The Huntingdon Journal.

J. R. DURBORROW, - - - - - EDITOR

HUNTINGDON, PENN'A.

Wednesday Morning, May 17, 1871.

The Border Raid Bill has been slaughtered. The House refused to concur in the Senate amendments and then refused to appoint a Committee of Conference and the Bill went by the board.

It was to be expected that the Harrisburg *Patriot* would copy Gen. Sherman's last speech, in which he asserts that he has been misrepresented, several times, italicising the prominent points, as it did a week or so ago. "One good turn deserves another." We presume that the *Patriot* claims that no mistakes are made at that Bank!

BLAIR COUNTY.—The Republicans of Blair county held their convention on Tuesday of last week, and adopted a resolution declaring that John Dean, Esq., of Hollidaysburg, is their choice for President Judge. The following ticket was nominated; Assembly, B. L. Hewit; Register and Recorder, David M. Jones; District Attorney, Milton Alexander; Commissioner, Samuel Morrow; Surveyor, James L. Gwin; Director of Poor, James M. Johnston; Auditor, J. J. Nosker. Resolutions were adopted indorsing the national and State administrations, and commending the action of the legislature on the apportionment bill.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY!—At least eight hundred of our subscribers to pay up to the 1st of January, 1872. We do not want to charge you $2 50 a year for the JOURNAL, because if we ask you to pay these figures you will growl like a bear with a sore head. Pay up, then, and you will only be charged advance rates. $2 00 will pay for the JOURNAL from the 1st of January, 1871, to 1st of January, 1872, until the 1st of July, after that date, according to our terms, you will pay $2 50. Will you allow us to add 25 per cent. additional, or will you pay up? By making payment you can save 50 cents. You are foolish if you do not do it

The Connecticut Senate, on the 11th inst., passed resolutions declaring Marshall Jewell and the other Republican candidates for State offices elected. Of the absolute justice of this decision there can be no manner of doubt. The proofs of fraud were complete and overwhelming, five hundred and seventy-nine citizens of the Fourth ward of New Haven, having sworn before the Committee on canvass of votes that they deposited their ballots for Jewell, whose vote as returned was exactly one hundred less than that number. The resolutions passed by a strict party vote. The exposure of these frauds, and the correction of the wrong which grew out of them, reflect great credit on the little Nutmeg State, for if we cannot have honest and impartial elections the ballot becomes a mockery and citizenship a farce.

THE MILITIA.

There is certainly not sufficient military spirit abroad. Every county should have several military organizations. The following letter written by Adjutant General Russell to Major General Beaver, of Center county, explains itself. It says:

Our Commonwealth imperatively requires, within her own borders, a well equipped and organized militia. Were anything else wanting, events which have transpired within the last few days, clearly demonstrate this *necessity*. Her community of interests and the business enterprises of her people have come to be such, that a serious riot, in any locality, awakens general apprehension, as no single important business pursuit can be thus even temporarily disturbed without injuriously affecting others.

Our Company organizations should, therefore, be increased, numerically, to the *maximum*, and each Battalion and Regiment filled to its proper standard.

I am directed, by the Commander in Chief, to call the attention of Major Generals and Brigade Commanders to this important subject and to request their active and earnest efforts to effect this desirable result. We have inexhaustable military material, and the proper spirit animates our people to accomplish the organization of an efficient Volunteer force.

The Major Generals and Brigade Commanders of the National Guard, are, without exception, officers of intelligence and military experience. Her Line officers, too, have generally, seen active service, and it cannot be questioned that their zealous co-operation would create a State Military power which would reflect credit upon themselves and honor on the Commonwealth.

This subject is, earnestly, submitted to your consideration.

Joint High Commission.

The Joint High Commission completed its labors on the 8th inst., and the treaty formed was submitted to the Senate on the 10th. The New York *Tribune* gives the substance of it as follows, viz:

First, there are to be two Boards of Arbitration or Commissions. To one will be referred the Alabama and other similar claims, which are recognized as national, and to be settled on the principle of responsibility for such depredations where the Government has not exercised the utmost diligence and possible precaution to prevent privateers being fitted out in its ports to prey upon the commerce of a power with whom it was at peace.

