The Huntingdon Journal.

FRIDAY, MARCH 3, 1876.

READING MATTER ON EVERY PAGE.

W. L. FOULK,

Agent of the Pennsylvania, Ohio and West Virginia Press Association,

Is the only person in Pittsburgh authorized to receive advertisements for the JOURNAL. He has our best rates.

Laws Relating to Newspaper Subscriptions and Arrearages.

The following is the law relating to newspapers and subscribers.

1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered wishing to continue their subscription.
2. If subscribers order the discontinuance of their periodicals, the publishers may continue to send them until all arrearages are paid.
3. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their periodicals from the office to which they are directed, they are held responsible until they have settled their bills, and ordered them discontinued.
4. If subscribers move to other places without informing the publishers, and the papers are sent to the former direction, they are held responsible.
5. The Courts have decided that refusing to take periodicals from the office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, is *prima facie* evidence of intentional fraud.
6. Any person who receives a newspaper and makes use of it, whether he has ordered it or not, is held in law to be a subscriber.
7. If subscribers pay in advance, they are bound to give notice to the publisher, at the end of their time, if they do not wish to continue taking it; otherwise the publisher is authorized to send it on, and the subscriber will be responsible until an express notice, with payment of all arrears, is sent to the publisher.

HUNTINGDON POST OFFICE.

Time of Arrival and Closing of the Mails.

Mails arrive as follows:

From the East at 7.34 a. m., 5.55 p. m., 8.10 p. m.
" West at 8.30 a. m., 9.24 a. m., 4.10 p. m. (closed mail from Altoona and Petersburg,) and 10.53 p. m.
" South (Huntingdon and Broad Top R. R.) 6.35 p. m., and closed mail from Bedford at 8.25 a. m.
" Donation and Conpropst's Mills, (Wednesdays and Saturdays) at 12 m.
" Union Church (Wednesdays and Saturdays) at 11 a. m.

Close as follows:

For the East at 9.00 a. m., 8.15 p. m.
" West at 11.40 a. m., (closed mail to Petersburg,) 5.10 p. m., 7.45 p. m.
" South (H. & B. T. R. R.) at 8.30 a. m., and closed mail to Bedford at 7.45 p. m.
" Donation and Conpropst's Mills, (Wednesdays and Saturdays) at 1 p. m.
" Union Church (Wednesdays and Saturdays,) at 1 p. m.

Office open from 6.30 a. m. to 8.30 p. m., except Sundays and legal holidays, when it will be open from 8 a. m. to 9 a. m.

J. HALL MUSSER, Postmaster.

REDUCTION!

Until further notice, we propose to insert *specials*, or *locals*, in our local columns—not among the items, but distributed through the local matter—at TEN CENTS per line, eight ordinary words constituting a line. No charge, however, will be made for less than fifty cents. tf

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

Brief Mention—Home-made and Stolen.

"Stormy March."

Tramps are numerous again.

The sparrows are "nest hiding."

Sunday was a dark and gloomy day.

Everybody should read the JOURNAL.

No leap year parties hereaways as yet.

Love is shown by actions, not by words.

An invoice of the "beautiful" on Wednesday.

There promises to be a corner in ice cream next season.

Altoona's city debt is over $311,000, and yet they are not happy.

Johnstown's Democratic editors are throwing mud at each other.

Wild pigeons, in untold numbers, are exciting the Cambria county Nimrods.

Large quantities of railroad ties are being hauled to town from the rural districts.

Water will not be let into the canal for boating purposes until the middle of March or first of April.

The father of Rev. Campbell, of this place, died in Chambersburg, on Sunday last, at an advanced age.

Dr. E. J. Greene's is the stopping place this time. It's a girl. Everybody concerned is tickled to death.

Rev. John D. Brown, Missionary to India, is on his way home. He is expected about the first of April.

Hon. John Cessna, of Bedford, has been on the sick list for the last three weeks. He is attending to business again.

Our friend, John Swivel, esq., of the Inspectors' gang, will please consider our hat elevated for favors at his hands.

A first-class thunder gust, the first of the season, visited this bailiwick early on Monday morning, accompanied by a heavy rain fall.

Every garment sold by Wanamaker & Brown 6th and Market, Philadelphia, has to pass through the hands of at least four inspectors.

The illustrated sale bills printed at the JOURNAL office are admired by every one.—Bills printed at an hour's notice. Send along your orders.

A few hours labor spent tightening up the bars on the iron bridge spanning stone creek, east of town, would save hundreds of dollars to the County.

A farmer told us the other day that he would not be without Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup if it cost five dollars a bottle. It must be a wonderful remedy.

Prof. W. W. Campbell delivered a very able and instructive sermon in the Presbyterian church on last Sunday morning in the absence of Rev. A. N. Hollifield.

At a shooting match, in Milroy, Mifflin county, a week or so ago, our fellow townsman, W. P. Conrad, esq., carried off the prize in the shape of a cub bear.

