The Huntingdon Journal.

Wednesday Morning, Sept. 17, '873.

READING MATTER ON EVERY PAGE.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

HOW DELEGATES TO THE GUSS CONVENTION WERE MANUFACTURED IN WARRIORSMARK.—A correspondent sends us the following:

Strictly in pursuance to a call for a delegate meeting, by Gusty Guss, the merited head of the Woods disorganizers, a few persons met at Warriorsmark School House to *select* delegates to mis-represent the Borough and Township (?) of Warriorsmark at the Bogus Convention to be held at Huntingdon on the 9th instant.

The meeting was organized by electing D. R. (Dr.) Fry president and Christopher Dungate secretary.

This Fry and five or six small *frys* constituted the tremendous outpouring of the Republicans as they mis represented would come of on this occasion; and this meeting too was a consolidation of the Borough and Township, as all the business for both was done at the same session and by the same organization.—The great body of the republicans being too wide awake and too well posted of the situation to bite at such an unpalitable bait.

In addition to the above five or six interested or sympathic persons there were several other persons present as spectators among whom there were three or four Democrats who were ready, as we suppose, to render any timely aid and comfort that their half-brethern might need in their extremely critical condition.

One exceedingly dim light was sufficient for them to transact all their important business. A brave soldier who had been all through the war, happening to pass that way testifies that the room was as dark as Libby Prison and the inmates just as dismal. All things being in trim, the august president announces the object of the meeting. This seemed to be particularly necessary as very few could *see* the necessity in holding another convention, as the great majority in fact, nearly all the republicans here have made up their minds to vote the whole regular ticket.

The nominations being made, *in good order* they voted *vive voce*, which resulted in *appointing* C. L. Addleman and Job Truax for the borough, and S. T. Johnston and Wm. Burket for the township. It seems that these delegates were elected (?) by two or three *voices* and weak ones at that.

A few days previous to this meeting Wm. Woods visited this place to establish a program (we suppose) for the guidance of his little infant meeting.

"CHIEL."

FOR the latest styles of Silk Hats, go to Cohen Bros., in the Diamond. sept17tf.

SENSIBLE.—The efforts of a few crackbrained fanatics to have a definite recognition of the Christian religion inserted in the constitution of the United States are apposed by all sensible men. No good Christian would wish to disfranchise a neighbor who held to some other form of belief, and a religion which has so little vitality that its continuance depends upon State aid—says the Hollidaysburg *Standard*, and which we most heartily approve—is a shame and a fraud. The Centre Baptist Association, which held its session at Bell's Mills last week, holds decided opinions upon the matter, and adopted the following incisive resolutions. They are eminently sensible and truthful:

WHEREAS, Systematic and persistent efforts are being made to insert in the Constitution of the United States a declaration of belief in the existence of God.

Resolved, That, as Baptists, we are opposed to any declaration of Christian doctrine on the part of the State by making it a part of the organic law, or otherwise, believing the testimony of our Saviour who declares, "My Kingdom is not of this world."

Resolved, That in our judgment, no benefit to religion itself, could possibly result from such change if effected.

Resolved, That Christianity has ever won its noblest triumphs, while free from State control and acknowledgment; and that its days of deepest gloom have been those while living under the patronage of civil government.

FOR a fine White Shirt go to Cohen Bros., three doors from the post office. sept17tf.

TERRIBLE ACCIDENT.—On Monday of last week, as we learn from the Tyrone *Democrat*, a nine year old son of Mr. J. S. Gondon, of Tyrone, was run over and instantly killed by a train of cars on the Clearfield branch, under the following circumstances: The boy started for berries that morning. His father is a brakeman on one of the coal trains of the road, and it was arranged that he should take the bucket of berries on the train in the evening, leaving the boy to walk. At the appointed time the boy was seen standing near the track holding up his bucket. This the father grasped, walking forward, when he was startled by hearing a cry from his boy. He immediately jumped from the train and soon discovered that his son was dead. Forty heavily-laden cars had passed over the unfortunate lad, severing his head from his body. It is supposed that he attempted to jump on the train and missed his footing. Within a few months the Gondon family have lost four children, three from scarlet fever, the last and oldest by the horrid accident above detailed.

FOR the latest styles of Bows and Ties go to Cohen Bros., in the Diamond. sept17tf.

PETERSBURG ITEMS.—Pitching quoits is the only amusement the loafing young men of this town can find to do; they do that with a vengeance.

John A. Wilson has the foundation laid for quite a large brick house which is to be built, this fall, on the hill north of the M. E. Church.

Kennedy Myton's pottery has got started at last.

It would be a blessing to Petersburg if its old school houses would burn down; perhaps the authorities would then deem it necessary to build a good one; the two that are now standing are a disgrace to the town.