The other Board is to take cognizance of miscellaneous claims, both British and American, confined principally to the periods from the commencement to the close of our late civil war. Among these are the St. Albans claims for damage to property in that town by Canadians; but no claims for the Fenian invasion of Canada are to be admitted. As to the claims of British subjects for seizures of their cotton, Great Britain, through its Commissioners, does not recognize them in cases where such subjects took up their domiciles in the South, as thereby they subjected themselves to all risks and contingencies of war. All legitimate claims for cotton will, however, be considered. It has been reported, without warrant, that they will amount to thirteen or more millions; but this is considered to be a great exaggeration. They will not, probably, amount to a million of dollars. There will be no difficulty in ascertaining all the particulars, as the Treasury Department has dates of all the seizures of cotton, the names of the owners thereof, and all the particulars concerning the seizures. The Government is aware that a full list of British claims was recently published in that country, but it also has information that many of them have already been adjusted, while others will not come within the provisions of the Treaty. Among the claims which will also come before this Board will be that of our Government growing out of the purchase of saltpetre in the East Indies during the war and which was seized by the British authorities. There are other miscellaneous claims which will come before the second Board.

The San Juan question will be referred to the arbitration of a friendly sovereign—probably the Emperor of Brazil. From the character of the documents accompanying the Treaty, it is inferred that the decison cannot fail to be in favor of the United States.

The Treaty provides for the free navigation of the St. Lawrence River by the vessels of the United States, and for the use of the Canadian canal on the payment of the regular tolls. There are also provisions regulating the privilege to fish in Canadian waters, but these have not been ascertained with sufficient accuracy to justify a statement of them.

The only doubt in the above statement is as to whether there is to be only one or two boards; but it is certain the Alabama and kindred claims are to be considered separately from the other claims.

Since the above was copied the text of treaty has been published, and the *Tribune* of the 11th says:

The semi-official announcement of the purport of the Treaty of Washington, which was furnished by the Department of State to a Washington paper and thence telegraphed over the country, was lacking, upon several essential points, in that fullness of statement which the public has a right to expect in a matter of such supreme importance. The Sovereigns to whom was delegated the duty of appointing the majority of the Board of Arbitration were not indicated in this abstract, and public opinion imperatively demanded to be informed whether they were of families connected in sympathies or in dynasty with the royal family of Great Britain. The expression of regret by the British Government for the Alabama outrages was referred to in terms too vague and general to satisfy the susceptibilities of the country, which insisted upon a frank and positive acknowledgment. We were informed that the Treaty established special rules of neutral duty and obligation in addition to the generally received public law, with a retractive application to the events complained of by the United States, but we were given no intimation as to the exact extent and scope of these special rules. We could not tell except by inference, whether by the acceptance of these new interpretations of international law we had lost or gained in regard to our future freedom and security in case of foreign wars. The extent to which the Convention opened a path for the claims of British subjects to offset ours was also involved in some doubt.

The Coal Miners' Riot.

Latest from the Seat of War—Efforts Making to Compromise the Difficulties—A Raid on the Welsh Threatened.

NEW YORK, May 10.—A special from Scranton, Pa., at a late hour last night, says: The sum total of the affair is three men seriously wounded, and two women hurt. The Mayor of the city and the agents of the companies were on the ground soon after the main fight was over. There is no sign of another immediate outbreak. But if the laborers insist on resuming work more riots are expected. The actual strength of the movement that has been agitated among the laborers the last few days is not sufficient to warrant any desirable results. The city is much excited over the affair, and the authorities are on the watch for further movements. News of a more peaceful nature has been received from the Delaware and Hudson Companies. The men and their delegates waited on Mr. Weston, Superintendent, this afternoon, and made the following proposition: That all men enter the mines without the stated prices, and submit the question of wages to arbitration. The empire is to be chosen before the resumption takes place. Mr. Weston immediately telegraphed to Mr. Dickson, who is in New York, and an answer is expected to-morrow. The delegates are confident that their proposition will be accepted, Mr. Dickson having only suggested an arbitration at the former interview with him, but repudiated the settlement on the basis of the diamond car, and choosing the top vein of the Carbondale as his standard, thus indicating propably his intention of acting independently of the Delaware and Lackawanna and the Western Company.

One of the wounded men is not expected to live. Through the night rumors were rife that a raid will be made before morning on the Welsh of Park Hill. Everybody there is arming in self-defense, and the military have been sent over to the Hampton mines to-night.

