The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Tuesday morning, April 12, 1870

WM. LEWIS, HUGH LINDSAY, } EDITORS.

The "Globe" has the largest number of readers of any other paper published in the county. Advertisers should remember this.

Meeting of the Republican County Committee.

The members of the Republican Co. Committee are requested to meet in Huntingdon, on TUESDAY, APRIL 19th, at 1 o'clock, P. M. A full attendance is requested as matter of importance will be laid before the Committee.

By order of members of the Committee.

COMMITTEE.

Alexandria borough—G. W. Hewitt, W. S. Walker.
Barree—Silas Gibbony, J. A. Green.
Brady—E. A. Green, Henry Musser.
Broad Top City—Wm. Ammerman, Thos. Cook
Carbon—W. L. Benson, John Hefley.
Cass—Jos. Park, Jacob Stover.
Cassville—Thos. Dean, E. H. Wilson.
Clay—S. L. Glasgow, Wm. Hampson.
Cromwell—Josh Booher, Thos. Lovell.
Coalmont—Levi Evans, Paul Wenn.
Dublin—H. Shearer, David Claney.
Franklin—P. Conrad, S. Tomlison.
Hopewell—George Putt, George Berkstresser.
Henderson—Geo. Warfel, Samuel Faust.
Huntingdon, E. W.—R. A. Lovell, Joseph Carmon.
Huntingdon, W. W.—James Bricker, James Port.
Jackson—James Smith, James Lee.
Juniata—Samuel Hawn, Levi Rickenour.
Lincoln—Wm. Smith, G. W. Shontz.
Mapleton—M. L. Iseex, Allison Heater.
Morris—Peter K. Harnish; J. H. Davis.
Mt. Union borough—Peter Stadler, B. J. Dever.
Mt. Union district—J. K. Peterson, Isaac Swoops.
Oneida—James McCracken, Adolph. White.
Orbisonia—James Burkett, Abrm. Carothers.
Porter—Robert Laird, David McCahan.
Penn—Daniel Harris, Geo. Garner.
Petersburg—J. T. Dopp, J. Brininger.
Shirleysburg—Wm. Bertzler, D F. Hawker.
Shirley—Robert Bingham, Geo. Spanogle.
Springfield—Saml. Weight, John F. Ramsey.
Tod—Isaac Curfman, G. W. McClain.
Tell—Wm. C. Jeffries, Henry Oakson.
Union—W. Wright, D. Pheasant.
Walker—Henry Snyder, L. Robb.
Warriorsmark—Samuel Ralston, H. Kridler.
Upper West—A. Myton, J. H. Neff.
Lower West—B. K. Neff, J. Isenberg.

Editorial Brevities.

THE newly qualified did not vote at the Connecticut election.

WE are indebted to Representative McAteer for a copy of Smull's Legislative Hand Book for 1870.

THE Local Option Liconse Bill has been killed in the Legislature, the Senate refusing to take action upon it.

IT is now denied that President Grant intends issuing a Proclamation of General Amnesty to the rebels.

ANOTHER earthquake troubled California recently. Let it come back to the Republican fold, as quick as it can.

FAREWELL, a long farewell to the Freedmen's Bureau. It no longer is, but its educational functions are lodged with the Bureau of Education.

GEN. THOMAS' remains were interred with civic and military honors at Troy on Friday last. Peace to the ashes of one of the Nation's best generals.

THE Connecticut State election on the 4th inst., resulted in the re-election of English, Democrat, by 810 majority. The Legislature is Republican in both branches.

THE colored men of two wards in Philadelphia have organized a Republican Association, and pledged their votes to that party. How do you like it, Democrats?

THERE is to be an investigation of the Oneida disaster, the President having signed the joint resolution directing an investigation by the Secretary of the Navy.

THE trial of Daniel McFarland for the murder of Albert D. Richardson was commenced in New York on Monday, the 4th inst. Six hundred and fifty jurors were summoned.

The Cincinnatians voted last week on the question of Bible or no Bible in the public schools. The vote was close but twenty-six Directors are in favor of the Scriptures and twenty-two against it.

"THERE well if the subject of compulsory education were settled speedily; as those who try to educate the people up to their peculiar views may reason dangerous theories to our Nation's welfare.

THE Republican County Convention of Blair county to nominate candidates for County and District officers is called for the 13th of August. The new made citizens are especially included in the call.

It will not do to let our former President, Andrew Johnson, alone. He intends to spend six months in Europe and the naughty newspapers speculate he is seeking a crown. We don't believe it. He is going where the weary are rest.