Some one is talking of starting a store in R. Myton & Son's new house.

Three young ladies had a quarrel here last week; it was thought, by some, that they would come to blows, but they contented themselves with calling one another liars.

As I will write again for the JOURNAL, I will close without further ceremony. HOWELL.

FOR a fine line of Boy's and Children Hats or Caps, go to Cohen Bros., No. 422 Penn street.

A NARROW GAUGE RAILWAY UP STONE CREEK.—A friend of ours, and of Stone Valley, writes us:

"I am really glad to learn that the "Narrow Guage System" has been started in Huntingdon county. I hope you may have a perfect net-work of them. There is one place I would like to see a Narrow Guage road, and that is from Huntingdon up Stone Valley and across the mountains into Centre county. I believe a three foot road would pay there, and have often thought of writing to Senator Scott to see if such a road could not be started."

We have no doubt but such a road could be made to pay, and under the management of a gentleman whom we can name it would pay handsomely. Won't somebody start the project?

TRUNKS, Valieses and Umbrellas, at Cohen Bros., in the Diamond on Penn st. sept17tf.

FROM a gentleman, a keen sportsman of this city, who has just returned from a week's squirrel shooting in Huntingdon and Broad Top coal regions, on Broad Top mountain, we learn that squirrels are unusually plenty in that section of the State. The gentleman referred to states that he saw several flocks of wild turkeys—one of which had twenty-seven half-grown birds in it. Deer are also tolerably plenty. Our friend saw several herds, and at one point a doe, with two good-sized fawns, passed within easy range of his gun. Black bear, coon and "possum" also abound in the region referred to says our informant. —*State Journal.*

THE Silsby Star Combination will exhibit during the Fair at Yenter's Hall. sept.17-3t.

BLANKS.—Receipts for Collectors and Treasurers of School Tax for sale, at this office, at fifty cents a hundred. If sent by mail four cents additional must be added for postage.

Tax Executions for State, County and Militia tax, under the late collection act, for sale at this office, at one dollar per hundred. If sent by mail five cents additional must be added for postage. tf.

THE Silsby "fellers" expect to give the grandest concerts during the Fair that have ever been seen in Yenter's Hall. sept.17-3t.

HUNTINGDON AND BROAD TOP RAILROAD—*Report of Coal Shipped:*

	TONS
For week ending Sept. 14, 1873	130,34
Same time last year	6496
Increase for week	6538
Decrease for week	—
Shipped for the year 1873	319,618
Same date last year	212,842
Increase for year 1873	106,776

DON'T forget the Silsby boys. They are trumps. sept.17-3t.

"PICKING Cherries down the Lane," and "Happy Hours," are two new songs by the renowned Millard, both containing all of the elements of popularity and both really excellent, they can be had at any Music Store, for the trifle of 40 cents, each, or will be sent free of postage, on receipt of price, by the publishers. LEE & WALKER, 922 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

FIFTY CENTS WILL PAY FOR THE JOURNAL FOR THREE MONTHS!—We desire every Post Master in the county to send us at least four new subscribers for three months, at fifty cents each. This can readily be done, and at some of the larger offices double this number ought to be obtained. Send us FIFTY CENTS and get the JOURNAL for three months. tf.

ACCIDENT.— correspondent informs us that on Saturday morning last, as Charles Ash, jr., of Barree township, was on his way home from Saulsburg, his horse stumbled and fell, throwing him violently to the ground and injuring him internally. He was found in an insensible condition. He was removed to his home on Sunday, where he lies in a critical condition.

ODD FELLOWS' DEDICATION.—Juniata Lodge, No. 117, I. O. O. F., of Huntingdon, will dedicate their new lodge room next Friday (the 19th), at 2 o'clock, P. M. No invitations will be issued, but the members of the Lodge will be pleased to have as many visiting brothers and their wives and friends present as will make it convenient to attend.

JUST ARRIVED.—E. C. Summers & Co., have just received a splendid stock of New Goods in Alpacas, Flannels, &c. Now is the time to buy. We have the best and cheapest stock ever brought to this county. Boots and Shoes cheaper than the cheapest. Groceries can't be undersold. sept17-3t.

GLEASON & BROTHERS are just returning from the east with one of the largest stock of Fall goods ever taken to the Broad Top Coal region. They have everything in their line and their prices are very low. Try Gleasons' before purchasing elsewhere.

FRESH ARRIVAL OF MILLINERY GOODS.—Miss E. M. Africa has just returned rom the east with a large and fashionable stock of bonnets, hats, notions, assortment of children's aprons, &c., &c. And every thing in her line. tf.

TWO HUNDRED
WEST HUNTINGDON LOTS
FOR SALE.

Apply to R. ALLISON MILLER,
No. 228½ Hill St.

