e Huntingdon Journal.

lnesday Morning, March 1, 1871.

:ADING MATTER ON EVERY PAGE.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

MEETINGS.

MORIAH LODGE, No. 390, A. Y. M., meets second Mon-
:ening of each month, in Brown's building.
NDING STONE H. R. A. CHAPTER No. 201, meets the
nesday evening of each month, in Brown's building.
IATA LODGE, No. 117, I. O. O. F., meets every Friday
g, third floor, Leister's building.
:NT HOR CAMP OF I. O. O F., meets every second and
Tuesdays, third floor, Leister's building.
APAHOE TRIBE, No. 68, I O. of R. M., meets every
day evening, third floor, Leister's building.
NG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION meets the first and
Monday evenings of each month, in Smith's building.
r 35, G. A. R., meets third Monday of each month in
House.
N COUNCIL meets the first Friday evening of each
h.
CTINGDON LODGE, No. 149, K. of P., meets every Sat-
evening, in Smith's building.
CTINGDON TEMPLE OF HONOR, No. 71, meets the fourth
ay of each month in Good Templar's Hall.
WEBSTERIAN CLUB meets every Thursday evening,
Y. M. C. A. room.
CTINGDON COUNCIL, O. U. A. M., meets first and third
ays of each month in Good Templar's Hall.

CHURCHES.

tist Church—Washington street. Rev. J. W. PLAN-
Services on Sabbath: 10½ a. m., 7 p. m.
holic—Washington street. Rev. O'Haleran. Ser-
irst three Sundays in every month.
ngelical Lutheran—Mifflin street. Rev. J. J. KERR.
es on Sabbath: 10½ a. m., 7 p. m.
man Reformed—Church street. Rev. S. D. STECKLE.
es on Sabbath: 7 p. m.
hodist Episcopal—Church street. Rev. M. K. FOSTER.
es on Sabbath: 10½ a. m., 7 p. m.
testant Episcopal—Hill street. No Pastor.
sbyterian—Hill street. Rev. G. W. ZAHNISER. Ser-
on Sabbath: 11 a. m., 7 p. m.

f Mention---Home-Made and Stolen.

easant—The weather.

pleasant—The muddy streets.

a bust—Our "Job's comforter."

nt commenced on Wednesday last.

ivertise in the JOURNAL. It will pay.

e country roads are almost impassable.

pair of beauties—John Read's Maltese

al oil is said to be a sure remedy for frost-
et.

hat were once flaxen curls are now flaxen
nons.

nd Patch Tunnel was frozen full of ice
weeks ago.

ide of the mark—Some of the shots at the
tournament.

omen can be now, very appropriately,
d tow-heads.

e Somerset *Herald* and *Standard* love each
r very much.

that cheats the printer may expect to
e to the gallows.

veral new dwellings are being erected in
suburbs of town.

th street was enlivened on Saturday last,
run away horse.

e citizens of Altoona celebrated the 22d
becoming manner.

e Republican State Convention has been
urned to May 17th.

hn B. Gough lectured in Altoona, on the
ing of the 22nd ult.

he site for Rash Fisher's new residence is
cleared of all *debris*.

e weather, for the past few days, has been
e as a maid of sixteen.

bill has passed the State Senate to restore
Spring township elections.

he Governor put his (ve)toe into the
nstown District Court Bill.

he Belleville tannery, Mifflin county, was
troyed by fire a week or two since.

he Keystone Boot and Shoe Manufactory
been removed to West Huntingdon.

ur friend A. H. Hight has broken ground
a double house in West Huntingdon.

ounterfeit $10 notes on the First National
k of Poughkeepsie are in circulation.

ff the track—a freight train above Hunt-
don, on Friday last. A brakeman hurt.

. S. Elliott, Esq., has been elected Repre-
tative delegate to the State Convention.

ohn G. Saxe lectured in Tyrone, on the
l ult. It was a splendid treat, we are told.

game of poker, in Cambria county, ended
her ugly. A row and a pistol were added
cards.

Rev. J. Q. McAtee, of Bedford, has received
all from a Pottsville congregation and has
cepted.

Walter App, Esq., one of the County Com-
ssioners of Juniata county, died on Saturday
eek ago.

James Brady, a brakeman, fell off a train at
toona, on Tuesday of last week, and was in-
ntly killed.

We are better prepared than ever to do all
nds of plain and fancy job printing. Send
your orders.

A nuisance—The worthless canines that veg-
te hereaways, making night hideous by their
ressant barking.

Charles Palmer, of Juniata county, killed an
ter, last Monday, measuring four and a half
t from tip to tip.

Steward Saylor, of this place, had his right
nd badly crushed, on Friday last, by a rail-
ad tie falling upon it.

George A. Shuman has been selected as Re-
esentative delegate to the Republican State
onvention from Perry county.

