The Huntingdon Journal.

J. R. DURBORROW, - - - - - EDITOR

HUNTINGDON, PENN'A.

Wednesday Morning, March 25, 1874.

Circulation LARGER than any other Paper in the Juniata Valley.

Laws Relating to Newspaper Subscriptions and Arrearages.

The following is the law relating to newspapers and subscribers.

1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered wishing to continue their subscription,
2. If subscribers order the discontinuance of their periodicals, the publishers may continue to send them until all arrearages are paid.
3. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their periodicals from the office to which they are directed, they are held responsible until they have settled their bills, and ordered them discontinued.
4. If subscribers move to other places without informing the publishers, and the papers are sent to the former direction, they are held responsible.
5. The Courts have decided that "refusing to take periodicals from the office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, is *prima facie* evidence of intentional fraud.
6. Any person who receives a newspaper and makes use of it, whether he has ordered it or not, is held in law to be a subscriber.
7. If subscribers pay in advance, they are bound to give notice to the publisher, at the end of their time, if they do not wish to continue taking it; otherwise the publisher is authorized to send it on, and the subscriber will be responsible until an express notice, with payment of all arrears, is sent to the publisher.

MONEY NEEDLY BADLY!

Those Indebted to us for Subscription, Advertising and Job Work will Please Pay Up!

We have not the money to run a business that costs from $4,000 to $5,000 a year without the assistance of those who receive our stock in trade. Every man ought to think of this and pay up the little that he owes. It may be only a little, but when the fact is taken into consideration that 1200 persons are indebted to us in the county of Huntingdon, these small sums aggregate a large amount of money. We need this money badly to pay debts and to enlarge our business. We appeal to those who are indebted to us to come forward and help us. We have a large number of excellent patrons, who pay promptly, of whom we have no desire to complain, but there are those who say "I only owe two or four dollars and I will pay that the first time I go to Huntingdon," and they settle down under the impression that it don't amount to much, but when hundreds come to this conclusion it does amount to considerable. We hope that all those indebted to us will send it in the first opportunity that is afforded. Court week will be an excellent time. We do not like to dun our friends, but there is no other course left for us.

THE TWO SENATORS.

Our recently wayward and dissatisfied cotemporary of the *Press*, has just given its friends fresh cause for grief. So frequently has this been the case of late that we have begun to be constantly apprehensive of some new outbreak, some original and strange departure in the columns of that journal. It had scarcely got well rested after its violent and unjust assault upon Gen. Hartranft, in its discreditable effort to prevent his election as Governor, than in conjunction with Mr. M'Clure it commenced its extraordinary warfare upon Mayor Stokely. Failing, as in the case of the Governor, to disparage our worthy Mayor before the people, it begins this week with making an attack upon both the gentlemen at present so ably representing Pennsylvania in the Senate of the United States.

It is nothing new to see our senior Senator assailed from this quarter. This comes about as regularly as the wind from some particular point of the compass, and often as violently. But Senator Scott being newer in public life, has fared better. With the exception of an occasional spiteful fling in its Washington dispatches, the motive for which was supposed to be personal and the responsibility to rest solely with the writer, the *Press* heretofore has published nothing uncharitable or disparaging of that gentleman. But the end of Senator Scott's first term approaches, and the beginning of his second draws nigh. True to its recent policy of invariably getting upon the losing side, and vainly opposing the favorites of the people, the *Press* concludes that it is about time to open the war upon Senator Scott.

It seems to imagine that this war may be all the more successfully waged by arraying the two Senators, the one against the other. General Cameron has forgiven and forgotten a great many uncomplimentary allusions at the hands of the editor of the *Press*, if he ever, indeed, was sensitive under newspaper criticism, but we undertake to say that the recent allusion to him in connection with Senator Scott, will nettle him not a little. It is well known that the relations of these gentlemen have ever been of the most cordial character, and to impute to either the charge of endeavoring to undermine the other in the respect and confidence of the people of the State, is as puerile as it is false.

The charge against General Cameron as now made is that he is scheming not only to supersede Senator Scott, but to seat at his side as his colleague a member of his own family.

This idea has never entered the brain of General Cameron. If he is not too just as well as too sagacious to attempt taking such a step, then his long life goes for nothing. He has made fewer mistakes in his distinguished career than most men of so great prominence, and it is not to be supposed that he will begin blundering at this late day of his life.

