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Laws Relating to Newspaper Subscriptions and Arrangements.

The following is the law relating to newspapers and subscribers: 1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered as wishing to continue their subscription...

MONEY NEEDED BADLY!  
Those indebted to us for Subscription, Advertising and Job Work will Please Pay Up!

We have not the money to run a business that costs from \$4,000 to \$5,000 a year without the assistance of those who receive our stock in trade. Every man ought to think of this and pay up the little that he owes. It may be only a little, but when the fact is taken into consideration that 1200 persons are indebted to us in the county of Huntingdon, these small sums aggregate a large amount of money.

AFTER THE VERDICT.

The late investigation, by a Legislative Committee, of the scandalous reports, which have been circulated throughout Central Pennsylvania, for four or five years, against the late Principal of the Cassville Soldiers' Orphan School, was one of the most remarkable investigations in many respects, that has ever taken place in the history of the State.

No one knew better than Guss that he had led a life of dissoluteness. From infancy he had placed no restraint upon his propensities. When a mere boy his pet phrase was, "It is better to marry than to burn." He never cast his eyes upon a woman but to lust after her. The orphans were his prey because his passions were uncontrollable. He had no fears of the poor, penniless mothers. He had waxed rich. He had robbed the orphans of their daily bread, had clothed them scantily, and appropriated their labor. He was receiving his thousands of dollars annually. They were insignificant!

Once in the political arena he no longer had the pious orphans of Cassville or their penniless mothers to deal with. He had men of means, of character and standing, to cross swords with, and they took up the loud and terrible wail of the outraged orphans, and sent him out of court, where he had sought redress, with the costs upon his own head. Then for the first time he realized that his dissoluteness was known to the world, and that he would be made to suffer for the many gross outrages that he had perpetrated. Ah, Politics, we thank thee for bringing the hidden sores to the surface! All honor to the system that corrects such flagrant abuses!

FLAY THE SCOUNDREL.

Yesterday the formal report of the Joint Committee of Education in reference to the Cassville school horror was presented to the Senate at Harrisburg. As fore shadowed several days since by our correspondent at the State Capitol, the report recommends that the school be removed and the children distributed throughout the State in other schools.

In addition to their recommendation the majority of the committee are impelled by the evidence given before them to say that "While much of the testimony was contradictory, enough remained unimpeached to justify the committee in believing that the conduct of A. L. Guss, Principal, was of an improper character."

"Improper!" How true the word to qualify crime the most damning that can possibly be conceived! But, if the term by which these heinous deeds are officially designated be true, what shall we say of the Legislature which resolves the report and will have the opportunity of reading the testimony in all its disgusting fullness should it fail to take such measures as will evanuate in the immediate and thorough punishment of one of the most consummate villains unban. The State is guardian of the little orphan girls whose unprotected virtue the friend in guise of man has outraged. And upon the State rests the responsibility that have belonged to the parents of the little sufferers had they not died for the safety of the union of States of which ours is by no means the least important member. The mind fails in its attempt to imagine a responsibility more sacred. Not to meet it; and meet it now and with a full determination that justice shall have its victim, to be dealt with accordingly as he has dealt by others, is to be more ungrateful to the fathers of its wards than we think it possible for the Keystone State to confess itself.

It may be, and doubtless will be, urged that the Assembly is not charged with the duty of originating proceedings against and prosecuting criminals, however terrible may be the crimes of which by public report they are adjudged guilty, but the duty of doing so in this case rests somewhere in our State Government and if the particular officer or officers with which it rests fall in the discharge of it, then, at least, the Legislature will be expected to take cognizance of this matter. We are not so sure but that now it would be no stretch of authority upon the part of the Senate, or the House, or both in conjunction, to pass a resolution calling upon the Attorney General to enter suit against Guss, as the legal representative of the legal guardian of the children, for it is in that relation which the State stands to him. Even if it were an over-reaching of their duty, according to the strict interpretation of it (and upon this point we are not lawyers enough to decide), it would be an error on the side of humanity, that the veriest stickler for legal proprieties must needs applaud.

THE REPORT.

The Report, signed by the majority, as well as that signed by Senator Warfield, which we publish this week, are substantially the same, emphatically in favor of removing the school. Of course it is understood that Senator Warfield is the towns man and friend of Superintendent Wicklesham, and his Report only differs from that of the majority in omitting the censure of the Superintendent and his Inspectors in not discovering these wrongs and removing the school two years ago.

Under the circumstances we have not a word of fault to find with either of these Reports. They meet all the requirements of the investigation. Their duty was to the school, and not to try Guss. Of course it amounts to a verdict of GUILTY, and the Committee would doubtless have said so, in so many words, had it been necessary to reach the conclusion they arrived at. Appreciating that he would be tried in court for the specific crimes, they pass sentence of punishment for the public office, as far as their power extends, and leave the courts to meet out technical justice in each case, for the individual wrong.

