# The Huntingdon Journal.

J. R. DURBORROW, - - - - - Editor

HUNTINGDON, PENN'A

FRIDAY, - - - - MAY 5, 1876.


**Circulation LARGER than any other Paper in the Juniata Valley.**

On Tuesday the House of Representatives, by a vote of 144 to 29, expelled Mr. Martin F. Lynott for conduct unbecoming a member.

HON. HENRY RAWLE, the new State Treasurer, assumed the duties of his office on Monday, Mr. Mackey having completed his third term.

THE House of Representatives, at Harrisburg, on Monday, by a vote of 111 yeas to 48 nays expelled Emile J. Petroff for conduct unbecoming a member. A small tub to a large whale.

THE Legislature adjourned to-day, (Friday,) and the people will be called upon to elect an entire new Legislature this Fall. A full Senate, of fifty members, is to be elected. This may not occur again for a century.

GOV. TILDEN is presented by the Democrats of New York for the Presidential race while, on the other hand, the Democrats of Indiana present Gov. Hendricks. Hard against soft—inflation against retraction. The St. Louis Convention will be a beautiful mess.

BRISTOW stock has been looking up for the last week or two, but we do not anticipate the nomination of any man, by the Cincinnati Convention, who hails from South of Mason and Dixon's Line. The Republican party can hardly afford any such experiment.

THE Senate, among a number of other confirmations of appointments made by the Governor, confirmed the appointment of Attorney General Lear without a dissenting voice. The Senate deserves great credit for thus doing justice to an honest and upright Republican.

THE Democrats have been singularly unfortunate in their investigations. At the end of every string they have, almost invariably, found some big Democratic politician, and thereby they have "cooked his goose." It looks as if the Democrats shared in every corruption that has disgraced the country.

COLORADO, the embryo State, has had a Republican Convention to select delegates to the National Republican Convention, and among the rank and file of that body we notice the name of our late townsman, Capt. Wm. K. Burchinell. The Captain is a straight and square Republican, and where he leads no Republican need be ashamed to follow.

WHAT an amount of training is going on for the Presidential race. All over the country the lame, the halt and the blind are oiling up and coming to the fore.—Many of the aspirants, however, will never be heard of at Cincinnati or St. Louis, but they will have the satisfaction of knowing that they were at least mentioned in connection with the office. This item will figure in their obituary notices.

THE advocates of land reform, says an exchange, will find a fruitful text for the propagation of their doctrines in the last Domesday Book, which has lately been issued. It appears from the statistics that one hundred men own in the aggregate 3,852,000 acres, or something more than one-tenth of the whole area of England and Wales. In a population of twenty millions of people in England and Wales considerable less than one million are house owners, and of this number seven hundred thousand own small lots of less than one acre each. The rental of lands in eleven counties ranges from one pound eight shillings to two pound an acre per year, though in some of the other counties it is less. In England one person in every twenty is a landowner and one in every twenty-five in Scotland. Land reform in England, however desirable it may be, is impracticable under the present laws of primogeniture. It is an impossibility under the law which makes the oldest son the successor of estates and dignities. The facts, though, which are brought out by such a shadow as England makes, are of the highest importance here. Those facts should indicate how our public domain should be used. They should warn our senators and congressmen against the dangers of land monopolies.

THE Board of Centennial Commissioners have resolved to close up the Exhibition on Sundays. *This we regard as a grand mistake.* It is the usual pandering of the truculent politician to the arrogant demands of Affluence, Bigotry, Intolerance, and Superstition. The object of the Exhibition, if we understand it, is to enlighten, to ennoble, to exalt, and by this action those who should be the most benefitted will be, in a sense, excluded. The common people, the laborer and his family, always severely pressed for time and means, cannot bear an expense of ten or fifteen dollars, and the loss of time required, made necessary by this edict, to examine this immense Exhibition. It will require from five to ten days to see all that is to be seen. If the Exhibition were kept open on Sundays at least half a million of persons, in reduced circumstances, living within a radius of fifty or sixty miles of Philadelphia, would be able to visit it who otherwise may be entirely unable to see it. Sunday is accepted through out christendom as "the poor man's day," and the Centennial Commissioners should have met this class half way by throwing open the buildings and reducing the fare to twenty-five cents. The result would be that those who frequent street-corners, bar-rooms, loafing places, beer gardens, parks, and a thousand times worse resorts, would find their way to the Exhibition and learn that which would profit them throughout their lives and their children after them. We hope that the Board of Commissioners will reconsider their action, and that Progress and Intelligence will triumph over the Bigotry, Intolerance and Superstition handed down to us from the Dark Ages.