The "A. D. H." set had a surprise on Friday night last which puzzled the youngsters effectually. It was a real surprise no doubt. After several hours promenade, lighting up a vacant house or two they lit down at Miss Ida Johnston's who did the agreeable agreeably.

The Huntingdon Sewing Machine Agent who takes buckwheat straw to be clover hay, is plentifully supplied with the article most anywhere in the ridges. We have heard of countrymen being called "buckwheates," but this time the boot is on the other leg.

On last Wednesday, Mr. S. S. Place, an employee in Bartol, Kennedy & Co.'s Planing Mill, had all the fingers of his left hand, including the thumb, taken off by accidently coming in contact with a moulding machine. He is doing well.

THE world renowned Silsby Troupe will hold fourth, in Yenter's Hall, to delighted audiences, on the first, second and third nights of the County Fair. sept.17-3t.

Port & Friedley kill none but the juicest of meats, and their establisment is patronized by all epicures.

Marriages.

BLOWERS—STEELLER.—On the 15th ult., by the Rev. J. S. M'Murray, John Russel Blowers to Miss Christina Steeller, both of Osceola, Clearfield county, Pa.

GRAZIER—GUYER.—On the 26th ult., by the same, at the residence of the bride's father, Clark Grazier to Juliet, only daughter of Rev. George Guyer.

EMERY—LEAS.—At the residence of the bride's father, on the 10th inst., by the Rev. D. Porter Leas, of Philadelphia, assisted by Rev. J. W. Evans, of Shirleysburg, Mr. William V. Emery, of Williamsport, Pa., to Miss Emma J. Leas, daughter of Hon. W. B. Leas, of Shirleysburg, Pa.

WAITE—BURKET.—On the 4th inst., by the Rev. W. Guyan, H. H. Waite to Miss Lida Burket, all of Warriormark.

MATTERN—HAUGH.—On the 9th inst., by the same, G. W. Mattern, of Seven Stars, to Mrs. Nancy Haugh, of Warriorsmark.

Deaths.

HETRICK.—In Huntingdon, August 29, 1873, of Typhoid fever, Mary E., wife of Philip K. Hetrick in the 31st year of her age.

Mrs. Hetrick was a devoted wife and mother, and a loving sister and friend, possessed of great moral excellence, her gentle manners and loving heart won the friendship of all who knew her.

For several years she was an eminently successful teacher—leaving the impression of her vigorous intellect, and warm heart on her pupils. About eight years ago she united with the Presbyterian church of Unity, and her subsequent life gave evidence of the reality of her conversion.

From the first of her sickness she said she would not recover and often asked a friend who watched by her bedside to read to her the comforting promises of God's word.

Death who loves a shining mark, did not find her unprepared. She has entered into the rest of God's people.

HUNTINGDON MARKETS.

Corrected Weekly by Henry & Co.

WHOLESALE PRICES.
HUNTINGDON, Pa., September 16, 1873.

Superfine Flour	$ 6 50
Extra Flour	8 00
Family Flour	8 00
Red Wheat	1 40
White Wheat	1 50
Bark per cord	8 50
Barley	60
Butter	25
Brooms ₩ doz	2 50
Beeswax ₩ pound	25
Beans ₩ bushel	2 00
Beef	7½ 8
Cloverseed ₩ 64 pounds	4 00
Corn ₩ bushel on car	60
Corn shelled	60
Chickens ₩ ℔	8
Corn Meal ₩ cwt	1 75
Candles ₩ ℔	12½
Cranberries ₩ quart	18
Dried Apples ₩ ℔	6
Dried Cherries ₩ ℔	6
Dried Beef	20
Eggs	20
Feathers	80
Flaxseed ₩ bushel	1 25
Hops ₩ pound	25
Hams smoked	12½
Shoulder	8
Side	9
Hay ₩ ton	12 00
Lard ₩ new	15
Large onions ₩ bushel	1 50
Oats	40
Potatoes ₩ bushel new	50
Plaster ₩ ton ground	13 00
Rags	3
Rye	70
Rye Chop ₩ cwt	2 00
Rye Straw ₩ bundle	15
Wool washed	40@45
Wool unwashed	30

Special Notices.

CENTAUR LINIMENT.

