The Huntingdon Journal.

R. DURBORROW, - - - - - EDITOR

HUNTINGDON, PENN'A.

Wednesday Morning, Jan. 28, 1874.

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☞ Mr. Petroleum V. Nasby's letter from New York, will be found on the outside of this week's paper. It is very readable.

☞ Auditor General Allen will please accept our thanks, for a copy of his usual annual report, on the finances of the Commonwealth, for 1873. We draw upon it for certain facts which will be found in our local department.

☞ We present a number of interesting local communications to our readers this week. Much of the original contents of this week's JOURNAL will compare favorably with any weekly paper, outside of the larger cities.

☞ The President has nominated and the Senate has confirmed Hon. Morrison R. Waite, of Toledo, Ohio, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States. Mr. Waite was one of the Counsel at Geneva, and is at present President of the Ohio Constitutional Convention. The appointment is very well received.

A new paper is talked of in Huntingdon, to be Republican in politics, and impersonal in its conduct. This will leave the *Globe* and *Journal* free to devote their whole time to the devising of hard epithets to apply to each other. And we do not wonder at it, for how such low blackguardism as is indulged in by the papers now in existence in that county, can be tolerated by an intelligent community, we are at our wit's end to understand.

The white-livered sneak, who wrote the above, has not the manliness to point his shaft at the source of inspiration, but endeavors to cover his cowardly person behind a general reflection. We have nothing but contempt for this class of miscreants. Our files are open to the inspection of any respectable individual, and if any one will point us to half a dozen issues of the JOURNAL, in the last three years, that contain, in the editorial columns, indecorous or personal vulgarity, we will agree to stand convicted of an unblushing falsehood. Twice or thrice, in the last year, we have been compelled to raise our editorial voice, as a free and independent journalist, against unparalleled outrages, committed by an employee of the Commonwealth, which will be felt for an age to come, but we did so in as chaste and delicate language as the nature of the crimes, of which he is guilty, would admit; and we will not allow any cowardly sneak to class us, or our paper, in the same category with the indelicate ravings of a brute, without resenting it.

News and Notes from Washington.

National Legislation—Transportation, Trade and Commerce, Patent, Woman's Rights and Mexican War Soldiers' Conventions—Popular Lectures and Public Entertainments.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 22, 1874.

GENERAL ESTIMATES AND SPECIAL APPROPRIATIONS.

During the past week Congress has been engaged mainly on the General estimates of money required for public purposes during the next fiscal year. A severe fit of economy has seized a majority of the members, and a general investigation is being made into all the estimates with a view to retrenchment. Money has been so abundant since the close of the war that a large increase of expenditures for erecting public buildings, improving the harbors and rivers, building light-houses, fortifications, &c., have been made from year to year. These are all needed in order to keep pace with the rapid expansion of the country. But now that money has become less abundant through hoarding and other causes growing out of the recent financial panic, the receipts in the U. S. Treasury have been slightly diminished, and a general call for retrenchment is made. The effort upon Congress will be salutary, for it is generally conceded that public improvements were carried on at a rate that must be considered quite too rapid, until a resumption of specie payments had taken place, when these improvements would cost from ten to fourteen per cent. less than during a period when gold was at a premium, or what is the same thing, greenbacks and National bank currency, in which payments must be made, are at a discount.

IMPORTANT NATIONAL CONVENTIONS.

A number of very important conventions were held in Washington during the past week. Among these was the Cheap Transportation Convention, composed of prominent business men from all parts of the country, and presided over by the Hon. Josiah Quincy, of Boston. The main object of the convention was a thorough investigation of all the more prominent plans to secure cheaper transportation between the interior and the seaboard that might be presented for consideration.—This investigation extended over a period of several days. Much valuable statistical information was elicited, and a full report of the proceedings is now in course of rapid preparation for publication for the information of the people, but more especially to aid the members of Congress to act and vote intelligently when the subject of cheap transportation comes up for discussion and action.

At the same time these deliberations were going on in the Convention here, the National Board of Trade and Commerce was holding its Annual Session in our neighboring city of Baltimore. The transportation question occupied a portion of the time of the Board, and an interchange of views was obtained by delegations from Baltimore to Washington and vice versa.

It is generally believed that Congress, during the present session, will adopt measures to meet the great national want now so generally felt and expressed, of cheaper transportation to the seaboard for the vast surplus of Western Agricultural products, and for the passage of manufactures and other articles of merchandize from the seaboard cities to the interior.

THE PATENT CONVENTION.