GREAT inequality exists in the assessments throughout the Commonwealth and these have been a constant source of complaint. No two districts, in a county, are based upon the same valuation, but depend entirely upon the whim of the assessors. To bring about more uniformity the Legislature has passed an act containing the following provisions:

"That any owner of real estate in counties of less than 500,000 inhabitants who may feel aggrieved at the last or any future assessment of his real estate may appeal from the decision of the County Commissioners to the Court of Common Pleas of the county within which real estate may be situated, and for that purpose may present to the said court within thirty days after the passage of this act, and in all future cases within thirty days after the County Commissioners shall have acted upon said assessment, a petition signed by him or his agent or attorney setting forth the facts of the case, and thereupon the said court shall proceed at the earliest convenient time, to be by them appointed, and of which notice shall be given to the commissioners of the proper county, to hear the said appeal and the proofs in the case and shall make such degrees appraising or reducing the assessment complained of as the judges of the said court shall seem equitable, having regard to the valuation and assessment made of other real estate in said county, so adjusting the assessment complained of that it shall be equal in proportion to its value in all parts of said county as nearly as may be; the costs of said appeal shall be apportioned as the courts may direct: *Provided*, That said appeal shall be deemed good and sufficient if said petition shall be filed in the Prothonotary's office within the thirty days aforementioned: *Provided further*, That the appeal shall not prevent the collections of taxes, and in any case of any reduction of said tax the overplus thus paid shall be returned.

THE *Republic* Magazine for May is one of the strongest numbers yet issued. The opening paper, "Crippling the National Government," is a trenchant review of the retrenchment policy of the Democratic majority in the House of Representatives. An interesting paper on General Jackson will command attention. One of the most useful articles in the number relates to the Civil Service force, its extent and character of employment. It is the first complete analysis we have seen given. There are a number of able articles, each bearing on some live political topic. Economists will be interested in the paper. On "Labor in the United States"—in its relations to Free Trade and Protection, as also in a well stated historical review of the Currency, and of Banks and Banking in our own country. This magazine, while vigorously Republican in tone, succeeds admirably in its efforts to present political issues in an impersonal and pleasing manner.

WE are led to believe, unless some extraordinary efforts are made by the railroad companies, that there will not be half the number of persons visit the Centennial that has been heretofore anticipated. We hear a uniform complaint that the expense is entirely too great. The fare ought not to exceed half the usual charges and reduction should even then be made for whole families.

THE only visible evidence of political life, in this Congressional district, comes to us from Franklin county, where two Congressional candidates have been fully developed. Everything is quiet in this county, but there is sufficient feeling beneath the visible surface to indicate that unless some things are fixed up there will not be much chance for any Republican candidate in this district.

## Supposed Suicide in Altoona.

A YOUNG MAN FOUND DEAD IN A STONE QUARRY.

There was a great excitement in Altoona, on Saturday, over the finding of the dead body of a young man named Earnest Plack, in a stone quarry, on the outskirts of the city, about a quarter of a mile from his father's residence. A boy named Galway had gone to the vicinity of the quarry to cut sods, and observing the body, supposed the party to be drunk and asleep. Galway was soon after accosted by a boy employed in Plack's store, who inquired if he had seen Earnest Plack. Galway replied that he had not, but told about the drunken man in the quarry. He went to the place indicated, and recognized the body at once. He spread the dreadful news, and in a short time the father and one of the brothers of the deceased were on the ground, bending over the lifeless remains. An examination developed the fact that death had been caused by a pistol shot, which entered the chest near the left nipple, and penetrated the point of the heart. The deceased was only eighteen years of age, and was of good character and of exemplary habits. Why he should commit suicide is a mystery, and yet the facts and circumstances have little room to doubt that he died by his own act. There were powder marks on his clothing, which show that the weapon was close to the body when the shot was fired. There was no indication of a scuffle, and the contents of the pockets were undisturbed. A gold watch, which the deceased owned, had been left at home. A pistol, it is stated, was picked up near where the body lay, by a boy named Morrow, who had been there before Galway, and who, thinking the man was drunk, and might wake up and do some harm with the weapon, took it away. Discovering afterwards that the man had been shot, Marrow took fright and threw into a privy—but although search was made for it, it was not found. There is no doubt, however, that the boy tells the truth. It is not likely that any person, intending to murder young Plack, could have induced him to go to that locality at that hour of the night; but it was just such a spot as he would have selected had he been contemplating suicide. He was at a minstrel performance on Friday evening, but it was observed that he did not enjoy the entertainment, his mind being seemingly absorbed with something else. He left the hall about half-past ten o'clock, and was last seen a few minutes afterwards, talking to a large man on the street. Many of his friends seem strongly impressed with the belief that he was murdered, but the circumstances point to a different conclusion. There are various stories afloat, tending to exhibit a motive for the act, the most plausible of which is that the young man had been crossed in love, and had taken his disappointment greatly to heart. An inquest was to have been held Saturday evening, the result of which has not reached us.

