The Huntingdon Journal.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1875.

READING MATTER ON EVERY PAGE.

W. L. FOULK,
Agent of the Pennsylvania, Ohio and West Virginia Press Association,
is the only person in Pittsburgh authorized to receive advertisements for the JOURNAL. He has our best rates.

Laws Relating to Newspaper Subscriptions and Arrearages.

The following is the law relating to newspapers and subscribers.

1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered wishing to continue their subscription,
2. If subscribers order the discontinuance of their periodicals, the publishers may continue to send them until all arrearages are paid.
   If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their periodicals from the office to which they are directed, they are held responsible until they have settled their bills, and ordered them discontinued.
4. If subscribers move to other places without informing the publishers, and the papers are sent to the former direction, they are held responsible.
5. The Courts have decided that "refusing to take periodicals from the office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, is *prima facie* evidence of intentional fraud.
6. Any person who receives a newspaper and makes use of it, whether he has ordered it or not, is held in law to be a subscriber.
7. If subscribers pay in advance, they are bound to give notice to the publisher, at the end of their time, if they do not wish to continue taking it; otherwise the publisher is authorized to send it on, and the subscriber will be responsible until an express notice, with payment of all arrears, is sent to the publisher.

HUNTINGDON POST OFFICE.

Time of Arrival and Closing of the Mails.

Mails arrive as follows:

From the East at 7.32 a. m., 5.35 p. m., 8.10 p. m.
" West at 8.30 a. m., 9.24 a. m., 4.10 p. m. (closed mail from Altoona and Petersburg,) and 10.53 p. m.
" South (Huntingdon and Broad Top R. R.) 6.35 p. m., and closed mail from Bedford at 8.25 a. m.
" Donation and Conpropst's Mills, (Wednesdays and Saturdays) at 12 m.
" Union Church (Wednesdays and Saturdays) at 11 a. m.

Close as follows:

For the East at 9.00 a. m., 8.15 p. m.
" West at 11.40 a. m., (closed mail to Petersburg,) 5.10 p. m., 7.45 p. m.
" South (H. & B. T. R. R.) at 8.30 a. m., and closed mail to Bedford at 7.45 p. m.
" Donation and Conpropst's Mills, (Wednesdays and Saturdays) at 1 p. m.
" Union Church (Wednesdays and Saturdays,) at 1 p. m.

Office open from 6.30 a. m. to 8.30 p. m., except Sundays and legal holidays, when it will be open from 8 a. m. to 9 a. m.

J. HALL MUSSER, Postmaster.

REDUCTION!

Until further notice, we propose to insert *specials*, or *locals*, in our local columns—not among the items, but distributed through the local matter—at TEN CENTS per line, eight ordinary words constituting a line. No charge, however, will be made for less than fifty cents. tf

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

Brief Mention—Home-made and Stolen.

Get vaccinated.

Subscribe for the JOURNAL.

Euchre parties are popular.

Advertise your holiday goods.

Sunday was a cold, gloomy day.

The horse disease is disappearing.

The country roads are terribly rough.

Surprise parties are coming to the front.

Altoonians have organized a cavalry company.

The deer shooting season closed on Wednesday.

The cabbage crop has been large, and sauerkraut is abundant.

Holiday goods opening at the JOURNAL Store. Call and see them.

The shop windows are beginning to wear a holiday appearance.

Koch brothers have been improving their quarters very much.

The little folks are in ecstacies at the near approach of the holidays.

The late Institute was not as interesting as some of the former ones. Why is this thus?

Old Boreas was on a high on Monday morning, and for an hour or so made things lively.

The Silver Cornet Band occupies its new quarters in the third story of Port's new building.

John M'Coy has leased Port's billiard saloon for a term of years, and proposes running it in person.

"Where's Jim?" was the question that agitated the mind of a copper-colored damsel the other evening.

Look out for well executed counterfeit ten dollar notes on the First National Bank of Philadelphia.

Harry Fisher has the handsomest restaurant in town, and he keeps everything as bright as a new pin.

Our friend, Thomas Carmon, esq., has been confined to his room for several days past, by an attack of erysipelas.

Examine the tab on your paper and see if it is marked up to 1876. Don't forget to do this, when you have read this item.

A very small number of deer have been killed in this neighborhood, this season.—They are said to be very scarce.

Dr. B. F. Harry, an old and highly respected citizen of Bedford, committed suicide, by taking a dose of poison, on Friday last.

No effort has been made to improve Eighth street yet. Will the street Commissioner please give this locality a little attention?

A gentleman from Barree township, left twenty peerless potatoes, at our office, weighing twenty-four pounds. Who can beat this?

The Elders of the Presbytery of Huntingdon will hold their annual meeting in the Presbyterian church at Clearfield commencing Dec. 14th.