A Patent Convention or Congress was held in Washington and continued three days in session. The convention was composed mainly of men interested in the patent laws, and they come from all parts of the Union together with a number from Canada and Europe. The question of patents was considered in all its bearings upon the interests of patentees and of manufacturers who purchase the right or use of inventions. It is claimed that the deliberations of the convention will be productive of benefit, not only to inventors but to manufacturers and the public at large.

WOMANS' RIGHTS CONVENTION.

One of the largest and most imposing conventions of women that ever occurred anywhere, certainly on the subject of Women's Rights, was held in Washington last week. On several occasions during their deliberations your correspondent was an attentive listner to their deliberations. The convention was called together and organized in Union League Hall; but that was found to be quite too limited in space for the members of the convention and those who desired to attend their deliberations. Lincoln Hall, the largest public hall in the city was secured, and the second and subsequent meetings were held there. Miss Anthony presided. The meetings were conducted in a most dignified and orderly manner; and it must be confessed that the demand for suffrage and for other rights claimed to be withheld from the sex, under the present laws and organization of society, was presented with a method and force that would have done honor to the most experienced managers of public meetings, and to the most logical platform orators. It is true some of the addresses were exceptional, but in the main, a very large amount of mental vigor was displayed. Miss Phœbe Cozzins, a St. Louis lawyer, spoke for one hour and a half to a crowded house, from notes to which she rarely referred, and with a fluency, choice of language and force of argument that riveted the attention throughout, the only interruptions being bursts of applause in response to her original wit and genuine eloquence.

THE CONVENTION OF OLD MEXICAN WAR VOLUNTEERS.

The survivers of the War in Mexico, under General Scott, met in Convention in Washington, last week. The reunion was cordial in the extreme. General, Colonel, Major and Private, met and embraced each other as brothers, and recounted the battles, scenes and adventures in which they had participated in Mexico, with a vividness that made them appear as fresh as if they had occurred but yesterday.

Their first meeting was in Willard's Hall, where an orgauization was affected and addresses made, after which a general hands'-shaking took place, and the battles of the long past were revived and fought over again. On the following day they met in the largest church in the city where an appropriate address was delivered and other exercises participated in. The parting meeting was held in Willard's Hall, when an organization was completed for further social purposes, and a large number of brief, patriotic speeches were made by the living generals of the War in Mexico.

PUBLIC LECTURES AND AMUSEMENTS.

The long list of Conventions of last week is followed this week by a surfeit of lectures and amusements. Among the attractions are Henry Ward Beecher, in a new lecture on the "Wastes and Burdens of Life;" John B. Goff, also, in his new lecture, entitled "Now and Then" and "Night Scenes in Great Cities;" Professor Allen Curr, of London, subject, "A Night in the English House of Commons;" Hon. Daniel Dougherty, of Philadelphia, on "Orators and Oratory;" Professor Tripp, on "France and Europe since 1848." In the way of music we have a "grand" concert by Professor Philip Phillips, of Boston, and an organ concert at the Congregational Church; Theodore Thomas in his "unequaled concerts," with sixty distinguished performers. Play-goers have their choice during the week between the celebrated actress, Janauschek, at Wall's Opera House, and Mr. Sothern, who succeeds her in his original and inimitable character as Lord Dundreary; Bullock's Royal Marionettes, at Willard's Hall; the original "Georgia Minstrels," at Lincoln Hall; together with the usual attractions at the Metropolitan Theatre and the Washington Theatre Comique. Enough certainly for a city of 120,000 population. Twelve years ago there was not a theatre in the city—the only one having been destroyed by fire—and whoever were public spirited enough to get up a course of public lectures by popular speakers, generally, at the close of the course, found themselves out of pocket to the extent of about half the cost of the same. Now the reader will notice the contrast, as presented above, and to secure eligible seats to any entertainment above an average, it is absolutely necessary to secure tickets several days in advance of the time.

N. H. P.

Letter from Harrisburg.

HARRISBURG, January 24, 1874.

THE SENATE.

The election bill being the order of the day came up for further consideration on Tuesday night, when an able and interesting debate ensued. Mr. McClure among other amendments, offered one authorizing the minority inspector to hold one of the copies of returns as made and signed immediately after the closing of the polls, as a safeguard against alteration of the returns between the time of counting the ballot and the meeting of the return judges. After further amendments by Mr. Wallace and others, the bill passed the Senate finally on Wednesday afternoon.

