Rail.

THE DIFFERENCE.

We have been frequently asked: "What is the difference between a railroad dining car and a Pullman Hotel car?" That there is a vast difference is well known by those who have had occasion to use either; but the untraveled public are not fully advised as to the points of difference. The old-fashioned railroad eating-house is, alas! too well known; its peculiar, hastily-eaten meals have been partaken of by too many thousands to be forgotten. The dining car, then, is this well-known eating-house placed on wheels, attached to the train at the usual meal hours, and hauled along for thirty, forty or sixty miles, until the meal has been served, when it is set off on a side-track, and is by the next train hauled back to its starting point, and so it runs a few miles for each meal. To get meals in this car the passenger has to work his way through the train *while it is under full motion*—pass from car to car, running the risks of falling between the platforms, and finally finding the car at the rear of the train. Then comes the meal, which must be hurried through with to give chance for other hungry passengers to take your place, and you must force your way back to your seat, and again run the risks of your platform passage while the train is at full speed. In such cars you pay seventy-five cents for each meal, even if you take or need only a cup of coffee and a cracker. Bear in mind, in no case do these dining cars accompany the train from starting point to destination. They are always "cut off" and taken on as we have described. With the Pullman Hotel car the case is different in every respect. These cars are sixty to sixty-six feet long, have sixteen wheels under each, are built strong, so as to insure steady, quiet running, without the usual unpleasant side motion. Each Hotel car contains, in the order named, the following compartments:

1st. A cosy, neat and clean little kitchen, fitted up with a range, an ice and meat box, rows of shelves covered with bright silver and brighter glass ware, and all the appliances needed for preparing a sumptuous meal.

2nd. A compact China and glass closet, in which is kept the table ware and table linen, cutlery, etc.

3rd A passage way, cutting off the kitchen and china closet from the rest of the car, and forming an air-chamber to prevent the smell of the cooking victuals from reaching the saloon portion of the car.

4th The grand saloon. This is fitted up with twelve, fourteen or sixteen sections, with space for tables between each, and in these the meals are served. You, while on this car, own the space you occupy as much as you do your room at home, and no one can hurry you while at meals, nor are you forced to give it up to allow any other person to occupy it. At night, as if by magic, this saloon is changed into a boudoir, and here your couch is prepared, and here you rest yourself isolated, and as separated from your fellow-travelers as you would be in your own bed chamber.

5th. An elegant drawing room, with room for six or eight persons. This is found alone in these magnificent cars. In it you and your family or party of friends may be as secluded as you please, or you can slide open the end and have the company of those in the grand saloon.

6th. Charmingly-arranged lavatories are partitioned off, and arranged in two distinct compartments for the separate use of ladies and gentlemen. These lavatories are supplied with pure water, clean towels, combs, brushes, and, in fact, everything the most dainty may desire for the perfect performance of an elaborate toilet.

7th. Then follow conductor's and porters' rooms, linen closets, etc., etc.

It will thus be seen that this car is, as its name implies, a perfect modern hotel, with all of its appliances and comforts complete. This car is taken on at the commencement of the journey, and is a part of the train to its destination. In it you get your sleeping compartments and your meal accommodations, while neither enroach upon the other. Envious dinning-car employees, who are paid to decry this form of Hotel car, cannot, with anything like truth on their side, give any valid or conclusive reasons for preferring the dining to the Hotel car, and they only chatter in favor of their dining car because they are paid to do so. These Hotel cars have run from New York to San Francisco and back with the Emperor Dom Pedro—with Jarrett & Palmer's party, that traveled at almost lightning speed—with many a party of California bonanza kings; and all join in pledging their honor that the cars are incomparable.

Two lines of these celebrated cars run between New York and Chicago, and one line only between Chicago and Omaha. It may be needless to say that this last-named line runs over the steel track of the *Chicago and North-Western Railway*. That these cars are attracting a large share of the California travel, both ways, might easily be conjectured. Any road deserves to be patronized that is enterprising enough to give the traveling public such facilities as are freely tendered by the *Chicago & North-Western Railway* on its California line.

We have neglected to say that these Hotel cars, the meals are *a la carte*—you pay for what you get, and nothing more; and this at very reasonable rates.—*The Tribune, April 7th.* 1877.

How Wade Hampton Keeps Faith.