THE enterprising publishers of our ever welcome exchange, the Berks and Schuylkill *Journal*, have purchased the *Evening Dispatch* newspaper establishment and consolidated the paper with the Reading *Daily Times*. Success to it and them.

THE Sixteenth Amendment to the Constitution has already been introduced into Congress. We now have universal male suffrage, and if we don't have universal female suffrage then it is not in the natural Adamite order of things—that's all.

THANKS to the veto of Governor Geary, the Railroad Bond Transfer Bill, authorizing the exchange of $7,500,000 Pennsylvania Railroad and other gold bearing bonds held by the State, for the purpose of aiding wild cat railroad speculations in the northern part of the State, has been squelched.

DURING the discussion in the Senate, recently, about the defences of the Capitol during the rebellion, Senator Wilson said the first blood shed in the war was spilt upon the marble floor of the Capitol, and came from a wound received by a black man, named Nicholas Biddle.

Honorably Discharged Soldiers exempt From Taxation on Incomes.

We have heard frequent complaints of assessors of United States revenue levying an income tax on honorably discharged soldiers and sailors, who served in the United States army and navy during the late war, while there is a resolution of Congress exempting all such from this taxation. The resolution was approved July 28, 1866, and and is in the following words:

Whereas by the joint Resolution (No. 77) of Congress, approved July fourth, eighteen hundred and sixty-four, a special income tax of five per cent, on all incomes exceeding six hundred dollars was directed to be assessed and collected and was enforced *generally upon all citizens accessible to* the revenue officers, but was not enforced against all our soldiers then in the field in the active service of the country; and whereas since the surrender of the insurrectionary armies, and the disbanding and return of the federal soldiers to their homes, said tax is being with manifest hardship assessed and collected of them in many parts of the country: Therefore.

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That said special tax, so imposed, shall not be further enforced against officers or soldiers lately in the service of the United States, and who have been honorably discharged therefrom, and that the Secretary of the Treasury direct the proper observance of this resolution by all revenue officers.

The law which increased the exemption from $600 to $1,000, does not repeal the terms of the joint resolution of 1866 entirely relieving honorably discharged soldiers and sailors from paying tax on incomes. This is plain and unmistakable.

We have heard of hundreds of men honorably discharged from the military and naval services of the government, who have been paying this tax on incomes. Hereafter all such may safely refuse to pay this tax, as they are clearly and legally exempt there from.—*Topic.*

☞ Under a law of Congress and the Regulations of the Pension Office, the time during which declarations for pensions may be filed by ex-soldiers who served in the late war, or their heirs, expires by limitation in June next, and after that time no cases will be received without special act of Congress in each case. The act of June 6, 1866, prescribed that all such declarations should be filed within five years of the passage thereof, the framer of the act believing that this was sufficient time for the filling of all *bona fide* cases. The time should be extended.

☞ Says the Philadelphia *Ledger* of the 2d inst., the several railroad and canal companies in this city paid their coupons maturing April 1st, as announced in that paper Friday, except the Morris Canal, which "went back" on its promise and paid in currency, to the great chagrin of its creditors; but to make up for this failure, the Huntingdon and Broad Top Railroad paid the coupons on its first mortgage Bonds in coin.

☞ At an evening session of the House of Representatives recently, a resolution of thanks to ex Gov. Curtin was unanimously passed, assuring him of the high regard and esteem in which he is held by his fellow-citizens, on account of his noble and self sacrificing spirit, and his fidelity. Mr. Curtin is now Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States at St. Petersburg, and the resolution has been forwarded to him.

THE grand total of the public domain of the United States is 1,815,245,672 acres, or 2,837,882 square miles. Of this immense estate about 500,000,000 acres have been surveyed, and over 400,000,000 disposed of to purchasers, for military services, agricultural colleges, schools and universities, as swamp lands, for Indians, etc. The Pacific Railroad and other grants have recently swallowed up 10,000,000 acres of land.

☞ The Land Department of the Union Pacific, on March 31, sold four thousand acres of land in Nebraska, west of Columbus, for a sum total of $14,260. The sale of these railway lands is rapidly increasing, and the Platte Valley will soon be thickly settled with industrious husbandmen.

The Legislature has adjourned and the members and Senators, it is supposed, have returned to their homes. Gov. Geary crushed several of their "ring" measures by putting his big foot upon them. It is said the Governor is very unpopular with the outside speculators.

☞ The first colored votes under the Fifteenth Amendment were cast in the election for a new charter at Perth Amboy, New Jersey, Thursday, the 31st ult., the day after the proclamation of the amendment. Two colored men voted at Wilmington, Delaware, on Saturday. Colored men voted in the election of school officers.

