The Huntingdon Journal.

J. R. DURBORROW, - - - - - EDITOR

HUNTINGDON, PENN'A

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1876.

Circulation LARGER than any other Paper in the Juniata Valley.

Republican State Convention.

HEADQUARTERS REPUBLICAN STATE COMMITTEE, HARRISBURG, February 1, 1876.

In pursuance of a resolution of the Republican State Committee, adopted at a meeting held in Harrisburg this day, a Republican State Convention, to be composed of delegates from each Senatorial and Representative district, to the number to which such district is entitled in the Legislature, is hereby called to meet in the city of Harrisburg, at twelve o'clock, noon, on Wednesday, March 29, 1876, for the purpose of nominating an Electoral ticket and of electing Senatorial and Representative delegates to represent the State in the Republican National Convention, to be held at Cincinnati, Ohio, on the 14th day of June, 1876. By Order of the Committe,

HENRY M. HOYT, Chairman.

A. WILSON NORRIS, Secretary.

A LARGE quantity of matter intended for this issue has been crowded out, and among it is the letter of "Tax-payer."

CONGRESS having responded to the appeals of the management of the Centennial Exhibition the work will go rapidly forward to completion.

WE are advised from Harrisburg that it is not necessary to pay any attention to the Professor's little bill for damages.—They know the man.

THE movement, in favor of Gov. Hartranft for President, is gaining ground daily. But few men, if any, could run a heavier vote than he could. The State of Pennsylvania would respond with a heavier majority than she did for Grant the last time.

The Republic Magazine for March has been received. It contains a larger amount of valuable political information than can be found in any other publication. It should be in the hands of every loyal man, North and South, and the fairness and candor shown in the treatment of all public questions should commend it to all who favor honorable journalism. The coming Presidential campaign will be one of the most active in our history, and all citizens who desire to be forearmed in the great work of national defense should subscribe for The Republic. Send $2 for a year's subscription to Republic Publishing Company, Washington, D. C.

THE SOUTHERN HEART FIRED.

Robert Toombs made a characteristic speech before the Democratic members of the Georgia Legislature a week or two ago, in favor of a State constitutional convention. He denounced the present Constitution as made by "poor ignorant savages, led by rogues," saying: "In 1865, when, as a punishment for our sins, our great cause fell, they came down upon us—you saw the soldiers when they overran us down here—the Prussian, the Low Dutchman, the Irishman and, worse than all, the Yankee thief." He continued as follows:

"We got a good many honest fellows into the first Legislature, but I will tell you how we got them there. I will tell you the truth. The newspapers won't tell it to you. We got them there by carrying the black vote by intimidation and bribery, and I helped to do it! I would have scorned the people if they had not done it! And I will buy them as long as they put beasts to go to the ballot box! No man should be given the elective franchise who has not the intelligence to use it properly. The rogue should not have it, for government is made to punish him; the fool should not have it, for government is made to take care of him! Now these miserable wretches—the Yankees—have injected five millions of savages into the stomach of our body politic, and the man who says he accepts negro suffrage, I say, accursed be he! I will accept everything; I will accept Grant and empire before I will accept such a Democrat."

Our Harrisburg Letter.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 18, 1876.

Revision of Tax Laws—Capital Items—Hartranft and the Presidency—The Poor Vagrants—The House and Final Adjournment—More Work and Less Talk—Three Bills Passed Finally.

The bill to revise and codify the tax under consideration in the Ways and Means Committee of the House will make important changes. It abolishes the corporation tax and substitutes a small poll-tax of twenty-five cents. There shall be no State tax levied, but each county shall pay its pro-rata share, the taxes to be collected by the County Treasurer. It also provides for the election of township treasurers. Tracts of land lying in two counties or districts shall be taxed in the district in which the farm or mansion house stands.

The Hall of the House, so poorly ventilated last winter, has been improved in this respect, at a cost of about $4,000, surely enough to "raise the wind." Large columns have been put in, open at the top, through which the cold air is brought in by properly arranged air currents.

The larger reports of the Bureau of Statistics, Insurance and Railroad Reports will be out soon. They are now in the hands of the State printer.

The movement for Hartranft for the Presidency, headed by M. S. Quay, Secretary of the Commonwealth, has this feature in it: It is necessary for Pennsylvania, to make herself felt, to go to the National Convention with a solid delegation, and under no one can the different elements composing the Republican party be so well united as under Hartranft. He is Pennsylvania's choice; if he can't succeed the solid delegation will do the best it can for the State, which, under the leadership of our veteran politicians, means more than the crum s of national honor thrown to her from the present Executive.