Bedford county has live grasshoppers, and the editors of the *Inquirer* were presented with a box full of the critters captured in a St. Clair township orchard.

The Soldiers' Orphan School, at M'Callistersville, Juniata county, has passed out of the hands of Geo. F. McFarland into the management of Mr. Jacob Smith.

The lady who purchased a pint of Bay rum, at one of our Drug stores the other day, says it is no great shakes. She thinks she has drank much better stuff than that.

All justices of the peace elected at the late election are requested by law to notify the Prothonotary, in writing of their acceptance of the position within thirty days.

Samuel Hatfield, esq., is making preparation to start the fire clay business in Mapleton.—He has purchased several lots and will proceed to erect the necessary machinery without delay.

Our up-town neighbors of the *Pilgrim*, have housed a Baxter and will soon have the second steam printing office in ye ancient borough. We congratulate them upon their enterprise.

Rev. M. P. Doyle of the United Brethren Church, of this place, immersed three persons on Sunday afternoon, in presence of a large audience notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather.

The extension of the H. & B. T. M. R. R., to Rattonsville, is now the all absorbing subject in the lower end of the Great Cove. We hope that the project will be pushed to a successful termination.

Samuel Miller, of Millerstown, was caught between the bumpers of the tank and the mail car, on the 5.40 train, on Monday evening last, on the way up from Mill Creek, and almost crushed to death.

A Young Men's Christian Association was organized in this place on Saturday last. A committee has been appointed, consisting of one from each of the respective churches to arrange for a permanent location and establishment.

Since the revivals commenced in this place fully 550 persons, it is supposed, have connected themselves with the respective churches. Of this number 315 were received on probation by the Methodists and about 169 by the Presbyterians.

The revival that has been going on in the M. E. Church, in Cassville, is still progressing and growing in interest. At the end of a little over two weeks there had been forty-three conversions, and the altar still crowded with seekers—twenty and upwards every night.

The irrepressible tramp has learned a trick. He is up to "snitz" as they used to say when we were a boy. He swoops down upon town on Sunday by the score when he cannot be put to work. On last Sunday, and for several Sundays back, the town has been over run by them.

The Hollidaysburg *Standard* is very much put out because somebody has reported that the christian people of this place are praying for the hardened sinners of that old tumble-down burg. Be easy, friend, our people are loathe to leave the devil have everything his own way.

It gives us pleasure to state that Isaac Kurtz, of Walker township, has resumed shipping ore to the Cambria Iron Company, at Johnstown. The Johnstown cars will again be seen on Broad Top. This will be a good thing for McConnellstown and the neighborhood generally. Mr. Kurtz has excellent ore upon his farm and in large quantities.

The second train on Broad Top gives universal satisfaction. The B. & B. has not yet announced when a train will be run to connect. Well, well, leave some of Bedford's prominent citizens be dumped off at Mt. Dallas some cheerless evening, without means of reaching Bedford, and our word for it B & B. will be aroused from its Rip Van Winkle slumbers.

Ladies, now is the time to buy your patterns of Spring styles at the JOURNAL store.—We are selling large numbers daily. The Domestic Patterns are universally admitted to be the best in the market. We refer with pleasure to Mrs. Libkicker, Miss Mary Bumbaugh, Mrs. Madara, Miss Sade Search or any other Dress-maker in town. Any pattern not on hand promptly ordered. tf.

We supremely pity the man or set of men who are conducting a business at this time that does not consist in a mere dispensation of the absolute necessaries of life, and who are obliged to employ any number of hands. The community, it appears, has almost entirely ignored everything that cannot be eaten or worn, and those who have conducted business that supplied wants less important are left "alone in their glory."

Our excellent friend, J. Aubrey Crewitt, of this place, graduated at the Baltimore College of Physicians and Surgeons, on the 29th ult., with the degree of M. D. We congratulate him on his safe deliverance and elevation to an honorable and responsible profession. We learn that he is likely to take a position in one of the Baltimore hospitals. There is no more trustworthy and reliable young man any where than our friend, and the hospital authorities will find in him a rare prize.

The citizens of Duncansville ought to contribute a sufficient amount of money to build at least a respectable place to shelter poor travelers from the howling wintry blasts at Y Switches while awaiting the arrival of trains on the Branch. A few evenings ago, one of the most inclement of the month, we found thirteen passengers shivering in the cold at this point in a mere shed. The majority of them waited from fifteen to twenty minutes. Respectfully referred to the railroad company.

We have received the following frightful complaint from "one of the injured" which claims to be an answer to letter No 125 of Leavitts & Co's letter writer:

"The young lady at Warriorsmark, who has been in the habit of addressing young men and other acquaintances, through the medium of Leavitt & Co's Letter Writer, would do well to purchase and distribute, among her friends and correspondents, a number of them, by thus doing she could save considerable brain work which to her must be very exhaustive. We very respectfully solicit correspondents from all young and blushing damsels, but would prefer that it be of home manufacture."