Daniel Baker and David Shatzer, convicted
1869, in Fulton county, for stealing, have
een pardoned by the Governor.

A boy of W. C. Laird of Patterson, was
rushed to death by a loaded wagon passing
ver him, on Monday of last week.

The 22nd passed off very quietly. A few
ntastics, hunting up the carnival, alone did
istice to the day. They looked sickly

H. D. McGraw, Esq., has been lecturing on
emperance in Blair county. He will visit this
ounty. See announcements elsewhere.

A very prosperous religious revival has been
n progress, for some weeks, at Mill Creek. A
umber of the leading citizens have been for-
ard for prayer.

"Will they kiss?" asks the *Tribune*. That
epends upon who are to do the kissing. If
he Somerset *Herald* and *Standard*, we venture
o say they will not.

A fire in the village of Tioga, Pa., one day
ast week, destroyed forty buildings, including
one bank, two churches, and two hotels. The
oss is estimated at $150,000.

An old man near Cresson exchanged the val-
e of fifty-four bushels of wheat for a peck of
aw-dust with some New York sharpers. He
as had dust enough in his eyes.

The JOURNAL is the best advertising medium
n the county, having a circulation almost
equal to all the other papers combined. Bu-
siness men will make a note of this.

J. W. McKinney, Esq., has retired from the Altoona *Sun*, leaving D. W. Moore, Esq., sole proprietor. We will expect *Moore Sun* in the future. Both have our good wishes.

The Stockholders of the Sunbury & Lewistown Railroad, on the 14th ult., elected A. C. Simpson, President, and Moses Specht, B. F. Shock, William Painter, James M. Sellers, D. F. Walker, Franklin Dundore, and Andrew Reed, Directors.

The Supreme Court has rendered a judgment of *ouster* against President Judge Taylor and Associates Murray and Easly and Prothonotary Hite, officers of the Johnstown District Court. This stops the court until officers are elected at the general election next fall.

During a recent trip east we had the pleasure of taking by the hand our friend and companion of our boyhood days, Mr. J. A. King, of Wilmington, Del. Time has dealt gently with him, and his presence reminded us of days lang syne when "we were boys together." May success attend him.

ADVERTISING AGENTS.—There is a species of humbuggery in this kind of business and yet to some extent it would seem to be a necessary evil. It is necessary to enable enterprising men to reach a larger number of newspapers than they could otherwise, and in this manner the enterprising business man is benefited to a certain extent, but of what advantage are they to the publisher? They impose, invariably, upon the poor printer to serve the rich merchant or manufacturer. They bully the printer into taking fifty per cent. less from them than regular advertisers, and then take off twenty-five per cent. of the remainder for commissions. This is our experience, how is it with you, neighbors? We have thought at times that we had great bills coming to us from these parasites, and when we have received a little check for $8 or $10 of a balance, we have stood with amazement and contemplated how they had figured us out of the remainder of our bill. It appears to us to be a systematic swindle; there is no fair, square or honorable business transaction about it. And while we have seen men start out, thinking to do a fair and honorable bussiness, they have been compelled, for want of support, to give away to swindlers who can bully and dexterously cheat the country press out of all the advertising that they want advertised. We put the whole batch in the same category, and we have done business with the whole set of them. Until the country press determines to have nothing to do with a set of men who make their own prices it will be no better. For our part we will not allow anybody to make prices for us. Printing is just as much a business as any other branch of industry. Let country newspaper men determine to treat these fellows like they treat other people who want the use of their columns, and they will have to accept such terms as everybody else accepts. We can't see why a foreign advertiser should take up our space, and crowd our paper, to the disadvantage of the people among whom we live, and get our support for less money than the latter pay? It is unjust and unreasonable that he should. We mean to stand by our home advertisers and not to push them back to make room for any foreign humbug at half-price. There is hardly a country newspaper that makes enough of money out of these agents to pay for the ink and paper used in the publishing of their stuff, and yet we find country publishers encouraging the business and building up great fortunes for the men who grind them down to the last farthing. If business men want to insert advertisements in newspapers that they know nothing about, let them pay some man to attend to that branch of their business, and leave him to pay newspaper men what they charge their immediate patrons; this is our doctrine. We can live without the patronage of these parasites and we mean to do it, unless they pay our prices. We need no middle men to do our business, and we intend, for our part, to give our prominent space to our neighbors who support us at home.

SKETCH NO. 2.—*Dear Editor*: It is "ONEIDA" we wish to sketch for this time. It is bounded on the north by West township, on the east by Barree, on the south by Henderson and on the west by the Juniata river and Huntingdon. The territory, some years ago, belonged partially to West and partially to Henderson townships. It was organized in 1857. Those who have never traveled any in this township will be misled as to the real territory, by relying on Mr. Christy's map of Huntingdon county. Since his survey, the northern part of Henderson township—north of Stone Creek and Lick Rridge—has been attached to Oneida, while the southern part of Oncida, as represented on the map south of Murry's Run, is now a part of Henderson township. These changes, with several others in the county, suggest the propriety of a new map. As an agricultural district this township is like most of others—it has some very good lands and some very poor. With regard to its area, we are at a loss to say anything, though it is considered one of the small districts. With her population of three hundred and eighty-six inhabitants, according to the census report of 1870 she is among the least populous-districts. The people are most all engaged in farming, there being a very limited number of manufactories—saw-mills.