The *Press* mentions the fact that but few of the Senators in Congress from Pennsylvania have been elected for a second term, and argues that the precedent itself will be sufficient to overslaugh Mr. Scott. But it forgets to mention that except in the case of Cowan, who meanly deserted the party that elected him, every gentleman who has represented Pennsylvania in the Senate in recent years and was not re-elected, found a politically adverse Legislature confronting him at the end of his term.

General Cameron and his colleague have acted in harmony as the representatives of this State since their association in the Senate. Together they have wielded an influence that has made Pennsylvania a power in that chamber. If tact, experience, sagacity, integrity, legal capacity, forensic and argumentive ability and high personal character go to make up the requirements in a body such as the United States Senate, then this State has abundant reason to be satisfied with her representation. To be sure, her delegation has not invariably voted alike upon public measures, but even this constitutes and added testimonial to the worth of her representatives, showing them to be independent, as well reflecting, conscientious gentlemen.

But two or three weeks since the face of almost every Philadelphian was aglow with pleasurable excitement caused by the splendid speech made by Senator Scott from his place in the Senate in behalf of the Centennial. What was upon everybody's lips found no expression in the *Press*. Instead of commendation for what has been so well done and said by our Senators, there appeared in that paper after the vote an inconsiderate allegation of gross mismanagement of the measure on the part of those having it in charge.

We repeat, that it is evident that our neighbor has declared war upon Senator Scott, and means to prosecute it vigorously, and we are sorry to say, as it appears to us, without regard to candor. Whilst we regret this on our neighbor's account, we do not regret it on account of the Senator. It requires but a few of such attacks to make Senator Scott the most popular man in Pennsylvania. Nothing discreditable can be properly laid to his charge. He is able, he is pure, he is gifted, he is eloquent, he is influential, he is fearless. If Pennsylvania were to be guilty (which we do not at all apprehend) of leaving Hon. John Scott at home after the fourth of March next, it would be an act of supreme folly, which she would bitterly repent in after years, and which would be regretted nowhere more than in the Senate itself, where, for ability, integrity, and personal worth, no member is more esteemed.

P. S.—Since the foregoing was written, the editor of the *Press*, has published the following—

"During the recent absence of the editor as a mourner at the Sumner obsequies, in Washington, our Harrisburg letter, severely reflecting upon Hon. John Scott, Senator in Congress from Pennsylvania, was published in the *Press*. It would not have appeared if the editor had been at home. The simple fact that Senator Scott has been an active an influential advocate of the cause of the Centennial would have been sufficient to silence all general criticism upon his public character and conduct if we had not other reasons to approve his general course as a servant of the people.—*All Day City Item.*

THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

The selection of David Reed, esq., to be the United States District Attorney for Western Pennsylvania, meets, we think, popular expectation, and will prove a popular and satisfactory appointment. He is a gentleman of high character, of excellent standing as a lawyer, an earnest Republican, but not a politician, and thus in every sense worthy of the place that has been accorded him. It was very much desired that this office might be lifted out of the general scramble and made Independent of cliques and rings. At one time there was every reason to fear that this would not be done; but a number of influences contributed to make this possible.—The political applicants were not, in all respects, entirely acceptable; the politicians could not harmonize on any of them, and the non-political, independent Republicans, who adhere to the party from principle, were opposed to any that were named. It is not clear that Senator Scott was unduly governed by political motives in making the nomination, but he could not fail to see that to take either of the three prominently named would be hurtful to him. Hence the determination was reached to make the appointment from without the triangle of applicants, and the choice, we are glad to say, was worthily bestowed.

Congratulations may be very properly bestowed on Senator Scott in this relation. We felt impelled to kindly warn him of impending danger, but it was not because of any hostility of sentiment towards him. On the contrary, we entertain for him the kindliest feeling, and only criticised as we were impelled by a strong sense of duty.—We saw that his own welfare was imperiled, and that the result of certain movements he was strongly urged to make could only result in doing him harm. We were anxious that he should not take a false step, believing him to be a Senator worthy of being continued in high position. It is a pleasure to testify that Senator Scott has performed the duties of the Senatorship with marked fidelity, high intelligence and thorough efficiency. We sincerely hope that circumstances may be sufficiently fortuitous for him to be continued in his position another term. The policy pursued in this appointment will contribute to that result.—*Pittsburg Gazette.*

☞ The *Bulletin* of the American Iron and Steel Association came to us, last week very much enlarged and otherwise improved. It is edited by James M. Swank, esq., formerly connected with the Johnstown *Tribune*. It is an excellent authority upon all matters pertaining to the iron and steel interests. It contain many ably prepared articles on these important branches of industry.