The Huntingdon crack marksman who late ly came down to Reedsville and desired not to have his name known for fear they would not let him shoot, will hardly try the "Snyder county dutchman" at a second match.—*Lewistown Gazette.*

The gentleman referred to in the above quotation is W. P. Conrad, esq., of this place, and he requests us to say for him that he is ready, willing and anxious to pit himself against the "Snyder county dutchman," or any of his backers, in a rifle contest at one hundreds yards distance, twenty shots, string measure, for a purse of $100 00 a side. Now "put up or shut up."

We have given up our friend of the Philipsburg *Journal*. We have done our level best to make him understand that Mr. Gary merely claims that he has discovered methods by which *permanent* magnets can be utilized as a motive power and that this had never been previously accomplished. We know all about electro-magnetic engines. Can name dozens of them if necessary. but an electro-magnet is one thing and a permanent magnet quite another. An electro-magnetic engine is one thing and an engine run by permanent magnets is, also, quite another. Take away the *permanent* magnets from Mr. Gary's machine and it is useless, it will show no signs of power nor of anything else, apply them and it walks off as soberly and steadily as a Dutch clock. Now we challenge our Phillipsburg skeptic, Prof. Page, yea the world, to produce a machine, run by a similar power manufactured previously to Mr. Gary's application for a patent. The Patent Office people must be either knaves or fools, if the *Journal* is correct, to have allowed all Mr. Gary claims in a few weeks after he filed his specifications. They were perfectly satisfied that there had been nothing of the kind previously registered in the Patent Office. It is very evident to us that our Philipsburg friend thinks that the electro-magnet does the business. It does not. It simply changes the poles and the attracting permanent magnets become repelling magnets. They attract and repel—pull and push—by turns.

"Oh, my eyes!" "Why, grandfather, what ails your eyes?" "Oh, they deceive me so often: I think I see crowds of men and boys passing by." "Well your eyes do not deceive you this time. There are crowds of men and boys passing by on their way to MONTGOMERY'S CLOTHING BAZAR, where they find the best assortment of men's and boy's Ready-made Clothing, Hats, Caps, Gent's Furnishing Goods, Trunks, Satchels, &c. He also has a nice line of samples from which you can select and have a suit made to order. Good fits in every case, and best of all, cheap and good, and sold for cash."

TROUGH CREEK ITEMS.—The following items, from Trough Creek, were overlooked last week, owing to the absence of the editor: Very busy—Dr. Anderson Smith attending the sick. He treats all cases with unparalelled success.—The Grangers had a very large and respectable meeting at Pine Grove school house on the tenth inst. Several gentlemen from a distance, were present and delivered addresses.—the roads are very bad.—Trough Creek Valley is improving rapidly. The people have plenty to eat and to drink, and in fact of everything, save money. They claim to be as clever, social and happy a people as are to be found on this side of paradise.

FISH, FISH, CHEAP.—Just received from the east a lot of Mackerel and Herring, and for sale at 213 Fifth street. [mh3-2w

WHAT MR. GARY DOES NOT CLAIM.—After so much has been said and written about Mr. Gary's Motor, the editor of the Philipsburg *Journal* must be stupid or malicious to have written the article which appeared in the last issue of that paper. If he is ignorant we will say, for his benefit, that Mr. Gary does not claim to have discovered the electro-magnet, nor its application as a motor—we think Prof. Henry is entitled to this honor—nor does he claim to have discovered steam, nor its application, nor the power of the permanent magnet, nor does he claim to have invented the Cotton Gin, nor Sewing Machine, nor to have discovered the North Pole, nor does he claim to have discovered any new planet, if he did, no doubt the luminary at Philipsburg would say it was old, as planets were discovered years ago, and thus snuff it out. Electro-magnetic engines have been made to work with battery power, both rotary and reciprocating. Professor Page, of New York, built a locomotive with money appropriated by Congress.—It weighed six tons and was operated by a battery containing 10,000 square inches of *platinum*. The power that operated it was all obtained from the battery. Prof. Page has never claimed that he utilized the power of the permanent magnet, nor has any other scientific man claimed that it ever has been done before, except the editor of the *Journal*. We will say for his benefit that permanent magnets are made of steel and are usually bent in the form of a horse shoe, and they may be charged from a battery, or otherwise, and if properly cared for will always retain their power. An electro-magnet is a piece of soft iron, coiled with insulated wire, and is a magnet only when connected with a battery.

If the editor of the *Journal* is ignorant he will publish this, or if he is only stupid or malicious he will not notice what is claimed for Mr. Gary's Motor, but try to make his readers believe that it is nothing more than an ordinary electro-magnetic machine. We have made our claim and are prepared to prove it. He says it is old and we now challenge him to prove his assertion.