A more peaceable, clever and hospitable set of citizens are not to be found in Pennsylvania. We may account for it perhaps because there is very little of that sold, which impoverishes the rich, brings the youth to premature death, mars the happiness of families, destroys the brightest intellect, and is the fell destroyer of its every votary. This brings us to speak of the hotels and places where spirituous and other liquors are sold. Since the destruction of the National Hall, just outside the borough limits of Huntingdon, about one year ago, there is but one place where anything as a beverage is sold. It is at the hotel at the noted Warm Springs owned by Gen. Wilson.

We will not elaborate on the "Springs." They are a subject for an article themselves. But to those who have never visited the locality, we say go and see—it is a pleasant drive of only five miles from the county town.

If our memory serves us there is but one church, the Baptist, at Murraysville. By the report of the County Superintendent of Common Schools for 1870, there are three schools, all taught by male teachers, with an average salary of $32.75 per month. But it is really painful to think that her 60 boys and 48 girls only get the benefit of four months of public school. It is high time our legislature was increasing the minimum number of months during which the schools are to be kept open. For 1870 $430.92 county, $26.67 State and $9.50 Military taxes were levied on her one hundred and six taxable inhabitants.

In conclusion we will advert to the name "ONEIDA." Our theory for this part of our sublunary globe being thus named is this: "Oneida" is an Indian term for *Standing Stone*. Hence Stone Creek, which passes through the entire length of this township, received its name from the "Oneida" or Standing Stone set up by the Indians at the mouth of the creek. When the township was organized it was given the synonym of the name of the creek.

Yours, &c.,

March 1, 1871. JUNIUS.

RAILROAD MEETING.—At a large and enthusiastic meeting of the citizens of Burnt Cabins and vicinity held on Thursday evening, the 23d of February, at the public house of Henry M'Gowan, Rev. Cyrus Jeffries was called to the chair, James Kelly, Esq., elected vice-president and Joseph Mifflin, secretary. The president, on taking the chair, stated briefly the object of the meeting, viz: The advancement of the project of a railroad to develop the latent resources of this mineral region.

John Dougherty of Mt. Union, then addressed the meeting at some length, setting forth the great need of this road not only to the region which it is destined to traverse, but also to those north, south, east and west, which this missing link is designated to bring into connection.

D. V. Ahl, Esq., president of the Miramar iron company, then briefly addressed the meeting, stating that he had put the engineer of the Miramar iron company (Joseph Mifflin, Esq.,) and his corps on the survey of the route, with the expectation that the people would respond according to promise in the way of obtaining rights of way, leases of ore lands, etc., etc., and would therefore leave the matter in their hands to determine what route or routes should be surveyed. It was then, on motion of Mr. Dougherty,

Resolved, That the engineer be requested to make a survey of such route from Burnt Cabins to Mount Union, as in his judgment will best advance the interests of the company, without regard to local interests.

On motion of D. V. Ahl, Esq., it was then

Resolved, That the engineer be instructed, after the conclusion of the survey named, to survey a route from Burnt Cabins, by way of Sideling Hill Gap to an intersection with the Huntingdon and Broad Top railroad at such point as his judgment dictates.

Resolved, That a committee be appointed to accompany the engineer corps to see to the supplying of their wants, and at the same time attend to procuring leases, subscription to stock, etc., etc. Said committee to consist of the president, vice-president of the meeting and such others as they may see fit to add.—*Harrisburg Patriot*.

THE NEW COUNTY PROJECT.—The following letter, under date of New Grenada, Fulton county, Penna. Feb. 16th, 1871, reached us too late for last week's issue:

EDITOR OF THE JOURNAL.—*Dear Sir*:—I have never before attempted to write anything for a newspaper, so that if this does not read very well, the readers of your estimable paper will bear in mind that this is my first effort. I would not attempt it now only to inform you, and the many readers of the JOURNAL, that there is a possibility, as well as a probability, of our being stricken off from Fulton county and attached to a new county, which is now agitating the minds of the people very much in this locality.

The proposed new county will only cut Wells township off our county, East Providence, Broad Top and Liberty townships off of Bedford and Hopewell, Tod, Carbon, Cass, Clay, Springfield and Dublin off of Huntingdon. The county seat is to be at Broad Top city. The people in our township are very favorable to the project on account of being more convenient to the county seat and because it would make a much better market than we have at present.