This bill now in the hands of the house substantially applies to the city of Philadelphia the general election law which shall obtain throughout the rest of the States Local Legislation in whatever form it presents itself is contrary to the spirit of the new constitution, and what could be more local than the passage of a special election law for the city of Philadelphia. It is held by the friends of the present bill that it is not policy to controvert the constitution by passing a special law for Philadelphia on account of alleged frauds in a few wards of that city.

LOCAL LEGISLAYION.

The House bill on local legislation passed the Senate with a few minor amendments, yesterday afternoon. A means has now been provided for the introduction of local legislation, and an opportunity will soon be presented for judging how far the new constitution has done away with that abuse.

CONTRACTS FOR PRINTING, &C.

A bill has passed the Senate providing that all legislative supplies shall be furnished by contract. Several bills passed to a second reading. The calenders of the two Houses do not grow so rapidly as under the old *regime*. Senate adjoured yesterday afternoon.

THE HOUSE

met on Wednesday and proceeded to the consideration of the bills upon the House calander. A bill has passed to third reading providing for vacancies in the office of Prothonotary, clerk of the Courts, &c., which by some oversight in our laws was not provided for before. It provides that in case of death the deputy Prothonotary, clerk, or register, shall act for the principal and makes it obligatory upon every officer of the kind to appoint such deputy on entering upon his duties.

Also an act regulating the fees of Coroners and Justices of the Peace acting as such. This bill will remedy the trouble so frequently arising in regard to the expenses of inquests and *post mortem* examinations.

Yesterday, the election bill was reported from the House committee, with numerous amendments, and passed a first reading, and will come up this morning on second reading, when it is thought it will be materially amended, especially in regard to the section which provides for the throwing out of the whole poll in any ward where a riot may occur or where the overseers of the election are driven from the discharge of their duties by threats or intimidations. This is considered by some as a very salutary measure and a warm fight is expected over the question of amending it to-day.

THE CENTENNIAL.

Your readers need not be surprised to hear of an appropriation of a million dollars to the centennial committee by the Legislature this year. Its friends are busily at work.

MAY.

Gov. Coburn has given to the people of Skowwhegan, Me., a beautiful new court house with a Mansard roof, and cells for prisoners in the basement. The building cost $50,000; the lot was given by the town.

During 1873, seventy-one persons were buried out of one church in Lebanon.

Death of the Siamese Twins.

Chang and Eng Expire in North Carolina—Intemperance the Probable Cause—History of their Strange Career.

RICHMOND, Jan. 20.—The greatest interest has been aroused by a dispatch from Greensboro, N. C., giving the startling announcement of the sudden death of the celebrated Siamese Twins on the 17th inst., at their residence at Mount Airy, Surrey county, N. C.

THE LAST MOMENTS.

There are no details of this event further than the fact that Chang was partially paralyzed last fall, since which time he has been fretful, very much debilitated and strongly addicted to drinking liquor as a means of alleviating his suffering. He had been quite feeble fer several days—indeed so much soas to confine both brothers to bed, but the illness was not so great as to cause any anticipation of

THE CATASTROPHE THAT WAS TO FOLLOW.

On Friday night they retired to rest as usual, but during the night Chang became worse, and, to the utter dismay of all his friends, expired suddenly about four o'clock on Saturday.

As soon as it was discovered that his spirit had left its earthly tenement and that death had claimed him for his own, Eng became so terribly shocked that he raved wildly for a while, at times exhibiting signs of great mental aberration—This attack was followed by what seemed to be

A DEADLY STUPOR,

and all now watched eagerly the fate of the surviving twin so long and inseperably united to his now dead brother.

In two hours, it is supposed, from the death of Chang, Eng breathed his last, and in death, as in life, the souls, as well as the bodies, of the celebrated twins were once more reunited.

THE WIVES AND FAMILIES

of the twins are in the deepest grief, the children, many of whom are deaf mutes; expressing their sorrow and bereavement in the most pitiful manner.

No definite arrangement as to

THEIR PLACE OF BURIAL

has been made up to the date of present information, but it is supposed that they will be embalmed.

The Siamese Twins were born at a small village on the coast of Siam, in the year 1811. Their parents got their living by fishing, and until 1829, when Eng and Chang were brought to the United States, they made their living by selling shellfish. Their mother bore seventeen children. At one time she gave birth to three and never less than two. But none of these children were deformed. The Twins were united at the anterior part of the chest by a prolongation of

A KIND OF FLESHY BAND, THE SIZE OF THE HAND.

This band of flesh is about two inches broad and four inches thick. The whole mass is tough and capable of being considerably extended. One could whisper in the ear of one of them without the other hearing; while volatile salts applied to the nostrils of one had no effect on the other; and while pinching the arm of one excited no sensation in the other, but stick a pin in the exact verticle centre of this connecting link,

BOTH WOULD FLINCH FROM THE HURT.