Smoke the Limited Mail. For sale at the Journal Store.

RECORD YOUR DEEDS.—It is a matter of importance that those having deeds to property shall have them duly recorded. Neglect of it has created much lawing and heavy loss. The title is not safe if you haven't it recorded, even though you have the deed.—If a person has a deed for a piece of land, and is in actual possession of it, and his deed is not recorded within six months after its date, and the vendor should sell it to another person who knows nothing about the first deed, the second purchaser would hold it, either by having his deed recorded first or by getting possession of the land. Again, if a man neglects to have his deeds recorded, not being in possession of the property, and judgments should be entered against the vendor, they would become liens against the property, and the man who has paid his money and held his unrecorded deed might lose his land. And again, deeds are frequently lost by burning and otherwise, and rendering great trouble and expense necessary in duplicating the deed, or perfecting the title. Every good business man sends his title papers to the Recorder's office the first opportunity, and no lawyer or judge will permit any deeds of real estate to be laid away, not even in an iron safe until they have been recorded. Our advice to parties holding old deeds which are not recorded and to all those getting new ones, is to have them recorded at once. Especially is this necessary in towns where fires and robberies are almost daily occurrences, which might, and do frequently, sweep away traces of title that are not preserved on the public record.

Smoke the Limited Mail. For sale at the Journal Store

DEATH OF ISAIAH H. RAWLINS.—This gentleman, a member of the House of Representatives from Blair county, died at Hollidaysburg on Saturday last, after a long illness. He was born at Buffalo Mills, Bedford county, in 1838, and commenced life on a farm, but subsequently worked at the trade of a carpenter in summer and taught school in winter, at the same time picking up information by close application when not occupied at other pursuits. Among his other studies was that of law, and so assiduously did he apply himself to that branch of knowledge that in 1866 he was admitted to the bar of Bedford county after a most satisfactory examination. He afterwards moved to Hollidaysburg and practiced law in that city until his death. In 1875 he was chosen to the Legislature and made an attentive member, when the state of his health was considered. Mr. Rawlins enlisted in the Seventy-sixth Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers and was present at seventeen battles and sieges, and was severely wounded at Fort Wayne, South Carolina, in October 1862, and subsequently promoted for good conduct on the field. He was commissioned as lieutenant colonel and division inspector, Sixteenth division National Guards of Pennsylvania, by Governor Geary, in 1872. After being mustered out of service in 1874, Mr. Rawlins was selected by Major General Beaver as assistant inspector general of the Fifth military division of the State, with the rank of lieutenant colonel. In June last he was compelled to resign this post, from inability to perform the duties connected with it on account of failing health. Mr. Rawlins was a fair, upright, honest man, and popular in his section of the State.—*Philadelphia Times.*

Smoke the Limited Mail. For sale at the Journal Store.

EASTER THIS YEAR.—In answer to inquiries made concerning the matter, the *Churchman* explains why Easter will fall this year on the 16th rather than on the 9th day of April, by saying that Easter Day is regulated not by a solar but a lunar cycle—the cycle that regulates the Golden Number. Now, by solar calculation, a day always begins at midnight; but by lunar calculation it begins at noon. If, therefore, the Paschal full moon falls on a Saturday after 12 M., it is counted as falling on Sunday; and then Easter Day is, under the rule in the Prayer book, the Sunday following. This is what happens in the present year. The Paschal full moon falls on Saturday, April 8, at 2:43 p. m. It is, therefore, counted as falling on Sunday, April 9, and Easter Day is this Sunday following, i. e., April 16. It may be added that should the full moon fall on March 21 before 12 m., that full moon (counted as falling on March 20) would not regulate Easter Day, but the one following. This happened 1810.

Smoke the Limited Mail. For sale at the Journal Store

GAME LAWS.—The bill now before the Legislature for the consolidation of the game laws, prohibits the killing of squirrels between the 1st of January and the 1st of August; rabbits between the 1st of January and the 1st of November; plover between the 1st of January and the 15th of August; partridges between the 1st of January and the 1st of November; woodcock between the 1st of January and the 4th of July; speckled trout between the 1st of May and the 15th of August; black bass between the 1st of March and the 1st of July, &c. Fishing with nets, seins, fish baskets, and other devices, save hook and line only, is forbidden; hunting and fishing on Sunday is prohibited under a penalty of $25,

Smoke the Limited Mail. For sale at the Journal Store.

Business Suits ranging in price from $14 to $25. Dress Suits from $30 to $48—made to order. Call and examine samples at MONTGOMERY'S CLOTHING BAZAR, corner of Fifth and Washington streets, Huntingdon, Pa.

Smoke the Limited Mail. For sale at the Journal Store.