The thanks of the community, and indeed of the whole State, are due to this Committee for the patience, fidelity, and impartiality with which they have discharged a duty, so disagreeable and yet so important. Even the defendant should admit this, and yet after exhausting every effort to induce the Committee to overlook the evidence and report in his favor, he turns upon them like a hyena and heaps upon them every epithet his depraved imagination can invent.

As regards the criticisms on the Report made by Orvis and Reynolds, two Democratic members of the House Committee, under the guise of a minority Report, we have only to say, we are sorry they fall into the trap set for them by Guss and his counsel, to induce them to believe there was politics in it, and that Guss had their side of the fight. Living in adjoining counties, and having political aspirations of their own, they may have supposed their interest lay in keeping Guss in a position where he could act as a disorganizer in the Republican party, but is a mistake. They have placed themselves in a position they will be ashamed of in the near future. Messrs. Chalfant and Collins, Democratic members of the Senate Committee, have shown themselves superior to the narrow partisan views of their two brethren of the House Committee, and will have the approval of their own consciences in doing right for its own sake.

JUSTICE AT LAST!

THE VERDICT!  
GUSS FOUND GUILTY!  
OF GROSS IMMORALITY!  
HE IS UNFIT FOR PRINCIPAL!  
THE EVIDENCE UNFIT FOR PUBLICATION!  
THE SCHOOL TO BE REMOVED!  
IT SHOULD HAVE BEEN DONE YEARS AGO!

The orphans to be Placed Far Away from the INFLUENCE of this Monster!

Senator Anderson, chairman of the Joint Committee on Education, made the following report on, Wednesday morning last to the Senate, viz: That your committee, in the discharge of its duty, examined a large number of witnesses, visited the school and gave the accused and the accusers all the time required, and the utmost latitude in the examination of witnesses to enable the committee to arrive at the truth, and to lay all the facts before your honorable bodies, so that no injustice may be done the accused, the orphan children, or the department.

Much of the testimony taken is grossly untrue and unfit for publication. Your committee, therefore, recommends that it be not published in any shape or manner, but filed among the records of the Legislature, where it may be read by members and those only interested therein. As the jurisdiction of the Legislature only extends to the removal of the school the question of Mr. Guss' guilt or innocence has not necessarily to be passed upon. If the continuance of this school is unwise or inexpedient, especially if its usefulness is destroyed and its continuance is injuring the system, it should be promptly removed. The superintendent of soldiers' orphans testified before the committee, if the rumors concerning Prof. Guss were generally current in the school and in the community, and were believed, even if untrue, the effect would be to destroy the school and the system.

NEWS AND NOTES FROM WASHINGTON.

Congress.—The House Currency Bill Passed.—A bill to change the residue of the \$24,000,000 of United States currency into gold, was passed by the House on Monday. The bill provides for the issue of a new currency of \$100,000,000 in gold, and the residue of the old currency to be used for the same purpose.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 30. THE CURRENCY BILL PASSED IN THE HOUSE. After a long consideration of the subject, the House on Monday passed the currency bill, which provides for the issue of a new currency of \$100,000,000 in gold, and the residue of the old currency to be used for the same purpose.

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THE NEW YORK LETTER.

Up on Sing Sing—Hard Worked Merchants.—An extraordinary case, in which the hero of to-day is forgotten to-morrow, is being played out at Sing Sing, N. Y. The hero of to-day is forgotten to-morrow, is being played out at Sing Sing, N. Y. The hero of to-day is forgotten to-morrow, is being played out at Sing Sing, N. Y.

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NOTICE.

INVESTMENT. SPECIAL TAXES. The Law of December 24, 1872, requires every person engaged in any business, avocation, or employment, to pay an annual tax on his net income. The tax is levied on the net income of the taxpayer, and is payable in advance on or before the 1st day of January next.

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SCRIBNER'S MONTHLY.

THE SUMMER CAMPAIGN BEGUN. "Another Great Literary Sensation." THE MORNING ROBINSON CRUSOE With 150 Beautiful Illustrations. Messrs. SCRIBNER & Co. have secured for serial publication in Scribner's Monthly, M. Jules Verne's latest story.

THE MYSTERIOUS ISLAND. In which, not content with the old stories of "ROBINSON CRUSOE" and the "SWISS FAMILY ROBINSON," the author, Jules Verne, draws upon the materials of life and comfort. The party are Americans who set out from Richmond, Va., during the war, in a balloon. M. Jules Verne unites with an accurate scientific knowledge, an exuberance of inventive genius that has no superior.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. WANTED IMMEDIATELY. A loan of \$500, for twelve months, at a good price, with the usual security. Address immediately "MONEY," Journal office. Feb 25-1874. EXECUTORS NOTICE. The undersigned, executors of the last will and testament of Thomas Heckler, late of the township, deceased, hereby give notice to all persons indebted to the said estate, to make immediate payment to the undersigned, or to present their claims for settlement.

EXECUTORS NOTICE. Letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned, executors of the last will and testament of Lewis H. Knapp, late of the township, deceased, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate will make immediate payment to said executors, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.