The vagrant bill was re-called from the House. Its provisions don't suit the miners in the anthracite region, who think the bill is a corporation scheme to capture them and lock them up. The bill comes from gentlemen in the agricultural section of the State, and such thoughts never entered the minds of its framers.

SENATE PROCEEDINGS.

One of the most important bills of the session, providing for the erection of poor houses in the several counties of the State, when a majority of the voters of the county in which it is proposed to erect such building shall so decide, has passed the Senate, and in its details is a perfect piece of legislation. The repeal of the law prohibiting horse racing has also passed this body finally. The law is only repealed so far as the same relates to agricultural associations. The bill regulating the sale of baled hay, requiring the wood used to bale it to be of certain dimensions, so as not to greatly increase the weight, passed yesterday, as did also the act limiting prosecutions for forgery to five years after the offence was committed.

The many bills introduced having reference to legislative interference in the coal region between employer and employee have met with much opposition being disguised as class legislation and so far the friends of these bills have not let them go to a final vote.

Among the bills introduced were the following: Allowing fees to counsel appointed by the court to defend persons accused of a felony providing that the fee shall not exceed $15. Mr. Braggins introduced a bill providing for the publishing of mercantile appraisers lists. Mr. Allen introduced a bill reducing the amount from catching marked logs on the Susquehanna river below Williamsport from 50 to 25 cents per log.

One hundred and fifty-four bills have been reported from committees in the senate and a large number of these have passed this body finally and await the action of the House. So far no bill from the senate has passed the House.

HOUSE PROCEEDINGS.

The remarkable inefficiency of this body cannot help to draw down upon it the frequent condemnation of the observers. Many good men are found in this body but from apparent want of good leadership their energies are not called into play.

Resolutions of no consequence to the state are discussed at length. To-day the time was occupied in discussing a resolution relative to final adjournment and was voted down by the Democrats. Special sessions were made the orders on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday afternoons. A resolution to limit speeches to ten minutes was offered but not acted upon. Substantially nothing has been done this week. The bill allowing divorces to be granted for cause in case of felony was discussed but not acted upon finally.

No bill of general importance was introduced. Next week may be more fruitful if the working time be increased as above. B.

VOICE OF THE PEOPLE.

A SOLDIER'S VIEWS.

TODD TOWNSHIP, Feb. 18, 1876.

EDITOR JOURNAL—*Dear Sir:*—I see that Prof. Guss spreads himself, in the last *Globe*, on the mail robbery case, at Cassville, by young Flanagan, and, as usual, tries, indirectly, to put the guilt of this crime on others. I would just say that Dr. Guss is one of the most honest, upright men in the town in which he lives, and it would be well for the place if they had many more like him. "To the pure all things are pure," and Dr. Guss being perfectly honest himself would be the last to suspect others of dishonesly. We esteem him very highly as an honest, upright gentleman, and the only charge that can be brought against him is that he is a distant relative of the *Professor*, and this he cannot help. There is a good deal of truth in the old adage, "set a rogue to catch a rogue." I have no doubt the Professor would have been much the Doctor's superior in detecting the dishonesty of the young man.

Now there is guilt resting somewhere for the training of this young man. Who is to blame? The Professor would like to lay the responsibility on Dr. Guss, but this will not do. What does the wise man say? "Train up a child in the way he should go, and when he is old he will not depart from it." Again: "As the twig is bent the tree is inclined." I once heard a very able member of the bar say that after many years practice he had discovered that the character of the man, in nine cases out of ten, was formed in the boy at the age of fourteen or fifteen years, either for good or evil. From my very soul I pity this young man. If his father had lived no doubt he and his friends would have been saved from this endless disgrace, and I believe if those who took the place of the father, in bringing up this young man, had given him proper training he might have been saved from ruin. But, alas! it is too late now. Will the Professor tell why this young man's mother, when upon her death bed, requested that her children, who were then in the Orphan School, should be taken out of it? If she thought they had the right kind of training there why would she make such a request? To prove that Prof. Guss is entirely unfit to give proper training to children I need only refer any one to the files of the *Globe* ever since it came into his hands. Where is the man, of any prominence, in the county that has not been assailed by this contemptible sheet during this time?