Lizzie Hollingsworth, a young German girl, borrowed mourning garments from eighteen different families in Philadelphia, in order to go in proper apparel to the funeral of her parents. The clothing was recovered at five different pawnshops, and Lizzie goes to Moyamensing to finish her mourning.

## The Williamsport Fire.

WILLIAMSPORT, PA., April 29.—About ten o'clock last night an incendiary fire was started in the heart of the lumber district and in one of the most dangerous localities. The flame shot up rapidly and at 11 o'clock it had developed sufficiently to show that a serious conflagration was threatened. By 12 o'clock the whole city was illuminated and the light was seen at Milton, twenty five miles distant. Mayor Starkweather, after a hurried consultation with the chief and foreman of the fire department, at once decided to ask assistance from abroad and he immediately telegraphed to Lock Haven, Sunbury and Watsontown.

The fire was started on the extreme northwestern corner of the ground occupied by Ranstead & Flynn By the time the steamers and hose carts arrived the flames had gained a headway that could not have been checked by four times as many steamers as our fire department consists of. For a long time the fire worked upon the piles of lumber belonging to Ranstead & Flynn. Tremendous but fruitless efforts were made to stay its progress at Maynard street, the dividing line between Ranstead & Flynn's piling ground and that used by Maynard & Co. The flames swept fiercely across Maynard street and licked up the huge piles of lumber in spite of the immense amount of water that was thrown upon them. After vainly striving to confine the flames to the piles then burning, the firemen took up a position on Maynard street leading into the new bridge. Here a space of thirty feet intervened between the piles, and it was thought that by placing boards endways against the piles on the lower side of the street the course of the fire might be checked. To this point the firemen directed their attention, and for about twenty minutes struggled manfully with varying success, and were then compelled to abandon their position and fly for their lives, as the surging billows bounded over the vacant space and lapped up the piles on the lower side of the street. One position after another was taken only to be aboned as the dreadful enemy swept forward. After the fire reached the lumber piles below G. W. Maynard & Co's mill it seemed as if nothing but want of fuel would suffice to check it. A large amount of lumber on the north side of the railroad was now in eminent peril. But by a providential change in the wind it was saved. Every hope of checking the fire west of Campbell street was abandoned, and at twelve o'clock there were acres of burning lumber. Fortunately the wind, which changed to the south at twelve o'clock, had not changed up to one o'clock. Piles of lumber in every direction apparently were on fire. As it approached the canal, where the Williamsport furniture company had a number of piles of valuable lumber, men went to work at saving as much as possible by pitching it into the canal. But the time allowed them for this work was very brief and they were compelled to retreat without accomplishing a great deal. Onward to Campbell street the flames swept, and here there was nothing for them to feed upon, the open space being sufficient to prevent them leaping to the lumber on the east side. At two o'clock the Lock Haven engine company arrived and at once hurried to the scene, but were too late to render any assistence, as at that hour the fire had spent its strength and was under control. At bout the same time the Watsontown and Sunbury fire companies arrived. It is estimated that 9,000,000 to 10,000,000 feet of pine lumber were burned. The heaviest losers are Herdic & Maynard, about 3,000,000 feet; Ranstead & Flynn, several million; Thos. Tozier, 1,500,000; Hubbard & Manhey, 200,000; and 100,000 shingles belonging to an Elmira firm. The loss is pretty well covered by insurance.

THE LOSSES BY THE WILLIAMSPORT FIRE.

The latest estimates place the total loss at about $125,000. The principal losers are Herdic & Maynard, $50,000; insured for $32,500. Ranstead & Flynn, $35,000; insured for $29,500. Thomas Tozier, $12-000; insured for $7,000. Hubbard & Manhey, $3,000; insured for $5,000. L. Holden of Elmira, $300, fully covered by insurance. There is also a loss of about $10,000 in damaged railroad tracks belonging to the Catawissa railroad and lumber yard.

## The Diamond King's Wedding.

Recollections of the Albany *Journal's* famous account of the wedding of De Sonza Cabral, of Diamentina, Brazil, was revived recently by the return of a package of 645 dead letters from Brazil to the post office in this city, all directed to that fictitious individual. The writer of the story conceived the laudable idea of obtaining possession of these letters through the agency of the postmaster at Albany, but he has been bitterly disappointed, as appears from a letter from Postmaster Jewell, who writes:

"In reply, I have to say that while I have no doubt that Mr. McElroy's statement is true in every particular, it is impossible to grant his request as the letters have all been opened in the Dead Letter Office and returned to the writers. These letters averaged twenty a week from the New York office alone, and probably as many more from the other exchange offices. The writers represented every condition in life, but while all parts of the Union were well represented, the South furnished the largest contingent. With characteristic directness the gifts or loans asked were usually large, while in one instance the writer of the letter would have been grateful for a sufficient amount to purchase a sewing machine. This was the smallest sum asked for. Sons of aged and infirm parents, clergymen, invalids, men who had failed in business, all with the same childlike faith, looked to the Diamond King for relief, and seemed confident that the trifle they asked would be surely forthcoming. Many inclosed postage stamps for return postage; others inclosed photographs only to have the clerks who returned the letters wonder at the credulity of the writers, and wish they could tell them to place more reliance upon their own efforts than upon the liberality of others. I give you these particulars for the benefit of Mr. McElroy, and have only to add that these letters could not have been delivered to him under any circumstances, as the law requires that in case the party addressed cannot be found, the letters shall be returned to the writers.—It so happened in this case that the addresses of the writers were very full and unmistakable."