☞ A resolution was offered in the Senate on Tuesday, by Mr. Cameron, directing the Military Committee to suggest some testimonial in honor of the Pennsylvania and Massachusetts Volunteers who were the first to respond to the War proclamation. After some discussion the whole matter was referred to that Committee.

It appears from an official document sent to the U. S. Senate, that our navy contains 11 sea-going monitors, costing $14,184,000; and 40 harbor and river monitors, including 3 Western ironclads, costing $21,178,000. Total cost of iron-clads, $35,371,000.

Well-dressed children in San Francisco amuse themselves on the way to Sunday school by stoning Chinamen.

Appropriation Bill.

The General Appropriation Bill, as agreed upon by a Committee of Conference of the two Houses of the Legislature, embraces the following items:

Allowing the State Librarian, $1,200.

Giving the Superintendent of Public Printing $500 salary.

Making the salary of the Chief Clerk of the Secretary of the Commonwealth $1,800.

The salary of the keeper of the arsenal is fixed at $1,200.

$100,000 are appropriated for pensions and gratuities.

The conference committee fixes the amount for the support of common schools at $500,000, instead of $750,000, as passed by the House.

The salary of the Judges of the Supreme Court is fixed at $6,000 each.

The salary of the President Judge of Dauphin county is fixed by the committee at $4,500.

$130,000 are appropriated for the payment of the salaries of the president and associate law judges of the Commonwealth, excepting Allegheny county, Philadelphia, and the twelfth judicial district.

$1,750,000 are appropriated for the payment of the interest on the public debt.

$50,000 is the amount set apart for public printing, folding, stitching and binding.

For the deaf mutes, $36,000 are appropriated.

$275 are appropriated to each of the blind in the Pennsylvania Institution.

$23,000 was also appropriated for the feeble minded children at Media.

The Home for the Friendless at Harrisburg receives $2,000.

The appropriation for the Home for the Little Wanderers, located at Philadelphia, was stricken out.

The salary of the chief clerk in the State Historian's office is fixed at $1,400.

The aporopriation for a new board walk, and for repair of gravel walks in capitol grounds, was stricken out.

The State appropriates for the improvement of the Susquehanna river, above the line of Clinton county, $3,000.

The soldiers' orphans are provided for by an appropriation of $130,000 for each quarter.

ODDFELLOW'S THANKSGIVING.—We publish below the proclamation of General Thanksgiving, issued by the Grand Sire of the Grand Lodge of the United States, I. O. O. F.:

OFFICE M. W. GRAND SIRE, R. W. G. L. U. S.—"*Whereas*, The anniversary of our well beloved order is rapidly approaching, and the Right Worthy Grand Lodge of the United States, in grateful recognition of the hand of God in the preservation and prosperity of the institution during a long period of years, and amid many trials and dangers, did set apart the said anniversary as a day of General Thanksgiving throughout the entire jurisdiction; now, therefore, I, E. D Farnsworth, M. W. Grand Sire, in virtue of authority in me vested by law, do hereby fraternally enjoin all the Grand Bodies of the several State, District, Territorial or Provincial Jurisdiction, and upon all Bodies Subordinate immediately to the Grand Lodge of the United States, to take proper order without delay, for the general observance of the twenty-sixth day of April, as a day of solemn Thanksgiving and prayer to Almighty God, for his unmistakable care and protection of that noble institution, which we so earnestly love, for the prosperous past life, of which we would devoutly show forth thanks, and for whose usefulness among the children of men, in all future, under His guidance, we would humbly implore His continued blessing."

Done at the city of Baltimore, this 15th day of March, A. D. 1870, and of our Order the 51st.

E. D. FARNSWORTH, Grand Sire.
JAS. L. RIDGELY, C. S.

A WOMAN IN A CATALEPTIC SLEEP—The citizens of Bergen, N. Y., have for some time been quite agitated over a most singular case of a woman who has for a long time remained in trance or state of cantalepsy. The particulars are substantially as follows, as we learn them from the physician in attendance:

It seems that Miss Eliza Randall, being nearly thirty-five years old about two years ago complained of indisposition. Dr. J. W. Craig, of Churchville, was called, and treated the lady for nervous debility for four or five months, at which period, she fell into a sleep that lasted nearly 3 weeks, not rousing in the meantime. Subsequently she revived for five or six days, when about a year ago she fell into a sort of cataleptic sleep and has remained so until about two weeks sincol although at remote periods she seemed conscious enough to swallow slight nourishment when given. Two weeks ago she roused up considerably, but only complained of a severe headache, although her lengthened lying in one position on the bed had caused severe hip sores, which to ordinary people would be very painful. She had again relapsed into the same unconscious state which seemed to baffle all professional skill, but what the upshot of the case will be, whether she will ultimately recover, or finally sink under this prolonged suspension, is a point of conjecture among the faculty. We understand, she has been visited, by a great number of people who are drawn thither through motives of curiosity to behold this singular mortal.

