The Huntingdon Journal.

J. R. DURBORROW, - - - - - EDITOR

HUNTINGDON, PENN'A.

Wednesday Morning, May 14, 1873.

Circulation LARGER than any other Paper in the Juniata Valley.

SUPREME JUDGE AND STATE TREASURER.

It has been given out in some quarters that a combination has been entered into between the Philadelphia and Pittsburgh Republicans, to control the nominations for Supreme Judge and State Treasurer in the approaching Convention; Philadelphia agreeing to support Mr. Mackey, for State Treasurer, in consideration of Pittsburgh agreeing to support Judge Paxon, for Supreme Judge. We sincerely hope there is no truth in this statement, and that it will be speedily disavowed by the persons authorized to speak for both these gentlemen. We cannot conceive of anything better calculated to degrade the Judiciary and bring it into disrepute with the people, than the idea that the Bench has been reached by any such disgraceful huckstering as this would be. Mr. Mackey and Judge Paxon would both start, with a load which would be sure to crush them if the public were satisfied that their nominations had been secured by any such arrangement. The nominations of that Convention, to command the cordial support of the party, must be the result of fair and honest deliberation among the delegates of the whole State. Any attempt to suppress such deliberation, and prevent a free, impartial choice of the best men for the positions, will certainly end in disaster, and this certainly should be heeded by all who have the best interests of the State and of the party at heart. Our Judicial officers must not smell of low party intrigue. Our State Treasurer, of whichever party he may be, will be under bond for the faithful discharge of his duty; no national question will be involved in this election, nor will any Presidential election follow it to be influenced by it. The people know all this, and they will not tamely submit to be made the instruments for carrying out any disgraceful intrigue.

Besides this, the interior of the State would resent any such attempt to frustrate the claims they will present to that Convention for representation upon the Supreme Bench. As at present composed, the West has two Judges—Agnew, of Beaver and Williams, of Allegheny; Philadelphia has two, Sharswood and Read, and the Northern part of the State has one, Judge Mercur. The whole sweep of counties from Philadelphia to Pittsburgh, and from the Maryland line up to Bradford county, has no representation, and now that one of the Philadelphia Judges is about to retire, the announcement that an intrigue is to result in nominating another, to the exclusion of the demand of the interior, naturally begets a resentment with which it will not be well to trifle, and the public mind should at once be disabused of the idea that the Convention is al- of any arrangement in anybody's interest. Fair nominations, after full deliberation, will command cordial support, and be elected by large majorities. The suspicion of trickery or management to prevent such action must be avoided if we would be successful. We write in the interest of no candidate for either office, but in the interest of fair play and Republican success, and hope these words will be heeded.

FALSE PRETENCES.

The false pretence of being a Republican paper, set up by the Huntingdon *Globe*, deceives nobody in this county where the people are acquainted with those who control it, with the motives which govern it, and with the persons upon whom it is its professed business to heap personal abuse. Republicans outside the county will hardly fail to notice certain symptoms, in its columns, which indicate very clearly, that it is rapidly drifting into a Democratic organ. Its quotations recently have been from those choice Democratic sheets the Hollidaysburg *Standard*, the Bellefonte *Watchman* and from the Johnstown *Voice*, now conducted by the editor who made himself an unenviable fame with Republicans while publishing the Johnstown *Democrat*, by publishing the infamous wood cut of Mr. Lincoln as the "Bloody King of the Iron Crown." He also tickles the fancy of his Democratic supporters by his sympathy with the Ku Klux, seizing upon Democratic squibs which treat it as a matter of reproach to have been instrumental in exposing that bloody conspiracy, and arresting its work in behalf of the Democratic party. Democrats may like this; how does it set upon the stomachs of true Republicans?

Last week the cloven foot became still more conspicuous. It seems that certain Democrats, who think the *Monitor* and its editor have been speaking some plain truth about the salary grab which bear very hard upon their friend Mr. Speer, have been pouring their wrongs into sympathetic ears, and these sympathetic ears they found, strange to say, upon the head of this Republican editor of the *Globe*. He undertakes to lecture the *Monitor* for its severity towards Mr. Speer, a Democratic Congressman.

Quoting Democratic editorials, Ku Klux sympathy, scolding Democratic editors who have the manliness to denounce Democratic meanness or wrongs, are certainly strong claims to Republican confidence. These are the claims the *Globe* editor makes upon his readers, and it is not hard to see that it is the Democratic harbor he is steaming for, and in due time he will make it.