Ralph L. Rollins and B. Johnson, indicted for attempting to rob the National Bank of Chambersburg, on the 24th of March last, were sentenced on Saturday to solitary confinement for ten and eight years respectively.

A skeleton of a man was found on the mountain near Pottsville the other day. From appearances it is supposed he was murdered about a year ago. His skull was crushed and his nose broken. No trace of identity was found.

Tom Allen has covered the $500 forfeit put up by Joe Goss, the English pugilist, and arrangements for the fight between the two will soon be completed.

The interest payable this month on government loans and bank stocks amounts to about $14,000,000.

## The Centennial.

PROGRAMME OF OPENING CEREMONIES.

General Hawley has submitted to the President of the United States the following official announcement of the programme of services at the formal inauguration of the centennial exhibition on May 10:

Formal invitations to attend have been sent to the President of the United States, the cabinet, the supreme court, the diplomatic corps, the congress, the government centennial board, the foreign commissioners to the exhibition, the governors of the states and territories and their staffs, the legislature of Pennsylvania, the city authorities of Philadelphia, the chief officers of the army and navy, the women's national centennial committe, the centennial board of finance, and others in official positions or officially connected with the work of the exhibition.

On the morning of May 10, the grounds and buildings in general will be open at nine a. m. The memorial hall or art gallery, the main building, and the machinery hall will be reserved to the invited guests and the exhibitors until the close of the ceremonies, about noon, when all restrictions will be removed. The exercises will take place in the open air upon the south terrace of memorial hall, fronting the main building, in full view of the general public. It is expected that guests will be seated in the amphitheatre prepared on the south front of memorial hall by 10.15 a. m. The orchestra will play the national airs of all countries represented at the exhibition. The President of the United States will be escorted to the grounds by Governor Hartranft, of Pennsylvania, and a division or more of troops from Pennsylvania and New Jersey, arriving about 10.30 a. m.

PROGRAMME.

1. Centennial Inauguration march, by Richard Wagner, of Germany.
2. Prayer by the Rt. Rev. Bishop Simpson.
3. Hymn by John G. Whittier, music by John K. Payne of Massachusetts, Orchestral and organ accompaniment.
4. Cantata, the words of Sidney Lanier, of Georgia, music by Dudley Buck, of Connecticut. Orchestral and organ accompaniment.
5. Presentation of the exhibition, by the president of the Centennial commission.
6. Address by the President of the United States.

The declaration that the exhibition is open will be followed by the raising of flages, salutes of artillery, the ringing of the chimes, and Handel's "Hallelujah" chorus, with organ and orchestral accompaniment. The Foreign commissioners will pass in the main building and take places opposite to their respective sections. The president of the United States and the guests of the day will pass through the main building. The Foreign commissioners, upon the president's passing them, will join the procession, and the whole body will cross to machinery hall. There, at the proper moment, the president will set in motion the great engine and all the machinery connected therewith. A brief reception by the President of the United States in the judges' pavilion will close the formal observance of the day.

The centennial commission is happy to report that the buildings and grounds, so far as the commission and board of Finance are directly responsible, will be quite completely ready on the appointed day. The exhibits from foreign countries are extensive and brilliant beyond anticipations.

## Miscellaneous News Items.

The infant Emperor of China at last advices was sick with the small pox.

Seth Green, the fish culturist, has been appointed one of the centennial judges.

The California House, in Sing Sing, N. Y., was burned on Sunday. Loss $25,000; partly insured.

The latest estimates place the Centennial lodging capacity of Philadelphia and vicinity at 130,000 guests.

Raw silk, imported to be used in manufactures, is transferred to the free list in the Dominion of Canada.

The fire at Williamsport, Pa., on Friday night, destroyed 10,000,000 feet of lumber, valued at $125,000.

The General Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church in the United States convened in Baltimore on Monday.

The Treasury Department at Washington on Saturday received $100,000 in silver "quarters" from San Francisco.

The Centennial Commission have finally decided that neither the Exhibition nor the grounds shall be open on Sunday.

It is understood at St. Louis that District Attorney Dyer will not approve the petition for the pardon of Maguire and McKee.

The steamships Denmark, from London, and Baltic, from Liverpool, arrived at New York, and the Hecla, at Boston, yesterday.