THE BODIES OF THREE MURDERED LABORERS FOUND—MEETING OF THE IRISH MINERS AND LABORERS—RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED.

SCRANTON, PA., May 10.—The bodies of three murdered laborers were found this morning in a swamp near Biggs' shaft. During the riot yesterday, when the laborers were routed, they fled into this swamp, followed by the infuriated miners, where these three men were beaten and kicked to death. Irish miners and laborers held a meeting last night and passed the following resolutions:

Whereas, We, the Irish citizens in the employ of the Delaware, Lackawana and Western Railroad Company, have been maltreated in an attempt to follow our lawful pursuits; therefore be it

Resolved, That the cowardly and dastardly assaut of to-day is nothing short of premeditated assassination of Irishmen.

Resolved, That we condemn the action of the Mayor in not sending aid to us after due notice being given him by the committee who were sent to apprise him of human blood.

Resolved, That we, Irishmen, laborers and miners throughout this district, disperse and stand aloof from having any connection respecting union and fraternity with Welshmen in the future.

Resolved, That we, Irish miners, do pledge ourselves to go in their movement.

Resolved, That we get our names enrolled and resume work with them as soon as the company is prepared for work.

Resolved, That we in future band ourselves together and be prepared for any further assault.

Resolved, That we call on all good citizens, Americans, Germans, Scotch and others, to join with us in our present endeavor to protect ourselves, homes, families, industry and labor, and that we all participate in friendly greetings and try to eke out a sustenance in spite of the assassins of to-day.

It was heart-ending to hear the recital of several members who only escaped with their lives, which was corroborated by forty men. Martin McDonnell, who was taken home in a wagon and who was then in a dying condition says: I made my way to a clump of trees. I was followed and overtaken by seven men who called out, "You Irish son of a b—h." Seven men struck me with billies and left me insensible. One brute afterward came back and raised me up and asked me could I walk? I tried to get on my knees. As soon as he saw I was so strong he kicked me on the mouth and ear. I knew not what became of me until I found myself at home surrounded by friends.

Connecticut.

The Legislature in Session—A Resolution Declaring Jewell Elected Introduced in the House.

HARTFORD, May 10.—the Legislature convened at two o'clock, this afternoon.—At the House the Committee on Canvass of Votes reported Marshall Jewell elected Governor by eighty-six majority, and also declared the election of other Republican State officers. A resolution declaring Jewell elected is now being debated. The Senate passed upon the same important business, and took a recess to await the action of the House of Representatives.—The hall is crowded with spectators to hear the debate.

HARTFORD, May 10.—In the House this evening debate on the resolution declaring the election of Jewell was continued. The resolution passed at 9:45 o'clock by a vote of 123 to 100—a strict party vote. Seventeen members were absent or not voting. Resolutions declaring the Republican candidates for other State offices elected were all passed and the House adjourned. The Senate will take up the resolutions to-morrow at ten o'clock and pass them. Governor Jewell and other officers will take the oath of office as soon as officially notified, and Governor Jewell will communicate his message to the Legislature on Tuesday next, and arrangements for public inauguration ceremonies and parade on that day will be made.

Legal Shysters.

Judge Bedford, of the city court of N. Y. a few weeks ago, delivered a charge to the grand jury, sworn for the general sessions, that is worthy of special commendation, and which, if carried out, may do much to rid the profession of these disreputable parasites that now infest it. We make the following extract:

"Before we separate, I deem it my duty to direct your attenten to a growing evil, and one in which I find myself deeply interested, for it reflects directly upon the legal profession—a profession which I love and honor. I have reference to the many misdeeds perpetrated every day by the dishonest and unprincipaled members of the bar; but, thank God! these members are greatly in the minority. Nothing more richly deserves the universal scorn and contempt of mankind than do the disreputable acts of the dishonest lawyer. I look upon the legal profession as I do upon a splendid garden filled with the choicest flowers, where some are even more beautiful than others; and yet in the midst of all this beauty and cultivation one sometimes finds a rank, unwholesome weed. As it is the duty of the faithful gardener to uproot the weeds so that the flowers may longer retain their life and loveliness, and not be contaminated or withered by the blighting influence of the noxious poison, so, in like manner, do I hold it to be the duty of the authorities to throw from the ranks of the profession those who, by their professional acts and conduct, degrade and dishonor it.—*Legal Opinion.*

Hon. Thomas A. Scott.