☞ The jury panelled to settle the question of Trains' sanity has wisely enough concluded that George Francis' head is level. So far so good. Now then let him slide as soon as possible. Get rid of him or he will make things ugly for some people in the metropolis.

☞ The Daily *Graphic*, which strikes us to be the great idea—and a successful one, too—of 1873, reaches us only about three times a week. It is gobbled up by post office sharks somewhere.

☞ Hon. Edward King died at his residence in Philadelphia, on Thursday last, at the advanced age of eighty years. He was for many years judge of the court of common pleas for the city and county of Philadelphia, which position he filled with extraordinary ability and the almost universal commendation of the bar and the community. After retiring from the bench he made the tour of Europe, and, upon his return, it was found that his mind had become so much impaired as to be a subject of serious alarm to his friends, and in that condition he remained for several years, laboring under various hallucinations, when, as suddenly as his mind failed, it was perfectly restored, and so remained until his death. Having outlived his day and generation, a great part of the rising community has only known him as a name of the past, but there are many who will remember him as a great jurist, an accomplished scholar, a brilliant conversationalist, and an amiable gentleman.

☞ The Commissioner of Pensions has announced that section 9 of the act of March 3, 1873, provides for no addition to the $2 increased pension in any case.—It is a consolidation of Section 2 of the act of July 25, 1866, and Sections 4 and 5 of the act of July 27, 1868, with an amendment to the former sections so as to give the same increase to the widow of the soldier or sailor for the children by a former wife as for the children by herself, and to the widow of an officer as well as a soldier or sailor. It also gives the increase to all the children under 16 years of age of officers as well as soldiers and sailors, instead of all but one where there is no widow or where she has died or remarried. In other respects it embodies the provisions of the three sections named. It is proper to add that such was the object of the section as held by the Commissioner of Pensions, in both Houses of Congress.

☞ Free Trade would put us in competition with the pauper labor of Europe and what would be the result? Why our factories, in less than a decade, would be filled with Orientals to enable our manufacturers to compete successfully. Free trade is a notice to skilled American mechanics that they are not wanted. The mechanic who votes for Free Trade votes for cheap labor.

☞ Somebody, with about as little humanity as the Modocs themselves, proposed to hunt those miscreants down with bloodhounds; but our people are not prepared to have innocent squaws and papooses devoured to capture a few ragamuffins like Captain Jack and his insignificant band.

☞ Chief Justice Salmon P. Chase, of the Supreme Court of the United States, died at the residence of his daughter, in the city of New York, on the morning of the 7th inst. His death was caused by a stroke of paralysis.

☞ The strong point of the free trader is the Chinaman. With him he can compete with the pauper labor of Europe.—Every laborer who votes for free trade votes for the introduction of more Chinese cheap labor.

☞ The farmers of the Great West are up in arms against the railroad monopolies, and they will "break things" or bring these naughty children of the people to terms. Stand from under, Mr. Monopolist, if you do not wish to be crushed.

☞ The *World* is full of Free Trade, and yet such a doleful howl as it sets up over Protection is enough to deafen one. Free Trade will no doubt answer the millionaires of New York, but the laborers of Pennsylvania—never!

☞ Hon. Charles Sumner and Hon. John Scott, true to the great reputations which they bear for honesty and patriotism, refused to take the extra salary grab.

☞ "Bull Run Russell" is now running down the Vienna Exposition for the New York *Times*. His letters will be very interesting.

Chief Justice Chase Dead.

Discovered in an Unconscious State, which Continues Until the End.

NEW YORK, May 7.—Chief Justice Salmon P. Chase was yesterday attacked by apoplexy in this city, and died this morning at ten o'clock, at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Wm. Hoyt, No. 4 West Thirty-third street. His two daughters and Senator Sprague were present. The announcement has caused general grief throughout the city. The flags on City Hall, the principal newspaper offices, and many private buildings, are displayed at half mast.

The Chief Justice came here on Saturday evening to visit Mrs. Hoyt, his daughter. He was in unusually good health and spirits. This favorable state of things continued, but yesterday morning at ten o'clock a servant, sent to call him to breakfast, on entering his room found Mr. Chase lying in a state of stupor. His daughter was immediately summoned, and servants were dispatched for medical aid. When physicians arrived his unconsciousness was found to have resulted from a recurrence of the paralysis, of which he has had several strokes. All efforts to relieve him proved unavailing, and it was evident that his vitality was ebbing away. Gov. Sprague and his wife, daughter of Judge Chase, were summoned and arrived in the city last evening. His two daughters remained by his bedside until 10:30 this morning when he breathed his last. He remained totally unconscious from the time his condition was discovered until the end.