There is no pain which the Centaur Liniment will not relieve, no swelling it will not subdue, and no lameness which it will not cure. This is strong language, but it is true. Where the parts are not gone, its effects are marvelous. It has produced more cures of rheumatism, neuralgia, lock-jaw, palsy, sprains, swellings, caked breasts, scalds, burns, salt-rheum, ear-ache, &c., upon the human frame, and of strains, spavin, gall, &c., upon animals in one year than have all other pretended remedies since the world began. It is a counter-irritant, an all-healing pain reliever. Cripples throw away their crutches, the lame walk, poisonous bites are rendered harmless, and the wounded are healed without a scar. It is no humbug. The recipe is published around each bottle. It is selling as no article ever before sold, and it sells because it does just what it pretends to do. Those who now suffer from rheumatism, pain or swelling, deserve to suffer if they will not use Centaur Liniment. More than 1000 certificates of remarkable cures, including frozen limbs, chronic rheumatism, gout, running tumors, &c., have been received. We will send a circular containg certificates, the receipt, &c., gratis, to any one requesting it. One bottle of the yellow wrapper Centaur Liniment is worth one hundred dollars for spavined or sweenied horses and mules, or for screw-worm from sheep. Stock owners—this lin ment is worth your attention. No family should be without Centaur Liniment. Price 50 cents a bottle, large bottles $1.00.

J. B. ROSE & CO.,
53 Broadway, New York.

CASTORIA is more than a substitute for Castor Oil. It is the only *safe* article in existence which is certain to assimilate the food, regulate the bowels, cure wind-colic and produce natural sleep. It contains neither minerals, morphine or alcohol, and is pleasant to take. Children need not cry and mothers may rest. [mch26-6mos.

Sold by JOHN READ & SONS.

E. F. KUNKEL'S BITTER WINE OF IRON.—This truly valuable tonic has been so thoroughly tested by all classes of the community that it is now deemed indispensable as a Tonic medicine. It cest but little, purifies the blood and gives tone to the stomach, renovates the system and prolongs life. Everybody should have it.

For the cure of Weak Stomachs, General Debility, Indigestion, Disease of the Stomach, and for all classes requiring a tonic.

This wine includes the most agreeable and efficient Salt of Iron we possess—Citrate of Magnetic Oxide, combined with the most energetic of vegetable tonics—Yellow Peruvian Bark.

Do you want something to strengthen you?
Do you want a good appetite?
Do you want to get rid of nervousness?
Do you want energy?
Do you want to sleep well?
Do you want to build up your constitution?
Do you want to feel well?
Do you want a brisk and vigorous feeling?
If you do try KUNKEL'S BITTER WINE OF IRON.
I only ask a trial of this valuable tonic.

Beware of counterfeits, as Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron is the only sure and effectual remedy in the known world for the permanent cure of Dyspepsia and Debility, and as there are a number of imitations offered to the public, I would caution the community to purchase none but the genuine article, manufactured by E. F. Kunkel, and having his stamp on the cork of every bottle. The very fact that others are attempting to imitate this valuable remedy proves its worth and speaks volumes in its favor.

Sold only in $1 bottles. Sold by Druggists and dealers everywhere.

Sold by JOHN READ & SONS.
August27-4t.

CHILDREN OFTEN LOOK PALE

and Sick from no other cause than having worms in the stomach. BROWN'S VERMIFUGE COMFITS will destroy Worms without injury to the child, being perfectly WHITE, and free from all coloring or other injurious ingredients usually used in worm preparations.

CURTIS & BROWN, Proprietors,
No. 215 Fulton Street, New York.

Sold by Druggists and Chemists, and dealers in Medicines at 25 cents a box.

Sold by JOHN READ & SONS.
July16,1873-1y.

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE

of an old Nurse. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health and comfort to mother and child. We believe it to be the Best and Surest Remedy in World in all cases of Dysentery and Diarrhœa in Children, whether it arises from Teething or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None Genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all Medicine Dealers.

July16,1873-1y.

THE HOUSEHOLD PANACEA, AND FAMILY LINIMENT

is the best remedy in the world for the following complaints, viz.: Cramps in the Limbs and Stomach, Pain in the Stomach, Bowels or Side, Rheumatism in all its forms, Billious Colic, Neuralgia, Cholera, Dysentery, Colds, Fresh Wounds, Burns, Sore Throat, Spinal Complaints, Sprains and Bruises, Chills and Fever. For internal and external use.

Its operation is not only to relieve the patient, but entirely removes the cause of the complaint. It penetrates and pervades the whole system, restoring healthy action to all the vital powers, and quickening the blood.

The Household Panacea is purely Vegetable and All Healing.

Prepared by CURTIS & BROWN,
No. 215 Fulton Street, New York.

For sale by JOHN READ & SONS.
July16,1873-1y.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

It is over thirty years since this celebrated remedy was introduced to the American Public. During this time it has performed hundreds and thousands of the most astonishing cures, and its reputation and sale have now reached a point that far surpasses any remedy of the present or past ages. It has required this great reputation, not by a system of puffing, but by the actual merit of the article itself. If you are afflicted with any of the diseases for which it is recommended, such as Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Nervous Debility, or disorder of the Digestive Organs, it will not fail to sustain its reputation in your case. It is not an alcoholic drink, but a pure Medicinal Bitters that will do you good. For sale by all Druggists. Be sure you get "Hoofland's German Bitters." Johnston, Holloway & Co., Proprietors, 602 Arch St., Philadelphia.