After attracting a vast amount of attention among scientists and physiologists in the old world, they married two sisters, and settled down near Salisbury, N. C., on a well-stocked plantation. In addition they had at one period ample funds invested through their agent in New York. During the war they continued to reside on their plantation, until some few years afterwards. The brothers probably never would have had any difficulty, but that their wives, though sisters, turned away their hearts, and children, were the cause of this estrangement. Up to the period that each had five children all prospered well enough, but one of them had a sixth, and this awoke

ENVY AND JEALOUSY TO SUCH A DEGREE

that the twin sisters, not being bound together like the twin brothers, would no longer live under the same roof. The brothers were about fifty-four years of age, but the smaller and feebler of the two, looked ten years older than the other. A few years since they corresponded with some of the leading surgical operators in London, as to the

POSSIBILITY OF THE UMBILICUS BEING CUT,

so that in case of the death of one, the life of the other might be saved. At the request of a London surgeon they visited that city, and many experiments were tried to determine the safety of such an operation. Among other things a ligature was tied firmly for a few minutes around the connection between them, so as to prevent the circulation of blood through the artery. But

IT SEEMED AS IF EACH WOULD EXPIRE

if this were persisted in. The smaller of the two fainted away and lost all consciousness, and there were symptoms that the same effect would follow to the other, but the process could not be continued long enough without

ENDANGERING THE LIFE OF HIM WHO WAS THE FIRST TO FAINT.

Since the breaking out of the rebellion the twins both dressed in the Confederate gray, and were both members of the same church, having united with a small Baptist church in their neighborhood, of which they were considered very worthy members, though born Siamese.

Miscellaneous News Items.

The oldest church in Montgomery county was built in 1695.

The rolling mill of Horace Beal, esq., of Parkesburg, has again commenced operations.

The street car companies of Philadelphia paid $70,000 in the State Treasury last year.

Johnny Steele—"Coil Oil Johnny"—runs a meat market at Jamestown, Mercer county.

Bricks adapted for ordinary building purposes are made in England from the refuse of coal mines.

George W. Child has been elected a vice president of the society for prevention of cruelty to animals.

Pittsburg glass-blowers are trying to interest Cincinnati capitalists to start opposition glass business in that city.

The Allegheny Board of Control proposes to ask the Legislature for permission to run a separate teacher's institute.

The greatest oil well ever struck is the Evans, on the Dougherty farm near Petrolia, which produced in twenty-four hours 4,800 barrels.

Mayor Wm. S. Stokely was renominated for Mayor at the Philadelphia primaries, on Tuesday. He had no opposition, and received 50,541 votes.

At the Democratic nominating meetings in Philadelphia, on Tuesday, Alderman Wm. McMullen was nominated for city councils in the 4th ward.

Prof. Bogle, principal of the Soldiers' Orphans' School at Mercer, has resigned, the resignation to take effect as soon as a successor is secured.

A rat gnawed recently a hole in a Dubuque elevator, and before the mischief was discovered 600 bushels of wheat streamed into the dock.

How can a Good Templar be a whiskey gauger? And yet there is one of this sort in Bucks county, whose sworn duty it is to test by tasting.

A statue of Prince Albert at Holborne, England, was unvailed by the Prince of Wales on Friday last. A large number of spectators were present.

A war is in progress among the grocers of Titusville, and there is a general "knock-down" of prices. The *Herald* says the people can stand it if the grocers can.

The Welshmen of central Pennsylvania have been summoned to appear at Shenango to reform a religious union similar in character to the Evangelical Alliance.

Mr. M. Blodget and J. P. Crawford, of La Porte, Sullivan county, recently sawed, split and piled two cords of wood in two hours, and now they are anxious for some one to beat it.

A young man from Downingtown accidentally dropped his gold watch, valued at $175, down the drain pipe of a water closet at the Pennsylvania railroad depot in Lancaster recently.

Henry S. Wilson, paymaster of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad company, died very suddenly of heart disease at the Lackawanna Valley House, Scranton, on Saturday evening.

The solicitor of Allegheny city decides that the constitution intends that an election shall be held on the third Tuesday in February, and the Pittsburgh city solicitor advances a directly opposite opinion.

Jason H. Welles, clerk to the city commissioners of Scranton, is under $2,000 bail for trial, on a charge of being "irregular" in his duties—otherwise stealing various and divers moneys from the city.