☞ Hon. John Scott has had David Reed, esq., of Pittsburgh, appointed United States District Attorney for the Western District of Pennsylvania, to fill the vacancy created by the death of Hon. H. Bucher Swoope. This appointment, as far as we can learn from the local papers, gives entire satisfaction.

☞ The election in New Hampshire having resulted in throwing the election of a Governor upon the Legislature by the obstinacy of the temperance men, the Democrats will hold the reins for a year, and free whiskey has triumphed. The temperance men deserve this—they acted badly.

☞ The Legislature has passed very few bills up to this time, nevertheless the final adjournment is being discussed. We will not see the end of the session for some time to come.

News and Notes from Washington.

Congress—The Reduction in the Army—Chinese Immigration—The Moiety Question—A Lady Pension Agent—The District Investigation.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 23, 1874.

PROCEEDINGS IN CONGRESS.

The Senate has taken leave, for the present, of the question how to get money, and have turned their attention to the appropriation bills. The reduction of the army to 25,000 enlisted men seems to meet with general favor, and will probably be the final division. In the Army Appropriation bill, as it came from the House, a reduction of $4,000,000 is made in the appropriations for the ensuing year. It is probable the Senate will accede to this reduction.

In the Senate, on Friday, Mr. Hagar presented a joint resolution of the California Legislature against the further importation of Chinese, and supported the resolution with a speech on the subject. He said this was a question now of national importance. The importation of Chinese had none of the characteristics of a free and voluntary emigration, but was the importation of a servile class. He complained that the Burlingame treaty did not practically confer the same rights upon Americans as it did upon Chinese. The Californians did not object to the terms of the treaty, but they objected to the manner in which it was carried out. The Chinese did not come there for curiosity or for trade, or as permanent residents. There is no longer any Chinese emigration to Australia, the British government no longer encouraging it. The Chinese who come to California come under servile labor contracts, which are not only in violation of the treaty but in violation of our laws. All the Chinese in California are owned by six companies in San Francisco. They have their agents in China and they bring on the most degraded of that population, and after they arrive they own them just as much as the slaves of the south were ever owned. They hire them out at such rates that no free labor can compete with it, and in this way European emigration is almost entirely discouraged. It is through the English courts at Hong Kong that the shipments of Chinese are made, and the Emperor of China has fairly endeavored to prevent it. The people of California, the laboring classes, have been so much crowded out of employment by these Chinese that they have been almost on the point of rising up and driving them out by force of arms. If this thing was to go on, the inevitable result would be that the Chinese would outnumber the Americans. He read an extract from a San Francisco paper to show how Chinese women were kidnapped and sold to California for purposes of shame and prostitution. In conclusion, Mr. Hager offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Foreign Relations to advise with the President as to the expediency of opening negotiations with the Emperor of China so as to secure such modification of the Burlingame treaty as will prevent hereafter the importation of Chinese females into California for immoral purposes, and of Chinese males or coolies, under servile labor contracts.

There is a difference of opinion among Congressmen on this important question. It is believed that the course pursued by the Legislature and people of California toward the Chinese immigrants has hitherto been oppressive and inhuman, and those who came with the honest purpose of making themselves useful have been repulsed and even stoned to death on the streets of San Francisco, within a few hours after landing. They are a harmless people, and if proper encouragement had been extended to them they might have been made an important element in our national prosperity. At all events, cruelty to any class of immigrants should have been discouraged and the parties punished; but the municipal authorities in San Francisco have rather favored the spirit of oppression and cruelty so long manifested toward those harmless adventurers. The question of female immorality, of which complaint is made, is legitimately within the scope of State legislation and municipal regulations; and not a matter to bring before Congress, or for treaty negotiations.

While the House was proceeding, on Friday, in the debate on retrenchment, the question of members mileage came up in course. Till then all was harmony, and each member was anxious to out-do the others in the manifestations of anxiety to economize the dear peoples' money; but the question of retrenchment in the mileage allowance was quite another affair, and opposition was manifested in a degree in the exact ratio of the distances of members' residences from the Capitol. Those living near were indifferent; western members opposed a change; while those from the Pacific coast became quite excited at the contemplation of the reduction of the thousands of dollars annually collected for mileage.

THE MOIETY QUESTION.