Mr. Editor, if I wanted my children to learn filthy, obscene language—if I wanted them to quarrel and fight—if I wanted them to learn to vilify the character of my friends and neighbors—if I wanted them to be vindictive and spiteful—if I wanted them to treasure up wrath against the day of wrath, and fill them with all malice and subtlety, I know of no way I could accomplish this so effectually as by having them read the *Globe*. They would certainly get a lesson on all these points each week. A SOLDIER.

LIGHT WANTED.

MR. EDITOR—*Dear Sir:*—I see "Tax-payer," has been looking up, the bridge building, &c., in this county, all of which is very well; and now as he has promised, I hope he will enlighten us on the Poor House account, for since we have had a Poor House, we have never had such an account spread out before the public. It is "sundries" from beginning to the end almost. We hope "Tax-payer" will explain some of those "sundries" at least. We see a handsome credit claimed for feeding tramps, will "Tax-payer" tell us whether that includes the meals given to the Directors' Pets, some of them old officials that seem they cannot realize that their time has expired!

Some of our Directors seem to have tramp on the brain, and are asking for some special legislation on the tramp question for the purpose of making business for them, or creating some new offices, so as to thribble the expenses of the tax-payers. We think we are keeping our tramps cheaper under the present arrangement, than we could under any that they can devise. The facts are the costliest tramps we have, are the Directors themselves. If you will just glance over their published account you see Directors salary $162.24; Directors out door services $566.65. If that is not farming, what is? Much as we have heard about farming. If you look back to the earliest history of our Alms House you will see that the salary of the Directors amounted to most, if not all, they received. But restore the old law as now prayed for, to meet each month, and 10 cents per mile for traveling, instead of 4 cents as now, with the present state of cultivation, and they will run their salary up, nearly as high as Judge Dean's.

We used to have a Steward there whose business it was to attend to the traveling round, with a horse and buggy, for the purpose, why not have something of that kind now? The idea, for men for Directors, or Stewards, either, who can not attend to their own business to take charge of the public interest is preposterous. It is hard to tell which is the best investment, that or the scalp business. No wonder our multiplier must be ten and still in debt. More anon. X.

Death of Miss Charlotte Cushman.

A dispatch from Boston announces the death, at the Parker house, in that city on Saturday morning, of Miss Charlotte Cushman, the actress, in the 60th year of her age. Miss Cushman, was born in Boston, Massachusetts, July 23, 1816. In consequence of the bankruptcy of her father she went upon the stage at the age of twelve years, to contribute to the family's support. Possessing a fine voice and much musical taste she resolved to cultivate it for the stage, adopting this course made her debut at the Tremont theatre, Boston, April 18, 1835, as the Countess, in the adaptation of Mozart's Nozzi di Figaro. Her success was so great that an engagement was procured for her to sing in English opera at New Orleans, where she had scarcely arrived when her voice failed her under the effect of a sudden change of climate and of an unwise attempt to convert it into an available soprano. She then resolved to become an actress, and studied the part of "Lady Macbeth," in which she made he appearance with complete success. She afterwards returned to New York and appeared at the Bowery Theatre, drawing large audiences. She afterwards accepted an engagement as stock actress in the Park Theatre, and for three years appeared in a great variety of parts, thus perfecting herself in stage business and acquiring the versatility for which she afterwards became distinguished. During this period she assisted her younger sister, Miss Susan Cushman, to make her debut on the stage, and afterwards appeared in the leading cities, taking the chief male parts in plays in which her sister appeared. In 1845 she made a professional visit to England, where she achieved great success, in such characters as "Lady Macbeth" and "Lady Teazle." In 1849 she revisited the United States, and in addition to her ordinary characters assumed that of "Meg Merilies," in the play of Guy Mannering, a striking personation, and one which she may be said to have created. After another professional tour in England she returned to America, and having accumulated a fortune by her profession took a formal leave of the American stage. She subsequently acted a round of engagements in England, and returned to the United States in 1859, since which she has made many starring tours of the principal cities. As an actress, particularly in the higher walks of the serious drama, Miss Cushman ranked with the most eminent, and in her Shakesperean characters she was distinguished for a rigid adherence to the letter as well as the spirit of the text. Miss Cushman appeared for the last time in Harrisburg about one year ago, and afterwards took a final leave of the stage in Boston.

Victorious Alfonso.

MADRID, Feb. 20.—It is officially reported that at the capture of Fort Montejura, near Estella, on Friday, the Carlist leader, Gen. Calderon, was taken prisioner. The enemy's loss was heavy. The Alfonsists lost 300 men.