A few nights ago, two students of Bethany College—one named Wood, of Pittsburg, and the other, Carrington of Texas—were robbed at Bethany House, of a considerable sum of money, two revolvers, and other articles.

The First National bank of Clarion stands one next to the highest in the list of 198 national banks of Pensylvania in regard to surplus or reserve fund, only one bank—that of Scranton—having a larger fund in proportion to capital.

At the late term of Court in Northumberland county, Henry Peipher, a man of about fifty years, and said to be worth from $50,000 to $60,000 was found guilty of an attempt to commit rape upon Isadora Seal, nine years of age and a mute.

Symptoms of Liver Complaint.

A sallow or yellow color of skin, or yellowish brown spots on face and other parts of body; dullness and drowsiness with frequent headache; dizziness, bitter or bad taste in mouth, dryness of throat and internal heat; palpitation; in many cases a dry teasing cough, with sore throat; unequal appetite, raising of food, choking sensation in throat; distress, heaviness, bloated or full feeling about stomach and sides, pain in sides, back or breast, and about shoulders; colic, pain and soreness through bowels with heat; constipation alternating with diarrhœa; piles, flatulence, nervousness, coldness of extremities; rush of blood to the head, with symptoms of apoplexy, numbness of limbs, especially at night; cold chills alternating with hot flashes, kidney and urinory difficulties; dullness, low spirits, unsociability and gloomy forebodings. Only a few of above symptoms likely to be present at one time. All who use Dr. Pierce's Alt. Ext., or Golden Medical Discovery for Liver Complaint and its complications are loud in its praise.

A CURE FOR LIVER DISEASE.

RUSK, Texas, May 10th, 1873.

DR. R. V. PIERCE:

Dear Sir:—My wife last year at this time was confined to her bed with Chronic Liver Disease. I had one of the best doctors to see her, and he gave her up to die, when I came upon some of your medicine. I bought one bottle and commenced giving it. She then weighed 82 lbs.; now she weighs 140 lbs, and is robust and hearty. She has taken eight bottles in all, so you see I am an advocate of your medicines. WM. MEAZEL.

EUFAULA, Ala. March 29, 1870.

Messrs. J. H. Zeilin & Co., Macon, Ga.

GENTS:—Your SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR has been in use in my family for some time, and I am persuaded that it is a valuable addition to the Medical Sciences. Respectfully yours, JNO. GILL SHORTER.

☞ Congestion of the Lungs arrested by using *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment* internally.

Special Notices.

CUT THIS OUT.

IT MAY SAVE YOUR LIFE.

There is no person living but what suffers more or less with Lung Diseases, Coughs, Colds or Consumption, yet some would die rather than pay 75 cents for a bottle of medicine that would cure them. Dr. A. Boschee's German Syrup has lately been introduced in this country from Germany, and its wonderous cures astonishes every one that try it. If you doubt what we say in print, cut this out and take it to your Druggist and get a sample bottle free of charge, or a regular size for 75 cents.

G. G. GREEN, Woodbury, N. J.
Aug.20,1873-1y.

CHILDREN OFTEN LOOK PALE

and Sick from no other cause than having worms in the stomach. BROWN'S VERMIFUGE COMFITS will destroy Worms without injury to the child, being perfectly WHITE, and free from all coloring or other injurious ingredients usually used in worm preparations.

CURTIS & BROWN, Proprietors,
No. 215 Fulton Street, New York.
Sold by Druggists and Chemists, and dealers in Medicines at 25 cents a box.
Sold by JOHN READ & SONS.
July16,1873-1y.

CENTAUR LINIMENT.

There is no pain, which the Centaur Liniments will not relieve, no swelling they will not subdue, and no lameness which they will not cure. This is strong language, but it its true. They have produced more cures of rheumatism, neuralgia, lock-jaw, palsy, sprains, swelling, caked breasts, scalds, burns, salt-rheum, ear-ache, &c., upon the human frame, and of strains, spavin, galls, &c., upon the animals in one year than have all other pretended remedies since the world began. They are counter-irritant, all healing pain relievers. Cripples throw away their crutches, the lame walk, poisonous bites are rendered harmless and the wounded are healed without a scar. The recipe is published around each bottle. They sell as no article ever before sold, and they sell because they do just what they pretend to do. Those who now suffer from rhumatism, pain or swelling deserve to suffer if they will not use Centaur Liniment, white wrapper. More than 1000 certificates of remarkable cures, including frozen limbs, chronic rheumatism, gout, running tumors, &c., have been received. We will send a circular containing certificates, the recipe &c., gratis, to any one requesting it. One bottle of the yellow wrapper Centaur Liniment is worth one hundred dollars for spavined or sweenied horses and mules, or for screw-worm in sheep. Stock-owners—these liniments are worth your attention. No family should be without them. "White wrapper for family use;" Yellow wrapper for animals. Sold by all Druggists. 50 cents per bottle; large bottles, $1.00. J. B. ROBT & Co., 53 Broadway, New York.