Rumor around the United States Court buildings name ex-Judge and ex-United States District Attorney Edward Pierrepont as the probable nominee of President Grant to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of the Chief Justice; but the political friends of Senator Conkling are very confident that he will be the successor of Mr. Chase.

All the evening papers contain obituaries eulogistic of the integrity, ability and spotless character of Chief Justice Chase.

CINCINNATI, May 7.—Samuel F. Covington, President of the Chamber of Commerce, announced the death of Chief Justice Chase to-day on 'Change, alluding to his distinguished personal services and the intimate relations he sustained to this city. A committee of five old members was appointed on resolutions.

Bellefontaine, Ohio, is the first to avail itself of the State law which authorizes cities to issue bonds to build gas-works, and has just made a contract for the construction of works of the capacity of 50,000 feet per day.

Louisiana Civil War.

News from Rebellious Sources—Gov. Kellogg Narrowly Escapes Assassination—Continued Fighting in St. Martins Parish—The Metropolitan Police Reported Kept at Bay by the Resisters—Steamboatmen Intimidated by Threats, Refuse to Transport Reinforcements.

NEW IBERIA, May 7, 11:00 A. M.—Firing was heard this morning. A courier from the citizens' camp reports three Metropolitans killed and four wounded within two squares of the Court House, where Col. Badger has concentrated his forces. Citizens are collecting from every partion of Attakappas. Most of the recruits are of the better class, well mounted, and generally armed with breech-loading shot guns. So far, the young men principally have gone to the field, while the married men in the towns are watching the negro organizers, and are preparing to frustrate them.

The Captains of steamboats have been warned not to transport armed Metropolitans, and consequently did not bring those at the Bay, knowing that their boat would be blown up. The entire Bayou Teche is under surveillance by well organized bodies of citizens. The Kellogg troops can only reach St. Martinsville by fighting their way up the Bayou. It is generally supposed that an engagement took place last night, but no reports have been received up to the present hour.

BRASHEAR CITY, May 7.—Eight Metropolitans arrived this morning, making forty-eight whites altogether. The citizens refused them all shelter, and they are stopping in a small negro cabin filled with negroes. They have orders to go to St. Martinsville, but can get no transportation. The ferry flat here has been refused. The Teche boats stopped near Franklin, and are guarded by the citizens. The citizens here are still determined. All is quite. One Metropolitan just arrived here from St. Martionsville. He says Badger is hemmed in. He heard heavy cannonading last night.

NEW ORLEANS, May 7.—The Grand Jury have passed resolutions to have Kellogg and his officers appear before them on a charge of usurping the government of Louisiana. Judge Abell ordered the reports filed and subpœnas to be issued for the parties to appear before the Grand Jury. The Grand Jury also reported against the metropolitan police.

The excitement prevailing throughout the city was increased this morning by a report that Kellogg had been shot. The report was untrue, but it appears a pistol was fired near by him, and some reports say at him.

The Superintendent of Morgan's Texas Railroad makes the following statement: This morning a detachment of police took charge of and pieketed the wharf of the Texas Railroad Company, interfering with business and creating alarm. I rebuked Flanigan, who was in charge of the police, and sent word to Kellogg, expressing disapprobation of their conduct. At half-past five o'clock Kellogg called at the office, corner of Natchez alley and Magazine street, to explain the matter. While doing so his carriage, at the door, was immediately surrounded by a large and excited crowd, who commenced jeering and denouncing him. Just as Kellogg's carriage was being driven off some one in the crowd fired a pistol. The driver immediately plied the whip and drove up Natchez alley at a furious pace.

The boats at Brashear City have been seized by the citizens and United States troops are detained here unable to proceed further for want of transportation.

The Resisters assert that although United States troops are going to St. Martinville upon the application of the United States Marshal, on the plea of serving civil processes, their real object, or the effect of their mission, was to relieve the Metropolitans, whose petitions for help are unheeded.

All the city papers condemn the action of the mob in breaking into gun stores last night, and Gov. McEnery has issued an address of similar import.

Hon. Oakes Ames.