Gen. Butler some time since nominated Charles Sumner Willson, a colored youth, as a cadet at West Point. The cadet has been rejected in the War Department for wanting eight months of the age required by law, which is 17 years.

Recent exploration in the Rocky Mountains have determined that the highest point in these mountains yet measured is Mount Harvard, fourteen thousand two hundred and seventy feet.

The Boston Advertiser says no benefit is conferred upon animals that does not produce a great benefit to mankind. In the Divine order of nature cruelty to animals is never profitable.

A lady in Cincinnati claims to have hair ten feet long.

Letter from Kansas.

MANHATTAN, KANSAS, March 29, 1870.

DEAR EDITOR:—For the benefit of some of the many readers of your paper, I will give them a short description of the city and surroundings. I would state that Manhattan is a town of about 2,000 inhabitants, on the Kansas Pacific Railroad, 118 miles west of Leavenworth and Kansas City, at the junction of the Big Blue and Kansas rivers. It is located on a gently inclined plain, about thirty feet above low water mark, and is surrounded by high bluffs, which give the town a very picturesque appearance. A scene of greater loveliness than the landscape to be viewed from the top of Blue Mont (a bluff overlooking the town,) especially in the months of May and June, when the bluffs are covered with flowers, is difficult to imagine.—Looking to the east the Kansas river can be traced by the belt of timber lining its banks for a distance of 12 or 15 miles. To the north the Blue is seen pursuing a zigzag course for an equal distance. Looking westward past the State Agricultural College and the beautiful rolling prairie surrounding it, and the Wild Cat creek beyond, heavily timbered, can be seen for a long distance, coming in from the southwest and south, the Kansas winds its way, traversing the valley from bluff to bluff, touching first on one side and then on the other. The winding course of the Kansas may be understood when we state that it is twenty-five miles from Manhattan, via the river, to a point only four miles distant in a direct course.

The buildings in town and surrounding country are of a very substantial character, being mostly constructed of the beautiful white magnesian limestone, with which the bluffs in the vicinity abound. As a business point Manhattan has no equal in the State. The people in the Blue and Republican vallies receive their supplies of merchandise mostly from our dealers, and when the Republican valley Railroad, in which our people are taking a lively interest, shall have joined us more effectually with the Republican valley and the northwest, it must give this place a wholesale trade of considerable importance. As a grain market Manhattan has so far taken the lead of all points on the line of the Kansas Pacific Railroad. From the 1st of January, 1870, to the 5th of February, there have been shipped from this point 112 car loads of corn, about 40,000 bushels. During the same time there have been fed by Mr Kearns, Mr. Gove, Major Adams and other cattle feeders, nearly or quite as much more. It is safe to say that at least 50,000 bushels of corn per month find a ready sale in this market. This, with the amount fed by farmers to their own stock, must make the whole amount of corn grown in this county not less than 1,500,000 bushels. It is estimated by those best qualified to judge, that at least 33⅓ per cent more will be raised this year than last. We think this estimate not too high, as the firm of Adams & Elliott alone located over 200 farmers in this vicinity during 1869. This estimated would make for 1870, 2,000,000 bushels of corn alone. In respect to quality and productiveness of soil, if the half were told, many people in the east would look incredulous and call it an exaggeration, and when assured that the soil was from two to ten feet deep, and produced, per acre, from 50 to 140 bushels of corn, from 20 to 45 bushels of wheat, and from 40 to 100 bushels of oats, they would laugh at us, and yet any Kansas man can truthfully tell of just such soil, with crops as indicated We have only to say that our soil is equal to any, and our climate as healthy as that of the most favored localities either east or west. Although we have workmen and tradesmen of every description, there is still ample room for all who wish to come and take up their abode with us.

A. G. K.

Clearfield and Buffalo Railroad.

It is a well defined fact, that public improvements develope the resources of the country through which they traverse, and hence the announcement of the passage of a bill for a railroad from Clearfield to Buffalo, was a matter of gratification and rejoicing to the citizens of this county generally. This road will pass through a great extent of country which at present is still a wilderness, but abounding in white pine and other timber; coal, iron, ore fire clay, and other minerals. This road is but a link in the great air-line between the lakes and our National capital, portions of which are already completed at either end and along intermediate distances. That part of the road to which we have particular reference, extends from Clearfield to Smethport, in McKean county, and when built will render intact a continuous line from Mt. Union to Buffalo—leaving but two other links, one from Mt. Union to Chambersburg, and the other from Hagerstown to Point of Rocks, to make a complete line of road between the two objective points named; i. e., between Buffalo and Washington city. When once built, this will constitute one of the most important thoroughfares in the country, and command an immense trade and travel. In view of these facts, and the certain development of the untold and now dormant wealth of this region of country, it should stimulate the citizens of this county to renewed activity in furthering the building of this, to us, most vital improvement.—*Raftman's Journal.*

The Supreme Court of the United States decided, in favor of the right of a State to tax the shares of National banks, and enforce its collection through the banks.