The Imperial Railway bill passed its second reading in the Prussian Chamber of Deputies on Saturday by a vote of 206 against 165.

Some of the New York papers are trying hard to kill Commodore Vanderbilt, but the old gentleman hangs on with amazing pertinacity.

Chief Justice Gilpin, of Delaware, was taken suddenly ill in the court house at Dover on Saturday, and died in about an hour thereafter.

Revenue Commissioner Pratt and Supervisor Tutton have had some "words," and it looks as if somebody's head would come off as the result.

Monday was observed as a holiday on the London Stock Exchange, it being the regular semi-annual settling day at the Bank of England.

Johnson and Rolland, the Chambersburg bank robbers, were sentenced on Saturday to eight and ten years, respectively, in the Eastern Penitentiary.

Wm. Boddie was hanged at Tuscumbia, April 28, for rape on a white woman named Antilia Little, in December, 1874. He died protesting his innocence.

There is progress even in China. A railroad has been formerly opened, and the inventor of telegraphy has actually been recognized in the Pekin *Gazette*.

There are now over five thousand men in the Black Hills, nine-tenths of whom, it is safe to say, are "broke" flatter than the underside of an elephant's foot.

Gillan, Long & Co., commission merchants, Manchester, liabilities £19,000, and Ward Brothers & Co., merchants, liabilities £21,500, have suspended.

A Massachusetts woman swore she wouldn't allow her husband to bury his pet horse in the family cemetery lot, but he got a divorce and carried his point.

A Chinese governor has set his face against official corruption, and threatens that any of his subordinates who may be detected taking bribes shall be decapitated.

The testimony before the California legislative committee indicates that Chinese vices obtain immunity in San Francisco by stated contributions to police officials.

Secretary of the Interior Chandler on Saturday testified as to his knowledge of money being paid by Pension Agent Clemens, in order to secure his appointment.

Fractional currency is getting scarce, silver is being hoarded, and the opinion prevails in Congressional circles that it will soon become necessary to pass a bill of relief.

Some corporations have souls. The Washington and Georgetown Railroad Company has voluntarily increased the pay of its conductors from $2 to $2 25 per day.

One of the latest novelties among panic promoters is a run after mining stock. From the tons already on the market, one would suppose there need be no excitement for more

Plum-apple trees, bearing simultaneous crops of plums and apple, are the latest frauds on the Western Grangers. They cost $1.50 a piece and turn out to be crab-apple trees.

The Metropolitan life insurance company recently resolved that they would not insure barkeepers, and a Baltimore liquor seller is suing them to compel the renewal of his policy.

The Universalist church at Bridgeport, Conn., is violently at war with respect to their female pastor, Rev. Olympia Brown Willis, one party insisting upon having a man in the pulpit.

A telegram from the Defense Association of Barbadoes reiterates all the previous reports of the condition of affairs on that island, and declares that intense anxiety still prevails.

A fire on Monday destroyed the Deering machinery manufacturing works, in Louisville, occupied in part at present by J. Steel & Co. as a plow factory. Loss to Steele & Co. $8,000.

Hampton Miller, on trial at Harrisburg last week for the murder of a man named Morgan, has been acquitted. The evidence proved the killing to have been done in self-defense.

Congressmen Hopkins proposes to have a commission of skilled mechanics sent to to the Centennial, the object being to obtain information for the benefit of American arts and sciences.

The woman's centennial music hall in Philadelphia, on the Forrest property, corner Broad and Master streets, is nearly completed. The concert hall will accommodate 4,000 persons.

A German imperial decree restores the right of suffrage to the inhabitants of Alsace and Lorraine, who, while choosing to retain French nationality, are domiciled in the conquered provinces.

The Indianapolis Typographical Union has surrendered its charter. Up to the strike in the spring of 1874, this Union was regarded as the strongest organization of the kind in the United States.

Attorney General Pierrepont has prepared an opinion, which will be submitted to the Cabinet to-morrow, denying the right of Congressional committees to remove papers from the departments.

The saving bank bill which passed the Massachusetts legislature provides for a guarantee fund, limits dividends, vacates trustees' office for non-attendance, and divides surplus every three years.

The United States grand jury in New York have presented to the United States District Court several indictments against firms in that city for defrauding the government of revenue due on whisky.

The general assembly of the Southern Presbyterian church will meet in Savannah on the 18th of May. The northern general assembly will also meet in Dr. Talmage's church, Brooklyn, next month.

The advocates of capital punishment in Rhode Island declare that if murders continue as frequent as they have been of late, they will petition the legislature at its next session to revive the death penalty.

The committee on expenditures in the Department of Justice on Saturday continued their examinatton of John I. Davenport. The witness produced vouchers for all money received from the government.

The London *Times*, in its financial article on Saturday, said the tenders for the new Indian 4 per cent. loan of $20,000,000 the day before amounted to $43,000,000 The entire loan was allotted at £10 28s. and upwards.