A correspondent of the N. Y. *Times*, writing from Columbia, S. C., under date of 26th April, says that the Democratic tactics of yesterday in the General Assembly were continued to-day. The Republican Senator from Chester, who was arrested in order to prevent him from being present at the reorganization, was liberated by Judge Mackey upon condition that he would resign his seat. The resignation was placed at once in the hands of the Democratic Lieutenant Governor, who accepted it without first laying it before the Senate. He takes the ground that the Senate has nothing to do with the matter. Walker, the Senator, was assured of immunity if he would resign. This leaves the Senate 16 to 16, with the casting vote in the hands of the Democratic Lieutenant Governor. An election will be held at once ordered to fill the vacancy, when a clear Democratic majority will be secured. As soon as that is done, Nash and Myers, Hayes electors, are to be excluded from the Senate, because they held those Federal offices.

In the House 21 out of 55 Republicans were seated. Each was required to apologize before taking the oath for having contumaciously refused to recognize the Wallace House. A few more will be admitted to-morrow. It was definitely determined in the Democratic caucus that twenty-nine Republican members are to be excluded. Among those thus thrown out are the eighteen from Charleston, who had an average majority of 6,500. The aggregate majorities of the delegations excluded is over 12,000. Those seated to-day are carefully selected from the most ignorant and inexperienced Republican delegations. Every white Republican is excluded. In some delegations a part were admitted and a part excluded, though all were elected on the same ticket. Not the slightest reason was given in any case by the report for such selections. It is openly avowed that it was done in order to exclude all leaders.

There are two Republican Judges still upon the bench in the State. These are to be got rid of by a declaration that the election last year was void, and that the whole number must be elected over again. All the other rights of Republicans in South Carolina will doubtless be as carefully protected by Gov. Hampton as have been those of the members of the General Assembly. President Hayes is certainly to be congratulated upon his wisdom in relying upon Southern pledges to protect the rights of the Southern Republicans.

The Great Discovery!

E. F. KUNKEL'S BITTER WINE OF IRON. For the cure of weak stomach, general debility, indigestion, disease of the nervous system, constipation, acidity of the stomach, and all cases requiring a tonic.

The wine includes the most agreeable and efficient salt of Iron we possess. Citrate of Magnetic Oxide, combined with the most energetic of vegetable tonics—Yellow Peruvian bark.

The effect in many cases of debility, loss of appetite, and general prostration, of an efficient Salt of Iron combined with valuable nerve tonic, is most happy. It augments the appetite, raises the pulse, takes of muscular flabbiness, removes the palor of debility, and gives a florid vigor to the countenance.

Do you want something to strengthen you? Do you want a good appetite? Do you want to build up your constitution? Do you want to feel well? Do you want to get rid of nervousness? Do you want energy? Do you want to sleep well? Do you want brisk and vigorous feelings? If you do, try Kunkel's Wine of Iron.

This truly valuable tonic has been thoroughly tested by all classes of the community, that it is now deemed indispensable as a Tonic medicine. It costs but little, purifies the blood and gives tone to the stomach, renovates the system and prolongs life.

I now only ask a trial of this valuable tonic. Price $1 per bottle. E. F. KUNKEL, Sole Proprietor, Philadelphia. Pa. Ask your Druggist for Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron, and take no other make. Sold only in $1 bottles. All others are counterfeit, so beware of them.

Buy six bottles for $5.00

WORMS REMOVED ALIVE.

E. F. Kunkel's worm syrup never fails to destroy Pin, Seat and Stomach worms. Dr. Kunkel is the only successful Physician in this country for the removal of worms. He removes Tape worm head and all complete, alive in 2 hours, and no fee until removed. Send for circular, or call on your Druggist, and get a bottle of Kunkel's Worm Syrup. Price $1. It never fails. [may4-1m

Mr. Diogenes.