Sold by JOHN READ & SONS.
July16,1873eow7m.No.4.

AUGUST FLOWER.

The most miserable beings in the world are those suffering from Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint. More than seventy-five per cent. of the people in the United States are afflicted with these two diseases and their effect, such as sour stomach, sick headache, habitual costiveness, impure blood, heartburn, waterbrash, gnawing and burning pains at the pit of the stomach, yellow skin, coated tongue and disagreeable taste in the mouth, coming up of the food after eating, low spirits, &c. Go to the Drug Store of John Read & Sons, Huntingdon, and get a 75 cent bottle, or a sample bottle free of charge. Try it.

Aug.20,1873-1y.

New To-Day.

[GOD SAVE THE COMMONWEALTH.]

SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION.

I, AMON HOUCK, High Sheriff of Huntingdon county, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the ELECTORS of the county aforesaid, that an election will be held in the said county of Huntingdon, on TUESDAY, the 14th Day of OCTOBER, 1873, for the purpose of electing the several persons hereinafter named, viz:

One person for the office of Judge of the Supreme Court of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person for the office of State Treasurer of the State of Pennsylvania.

One person to represent the counties of Huntingdon, Mifflin, Juniata and Centre in the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person to represent the county of Huntingdon in the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person for the office of County Treasurer for said county.

One person for the office of Commissioner for said county.

One person for the office of Poor Director for said county.

Two persons for Jury Commissioner for the county of Huntingdon.

One person for Coroner for the county Huntingdon.

One person for County Auditor for said county.

In pursuance of said Act, I also hereby make known and give notice, that the places of holding the aforesaid general election in the several election district within the said county of Huntingdon, are as follows, to wit:

1st district, composed of the township of Henderson, at the Union School House.

2d district composed of Dublin township, at Pleasant Hill School House, near Joseph Nelson's in said township.

3d district, composed of so much of Warriorsmark township, as is not included in the 19th district, at the School House, adjoining the town of Warriorsmark.

4th district, composed of the township of Hopewell, at the house of Levi Houpt, in said township.

5th district, composed of the township of Barree, at the house of James Livingston, in the town of Saulsburg, in said township.

6th district, composed of the borough of Shirleysburg and all that part of the township of Shirley not included within the limits of district No. 24, as hereinafter mentioned and described, at the house of David Craker, dec'd., in Shirleysburg.

7th district, composed of Porter and part of Walker tp. and so much of West township as is included in the following boundaries, to wit: Beginning at the southwest corner of Tobias Kauffman's farm on the bank of the Little Juniata River, to the lower end of Jackson's Narrows, thence in a northwesterly direction to the most southerly part of the farm owned by Michael Maguire, thence north forty degrees west to the top of Tussey's Mountain to intersect the line of Franklin township, thence along the said line to the Little Juniata River, thence down the same to the place of beginning, at the Public School House opposite the German Reformed Church, in the borough of Alexandria.

8th district, composed of the township of Franklin, at the house of George W. Mattern, in said township.

9th district, composed of Tell township, at the Union School House, near the Union Meetnig House, in said township.

10th district, composed of Springfield township, at the school house, near Hugh Madden's, in said township.

11th district, composed of Union township, at Grant School House, in the bornugh of Mapleton, in said township.

12th district, composed of Brady township, at the Centre School House, in said township.

13th district, composed of Morris township, at public school house No. 2, in said township.

14th district, composed of that part of West tp. not included in 7th and 26th districts, at the public school house on the farm now owned by Miles Lewis, (formerly owned by James Ennis,) in said township.

15th district, composed of Walker township, at the house of Benjamin Megahy, in McConnellstown.

16th district, composed of the township of Tod, at Green school house, in said township.

17th district, composed of Oneida township, at the house of William Long, Warm Springs.

18th district, composed of Crumwell township, at the Rock Hill School House, in said township.

19th district, composed of the borough of Birmingham, with the several tracts of land near to and attached to the same, now owned and occupied by Thomas M. Owens, Jno. K. M'Cahan, Andrew Robeson, John Gensimer, and William Gensimer, and the tract of land now owned by George and John Shoenberger, known as the Porter tract, situate in the township of Warriorsmark, at the public school house in said borough.

20th district, composed of the township of Cass, at the public school house in Cassville, in said township.

21st district, composed of the township of Jackson, at the public school house of Edward Littles, at M'Alevy's Fort, in said township.

22d district composed of the township of Clay, at the public school house in Scottville.

23d district, composed of the township of Penn, at the public school house in Marklesburg, in said township.