CASTORIA is more than a substitute for Castor Oil. It is the only *safe* article in existence which is certain to assimilate the food, regulate the bowels, cure wind-colic and produce natural sleep. It contains neither minerals morphine or alcohol, and is pleasant to take. Children need not cry and mothers may rest.

For sale by JOHN READ & SONS.
Oct.15,1873-1y.

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE

of an old Nurse. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health and comfort to mother and child. We believe it to be the Best and Surest Remedy in World in all cases of Dysentery and Diarrhœa in Children, whether it arises from Teething or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None Genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all Medicine Dealers.

July16,1873-1y.

GREAT DISCOVERY! E. F. KUNKEL'S BITTER WINE OF IRON. For the cure of weak stomach, general debility, indigestion, disease of the nervous system, constipation, acidity of the stomach, and all cases requiring a tonic.

The wine includes the most agreeable and efficient salt of Iron we possess; Citrate of Magnetic Oxide, combined with the most energetic of vegetable tonics—Yellow Peruvian Bark.

The effect in many cases of debility, loss of appetite, and general prostration, of an efficient Salt of Iron combined with our valuable Nerve, is most happy. It augments the appetite, raises the pulse, takes off muscular flabbiness, removes the pallor of debility, and gives a florid vigor to the countenance.

Do you want something to strengthen you? Do you want a good appetite? Do you want to build up your constitution? Do you want to feel well? Do you want to get rid of nervousness? Do you want energy? Do you want to sleep well? Do you want brisk and vigorous feelings? If you do, try Kunkel's Wine of Iron.

This truly valuable tonic has been so thoroughly tested by all classes of the community, that it is now deemed indispensible as a Tonic medicine. It costs but little, purifies the blood and gives tone to the stomach, renovates the system and prolongs life.

I now only ask a trial of this valuable Tonic. Price $1 per bottle. E. F. KUNKLE, Sole Proprietor, Philadelphia, Pa.

Sold by Druggists and dealers everywhere.

July23-4t.

THE MOST WONDERFUL DISCOVERY OF THE 19th CENTURY.

Dr. S. D. Howe's Arabian Milk-Cure for Consumption, and all diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs. (The only medicine of the kind in the world.) A substitute for Cod Liver Oil. Permanently cures Asthma, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, Loss of Voice, Shortness of Breath, Catarrh, Croup, Coughs, Colds, &c., in a few days, like magic. Price $1 per bottle. Also, Dr. S. D. Howe's Arabian Tonic Blood Purifier, which differs from all other preparations in its immediate action upon the Liver, Kidneys and Blood. It is purely vegetable, and cleanses the system of all impurities, builds it right up, and makes Pure, Rich Blood. It cures Scrofulous Diseases of all kinds, removes Constipation, and regulates the Bowels. For "General Debility," "Lost Vitality," and "Broken-down Constitutions," I "challenge the 19th Century" to find its equal. Every bottle is worth its weight in gold. Price $1 per bottle.

Sold by S. S. SMITH & SON, Druggist,
Sole Agents No. 616 Penn street, Huntingdon, Pa.
DR. S. D. HOWE, Sole Proprietor,
161 Chambers St., New York.
Nov.5,1873-6mos.

THE HOUSEHOLD PANACEA,
AND
FAMILY LINIMENT

is the best remedy in the world for the following complaints, viz.: Cramps in the Limbs and Stomach, Pain in the Stomach, Bowels or Side, Rheumatism in all its forms, Billious Colic, Neuralgia, Cholera, Dysentery, Colds, Fresh Wounds, Burns, Sore Throat, Spinal Complaints, Sprains and Bruises, Chills and Fever. For internal and external use.

Its operation is not only to relieve the patient, but entirely removes the cause of the complaint. It penetrates and pervades the whole system, restoring healthy action to all its parts, and quickening the blood.

The Household Panacea is purely Vegetable and All Healing.