A GREAT NATIONAL WORK.—*The Centennial History of the United States, from the discovery of the American Continent to the close of the First Century of American Independence. By James D. McCabe. Author of "A Manual of General History," "The Great Republic," Etc., Etc.*

There has long been a great and universally felt want of a History of the United States suitable for general use. This want is now being supplied by The National Publishing Co., of Philadelphia, who have issued a handsome volume, styled "The Centennial History of the United States," by James D. McCabe, a well known historical writer. This work will, undoubtedly, take rank as the Standard History of the United States. It is no dry mass of details—no bombastic effort to inflame the national pride, but is a clear, vivid and brilliant narrative of the events of our history, from the discovery of the American Continent down to the present time. It traces the evidences of that mysterious race, the first occupants of our country, and gives a most interesting account of the Indians of North America, from the time of the coming of the white men. The voyages of Columbus, the explorations of the different nations of Europe and the final occupation and conquest of the land by England, are told with graphic power.

Every step of our colonial history is traced with patient fidelity, and the sources of those noble, and we trust, enduring institutions which have made our country free and great, are shown with remarkable clearness. The causes of our great struggle for Independence are told with a logical force and ability unsurpassed in any work of the day. Then follows a clear and succinct account of the formation of the Federal Constitution; the establishment of the Union; the course of affairs until the breaking out of the Second War with England; and a full and comprehensive account of that War and its results. The events of our career from the close of that contest to the commencement of the Civil War, follow in their order. The history of the Civil War is related with intense vigor, and with a strict fidelity to truth. The author pleads the cause of no party or section. He states facts, points out the lesson which they teach, and appealing to neither passion nor political feeling, trusts to the good sense of his countrymen to sustain his views. The book contains an Appendix, giving an account of the approaching Centennial Exhibition.

It is comprised in one large, handsome octavo volume of 925 pages, and contains 442 fine engravings on steel and wood of historical personages and scenes. The price is so low that all can afford to purchase a copy, and each subscriber is presented with a superb lithographic engraving of the Centennial Exhibition Buildings and Grounds. It is sold by subscription only, and the publishers want agents in every county.

Smoke the Limited Mail. For sale at the Journal Store.

THE RIFLE TOURNAMENT.—The Sixth Annual Rifle Tournament, according to previous announcement, came off, in this place, on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday of last week. A number of marksmen were present from Cambria, Blair, Mifflin and other counties, and we have no doubt the number would have been largely augmented had it not been for the inclement weather which prevailed just previous to and during the continuance of the tournament. The attendance, however, was very respectable, and the shooting all that could be expected under the circumstances. The distance was one hundred yards, five shots to the board, and the "pot" amounted to $100 00, which was divided into four prizes. We give the names of the successful marksmen, the length of the strings and the amount of the prizes, as follows: Jack McCahan, 6 3 16 inches, $40; W. P. Conrad, 7 inches, $30; T. H. Barker, 7 7-16 inches, $20; Wm. Crum, 7 15-16 inches, $10.

Smoke the Limited Mail. For sale at the Journal Store.

RAILROAD MEETING.—The people of Pattonville, Waterside and New Enterprise, are moving the matter of a railroad from Piper's run, on the Huntingdon and Broad Top Railroad, to Pattonville. There was quite a large meeting held at the latter place on the 12th inst., at which considerable interest was manifested. Mr. James Heffner said he would grade the road for $16,000, and enter into bonds for the faithful performance of the work. J. B. Fluke made a forcible address on the benefits to accrue to the citizens of that section on building the road. A letter was read from Superintendent Gage, of the H. & B. T. road, in which he gave the assurance that if the road was graded that company would put on the rolling stock and run it; also a letter from John Cessna, Esq., agent of the Pennsylvania Railroad, stating that they would do the same, on fair terms. The road is to be called the Morrison's Cove Railroad.—*Altoona Tribune.*

Smoke the Limited Mail. For sale at the Journal Store.

Prompt Reinforcement.

When the physical energies are overtasked or flag through weakness and disease, they need prompt reinforcement. Renewed vigor is most speedily supplied through the medium of a tonic stimulant, and among medicinal resources of that class. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters assuredly deserve a prominent place. Weakness, whether constitutional or arising from disease of over-fatigue, cannot be better compensated for than by a resort to this prime stregthening cordial. The enfeebled invalid, the convalescent and the aged and infirm find that is an unfailing source of vigor and comfort. Its combined tonic and alterative properties also constitute it an invaluable remedy for indigestion, weakness of the organs or urination constipation, torpidity of the liver, and many other irregularities and disabilities, and render it an invaluable protection against malaria, as well as disorders of the stomach and bowels. [mh-3-1m.

Smoke the Limited Mail. For sale at the Journal Store.