As soon as the Carlist war is ended 40,000 soldiers will be dispatched to Cuba. A battle is expected at Tolosa to morrow.

HENDAYE, Feb. 19.—Large bodies of Carlists are concentrated in the neighborhood of Lesaca to oppose Gen. Martinez Campos, who entered Vera this (Saturday) morning. The reports that the Alfonsists have occupied Echalar and Penaplata are confirmed.

The French authorities have interned 400 Carlists near Bayonne. The members of the Carlist Junta of Castile who crossed the border have also been interned. King Alfonso is expected to go to Tolaso and San Estaban.

HENDAYE, Feb. 20.—The Alfonsists captured Eudarlaza and Las Taola and all the heights around Vera.

The first furnace west of the Susquehanna river was built in 1785 and was called Bedford after the name of the county that then embraced Huntingdon. It was owned by Edward Ridgly, Thomas Cromwell and George Ashman, who owned many thousands of acres of land in the vicinity.

New To-Day.

STRAY HEIFER.

Came to the residence of the subscriber, living in Warriorsmark township, about the last of October, a DARK RED HEIFER, with white on end of tail, and white spot inside of hind lege, supposed to be one year old.

Feb. 25th 1876. ELIAS BISTHINE.

NOTICE TO SCHOOL TEACHERS.

Fourteen first-class School Teachers are wanted to teach the Huntingdon Borough Schools. An examination of teachers will take place, by the County Superintendent, at the old School House, in said borough, on Saturday, March 11th next, where all good teachers are invited to attend. The selection of teachers will be made the following week after, and the new term commence first Monday in April.

ALEX. PORT, Sec'y. THOS. S. JOHNSTON, Prest.

Feb. 25-3t

LIMITED MAIL!

PURE HAVANA FILLED!

THE BEST CIGAR YET!

Only 5 Cents!

FOR SALE AT THE JOURNAL STORE.

Wharton & Chaney.

Any person in want of such articles as

TUBS, BUCKETS,

Table Oil Cloths, Floor Oil Cloths,

SCRUB BRUSHES,

TABLE CUTLERY, LAMPS,

COFFEE MILLS,

Clothes Wringers,

Axes, Picks, Shovels, Forks,

GARDEN HOES, CORN HOES,

Steel Shovel Moulds,

for Single and Double-Shovel Plows,

GRIND STONES,

SPOKES AND FELLOES,

CURY COMBS,

WINDOW GLASS-all Sizes,

Cook Stoves, Heating Stoves, Plated Spoons and Forks, Carpenter Tools, and many other articles, can be obtained at the Hardware Store of

WHARTON & CHANEY,

at Philadelphia wholesale prices. Feb.25-3mos.

New Advertisements.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

[*Estate of ANN COOK, dec'd.*]

Letters of Administration having been granted to the undersigned, living near Tod postoffice, on the estate of Ann Cook, late of Carbon township, dec'd., all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and th se having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

EDWARD HORTON, Adm'r.

Feb4]

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA. IN BANKRUPTCY.

Eastern Eistrict of Pennsylvania, ss.

A Warrant in Bankruptcy has been issued by said Court against the Estate of Gabriel Wolf, of the County of Philadelphia, and State of Pennsylvania, in said District, who has been duly adjudged Bankrupt upon the petition of his Creditors; and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said Bankrupt to him or to his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidben by law. A meeting of the Creditors of said Baekrupt, to prove their debts and choose one or more Assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 131, South 5th. street, Philadelphia, in said District, on the 2d day of March, A. D., 1876, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the office of Joseph Mason, esq., one of the Registers in Bankruptcy of said District.

JAMES N. KERNS, Feb.18-2t. U. S. Marshal for said District.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.

[*Estate of FRANKLIN B. LEAS, dec'd.*]

Letters of Administration having been granted to the undersigned, living at Saltillo P. O., Huntingdon county, Pa., on the estate of Franklin B. Leas, late of Clay township, dec'd., all persons knowing themselves indebted are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

WILLIAM BRADLEY, Adm'r

Saltillo, Feb. 11, 1876.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

[*Estate of SARAH CALDWELL, dec'd*]

The undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, to distribute the balance in the hands of John S. Warfel, Administrator of the estate of Sarah Caldwell, late of Morris township, dec'd., hereby gives notice that he will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office, in Huntingdon, on *Saturday, the 26th day of February inst.*, at one o'clock, P. M., when and where all persons interested are required to present their claims or be debarred from coming in upon said fund.