Hon. Oakes Ames died last Friday night at thirty-three minutes past 9 o'clock, at his residence in North Easton, Mass. It was evident from the beginning that the paralytic stroke with which he was visited on Tuesday last would prove fatal, and he has since been gradually sinking, until the hour of his death. Mr. Ames was born in Easton, Bristol County, Mass., on the 10th of January, 1804, and received the ordinary public school education of the New-England lads of that period. Early in life he became identified with the manufacturing interests of his native State, and for nearly half a century has been an active business man, of late years having ben largely interested in various railroad enterprises. His first appearance in the political field was 1860, when he was eleted a member of the Executive Council of Massachusetts, and he was re-elected the following year. In 1862, Mr. Ams was elected a Representative to the Thirty-eighth Congress, and served on the Committee on Revolutionary Claims and Manufactures. In the Thirty-ninth Congress he was placed upon the Committes on the Pacific Railroad and on Manufactures. He was also re-elected to the Fortieth, Forty-first and Forty-second Congresses. Mr. Ames was a Republican of strong convictions, and during all the trying hours of the late civil war his votes in Congress, and his action outside of his offiial duties, were all on the side of the Union cause. An exceedingly generous man, he gave largely of his private means to the work of equipping and aiding the Massachusetts soldiers in the field, and his benefactions will long be remembered. In 1866 Mr. Ames was a delegate to the celebrated "Loyalists' Convention," in Philadelphia. The deceased was a gentleman of many kindly qualities of both head and heart, and his death will be mourned by a very large circle of sympathizing friends.

The Charitable Grabbers.

In appropriating $5,000 to themselves from the Treasury, our Congressmen did but enlarge the prerogatives of the people's representatives. They might have taken more than they did. They might have taken Washington's old breeches from the Patent Office. They might have taken the Washington monument—but they didn't. Some people will continue to complain of them, but we are mute from this moment. We apologize to the whole human race, for every thing. As a rash and blinded Sunday school scholar we may have spoken disrespectfully of J. Iscariot. The experience of the last six months shows that Mr. Iscariot may have been a gentleman who was much misunderstood by the people of the period. Some Scribe probably placed the thirty pieces of silver where he thought they would do the most good, and when poor Judas found that he had bought into a lawsuit (Hon. P. Pilate, Chief Justice), he went and hung himself. That was where he made a mistake. He ought to have sent the money down to the Capernaum Female Seminary and then appealed to the generous confidence of a constituency, with whose feelings and interests every throb of his heart beats in unison. The editor of the Galilean *Telegram* would have made a very nice thing of that, and the Hon. J. Iscariot would have been one of the most prominent candidates at the next election.—*Ohio State Journal.*

Death of John Stuart Mill, the English Philosopher.

Liberalism and literature have suffered a severe loss in the death of John Stuart Mill, which occurred on the morning of the 9th inst., at Avignon, France, where he had been sojourning for some time.—Mr. Mill was the distinguished son of a distinguished man—the late James Mill whose historical and philosophical writings showed a very high order of intellect.—John Stuart Mill was born in London in May, 1806, so that he was just 67 years old. His father superintended his education, which was, of course, thorough. In 1823 he entered the service of the East India Company as a clerk, and served it well, in various capacities, for many years. His taste was for literature, and he contributed to the Edinburgh and Westminster Reviews when quite a young man.—Later in life he wrote works on Logic, Political Economy, Social Science, Philosophy, &c., which placed him in the front rank of modern English thinkers. His greatest work, however, was his "Liberty," which presented ideas far in advance of those of all other Englishmen. The literary works of Mr. Mill are too numerous for us to attempt to give any account of them.

In 1865 Mr. Mill was elected to Parliament from Westminster, and he at once took a leading position as an advocate of reform He had the courage even to advocate the rights of woman as they never before were advocated in England. His ideas were all far in advance of those of his constituents, and he was defeated in the general election of 1868. American patriots recognized in John Stuart Mill not only a great thinker and a great reformer, but a valuable and faithful friend of their country. During the years of the slaveholders' rebellion he was the sturdiest and ablest advocate of the cause of the Union that was to be found in England. He took the unpopular side, but his arguments in behalf of free government were the true ones, and they were vindicated by the result of the conflict in this country. No Englishman has died in this age to whom Americans owed a warmer personal regard than they owed to John Stuart Mill. About 1850 Mr. Mill was married to Harriet Taylor, a lady of distinguished talent, in whom he found a congenial partner.

A Frightful Accident.

A Bridge Gives Way While Crowded with People Witnessing a Baptism. Over Ninety Persons Drowned.