The Oil City *Times* contains the following article upon the Hon. Thomas A. Scott, paying him a very high compliment, which is very thoroughly deserved:

Hon. Thomas A. Scott, vice president of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, has rendered more essential service to the nation than any other railroad man now living. During the darkest hours of the rebellion it was the custom of the Government to telegraph him to move an army at an hour's notice, to have transportations, and to place an army of fifty thousand men, say hundreds of miles distan, at the very shortest notice. President Lincoln used to say that there was no man in the world could move an army a great distance in so short a space of time as the Hon. Thomas A. Scott, at that time he was Assistant Secretary of War, and even after he had withdrawn from that posision he was ever on had at the call of his own State or the nation. And the country has cause to congratulate herself that the great enterprise of the Northern Pacific Railroad has secured his invaluable services to act as one of her officers—as it simply means success when he moves in any great public improvement. His standing to-day in commercial, mercantile and railroad circles is without a rival as a man of most transcendant ability and forecast, and his great achievement, the completion of the Northern Pacific Railroad, will scarcely rank secondly in the point of improvements of the present day. Long may he live to enjoy the blessings of this great Government that he has done so much toward sustaining.

Mr. Frederick Douglas, by request of the President, and of the Commissioners themselves, made one of the San Domingo in vestigation party, and though tinged with African blood, being a gentleman of culture and of unexceptionable habits and manners, was treated in all respects as an equal by the whole party. Nay, more, on the entire expedition, both on ship board and in every port at which they touched, Mr. Douglas was treated with as much deference and respect as any member of the party, until reaching the United States, on the return trip. At Weldon, North Carolina, Mr. Douglas was refused permission to sit at the breakfast table, but the Commissioners took such a decided stand in the matter that the dispenser of hog and hominy had to relent. And on the one-horse steamer which brought the party up the Potomac, from Aquia Creek, to Washington, he was also denied the privilege of the dinner table, for which indignity the Commissioners and other members of the party withdrew from the cabin. It is about time for such petty perjudices to "play out" in this country, and if all white travelers would as promptly and unequivocally express their sentiments upon the subject, as the distinguished gentlemen composing the San Domingo Commission did, it would soon do so. Fred. Douglas still lives, and we trust that he may continue to do so, until, both in the United States and throughout the world, man shall be judged, not from the color of his skin nor the texture of his coat, but by his own individual proper behavior and moral worth.—*Beacon.*

The right of women to vote is to be tested in the courts of Washington by a few of the ladies of the city who were refused the exercise of the elective franchise at the late Territorial election. It is understood that the case will eventually be carried to the Supreme Court of the United States, and a decision will be looked for within a year. The ladies claim that they are entitled to vote under the 14th and 15th amendments to the Constitution. Test cases, upon the same grounds, will probably come up from other sections of the country. The movement is preconceited and has fight in it as Victoria Woodhull is at the head of it, and she always means business.

Those who look rather coldly upon Canada will be perhaps astonished to hear that she is the fourth maritime power in the world, and has 7,591 ships, with a tonnage of 899,090 tons. She is ahead of every nation except Great Britain, the United States and France.

News Summary.

The apportionment bill has become a law through the failure of Governor Geary to return it within ten days after its passage, as required by the constitution.

Gen Meade is to preside over the next meeting of the Army of the Potomac, to be held at Boston, on the 17th inst. The President will be there.

The women of Georgia have collected nearly $3000 for the proposed monument to the late Robert E. Lee. The whole amount raised for the purpose in the South thus far is said to be not far from $20,000.

Charles W. Brooke, Esq., one of Philadelphia's ablest and most distinguished lawyers, has removed to New York city to practice his profession, and we have no doubt he will take a front rank in that city.

Carl Schurz has notified the Democracy of St. Louis they cannot use him as a means to secure their success. Whatever he does for principle he intends to do within the ranks of the Republican party.

Gov. Geary has appointed Hon. James A. Logan President Judge of the Tenth Judicial District, composed of Wesmoreland, Indiana and Armstrong counties, *vice* Hon. Joseph Buffington, resigned.