THEO. H. CREMER, Feb. 11-3t] Auditor.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

The partnership, in the practice of the law, heretofore existing under the name of Lovell & Musser, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 1st instant.

K. ALLEN LOVELL, J. HALL MUSSER.

The undersigned will continue the practice of his profession at the office lately occupied by Lovell & Musser, No. 300½ Penn Street, Huntingdon, Pa.

jan.28,1876-3m.] K. ALLEN LOVELL.

W. K. CRITES, DEALER IN TOBACCO, SEGARS, SNUFFS, PIPES, and Smokers' Articles, No. 105, Fourth Street, Huntingdon, Pa. [jan21'75-tf.

Oppenheimers' Column.

B. OPPENHEIMER & SONS.

WHETHER THEY ARE

Jews or Gentiles,
Christians or Moslems,
Brahamists or Worshippers of Isis,

Is not the question in these hard times, but

Are they selling Cheap Goods?

and this everybody, who has tried, and has a spark of common sense about him, MUST admit, even our heathen friend of the Gentile standard.

We, as business men, consider it mere cowardice to draw religious topics into business questions, and with sensible people will avail nothing. If our heathen friend would have only taken in considertion that

"A Dollar Saved, is a Dollar Earned,"

especially in times when a man cannot earn a great deal, and save all he can, he would easily comprehend why our

Storeroom is Crowded,

and his—void of customers. We pity the man to the fullest extent of our ability, but are unable to help him, if he cannot help himself. If, in these hard times, an opportunity is offered to the public

To buy Goods for less money than ever before, of course everybody will embrace it.

The enlightened people in the present age, cannot be talked out of common sense and reason by a few merchants who have well shown the material they are made of by asking

Exorbitant Prices,

when they had the opportunity, without any compensation of their conscience. So do not listen ye enlightened people of this county, to the sayings of these men who have, when opportunity offered, fleeced you constantly, with an endurance worthy of a better cause.

See to your interest ye people of Huntingdon and County, and come at once and buy what you need, as we cannot stay here but a

FEW WEEKS MORE.

The merchants having made it impossible for us to rent our present store-room, and we are unable to rent another.

This alone should give you sufficient evidence how much they like us; for which they certainly have sufficient cause.

Show them your intelligence, ye people of Huntingdon and County, and convince them that the 19th Century is too far advanced in age for one class of people to impose upon the balance with impunity. Show them that you resent their action, and also show that you appreciate our presence, by calling at once and looking at our stock.

Our Rules Are

1st. One price only, to everybody.

2d. Goods exchanged at any time, if not cut.

3d. Money returned upon application.

This shows sufficiently that we are not like others who try to get the advantage of a customer, as it would avail us little because we return the money whenever demanded from us.

Convince yourselves of the above by calling at once at

B. OPPENHEIMER & SONS,

SAXTON'S CORNER,

South east corner of the Diamond,

HUNTINGDON, PENN'A.

New Advertisements.

STEWARD'S STATEMENT

JOHN LOGAN, Steward, in account with the Huntingdon County Alms House from December 2d, 1874, to December 7th, inclusive:

DR.

To amount drawn from Treasurer on orders	$603 63
Cash of sundry persons	70 96
	$673 99

CR.

By Sundry Expenditures for use of House:

Cash paid for freight on goods	$ 18 67
" " traveling expenses	66 23
" " postage stamps	7 95
" " car fare for paupers	9 41
" " labor in House	4 00
" " sundries	67 73
Allowances: Salaries of Steward and Matron	500 00
	$673 99

ARTICLES MANUFACTURED.

81 women's dresses,	80 pillow slips,
80 pairs pants,	45 towels,
75 sheets,	40 bolsters,
80 chemise,	15 baps,
65 aprons,	10 caps,
80 skirts,	7 shrouds,
25 sacques,	25 skirts,
20 bonnets,	8 pairs of mittens,
40 pillows,	60 handkerchiefs hemmed,
100 pairs of stockings,	45 yards of rag carpet.
30 bed ticks,	

PRODUCE OF FARM.

620 bushels of wheat,	5 bushels onions,
343 " oats,	22 tons hay,
1906 " corn, in ears,	23 loads corn fodder,
22 " rye,	1000 heads cabbage,
726 " potatoes,	2560 lbs., pork,
17 " beans,	250 " beef,
5 " tomatoes,	600 " lard,
11 " beets,	

STOCK ON HAND.