24th district, composed and created as follows, to wit:—That all that part of Shirley township, Huntingdon county, lying and being within the following described boundaries, (except the borough of Mt. Union,) namely: Beginning at the intersection of Union and Shirley township line with the Juniata river, on the south side thereof; thence along said Union township line for the distance of 3 miles from said river; thence eastwardly, by a straight line, to the point where the main road from Eby's mill to Germany valley, crosses the summit of Sandy Ridge to the Juniata river, and thence up said river to the place of beginning, shall hereafter form a separate election district; that the qualified voters of said election district shall hereafter hold their general and township elections in the public school house in Mt. Union, in said township.

25th district, composed of all that territory lying northeastward of a line beginning at the Juniata river and running thence in a direct line along the centre of Fourth street, in the borough of Huntingdon, to the line of Oneida township, constituting the First Ward of said borough, at the southeast window of the Court House.

26th district, composed of all that territory lying west of the First Ward, and east of the center of Seventh street, composing the second Ward, at the southwest window of the Court House, in the borough aforesaid.

27th district, composing all that territory lying north and west of the second Ward, and south of a line beginning at the Juniata river and running thence eastward in a direct line along the centre of Eleventh street to the line of Oneida township, constituting the Third Ward, and also those portions of Walker and Porter townships formerly attached to the East Ward, at the Council House, in said borough.

28th district, composed of all that territory lying north of the Third Ward of said borough constituting the Fourth Ward, at the public school house near Cherry Alley, in said borough.

29th district, composed of the borough of Petersburg and that part of West township, west and north of a line between Henderson and West township, at and near the Warm Springs, to the Franklin township line on the top of Tussey's Mountain, so as to include in the new district the houses of David Waldsmith, Jacob Longnecker, Thomas Hamer, James Porter, and John Wall, at the school house in the borough of Petersburg.

30th district, composed of the township of Juniata, at the house of John Peightal, on the land of Henry Isenberg.

31st district, composed of Carbon township, recently erected out of a part of the territory of Tod township, to wit: commencing at a chestnut oak, on the summit of Terrace mountain, at the Hopewell township line opposite the dividing ridge, in the Little Valley, thence south 52 deg. east 360 perches, to a stone heap on the western summit of Broad Top Mountain; thence north 67 deg., east 312 perches to a yellow pine; thence south 52 deg., east 772 perches to a chestnut oak; then south 14 deg., east 351 perches to a chestnut at the east end of Henry S. Green's land; thence south 31½ deg., east 291 perches to a chestnut oak, on the summit of a spur on Broad Top, on the western side of John Terral's farm; south, 65 deg., east 234 perches to a stone heap on the Clay township line, at the public school house in the village of Dudley.

32d district, composed of the borough of Coalmont, at the public school house, in said borough.

33d district, composed of Lincoln tp., beginning at a pine on the summit of Tussey mountain on the line between Blair and Huntingdon counties, thence by the division line south, 58 deg., east 798 perches to a black oak in middle of township; thence 42½ deg., east 362 perches to a pine on summit of Terrace; thence by the line of Tod tp. to corner of Penn tp.; thence by the lines of the township of Penn to the summit of Tussey mountain; thence along said summit with line of Blair county to place of beginning, at Coffee Run School House.

34th district, composed of the borough of Mapleton, at the Grant School House, in said borough.

35th district, composed of the borough of Mount Union, in the school house, in said borough.

36th district, composed of the borough of Broad Top City, at the public school house, in said borough.

37th district, composed of the borough of Three Springs, at the public school house, in said borough.

38th district, composed of Shade Gap borough at the public school house, in said borough.

39th district, composed of the borough of Orbisonia, at the public school house in Orbisonia.

The general election in all the Wards, Townships, Districts and Boroughs of the county, is to be opened between the hours of six and seven o'clock in the forenoon, and shall continue without interruption or adjournment until seven o'clock in the evening, when all poles shall be closed.

Every person, excepting justices of the peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the government of the United States, or of this State, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent, who is or shall be employed under the legislative, executive or judiciary departments of the state or the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and also every member of congress or of the state legislature, and of the select and common councils of any city, or commissioner of any in orporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of judge, inspector or clerk of any election of this commonwealth, and no inspector, judge or other officer of any such election shall be eligible there to be voted for.

The inspectors and judge of the election shall meet at the respective places appointed for holding the election in the district, to which they respectively belong, before seven o'clock in the morning, and each of said inspectors shall appoint one clerk, who shall be a qualified voter of such district.