Louis Napoleon is hard at work at Chislehurst paying old debts. There is something good about him after all, or he would do like a good many kings before him, and manage to forget such small matters as little bills.

At the late municipal elections in Indiana the Republicans carried the cities of Terre Haute, Lafayette, Shelbyville, Logansport and Greencastle, which are usually Democratic. The Democrats made a gain of Columbus.

The Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Represenatatives have reported affirmatively Mr. Strang's joint resolution appropriating $5,000 towards paying the expenses of the commissioners appointed by the President from every State to make preparations for the Centennial Celebration.

The youngest son of General Belknap, Secretary of War, died on Monday in Cincinati. But a few months ago the accomplished wife of the Secretary was taken from him by death. Human sympathy in afflictions of this kind is weak, for none but the husband and father can feel the loss in its terrible reality.

Dr. Livingstone again. Earl Granville announced in the House of Lords that the government had recived official despatches confirming the safety of Dr. Livingstone, the African traveller, and giving assurance that his immediate wants had been provided for. This is indeed good news.

The recent explorations in Jerusalem have excited great interest among the masonic fraternity, on account of the discovery of what are believed to be "Masons' marks" on considerable number of the immense foundation stones recently uncovered under the debris of the Temple.

The first arrest under the new Enforcement law was made in North Carolina on Friday last. The charge is that of assaulting and maltreating negroes, the guilty persons being three young men known as disreputable characters. They were not disguised while committing the offense—a singular violation of Ku-Klux customs.

The Maryland Democracy hold their convention to nominate candidates for Governor and other Sate officers on July 16. Under the fifteenth amendment there are strong hopes of carrying Maryland before long, and next fall we expect to see a vigorous campaign, which will prepare the State for falling into line in 1872.

The Southern Republicans say that the Ku Klux game now is to keep very quiet till a month before the Presidential election, and then to scare the colored voters from the polls by a short but effective reign of terror. It is probable, however, that there will be some hindrance to the working of this plan in the way of an extension of the provisions of the Ku Klux bill.

New Advertisements.

"Unquestionably the best sustained work of the kind in the World."

HARPER'S MAGAZINE.

Notices of the Press.

No more delightful travels are printed in the English language than appear perpetually in *Harpers Magazine*. They are read with equal interest and satisfaction by boys of every grade from eighteen to eighty. Its scientific papers, while sufficiently profound for the acknowledged leaders of the learned, are yet admirably adapted to the popular understanding, and designed as much to diffuse correct information concerning current scientific discovery as it could be if it was the organ of the "Society for the Diffusion of Useful Knowledge." The great design of *Harper's* is to give correct information and rational amusement to the great masses of the people. There are few intelligent American families in which *Harper's Magazine* would not be an appreciated and highly-welcome guest. There is no monthly Magazine [illegible] an intelligent reading family can less afford to be without. Many Magazines are accumulated. *Harper's* is edited. There is not a Magazine that is printed which shows more intelligent pains expended on its articles and mechanical execution. There is not a cheaper Magazine published. There is not, confessedly, a more popular Magazine in the world.—*New England Homestead.*

SUBSCRIPTIONS.—1871.

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The Annual Volumes of *Harper's Weekly*, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense, for $7 00 each. A complete set, comprising fourteen volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of $5 25 per volume, freight at expense of purchaser. Volume XIV, ready January 1st, 1871.

The postage on *Harper's Weekly* is 20 cents a year, which must be paid at the *subscriber's* post office.

May17 Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

AUDITORS' NOTICE.—

[*Estate of David Peterson, dec'd,*

The undersigned appointed by the Orphans' Court, to distribute the balance in the hands of John R. Peterson and Benj. Davis, administrators of David Peterson, late of Shirley township, dec'd will attend to the duties of said appointment, at his office, on Hill street, Huntingdon, on Saturday, May 3, 1871, at one o'clock, p. m., when, all persons interested will present their claims or be debarred from coming in for a share of said claim.

H. C. MADDEN.

May17-3t Auditor.

SETTLE UP.—

The books of the firm of Port & Kopelin, late doing business in Penn township, have been left in the hands of the undersigned for settlement. Call and settle at once.

HARRIS RICHARDSON,

may17-2t [Coffee Run Post Office.