Our popular clothier friend, Tommy Montgomery, now occupies his new quarters at the corner of Fifth and Washington streets. Go and see him.

Mr. Joseph Eckley, of Jackson township, killed a five-pronged buck several weeks ago. He is ahead as far as heard from, and the season is over.

We understand that Valentine Brown, esq., has rented his tavern stand to Mr. Hess, of Petersburg, and proposes retiring to private life. Lucky man.

We have the best appointed country printing office in the State, and are prepared to do all kinds of work in a style unsurpassed by none. Send along your orders.

A man named John Heffner, a railroad employee, was badly hurt, on Monday evening last. One of his feet was badly crushed, but amputation will not be necessary.

Postmaster Musser receives a daily report from the Signal Service, at Washington, and old "Probs" predictions are bulletined every day, in the post-office, for the benefit of the public.

The Lakeside Library is a republication of some of the best fiction in the English language, written by authors of world-wide reputation and retailed at TEN CENTS for a single complete volume.

A fracas occurred among our colored brethren, on Tuesday night, near the corner of Fifth and Church streets, and for a time they made a great noise in that locality—only that and nothing more.

Religious revivals are in progress in the rural districts, and much good is being done. A good, old-fashioned revival in Huntingdon—one that would cause a shaking among the drg bones—is what is wanted.

Mothers, do you want to keep your children at home in the evenings? If you do, then go to the JOURNAL Store and purchase a box of those interesting games for them. That will do it, you may depend upon it.

The *Era*, of last week, contains the valedictory of its editor, Jos. Bardine, esq., the establishment having passed into the hands of John M. Bowman, esq., of Johnstown, who purposes reviving the *Times*. We wish all parties success.

Hard times suggests handsome and appropriate holiday gifts, which do not cost an extravagant price. Such can be had at the JOURNAL Store. The stock has been selected with a view to usefulness and appropriateness. Call in and see them.

We understand that an effort is on foot to get up an excursion party to Philadelphia, to hear Moody and Sankey. The fare, for the trip, we are informed, will be two dollars.—Cheap as dirt, and a large party ought to be raised without any trouble.

Geo. A. Port, esq., is having the room lately occupied by the Silver Cornet Band kalsomined and handsomely grained in oak, preparatory to the putting in of his billiard tables. Our friend, Adam Hoffman, as good a painter as ever flipped a brush, is doing the job.

A religious revival has been in progress in the United Brethren church, in West Huntingdon for a week or two past, and some twenty-five persons have been converted.—May the good work continue until scores of sinners are converted and taken into the fold.

Our office is now heated by a heater put up by Messrs. Buchanan & Son, which performs its functions extremely well. If any of our contemporaries want to see a well regulated office we advise them to give the JOURNAL office a call. It is complete in every department.

One of the questions dropped into the "query box," at the Institute last week, wanted to know whether the School Directors were *legally* selling school books. The Directors who are setting a *splendid* example of violating the laws of the country before the children, did not answer.

Huntingdon has some of the worst-behaved boys—and girls, too—in the State. Their conduct, during the Wednesday evening session of the Institute was simply outrageous. The party that occupied the south-west corner on that evening should have been booted from the building.

Several cases of small-pox are reported in our neighboring county of Bedford, and as the Broad Top road traverses the infected locality, this loathsome disease might make its appearance in our town any day. We advise immediate vaccination as a protection against it. "An ounce of prevention," you know, "is worth a pound of cure."

As the season for wearing overshoes is at hand, the following simple recipe for mending rubbers will prove timely and worth inserting in your memorandum book: To mend rubber boots, cut up some pure rubber in very small pieces and dissolve in Benzine. Put a patch of rubber over the place to be mended, and stick it on with the solution.

Our old friend, Mrs. Harrison, wife of Capt. Harrison, fell down the cellar steps, of her residence on Monday, evening, severely spraining her back and sustaining other serious injuries. Mrs. Harrison seems to be unfortunate, having fell down stairs about twenty-four years ago, breaking her hip and rendering her a cripple for life. She has our sympathy in her misfortune.

Ladies, now is the time to buy your patterns of Winter styles at the JOURNAL store.—We are selling large numbers daily. The Domestic Patterns are universally admitted to be the best in the market. We refer with pleasure to Mrs. Libkicker, Miss Mary Bumbaugh, Mrs. Madara, Miss Sade Search or any other Dress-maker in town. Any pattern not on hand promptly ordered. tf.

NEW BOOKS.—Donnelley, Loyd & Co., the publishers of *The Lakeside Library*, announce a cheap edition of George MacDonald's new and famous historical novel, "St. George and St. Michael." It is a stirring story of the Civil Wars in England, when men argued with swords the great questions of civil and religious liberty. The present volume is already conceded to be MacDonald's greatest as well as latest work, and the author himself is justly considered the Walter Scott of the day.—Though the ordinary price of the book is $1.75, *The Lakeside Library* edition is sent, postpaid, for only 25 cents!