Under a law of Congress, a system has been in vogue for some years, by which a set of detectives have been employed by the Government to ferret out frauds upon the revenue, and monies recovered were divided between the U. S. Treasury and the detective who discovered the fraud. It is now claimed that the practice is fraught with great evil. Honest firms have been, through some trifling, trivial violation of the custom laws, persecuted and prosecuted; their books have been seized, and the proprietors branded as intentionally swindling the government. In some cases the charges are well founded, but in others innocent persons have been made to suffer, and suffer severely, both in pocket and reputation. The law has, in consequence, become obnoxious, more perhaps on account of bad men who had been appointed to execute it, than from any radical wrong in the law itself. Some of those fellows have made from a thousand to a quarter of a million of dollars by their shares of the spoils. Congress has taken the question up and the Committee of Ways and Means are taking testimony with a view to Congressional action.

A LADY PENSION AGENT.

Miss Ada C. Smeet has been appointed Pension Agent at Chicago. The office in salary and fees is worth ten to fifteen thousands dollars per annum. Miss Ada is not yet out of her teens, but she is very capable, and has had a large experience in the office, as an assistant. Her father had a fine military record; he was Assistant Commissioner of Internal Revenue and died in Washington a few months ago. He formerly held the office of pension agent at Chicago.

THE DISTICT IMPROVEMENT INVESTIGATION.

The Joint Committee of Congress are proceeding with the investigation of the Board of Public Works of the District of Columbia. It promises to be a protracted affair. If we believe the city press there is not the shadow of cause for this inquiry. But the Washington papers are all bought over and firmly muzzled by the Board of Works at an enormous cost to the people whom they are now abusing for asking for an investigation. If all is right on the part of the Board, why do not the papers explain the cause of the City bonds selling at 50 to 60 cents on the dollar? If all is right why are contracts paid with certificates of indebtedness on which they cannot to-day realize over 40 to 42 cents on the dollar? No body objects to improvements, but tax-payers do object to the wretched system, or rather want of system in the prosecution of those works of sewerage and pavements. Under a well defined plain and less hap-hazard waste we could have had for eight or ten million of dollars what has cost us over twenty millions, and out of that fact grows the wide-spread dissatisfaction.

N. B. P.

Letter from Harrisburg.

HARRISBURG, March 21, 1874.

The Legislature re-assembled on Tuesday, and the principal work of the week has been the disposing of bills upon the calander which, except in the case of one or two bills, has been a very tedious and uninteresting work. Ten weeks of the session have passed and only eight laws are to be found upon the statute books of 1874. Though a large portion of the work provided by the Constitution has not yet been touched, the Legislature is already begining to look forward to adjournment, but when this session will actually close is a very indefinite point of future time. A resolution of temporary adjournment from the 26th of March to the 7th of April has passed the House and will probably be concurred in by the Senate, but the resolutions providing for final adjournment in April were mere feelers to test the sense of the House.

On Tuesday, to relieve the monotony of Legislative work

A VERY PRCTICAL JOKE

was indulged in by the members of the House at the instance of Mr. Allen of Dauphin. A resolution was offered by that gentleman and adopted by the House, instructing the Sergeant-at-Arms to arrest the Hon. T. W. Loftus, member from Luzerne, who was absent from his duties, taking part in a demonstration by his friends in honor of St. Patrick. The Sergeant-at-Arms proceeded to the discharge of his duty, arrested Mr. Loftus at the church door, and brought him within the bar of the House to answer for his dereliction. The unfortunate member did not appreciate the joke but appears in the *Patriot* in a communication, under the date of March 18th, in which he manifests considerable feeling in the matter.

JUDICIAL APPORTIONMENT.

The conference committee to which was referred the matter of Judicial apportionment of the State has made a report. The bill will be considered on its final passage next week.

STATE ADVERTISING.

A bill has passed the Senate regulating the manner in which all advertising for the State is to be done. The officer furnishing the printing is to designate the kind of type in which the matter is to be printed and the space it is to occupy. The publisher is to charge in no case higher rates than he charges individual advertisers, and the Auditor General is to issue no warrant for pay unless the written or printed instructions of the officer ordering the advertising, shall accompany the bill.

THE CENTENNIAL BILL

was read in the House for the first time on Tuesday. The yeas and nays were called on the vote taken then and were as follows, yeas 52, nays 35. Though this vote is very flattering, being one more than is necessary to pass the bill, its friends are not at all sanguine of its final passage for many members who voted in the affirmative stated that they did not thereby pledge themselves to support the bill in the future.

THE SOCIAL EVIL BILL

has been read once in the House. Dr. Cressler of Luzerne made a lengthy speech in favor of it, which is very highly spoken of. Five thousand copies were ordered to be printed for the use of the House. The bill is not so friendless as it was, when first introduced but still the opposition to it is very strong.

