

# The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.  
Tuesday Morning, Dec. 13, 1870.

WM. LEWIS,  
HUGH LINDSAY, } Editors.

The "Globe" has the largest number of readers of any other paper published in the county. Advertisers should remember this.

To our Friends, Patrons, Readers, Enemies, and the Public in General.

We take pleasure in informing all interested that we have made arrangements to enlarge and improve the *Globe* as early in January next as possible. Our new power press for the paper, one of the best make in use, will be finished and placed in our office by the first of January, and a new and improved power press for fine job printing will also be on hand in a short time, when we will be ready to do work with any office outside of the city, and most work equally as good and as cheap as can be done in the city. Of course, we will be at a heavy expense in making the improvements, but we have determined upon, but we feel very sure the friends of the *Globe* will come to our assistance in good time. New subscribers received at any time.

Bills have been introduced in both Houses of Congress to repeal the Incom Tax.

He who would write up the "living issues" should not delve among the carcases of the dead.

The public printing in the Congressional printing office cost, for the year ending September 30, \$1,609,860.

Viscount Triohard is now at Washington representing France in the role of Minister Plenipotentiary from France.

The *Altoona Tribune's* sling at prominent leading Republican politicians of this county is severe. Didn't the editors would venture out so far from home.

The announcement of the promised reduction of the national debt to the extent of fifty millions of dollars next year will be as gratifying to the people as the large decrease during the past twelve months.

It is said that King William of Prussia is a practical printer. From the manner in which he has overrun his enemy's lines, and knocked their forms into pie, we think he is not both, but a very poor hand at composing peace.

The *Pittsburg*—We have received a copy of the *Pittsburg's* new daily, styled *The Paper*. It is a nice column paper, full of news, ably edited and well printed. It is Democratic, and will vie with the *Post* in every particular. We wish it pecuniary success.

The Commissioner of Agriculture has received from St. Petersburg a collection of Russian apples, including about 400 varieties in duplicates. Grains from these will be distributed to oursmen and others who desire to propagate from them.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.—We issued President Grant's old message in an extra last week as soon as it was possible for us to do so after it was read in Washington. It is worthy of a careful perusal and we have no doubt our readers have given it that debt this morning.

That's the RIGHT SPIRIT.—Since our last issue, in which we announced our determination to enlarge and improve our paper, and to secure new presses and material at a heavy expense, many of our patrons in arrears have paid up, and paid in advance, to encourage us. And now subscribers are also coming in, and promise in abundance from every direction, that we will be strongly backed by the Republican party in the efforts we intend to make to build up the party again to its strength in '68. We shall try to deserve all the support we will receive.

Postmaster General's Report.  
The deficiency in the Post Office Department for the year 1870, is \$2,814,116 08, as against \$8,970,287 45 for the year 1869. The Department is still not self-sustaining, but the deficit this year is unusually and gratifyingly small. In his report, Mr. Creswell frankly recommends the abolition of the franking privilege, by which the Department would save enough to know to show the aggregate cost of free mail to the year to be filled, equal to the above mentioned deficiency. He strongly urges the adoption of the "Correspondence Cards" now in use in Great Britain and Great Britain, a description of which we published some time ago. A number of other subjects are discussed at length, of which the crowded condition of our columns will not permit us to speak.

## Ex-Governor Vance.

At the close of the war Alex. H. Stephens was elected to the United States Senate, and was rejected by that body. The question now arises whether his friends would not have cause to complain if ex-Governor Vance, or North Carolina, is admitted. Vance's chances of admission is a prominent theme at the national capital just now. The impression is that he also will be rejected. His record during the war has been overhailed, and some damaging revelations brought to light. Among others his speech made to a confederate regiment, in which he said:—"Boys, fight till I freeze over, and then fight on the ice. Fight until you fill hell so full of Yankees that their feet stick out of the windows." In 1863 he issued a proclamation relative to deserters from the rebel army, and Union men who harbored them, of which the following is an extract:

"The father or the brother who does it (discourages a member of his family from enlisting) should be shot instead of his delinquent, for he deliberately destroys the soul and manhood of his own flesh and blood. And the same is done by him who harbors and conceals the deserters. What a honest man will ever wish or permit his own brave sons or patriotic daughters, who bore their part with credit during the great struggle for independence, to forsake their country, and to be numbered with the vile wretch who skulked the woods, or the still viler coward who aided him, while his bleeding country was calling in vain for his help."

After the surrender of Lee, in a speech at Greensboro, he said:—"We have failed this time—there can be no doubt about that—but the time is yet coming that the principles for which we fought will succeed. I may not live to see it, but certainly my children will, and if I live to be an old man, I shall see it also."