This singular man lived in Greece. He was distinguished for his eccentricities, bad manners, and bad disposition. It was his chief business to find fault. For example, he took a lantern one day when the sun was shining brightly and went out to search for an honest man, thereby insinuating that such persons were scarce. When Alexander, a distinguished military gentleman, paid him a visit, and inquired what he could do for him, he had the imputation to tell him to "get out of his sunshine." To cap the climax of his oddities, he dressed like a beggar and lived in a tub! He was a sour, crabbed, crusty old bachelor. We infer that he had no wife, first, because history does not mention her; second, because no woman would take kindly to one of his habits, dress, or manners, or aspire to become mistress of his mansion. "There was an old woman who lived in a shoe," it is true, but the woman who would live in a tub, and especially with such a companion, has not been heard from. The misanthropic spirit which possessed this man was doubtless due to disordered digestion and a biliousness, one of the prominent symptoms of which is a morose, fault-finding disposition. The tongue is heavily coated, giving rise to a bad taste, the appetite is not good, and the patient feels dull, sleepy, or dizzy, and is apt to be fretful. Unfortunately, Mr. Diogenes lived several centuries before Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets were invented, a few doses of which would have relieved him of his "bile," and enabled him to find scores of "honest men" without the aid of his lantern. Under their magic influence, combined with that of the Golden Medical Discovery, to cleanse his blood, he might have been led to take a more cheerful view of life, to exchange his tub for a decent habitation, to "spruce up" in personal appearance, and at last have taken a wife to mend his clothes and his manners, both of which were in evident need of repairs, and become the happy sire of little Diogeneses who would have handed down to prosterity the name, not of a cynic philosopher, but of a cheerful, healthy, happy, virtuous man!!

The Debt Statement.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—The debt statement shows a reduction of $4,315,509.

Currency, $2,395.145; special deposit of legal tenders for redemption of certificates of deposit, $40,465,000; coin, $103,439,740, including coin certificates, $49,712,700; outstanding legal tenders, $361,494,404.

The coin balance includes $14,828,250 held for redemption of called bonds not presented for payment. The currency balance includes $6,000,000 held as a special fund for the redemption of fractional currency.

The payments made from the treasury by warrants during the month of April, 1877, were as follows:

On account of civil and miscellaneous, $5,493,082.54; war, $3,447,881.71; navy $45,884.91; interior (Indians and pensions), $367,927.16. Total, $9,760,775.43.

HUNT'S REMEDY is not a new compound; it has been before the public 25 years, and extensively used by all classes with and without the advice of Physicians. HUNT'S REMEDY has saved from a lingering disease and death hundreds of our citizens. HUNT'S REMEDY never fails to cure Dropsy and all Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder and Urinary Organs.

Pickings from our Exchanges.

Maine topers buy tin doughnuts filled with whisky.

Indian children had a Christmas tree at Kaw agency.

The Chickasaws deal in thorough-bred short horn cattle.

The Chickasaws are shipping hogs to eastern pork packers.

A Berkshire pig was recently sold in the Choctaw country for $25.

One hundred and fourteen Indian children now grace the halls of Pawuski university.

It is estimated that over 280,000 persons are employed in connection with the British railways.

Industrial Items.

The Steel Works at Scranton are running full, employing 1,100 men.

Business at the foundries and machine shops at San Francisco continues quite dull.

The Fulton Bell Foundry is one of the early institutions of Pittsburgh, having been established in 1832.

We are happy to learn that Dunbar Furnace got safely over its chill, and that it is all right and running again.

The miners in the Connellsville coke region, who were on a strike, have resumed work at the old rates.

Our iron works are all in full blast and making good time—omitting the Valley Mill.—*Youngstown Register.*

The Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad Company is putting $3,000,000 worth of improvements on its road.

Chattanooga is to have a new blast furnace erected immediately by Mr. McNeal, late President of Ridge Valley Iron Company, Georgia.

An eight-feet vein of coal has been discovered near Susquehanna Station, in Susquehanna County, Pa., on the line of the Erie Railroad.

The "Pan-Handle" Railroad is already laid with 130 miles of steel rails, and they are to be placed on the whole line as speedily as possible.

The railroad spike factory at the Westerman Iron Company's mill, Sharon, Pa., went into operation some days ago. This branch of the works had been idle for some time.

The value of lumber exports into Great Britain and Ireland in 1876 amounted to £17,723,-296, or $85,000,000, in round numbers, against £14,013,586, or $70,050,000 in 1875.

A vein of anthracite coal twenty-four feet thick has been struck at the Preston Colliery No. 3, by the Philadelphia & Reading Coal and Iron Company. This is well named the "Mammoth Vein."

The Baldwin Locomotive Works, Philadelphia, have just closed a contract for nineteen locomotives for Brazil. Fourteen of these are for the Dom Pedro II Railway, and five for a narrow-guage road.

Our New York Letter.

NEW YORK, May 2, 1877.

Life Insurance—The Paupers—Tweed—Political—The Weather.

LIFE INSURANCE.