372 bushels wheat,	1 grain drrill,
134 " oats,	2 wheelbarrows,
1600 " corn (ears),	1 two-horse sleigh,
8 " rye,	2 string bells,
400 " potatoes,	2 sleds,
17 " beans,	1 hay rake,
75 cans tomatoes,	2 grain cradles,
30 cans pears,	2 mowing scythes,
11 do. peaches,	1 threshing machine,
50 do. berries,	8 plows,
21 loads fodder,	5 corn hoes,
15 tons hay,	3 cultivators,
200 heads cabbage,	2 harrows,
2 barrels saur kraut,	1 pair hay ladders,
6 bushels beets,	1 hay fork, and tackle,
4 " onions,	2 shaking forks,
2500 lbs., pork,	6 rakes,
600 lbs., lard,	3 scoops,
8 milch cows,	3 shovels,
3 bulls,	2 picks,
14 shoats,	2 mattocks,
5 head horses, the oldest 9, the youngest 5 year,	2 crowbars,
	5 axes,
10 pairs gears,	1 patent cutting box,
7 pairs fly nets,	1 reaper and mower combined,
1 road wagon,	9 forks,
2 farm drags,	2 grindstones,
1 spring wagon,	3 iron kettles,
1 buggy,	2 copper do.
2 wagon beds,	275 head poultry
2 fanning mills,	
1 corn planter,	

MONTHLY TABLE.

SHOWING ADMISSIONS, DISCHARGES, DURING YEAR.

1874.	Inmates at House Dec. 1 1874	Admitted	Discharged	Removed	Births	Deaths	Child'n bound	Men	Women	Children	Total	Adults	Foreign	Remaining each month
December	30	1						16	16	8	40	32	8	40
November	30							16	16	8	40	32	8	40
October	30		1					16	16	8	40	32	8	39
September	30		1					16	16	8	40	32	8	38
August	30		1					16	16	8	40	32	8	37
July	30		1					16	16	8	40	32	8	36
June	30		1					16	16	8	40	32	8	35
May	30		1					16	16	8	40	32	8	34
April	30		1					16	16	8	40	32	8	33
March	30		1					16	16	8	40	32	8	32
February	30		1					16	16	8	40	32	8	31
Up to Jan'y 1	30		1					16	16	8	40	32	8	30
1875 Jan. 1	30	1						16	16	8	40	32	8	31
Admitted														
Discharged														
Removed														
Births														
Deaths														
Child'n bound														
Men	30	2						18	16	8	42	34	8	32
Women	30	2						18	16	8	42	34	8	33
Children	30	2						18	16	8	42	34	8	34
Total	90	6						54	48	24	126	102	24	99
Adults	60	4						36	32	16	84	68	16	65
Foreign	10							9	8	4	21	17	4	16

Of the inmates in House on December 1, 1874, there were Simians, 4 males, 4 females.

In testimony of the correctness of the above account and statement we do hereunto set our hands this 7th day of December, A. D. 1875.

M. H. KYPER, GILBERT HORNING, A. W. EVANS, Directors of the Poor.

Attest: G. W. WHITTAKER, Clerk. Feb.4,1876-4t

GORDON'S FOOD FOR HORSES AND CATTLE.

This valuable food, composed of strictly vegetable ingredients, has proved itself to be one of the most beneficial articles of diet yet introduced.

When fed to Horses it gives perfect condition, greater spirit, and is highly recommended for broken and thick-winded horses.

When used on Dairy Cows it invariably increases the production to what would be obtained when cows are fed on rich spring grass, and the quality of the butter is greatly improved.

When used to fatten Cattle and Hogs it accomplishes it in less time and at less cost. It causes perfect digestion, and no more pleasant proof of this can be found than in the absence of that disagreeable odor that attends cattle when being heavily fed.

For further information respecting the food, and for pamphlets containing certificates to the above facts, apply to HENRY & CO., dec24-3m] Huntingdon, Pa.

FITS! FITS! FITS!

WM. M. PARKER,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

would inform his friends in town and country, that he has opened a shop on

PENN STREET,

four doors West of J. B. Myton's store, and is prepared to furnish everything in his line of business, at the shortest notice, and in the neatest and most

FASHIONABLE STYLES,

at prices to suit the times.

All kinds of CUSTOM WORK and REPAIRING done to order, and full satisfaction guaranteed.

CALL AND EXAMINE FOR YOURSELVES. Oct6-1y.