THE SPEAKERSHIP.

The excitement in regard to the Speakership has subsided from the fact that Speaker McCormick, not having obtained the appointment to U. S. District Attorneyship, will retain his place in the organization of the House. Had the chair been vacated Amos Myin of Lancaster would probably have succeeded to it.

The Senate adjourned yesterday until Tuesday and the House until Monday.

MAY.

Miscellaneous News Items.

Thos. Nast, while in South Bend, was the guest of Mr. Colfax.

Bayard Taylor had his pocket picked in Hamburg the other day.

Wendell Phillips is reported to have cleared by his lectures over $100,000.

Brigham Young is reported to have $7,000,000 to his credit in the Bank of England.

P. P. Wintermute, the muderer of Gen. McCook, of Dakota, is at liberty on $35,000 bail.

Mrs. Elizabeth Oakes Smith, the veteran authoress, is leading the woman's temperance crusade on Long Island.

Two hundred and eight-one horses and two hundred and fifty mules were sold at the Harrisburg stocks yards last week.

The Boston *Advertiser* and New York *Tribune* both advocate the election of Charles Francis Adams to succeed Sumner.

Prof. Dana, of Yale College, has acted upon the advice of his physician, and given up his classes for the remainder of the term.

Ex-Senator Ben Wade, being a native of West Springfield, Mass., has been invited to attend the Centennial soon to be observed in that place.

One hundred and twenty men were discharged on Monday from the Washington navy yard, and six hundred from the Norfolk navy yard on Saturday.

The United States House of Representatives has passed a bill appropriating $30,000 to be expended in the course of the current fiscal year improving the mouth of the Mississippi river.

A Dutch Congressman remarked, "Ven I was elected, I thought I could find den all Solomons down here; but I found dere was some as pick fools here as I was myself."

The California Legislature has passed a bill making it a misdemeanor to invite any person to drink, or to accept an invitation to drink, at any public bar. This will carry dismay to the multitude of Bourbon "dead beats."

Fire at Beaver.

The "Argus and Radical" Burned Out—Losses and Insurance—Origin of the Fire Unknown.

A disastrous fire occured at Beaver, this morning, the 19th inst, at about three o'clock, resulting in the total destruction of the *Radical* building. The following are the losses: Orr & Cooper, hardware store, from $8,000 to $9,000, no insurance; J. H. McCreery & Co., loss not ascertained; insured for $5,000 in a Pittsburgh Company. The Beaver County Printing Company and the *Argus and Radical* were insured for $5,000 in the following companies: Rochester, of Rochester, Pa., $1,000; Lycoming, $2,000, and the Ætna, $2,000, J. R. Harrah, attorney, whose office was in the second story, loss from $1,000 to $1,200; no insurance. J. S. Rutan and D. L. Imbrie, who also had offices on the second floor, lose respectively $500 and $800; no insurance. The third floor was arranged for two halls, one occupid by the Odd Fellows, whose loss $1,500, insured in the Rochester for $800, and the other occupied by the Masons, whose loss will reach $2,000, insured in the Lycoming for $1,000. The building was owned by Col. M. S. Quay, whose loss will be from $13,000 to $15,000, insured in the following companies: Rochester $3,000, Lycoming $2,000, and the Ætna for $5,000. The origin of the fire is a mystery, as there was no fire left burning on the previous evening.

Scientific and Safe Treatment.

When applied with Dr. Pierce's Nasal Douche and accompanied with Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery as constitutional treatment, Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy produces perfect cures of the worst cases of Catarrh and Ozena of many years' standing. This thorough course of medication constitutes the only scientific, rational, safe and successful manner of treatment this offensive disease that has ever been offered to the afflicted. So successful has it proven that the proprietor has long offered a standing reward of $500 for a case of Catarrh which he can not cure.

INDISPUTABLE EVIDENCE.

Thomas J. Bishop, of South Brooklyn, N. Y., writes that his wife had suffered since a child with Catarrh until it had resulted in what eminent physicians pronounced Consumption; that she has used Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy with Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Dideovery, and they have worked wonders with her case.

STEALING OUR THUNDER.

People should beware of those imposters who not only try to imitate Dr. Pierce's Family Medicines but also copy his original style of advertising by offering various sized rewards for cases of Catarrh and other diseases which they can not cure. Those who do not possess sufficient intelligence to enable them to write original advertisements of of their own, but have to steal those of others, are not likely to have made great and valuable discoveries in Medicine. Look out for them.