However our market is as good as could be expected at the present time, but business in and around the coal regions has been very dull this winter, on account of a misunderstanding between the operators and the miners, what the misunderstanding is I do not know, living so far a way as I do and with but few opportunities of ascertaining. I understand there is quite an excitement in Clay township, your county, in regard to the proposed new county. The people are unanimously in favor of the change. In Dublin and Springfield townships the sentiment is also very favorable so that I think there will be but little if any objection in this and Huntingdon counties. There are a few ambitious parties in Bedford county that may object but beyond this there will be but little.

While on Broad Top a few days ago I was informed that the public buildings could be erected without any cost to the new county. I was also informed that the probable name of the new county would be ROBERTS. If a new county is formed it will add largely to the value of farms in all of the above named townships and will encourage railroad companies to build railroads through every part of this county.

The ghost at Berkstressers', or Water Falls Mills has disappeared, so that there is nothing more down here that would interest your readers in any way.

I hope the Republican party in Huntingdon county will come to some terms soon, at least before next fall, so as to prevent the Democrats from making so much noise about their victories. Let factions go to the winds and let our people look to the interests of the whole Republican party without regard to factions. This is the sentiment of all the good Republicans in the southern portion of the county with whom I have talked. FULTON.

[We hope the above candid communication, from a gentleman of character will show our people the exact status of the new count question, and they will, no doubt, take due notice and govern themselves accord ingly We are in the woods.]

HOW BUSINESS IS TIED UP.—Our neighboring county of Bedford has been, in a financial point of view, terribly prostrated. Business has been at a stand still and everybody has been and is very much cramped for money. No one appears to know the exact cause of the stringency and there is only a general complaint without attributing it to the proper cause. In our estimation there are three prominent causes for the derangement.

1st. The banks of Messrs. Reed & Schell and O. E. Shannon, Esq., closing up and tieing up the greater portion of the money on deposit—that amount is taken out of circulation and the community is the sufferer to that extent.

2ndly. A large quantity of money has been shipped out of the county without an equal amount being returned. In the year 1869 not less than $175,000 where shipped by the Bank and other parties, while in the year 1870 it did not fall short of $200,000. This may be doubted but we have the figures in our possession and know whereof we speak.

3rdly. The people of the county have adopted the miserable alternative of taking judgment exemption notes from everybody in all the every day transactions of life. And the result is that there is scarcely a dollar's worth of negotiable paper outside of the banks in the county. Consequently the entire credit system of the county is tied up. No one is willing to take a judgment note, subject to all the equities existing between the original parties to the bill. Thousands and tens of thousands of dollars given by good men, that should be in circulation, to relieve the distress, are tied up and of no use to any one except the parties in whose favor the notes are drawn. There is no other community in Pennsylvania where a similar system prevails. The s stem was brought about, we suppose, by a desire of storekeepers to protect themselves against the $300 exemption law, but while they have saved a few dollars in this way, they have lost three times as much money by the prostration of business. Truly they have been saving at the bung and loosing at the spicket. So general is the system that the printing offices, have not printed any other notes, for general use, for half the last decade, and it will require a general break up to straighten out this short sightedness. We advise the people of Bedford county to throw away their blank judgment notes, and to take negotiable paper, and put it in circulation and business, instead of being tied up, will become easy and they will in a few months experience the much wanted relief.

THE PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL.—The management of this road has submitted a report of its operations for the year 1870 which the Philadelphia *Day* boils down into the following compact space:

"The earnings of the main line and branches for the year amounted to the immense sum of $17,531,706 82, exceeding the expenses by $6,271,621 97, the net earnings of the company. The increase of revenne over the previous year was $280,895 09. Owing to a reduction of the freight charges, the receipts from this source fell off $139,496 41; but the increase rom passenger, mail, express and other receipts amounted to $420,391 50, leaving the net earnings as above stated. The gross receipts for the year amounted to $48,971 25 per mile of the main line, and the whole number of passengers carried during the year was 4,352,769, an increase of 123,406, or nearly 3 per cent. over 1869. The number of tons of freight moved was 5,804,051, including 2,550,389 tons of coal. The actual cost of operating the road was a fraction over 59 per cent. of its receipts. During the discussions at the business meeting of the stockholders, yesterday, Col. Thomas A. Scott, the vice president of the company, in reply to questions from a New York stockholder, distinctly declared that this company has no interest in the Union Pacific railroad; that the extensions of the Pennsylvania railroad company are limited to Chicago, St. Louis, Louisville, Cincinnati and other centres, forming connections with New Orleans and the lines to the Pacific, and in reference to the leasing of the Camden & Amboy, and other New Jersey lines, Col. Scott said that negotiations are pending which the company think will, if consummated, prove highly beneficial to it."