An agitation is going on in some of the provinces of Prussia in favor of transferring the observance of religious holidays to Sundays alone.

The City of Moscow has 369 public schools, attended by 15,099 children of both sexes, being one child for every eighty-five inhabitants

Corn husks are not only made into paper and mattresses in this country, but they are now woven into door mats in Ohio.

The new Houses of Parliament in London, completed only twenty years ago, are crumbling to pieces on the river front.

HURRYGRAPHS.

Boston meditates another musical jubilee in June next.

Canada thinks its debt of $12,000,000 a terrible burden.

New Orleans complains of "unseasonably cold weather."

The most popular cry just now is "Down with the taxes"

Chicago claims in her population 7,000 confirmed opium eaters.

Racine, Wisconsin, summons colored men to serve on its juries.

There is no truer saying than that "Sweet are the uses of advertisements!"

The Jeff Davis capture reward of $100,000 is to be paid to 237 persons.

Only five persons were killed in Russia last year by railway accidents.

In several of the counties of Massachusetts their ten mills do not make a cent.

There are upwards of 40,000 more white males than females in Iowa.

Horace Greely was recently knocked down by a wagon in New York and severely injured his ankle.

Eight thousand laborers are now at work building railroads in Connecticut.

Potter county, Pennsylvania, has not granted a licence to sell liquors for nineteen years.

Horatio Seymour is to deliver lectures in Oneida county, New York, for charitable purposes.

Gen. Joseph E. Johnson has gone into the real estate business, with two ex-Confederates.

Olive Logan has completed her successful tour of one hundred lectures "in a state of intense fatigue."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

[Estate of Joseph K. Harnish, dec'd.] Letters of administration, upon the estate of Joseph K. Harnish, late of Porter township, Huntingdon Co., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the estate will make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them for settlement.

LIVINGSTON ROBB, Admr.

April 12, 1870.-6t*

MUSIC STORE.

YOU can save from 10 to 30 per ct. by buying your Instruments from

H. J. GREENE,

DEALER IN

STEINWAY & SONS,
CHICKERING & SONS,
THE WEBER,
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MASON & HAMLIN'S, and GEO. WOODS & CO'S celebrated

ORGANS,

or any other make desired. Also, MELODEONS, GUITARS, VIOLINS, German Accordeons, Sheet Music, Music Books, &c.

New and good Pianos for $300 and upwards.
New 9 Octave Organs for $40 "
New Melodeons for $40 "

N.B. All Instruments *Warranted for five years.*
Agents supplied at wholesale prices, the same as in the city.

Call on or address H. J. GREENE, Huntingdon, Pa.

apr12,70 2d floor Leisenring's New Building.

HOW TO CURE CONSUMPTION.

THE PHILOSOPHY OF DR. SCHENCK'S GREAT MEDICINES.—Will people never learn to know that a diseased liver and stomach necessarily disorge the entire system? The physical principle of common sense teaches this and yet there are hundreds who ridicule the idea, and continue in the course which almost inevitably brings them prematurely to the grave. Living as the majority of the people do, at complete variance with the laws of nature, it must be apparent to all that, sooner or later, nature will revenge herself. Hence we find that persons who indulge to excess in the use of very rich or indigestible food or intoxicating drinks, invariably pay a heavy penalty in the end. The stomach becomes disordered and refuses to act; the liver fails to perform its functions, dyspepsia and its attendant evils follow, and still the suffering individuals persist in clinging to the thoroughly exploded idea of the past. Dr. SCHENCK'S medicines are recommended to all such. They bring sure and certain relief wherever they are used as directed, and all that is necessary to establish their reputation with every sitting man or woman in the land is a fair and impartial trial of them. Let those who are skeptical on the point, and who have permitted interested persons to prejudice them against these now celebrated remedies for consumption, discard their prejudices, and be governed by the principles of reason and common sense. If the system is disordered depend upon it, in nine cases out of ten the seat of the disorder will be found in the stomach and liver. To cleanse and invigorate the stomach and to stimulate the liver to healthy action, use

SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS.—The daily increasing demand for these pills in the best evidence of their value. Thousands upon thousands of boxes are sold daily. Why? Simply because they act promptly and efficiently. Invalids who may not find it convenient to call on Dr SCHENCK in person are informed that full and complete directions for use accompany each package of the

MANDRAKE PILLS, PULMONIC SYRUP AND SEA-WEED TONIC.—These medicines will cure consumption unless the lungs are so far gone that the patient is entirely beyond the reach of medical relief.