In case the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend on the day of any election, then the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for judge at the next preceding election shall act as inspector in his place. And in case the person who shall have received the highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend, the person elected judge shall appoint an inspector in his place. And in case the person elected judge shall not attend, then the inspector who received the highest number of votes shall appoint a judge in his place—or if any vacancy shall continue in the board for the space of one hour after the time fixed by law for the opening of the election, the qualified voters of the township, ward or district to which such officers shall have been elected, present at such election, shall elect one of ther number to fill such vacancy.

It shall be the duty of the several assessors of each district to attend at the place of holding every general, special or township election, during the whole time said election is kept open, for the purpose of giving information to the inspectors and judges, when called on, in relation to the right of any person assessed by them to vote at such election, or such other matters in relation to the assessments of voters as the said inspectors or either of them shall from time to time require.

No person shall be permitted to vote at any election, as aforesaid, other than a freeman of the age of twenty-one years or more, who shall have resided in the State at least one year, and at the election district where he offers his vote at least ten days immediately preceding such election and within two years paid a state or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least ten days before the election. But a citizen of the United States who has previously been a qualified voter of this state and removed therefrom and returned, and who shall have resided in the election district and paid taxes, as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote after residing in this state six months: *Provided*, That the freemen, citizens of the United States, between twenty-one and twenty-two years, who have resided in an election district as afore-aid, shall be entitled to vote although they shall not have paid taxes.

No person shall be permitted to vote whose name is not contained in the list of taxable inhabitants furnished by the commissioners, unless, First, he produces a receipt for the payment within two years of a state and county tax assessed agreeably to the constitution, and give satisfactory evidence either on his oath or affirmation or the oath or affirmation of another, that he has paid such a tax, or on failure to produce a receipt shall make oath to the payment thereof. Second, if he claim the right to vote by being an elector between the age of twenty-one and twenty-two years, he shall depose on oath or affirmation that he has resided in this state at least one year next before his application, and make such proof of residence in the district as is required by this act, and that he does verily believe, from the account given him, that he is of age aforesaid, and such other evidence as is required by this act, whereupon the name of the person thus admitted to vote shall be inserted in the alphabetical list by the inspectors, and a note made opposite thereto by writing the word "tax" if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of having paid tax; or the word "age" if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of such age shall be called out to the clerk, who shall make the like notes on the list of voters kept by him.

In all cases where the name of the person claiming to vote is not found on the list furnished by the commissioners and assessors, or his right to vote, whether found thereon or not, is objected to by any qualified citizen, it shall be the duty of the inspectors to examine such person on oath as to his qualifications, and if he claims to have resided within the state for one year or more, his oath shall be sufficient proof thereof, but shall make proof by at least one competent witness, who shall be a qualified voter, that he has resided in the district for more than ten days next immediately preceding such election, and shall also himself swear that his bona fide residence, in pursuance of his lawful calling, is in said district, and that he did not remove into said district for the purpose of voting therein.

Every person qualified as aforesaid, and who shall make due proof, if required, of the residence and payment of taxes as aforesaid, shall be admitted to vote in the township, ward or district in which he shall reside.

If any person shall prevent or attempt to prevent any officer of this election under this act from holding such election, or use or threaten any or any such officer, or shall interrupt or improperly interfere with him in the execution of his duty, or shall block up the window, or avenue to any window where the same may be holding, or shall riotously disturb the peace at such election, or shall use any intimidating threats, force or violence, with design to influence unduly or overawe any elector, or to prevent him from voting or to restrain the freedom of choice, such persons on conviction shall be fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars, and imprisoned for any time not less than three nor more than twelve months, and it shall be shown to the court, where the trial of such offense shall be had, that the person so offending was not a resident of the city, ward, district or township where the offense was committed and not entitled to vote therein, then on conviction he shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred nor more than one thousand dollars, and be imprisoned not less than six months nor more than two years.

If any person, not by law qualified, shall fraudulently vote at any election of this commonwealth, or being otherwise qualified shall vote out of his proper district, if any person knowing the want of such qualification shall aid or procure such person to vote, the person offending shall, on conviction, be fined in any sum not exceeding two hundred dollars, and be imprisoned in any term not exceeding three months.

If any person shall vote at more than one election district, or otherwise fraudulently vote more than once on the same day, or shall fraudulently fold and deliver to the inspector two tickets together, with the intent illegally to vote, or shall procure another to do so, he or they so offending shall, on conviction, be fined in any sum not less than fifty nor more than five hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for a term not less than three nor more than twelve months.

If any person not qualified to vote in this Commonwealth agreeably to law (except the sons of qualified citizens), shall appear at any place of election for the purpose of influencing the citizens qualified to vote, he shall on conviction forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars for every such offense, and be imprisoned for any term not exceeding three months.

If any person or persons shall make any bet or wager upon the result of the election, within the Commonwealth, or shall offer to make any such bet or wager, either by verbal proclamation thereof, or by any written or printed advertisement, or invite any person or persons to make such bet or wager, and upon conviction, thereof he or they shall forfeit and pay three times the amount so bet or offered to bet.