HOUSTON CO. GA., Dec. 22, 1868.

Messrs. Zeilin & Co., Macon, Ga.

GENTLEMEN.—SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR has been used in my family many years with great success. I regard it an invaluable family medicine, and take pleasure in recommending it to the public. Very respectfully,

REV. J. RUFUS FELDER.

☞ Victims of Consumption seeking relief, and restored health, should use "Dr. Wishart's Pine Tree Tar Cordial." This is the only preparation that develops the full virtue of the Tar. For sale by all druggists.

☞ Johnson's *Anodyne Liniment* may be used in a greater variety of cases than any other medicine.

Special Notices.

GREAT DISCOVERY! E. F. KUNKEL'S BITTER WINE of IRON. For the cure of weak stomach, general debility, indigestion, disease of the nervous system, constipation, acidity of the stomach, and all cases requiring a tonic.

The wine includes the most agreeable and efficient salt of Iron we possess; Citrate of Magnetic Oxide, combined with the most energetic of vegetable tonics—Yellow Peruvian Bark.

The effect in many cases of debility, loss of appetite, and general prostration, of an efficient Salt of Iron combined with our valuable Nerve, is most happy. It augments the appetite, raises the pulse, takes off muscular flabbiness, removes the pallor of debility, and gives a florid vigor to the countenance.

Do you want something to strengthen you? Do you want a good appetite? Do you want to build up your constitution? Do you want to feel well? Do you want to get rid of nervousness? Do you want *energy*? Do you want to sleep well? Do you want brisk and vigorous feelings? If you do, try Kunkel's Wine of Iron.

This truly valuable tonic has been so thoroughly tested by all classes of the community, that it is now deemed indispensible as a Tonic medicine. It costs but little, purifies the blood and gives tone to the stomach, renovates the system and prolongs life.

I now only ask a trial of this valuable Tonic. Price $1 per bottle. E. F. KUNKLE, Sole Proprietor, Philadelphia, Pa.

Sold by Druggists and dealers everywhere.

July23—ly.

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE

of an old Nurse. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health and comfort to mother and child. We believe it to be the Best and Surest Remedy in World in all cases of Dysentery and Diarrhœa in Children, whether it arises from Teething or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None Genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all Medicine Dealers.

July16,1873-1y.

HOUSEHOLD PANACEA —AND— FAMILY LINIMENT.

WHY WILL YOU SUFFER.

To all persons suffering from Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Cramps in the limbs or stomach, Billious Colic, Pain in the bowels or side, we would say, THE HOUSEHOLD PANACEA AND FAMILY LINIMENT is of all others the remedy you want for internal and external use. It has cured the above complaints in thousands of cases. There is no mistake about it. Try it. Sold by all Druggists.

July16,1873-1y.

CENTAUR LINIMENT.

There is no pain, which the Centaur Liniments will not relieve, no swelling they will not subdue, and no lameness which they will not cure. This is strong language, but it is true. They have produced more cures of rheumatism, neuralgia, lock-jaw, palsy, sprains, swelling, caked breasts, scalds, burns, salt-rheum, ear-ache, &c., upon the human frame, and of strains, spavin, galls, &c., upon the animals in one year than have all other pretended remedies since the world began. They are counter-irritant, all healing pain relievers. Cripples throw away their crutches, the lame walk, poisonous bites are rendered harmless and the wounded are healed without a scar. The recipe is published around each bottle. They sell as no article ever before sold, and they sell because they do just what they pretend to do. Those who now suffer from rhumatism, pain or swelling deserve to suffer if they will not use Centaur Liniment, white wrapper. More than 1000 certificates of remarkable cures, including frozen limbs, chronic rheumatism, gout, running tumors, &c., have been received. We will send a circular containing certificates, the recipe &c., gratis, to any one requesting it. One bottle of the yellow wrapper Centaur Liniment is worth one hundred dollars for spavined or sweenied horses and mules, or for screw-worm in sheep. Stock-owners—these liniments are worth your attention. No family should be without them. "White wrapper for family use;" Yellow wrapper for animals. Sold by all Druggists. 50 cents per bottle; large bottles, $1.00. J. B. ROSE & Co., 53 Broadway, New York.

CASTORIA is more than a substitute for Castor Oil. It is the only *safe* article in existence which is certain to assimilate the food, regulate the bowels, cure wind-colic and produce natural sleep. It contains neither minerals morphine or alcohol, and is pleasant to take. Children need not cry and mothers may rest.