MRS. M. MOORE,

325 PENN AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

To The Ladies.

I am just in receipt of a large invoice of

MOST ELEGANT GOODS,

which will be closed out at great bargains and at one half their real value. In part as follows:

FRENCH GARMENTS,

consisting in part of

SHADED VELVET DRESSES,

ELEGANT SILK CLOAKS,

lined with the finest furs, Palorene Sacks, new style Cloth Cloaks, Over Dresses, Neck Scarfs, block and white Damasse Camel's Hair Costumes, Scilliene Jackets, Hats and Bonnets, and a large invoice of Seal Skin Sacques, Muffs and Boas, a magnificent assortment of Real Lace Flouncings. October 27, 1875.-y

SEEDS! SEEDS!

Send your address at once to Messrs. J. R. and A. MURDOCH, *Nurserymen, Florists and Seedsmen*, No. 112 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa., and get their new Catalogue of RELIABLE VEGETABLE AND FLOWER SEEDS just issued, also of Fruit and Ornamental Trees in great variety. [feb11-3m

FOUR HOUSES FOR RENT OR SALE.

Wm. March & Brother have four houses for rent or sale. One is a neat and comfortable brick the others frame. Terms very reasonable. [j14-27

New Advertisements.

HUNTINGDON Academy and Seminary.

For particulars address or apply to the Principal,

Rev. W. W. CAMPBELL, Huntingdon, Pa. jan14-4t]

S. STUTZ,

MINING AND MECHANICAL ENGINEER,

Office 964 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa., examines and Surveys Coal Mines and Mining Properties, furnishes working plans and estimates for Mines. The erection of Improved Coke Ovens and Washing Machinery a specialty. He also will superintend the establishment and working of Mines. [jan14-6m

BOOK-BINDING.

The undersigned is agent for the Lancaster Book-Bindery, and will attend regularly to collecting books, magazines, papers, etc., for binding, and return the work neatly, substantially and cheaply done. GAIUS M. BRUMBAUGH, 521 Washington street, Huntingdon, Pa.

dec 24,'75 tf.]

are the best the world produces. They are planted by a million people in America, and the result is beautiful Flowers and splendid Vegetables. A Priced Catalogue sent FREE to all who inclose the postage—a 2 cent stamp.

Vick's Floral Guide, Quarterly, 25 cents a year.

Vick's Flower and Vegetable Garden, 35 cents with cloth covers 65 cents.

Address, JAMES VICK, Rochester, N. Y. Jan. 7, 1876 No. 3.]

THE STANDARD OF THE WORLD Over 300 Modifications. TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF EVERY BUSINESS FAIRBANKS & EWING. 715 CHESTNUT ST PHILADELPHIA.

December 24, 75-1y

FRENCHS' HOTEL,

ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN

Opposite City Hall, Park, Court House and New Post-Office,

NEW YORK.

All Modern Improvements, including Elevator. Rooms $1 per day and upwards.

T. J. FRENCH & BROS, Proprietors. July28-1yr.

ONE THOUSAND PIECES

Spring Dress Fabrics

At about half value.

Two Cases Plaids, 12½ cents.

One Case Vigoine Serges, 15 cents.

One Case Persian Suitings, 18 cents.

One Case De Bege Suitings, 20 cents

One Case Solway Suitings, 25 cents.

Two Cases Silk Chek Mix, 25 cents.

Two cases Silk Plaid Suitings, 28 c.

One case All-Wool Diagonals, 37½c.

The attention of all purchasers of Dress Goods is invited to the above Special Bargains, as the goods cannot be found elsewhere at the prices in America.

New Advertisements.

IS IT YOU

Who said that you would like to get such Clothing as City People wear, rather than the *wholesale goods* commonly sold? This will tell you how to do it.

The very large increase of our business allows us to make A STILL LOWER SCALE OF PRICES, AND

You Can Save Enough

in buying a Suit at Oak Hall

TO PAY FOR THE TRIP

from anywhere in this County to the City of Philadelphia, and have a day of sight-seeing besides. Wanamaker & Brown stand by this Statement, and so will you after one trial.

Character of the Goods we sell! For Men & Boys.

TO be sure of what we sell we manufacture our goods, some of them in our own building. They are well cut, sewed and finished. They can be relied upon. Somebodyers out of the city misrepresent us when they say they sell our goods, at our *de ad wholesale*, but neither wholesale nor retail. We bear no ill will to any one, and state this only because some dealers sell poor goods as coming from our house. To each of our customers we are responsible for articles bought of us. By our plan of Ticketing the right manner of the materials in our goods, no one can be imposed as to qualities.