A fearful calamity occurred on Sunday afternoon, 4th inst., at Dixon, Illinois, by which over ninety persons, men, women and children, were drowned. Dixon is the county seat of Lee county, and has a population of about 2,000, and is situated on both sides of Rock River. The rite of baptism was being administered to a number of recent converts to one of the Baptist churches here at a point in Rock River, just below the Truesdale iron bridge. About two hundred persons, including many ladies and a number of children, had gathered on the bridge to witness the ceremony. Suddenly without warning, the bridge gave way and precipitated its living freight into the stream below. The scene ensuing was indescribably terrible. As the struggling victims endeavored to free themselves from the ruins of the bridge and from each other, large crowds of people on the banks rushed widly to and fro, many of them so distracted with terror as to be unable to render any assistance. Others more self possessed speedily brought ropes, planks and boats and went nobly to work to rescue the living and recover the dead. Some of those who were on the bridge when it fell were so near the ends that they were able to reach the bank without assistance, while others were fortunately within reach of those on shore. Up to 6 P. M. thirty-two dead bodies had been taken from the river.

The Modocs.

They have Fled from the Lava Beds—The Warm Spring Indians in Pursuit.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 10.—A dispatch from Yreka states that the Modocs are known to be out of the Lava Beds, and going toward the Goose Lake country. The Warm Spring Indians and several scouting parties are in close pursuit. Six men from Yreka are on the trail of Bogus Charley.

Centaur Liniment.

There is no pain which the Centaur Liniment will not relieve, no swelling it will not subdue, and no lameness which it will not cure. This is strong language, but it is true. Where the parts are not gone, its effects are marvelous. It has produced more cures of rheumatism, neuralgia, lock-jaw, palsy, sprains, swellings, caked breasts, scalds, burns, salt-rheum, ear-ache, &c., upon the human frame, and of strains, spavin, gall, &c., upon animals in one year than have all other pretended remedies since the world began. It is a counter-irritant, an all-healing pain reliever. Cripples throw away their crutches, the lame walk, poisonous bites are rendered harmless, and the wounded are healed without a scar. It is no humbug. The recipe is published around each bottle. It is selling as no article ever before sold, and it sells because it does just what it pretends to do. Those who now suffer from rheumatism, pain or swelling, deserve to suffer if they will not use Centaur Liniment. More than 1000 certificates of remarkable cures, including frozen limbs, chronic rheumatism, gout, running tumors, &c., have been received. We will send a circular containg certificates, the receipt, &c., gratis, to any one requesting it. One bottle of the yellow wrapper Centaur Liniment is worth one hundred dollars for spavined or sweenied horses and mules, or for screw-worm from sheep. Stock owners—this liniment is worth your attention. No family should be without Centaur Liniment. Price 50 cents a bottle, large bottles $1.00.

J. B. ROSE & CO.,
53 Broadway, New York.

CASTORIA is more than a substitute for Castor Oil. It is the only *safe* article in existence which is certain to assimilate the food, regulate the bowels, cure wind-colic and produce natural sleep. It contains neither minerals, morphine or alcohol, and is pleasant to take. Children need not cry and mothers may rest. [mch26-6mos.

New To-Day.

SMUCKER & BROWN,

UNDERTAKERS.

A large stock of COFFINS on hand trimmed to order and funerals attended with the New Hearse. May14,'73-1y.

HUNTINGDON AND BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

Winter Arrangement.

On and after Sunday, April 13, 1873, Passenger Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

UP TRAINS. Accom.	Mail		STATIONS.	DOWN TRAINS Accom.	Mail
P. M.	A. M.			A. M.	P. M.
LE 5 50	LE 7 45		Huntingdon	AR 8 25	AR 4 00
5 55	7 50		Long Siding	8 20	3 55
6 10	8 05		McConnellstown	8 10	3 45
6 20	8 17		Pleasant Grove	8 02	3 35
6 35	8 30		Marklesburg	7 45	3 20
6 50	8 45		Coffee Run	7 32	3 06
7 00	8 55		Rough and Ready	7 23	2 59
7 10	9 05		Cove	7 13	2 48
7 15	9 08		Fishers Summit	7 10	2 45
7 32	9 22		Saxton	6 49	2 25
7 50	9 40		Riddlesburg	6 35	2 10
8 00	9 47		Hopewell	6 22	2 01
8 15	10 02		Pipers Run	6 05	1 47
8 25	10 09		Brallier's Siding	5 57	1 40
8 32	10 20		Tatesville	5 48	1 32
8 39	10 22		B. Run Siding	5 42	1 27
8 45	10 30		Everett	5 35	1 20
8 50	10 40		Mount Dallas	5 30	1 15
9 20	11 08		BEDFORD	5 0[illegible]	12 44

SHOUP'S RUN BRANCH.

LE 9 25	LE 7 35		Saxton	2 15	AR 6 45
9 40	7 50		Coalmont	2 00	6 30
9 45	7 55		Crawford	1 55	6 25
9 55	8 05		Dudley	1 45	6 15
AR 10 15	8 25		Broad Top City	1 25	5 55

G. F. GAGE, Supt.

New To-Day.