The same publishers have also issued "Ward or Wife?" a sparkling, vivacious story, told in a brisk, crispy way, and, indeed, one of the most entertaining books of the season. It is sent, postpaid, for only 12 cents.

Truly, these publishers have brought about the millenium of cheap literature.

For sale by all newsdealers, or sent postpaid by Donnelly, Loyd & Co., pub's. Chicago.

These publications are to be had at the JOURNAL Store.

Thirty-three years have passed since the introduction of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, and it still stands unrivalled. Price, 25 cents; five bottles $1.

PLEASANT AND PROFITABLE. — In spending "spare" time all ought to spend it in such a manner as to combine the useful with the amusing. Below we give a recipe for transferring pictures to painted surfaces, a profitable amusement: Cover the ground with an even coat of light-colored carriage varnish, which should be allowed to set (nearly as dry as if for gilding.) If the print to be transferred be colored, soak it in salt and water; if not colored use water alone.—Remove superfluous water by pressing between blotting pads, then place the picture face down upon the varnish, pressing it smooth. When the varnish is dry, dampen the paper and rub it off with the finger. The picture will be found upon the varnish, and another coat of lather should be added to bring out the effect. This process answers equally well for glass or metal surfaces.

TRIBUTE TO THE DEAD.—Our Fort Cameron, Utah, Correspondent, "H. C. A.," whose interesting letters from that region of the great west have been so attentively read in the *Tribune*, has forwarded us a beautiful poetical tribute to two of his friends who died at Beaver City, on Nov. 1st. They were formerly, he says, of Birmingham, Huntingdon Co., and no doubt have still friends, or relatives living there. The mother's maiden name, he also thinks, was Rivers, afterwards Leon; and he asks us to publish it for the information of Mrs. Leon's friends, if there are any, in her former place of residence. The tribute is to Mrs. Leon and her daughter.—*Altoona Tribune.*

REMEMBER THIS.—Now is the time of the year for Pneumonia, Lung Fever, Coughs, Colds, and fatal results of predisposition to Consumption and other Throat and Lung diease. BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP has been in this neighborhood for the past two or three years without a single failure to cure. If you have not used this medicine yourself, go to your druggist's S. S. Smith, and ask him of its wondrful success among his customers. Two doses will releive worst the case. If you have no faith in any medicine, just buy a Sample Bottle of Boschee's German Syrup for 10 cents and try it. Regular size Bottle 75 cents. Don't neglect a cough to save 75 cents. eow.

There is, probably, no way in which we can benefit our readers more than by recommending to them for general use *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment*. It is adapted to almost all the purposes of a Family Medicine; and as a specific for coughs, colds, whooping cough, soreness of the chest, lame stomach, rheumatism, spitting of blood, and all lung difficulties, it has no equal that ever we saw or heard of.

CHRONIC GRUMBLERS.—Business men of Huntingdon, what are you grumbling about? You've no right to do it, because you don't strive to help yourselves. You talk about hard times—well who makes them hard? Do you hear the man who liberally advertises his business grumbling? He makes the use of printers' ink; his notices are scattered broadcast, he has goods to sell, and he uses the papers as a medium to tell the people of it, and the consequence is that "hard times" don't touch him. But you say, "I have been established in this place for years, it is not a large city, and everybody knows me." Nonsense, everybody don't know! that is where you make your grand mistake, you don't care to use printers' ink which goes into every household far and near, and will tell everybody all about you. The first thing you know, a new man with more enlightened ideas, will open right near you; he will advertise freely and his custom will increase, and yours decrease, until you will wish that you had not been so long established in one spot, and one idea, as to grow into a fossil. What would you think of a farmer who would buy a farm, and lay in a good stock of seed in his store house, and fence off his ground nicely, and without sowing at all, would go out into his fields in the pleasant summer weather, and perch himself upon his fences, and curse because the seed didn't spring up? Well that is just what you are doing? Do you want to reap without sowing? Do you expect to enjoy the abundance of the earth without planting? You might just as well tap the granite rock with an inch auger, and put a tub under the hole expecting to draw it full of honey. One of the great cardinal principals of the true business man is, Advertise? Advertise!! Advertise!!! Look around you, wherever you see a large, and successful business, wherever you see the merchant enjoying prosperity, you will find through dull times, and lively, through encouragement, and discouragement, he has never ceased to Advertise. The Altoona *Tribune* may claim this credit.