It is this class of men that the Democratic party of the South persist in giving the highest offices in their gift. Greeley wants all such men admitted, he thinks if a few more of the same kind were in Congress now there would be no difficulty electing a Republican President in '72.

## Summary of War News.

The city of Orleans was taken by the Prussians on Sunday a week, after a severe battle that lasted several days. The German forces engaged embraced the united armies of Prince Frederick Charles, the 3d, 9th, and 10th Corps, under the Duke of Mecklenburg, one Bavarian corps, and two infantry and two cavalry divisions, 150,000 men in all. The French force consisted of six corps, aggregating 160,000 men, but was deficient in cavalry. The battle commenced on Thursday, and continued with varying success during Friday and Saturday, and on Sunday the city was taken.—King William telegraphed to Queen Augusta under date of Versailles, December 5th:

"The city of Orleans was occupied by our forces last night, without being stormed. The 3d corps of the 1st Army, on the 4th inst., beat the French in several conflicts north-east of Orleans, taking over an 1000 prisoners. Our loss was 1 killed and 40 wounded."

On Monday the Prussians sent a flag of truce into Paris announcing the capture of Orleans and the rout of the Army of the Loire. The Parisians still hold out with determined obstinacy, although it is not believed they will be able, for want of provisions, to do so much longer. These are Prussian accounts.

On the other hand the French government appeals to the people of France to still maintain resistance, which is certain to end in triumph.—During another month 800,000 Frenchmen will be in arms. So Gambetta says.

There is much dissatisfaction with General Paladines for having evacuated Orleans, and in order to give him an opportunity to defend himself, the Minister of War has charged three commissioners to inquire into the matter.

## Reduction of the Public Debt.

The public debt was reduced during the year ending Nov. 30, \$110,251,240, and from the 1st of March, 1869, to December last, covering the period of Grant's administration (20 months) \$1,151,065, which carries with it a reduction in the interest account at the rate of something more than ten millions per annum. Secretary Boutwell, in his annual report, estimates that the public debt will be reduced \$80,000,000 including payments on account of the sinking fund, during the next fiscal year. The average premium on gold for the first eleven months of the present year has been 15-2 per cent, while for the year 1869, it averaged 32-0, showing an increased value in paper money of about 17 per cent.

A train of twenty-two cars arrived in New York city on Tuesday last with an invoice of twenty carloads of tea and two of silk, only thirty-four days out from the Pacific and eleven days by railroad. This is the quickest time on record.

The Legislature meets on the 3d of January, 1871.

## Jurors.

Eds. GLOBE: The manner now of selecting the jurors is somewhat different from what it was formerly. The law formerly required that the County Commissioners and Sheriff should select those who were to act as jurors. By this mode of selection, it sometimes happened that all three Commissioners and the Sheriff belonged to the same political party and would place in the jury wheel none but those who belonged to their party. As great injustice was frequently done to suitors, who belonged to the opposite party, the Legislature in the winter of 1867 passed an act for the more impartial selection of Jurors. By this act, the power to select jurors was taken away from the County Commissioners and Sheriff, and was given to a board of twelve persons to act as Jury Commissioners, one from each political party. It was made the duty of these Jury Commissioners to meet at least thirty days before the first term of the Court of Common Pleas, in every year, and fill the jury wheel with the names of those who were to act as jurors for the ensuing year. The number they were to place in the wheel having been previously fixed by the court. At the November term of our court the number of jurors to be placed in the wheel for this year was fixed at six hundred. After the names of those who have been selected to act as jurors have been placed in the wheel, it is sealed and locked, the wheel remaining in possession of the Jury Commissioners and the key with the Sheriff. After the wheel has been filled, the Jury Commissioners and Sheriff open it and draw out the number of jurors required for that term of court, and then again lock and seal the wheel.

This fall S. B. Chaney of Huntingdon borough and John Vandaveon of Walker township, were elected Jury Commissioners to serve three years. They have been engaged for a number of evenings back at the Register's Office in filling the jury wheel for the coming year. The following is the list of names of those who were to act as jurors for the County of Huntingdon:

West township, 46	100 Jurors.
Walker	46
Porter	47
Walker	47
Barron	36
Franklin	35
Warriorsk	25
Tad	25
Bray	25
Union	20
Hendersou	15
Oncida	14
Morris	14
Penn	14
Cronwell	14
Mt. Union borough	12
Cass township	12
Cassville borough	8
Lincoln township	7
Dublin	5
Springburg borough	5
Mapleton	5
Tail township	4
Broad Top City bor.	4
Cochran	4
Orbitonia borough	3
Three Springs	2
Springfield township	1
Hopwell	1
Janita	1
Carbon	1
Birmingham borough	0
Shirley borough	0