J. E. SMUCKER. PHILIP BROWN.

SMUCKER & BROWN.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS OF FURNITURE.

They beg leave to inform the trade and public generally, that they employ the largest number of hands, and the largest Factory and Stock of Furniture in Central Pennsylvania. They manufacture all kinds of Parlor, Sitting-room, Chamber Suits and Kitchen Furniture.

We propose to and will sell, to the trade and public as cheap as they can purchase anywhere in the State. Steam Furniture Factory, Nos. 613, 615, 617 and 619, Mifflin street, Office and Sale Rooms, Nos. 617½ and 618, Penn street.

May14,'73-1y.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

[*Estate of Jonathan Shope, deceased.*]

Letters of administration upon the estate of Jonothan Shope, late of Shirley township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN SHOPE,
Administrator.

Shirleysburg, Pa., May 14, 1873.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned, appointed by the Orphans' Court, of Huntingdon county, auditor to hear exceptions to the account, and distribute the balance in the hands of the Lucy W. Brown, Administratrix of Dr. H. L. Brown, late of Cassville, deceased, will meet all parties interested at the office of Simpson & Armitage, in Huntingdon, on Thursday, May 29, 1873, at 1 o'clock, p. m., to attend the duties of his appointment.

J. R. SIMPSON,
Auditor.

May14,73-3t.

NOTICE.

[*Estate of JOHN LUTZ, dec'd.*]

Notice to Isaac Lutz, the petitioner, who resides in Carroll county, in the State of Illinois, and whose post offiee address is Shannon; David Lutz, who resides at present in Altoona, Blair county, Pa.; Elizabeth, intermarried with John S. Buck, both of whom are now deceased, leaving children as follows: Abraham Buck, who is of age, and who resides in Ogle county, in the State of Illinois, and whose post office is Polo; Amanda, intermarried with—— Clifford, and residing in Guthrie county, State of Iowa, but whose post office address is at present unknown; Christian, who resides with his brother Abraham, and who is also of age; John, who resides with his uncle, Samuel Buck, in Ogle county, Illinois, and whose post office is Polo; Henry, who resides with his uncle, Henry Buck, in Ogle county, aboved named, and whose post office is Polo; and Benjamin Buck, who resides with Samuel Laymen, in Carroll county, Illinois, and whose post office is Shannon; John Lutz, jr., who died some three years ago and left to survive him a widow, Isabella, and the following named children: Alfred, who resides in Carroll county, Illinois, and whose post office is Shannon; Frank, Fillmore, Bertha, Amanda and Charles, all of whom reside in Carroll county, above named, and whose post office is Shannon; and Lula, who resides in Stevenson county, Illinois, with ————, not far from Freeport; Benjamine Lutz, who died near three years ago, and who left to survive him a widow, Catharine, and two children, as follows: Lula who is at present residing in the family of her uncle, David Lutz, and Jessie, who resides with a family whose name is now unknown to petitioner, who formerly lived near Freeport, Ill.; but has since removed to Canada; that the last three children of Elizabeth and John S. Buck are minors, and have Christian Long for their guardian, who resides in Dallas county, Iowa, and whose post officeis Adell; that the above named children of John Lutz, jr., and Benjamin Lutz are all minors, and have no guardians appointed, take notice at an Orphans' Court held at Huntingdon, in and for the county of Huntingdon, on the second Monday and 14th day of April, A. D. 1873, before the Honorable John Dean, Esq., President, and David Clarkson and Anthony J. Beaver, Esquires, his Associates:—On motion of Lovell & Musser the Court awarded a Rule on the heirs and legal representatives of John Thompson, late of Mount Union, to appear in Court, on the second Monday of August next, (1873,) then and there to accept or refuse the real estate of said deceased at the valuation thereof, for show cause why the same should not be sold. And ordered that to all persons interested, notice be given personally or by writing left at their place of abode residing within the county, and to all residing out of the county, by publication in one or more Newspapers and copy directed to their nearest Post Office address, at least ten days prior to said second Monday of August next.

Certified from the Record under seal of said Court this first day of May A. D. 1873.

WM. E. LIGHTNER,
Clerk Orphans' Court.

May, 14-4t.

NOTICE.