WM. H. FISHER'S LADIES' AND GENT'S DINING ROOMS.—This experienced caterer has just opened up a superb set of Dining Rooms, immediately opposite the depot, in Blair's new building, where the lover of good things can be gratified to his heart's content. A room, elaborately furnished, to meet the wants of the ladies, has been fitted up, where they will be entirely free from the publicity which too frequently characterize these resorts. The furnishing is of a superior character, and the tables groan beneath the best to be had. Oysters are served up in all styles, and splendidly served up at that. Lunch, warm and cold, served up at all hours. Everything is to be found here that is usually found in first-class saloons. His confectionery is supplied with the newest and best of candies, nuts and fruits, and every effort is made to gratify the taste. The lady who does the honors studies to please, and she comprehends what is expected at her hands. We bespeak a splendid patronage for Harry from an appreciative public.

POSTAGE ON NEWSPAPERS.—By the recent decision of the Postmaster General publishers have a right to prepay the postage at the usual rates on all papers ordered to be sent from offices for no matter how short a time, if only for once. This decides that a subscription to a paper is the payment for the same by any person for any purpose, and the direction that it be sent to a person, or persons whose names are given the publishers for any length of time, short or long, whether one week, one month or one year.

THE most prompt and reliable Newspaper Advertising Agent we have ever known in Pittsburgh—at least since the days of Wm. Bingham, Jr.,—is Col. W. L. Foulk, the indefatigable and gentlemanly agent of the Pennsylvania, Ohio and West Virginia Newspaper Association, whose office will be found in the *Gazette* building. Col. Foulk is a thorough business man and prompt in his payments.—We wish there was such an agency in every city in the Union.—*Wayne Co. Messenger.*

HUNTINGDON AND BROAD TOP RAILROAD—*Report of Coal Shipped:*

	TONS
For week ending Nov. 27, 1875	7030
Same time last year	4586
Increase for week	2444
Decrease for week	
Total amount shipped to date	347,058
Same date last year	279,000
Increase for year 1875	68,058
Decrease	

BEST BUSINESS WRITING—A JUST AWARD.—Prof. Cowley, of the Iron City College, Pittsburgh, was awarded by the late Exposition of that city, a special premium, *over all other competitors* for "Best Business Writing." This award meets with general approval, since it is well known that both as a teacher and penman, Prof. Cowley stands at the head of the profession in the United States.

BLACK Navy Tobacco, only 50 cts. a plug, at Cheap John's, Mt. Union. [Nov.24 2t.

SUBSCRIPTIONS to Harpers' *Weekly*, Harpers' *Bazar* and Harpers' *Monthly*, for the year 1876, taken at the JOURNAL Store, at the advertised rates, and sent to any part of the Country.—We will send either of the above named periodicals and the JOURNAL to one address, for one year, for $500 cash, in advance, when not sent out of the county, and $5,25 when otherwise. Here is your chance for Centennial Literature. Send us $5, and be happy for a year to come. tf.

The propriety of giving condition medicine to horses, cattle and sheep, was discussed and admitted by many of the Agricultural Societies throughout the State last Fall, and we believe that in every case but one they decided in favor of *Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders*. Good judgment.

Every body should use Lava Pens. They will outlast all other pens. They are not corrosive. They are excellent. Durborrow & Co., have the sole agency for the county.—$2.00 per gross. 20 cents per dozen. 2 cents apiece. tf.

A SURE CURE FOR SEAT AND STOMACH WORMS. *Dr. Hutchinson's Vegetable Worm Destroyer.*—Price, 25 cents a box. For sale by Druggists and Storekeepers. A. W. Wright & Co., Wholesale Druggists, Market and Front Streets, Philadelphia. [nov3-6m

HARPER BROTHERS' have sent us their "Holiday Supplement" of gift books. If any of our readers want to make a purchase of a good book for some friend leave your order at the JOURNAL Store. tf.

MRS. E. M. SIMONSON, formerly E. M. Africa, has just returned from Philadelphia, with a handsome assortment of hats, choice goods and novelties of the season. All are invited to call. Corner of Fifth and Penn Sts., Huntingdon, Pa. tf.

The Daily Morning *Patriot*, ten hours earlier than any other eastern paper, for sale at the JOURNAL News Depot. Leave your orders immediately. tf.

The largest amount of Wedding Stationery ever brought to Huntingdon at the JOURNAL Store. tf

Every school boy and school girl should have one of Wiley's Union pens. tf.

EPIZOOTIC.—For good and cheap horse blankets, go to Bisbin, 606 Washington Street. Nov.17 3t*

Reported by Prof. J. IRVIN WHITE.]

HUNTINGDON COUNTY TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.—Pursuant to call of County Superintendent the Institute convened at the Court House at 2 o'clock, p. m., Monday, November 22d, 1875. The exercises were opened by Rev. M. P. Doyle and an organization was effected by the election of James Norris, Secretary and A. R. Kauffman Assistant Secretary. An address of welcome was delivered by Rev. Jesse Akers, responded to by J. Irvin White. By both persons the teachers were urged to renewed zeal in their calling and to faithful attendance upon the exercises of the Institute. The following persons were then elected a committee on permanent certificates: Misses D. Emma Huntsman, Emma Isenberg, Messrs H. McKibben, M. R. Evans and J. Irvin White.