New Advertisements.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

[*Estate of Solomon Sharp, deceased.*]

Letters testamentary on the estate of Solomon Sharp, of Brady township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to his estate, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them for settlement.

SAMUEL SHARP,
JOEL KAUFFMAN,
Executors.

May 17, 1871-6t.*

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

[*Estate of Samuel Sprankle, deceased.*]

Letters testamentary on the last will of Samuel Sprankle, of Porter township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to his estate, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them for settlement.

HENRY G. NEFF,
SAMUEL SPRANKLE,
Executors.

Alexandria, May 13, 1871-6t.*

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	CLASS.	LICENSE.
Birmingham.		
Thompson & Detrick	12	$12 50
Po. Patent Medicines	4	5 00
A. P. Owens	14	7 00
A. P. Kinney	14	7 00
Mattern & Patterson	12	12 50
Jerry Eyer	12	12 50
C. A. Addleman	14	7 00
L. Clabaugh	12	12 50
Franklin Township.		
H. A. Bathurst	14	7 00
A. Ewing	13	10 00
Shorb, Stewart & Co.	12	12 50
M. G. Keatley	14	7 00
G. & J. H. Shoenberger	14	7 00
Huntingdon.		
Wharton & Maguire	9	25 00
Wallace & Clement	14	7 00
John Read	13	10 00
Wm. Rohrer	14	7 00
Josiah Cunningham	12	12 50
J. C. Blair	12	12 50
N. B. Corbin	13	10 00
C. E. McKiernan	14	7 00
Luke Reilly	14	7 00
J. R. Patton	14	7 00
John Sneerman 2 billiard tables		40 00
Daniel Africa	14	7 00
S. B. Chaney & Co.	7	40 00
V. B. Zeigler	14	7 00
Jacob Africa	14	7 00
J. H. Westbrook	14	7 00
John Leister	14	7 00
D. S. Africa	14	7 00
C. M. Africa	14	7 00
H. Roman	13	10 00
Fisher & Son	11	15 00
H. Greenburg	14	7 00
D. P. Gwin	12	12 50
Buchanan, Allison & Co.	14	7 00
Z. Venter	14	7 00
Wm. Lewis, Book store	14	7 00
" " Feed store	13	10 00
James Brown	14	7 00
A. R. Stewart & Co.	12	12 50
March & Brother	12	12 50
Conover & Pecker	14	7 00
Rhodes & Co	13	10 00
Henry & Co	9	25 00
Saucker, Brown & Co.	13	10 00
S. S. Smith	14	7 00
" " Patent Medicines	4	5 00
John C. Miller	14	7 00
J. M. Wise	14	7 00
G. Schafer	14	7 00
B. Jacobs	14	7 00
J. Farrer	14	7 00
Wm. Africa	14	7 00
R. U. Jacob	14	7 00
E. J. Green	14	7 00
M. M. Ilsniger	14	7 00
John Hagey	13	10 00
Glazier & Brothers	11	15 00
U. B. Lewis	14	7 00
Samuel Laugdon	14	7 00
Petersburg.		
J. C. Walker	11	15 00
John Cresswell & Son	11	15 00
W. A. Keister	14	7 00
J. R. Hunter & Co.	11	15 00
Morris Township.		
J. K. Templeton	12	12 50
E. W. Griffius	12	12 50
Isett & Thompson	11	15 00
West Township.		
Samuel Troutwine	13	10 00
Johnson & Son	13	10 00
Jos. Oburn	13	10 00
Barree Township.		
Henry Kochor	14	7 00
A. Wilson	14	7 00
A. Crownover	13	10 00
B. Green	13	10 00
Jackson Township.		
W. Harper	13	10 00
John Guinn	14	7 00
S. W. Myton	13	10 00
J. M. Smith	13	10 00
Logan Iron and Steel Co.	12	12 50
McBurney & Nephews	13	10 00
Brady Township.		
Burnham & Borland	13	10 00
Etnier & Foust	9	25 00
George Metz	14	7 00
A. B. Burnham	14	7 00
Cromwell Township.		
Orbison & Miller	12	12 50
M. Starr & Co.	12	12 50
Orbisonia.		
Royer & Dewees	11	15 00
Shade Gap.		
Shearer & Gray	14	7 00
W. C. Swan	14	7 00
J. A. Shade	4	5 00
J. C. Roddy	14	7 00
Tell Township.		
J. G. McClure	14	7 00
Blair & Morison	13	10 00
Parson & Southers	14	7 00
James Cree	14	7 00
Mount Union.		
T. H. Adams	11	15 00
B. J. Deaver	13	10 00
W. A. Gillum	4	5 00
John S. Barr	11	15 00
P. H. Campbell	4	5 00
R. F. Douglass	14	7 00
John Rummell	14	7 00
P. Shaver, Jr.	12	12 50
Blair & Appleby	10	20 00
G. W. Lukens	14	7 00
George McLaughlin	13	10 00
Henry Smelser	14	7 00
O. Etnier & Son	13	10 00
Shirleysburg.		
Isaac Lutz	14	7 00
Wm. B. Lease	13	10 00
W. Brewster	13	10 00
W. A. Fraker	12	12 50
Springfield Township.		
I. C. Brewster	14	7 00
D. Locker	14	7 00
W. L. Stevens	13	10 00
R. Ashman	13	10 00
Covert & Beck	13	10 00
T. R. Henderson	13	10 00
Cass Township.		
J. P. Heaton	14	7 00
James Henderson	14	7 00
George Green	14	7 00
Todd Township.		
Jackson Lamberson	14	7 00
Broad Top City.		
W. J. Pearson & Co.	13	10 00
Amos Houck	14	7 00
Jacob Hoffman	14	7 00
George Mears	11	15 00
Dudley.		
Reakirt & Brother	13	10 00
W. Brown	14	7 00
A. H. Bacon	10	20 00
J. Sheets	10	20 00
R. Toole	13	10 00
A. & J. Gleason	13	10 00
J. J. Reed	12	12 50
Clubmont.		
C. H. Reed	14	7 00
George A. Heaton	13	10 00
Coffee Run.		
S. Cohn	14	7 00
P. Brumbaugh	14	7 00
David Weaver	14	7 00
Penn Township.		
W. R. Spang	14	7 00
G. Krentz	14	7 00
J. R. Brumbaugh	14	7 00
Huff & B. A. Dell	14	7 00
A. Zigler	14	7 00
M. W. Heater	14	7 00
Grove & Bechtel	14	7 00
Walker Township.		
Jos. Douglas	14	7 00
A. M. Ward	13	10 00
John Brewster	14	7 00
Napleton.		
A. C. Gerbes	10	20 00
A. W. Swoope	14	7 00
Jerry Bowman	9	25 00
Porter Township.		
G. D. Green	12	12 50
S. & B. R. Hatfield	11	15 00
Wm. Phillip	11	15 00
J. H. Kennedy	12	12 50
John R. Gregory	14	7 00
S. Walker	14	7 00
Wm. Moore	14	7 00
B. J. Williams	14	7 00
J. M. Bates	14	7 00
T. Weight	13	10 00