Another Life Insurance Company has gone up. The "American Popular," a company organized for taking graded risks, passed into the hands of the State Committee, and a most frightful degree of rottenness was shown. False entries, false swearing, false everything was developed, and the officers are to be prosecuted. It is to be hoped that the law can reach these swindlers, and that a life insurance President may be added to the State's collection of criminal curiosities. The good companies are suffering from these exposes, but they are nevertheless glad. It will injure the interest for a time, but it will be the better for the really good ones when confidence is finally restored, as all the frauds will be out of the way. They will not be exposed to the unhealthy competition of the frauds, who never expect to pay, and who therefore can do business for nothing.

HOW THEY LIVE.

There are at the present time one hundred thousand men in the city of New York who live, without labor. They are nuisances in the worst sense of the term, for every mouthful that goes down their throats is paid for by some one else. They make no pretence of work, but, filthy and impudent, they stand on the streets and beg for charity, when they lack an opportunity to steal safely. You see them everywhere on the streets, the offices and stores are infested with them, each with his story of a "family to support, and no work sor," and a curse if you refuse them. And there are as many women as men and more children than either, engaged in the same calling. Women will sit by the hour on curb stones, with a sleeping child, be it known, drugged with laudanum to keep it quiet, and with sores artistically painted on its little arms and legs to attract attention. These children are in most cases not their own, but are leased to them by the day, by women who make a business of collecting them and renting them out. Then comes the vast army of men, women and children who have small articles like pencils, pins and matches for sale, which is only another form of begging, for the articles are such as nobody wants, and the offer to sell is always an appeal to charity. "Please buy a pencil, sor, and hilp a poor man who has no work and a large family to support." Or, for the love uv God, buy a paper of pins and hilp a poor woman who hez six small children, and a husband sick at home and her rint to pay." The sum of children, the family and the sick husband are all myths, the money obtained going straight to the nearest gin-shop, the food necessary to keep life in the beggar being obtained from the charities, and the garbage barrels. An office in the vicinity of the post-office that does not have a hundred of these half-mendicants, half-traders and all thieves in them every day is lucky. And woe be to the overcoat, pocket knife, gold pen or anything else of the value of a cent that is exposed for a minute. It is of no use to post up notices forbidding them to enter, it is of no use to kick them out—they expect that—they come and come in one dreary procession till the eye tires of them, and patience is exhausted. They are worse than the frogs of Egypt. Of course 99 per cent. of them are foreigners, the Irish predominating largely. Thousands upon thousands of the very scum of European cities are landed yearly, to swell the volume of mendicants, and they all stick in the great cities. They won't work, they won't go away, and so they pester New York.

It is a pity that some law cannot be passed to confine these people, and make them work for their bread. It is a heavy tax upon the city to support this army, but there appears to be no law to reach them.

THE TWEED CONFESSION.

As might have been expected, every man mentioned in Tweed's confession as having had money of the Ring, denies it vehemently, and the Boss does not yet produce the proof necessary to convict them. The old fox is holding back his evidence till he is sure that his confession will bring about his release. He has it in his hands to unearth the villainy of which he was the centre, but he will not do it till he has what he wants, his liberty. In the meantime, there is trouble enough among the New York politicians. Men, who in the flush times of the Ring received ten or twenty or fifty thousand dollars, and who have almost forgotten the transaction, are turning pale when they know that it is certain that Tweed saved his cheque-books, as well as memoranda of all his transactions, and that he can state with accuracy where every dollar of the swag went to. Respectable men, who took his wages supposing it would be forever a secret, are thronging his room—begging for immunity, but to all of them the Boss has one answer: "I am in prison, poor—you are out, rich. Get me out, with something to live upon." and so a vast number of men are talking with suspicious plentifulness of the hardships the old man has been subjected to, and whether the ends of justice will be subserved by keeping him longer in prison, and so on. It is said by those who ought to know, that this talk of poverty and being a broken man is all buncombe. They say he has at least three millions safely hived, and that he proposes when he does get out to rally around him his old friends, and make an effort to get control of the city and State again. There is no doubt that there is truth in this. Once free, with the money he doubtless has, he could bring the Irish to his support, and could capture Tammany with ease. He is only fifty-six, and is as strong as he ever was; and no man ever lived who had more of the organizing and controlling talent. His old adherents who have been eating husks since he went under, long for such a leader, and they would rally under his banner in a minute. For when Tweed was at the front they were all paid, and paid well. If he wanted an editor, he never went at him in a mean way; but his cheque for ten or twenty thousand dollars, according to his value, was made at once, with no nonsense about it. And so with all of them. There are so many who want to be bought, but who now can find no one to buy them, that the re-appearance of Tweed in the political arena would make a decided stir in the city. He can find a party without trouble, and it need surprise no one if within a year the old man has control of the city again.