THE RIFLE TOURNAMENT.—The Rifle Tournament, on the 22d ult., passed off very pleasantly, and was a success as far as attendance was concerned. Blair county was represented by several marksmen, but we were disappointed in not seeing delegations from other counties. Huntingdon county turned out in force and carried off both prizes, but neither of them were allowed to stay in town. The first prize was won by G. W. Long on a string of ten shots measuring 8¾ inches, and the second by Wm. Conrad, his string measuring 11¾ inches.

The next day, in another match for a valuable cow, our townsman, Wm. Williams, came off victorious, winning with a string of three shots, sixty yards, off hand, measuring 1¾ inches.

NUMBER OF TAXABLES IN HUNTINGDON COUNTY.—The following is the list of taxables of this county furnished by the Commissioners to the Legislature:

Alexandria borough,	156
Barree township,	318
Brady "	275
Broad Top City borough,	72
Carbon township,	320
Cass "	156
Cassville borough,	53
Clay township,	210
Cromwell township,	305
Coalmont borough,	70
Dublin township,	225
Franklin township,	265
Huntingdon borough,	781
Henderson township,	137
Hopewell "	78
Jackson "	410
Juniata "	82
Morris "	190
Lincoln "	128
Mapleton borough,	102
Mount Union borough,	160
Orbisonia borough,	56
Oneida township,	96
Penn "	265
Porter "	312
Shirley "	300
Shirleysburg borough,	96
Springfield township,	179
Tell "	260
Tod "	178
Three Springs borough,	49
Union township,	176
Walker "	233
Warriorsmark township,	337
West "	365
Total	7395

Deaf and Dumb.—Cromwell, 1; Jackson, 1; Walker, 7; West, 2—Total, 11.

Blind.—Alexandria, 1; Carbon, 2; Huntingdon, 1; Mapleton, 2; Penn, 1; Shirley, 1; Union, 1; Henderson, 1; Jackson, 1—Total, 11.

SENSIBLE.—A gentleman writes from Broad Top City, under date of February, as follows:

"Your article in the JOURNAL, of a week or two ago, headed, 'Support your Local Paper,' has made a decided impression upon my mind, so much so that I consider it the 'right thing in the right place.' And to prove my appreciation of it, you will greatly oblige me by placing my name upon your subscription list. Any thing I can do to increase the circulation of your JOURNAL in this part of the county by contributing, &c., you have but to speak the word and my feeble efforts will be devoted in your behalf. I would be young as a correspondent but perhaps I could add a little toward increasing the interest of your already interesting and valuable paper."

Your name has been added to the list and we will be happy to hear from you whenever you have anything of interest to communicate. Tell everybody that does not take the JOURNAL in your neighborhood, to subscribe for it and get rid of the sin of doing without a newspaper. The man who is raising a family, and who refuses to subscribe and pay for a newspaper, will find that he will have a fearful responsibility to answer for. He will find it easier for a camel to pass through an eye of a needle than for him to enter into the joys of the hereafter. Does the parent ever think, to speak seriously, what a responsibility he will have to answer for in keeping his children in ignorance in an age like ours? Remember wherever their knowledge of the world is deficient, owing to your dereliction as a good parent in not providing them with the means of informing themselves, you are responsible and justly so. And the best of all means is the newspaper. It tells the ways of the world.

ADVERTISING APHORISMS.—Judicious advertising always pays.

If you have a good thing, advertise it. If you havn't don't.

If you don't mean to mind your own business, it will not pay to advertise.

Never run down your opponents' goods in public. Let him do his own advertising.

It's as true of advertising as of anything else in this world if it is worth doing at all it is worth doing well.

We don't recommend advertising as the best way to get a wife; but we know that it is the best way to get a good trade.

You can't eat enough in one week to last a whole year, and you can't advertise on that plan either.

A large advertisement once, and then discontinued, creates the impression that the man has fizzled.

Injudicious advertising is like fishing where there's no fish. You need to let the lines fall in the right place.

A constant dropping will wear a rock. Keep dropping your advertisements on the public and they will soon melt under it like rock salt.

Large type isn't necessary in advertising. Blind folks don't read newspapers.

If you can arouse curiosity by an advertisement it is a great point gained. The fair sex don't hold all the curiosity in the world.

Don't be afraid to invest in printer's ink, lest your sands of life be nearly run out.

People who advertise only once in three months forget that most folks can't remember anything longer than about seven days.

THE GONDEN HOMICIDE.—This case has been on trial for a week and at present writing—Tuesday—is still in progress. The court held two sessions on Sunday last, and, as has been the case during the long and tedious trial, the court house was literally jammed with people. The holding of the court on the Sabbath was the subject of much comment, and perhaps the history of the county does not afford a similar occurrence. In the Rice case, tried by Judge Thompson in 1842, the court was opened on Sunday, but an adjournment to Monday was immediately ordered after the opening, and Rice, who had been found guilty late on Saturday evening, was sentenced on Monday. The lawyers, who ought to know, say that no day dare intervene during the progress of a trial for murder. For this reason, and for the purpose of gaining time in this trial, the court made a full day on the Sabbath.