REMEMBER THIS.—Now is the time of the year for Pneumonia, Lung Fever, Coughs, Colds, and fatal results of predisposition to Consumption and other Throat and Lung disease. BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP has been in this neighborhood for the past two or three years without a single failure to cure. If you have not used this medicine yourself, go to your druggist's S. S. Smith, and ask him of its wondrful success among his customers. Two doses will releive worst the case. If you have no faith in any medicine, just buy a Sample Bottle of Boschee's German Syrup for 10 cents and try it. Regular size Bottle 75 cents. Don't neglect a cough to save 75 cents. eow.

Smoke the Limited Mail. For sale at the Journal Store.

A SURE CURE FOR SEAT AND STOMACH WORMS. *Dr. Hutchinson's Vegetable Worm Destroyer.*—Price, 25 cents a box. For sale by Druggists and Storekeepers. A. W. Wright & Co., Wholesale Druggists, Market and Front Streets, Philadelphia. [nov3-6m

MRS. E. M. SIMONSON, formerly E. M. Africa, has just returned from Philadelphia, with a handsome assortment of hats, choice goods and novelties of the season. All are invited to call. Corner of Fifth and Penn Sts., Huntingdon, Pa. tf.

THE *Young America* is devoted to local and general news, miscellaneous, wit and humor, and temperance, all for Fifty Cents per annum. Sample copies mailed free. Address, O. O. Leabhart, Huntingdon, Pa.

A full line of interesting Games, for the little folks, and big ones, too, at the JOURNAL Store. Come and look at them and hear how cheap they are. tf.

For the JOURNAL.]

A Request.

Oh, say, Misther Printer, I vants to go long
Mit dem fellers vat goes to der show;
I yoosht could sing lud's dat tencental song;
Vous it ax them biesse may nt I go. Eh?

Dot Tennis unt Bat would be blessed mit my shtyle,
A crowd ve vould pe mighty fine;
Mit Baddy unt Dennis from Erin's green isle,
Unt Gotlieb from ober der Rhine. Don't it?

Mine fotygraf bicture I shpluin to you now:
Mine nose he bes long yusht unt sharp,
Mit eyes like a catfish unt ears like a cow,
Unt some I can blay on de harp. Furshtay?

Besides I cot ralix, 'pout six udder two,
Youskt more as a tousand years olt;
I got a young tangarang caught in Peru,
Unt a Rip Lompomus's colt. Alawile!

So many dings more as I neffer could dell;
Put say, fellers, how vill ve go?
Mine tangarang net carries double right vell,
Unt te Johntomus he goes too shlow. Ain't it?

If one of dem fellers coult porrow a mule,
Unt hitch him to Tennis's cart,
Te tangarang he yusht coult trifle like a fool:
I vish ve vas retty to shtart. Yaw!

Vell ven tey bes retty yousht plow on de horn,
Unt some how ve manage to fix him;
Den shure as de fourt of December is porn,
Ve goes ere ike dander unt blixer. Das vat kind of a feller I am!

GOTLIEB SWITZERKROUT.

INFORMATION WANTED.—Milton S. Lytle, esq., who is engaged in preparing a history of this county hands us the following card for publication, and we trust, that those persons able to give him the desired information will do so at once:

When the idea of writing a history of Huntingdon county was first suggested to me, I did not realize the extent of the undertaking. I regarded it as a work that would not interfere with other engagements, that it would be completed without any great effort on my part before our centennial anniversary, and that it would be a source of entertainment to myself, as I hoped it would be to others. But I discover that I was laboring under a misapprehension. The interest and importance of the events I will attempt to relate are just beginning to develope themselves to me, and I find that the facts are to be gathered from many sources, that they are to be separated from a vast quantity of other material that has no application to the subject. One source from which I desire to draw information is the recollection of the people themselves.—Every community has its peculiar stores of historical knowledge that are worthy of preservation. To obtain these for the purpose of putting them into a permanent shape, I must have the assistance of those who have them in possession. My request, therefore, is that sketches be furnished me of all the different localities in the county. They must be in accordance with the plan I have adopted for the work in which they are to be incorporated.—I am particularly anxious to ascertain when and by whom the earliest settlements were made at the various points in the county, the occupation of the first settlers, whether agricultural or mechanical, and the progress of communities in chronological order, until the present time. This will embrace improvements of all kinds, the growth of manufactories, the development of minerals, the building of dwellings, school-houses and churches. If any manufacturing establishments have ceased operation I desire to know from what cause, whether from a failure of demand for their products, or the exhaustion of the raw material. Other suggestions will occur to the minds of those who may accommodate me with the sketches. Let them include everything that the citizens of this county a hundred years hence will probably desire to know concerning us. Let them be complete and accurate. State nothing as a fact unless it is well authenticated, and do not rely too much on tradition unless the evidence of its truthfulness is satisfactory. Those who respond to this request will receive my acknowledgements and thanks in the proper place.

MILTON S. LYTLE.

Smoke the Limited Mail. For sale at the Journal Store.