For sale by JOHN READ & SONS.

Oct15,1873-1y.

NO EXCUSE FOR BEING SICK.

No person can use Boschee's German Syrup without getting immediate relief and cure. We have the first case of Coughs, Colds or Consumption, or any disease of the Throat and Lungs, yet to hear from that has not been cured. We have distributed every year for three years over 250,000 sample bottles "FREE OF CHARGE" by druggists in all parts af the United States. No other manufacturer of Medicine ever gave their preperations such a test as this. Go to your Druggist and get a bottle for 75 cents and try it—two doses will relieve you.

Aug.20,1873-1y.

THE MOST WONDERFUL DISCOVERY OF THE 19th CENTURY.

Dr. S. D. Howe's Arabian Milk-Cure for Consumption, and all diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs. (The only medicine of the kind in the world.) A substitute for Cod Liver Oil. Permanently cures Asthma, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, Loss of Voice, Shortness of Breath, Catarrh, Croup, Coughs, Colds, &c., in a few days, like magic. Price $1 per bottle. Also, Dr. S. D. Howe's Arabian Tonic Blood Purifier, which differs from all other preparations in its immediate action upon the Liver, Kidneys and Blood. It is purely vegetable, and cleanses the system of all impurities, builds it right up, and makes Pure, Rich Blood. It cures Scrofulous Diseases of all kinds, removes Constipation, and regulates the Bowels. For "General Debility," "Lost Vitality," and "Broken-down Constitutions," I "challenge the 19th Century" to find its equal. Every bottle is worth its weight in gold. Price $1 per bottle.

Sold by S. S. SMITH & SON, Druggist, Sole Agents No. 616 Penn street, Huntingdon, Pa.

DR. S. D. HOWE, Sole Proprietor, 164 Chambers St., New York.

Nov.5,1873-6mos.

CHILDREN OFTEN LOOK PALE

and Sick from no other cause than having worms in the stomach. BROWN'S VERMIFUGE COMFITS will destroy Worms without injury to the child, being perfectly WHITE, and free from all coloring or other injurious ingredients usually used in worm preparations.

CURTIS & BROWN, Proprietors, No. 215 Fulton Street, New York.

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July16,1873-1y.

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EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

The undersigned, executors of the last will and testament of Thomas Huston, late of Jackson township, deceased, hereby give notice to all persons indebted to the said estate, to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them for settlement.

BENJAMIN HUSTON,
CHARLES HUSTON,
Executors.

M'Alavy's Fort, March 25, 1874.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

Letters testamentary having been granted to the subscribers, living in Jackson township, near M'Alavy's Fort, on the estate of Thomas Smith, late of said township, deceased, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate will make payment without delay and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN B. SMITH,
JAMES SMITH,
Executors.

March25-6t.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.

Letters of Administration having been granted to the subscribers, living near Alexandria, in Porter township, on the estate of Lewis H. Knode, late of said township, deceased, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate will make immediate payment and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

H. CALVIN KNODE,
LEWIS G. KNODE,
Administrators.

Mch25-6t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of Administration having been granted to the subscriber living near Neff's Mills, on the estate of Sebastian Snyder, late of West township, deceased, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate will make immediate payment and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

LEWIS SNYDER,
Administrator.

Mch25-6t

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March25,1874.tf.

LIST OF GRAND JURORS

for a Court of Quarter Sessions to be held at Huntingdon, in and for the county of Huntingdon, the second Monday and 13th day of April, A. D., 1874.

William Adams, farmer, Shirley; John Bolinger, farmer, Clay; George Black, farmer, Henderson; James Cozens, farmer, Oneida; John M. Drake, teacher, Clay; J. Wilson Greenland, clerk, Huntingdon; Andrew Grubb, farmer, Penn; Geo. W. Glazier, carpenter, Huntingdon; Robert Greene, farmer, Barree; T. K. Henderson, farmer, Warriorsmark; Samuel Hannah, teacher, Warriorsmark; John X. Lutz, farmer, Shirley; Jonathan K. Merz, farmer, Brady; John Nelson, laborer, West; John Nightwine, farmer, Henderson; Alexander Oaks, merchant, West; A. P. Owens, merchant, Warriorsmark; Geo. Pardoner, wagonmaker, Cass; James Riggs, Justice of the Peace, Tell; John Spangler, gent, Cass; James G. Stewart, miller, West; Samuel C. Tussey, farmer, Morris; Elijah Weston, farmer, Warriorsmark; A. P. White, farmer, Oneida.