The above, cut from the Bedford *Gazette*, was in type before the verdict was rendered. On Wednesday morning about 2½ o'clock the jury rendered a verdict of "not guilty." Mr. Spang, (who was senior counsel,) and Mr. Russell conducted the case for the defendant, and they deserve great credit for their masterly defense. Mr. Russell was only taken into the case a few hours before the trial commenced. Mr. Spang's whole soul was literally wrapped up in the case, and when he went to the jury, he poured forth such a torrent of sympathetic eloquence that he carried everything by storm. The Commonwealth also, under the leadership of Geo. A. Smith of McConnellsburg, conducted her case splendidly. Smith *hammered* away to the last. But Spang had a woman, a baby, and a pretty sister in the case and—a verdict of not guilty. We think the verdict was in accordance with the evidence.

DEATH OF THOMAS H. BURROWES.—Thomas H. Borrowes, L. L. D., President of the Agricultural College of Pennsylvania, died at four o'clock on Saturday afternoon, aged sixty seven years. Mr. Burrowes possessed a vigorous and highly cultivated mind, and did much in furthering the interests of the Common School System in the state. He was also prominently identified with politics in the earlier part of his life and was Secretary of the Commonwealth from December 15, 1835, to January 15, 1839 under Governor Ritner. In 1860 the late Governor Packer appointed him state superintendant of Common Schools, which position he held until 1863, displaying eminent ability during his entire term.

Mr. Burrowes was the first superintendent of Orphans' Schools in the state, having been appointed by Governor Curtin during the last year of his administration. He was also for many years the able editor of the *Pennsylvania School Journal*. In February, 1869, he was appointed to the presidency of the State Agricultural college, in which capacity he served until his decease. Mr. Burrowes was a native of Lancaster county.—*Harrisburg Patriot*.

Teas at cost at Patton's Drug Store. March 1st. 2t.

TEMPERANCE APPOINTMENTS—EDITOR HUNTINGDON JOURNAL—*Dear Sir*.—Arrangements have been made with H. D. M'Gaw, of Pittsburgh, to lecture on the subject of Temperance in this county.

Will you please publish the appointments in your paper, you will confer a favor on many of your subscribers, and give aid to a good cause.

Birmingham, Monday	March	20th.
Warriorsmark, Tuesday	"	21st.
Franklinville, Wednesday	"	22d.
Spruce Creek, Thursday	"	23d.
Barree, Friday	"	24th.
Petersburg, Saturday	"	25th.
Huntingdon, Monday	"	27th.
Mill Creek, Tuesday	"	28th.
Mapleton, Wednesday	"	29th.
Mt. Union, Thursday	"	30th.
Shirleysburg, Friday	"	31st.
Orbisonia, Saturday	April	1st.
Cassville, Monday	"	3d.
Broad Top City, Tuesday	"	4th.
Coalmont, Wednesday	"	5th.
Marklesburg, Thursday	"	6th.
McConnelstown, Friday	"	7th.

Mr. M'Gaw has been in the lecture field for years. He is an able lecturer, and we bespeak for him a large audience. Let the people, young and old, turn out, and we are sure they will be pleasantly and profitably entertained.

All admitted free.

A. H. WEIDMAN, } Dis. Dep's.
D. R. FRY, }

WHO HAS LOST A LITTLE GIRL?—Last summer a party of Gipsies consisting of two men, two women and a girl about eleven years of age, passed through the village of Belmore, Crawford county, going west. Shortly after passing through the place, a man engaged at hauling logs came across a little girl, aged about four years, who had been left in the road about a mile east of the village, on the route which the Gipsies had just passed over. The man who was hauling logs picked up the child and took it to his home. The little thing could give no account of itself, and has never yet conveyed an idea who its parents are. The general impression is that the child did not belong to the Gipsies, and that they stole it from some family, and becoming tired of it they left it in the road as above stated. There may be somewhere a mourning father or mother, whom the publication of this item may lead to the recovery of their lost child. Will our exchanges give it as much circulation as possible?—*Mifflintown Independent*.

WE copy the following from the Concautville *Courier*, as a local item, because it is a sensible proposition that would be wise and well for every board of County Commissioners to adopt:—

"The commissioners in every county in the State ought to direct the preservation, binding and filing of each paper published in their respective counties. These files should be preserved by the recorder with as much care as any other records of the county, as they would form a very complete history of the events in respective localities where published. In future years, to the historian and archæologist, they would be invaluable, and frequently explain the origin of customs and institutions, which otherwise would be wholly lost. * * The annual cost of their preservation to the county would be inconsiderable, the advantages inexpressible.