EVENING SESSION.

The question, How can parents be induced to visit our schools? was discussed, opened by W. F. D. Noble, followed by Rev. D. W. Hunter, J. G. Corbin, Rev. A. G. Dole, J. I. White, and others. The principal points elicited were: Too often teaching is considered the teacher's business entirely, parents having nothing to do with it; parents are not always made welcome; parents should be specially invited to visit the schools to encourage the teacher and not to find fault; special exercises, such as composition and declamation, should be had at stated periods to which parents should be invited.

TUESDAY FORENOON.

Session opened by reading and prayer by Rev. Dole. Mr. Criswell opened a discussion upon the Proper Use of Text Books. Avoid a too close adherance to the words of the text book; teach not words, but ideas. Mr. C. was followed by others who agreed in the main with him.

Prof. Raub on Language Culture. The lecturer called attention to the importance of the subject by placing upon the blackboard some specimens of business notices which bid defiance to all rules of grammar and orthography. Object lessons were advocated to develop power to use language fluently and correctly.

J. Irvin White addressed the Institute on the subject of School Government. Among other points presented were the following: Be quiet and orderly yourself; be firm and kind; study and apply the principles of human nature; be conciliatory; have confidence in your ability to govern.

James Norris next gave a talk on Civil Government, explaining the different forms of government. The worst form of government is an aristocracy—the best a republican form.

Mr. Kauffman gave his views upon tae question, Can the teacher, with propriety, participate in the out-door exercises of his pupils? He answered in the affirmative. Mr. Criswell thought that the presence of his teacher would often be an improper restraint upon the pupils in their plays. Miss Emma Isenberg had found by experience that mingling with her pupils in their plays increased their love and respect for her, and made school government easier. Other remarks were made to the same effect.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Prof. A. N. Raub spoke on the subject of School Ethics, dwelling especially upon the duties of the teacher. Teachers should be patient—not hasty either in punishing or in forming judgment—should always be ready to acknowledge mistakes; merited commendation should never be withheld from pupils; the teacher should be an example of punctuality and promptness, should be truthful and impartial; the teacher should keep his eye as much as possible on the school.

J. I. White continued the subject of School Government. Keep pupils busily and profitably employed; vary the exercises occasionally; work by a carefully prepared programme which should extend to study as well as to recitation; be earnest and enthusiastic in school work; govern on low pressure system, teach on high pressure system.

Prof. Raub continued the subject of School Ethics. The teacher should be truthful in his actions as well as his words; he who is true to himself cannot be false to any one else. The lecturer advised teachers who have plans of government and instruction which give satisfaction not to change them; create interest in study among the pupils; select matter in all the studies not found in the text book used.

EVENING SESSION.

Mr. Sanderson answered in the affirmative and with feeling and eloquence the question, Are teachers who receive meagre salaries justified in making special preparation for their work? Mr. J. G. Corbin thought increased compensation the only means of procuring better teaching talent. Mr. Prideaux read several selections after which the Institute adjourned.

WEDNESDAY MORNING.

Opening exercises by J. G. Corbin. Professor Raub resumed the subject of Language Culture. Definitions in readers and in dictionaries are often more difficult to comprehend than the word defined; pupils should be required to give full answers to questions; teachers and parents should use correct language; all pupils should be encouraged to compose at school; correction of erroneous expressions an invaluable exercise in language culture; criticism of language used should extend to the play ground, and should include the teacher; comparison of synonyms a good exercise.

J. Irvin White took up the subject of Study and Recitation. The chief object of study to discipline the mind and store it with useful knowledge; pupils should be taught how to study, to concentrate the mind upon a given subject; teachers should make special preparation for every recitation.

James Norris resumed the subject of Civil Government. The republican form of government the most enduring in theory of any form ever devised. He paid a glowing tribute to the United States as the best example of a republican government. He gave an explanation of the different departments of our government and concluded by urging the importance of understanding all, so that we may know when our rights are invaded.

The importance of Music as an exercise in our schools was next discussed by J. G. Corbin, who advocated its importance on account of its elevating and refining influences, &c.—Others were in favor of its adoption in our schools, yet some opposed it on the ground that our schools are already overburdened by too many studies.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Study and Recitation continued by J. Irvin White. The Concert Method good for primary classes, the question and answer method for secondary, and the topical method best for advanced classes. Pupils should do the talking at recitation, the teacher only giving proper direction; teachers should not tell pupils what they already know nor what they can find out for themselves; study to be effective must be voluntary.

School Ethics by Prof. Raub. Teachers should read much for the sake of general information and in a professianal way; they should cultivate the confidence of pupils, assign lessons to suit the average of the class, train the pupils to habits of attention, avoid threatening and scolding, and cultivate a cheerful and pleasant spirit in their schools.