By this appointment eighteen townships and boroughs constituting over one-half the county, are not likely to have any jurors any of our courts during the next year. Some seven others are not likely to have over two or three during the same period, while it falls to the lot of only seven, and nine other townships to furnish all the jurors for the next year. We would like the Jury Commissioners to explain why all the jurors are taken from the Upper end of the county, and one or two from the Lower End of the County? Is this a partial or impartial selection? The law requires that the selection should be made from the county at large; why was it selected from one borough and nine townships?

The Jurors for the January Court have not been drawn. Huntingdon borough has 21 Jurors for that Court—while Arrington, Carbon, Coalport, Hopewell, Janita, Lincoln, Onondaga, Orbitonia, Springburg, Three Springs, and Mount Union District, have not a single juror, and Broad Top City, Clay, Cronwell, Henderson and Mt. Union are each short of one or more than one juror. Twenty-one townships and boroughs, one-half the county, have no jurors. The 8th corps of the 1st Army, on the 4th inst., beat the French in several conflicts north-east of Orleans, taking over an 1000 prisoners. Our loss was 1 killed and 40 wounded.

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## Over Niagara Falls.

On Sunday morning the 20th ult., Mrs. T. M. Avery, who registered at the Spencer House, Niagara Falls, as Mrs. Hill, from Chicago, walked out, enveloped in a waterproof cloak, upon the bridge that spans the turbulent stream between Goat Island and the mainland. Here she stepped to and fro on the foot path a few minutes, in a manner which showed that she desired to attract attention. Her singular actions did very shortly call the attention of a man employed near by. When she saw that she was watched she ceased to promenade, halted a moment close to the railing of the bridge, and then climbed over it and stood on the extreme outer edge of the structure. The man, who had been watching her, at this juncture started to approach her, but before he could reach her she raised her cloak, pulled it over her head and plunged headlong into the rushing waters. The clothing she wore was torn and she was nearly as she reached the verge of the precipice, when she disappeared over the American Fall.

The person who had seen the performance at once made known the circumstances. It coming to the ears of the landlord of the Spencer House, he at once started to the spot, where he found two letters, one addressed to himself, and the other to A. M. Avery, Chicago. The letter to the landlord informed him that in a drawer in the room he occupied, he had discovered a letter which he wished him to take up for her, and asked him to forward the other letter to his destination. The letter to the landlord was received from Mr. Avery requesting all the particulars.

Mrs. Avery, who lived at 245 West Washington street, Chicago, disappeared last Friday afternoon. Her usual faculties had been impaired by an attack of typhoid fever.

A man who was being shaved a few days ago, in a Chicago barber shop noticed that the barber did not carry a very steady hand, but thought it best to be on his guard. When however, the tonsorial artist procured a box to stand upon, with the remark that "the snakes were all over the floor and he wanted to get out of their way" the customer concluded to finish the job himself.

The census returns show that the Presbyterians are the wealthiest denomination in Philadelphia, their property being worth more than \$4,000,000. They also furnish more members than any other church. The Episcopalians stand next in both respects.

An English writer thinks the American early potatoes will come to an end ere long, for as each new variety is claimed to ripen about ten days earlier than the last, the time for sowing, planting and digging will soon be used up.

An editor speaks of a drink he once had occasion to indulge in, says he could not tell whether it was brandy or a torchlight procession going down his throat. His taste had not been cultivated.

The Russian warbler for war will blow over like a March wind. It is said to be a very objection to the arbitration of the Congress of Powers.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE SALT COMPANY OF ONONDAGA, CALVIN S. CROWELL, Agent, DEALER IN DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN SALT, 122 and 124 North Wharves, PHILADELPHIA.

DECEMBER 13, 1870.

SHERIFF'S SALES.—By virtue of an order of the Court of Common Pleas for the County of Huntingdon, I will sell at public sale on the 13th day of JANUARY, 1871, at 12 o'clock, P. M., the following real estate, to-wit:—  
1. All that certain lot of ground situated in the borough of Alexandria, containing 20 acres, more or less, bounded on the north by the lot of John S. Walker, on the east by the lot of John S. Walker, on the south by the lot of John S. Walker, and on the west by the lot of John S. Walker. Said lot is now in the possession of John S. Walker, and is subject to a mortgage in favor of John S. Walker, for the sum of \$1000.00, with interest thereon at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, payable on the 1st day of January, 1871. Said mortgage is recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for the County of Huntingdon, in Book 10, page 100. Said lot is subject to a mortgage in favor of John S. Walker, for the sum of \$1000.00, with interest thereon at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, payable on the 1st day of January, 1871. Said mortgage is recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for the County of Huntingdon, in Book 10, page 100. Said lot is subject to a mortgage in favor of John S. Walker, for the sum of \$1000.00, with interest thereon at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, payable on the 1st day of January, 1871. Said mortgage is recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for the County of Huntingdon, in Book 10, page 100.