The above is the corrected assessment after the appeal, held at Huntingdon, April 29th, 1871. Any persons who believe themselves improperly assessed, and were notified as above, will be heard by sending an affidavit to that effect, to me on or before the 25th day of may at Warriorsmark. Seventy-five cents additional will be charged as fees on each of the above licenses.

A. C. HUTCHISON,
Merchantile Appraiser.

NOTICE: By an act passed the 11th day of April, 1869, it is the duty of the County Treasurer to sue out all licenses not lifted on or before the first day of July. All licenses remaining unpaid after the first day of July, if sued o t, in addition to costs of suit, five per cent will be added. It is not, by law, required of the Treasurer to give any other than this notice for the payment of the above assessment.

S. J. GLOVER,
may10-4t Co. Treasurer

New Advertisements.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

[*Estate of Henry Grazier, deceased.*]

The undersigned, appointed by the Orphans' Court to distribute the balance in the hands of David Grazier, Executor of Henry Grazier, late of Warriorsmark township, deceased, will attend to the duties of said appointment at his office, 302 Hill street, Huntingdon, on Saturday, the 27th of May, at one o'clock, a. m., where all interested are invited to attend.

J. SYLVANUS BLAIR,
Auditor.

May 10 1871-3t.

ADMINISTRATRIX'S NOTICE.