[*Estate of JOHN THOMPSON, dec'd.*]

Notice to Anna Mary, intermarried with Henry T. Black, at present residing at Green Valley P. O., Tazewell county, Illinois, and the following grand-children of deceased: Son of Wm. Thompson, John, a minor, at present residing with his uncle, the said Henry T. Black, in Tazewell county, Illinois; George, at present residing in Centre country Pa., post office not known, take notice at an Orphans' Court held at Huntingdon, in and for the county of Huntingdon, on the second Monday and 14th day of April, A. D. 1873, before the Honorable John Dean, Esq., President, and David Clarkson and Anthony J. Beaver, Esquires, his Associates:—On motion of. Lovell & Musser the Court awarded a Rule on the heirs and legal representatives of John Thompson, late of Mount Union, to appear in Court, on the second Monday of August next, (1873,) then and there to accept or refuse the real estate of said deceased at the valuation thereof, for show cause why the same should not be sold. And ordered that to all persons interested, notice be given personally or by writing left at their place of abode residing within the county, and to all residing out of the county, by publication in one or more Newspapers and copy directed to their nearest Post Office address, at least ten days prior to said second Monday of August next.

Certified from the Record under seal of said Court this first day of May A. D. 1873.

WM. E. LIGHTNER,
Clerk Orphans' Court.

May, 14-4t.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of sundry writs of Fi. Fa., Vend. Ex. and Lav. Fa. to me directed, I will expose to public sale, at the Court House, in Huntingdon, on MONDAY, June 2, 1873, at 1 o'clock, p. m., the following described real estate, to-wit:

All that tract of land, situate in Shirley township, Huntingdon county, bounded on the north by lands of Peter Shaver, (River), on the south by lands of Henry Copenhaver's heirs, on the west by lands of Samuel Shaver's heirs, and on the east by lands of William Shaver's heirs, containing fifty-four acres, and one hundred and twenty-four perches more or less, also, all of defendants interest in about 3½ acres of land, situate in the borough of Mt. Union, being the same premises sold by Eliza Smawley to the defendant by deed dated December 5, 1870.

Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of John S. Bare.

ALSO—All of defendant's right, title and interest in a certain lot of ground, situate in West Huntingdon, now part of the borough of Huntingdon, fronting 50 feet on Washington, and extending in depth at right angles to the same 150 feet to a 15 feet alley, being lot No. 186 in the plan of said town of West Huntingdon, and having thereon erected a two-story frame planked dwelling house, and other outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Daniel Pope.

ALSO—All of defendant's right, title and interest in a certain lot of ground, situate in the village of M'Connellstown, county of Huntingdon, fronting about 33 feet on the Main street, and extending in depth 165 feet to a public road, bounded on the east by lot of Henry Snyder, and on the west by lot of Mary Butler, and having thereon erected a small frame two-story dwelling house.

Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Geo. W. States.

☞ Bidders will take notice that 20 per cent. of the purchase money must be paid when the property is knocked down, or it will be put up again for sale.

AMON HOUCK,
Sheriff's Office. [Sheriff.
Huntingdon, May 14, '73.3t.

GIVEN AWAY.

A FINE GERMAN CHROMO.

We send an elegant Chromo, mounted and ready for framing, free to every agent for

UNDERGROUND

or,

LIFE BELOW THE SURFACE,

BY THOS. W. KNOX.

942 Pages Octavo. 130 Fine Engravings.

Relates Incidents and Accidents beyond the Light of Day; Startling Adventures in all parts of the World; Mines and Mode of Working them; Undercurrents of Society; Gambling and its Horrors; Caverns and their Mysteries; The Dark Ways of Wickedness; Prisons and their Secrets; Down in the Depths of the Sea; Strange Stories of the Detection of Crime.

The book treats of experience with brigands; nights in opium dens and gambling hells; life in prison; Stories of exiles; Adventures among Indians; Journeys through Sewers and Catacombs; accidents in mines; pirates and piracy; tortures of the inquisition; wonderful burglaries; underworld of the great cities, etc., etc.

AGENTS WANTED

for this work. Exclusive teritory given. Agents can make $100 a week in selling this book. Send for circulars and terms to agents.

J. B. BURR & HYDE,
Hartford, Conn., or Chicago, Ill.

Jan.1,'73.-1y.

New To-Day.

60 CHOICE BUILDING LOTS!

60 Choice BUILDING LOTS, in Tayler's Addition to West Huntingdon," for sale.

Apply to

tf. JOHN F. MILLER.

New Advertisements.

MERCANTILE APPRAISEMENT.

Classification of Merchants in Huntingdon county, by the Appraiser of Mercantile Taxes for the year 1873.