Prepared by CURTIS & BROWN,
No. 215 Fulton Street, New York.
For sale by JOHN READ & SONS.
July16,1873-1y.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

It is over thirty years since this celebrated remedy was introduced to the American Public. During this time it has performed hundreds and thousands of the most astonishing cures, and its reputation and sale have now reached a point that far surpasses any remedy of the present or past ages. It has required this great reputation, not by a system of puffing, but by the actual merit of the article itself. If you are afflicted with any of the diseases for which it is recommended, such as Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Nervous Debility, or disorder of the Digestive Organs, it will not fail to sustain its reputation in your case. It is not an alcoholic drink, but a pure Medicinal Bitters that will do you good. For sale by all Druggists. Be sure you get "Hoofland's German Bitters." Johnston, Holloway & Co., Proprietors, 602 Arch St., Philadelphia.

Sold by JOHN READ & SONS.
July16,1873eow7m.No.4

New To-Day.

FOR RENT.

The Store Room of J. Saxton's heirs, now occupied by B. Jacob. Possession given on the 1st day of April next. Apply to S. T. BROWN.
Jan.28-3t.

SETTLE UP.

The undersigned having sold his Clothing Store, will now settle up his books. All persons indebted to him will make immediate payment. All accounts not settled again the 1st day of March will be left for collection.

O. CUNNINGHAM.
Jan.24.5t.

NEW YORK DAY-BOOK

A DEMOCRATIC WEEKLY. Established 1850. It supports *White Supremacy* political and social. Terms, $2 per year. To clubs, nine copies for $8. Specimen copies free. Address DAY-BOOK, New York City.

WOOD'S HOUSEHOLD MAGAZINE.

THE BEST DOLLAR MONTHLY.

$5 to $15 a day made by canvassing for this magazine—now in its 14th vol.—with Chromo

THE YOSEMITE VALLEY,

14x20 inches, in 17 Oil colors.

Magazine, one year, with Mounted Chromo,	$2 00
Magazine, one year, with Unmounted Chromo,	1 50
Magazine, alone, one year,	1 00

Examine our Clubbing and Premium Lists.

Two First-class Periodicals for the price of one. We solicit Experienced Canvassers and others to send at once for terms and Specimen Magazine. Address S. E. SHUTES Publisher, 41 Park Row, N. Y. City, or Newburgh, N. Y.

$1,500,000

FOURTH GRAND GIFT CONCERT

FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE

PUBLIC LIBRARY OF KENTUCKY

DRAWING DEFERED TILL

31st of MARCH Next.

to complete the sale of tickets and make a

FULL DRAWING.

12,000 CASH GIFTS WILL BE DISTRIBUTED BY LOT AMONG THE TICKET-HOLDERS.

LIST OF GIFTS:

One Grand Cash Gift			$250,000
One Grand Cash Gift			100,000
One Grand Cash Gift			50,000
One Grand Cash Gift			25,000
One Grand Cash Gift			17,500
10 Cash Gifts	$10,000	each	100,000
30 Cash Gifts	5,000	each	150,000
50 Cash Gifts	10,000	each	50,000
80 Cash Gifts	500	each	40,000
100 Cash Gifts	400	each	40,000
150 Cash Gifts	300	each	45,000
250 Cash Gifts	200	each	50,000
325 Cash Gifts	100	each	32,500
11,000 Cash Gifts	50	each	550,000
Total, 12,000 Gifts, all Cash, amounting to			$1,500,000

☞ The concert and distribution of gifts will *positively and unequivocally take place on the day now fixed*, whether all the tickets are sold or not, and the 12,000 gifts all paid in proportion to the number of tickets sold.

PRICE OF TICKETS.

Whole Tickets, $50; Halves, $25; Tenths, or each coupon, $5; Eleven Whole Tickets for $500; 22½ Tickets for $1000; 113 Whole Tickets for $5000; 227 Whole Tickets for $10,000. No discount on less than $500 worth of tickets.

Applications for agencies and orders for tickets should be addressed to

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE,
Agents Public Library Ky., and Manager Gift Concert,
Public Library Building, Louisville, Ky., or
THOS. H. HAYS & CO., Eastern Agents,
609 Broadway, N. Y.

$5 to $20 per day! Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

BUILDING FELT

(No Tar used), for outside work and inside, instead of plaster. Felt Carpetings, &c. Send two 3-cent stamps for circular and samples. C. J. FAY, Camden, N. J.

$10 to $100 in Wall St., often leads to a fortune. No risk. 32-page pamphlet for stamp. VALENTINE TUMBRIDGE & Co., Bankers and Brokers, 39 Wall St., N. Y.
Jan.28-4t.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE.

All persons having bills or accounts to present to the Board of Directors of the Poor, of Huntingdon County, from and after the 1st Tuesday of February next, will have to make an affidavit of the correctness of the same. By order of the Board of Directors.