POLITICAL.

There is weeping and wailing in the city among the place-men. The custom house cleaning is going on rapidly, and the bar-rooms are full of red-nosed men who are d—ning Hayes' Southern policy. The trouble with them is that every man has just received his walking paper, and is adrift on the cold charity of an unfeeling world, instead of having a nice salary to draw monthly. That is what ails them. It is estimated that there are five thousand of this class of bummers, and as fast as they can be reached they are being shoved out. Applicants for places in the custom house are thick as leaves in Valombrosa. But they all receive the same answer—"No vacancies, and none likely to occur." And they go away sorrowing, and consider Hayes' Southern policy a failure. But while these fellows mourn the people rejoice. For Hays is the first President who has ever made an attempt in good faith to carry out civil service reform. He can do it, for he is an honest man who means what he says; and, besides, he has no aspirations for political preferment, and can afford to snub the spoilsmen. And he is doing it.

THE WEATHER

is delightful, and New York is as beautiful as anything can be. Business is improving slightly, and there is a better feeling. PIETRO.

CLARKE'S TOOTH ACHE DROPS *cure instantly.*

New To-Day.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

[*Estate of PERRY P. STEVER, dec'd.*]

The undersigned, appointed Auditor by the Orphan's Court, of Huntingdon County, to distribute the fund in the hands of Ephraim Chilcott and Walter C. Stever's, administrators of the estate of Perry P. Stever, late of Cass township, deceased, will attend to the duties of his appointment, at his office in Huntingdon, on Tuesday, the 5th day of June next, at one o'clock P. M., of said day, when and where all parties interested shall appear.

L. S. GEISSINGER,
May4-3t] Auditor.

New To-Day.

IF YOU WANT

ANYTHING,

Customers, Boarders, Agents, Orders, Servants or Place, Lawyer or Case, Medical Teacher, Popular Preachers, Cows, Books, T. Hire or Let, Offices, Basement, First Floor, Casement, To purchase a pet—Horse, Mare, Monkey or Bear, Bloodhound or Spitz, Free from Fits, To hire a Hall, A Tender of Bars, A Driver of Cars, An Elegant Carriage, An Opulent Marriage, Play, Concert, or Ball, Skates, Sell to gay Creatures, Diamonds, Pearls, Rings, Curls, Or wash for features, To buy an odd thing, Or sell an odd thing; Cats, Rats, Mats, Flats, Bats, Pantaloons, Hats, Resplendent Cravats, Mutton or Beef, Financial Relief, Stocks, Clocks, Locks, Socks, Portmanteau or Box, Pig, Sheep or Ox, Or even a Beau—Then in a trice Take the advice Written below—Plates,

Aught, To be Bought, Silver or Gold, Merchandise Sold, Goods to Appraise, Opening Door, To announce:, Houses or Acres, Purchasers in Inkers, Goats, Votes, Dress, skirt or flounce, A Cure for Disease, A Handy Valise, A Missis Chemise, Cheese, Teas, Rice, Fleas; Or age prone To make known Your Store, Hostelry, Dry Goods, Upholstery, Picnics, Excursions, Knicknacks, Diversions, Clothes ready made, Increase of Trade, Coals, coke and wood, Pictures, Lectures, All kinds of Food; Works on Theology, Magic Astrology, Wealth or Felicity, World-wide Publicity, Flags, Rags, Rugs, Nags, Dress shirts and collars Almighty Dollars, Houses to Rent, Store, Tenement, Cash to be Lent, Cash to be Spent, Scent, Tent, Roman Cement, Go Read the advice—Cheap is the price—Written below—

ADVERTISE

IN

The Huntingdon Journal!

UNPRECEDENTED ATTRACTION

Over Half a Million Distributed.

LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY.

This institution was regularly incorporated by the Legislature of the State for Educational and Charitable purposes in 1868, with a capital of $1,000,000, to which it has since added a reserve fund of $350,000. *Its Grand Single Number Drawings* will take place monthly. *It never scales or postpones.* Look at the following scheme:

GRAND PROMENADE CONCERT,

during which will take place the

EXTRAORDINARY SEMI ANNUAL DRAWING,

At New Orleans, Tuesday, June 5.