ELOQUENT PRAYER.—The following beautiful, eloquent and appropriate prayer was offered up, by our much esteemed friend, and former fellow-citizen, Rev. J. C. Clarke, in the House of Representatives, on the assembling of that body, on the morning of the 22d of February last:

Almighty God, our Heavenly Father, on this 22d day of February, 1876, all aglow with the splendor of promise, and arrayed with the loveliness of Nature's most beneficent smiles as it is, and remembering that it is the anniversary of the birth of our country's own immortal Washington, false and ingrate indeed must be our hearts if they pulse not with reverence, gratitude and love.

Assembled, then, as we are, in this hall of legislation, in this morning hour of the anniversary day of the birth of the "Father of his Country," whom from infancy we have been taught to revere and lisp as "first in war, first in peace, and first in the hearts of his countrymen!" O! Thou God of all countries and worlds, hear us as, in behalf of these Thy servants, constituting the House of Representatives of the great Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, we pray Thee to remove far from us everything which would detract from the fulness of our joy this day, and of our harmony with Thy works and Thy ways. Deliver us, also, from every unholy and selfish vice and passion which would in the least alienate us from our fellow countrymen or from the entire appreciation and enjoyment of the exalted privileges of American citizenship.

Forever blessed be Thy name, O Lord, for the wondrous nation Thy providence has bequeathed us. How supremely blessed in its situation—environed by very continental mountains, sweetly nestled between the oceans, verily groaning with inexhaustible treasures of material riches, and crowned and sceptered with unequalled political immunities and blessings. O, what a marvel and surpassing joy it is to our every heart on this, the anniversary of Washington's birthday, in this, its grand Centennial year. Good Lord, grant that we all may have at least a somewhat correct appreciation of it. By the aid of Thy spirit make us worthy of it, and may our fidelity to it be ever such as Thou shall approve. And grant, above all else, we most devoutly supplicate Thee, O, God, that it may ever glow with increasing lustre, as in the unsullied light of national perfection until Thou shalt be pleased to issue the fiat that "there should be time no longer." And Thy name shall have all the glory—world without end. Amen.

Smoke the Limited Mail. For sale at the Journal Store.

Every body should use Lava Pens. They will outlast all other pens. They are not corrosive. They are excellent. Durborrow & Co., have the sole agency for the county.—$2.00 per gross. 20 cents per dozen. 2 cents apiece. tf.

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RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, LUMBAGO, RHEUMATIC GOUT, SCIATICA, NERVOUS and KIDNEY DISEASES, guaranteed cured by Dr. FITLER'S RHEUMATIC REMEDY. JOHN READ & SONS, Sole agents for Huntingdon county, May19-1y.

Bleeding From Lungs, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Consumption. A Wonderful Cure.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Jan. 13th, 1874.

R. V. PIERCE, M. D., Buffalo, N. Y.:

Dear Sir:—I had suffered from Catarrh in an aggravated form for about twelve years and for several years from Bronchial trouble. Tried many doctors and things with no lasting benefit. In May, 72 becoming nearly worn out with excessive Editorial labors on a paper in New York City, I was attacked with Bronchitis in a severe form, suffering almost a total loss of voice. I returned, home here, but had been home only two weeks when I was completely prostrated with Hemorrhage from the Lungs, *having four severe bleeding spells within two weeks and first three inside of nine days.* In the September following, I improved sufficiently to be able to be about though in a very feeble state. My Bronchial trouble remained and the Catarrh was tenfold worse than before. Every effort for relief seemed fruitless. I seemed to be losing ground daily. I continued thir first of March, 73, when I became so bad as to be entirely confined to the house. A friend suggested your remedies. But I was extremely skeptical that they would do me good, as I had lost all heart in remedies, and began to look upon medicines and doctors with disgust. However, I obtained one of your circulars, and read it carefully, from which I came to the conclusion that you understood your business at least. I finally obtained a quantity of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, your Golden Medical Discovery and Pellets, and commenced their vigorous use according to directions. To my surprise, I soon began to improve. The Discovery and Pellets, in a short time, brought out a severe eruption, which continued for several weeks. I felt much better, my appetite improved, and I gained in strength and flesh. In three months every vestige of the Catarrh was gone, the Bronchitis had nearly disappeared, had no Cough whatever and I had entirely ceased to raise blood; and, contrary to the expectation of some of my friends, the cure has remained permanent. I have had no more Hemorrhages from the Lungs, and am entirely free from Catarrh, from which I have suffered so much and so long. The debt of gratitude I owe for the blessings I have received at your hands, knows no bounds. I am thoroughly satisfied, from my experience, that your medicines will master the worst forms of that odious disease, Catarrh, as well as Throat and Lung Diseases. I have recommended them to very many and shall ever speak in their praise.

Gratefully yours,

WM. H. SPENCER.

P. O. Box 507, Rochester, N. Y.

VOICE OF THE PEOPLE.

"TAX-PAYER" AGAIN.

COTTAGE HOME, Feb. 19, 1876.