How Wanamaker & Brown treat their CUSTOMERS.

THE price is plain figures and nothing *off*. The same price to acquaintances and strangers. To city people and country people equal advantages. With each article sold, a Guarantee is given, that the Price is as low as it can be bought anywhere, and that the quality is as represented; also, that the money will be paid back in full, if purchaser within 10 days wishes, for any reason, to return the goods, unworn.

Exactly where the Store is.

THIS is important indeed, because unprincipled people having stores in Philadelphia, counterfeit our signs, cards, advertisements, and stay strangers on the street, with false directions about where the store is, so that they may sell their counterfeit goods. There is but one Oak Hall in Philadelphia, it is a large building, the size of four ordinary stores, and is on the South-east corner of SIXTH—SIXTH—SIXTH—SIXTH—SIXTH—SIXTH and Market Streets.

Those who cannot come to the City.

WE send patterns of material and prices by mail when requested. Persons can have made-up goods sent by Express, by ordering their measure (we furnish easy directions that any one can measure by,) and therefore order wanted, and price desired. Payment can be made to the Express Co. on receipt of goods, and the privilege of examining them is allowed before paying. Where goods do not please, we will return the money and pay the expressage back to Philadelphia.

You should be sure to see our name on the Building and over the door as you enter

WANAMAKER & BROWN.

GIANT TOBACCO WORKS!

MUSSELMAN & CO.,

Louisville, Ky.,

Manufacturers of all kinds of CHEWING TOBACCO, also the celebrated

GIANT AND IRONSIDE NAVY.

To be had in Pittsburgh of R. & W. Jenkinson's, John Fullerton & Son, J. W. Taylor, Martin Hoyt, T. J. Wallace, J. M. Schiel & Co., Pinnecott & Co., Carter Brothers, Dilworth Brothers, T. C. Jenkins, Knox & Orr, C. Atwell & Co., S. F. Fielding, Herzog & Buchanan, Fretchell Bros., Henry Dallmayer, also all other Tobacco and Grocery Houses. [j.and.6m.

MUSLINS AND SHEETINGS.

New York Mills, 12½ cts.

Wamsutta, 12½ cts.

Davol, 11 cts.

Fruit of the Loom, 10 cents.

Besides the above standard goods, we have every reliable make of Muslins and Sheetings, in all the widths, at lower prices than they have ever been sold, even before the war.

The attention of Housekeepers and Proprietors of Hotels is invited.

HOUSEKEEPING LINEN GOODS.

We have made extraordinary preparations in this department for the business of the Centennial year, and now offer the finest stock of

Housefurnishing Linens

We have great bargains in Table Cloths and Napkins, Towels and Towelings, Turkey Red Doylies, Floor Linens, Crash, &c., &c., &c.

Many of the goods in this department cannot be duplicated at the prices when sold.

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER,

N. W. CORNER EIGHTH AND MARKET STREETS.

PHILADELPHIA.

Poor House Accounts.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES of Huntingdon County Alms House from December 2, 1874, to December 7, 1875, inclusive.

DR. RECEIPTS.

To amount drawn from County Treasury on orders	$14,622 12
To John Logan, Steward, for cash of different persons	70 96
To amount paid T. W. Montgomery, esq., percentage for 1874	335 48
	$15,028 56

CR. EXPENDITURES.

By labor on farm, including farmer's wages	$461 23
Landis, Colegate, and Myers, for smithing	104 95
Lime, plaster and phosphate	154 90
P. H. Burket for 8 acres of land	500 00
D. N. Kyper for hay horse	156 00
M. H. Kyper for cow	20 00
R. B. Petriken, esq., Executor of Stine's estate, for wagon	110 50
E. Montgomery fanning mill	50 00
Numerous persons for sundries	176 38
	1704 96
FOR PROVISIONS.	
By sundry persons for 10,519 lbs beef	829 80
" " 6107 " pork	565 14
Fish, flour, potatoes, honey, butter, apples, &c	191 98
	1586 92
FOR MERCHANDISE.	
By numerous persons for merchandise	1076 99
By numerous persons for clothing	120 50
By numerour persons for hardware	84 36
	2181 85
FOR "OUT-DOOR" EXPENSES.	
By relief afforded 50 cases continuous during the year	2669 75
Relief afforded several cases less than a year	1272 21
Relief afforded several cases