EVENING SESSION.

Mr. Prideaux read a lecture on the "Requirements of a Teacher," and Miss Grim read an essay entitled, "The Teacher compared to a Gardener." Mr. Prideaux read "Farewell, Brother Watkin's" and Mr. James Norris delivered a lecture on the importance of History, particularly that of our own country.

THURSDAY FORENOON.

The institute adjourned at ten o'clock to attend church. The time from 8½ o'clock to adjournment was taken up by James Norris, on Civil Government, and Prof. Raub, on Language Culture. The former subject was discussed at length; it was urged by several that all our pupils in the common schools should have a general knowledge of the genius of our institutions and that therefore the subject of Civil Government should be taught in our public schools.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Our Common School system—its defects and their remedies, was ably discussed by M. R. Evans. Among defects he mentioned the fact that from sixty to eighty thousand children failed to avail themselves of the opportunities of a common school education—remedy, compulsory education. Other prominent defects and their remedies were spoken of, but want of space forbids their mention here.

Prof. Raub spoke to the directors present on the importance and duties of their office.—They should visit the schools, encourage the teacher, furnish apparatus, ornament school grounds, etc.

J. I. White then introduced the subject of Grammar. Grammar as taught in our schools fails to accomplish the end intended. It does not make good writers and speakers; it is taught too much as a science and not as an art. We must teach more by example, and begin to teach correct use of language by precept and example as soon as the child enters school; all incorrect forms of expression must be banished from the teacher's vocabulary so that he may teach by example.

Prof. Raub gave a talk on Moral training; habits mollify conscience; introduces questions of casuistry among your pupils; illustrate morality by examples from biography; habits make the character; destruction of school property, defacing of desks, &c., can be prevented by appeals to the moral sense of pupils. Get the assistance of parents; extravagant hyperbole of the nature of falsehood.

EVENING SESSION.

Essay by D. Emma Huntsman, "Know Thyself." The teacher should know himself mentally, morally, and physically. Prof. Raub delivered a lecture entitled "Self-Made."—Without the power of self development man is little above the brute; well developed, he is but a little lower than the angels. All must develop themselves by self help, so that all educated men are self made. Energy, self reliance and individual action is the secret of success. The lecture was entertaining and instructive, abounding in illustrations and anecdotes.

FRIDAY MORNING.

An interesting exercise on pronunciation was given by Prof. Raub, who afterward concluded his talk on Moral training; profanity a prevalent evil in the rising generation; moral courage the highest form of bravery; kindness, self reliance and politeness were spoken of.

J. Irvin White resumed the subject of Grammar. In this study especially words are committed without ideas. Every rule and principle ought to be illustrated by numerous examples, and every rule and principle should be applied as soon as learned.

The exercises of the institute were enlivened at frequent intervals by music. Mrs. Nannie Green presided at the organ and the pupils of the public school did the singing.

The time for adjournment having arrived, a number of resolutions were passed, the Superintendent addressed the Institute, and the Association adjourned *sine die.*

[By Request.]

TO BE GOOD AND DO GOOD.—*A Novel way of Curing Diseases.*—Some of the best writers among the Spiritualists, Robert Dale Owen, Samuel Watson, Dr. Eugene Crowell, and quite recently our friend Cyrus Jeffries, have written most ably upon this subject. Mr. Owen's writings speak for themselves wherever cultured minds are seeking for classical and dignified statements of profound truths. Samuel Watson, with his Clock Struck One, Two, and Three, and his Spiritual Magazine, is making his mark in the churches, and among the people, Dr. Crowell's book has given him a wide reputation as a clear thinker and able writer. We are glad to know that Mr. Owen appreciates the labors of our friend Cyrus Jeffries, as he has sent for several copies of his sermon published in this paper.

A little more than two years ago, Mr. Jeffries called upon us, stated that he was a clergyman from the interior of our State, that he had a painful, and what was considered an incurable, affection of one of his limbs, by all the physicians he had consulted. He came under spiritual impression, although he was not very familiar with Spiritualism. We found he had outgrown the fallacies of old theology, and as one by one of these had fallen off, he had been teaching Spiritualism.

On examining his limb we advised him to submit to the treatment of two of our healers, Dr. Jacob L. Paxson, and Dr. Sarah M. Buckwalter, who are clairvoyant physicians and who combine their healing powers in a most effectual manner. He was treated by them, and a few weeks afterwards wrote as follows: "I feel myself greatly benefitted from your manipulations, or laying on of hands. I was treated in your rooms for a disease in my foot. As I am a minister and have been preaching that the true doctrine of healing was through spiritual magnetism, by the laying on of hands, and as your laying on of hands on my person has proved a success, a number of the people here think you have performed a miracle in my case, and as I am well convinced that it is the true system of healing, and the one practiced eighteen hundred years ago, by Christ and his apostles."