Given under our hands and seal the 2nd day of March, A. D. 1874.

AMON HOUCK, Sheriff.

JOHN G. STEWART, S. BROOKS, } Jury Com'rs.

LIST OF TRAVERSE JURORS

for a Court of Common Pleas to be held at Huntingdon, in and for the county of Huntingdon, the third Monday and 20th day of April, A. D., 1874.

John Q. Adams, farmer, Franklin; Elias Bartel, carpenter, Huntingdon; G. L. S. Baker, painter, do. do.; Washington Buchanan, do. do.; Joseph Diggins, farmer, Carbon; John H. Donaldson, farmer, Lincoln; Silas Gibboney, farmer, Barree; Robert Graffius, gent, Alexandria; Jacob Herncane, farmer, Porter; John Ingram, farmer, Franklin; John H. Isett, farmer, Penn; Hugh Johnston, merchant, West; William Long, blacksmith, Huntingdon; Henry Leister, inn keeper, Huntingdon; William Morgan, farmer, Shirley; Andrew McCoy, brickmaker, Huntingdon; Samuel G. Miller, blacksmith, Broad Top; Edward McKitrick, blacksmith, Mount Union; Abraham Myerly, farmer, Cass; J. G. McClure, merchant, Tell; Henry A. Mark, farmer, Juniata; George Mountain, farmer, do. do.; Henry Neff, gent, West; Joseph Oburn, merchant, do. do.; James S. Oaks, farmer, West; Samuel Peightal, farmer, Juniata; John H. Russell, farmer, Hopewell; David Rupert, farmer, Henderson; Alexander Scott, blacksmith, Jackson; B. F. Stitt, farmer, Dublin; James Stewart, farmer, Jackson; George W. Stevens, farmer, Cass; James Watson, farmer, Walker; Isaac Woomer, miller, Franklin; William Weaver, farmer, Hopewell; F. B. Wallace, merchant, Huntingdon.

Given under our hands and seal the 2nd day of March, A. D. 1874.

AMON HOUCK, Sheriff.

JOHN G. STEWART, S. BROOKS, } Jury Com'rs.

LIST OF TRAVERSE JURORS

for a Court of Common Pleas to be held at Huntingdon, in and for the county of Huntingdon, the second Monday and 13th day of April, A. D., 1874.

R. K. Allison, farmer, Brady; Thomas Ashman, farmer, Shirley; Robert Bigham, farmer, do. do.; John P. Book, farmer, Cromwell; Benjamin Cross, carpenter, Alexandria; Andrew Carberry, farmer, Hopewell; Anderew Crownover, merchant, Barree; James A. Cook, farmer, Tod; Miles Davison, farmer, Barree; James N. Davis, teacher, Morris; John Dick, painter, Huntingdon; William Davis, merchant, Morris; David H. Fisher, farmer, Lincoln; Stephen Gossard, farmer, Oneida; Elijah Gillam, farmer, West; Jacob H. Grove, teacher, Penn; Budd Hershberger, farmer, Barree; Benjamin Harncane, Huntingdon; R. M. Hewett, farmer, West; David Hamilton, farmer, Cass; Frederick Isenman, farmer, Cromwell; Benjamin Heffner, farmer, Walker; Wilson Houck, farmer, Tod; Richard W. Hudson, farmer, Clay; William B. Johnston, farmer, Franklin; Joel Kauffman, farmer, Brady; Joseph Knode, farmer, Porter; James Kennedy, farmer, do. do; John R. Lovretta, farmer, Warriorsmark; Jacob Longenecker, farmer, West; Samuel R. Lynn, farmer, Springfield; Wm. B. McWilliams, farmer, Franklin; John Morrow, farmer, Dublin; David B. Mong, tanner, Warriorsmark; Samuel Metz, farmer, Brady; Harry McAteer, gent, Alexandria; Henry G. Neff, farmer, Porter; John Romer, farmer, Henderson; Isaac Norris, farmer, Penn; James Orr, farmer, Tell; Abraham Piper, farmer, Porter; Henry Shultz, farmer, Franklin; Peter Shaver, farmer, Morris; George W. Swartz, jeweler, Huntingdon; Henry Snare, carpenter, do. do.; David Tussey, farmer, Porter; Lewis M. Stewart, gent, Morris; Jacob Wible, farmer, Springfield.

Given under our hands and seal the 2nd day of March, A. D., 1874.

AMON HOUCK, Sheriff.

JOHN G. STEWART, S. BROOKS, } Jury Com'rs.

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