It may be asked by those who are not familiar with the virtues of these great remedies, "How do Dr. Schenck's medicines effect their wonderful cures of consumption?"

The answer is a simple one. They begin their work of restoration by bringing the stomach, liver and bowels into an active healthy condition. It is food that cures the formidable disease SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS act on the liver and stomach, promoting healthy secretion, and removing the bile and alimentary matter which results from the inactive or torpid condition of these organs, and if the system generally. This sluggish state of the body, and the consequent accumulation of the unhealthy substances named prevent the proper digestion of food, and, as a natural consequence, creates disease, which results in prostration and finally in death.

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP and SEA-WEED TONIC, when taken regularly, mingle with the food, and the digestive organs, make good and rich blood, and as a natural consequence, give flesh and strength to the patient. Let the bodyly say what it may, this is the only way to cure the consumption. Experience has proved beyond the shadow of a doubt, and thousands are to-day alive and well who a few years since were regarded as hopeless cases, but who were induced to try Dr. SCHENCK'S remedies, and were restored to permanent health by their use.

One of the first steps the physician should take with a consumptive patient is to invigorate the system. Now how is this to be done? Certainly not by giving medicines that exhaust and enervate—medicines that impair instead of improve the functions of the digestive organs. Doctor SCHENCK'S medicines cleanse the stomach and bowels of all substances which are calculated to irritate or weaken them they create an appetite—promote healthful digestion—make good blood, and, as a consequence, they invigorate and strengthen the entire system and more especially those parts which are diseased. If this cannot be done, then the case must be regarded as a hopeless one.

If the physician finds it impossible to make a patient feel hungry, if the deceased person cannot partake of good nourishing food and properly digest it, it is impossible that he can gain in flesh and strength; and it is equally impossible to bring a patient to this condition so long as the liver is burdened with diseased bile, and the stomach laden with unhealthy alimentary matter.

Almost the first request made to the physician by a consumptive patient is that he will prescribe medicines that will allay the cough, night sweats and chills, which are the sure attendants on consumption. But this should not be done, as the cough is only an effort of nature to relieve itself, and the night sweats and chills are caused by the diseased lungs. The remedies and surely prescribed do more harm than good. They impair the functions of the stomach, impede healthy digestion, and aggravate rather than cure the disease.

These facts, after all, nothing but facts which to substantiate a position, and all of them upon facts that Dr. Schenck's relies. Nearly all who have taken his medicines in accordance with his directions have not only been cured of consumption, but from the fact that these medicines act with wonderful power upon the digestive organs, patients thus cured specially gain flesh. Clearing the system of all impurities, they lay the foundation for a solid, substantial structure. Restoring these organs to health, they create an appetite. The food is properly assimilated, the quantity of blood is not only increased, but is made rich and strong and as the false growth a condition of the system all disease must be banished.

Full directions accompany each of the medicines, so that it is not absolutely necessary that patients should see Dr SCHENCK personally, unless they desire to have their lungs examined. For this purpose he is at his office, No 15 North Sixth St., corner of Commerce, Phila., every Saturday, from 9 A. M. until 1 P. M.

Advice is given without charge, but for a thorough examination with the Respirometer the charge is $3.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic each, $1 50 per bottle, or $7 50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists. Ap. 12 1y.

☞ Subscribe for the GLOBE.

NEW GOODS AND PLENTY OF THEM.

H. ROMAN.

NEW

MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING

FOR

SPRING AND SUMMER,

JUST RECEIVED

AT

H. ROMAN'S

CHEAP CLOTHING STORE.

For Gentlemen's Clothing of the best material, and made in the best workmanlike manner, call at

H. ROMAN'S,

opposite the Franklin House in Market Square, Huntingdon, Pa.

BOOKS

AND

STATIONERY

OF ALL KINDS,

WALL PAPER.

CHEAP,

AT

Lewis' Book Store,

Huntingdon, Pa.

School Books and Stationery, Bibles, Hymn Books, Miscellaneous Books of all kinds, Blank Books, Sunday School Books, etc., Inks of all kinds, Notions, Perfumery, Pocket Books Pocket Knives, Musical Instruments, Wall Paper, Window Shades and Fixtures, etc., etc., etc. [nov11.tf.