EDITOR JOURNAL:—Having returned home after an absence of a few days, and remembering a kind of promise made in a former communication to offer something in relation to our County Poor House affairs, and after looking carefully at the Directors' Report I find such an utter disregard of the law in laying before the public a clear statement of facts, that I have come to the conclusion that they had about as well make no report as to pretend to do so, *concealing* almost every expenditure in generalities. Why, look at the "Provision" bill: By sundry persons for beef, pork, and other etceteras, $1,586.92; "Merchandize": Numerous persons for merchandize, clothing, hardware, etc., $2,181.85.—"Out door Expenses": Under this head we have "numerous physicians for medical services" only $534.22, and Directors for out door services, $566.65, and sundry out door relief, making the whole, under this head, the neat little sum of **$6,711.90.** I don't intend to go through all the footing up of this marvelous report, but just give a sample of their "numerous sundries."

Now, I submit, in all candor, have you Directors given a clear and explicit statement of who received this $15,028.56? It seems that our Directors of the Poor have become a kind of traveling canavansary. I thought the business of those officials was clearly stated in the law, defining their duties so clear that no one could mistake, "to meet at the Poor House once every month and settle up, adjust and pay out to persons furnishing supplies, see that the inmates of the Institution are humanely and properly cared for, and to instruct the Steward to go AND SEE to the out-door affairs," but we have a Directors' bill of $566.65 for out-door services, and that is not all. I see, under "Salaries," another Directors' bill of $162.24 for the year. What year? Which Director? and whether a part of this numerous sundry hotch-potch who can tell!

Suppose we just see what each pauper costs the county annually. We will take the out-door ones first. Here they set down 50 all the year round. Then we have "relief afforded cases less than a year." Then "sundry cases without regard to time." "Numerous physicians' services." Then "Directors' services for out-door attentions to out-door paupers," footing, in all, $6,611.99. As part of the out-door report is so vague and meaningless, to get an average of the whole number we can only guess, but will suppose it 75 more than there really were. Then 75—6,611.99—$89.49 for each out-door pauper. Then $15,028.56—$6,611.99 leaves $8,316.57 for in-door expenses. Now, counting up the monthly numbers in the report for in door, and dividing by 12 we have the average in-door number 67 50-100. Then divide 8,316.57—67.5 we have the average expense to the county of the enormous sum of $123.20 each.

Now, I see by reference to the Directors' Report for the year 1855 up to January, 1856, that the money drawn from the County Treasury for the Poor House was $7,000, and out of that $906.94 *went to pay the building contractor for putting up the House in full*, and that there then were 75 in door paupers and their average cost was only $76.83¾, and "70 out-door paupers, for the year," average cost to the county $16.57! I also notice the Director's Report for the year 1856 up to January, 1857, in which they show a record of $5,593.38 drawn from County Treasury on December 6, 1856, and on January 6, 1857, they drew $1,889.95, footing up a little over $7,000, but this ran partly over two years. Now this same Report says, there was an average of 61.8 paupers in the House, and the out-door paupers numbered 56; medical attendance to them cost $224.38½; 11 coffins $53 60, footing up $1,277.88 gives an average expense of $22.81.

I will not pursue this investigation any further now, but hope our Directors will condescend to tell the people two things, viz: Who received all this $15,028.56? and how comes it to pass that you have to spend $566.65 for out-door services to out-door paupers, besides your services at the Institution? Shall wait anxiously for light on this matter. The people want to know, and they have a right to know.

TAX-PAYER.

HUNTINGDON MARKETS.

Corrected Weekly by Henry & Co

WHOLESALE PRICES.

HUNTINGDON, PA. March 2, 1876.

Superfine Flour	$5 50
Extra Flour	6 00
Family Flour	6 25
Red Wheat	1 20
White Wheat	1 25
Bark per cord	7 00
Barley	60
Butter	20
Brooms per dozen	2 00
Beeswax per pound	20
Beans per bushel	1 75
Beef	6@7
Cloverseed ℔ 64 pounds	7 50
Corn ℔ bushel on ear	40@45
Corn shelled	45
Corn Meal ℔ cwt	1 50
Candles ℔ lb	12½
Dried Apples ℔ lb	5
Dried Cherries ℔ lb	15
Dried Beef	15
Eggs	20
Feathers	60
Flaxseed ℔ bushel	1 00
Hops ℔ lb	25
Hams smoked	14
Shoulder	10
Side	12
Hay ℔ ton	16 00
Lard ℔ lb new	15
Large Onions ℔ bushel	1 25
Oats new	35
Potatoes ℔ bushel, new	35@40
Plaster ℔ ton ground	13 00
Rye, new	65
Wool, washed	40@50
Wool, unwashed	25@30
Timothy Seed, ℔ 45 pounds	2 50

QUOTATIONS

OF

WHITE, POWELL & CO.,