I desire to speak of the practical character of Christianity as taught and exemplified by Jesus, for the latter is that which characterized him, and when mankind learn to estimate the value of true lives, they will realize that it is not so much the teachings as the practical life that moves the world and leaves an indelible impress upon it.

Jesus went about doing good to the bodies and souls of men,—this was the essence of his religion. His creed may be summed up in the short sentence "to do good and to be good." The new commandment which he gave, and which embodies the sum and substance of his teachings, is "that ye love one another."

There has been a great amount of theoretical religion in the world, searching after God, and professing to love him, but only that which has a basis of love of humanity, which was, and is, the badge of discipleship, will stand the test and remain as genuine, while all the rest will pass away and be burned as chaff and stubble.

Among the practical labors of Jesus was the healing of the sick; and this has been a characteristic trait of modern Spiritualism from its inception. Almost all the mediums, and great numbers who are ignorant of their mediumship, have been influenced to heal the sick.

Jesus said, "Believe me for the very work's sake. Verily, verily I say unto you, he that believeth on me, the works that I do shall he do also; and greater works shall he do, because I go to the Father." Here was an example that mediums should follow; he was not jealous of any one, but tells others they shall do greater things because they will realize stronger spiritual influences as humanity and the spirit-world move onward, and grow nearer to each other.

One of the first lessons of Spiritualism is to teach us to take care of and improve our physical bodies, good health being an essential part of true religion, which includes man's entire being.

The law of love,—the practice of the golden rule, which is the basis of honesty, and the practice of healing, constituted the grand trinity of primitive Christianity, and these are the substantial basis on which Modern Spiritualism rests, and by means of which it will bless the world.

There are those who would attach to Spiritualism ancient Mysticism, Occultism and Magic, but these are tricks and do not belong to it, and the effort will fail.

Christ's mission was, and is, to those who are humbly seeking for the truth in order to embody it in their lives and practices, and so is that of true spiritualism, and when we seek to commune with our loved ones for the purpose of learning of life here and hereafter, and the means by which we may become more loving, more honest and truthful, and better able to do good to the bodies and souls of our fellow-men, then we become true Spiritualists and true Christians. We realize the communion of angels as a divine and holy experience, our religion becomes practical, speaking at all times and everywhere through our lives; and we carry blessings wherever we go.

"For the Blood is the Life."

See Deuteronomy, viii: 23. The blood being the source from which the system is built up, and from which we derive our mental as well as physical capabilities, how vile, festering poisons, all organic functions become enfeebled. Settling upon important organs, as the lungs, liver, and kidneys, the effect is most disastrous. Hence it behooves all to keep their blood in a perfectly healthy condition, and more especially does this apply at this particular season of the year than at any other. No matter what the exciting cause may be, the real cause of a large proportion of all diseases is bad blood. Now, Dr. Pierce does not wish to place his Golden Medical Discovery in the catalogue of quack patent nostrums, by recommending it to cure every disease, nor does he so recommend it; on the contrary, there are hundreds of diseases that he acknowledges it will not cure; but what he does claim is this, that there is but one form of *blood* disease that it will not cure, and that disease is cancer. He does not recommend his Discovery for that disease, yet he knows it to be the most searching blood-cleanser yet discovered, and that it will free the blood and system of all other blood poisons, be they animal, vegetable, or mineral.—The Golden Medical Discovery is *warranted* by him to cure the worst forms of Skin Diseases, as all forms of Blotches, Pimples, and Eruptions; also all Glandular Swellings, and the worst form of Scrofulous and Ulcerated Sores of the Neck, Legs, or other parts, and all Scrofulous Diseases of the Bones, as White Swellings Fever Sores, Hip-joint and Spinal Diseases,—all of which belong to Scrofulous diseases.

CONFIRMED—HIP-JOINT DISEASE CURED.

W. GROVE STATION, Iowa.

Dr. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.:

Dear Sir:—My wife first became lame nine years ago. Swellings would appear and disappear on her hip, and she was gradually becoming reduced, and her whole system rotten with disease. In 1871, a swelling broke on her hip, discharging large quantities, and since that time there are several openings. Have had five doctors, at an expense of $125, who say nothing will do any good but a surgical operation.

July 16, 1875, he writes thus; My wife has certainly received a great benefit from the use of your Discovery, for she was not able to get off the bed and was not expected to live a week when she commenced using it, a year ago. She has been doing most of her work for over six months. Has used twenty bottles and still using it. Her recovery is considered as almost a miracle, and we attribute it all to the use of your valuable medicine. I can cheerfully recommend it as a blood-purifier and strength-restorer, J. M. ROBINSON.

Golden Medical Discovery is sold by all Druggists.