Under the personal supervision and management of GEN. G. T. BEAUREGARD, of Louisiana, and GEN. JUBAL A. EARLY, of Virginia.

CAPITAL PRIZE, $100,000.

☞ NOTICE—TICKETS ARE $10.00 ONLY.

Halves, $5. Quarters, $2.50. Eighths, $1.25.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 CAPITAL PRIZE of	$100,000	$100,000
1 GRAND PRIZE of	50,000	50,000
1 GRAND PRIZE of	20,000	20,000
2 LARGE PRIZES of	10,000	20,000
4 LARGE PRIZES of	5,000	20,000
20 PRIZES of	1,000	20,000
50 "	500	25,000
100 "	300	30,000
200 "	200	40,000
600 "	100	60,000
10000 "	10	100,000
Approximation Prizes.		
100 Approximation Prizes of	$200	$ 20,000
100 " "	100	10,000
100 " "	75	7,500
11,279 Prizes, amounting to		$522,500

GEN. G. T. BEAUREGARD, of La.,
GEN. JUBAL A. EARLY, of Va.
Commissioners.

Write for Circulars or send orders to M. A. Dauphin, P. O. Box 692, New Orleans, La., or Williamson & Co., 317 Broadway, N. Y.

THIRD GRAND DOLLAR DRAWING,

Tuesday, July 3.

Capital Prize, $20,000. Tickets, $1 each.

May4-1m

New Advertisements.

CLOSING OUT!

FOR COST AND LESS THAN COST!

Having determined on closing my business, I now offer my entire stock of

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, SHOES,

a large and fine stock of

DRESS GOODS, MILLINERY GOODS, &c., &c.,

— AT —

COST AND LESS THAN COST!

Persons desirous of securing bargains, or in need of any article in my stock, should call and satisfy themselves at the low rates at which they can be accommodated.

All persons indebted to John Hagey, or the firm of J. Hagey & Co., are requested to call and settle their accounts immediately, as I desire to settle up my accounts without delay. J. HAGEY.

Huntingdon, April 27-1m

TRUTH IS MIGHTY

AND MUST PREVAIL.

I would call the attention of the public to the fact that I am now receiving my

SPRING STOCK OF GOODS,

Which has been selected with great care and bought at

THE VERY LOWEST FIGURES,

and the goods are the very Latest Styles and made in good style.

My stock consists of

MEN'S AND BOYS' READY MADE

CLOTHING,

Hats, Shirts, (white and colored), a splendid line of Suspenders, Hose, Linen Collars, (Piccadilly and Turn down,) a splendid assortment of Neck Ties and Bows. Also, Trunks, Satchels, Boots, Shoes, etc.

My stock is complete, the best to be found any place in the county. Every one desiring to purchase anything in my line of goods will find it to their advantage to call and examine my goods and prices before purchasing.

Don't forget the place, corner of Fifth and Washington streets, nearly opposite the Post Office, Huntingdon, Pa.

apr27-1m T. W. MONTGOMERY.

GREAT INDUCEMENTS

— TO —

Encourage Improvements.

FOR SALE:

CHOICE BUILDING LOTS,

IN THE NEW EXTENSION OF BEDFORD, NEAR THE SPRINGS.

Will offer at private sale, at low prices, and on easy terms and conditions, viz:

ONLY ONE-FIFTH CASH REQUIRED ON PURCHASE, BALANCE PAYABLE IN

1, 2, 3 and 4 YEARS,

equal payments in Bonds, with interest at six per centum per annum, payable semi-annually, secured by Mortgage.

The owner offering to the purchaser (if desired)

A SPECIAL GUARANTEE

that at the expiration of the four years, should the purchaser be dissatisfied with his purchase, will refund the original purchase amount as expressed in the receipt (or Deed in the hands of Messrs. Russell & Longenecker until all the payments are made), and have the Lot or Lots reconverted on repayment of original purchase amount, providing the Lot or Lots are free from incumbrances, same as when bought from owner.

For particulars, apply to F. BENEDICT,

Or RUSSELL & LONGENECKER,

ap27-6m] Bedford, Pa.

H. ROBLEY, Merchant Tailor, No. 813 Mifflin street, West Huntingdon Pa., respectfully solicits a share of public patronage from town and country. [oct16,

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE JOURNAL. Only $2.00 a year.