A fire at Bryan, O., on Monday morning destroyed six business houses on the south side of Court Square. The contents were saved. Loss not estimated, but will be heavy, and insurance small. Supposed incendiary.

Fractional currency is worth a premium in New York. The paper is worth 1½ per cent. and the silver 2 and 3 per cent. This results from hoarding and the slowness with which the new currency is paid out by the treasury employees.

It is not generally known that William Cullen Bryant, though past his eighty-second year, is engaged upon a history of the United States. The first volume will be issued by Scribner, in a day or two, and the remaining three at six month intervals.

The iron trade of the north of England is reported to be looking better; the dullness at Sheffield in iron and steel increases; the greater portion of the Bradford woolen looms are idle; at Wolverhampton the iron trade is depressed almost beyond precedent.

The next meeting of the American Forestry Association will be held in Philadelphia in September next, when it is hoped that a report will be presented from every State in the Union, showing the condition of our forests to-day and the rate of decrease.

The Mexican revolutionary chief who took possession of New Laredo obeyed the orders of his superior not to make a forced levy on American merchants by sending for them and telling them that no forced loans would be put on foreigners, but that anything given voluntarily would be accepted with pleasure, etc.

A race took place at New York, April 28, between the horse White Cloud and David Stanton. English bycicle champion, for a purse of $1,000, distance five miles, and the race was won by the horse, which distanced Stanton one and a quarter miles. The latter was greatly fatigued, but managed to work out the distance.

The aggregate clearings of the associated banks of New York, for fifteen weeks of 1876, ending Saturday last, were thirteen per cent. less than the clearings during the corresponding weeks of 1875, and eight per cent. less than the clearings during the corresponding weeks of 1874, and forty-four per cent. less than the clearings during the corresponding weeks of 1873.

The Central Pacific train was six hours late on Monday in arriving at Ogden. The Union Pacific track is washed out a few miles east of Ogden, and eight freight cars ran into the river there on Monday. The bridge of the Utah Central Railroad across Weber river at Ogden is in danger, and only pushing cars across by hand is practicable. All the streams are very high, with prospect of greater damage.


## "Thanks" from the Depths of the Heart."

WELLINGTON, Lorain Co., O., Aug. 24, 1874.
Dr. R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.:

*Dear Sir*—Your medicines, Golden Medical Discovery, Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, have proved of the greatest service to me. Six months ago no one thought that I could possibly live long. I had a complication of diseases,—scrofula, manifesting itself in eruptions and great blotches on my head that made such sores that I could not have my hair combed without causing me much suffering; also causing swollen glands, tonsils enlarged, enlarged or "thick neck," and large and numerous boils. I also suffered from a terrible Chronic Catarrh, and in fact I was so diseased that life was a burden to me. I had tried many doctors with no benefit. I finally procured one half dozen bottles of your Golden Medical Discovery and one dozen Sage's Catarrh Remedy and commenced their use. At first I was badly discouraged, and after taking four bottles of the Discovery I began to improve, and when I had taken the remaining I was *well*. In addition to the use of the Discovery I applied a solution of Iodine to the Goitre or thick neck, as you advise in pamphlet wrapping, and it entirely disappeared. Your Discovery is certainly the most wonderful blood medicine ever invented. I thank God and you, from the depths of my heart, for the great good it has done me.

Very gratefully,
MRS. L. CHAFFEE.

Most medicines which are advertised as blood purifiers and liver medicines contain either mercury, in some form, or pottassium and iodine variously combined. All of these agents have strong tendency to break down the blood corpuscles, and debilitate and otherwise permanently injure the human system, and should therefore be discarded. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, on the other hand, being composed of the fluid extracts of native plants, barks and roots, will in no case produce injury, its effects being strengthening and curative only. Sarsaparilla, which used to enjoy quite a reputation as a blood purifier, is a remedy of thirty years ago, and may well give place as it is doing, to the more positive and valuable vegetable alteratives which later medical investigation and discovery had brought to light. In Scrofula or King's Evil, White Swellings, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Swelled Neck, Goitre, Scrofulous Inflammations, Indolent Inflammation, Mercurial affections, Old Sores, Eruptions of the Skin and Sore Eyes as in all other blood diseases Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has shown its great remedial powers, curing the most obstinate and intractable cases.—Sold by all dealers in medicines.

## New To-Day.

AMERICAN HOTEL,
MT. UNION.
S. B. WOOLLETT, Proprietor.
This old and well established hotel, under the new proprietor, gives every satisfaction to the traveling public. Give it a call. [may5,76

AUDITORS' NOTICE.
The undersigned Auditor appointed by the Orphans Court of Huntingdon county to make distribution of the balance in the hands of Levi Lowry, Administrator of William Lowry, late of Hopewell township, deceased, will attend to the duties of his appointment on Tuesday the 23rd day of May 1876, at 10 o'clock a. m. in the office of Simpson & Armitage in Huntingdon, when and where all persons claiming a share of said fund will present their claim, or otherwise be debarred from a share thereof. J. R. SIMPSON,
may 5-3t Auditor.