[*Estate of George Copenhaver, dec'd.*]

Letters of Administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of George Copenhaver, late of Shirley township, dec'd., all persons knowing themselves indebted are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

KEZIAH COPENHAVER,
my.3] Admr'x.

NOTICE.

The co-partnership heretofore existing between Daniel W. Artley, Lee T. Wilson, John Scott, M. *H.* Anderson, Henry S. Wharton, R. Allison Miller, J. R. Simpson, G. B. Armitage and John M. Maguire, lately trading as The Huntingdon Manufacturing Company, has this day been dissolved. R. Allison Miller has been appointed liquidating partner. All persons knowing themselves indebted, will make immediate payment to

SIMPSON & ARMITAGE.

*H*untingdon, May 6, 1871-3t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

[*Estate of JOHN McCRACKEN, dec'd.*]

Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of John McCracken, late of Oneida township, dec'd., all persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

JAMES McCRACKEN,
April 19, 1871.* [Adm'r.

EXECUTORS NOTICE.

Letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned living in the township of Franklin, on the estate of Nancy Travis, of said township, deceased. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate will make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them for settlement.

JOHN L. TRAVIS,
GEO. T. TRAVIS,
April 12, '71-6t. Executors.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Vend. Exp. to me directed I will expose to public sale, at the Court House, in Huntingdon, on *Thursday, the 18th day of May*, 1871, at 2 o'clock, p. m., the following described real estate, to wit:

All that certain tract or parcel of land, situate in Juniata township, bounded as follows: north by W. H. Woods, east and south by J. Heiffner, west by Lininger, containing about 5 acres, more or less, having thereon a story and a half log dwelling house, stable, and other outbuildings. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of David Weight. D. R. P. NEELY,
May 3, 1871. [Sheriff.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

[Estate of Nicholas Goshorn, dec'd.]

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county to distribute the fund in the hands of David McGarvey, Trustee, to sell the real estate of Nicholas Goshorn, dec'd., arising from the sale of said real estate, will attend to the duties of said appointment at his office, in the Borough of Huntingdon, on Friday, the 19th day of May, 1871, at 9 o'clock, A. M., where all persons interest will present their claims or be debarred from coming in for a share of said fund.

Apr. 26 T. W. MYTON, Auditor.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

[*Estate of George Copenhaver, dec'd.*]

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, the undersigned Administratrix of the estate of George Copenhaver, late of Shirley township, dec'd., will expose to public sale, on the premises, on

Tuesday, the 23d day of May, 1871,

at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following described real estate, to wit:

Two certain Lots of ground, situate on Shirley street, in the borough of Mt. Union, fronting on the North side of said street ninety-four feet and extending back at right angles thereto one hundred and sixty feet to an alley, the said lots being Nos. 9 and 10 in the plan of said borough of Mt. Union.

TERMS:—One-third of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of the sale, and the residue in two equal annual payments, with interest, to be secured by the bonds and mortgage of the purchaser.

For further information apply to

KEZIAH COPENHAVER, Admr'x,
or to P. M. & M. S. LYTLE, her Attorneys,
my.3-ts] Huntingdon, Pa.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—

By virtue of a writ of Vend. Exp. to me directed, I will expose to public sale, at the Court House, on Thursday, the 25th day of May, 1871, at 2 o'clock, P. M. the following described Real Estate, to wit:

All that certain tract or parcel of land, situate in Cromwell township, bounded as follows: North by lands of Samuel Gilliland, east by lands of Samuel Leonard, west by Roger and Dewees, south by lands of Samuel Bollinger, containing 300 acres, more or less, having thereon erected two two-story Log Houses, Bank Barn, and other outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of William Johns.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

[*Estate of JOHN ARMON, dec'd.*]

The undersigned will expose to public sale, on the premises, in Barree township, Huntingdon county, on

SATURDAY, the 10th day of June, 1871,

at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following described Real Estate, late of John Armon, dec'd., to wit:

A certain tract of land, in said township, bounded by lands of Samuel Myton, Robert B. Myton, John Hagan, Patrick Gettis and William Chesney, containing One Hundred and Thirty-six Acres, *One Hundred and Twenty-five cleared and in a good state of cultivation*, and Eleven Acres of good Timber Land, having thereon erected a Two-story Log House, plastered, a log Barn 60x40 feet, with necessary outbu