B. & B. RAILROAD.—What an impetus to business a railroad gives. Everybody is seized with the spirit of enterprise which it develops. All along the line of the above road villages are being laid out and towns predicted. The most favorable location we notice is Milltown, about 2½ miles west of Bedford. This location is in the heart of the ore region where furnaces, rolling mills, &c., will quite probably, be situated. There are already two stores, a grist mill, &c., &c., located at this point. David Wolf, the proprietor, has laid out a large number of lots and will dispose of them at public sale, on Tuesday, the 7th day of March next. Terms: one-third in hand and the balance in two equal annual payments.

U. S. ASSESOSR.—John A. McKee, Esq., of this place, was on Friday last confirmed as Assessor of Internal Revenue for the seventeenth district, in place of J. Sewell Stewart, deceased. We have no doubt Mr. McKee will fill the office satisfactorily, possessing all the qualifications necessary to do so, and that his appointment is as well received as any that could have been made. The only thing suprising about it is that Huntingdon county did not *claim* it.—*Lewistown Gazette*.

A RELIC.—Mr. Hughart, President of the P. & C. railroad company, has in his possession, a singular looking stone pipe, picked up on the bank of Will's creek, on the mountain east of Connellsville by a gentleman traveling over and inspecting the road. The pipe is a fox's head, and is supposed to have been burried with one of a tribe of Indians known as the Fox's which inhabited that section of country years gone by.—*Genius*.

BOYS.—They are hard on their clothes. They have no idea of being respectable, and if you put new suits on them to-day they will soil them to morrow. It takes a fortune to clothe them, and———. Hold on, mother! not if you clothe them at Wanamaker & Brown's, Oak Hall, where boys' clothing is made durable as well as pretty, and sold very, very cheap.

A MAN in Huntingdon county hunts rabbits with a cat.—*Hol. Reg.*

This is news. The JOURNAL in its issue of the 1st of February, stated that a man in Greenfield township, Blair county, does the like—James Dodson is his name. Please correct your *Register*.

SOMETHING NEW AT THE BAZAAR OF FASHION.—Mrs. L. A Hamer respectfully announces that she is now making a specialty of cleaning and coloring ladies' and gentlemen's Kid Gloves, and white and mixed Furs. Call at the corner of Bath and Mifflin streets, Huntingdon, Pa.

KISHACOQUILLAS SEMINARY.—The spring session of this Institution opens first Monday, (3 day) of April. A normal class, under the charge of Mr. Bell, County Supt., of Mifflin Co., will be formed at the opening of the session and continue throughout. March 1st. 2t.

A SHORT time since the friends of the Methodist Protestant Church, of the Cassville charge, made a surprise visit, at the Parsonage and left with the pastor and his family, evidences of friendship in the shape of greenbacks and provisions.

The weather has been damp for a day or two and consequently McKiernan has made a fine sale of tobacco, cigars, pipes, tobacco pouches, &c. &c., call and see him at Broad Top corner. March 1st. 2t.

PEARL DROP.—This is an excellent article for beautifying the complexion, as will be attested by those who have tried it. Manufactured and for sale by Mrs. L. A. Hamer. Druggists and Milliners supplied.

NOTHING LIKE IT IN TOWN.—Choice table syrup and only 20 cents a quart, at Lewis' Red Front Grocery. Choice Groceries of all kinds, fresh, always on hand.

JAMES GIBSON, an employe in the Furniture Factory, of the Huntingdon Manufacturing Company, had the thumb of his right hand severely injured on last Friday.

Broad Top corner is looking up. Everybody buys their fine cut chewing and every other variety of tobacco, cigars, snuffs, &c., of McKiernan. March 1st. 2t.

Learn how to effectually cure your corns by calling at Dr. Patton's Drug Store. March 1st. 2t.

WHO is to blame if you don't get share of the bargains in New Spring Styles of Wall Paper and Window Shades at Brown's Carpet Store? Feb. 21, 2w

All the notions of the people can be supplied by the notions at McKiernan's at Broad Top corner. A great variety on hand March 1st. 2t.

C. E. McKiernan (successor of J. Lamberson,) has the finest brands of tobacco, cigars, snuffs, &c., at Broad Top corner. March 1st. 2t.

Go to D. S. Africa's Variety Store and see the jewelry, watches, pen knives, etc. Oranges, lemons, figs and candies on hand. †

FISH! FISH!—Mackerel, Herring, White Fish, &c., wholesale and Retail, at Lewis' Red Front Grocery—CHEAP.

You will find a complete assortment of Flower and Garden Seeds at Patton's Drug Store. March 1st. tf.

"That is perfection Baking Powder sure!" Yes, ma'am, Patton has it for sale. March 1st. 2t.

HORSE and cattle powders at Patton's. March 1st. 2t.

Concentrated Lye and Potash at Patton's. March 1st. 2t.

PHILADELPHIA MARKET.

Feb 27, 1871.