## Look Out for the Drop-Sign!

**S. Wolf's Clothing Store,**
*No. 619 Penn Street,*
HUNTINGDON, PENN'A,
Is the place to buy substantial clothing cheap. 250 Suits just received. Prices, from
**$4.50 Upward!**
30 DIFFERENT STYLES OF HATS, FROM ONE DOLLAR UP.
BOOTS AND SHOES AT REDUCED PRICES.
Fine Linen-lined Paper Collars at 15 cents per box. Standing Collars, best quality, 25c per box.
GENTS FURNISHING GOODS,
Of all kinds and qualities, at very low prices. All these goods were purchased for cash, and will be sold, on the same terms, extremely low.
SAMUEL MARCH, Agent.
May 5, 1876-6m

## New Advertisements.

DOBBINS' STARCH POLISH.

**A GREAT DISCOVERY!**
By the use of which every family may give their Linen that brilliant polish peculiar to fine laundry work. Saving time and labor in ironing, more than its entire cost. Warranted. Ask for Dobbins'. DOBBINS, BRO. & Co., 12 N. Fourth St., Phila.
April28,'76-9m.

REMOVED TO THE SAXTON STORE ROOM,
*Penn Street, N. W. Corner of the Diamond,*
where will be found a large stock of Groceries,

FRESH GROCERIES. SAXTON'S OLD STORE ROOM.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Such as Teas, Coffees, Chocolate, Sugars, Syrups, Spices, Macaroni, Oat Meal, Rice, Hominy, Beans, Starch, French Mustard, Baking Powder, Canned Fruits, Peaches, Dried Apples, Prunes, Currants, Peas, Kiln dried Corn Meal, Vegetables, Fish, Meats, Maltby Cocoanuts, Bloaters; also, Queensware, Glassware, Brooms, Brushes, Buckets, Tobacco, Segars and everything in the Grocery line. | | |

All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for groceries.
I return my thanks for past patronage and solicit a continuance of the same.
ap21,'76] JAMES MILLER.

PRETTY AND USEFUL ARTICLES
AT THE
JOURNAL STORE.

| Handsome and fine Stationery | Ornamental Pictures for Ladies | The cheapest Gold Pens in the county |
|---|---|---|

AT THE JOURNAL STORE.

ORGANS AND PIANOS.
I will offer for sale the Standard Organs, manufactured by Peloubet, Pelton & Co., one of the finest Organs made. Second-hand Melodeons from $60 to $100. Second-hand Piano for $80 60. Send for circular and learn the best prices on all instruments. W. C. BUNNELL,
ap28-4t] Lewistown, Pa.

TOYS AND GAMES OF ALL KINDS
Just received at the JOURNAL Store.
ALSO, WRITING DESKS,
WORK BOXES,
ALBUMS, &c.
CRANDALL'S BUILDING BLOCKS,
MENAGERIE and GYMNASTS.
PARLOR CROQUET, &c.,

FOR FINE AND FANCY PRINTING
Go to the JOURNAL Office.

FOR ALL KINDS OF PRINTING, GO TO THE JOURNAL OFFICE

## New Advertisements.

S. S. SMITH & SON,
**Druggists and Apothecaries,**
*616 PENN STREET,*
HUNTINGDON, PA.,
are dealers in
**Drugs, Medicines,**
*CHEMICALS,*
TOILET & FANCY ARTICLES,
TRUSSES, SUPPORTERS,
AND
SHOULDER BRACES.
**Paints, Oils, Varnish, Carbon Oil Lamps, &c., &c.**
They are licensed to RETAIL by the quart, gallon and otherwise, pure Liquors, such as
**Whiskies, Brandies, Wines, Gins, Ales and Porters,**
for Mechanical, Medicinal, Sacramental and Family purposes. A pure article warranted in every case.
They are also Agents for the
**Davis Vertical Feed Sewing Machine.**
Best in the world for all purposes.
April 28, 1876-y