Also—All of defendant's right, title and interest in and to 250 acres of land, more or less, situate in the townships of Huntingdon, and in the counties of Huntingdon, and in the State of Pennsylvania, bounded on the north by the lot of John S. Walker, on the east by the lot of John S. Walker, on the south by the lot of John S. Walker, and on the west by the lot of John S. Walker. Said lot is now in the possession of John S. Walker, and is subject to a mortgage in favor of John S. Walker, for the sum of \$1000.00, with interest thereon at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, payable on the 1st day of January, 1871. Said mortgage is recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for the County of Huntingdon, in Book 10, page 100.

Also—All that certain tract or parcel of land, situate in the township of Huntingdon, and in the county of Huntingdon, and in the State of Pennsylvania, bounded on the north by the lot of John S. Walker, on the east by the lot of John S. Walker, on the south by the lot of John S. Walker, and on the west by the lot of John S. Walker. Said lot is now in the possession of John S. Walker, and is subject to a mortgage in favor of John S. Walker, for the sum of \$1000.00, with interest thereon at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, payable on the 1st day of January, 1871. Said mortgage is recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for the County of Huntingdon, in Book 10, page 100.

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## REGISTER'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that all persons having claims against the estate of John S. Walker, deceased, are to present the same to the Register of Deeds for the County of Huntingdon, on Wednesday, the 13th day of January, 1871, at 12 o'clock, P. M., at the office of the Register of Deeds, in the City of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania. Said claims must be proved by the oath of the claimant, or by the oath of two credible witnesses, and must be supported by proper vouchers. Said claims must be presented in writing, and must be accompanied by a copy of the will, or of the instrument by which the claim is created. Said claims must be presented in writing, and must be accompanied by a copy of the will, or of the instrument by which the claim is created. Said claims must be presented in writing, and must be accompanied by a copy of the will, or of the instrument by which the claim is created.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested in the following inventories of the personal property of John S. Walker, deceased, to-wit:—  
1. Inventory of the personal property of John S. Walker, deceased, as taken by his widow, Mary Miller, on the 1st day of January, 1871.  
2. Inventory of the goods and chattels of Henry Sharpe, deceased, as taken by his widow, Nancy Sharpe, on the 1st day of January, 1871.  
3. Inventory of the personal property of John S. Walker, deceased, as taken by his widow, Mary Miller, on the 1st day of January, 1871.

THE BEST PAPER, AND THE BEST INVESTMENT.—This quarter 12 weeks are sent free to all subscribers, before December 25, '70. MOORE'S RURAL NEW YORKER, the greatest illustrated Rural and Family Weekly for town and country.

THE SOAP HAS NO SUPERIOR. This should be placed on the prominent list of the household necessities. It is equally good for the laundry, toilet and shaving. It is made in a pure and healthy manner, and is the best soap for the family. It is made in a pure and healthy manner, and is the best soap for the family.

THE NEW YORK METHODIST. An eight page weekly, now in its eleventh year. It is published by the Methodist Episcopal Church, North American Branch, New York. It is published by the Methodist Episcopal Church, North American Branch, New York.

HOLIDAY JOURNAL FOR 1871. A beautiful Christmas story, with 12 weeks of the best of the year's news, and a variety of other interesting articles. It is published by the Methodist Episcopal Church, North American Branch, New York.

MASONRY BOOKS.—A complete set of Masonry books, including the Constitution, Ritual, and other important documents. It is published by the Methodist Episcopal Church, North American Branch, New York.

A CHRISTMAS GIFT. A complete set of Masonry books, including the Constitution, Ritual, and other important documents. It is published by the Methodist Episcopal Church, North American Branch, New York.

SHORT HAND.—A complete set of Masonry books, including the Constitution, Ritual, and other important documents. It is published by the Methodist Episcopal Church, North American Branch, New York.

TRAVELERS.—A complete set of Masonry books, including the Constitution, Ritual, and other important documents. It is published by the Methodist Episcopal Church, North American Branch, New York.