And the election laws of the Commonwealth further provide: that "The Inspectors, Judges and clerks shall before entering on the duties of their offices, severally take and subscribe the oath or affirmation hereinafter directed, which shall be administered to them by any judge, alderman or justice of the peace, but if no such magistrate be present, one of the inspectors of the election shall administer the oath or affirmation to the other judge and inspector, and then the inspector so qualified shall administer the oath or affirmation to him.

"The inspectors, judges and clerks required by law to hold township and general elections shall take and subscribe the several oaths and affirmations required by the 19th, 20th and 21st sections of the act of 2d day of July, 1839, 'An act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth,' which oaths or affirmations shall be prepared and administered in the manner prescribed in the 18th and 22d sections of said act, and in addition to the power conferred by the 18th section of said act, the judge or either of the inspectors shall have the power to administer the oaths prescribed by said act to any clerk of general, special or township election."

"The following shall be the form of oath or affirmation to be taken by each inspector, viz: 'I, [A. B.] do —— that I will duly attend to the ensuing election during the continuance thereof as an inspector, and that I will not receive any ticket or vote from any person, other than such as I firmly believe to be, according to the provisions of the constitution and the laws of this commonwealth, entitled to a vote at such election, without requiring such evidence of the right to vote as is directed by law, nor will I vexatiously delay or refuse to receive any vote from any person who I shall believe to be entitled to vote as aforesaid, but that I will in all things truly and impartially and faithfully perform my duties therein, to the best of my judgment and abilities, and that I am not, directly or indirectly, interested in any bet or wager on the result of this election."

The following shall be the oath or affirmation of each judge, viz: "I, [A. B.] do —— that I will, as judge, duly attend the ensuing election during the continuance thereof, and faithfully assist the inspectors in carrying out the same; that I will not give my consent that any vote or ticket shall be received from any person other than such as I firmly believe to be, according to the provisions of the consitution and laws of this commonwealth, entitled to vote at such election, without requiring such evidence of the right to vote as directed by law, and that I will use my best endeavors to prevent any fraud, deceit or abuse in carrying on the same by citizens qualified to vote, or others, and I will make a true and perfect return of the said election, and will in all things truly, impartially and faithfully perform my duty respecting the same, to the best of my judgment and abilities, and that I am not directly or indirectly interested in any bet or wager on the result of this election."

The following shall be the form of oath or affirmation to be taken by each clerk, viz: "I [A. B.] do —— that I will impartially and truly write down the name of each elector who shall vote at the ensuing election, which shall be given me in charge, and also the name of the township, ward or district wherein such elector resides, or carefully and truly write down the number of votes that shall be given for each candidate at the election, as often as his name shall be read to me by the inspectors thereof, and in all things truly and faithfully perform my duty respecting the same to the best of my judgment and abilities, and that I am not directly or indirectly interested in any bet or wager on the result of this election."

On the day of election any person whose name is not on the said list, and claiming the right to vote at said election, shall produce at least one qualified voter of the district as a witness to the resident of the claimant in the district of which he claims to be a voter for the period of at least ten days next preceding said election; which witness shall take and subscribe a written or partly written and partly printed affidavit to the fact stated by him, which affidavit shall define clearly where the residence is of the person so claiming to be a voter, and the person so claiming the right to vote shall also take and subscribe a written or partly written and partly printed affidavit, stating to the best of his knowledge and belief, where and when he was born; that he is a citizen of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and of the United States; that he has resided in the commonwealth one year, or if formerly a citizen therein, and has moved therefrom, that he has resided therein six months next preceding said election; that he has not moved into the district for the purpose of voting therein; that he has paid a State or County tax within two years, which was assessed at least ten days before said election; and, if a naturalized citizen, shall also state when, where and by what court he was naturalized, and shall also produce his certificate of naturalization for examination; the said affidavit shall also state when and where the tax claimed to be paid by the affidavit was assessed, and when, where, and to whom paid, and the tax receipt therefor shall be produced for examination, unless the affiant shall state on his affidavit that it has been lost or destroyed, or that he never received any, but if the person so claiming the right to vote shall take and subscribe an affidavit, that he is a native born citizen of the United States, or if born elsewhere, shall state the fact in his affidavit, and shall produce evidence that he has been naturalized, or that he is entitled to citizenship by reason of his father's naturalization; and shall further state in his affidavit that he is at the time of taking the affidavit between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-two years; that he has resided in the State one year and in the election district ten days next preceding such election, he shall be allowed to vote, although he shall not have paid taxes; the said affidavits of all persons making such claims, and the affidavits of the witnesses to their residence shall be preser