	Class	Rate		Class	Rate
Alexandria Borough.					
W M Phillips	12	12 50	S Hatfield & Co	11	15 00
C Porter pat med	2	10 00	J. R. Gregory	14	7 00
J H Kennedy	12	12 50			
Barree township.					
H Conover	13	10 00	H Kocher	13	10 00
A Crownover	13	10 00	A Wilson	14	7 00
Brady township.					
Etnier & Foust	10	20 00	W M Dorland	14	7 00
Burnham & M'Donald	13	10 00	A P Burnham	14	7 00
			G W Thompson &		
G Metz	14	7 00	Co Distillery	8	12 50
Broad Top City.					
P Ammerman	14	7 00	A Houck pat med	4	5 00
A Houck	14	7 00	J Hoffman	14	7 00
Carbon township.					
Fisher & Miller	11	15 00	W Brown	14	7 00
Reakirt, Bro & Co	13	10 00	R U Jacob & Co	12	12 50
J F Mears	14	7 00	F Tool	13	10 00
J M Bacon	12	12 50	A Gleason & Co	12	12 50
D F Horton	14	7 00	J J Reed	10	20 00
Cass township.					
Kendig & Hoscetter	14	7 00			
Cassville Borough.					
J F Heeton	14	7 00	G M Green	14	7 00
J Henderson	14	7 00	A L Guss	14	7 00
Clay Township.					
T Utley	14	7 00	McGranns & Fitspatrick	14	7 00
J Henderson	14	7 00			
Cromwell Township.					
Rockhill Iron & Coal Co	11	15 00			
Coalmont Borough.					
G A Heaton	13	10 00	T Thompson	14	7 00
Dublin Township.					
James Cree	14	7 00			
Franklin Township.					
			A G Ewing	13	10 00
G & J H Shoenberger	14	7 00	H A Bathurst	14	7 00
Hopewell Township.					
J F Shirley & Bro	14	7 00	D Weaver	14	7 00
Huntingdon.					
O Cunningham	10	20 00	D S Africa	14	7 00
Denny & M'Murtrie	10	20 00	Fisher & Sons	11	15 00
A S Flood	14	7 00	H Greenburg	14	7 00
N B Corbin	13	10 00	D P Gwin	12	12 50
J. Cunningham	12	12 50	Buchanan & Son	14	7 00
R Langdon	14	7 00	Z Yenter	13	10 00
D A Nye	14	7 00	William Lewis	14	
J Reed & Sons Drugs &c	1	50 00	Book Store	14	7 00
			William Lewis		
Wallace & Clement	14	7 00	Groceries	13	10 00
H S Wharton	9	25 00	J A Brown	13	10 00
E. J. Greene	14	7 00	A R Stewart & Co	12	12 50
Wm Africa	14	7 00	G W Swartz	14	7 00
W L Bricker	14	7 00	March & Bro	12	12 50
J C Blair	12	12 50	N C Decker	13	10 00
Benj Jacobs	13	10 00	Henry & C.	8	30 00
Geo. Schafer	14	7 00	J Hagy	13	10 00
J C Miller	14	7 00	E C Summers & Co	12	12 50
Smucker & Brown	12	12 50	Glazier & Bro	11	15 00
Franciscus Hardware Co	11	15 00	Brown & Tyhurst	12	12 50
			A Etnier	11	15 00
A P W Johnston pat med	12	10 00	M Fetterhoof	14	7 00
			S P Wenrel	14	7 00
B F Douglass	14	7 00	S W Culem	14	7 00
Aaron Stewart	14	7 00	Martin Morton	14	7 00
Jacob Africa	14	7 00	Port & Fridley	14	7 00
Henry Lelster Billiards 2 tables	40	00	J R Curmont	13	10 00
			Mrs M Smearman	14	7 00
James Port	14	7 00	J H Westbrook	14	7 00
H Roman	12	10 00	J Leister	14	7 00
S S Smith	14	7 00	Mrs M Hanegar	14	7 00
S S Smith pat med	3	10 00	Miss E Africa	14	7 00
Jackson Township.					
J M Smith & Son	13	10 00	W H Harper	13	10 00
McBurney & Nephew	13	10 00	Neilson & Co	7	40 00
			" " pat med	5	5 00
Geo E Little	13	10 00			
Lincoln Township.					
Simon Cohn	15	10 00	A B Cunningham & Co	12	12 50
Morris Township.					
T C Waite	13	10 00	Isett & Thompson	11	15 00
Wm Davis	14	7 00	J K Templeton	12	12 50
E W Graffius	13	10 00			
Mapleton Borough.					
A W Swoope	13	10 00	J Hamilton	14	7 00
J Bowman	12	12 50			
Mount Union Borough.					
Blair & Appleby	11	15 00	A Eherman	14	7 00
P D Stevens	12