DOUBLE-Thick Navy Tobacco, 20@40 cts. a plug, at Cheap John's, Mt. Union. [no24 2t

Tribute of Respect.

WHEREAS, It has pleased Divine Providence to remove from us our worthy brother, Samuel Neff, whose conduct as a Brother, has endeared him to each of us. Therefore, be it

Resolved, That we do sincerely sympathize with the bereaved family and friends of deceased, and assure them that their loss and sorrow is felt by the members of this Grange.

Resolved, That the name of Brother Samuel Neff will be ever held in remembrance by us, and that the Grange room be draped in mourning for thirty (30) days.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be prepared and sent to Sister Elizabeth Neff, and to the editor of the HUNTINGDON JOURNAL.

WILLIAM MOORE,
A. RENNER,
M. C. ORLADY,
Committee.

A Valuable Medical Treatise.

The edition for 1872 of the sterling Medical Annual, known as Hostetter's Almanac, is now ready, and may be obtained, free of cost, of druggists and general country dealers in all parts of the United States and British America, and indeed in every civilized portion of the Western Hemisphere. It combines with the soundest advice for the preservation and restoration of health, a large amount of interesting and amusing light reading, chronological items, &c., are prepared with great care, and will be found entirely accurate. The issue of Hostetter's Almanac for 1876 will probably be the largest edition of a Medical work ever published in any country. The proprietors, Messrs Hostetter & Smith, Pittsburgh, Pa., on receipt of a two cent stamp, will forward a copy by mail to any person who cannot procure one in his neighborhood. Nov 10-1m.

RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, LUMBAGO, RHEUMATIC GOUT, SCIATICA, NERVOUS and KIDNEY DISEASES, guaranteed cured by Dr. FITLER'S RHEUMATIC REMEDY. JOHN READ & SONS, Sole agents for Huntingdon county. May19-1y.

If you want a daily paper leave your order at the JOURNAL Store and it will be delivered at your residence. tf.

TRIPPLE-Thick Black Cable Tobacco, 55 cts., at Cheap John's, Mt. Union. [nov.24 2t.

BANNER Twist Tobacco, 4 Twists for 25 cts., at Cheap John's, Mt. Union. [nov.24-2t.

HUNTINGDON MARKETS

Corrected Weekly by Henry & Co

WHOLESALE PRICES.

HUNTINGDON, PA. December 2, 1875.

Superfine Flour	$5 50
Extra Flour	6 00
Family Flour	6 40
Red Wheat	1 20
White Wheat	1 25
Bark per cord	7 00
Barley	60
Butter	30
Brooms per dozen	2 00
Beeswax per pound	30
Beans per bushel	2 00
Beef	6
Clovereed ℔ 64 pounds	5 00
Corn ℔ bushel on ear	45
Corn shelled	70
Corn Meal ℔ cwt	2 00
Candles ℔ lb	12½
Dried Apples ℔ lb	3
Dried Cherries ℔ lb	5
Dried Beef	15
Eggs	18
Feathers	75
Flaxseed ℔ bushel	1 00
Hops ℔ lb	20
Hams smoked	14
Shoulder	10
Side	12
Hay ℔ ton	16 00
Lard ℔ lb new	15
Large Onions ℔ bushel	1 00
Oats new	40
Potatoes ℔ bushel, new	40
Plaster ℔ ton ground	13 00
Rye, new	75
Wool, washed	40@50
Wool, unwashed	25@30
Timothy Seed, ℔ 45 pounds	2 50

QUOTATIONS

OF

WHITE, POWELL & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

No. 42 SOUTH THIRD STREET.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 3, 1875.

	BID.	ASKED.
U. S. 1881, c	20½	½
" 5-20, c. '67, M. and N	14½	
" " " '64, " "	14½	
" " " '65, " "	16½	
" " " '65, J. and J	18½	
" " " '67, " "	20½	
" " " '68, " "	20½	
" 10-40, coupon	17½	18
" Pacific 6's, cy	25	
New 6's, Reg. 1881	16½	
" " c. 1881	16½	
Gold	113½	
Silver	107	109
Pennsylvania	50½	51
Reading	55½	
Philadelphia & Erie	19½	20
Lehigh Navigation	59½	
" Valley	62½	
United R. R. of N. J	132½	134
Oil Creek	16½	
Northern Central	33½	
Central Transportation	46½	
Nesquehoning	55	70
C. & A. Mortgage 6's, '89	103¾	104

Philadelphia Produce Market.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 1.

Petroleum, Refined, 12½; crude 10½. Flour inactive; low grades lower; Wisconsin and Minnesota firm at $6@6.50; Pennsylvania do. at $6.37½@6.75; high grades at $7.@8.50. Wheat quiet; Pennsylvania red at $1.35; western do. at $1.07@1.20; white at $1.42@1.50. Corn steady and in