INTERNAL REVENUE.

APPEALS.

U. S. ASSESSOR'S OFFICE, 17th District, Penn'a. HUNTINGDON, April 2d, 1870.

Notice is hereby given that the annual lists, valuations and enumerations made and taken by the Assistant Assessors of said District, including Taxes on Incomes for the year 1869, taxes on Carriages, Billiard Tables, Plate and Watches, as of the first day of March, 1870, and special taxes assessed for one year from the first day of May 1870, in pursuance of the Internal Revenue Laws of the United States, may now be examined at the Offices of the Assessor or Assistant Assessors in said District.

And notice is hereby given that Appeals from the proceedings of said Assistant Assessor will be received and determined at the Office of the undersigned in HUNTINGDON on MONDAY, the 18th day of April, 1870, or at any time previous thereto.

All appeals are required to be in writing, and must specify the particular cause, matter, or thing respecting which a decision is requested, and also the ground in principle of error or complaint.

J. SEWELL STEWART, Assessor, 17th District Penn'a.

April 6, 1870.-2t.

TAKE NOTICE.

The undersigned, late Administrator of DAVID MCCABE, deceased has in his possession nine watches, supposed to be customers' watches, left for repair at the store of David McCulloch this place, and found at the time of his death. They are described more particularly as follows:

1 open-faced silver watch, escapement, no guard, old check, 49; 1 open-faced silver watch, escapement, with chain, no check or name; 1 open-faced silver watch, escapement, no guard, new check, 66; 1 open-faced silver watch, no guard, no name, new check, 61; 1 open-faced silver watch, no guard, no name, new check, 59; 1 open faced silver watch, no guard, no name, new check, 52; 1 open-faced silver watch, steel chain, John Gandy, colored, inside of case; 1 small hunting case watch, no guard, no name, old check 14; 1 large hunting case watch, no guard, no name, new check, 49.

Owners of the above watches, or persons interested will please call at my office in Huntingdon, claim property, pay charges thereon and take it away within four weeks from April 1st 1870, otherwise it will be disposed of by sale.

R. ALLEN LOVELL, Late Adm'r of David McCabe.

March 30-4t

BLANKS! BLANKS! BLANKS

CONSTABLE'S SALES,	ATTACHT EXECUTION
ATTACHMENTS,	EXECUTIONS,
SUMMONS,	DEEDS,
SUBPŒNAS,	MORTGAGES,
SCHOOL ORDERS,	JUDGMENT NOTES,
LEASES FOR HOUSES,	NATURALIZATION BLNKS.
COMMON BONDS,	JUDGMENT BONDS,
WARRANTS,	FEE BILLS,

NOTES, with a waiver of the $300 Law.
JUDGMENT NOTES, with a waiver of the $300 Law.
ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT, with Teachers.
MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES, for Justices of and Ministers of the Gospel.
COMPLAINT, WARRANT, and COMMITMENT, in case of Assault and Battery, and Affray.
SCIRE FACIAS, to recover amount of Judgment.
COLLECTORS' RECEIPTS, for State, County, School, Borough and Township Taxes.
Printed on superior paper, and for sale at the Office of the HUNTINGDON GLOBE.
BLANKS, of every description, printed to order, neatly at short notice, and on good Paper.

W. H. WOODS, R. MILTON SPEER, W. B. LEAS, JAMES NORTH, DAVID BARRICK

The Union Bank of Huntingdon

(Late John Dare & Co.,)

HUNTINGDON, PA.

CAPITAL, paid up, $50,000

Solicit accounts from Banks, Bankers and others. Liberal Interest allowed on time Deposits. All kinds of Securities, bought and sold for the usual commission.—Collections made on all points. Drafts on all parts of Europe supplied at the usual rates.

Persons depositing Gold and Silver will receive the same return with interest. Two partners are individually liable to the extent of their whole property for all Deposits.

The business of the late firm of John Dare & Co. will be completed by The Union Bank of Huntingdon.

C. C. NORTH, Cashier

THEY ASK WHO DOES THIS?

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of the town and country that they are prepared to

REPAIR WALLS, WHITEN CEILINGS,

and HANG Plain and Ornamental PAPER in the best style. Also, to furnish material and do PLASTERING at the shortest notice and on moderate terms.

Thankful for past patronage they solicit a continuance of the same.

Huntingdon, March 23, '70. T. G. STRICKLER & CO.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

[Estate of HENRY STAIR, dec'd.] Letters of administration upon the estate of Henry Stair, late of Barree township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the estate will make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them for settlement.

ALEXANDER STAIR, West twp., M'h 23* Administrator.