DO NOT WASTE TIME & LABOR. A complete set of Masonry books, including the Constitution, Ritual, and other important documents. It is published by the Methodist Episcopal Church, North American Branch, New York.

WINTER EMPLOYMENT. A complete set of Masonry books, including the Constitution, Ritual, and other important documents. It is published by the Methodist Episcopal Church, North American Branch, New York.

1820 Pulmonary Balm. A complete set of Masonry books, including the Constitution, Ritual, and other important documents. It is published by the Methodist Episcopal Church, North American Branch, New York.

CHERRY PECTORAL TROCHES. A complete set of Masonry books, including the Constitution, Ritual, and other important documents. It is published by the Methodist Episcopal Church, North American Branch, New York.

UPHAM'S DEPILOATORY POWDER. A complete set of Masonry books, including the Constitution, Ritual, and other important documents. It is published by the Methodist Episcopal Church, North American Branch, New York.

## BEST FAMILY SOAP

Liberal Inducements to Purchasers. A Plan Deserving the Attention of Every Family.

THE MYRTLE SOAP COMPANY. Sole Importers for the State of New York and adjoining Territories, the City of New York, and the County of Westchester, New York. It offers to the public its

GOLD MEDAL SOAP. In boxes of 100 bars, and gives purchasers an opportunity for dividends on each box—the dividends ranging from 25 to 50 cents. The soap is made of the finest materials, and is of a pure and healthy nature. It is equally good for the laundry, toilet and shaving.

A BROWN STONE HOUSE. (The deed of which has been filed with the Register of Deeds for the County of Huntingdon, in Book 10, page 100.) It is situated in the township of Huntingdon, and in the county of Huntingdon, and in the State of Pennsylvania. It is bounded on the north by the lot of John S. Walker, on the east by the lot of John S. Walker, on the south by the lot of John S. Walker, and on the west by the lot of John S. Walker.

NOT A GIFT ENTERPRISE. This should be placed on the prominent list of the household necessities. It is equally good for the laundry, toilet and shaving. It is made in a pure and healthy manner, and is the best soap for the family.

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PURCHASE AT ONCE. DANFORTH BROTHERS, MANUFACTURERS OF FAMILY AND TOILET SOAPS. GENERAL AGENTS, MYRTLE SOAP COMPANY, 40 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK.

FOR SALE WHOLESALE & RETAIL AT LEWIS RED FRONT GROCERY, AGENCY FOR HUNTINGDON COUNTY, PA. CHANGE OF HANDS. DRUG STORE.

On the corner, opposite the Exchange Hotel, RAILROAD STREET, HUNTINGDON, PA. The undersigned has purchased the above mentioned Drug Store, and is now ready to receive orders for all kinds of Drugs, Chemicals, and other articles. He is also ready to receive orders for all kinds of Groceries, and other articles. He is also ready to receive orders for all kinds of Groceries, and other articles.

THE RED HORSE POWDERS. Prepared by Druggist, CHELSEA, MASS. It is a complete set of Masonry books, including the Constitution, Ritual, and other important documents. It is published by the Methodist Episcopal Church, North American Branch, New York.

PROCLAMATION.—WHEREAS, by a precept to me directed, dated at Huntingdon, the 13th day of December, 1870, under the hand and seal of the Hon. George Taylor, President of the Court of Common Pleas for the County of Huntingdon, and of the Hon. Arthur J. Hoover and David Cardozo, Justices of the County of Huntingdon, Justice of the Peace, appointed to hear and determine all and every lawful suits and actions, and to cause all and every judgment and decree to be entered and executed, which have been or shall hereafter be committed or perpetrated, or entered or decreed, an command to make public proclamation throughout my whole bailiwick, that the Court of Common Pleas for the County of Huntingdon, do hereby adjourn to the 13th day of January, 1871, at 12 o'clock, P. M., at the Court House in the City of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, to hear and determine all and every lawful suits and actions, and to cause all and every judgment and decree to be entered and executed, which have been or shall hereafter be committed or perpetrated, or entered or decreed, an command to make public proclamation throughout my whole bailiwick, that the Court of Common Pleas for the County of Huntingdon, do hereby adjourn to the 13th day of January, 1871, at 12 o'clock, P. M., at the Court House in the City of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, to hear and determine all and every lawful suits and actions, and to cause all and every judgment and decree to be entered and executed, which have been or shall hereafter be committed or perpetrated, or entered or decreed, an command to make public proclamation throughout my whole bailiwick, that the Court of Common Pleas for the County of Huntingdon, do hereby adjourn to the 13th day of January, 1871, at 12 o'clock, P. 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