New Advertisements.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

[*Estate of NOBLE GREGORY*

The undersigned, appointed Auditor by the Court of Common Pleas, of Huntingdon county, to distribute the fund in the hands of William Lewis, Assignee of Noble Gregory, will attend to the duties of his appointment, at his office in Huntingdon, on Friday, the 18th day of May, next, at 1 o'clock, P. M., of said day, when and where all parties interested in said fund shall appear. L. S. GEISSINGER,

apr27-3t Auditor.

CAUTION.

All persons are hereby cautioned against interfering in any manner whatever with the personal property of Henry Hall. I have bought the same at Constable sale, and propose to leave it with him during my pleasure.

G. B. BRUMBAUGH,
apr27-3t] Marklesburg.

GOOD BOOKS

FOR THE

FARM, GARDEN AND HOUSEHOLD.

The following is a list of Valuable Books, which will be supplied from the Office of the Huntingdon JOURNAL. Any one or more of these books will be sent *post-paid* to any of our readers on receipt of the regular price, which is named against each book.

Allen's (R. L. & L. F.) New American Farm Book	$2 50
Allen's (L. F.) American Cattle.*	2 50
Allen's (R. L.) American Farm Book	1 50
Allen's (L. F.) Rural Architecture	1 50
Allen's (R. L.) Diseases of Domestic Animals	1 00
American Bird Fancier	30
American Gentleman's Stable Guide*	1 00
American Rose Culturist	30
American Weeds and Useful Plants	1 75
Attwood's Country and Suburban Houses	1 50
Attwood's Modern American Conservatories*	3 50
Baker's Practical and Scientific Fruit Culture*	2 50
Barber's Crack Shot*	1 75
Barry's Fruit Garden	2 50
Bell's Carpentry Made Easy*	5 00
Bement's Rabbit Fancier	50
Bicknell's Village Builder and Supplement. 1 Vol*.	12 00
Bicknell's Supplement to Village Builder*	5 00
Bogardus' Field Cover, and Trap Shooting*	2 00
Bommer's Method of Making Manures	25
Boussingault's Rural Economy	1 00
Brackett's Farm Talk*.....paper, 50cts.; cloth	75
Breck's New Book of Flowers	1 75
Brill's Farm-Gardening and Seed-Growing	1 00
Broom-Corn and Brooms.....paper, 50cts.; cloth	75
Brown's Taxidermist's Manual*	1 00
Buckner's American Manures*	1 50
Buchanan's Culture of the Grape and Wine making*	75
Buel's Cider-Maker's Manual*	1 50
Buist's Flower-Garden Directory	1 50
Buist's Family Kitchen Gardener	1 00
Burges' American Kennel and Sporting Field*	4 00
Burnham's The China Fowl*	1 00
Burn's Architectural Drawing Book*	1 00
Burns' Illustrated Drawing Book*	1 00
Burns' Ornamental Drawing Book*	1 00
Burr's Vegetables of America*	3 00
Caldwell's Agricultural Chemical Analysis	2 00
Canary Birds. Paper 50 cts. Cloth	75
Chorlton's Grape-Grower's Guide	75
Cleveland's Landscape Achitecture*	1 50
Clok's Diseases of Sheep*	1 25
Cobbett's American Gardener	75
Cole's American Fruit Book	75
Cole's American Veterinarian	75
Cooked and Cooking Food for Domestic Animals*	20
Cooper's Game Fowls*	5 00
Corbett's Poultry Yard and Market*pa. 50cts., cloth	75
Croff's Progressive American Architecture*	10 00
Cummings' Architectural Details	10 00
Cummings & Miller's Architecture*	10 00
Cupper's Universal Stair-Builder	3 50
Dadd's Modern Horse Doctor, 12 mo	1 50
Dadd's American Cattle Doctor, 12 mo	1 50
Dadd's American Cattle Doctor, 8vo, cloth*	2 50
Dadd's American Reformed Horse Book, 8 vo, cloth*	2 50
Dada's Muck Manual	1 25
Darwin's Variations of Animals & Plants. 2 vols* [new ed.]	5 00
Deal Shot; or, Sportsman's Complete Guide*	1 75
Detail Cottage and Constructive Architecture*	10 00
De Voe's Market Assistant*	2 50
Dinks, Mayhew, and Hutchison, on the Dog*	3 00
Downing's Landscape Gardening	5 50
Dwyer's Horse Book*