MILL FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers his new Grist Mill and Mill House, situated in West township.) Said Mill is situated in the heart of Shaver's Creek Valley; good grain country; has a good custom; and is within six miles of the Pennsylvania railroad.

For further particulars write or see.

HENRY LIGHTNER, Neff Mills, Hunt. co., Pa.

m22

TOWN LOTS FOR SALE

IN WEST HUNTINGDON

Buy Lots from first hands at

$200

Purchasers desiring to build can have very liberal terms as to payments. Now is the time to invest. Apply to (jy21tf) R. ALLISON MILLER.

BLANK BOOKS,

OF VARIOUS SIZES, for sale at *LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE*

ENVELOPES—

By the box, pack, or less quantity, for sale at *LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.*

NEW! NEAT!! NOVEL!!!

GEO. F. MARSH

Merchant Tailor,

Has just received

HIS USUAL LARGE STOCK

OF

SPRING and SUMMER GOODS,

OF ALL

QUALITIES,

SHADES,

AND COLORS.

Second story of Read's new Building.

Huntingdon, March 30 GEO. F. MARSH.

Latest Arrival of Gent's Goods.

H. ROBLEY

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Has removed to the room over John Dare & Co's Bank, (Old Broad Top Corner,) where he is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line of business. He has just received a full line of

CLOTHS,
VESTINGS,
CASSIMERS,
CORDUROYS, &c.

Thankful for past patronage he solicits a continuance of the same. The attention of the public is called to his stock of cloths, &c., which he is prepared to make up to order in a fashionable, durable and workmanlike manner. Please give me a call.

H. ROBLEY Merchant Tailor.

Huntingdon, Pa., April 7th, 1869.

W. DUCHANAN..... P. ALLISON..... J. M. DUCHANAN

NEW STOVE AND TIN STORE.

BUCHANAN, ALLISON & CO.

Have opened a new store in Yenter's new building, in the Diamond, Huntingdon, Pa., and have ready for sale, a large assortment of

Cook and Parlor Stoves,

SPEER'S REVOLVING LIGHT,
SPEER'S ANTI-DUST,
SPEER'S ANTI-DUST COOK STOVES,
SMITH'S REGULATOR and EUREKA COOK STOVES and LITTLEFIELD'S HEATERS.

Also, a large assortment of

TIN AND PRESSED WARE,

and a great variety of Goods, never before kept in this place. We also manufacture

TIN WARE TO ORDER.

Repairing, Roofing and Spouting done at short notice.

☞ Country Stores supplied with Tin Ware at city rates.

Confident of being able to make it advantageous to their customers they respectfully solicit a share of public patronage.

ROOM IN YENTER'S NEW BUILDING IN THE DIAMOND, HUNTINGDON, PA.

Jun: 5, 1870

JOHN C. MILLER,

(Successor to C. H. MILLER & SON,)

DEALER IN

All Kinds of LEATHER,

AND

SHOE FINDINGS,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

jn12,1870

PUMPS! PUMPS!! PUMPS!!!

BLATCHLEY'S

Cucumber Wood Pumps!

The Best and Cheapest Pumps made!

Durable, Reliable, Accurate and Perfect, and give no taste to the water.

They are adapted depth of well up to WATER very easily. Any one can put them up repair, and when put in directions, they never DISAPPOINT.

For cisterns or any 45 feet, and THROW WATER very rapidly. Any and keep them in repair according to "DIRECTIONS" all to give PERFECT SATISFACTION.

ASK FOR BLATCHLEY'S

CUCUMBER WOOD PUMPS.

☞ Every Pump sold by me or my authorized agents, guaranteed genuine. CHARLES G. BLATCHLEY, Manufacturer.

mh30-6m 624 and 626 Hillers St., Philadelphia, Pa.

U. S.

REVENUE STAMPS

FOR SALE

AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE:

HUNTINGDON, PENNA.

OIL CLOTH WINDOW SHADES.

GILT GOLD SHADES,

MUSLIN SHADES,

BAILEY'S FIXTURES,

TAPE, CORD AND TASSALS

ALL ASSORTMENT

AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE

CHANGE OF PROPRIETORS.

Having purchased the Juniata Steam Mill, formerly owned by J. K. McCalmp, Esq., name now changed to

WARRIOR RIDGE MILLS,

We are prepared to furnish Flour and Feed of all kinds at lowest market prices.

Huntingdon March 30 '70. HENRY & CO.

SPECTACLES.

A fine and large assortment always on hand

AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

COUNTRY DEALERS can buy CLOTHING from me in Huntingdon at WHOLESALE as cheap as they can in the city, as I have a wholesale store in Philadelphia.

H. ROMAN.