Extra family flour,	$7 00
Superfine flour,	5 50
Fancy brands,	8 00
Rye flour,	5 00
Corn Meal,	4 00
White wheat per bu.,	1 65
Red Wheat,	1 45
Corn,	80
Rye,	1 00
Oats,	58

HUNTINGDON MARKET.

Feb. 28, 1871.

White wheat flour,	$7 25
Red wheat flour,	7 00
White wheat per bu,	1 35
Red wheat,	1 25
Rye,	85
Corn,	70
Oats	40
Butter per pound,	35
Eggs per dozen,	25

Miscellaneous.

MONEY CANNOTBUY IT!
FOR SIGHT IS PRICELESS!!
But the Diamond Spectacles will Preserve It.
THE DIAMOND GLASSES,
MANUFACTURED BY
J. E. SPENCER & CO., N. Y.,
Which are now offered to the public, are pronounced by all celebrated Opticians of the World to be the
MOST PERFECT,
Natural, Artificial help to the human eye ever known
They are ground under their own supervision, from minute Crystal Pebbles, melted together, and derive their name "Diamond" on account of their hardness and brilliancy.
The Scientific Principle on which they are constructed brings the core or centre of the lens directly in front of the eye, producing a clear and distinct vision, as in the natural, healthy sight, and preventing all unpleasant sensations, such as glimmering and wavering of sight, dizziness, &c., peculiar to all others in use. *They are Mounted in the Finest Manner*, in frames of the best quality, of all materials used for that purpose. *Their Finish and Durability*
CANNOT BE SURPASSED.
CAUTION.—None genuine unless bearing their trade mark stamped on every frame.
AARON STEWART, Jeweler and Optician, is Sole Agent for Huntingdon, Pa., from whom they can only be obtained. These goods are not supplied to pedlers, at any price. [june15,'70y

FRESH ARRIVAL OF BOOTS AND SHOES, AT SHAFFER'S NEW STORE.
CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST.
THE subscriber would respectfully inform his old friends and customers, that he has just received from the East a large and well selected stock of
BOOTS AND SHOES!
For Men, Women and Children,
which he is prepared to sell a trifle lower than any other establishment in town. Being a practical shoemaker, and having had considerable experience, he flatters himself that his stock cannot be surpassed in the county.
Give him a call, at the
CHEAP BOOT AND SHOE STORE,
(*West end of the Diamond*)
HUNTINGDON, PA.
Customer work made to order, in a neat and durable manner.
GEO. SHAFFER.
Jan. 4, '71.

S. E. HENRY, } S. H. ISENBERG,
T. S. JOHNSTON, } B. F. ISENBERG.
HENRY & CO.,
HUNTINGDON, PENN'A.
FORWARDING & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Wholesal and Retail Dealers in
DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
BOOTS, SHOES,
HATS, CAPS,
FURS, CARPETS,
OIL CLOTHS,
GROCERIES,
HARDWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
CLOTHING, IRON,
NAILS, GLASS,
PUTTY, OILS,
PAINTS, SALT, PLASTER, &C., &C.
Proprietors of the
WARRIOR RIDGE FLOURING MILLS.
Flour and Feed constantly on hand.
CASH paid for all kinds of grain. Produce taken in exchange for goods at the Mammoth Store. Feb. 15, 1871.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS AT MARCHS.'
Having purchased the the greatest variety of goods ever brought to Huntingdon, they are prepared to give great bargains to those who patronize their establishment. Their stock consists in part of
MUSLINS,
CALICOES,
DELAINES,
GINGHAMS,
FLANNELS, &c.,
at reduced prices. Also a choice selection of Ladies' Dress Goods.
Merinos, figured and plain; Alpacas; Mohair; all wool Delaines; Lusters, Poplins; also a complete assortment of Gentlemen's wear, such as
CLOTHS,
CASSIMERS,
SATINETTS,
JEANS,
COTTONADES,
at astonishingly low prices.
We do not consider it any trouble to show goods, and would be pleased to have the ladies and the public generally call and examine our new stock, which we are determined to sell at the lowest cash prices.
In connection with our other business we have established a first-class
LUMBER YARD,
where all kinds of lumber for building purposes can be had at reasonable rates. Boards, Lath, Shingles, &c., &c., always on hand.
MARCH & BRO.
Huntingdon, Jan. 4, 1871.

Dry Goods and Groceries.

SMITH IN HIS NEW BUILDING
CALL AND EXAMINE.
IF YOU WANT GREAT BARGAINS GO TO SMITH'S NEW STORE.
The best Sugar and Molasses, Coffee, and Tea Chocolate, Flour, Fish, Salt and Vinegar, Confectionaries, Fruits, Cigars, Tobacco, and spices of the best, and all kinds, and every other article usually found in a Grocery Store.
Also—Drugs, Chemicals, Dye Stuffs, Paints, Varnishes, Oils Spts. Turpentine, Fluid, Alcohol, Glass, Putty, &c., &c. The best Wine and Brandy for med