GEO. W. WHITTAKER, Clerk.
Jan.21-4t.

FOR SALE.

A BARGAIN.

The Stock and Fixtures of a Drug Store, Corner Third and Allegheny screets. The store-room has recently been fitted up new, and can be rented for $10 per month, $1400 will buy the stock and fixtures, satisfactory reasons given for selling. Terms to suit purchaser. Apply to or address

A. P. W. JOHNSTON,
Jan.2]-tf. Huntingdon, Pa.

New Advertisements.

ENOCH MORGAN'S SONS'

SAPOLIO

Is a substitute for Soap for all Household purposes, except washing clothes.

SAPOLIO

For Cleaning your House will save the labor of one cleaner. Give it a trial.

SAPOLIO

For Windows is better than Whiting or Water. No removing curtains and carpets.

SAPOLIO

Cleans Paint and Wood, in fact the entire house, better than Soap. No slopping. Saves labor. You can't afford to be without it.

SAPOLIO

For Scouring Knives is better and cleaner than Bath Brick. Will not scratch.

SAPOLIO

Is better than Soap and Sand for polishing Tinware. Brightens without scratching.

SAPOLIO

Polishes Brass and Copper utensils better than Acid or Oil and Rotten Stone.

SAPOLIO

For Washing Dishes and Glassware is invaluable. Cheaper than Soap.

SAPOLIO

Removes Stains from Maple Mantels, Tables and Statuary, from Hard-finished Walls, and from China and Porcelain.

SAPOLIO

Removes Stains and Grease from Carpets and other woven fabrics.

There is no one article known that will do so many kinds of work and do it as well as Sapolio. Try it.

HAND SAPOLIO

A new and wonderful effective Toilet Soap, having no equal in this country or abroad.

HAND SAPOLIO

As an article for the Bath, "reaches the foundation" of all dirt, opens the pores and gives a healthy action and brilliant tint to the skin.

HAND SAPOLIO

Cleanses and Beautifies the Skin, instantly removing any stain or blemish from both hands and face.

HAND SAPOLIO

Is without a rival in the world for curing or preventing roughness and chapping of either hands or face.

HAND SAPOLIO

Removes Tar, Pitch, Iron or Ink Stains and Grease; for workers in Machine Shops, Mines, &c., is invaluable. For making the Skin White and Soft, and giving to it a "bloom of beauty," it is unsurpassed by by any Cosmetic known.

HAND SAPOLIO

Costs 10 to 15 cents per cake, and everybody should have it. You will like it.

DON'T FAIL TO TRY THESE GOODS.

Buy it of your merchant if he has it or will procure it for you. If not, then write for our pamphlet, "All about Sapolio," and it will be mailed free.

ENOCH MORGAN'S SONS'
20 PARK PLACE, N. Y, or No, 231 LIBERTY ST., Pittsburg, Pa.
May28,'73eow1y.

$50,000 FOR $1.00

THE FIRST GRAT SALT LAKE GIFT

Concert, authorized by and under the immediate supervision of the city authorities of Corinne City, for the benefit and in aid of the

PUBLIC FREE SCHOOL,

THE ONLY FREE SCHOOL IN UTAH TERR'Y

Trustees of Public Free School

CAPT. S. HOWE, J. S. GERRISH AND ALEX. TOPONCE.

$226,500

—TO BE—

DISTRIBUTED TO THE TICKET HOLDERS

—AT A—

GRAND GIFT CONCERT,

TO BE HELD AT THE

OPERA HOUSE, CITY OF CORINNE,

MARCH 31st, 1874.

DEPOSITORY, BANK OF CORINNE,

$500,000 TICKETS!

PRICE $1.00 EACH,

OR SIX FOR FIVE DOLLARS.

$226,000 IN GIFTS!

AS FOLLOWS:

1	Grand Cash Gift		$50,000
1	" "		25,000
1	" "		12,000
1	" "		8,000
1	" "		6,000
1	" "		5,000
1	" "		4,000
1	" "		3,000
1	" "		2,000
5	" "	$1,000 each	5,000
20	" "	500 each	10,000
100	" "	100 each	10,000
200	" "	50 each	10,000
700	" "	20 each	14,000
600	" "	10 each	6,000
1,300	" "	5 each	6,500
50,000	" "	1 each	50,000
52,934	Cash Gifts, amounting to		$226,500

ONE CHANCE IN EVERY NINE!

The distribution will be in public, and will be made under the same form and regulations as the San Francisco and Louisville