IKE HILDEBRAND'S
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL LIQUOR STORE
IN
BARTOL'S BUILDING,
EAST END OF
WEST HUNTINGDON,
In the vicinity of Fisher's Mill.
BRANDY,
WHISKEY,
WINE, GIN,
ENGLISH & SCOTCH ALE,
BROWN STOUT
AND
DUBLIN PORTER
AGENT FOR THE
CENTURY WHISKIES,
for the central part of Pennsylvania.
The CENTURY WHISKIES have stood the test of analysis by five competent Chemists, viz:
Prof. SILLMAN, State Chemist of Conn.
Prof. C. W. SHEPARD, Jr., State Chemist of South Carolina.
Prof. A. MEANS, State Chemist of Georgia.
Prof. W. C. TILDEN, Washington, D. C.
Prof. JOHN DARLY, New York.
All of whom agree in pronouncing it WITHOUT FAULT and FREE FROM ANY DELETERIOUS SUBSTANCE WHATEVER. It has now been some time in use for hospital and other medicinal purposes, where stimulants are required, and it has been noted that in delicate and critical cases when used, that there was an entire absence of the nervous prostration and reaction which so often follow the use of other stimulants. The almost universal testimony of those who have used the Century Whiskies is, there is an entire absence of headaches and other disagreeable after-effects so often experienced in the use of other brands. This is a direct consequence of the purity of the Century Whiskies.
Fine Old Southern
APPLE JACK.
COUNTRY DISTILLED WHISKIES.
Medicinal Liquors a SPECIALTY
Terms Strictly Cash.
April 21, 1876-tf

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
[*Estate of MAIZE S. HARRISON, dec'd.*]
Letters of Administration, on the estate of Maize S. Harrison, late of the borough of Shirleysburg, Huntingdon county, Pa., dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make prompt payment, and those having claims to present them duly authenticated for settlement.
A. S. HARRISON, Adm'r.,
ap21] Shirleysburg, Pa.

A CARD.
To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, Bible House, New York City.* [ap21-6m

TO THE CITIZENS OF HUNTINGDON AND VICINITY.
I take pleasure in introducing my successor, DR. E. C. STOCKTON, to those who may need Dental Operations performed. He is a regular *graduate* of the Baltimore Dental College, and fully competent to attend to all branches of the profession. Particularly would I recommend him to my former patrons, and I do so with confidence.
E. J. GREENE,
April 21, 1876-3m.] Dentist.

PRAIRIE LANDS.
The Last Chance for good Agricultural Lands, on TEN YEARS' CREDIT, at SIX PER CENT. Interest. Don't run any risks, but go to a country that has been PROVED TO BE GOOD. Send your address by POSTAL CARD to Land Com'r, B. & M. R. R., Burlington, Iowa, and receive FREE, copy of Iowa and Nebraska farmer, with CHART OF LANDS, and LOW ROUND TRIP RATES.
April 14, 1876-4jan.77

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.
[*Estate of MARY BREWSTER, dec'd.*]
Letters testamentary having been granted to the subscriber living in Huntingdon, Pa., on the estate of Mary Brewster, late of Mount Union, deceased, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate will make payment without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.
WM. P. ORBISON,
ap-14-6t. Executor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
[*Estate of JACOB HYLE, deceased.*]
Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned, living near Yellow Springs P. O., Blair county, Pa., on the estate of Jacob Hyle, late of Morris township, Huntingdon county, deceased, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate, are requested to make payment without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement. All correspondence will be addressed to S. L. Hare as above.
MRS. MARY A. HYLE,
S. L. HARE,
April 14-6t*] Administrators.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $1 free. Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine. [mch10,76y

VISITING CARDS—PEN WRITTEN.
A number of beautiful designs with your name neatly inserted, ornamented with Gold, Black and Colored Inks, including Birds, Scrolls, German and English Text, and other Fancy Writing. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention. Send 10 cents and green stamp for specimens and price list. Address
F. R. SCHMUCKER,
Apr.7-3m] Box 18, Williamsburg, Blair co., Pa.

ADMINISTRATRIX'S NOTICE.
[*Estate of JOSEPH RHODES, Deceased.*]
Letters of Administration having been granted to the subscriber, living near Shirleysburg, on the estate of Joseph Rhodes, late of Shirley township, deceased, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate will make immediate payment without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for settlement.
MARGARET J. RHODES,
April7-6t. Administratrix.

SEND 25c. to G. P. ROWELL & CO., New York, for Pamphlet of 100 pages, containing lists of 3000 newspapers, and estimates showing cost of advertising. [mch10,76y

Stationery Store and News Depot
BUY YOUR
STATIONERY
AND ALL ARTICLES IN THAT LINE AT THE
JOURNAL STORE.
Cheaper than the Cheapest
Competition Defied!
The stock on hand is one of the largest and most varied ever brought to Huntingdon. It consists of
PIRIES, TINTED REPP, ALEXANDRIA PAPETR ES.
PIRIES, TINTED, WOVE PAPETRIES.
ALL SHADES.
These are some of the finest Papetries manufactured in Europe. They are retailed by us at less than they are wholesaled in some of the cities of the Union.
To the above fine articles we add the following
*PAPETRIES:*
STELLAR, NEW ERA, VERNON, NEPLUS ULTRA, CODLIN & SHORT, LONGFELLOW, BERTHA, YALE, VICTORIA, BRIGHTON, CAMBRIDGE, HARVARD, 