The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, Nov. 17, 1869

WM. LEWIS, HUGH LINDSAY, } EDITORS.

The "Globe" has the largest number of readers of any other paper published in the county. Advertisers should remember this.

☞ The Guerrilla Organ tried to explain the Chief's first letter. Since then it has been mum in that direction. The load is too heavy—damaging, very.

"Dad has slept with all sorts of political folks, from a Democrat down to a Radical." —*Hollidaysburg Standard.*

Very true, and knowing them, it is very easy for us to point them out that the voters may know who are who—who are genuine and who are bogus.

☞ The Guerrilla Chief was in town last week explaining his "posish." He was astonished that so many in West cut the ticket—*he* voted the whole ticket clean! He took no part against it! Jerusalem! That game is played, Doctor.

"Very sore—the heads of the editors of the *Globe* and *Journal*."—*Cremer.*

A mistake, as far as our head is concerned. Our barber says our head is perfectly clear of sores, but Mr. Cremer's barber could not say as much for his head as it is covered with a copper-colored wig.

☞ *The Irish Republic*, the organ of the Irish Republicans of the United States, and published in New York, nominates Horace Greeley as the Republican candidate for the next Governor of New York. In making this nomination the *Republic* says:

"Now, we Irish Republicans of the State of New York give notice that there are twenty-five thousand Irish Democratic votes in this city and State for Horace Greeley for next Governor, and there is no other Republican in the State can get them."

☞ Blair county Republicans are already looking up candidates for Congress and the State Senate. They think the guerrilla fight will defeat the nomination of any Republican from this county.

The Republican party of Old Huntingdon don't intend to give the guerrillas a voice in the selection of the candidates—they will be a little too *fresh* from Democratic caucuses. Huntingdon county will have candidates at the proper time; good Republicans—not Guerrillas.

"It is all important to know how we got *that* (Laird) letter."—*Cremer.*

Yes, it *is* all important to know how you got that letter. That letter was in a pocket book stolen from the pocket of Mr. Laird three years ago. Yes, it *is* important to know *how* you got that letter. Who *found* that letter? and who has the other *papers* that were in the pocket-book at the time it was "*found?*" A week or two previous to publishing *that* letter you said Mr. Laird had *lost* a pocket-book! It *is* important to Mr. Laird to know all *you know* about it.

THE WAY THE DEMOCRACY CARRY NEW YORK.—The New York *Tribune* says that "not one vote short of 25,000 were fraudulently cast at our late election, mainly by organized and well-paid gangs of 'repeaters,' some of whom were so audacious as to vote several times at the same poll." And it was not a good fall for repeaters either, for the vote shows a falling off of nearly 25,000 on last year's vote for Seymour. Ignorance, fraud, corruption, rum, beastly brutality and disloyalty, all together—for of such stuff is the Democratic party of that city largely composed.

☞ According to Cremer's idea of what would have been a Republican ticket at the last election, *he* should have been nominated in place of the wounded soldier Fouse, and another "home guard" in place of the soldier Lamberson, and the balance of Orlady's "programme," and the ticket would have been one selected by the *party*. But because the party would not swallow the *whole* dose prepared by the Doctor, the Doctor's faction determined to defeat the party by uniting with and electing the most bitter Democrats in the county. Such being the "posish" of Orlady's Guerrilla faction, it is not at all likely that the Republican party of the county, District or State, will recognize them as worthy to be named as Republicans. They have forfeited all claims they ever had upon the party, and they must now take a back seat and be "hewers of wood and drawers of water" until they can earn an honorable position as party men. As long as their Democratic friends, elected to office by their votes, continue in office, they can not expect an office from the Republican party. Congress!—Senator!—just think of it—lost to you for many years, because you were false to your party. We feel for you—we know what the torments are; we were there some few years ago, but are now some years ahead of you in the race for those prominent positions.

THE reunion of the Old and New School Presbyterians was effected in Pittsburg on Friday last. The Presbyterian Church now contains fifty-one Synods, two hundred and fifty-six Presbyteries, four thousand two hundred and thirty ministers, and a membership of nearly half a million souls.

☞ "To break up this 'Ring' we have labored and shall continue to labor until it is put down, and until its organs will cease to uphold it.—*Guerrilla Organ.*

The plain English of the Guerrilla Organ's threat is:—That the Guerrilla clan, Orlady, Scott, Dorris, Wharton, Fishers, Blairs & Co., will continue their guerrillaism against any Republican or Republican organization that will not come under their control and dictation. They succeeded in the late campaign in making many Republicans believe that a secret political organization had controlled certain nominations. But that trick cannot be played again. The truth is out, and is getting out thicker every day, that the guerrilla leaders are the *only* secret political faction in the Republican party in the county. Their secret "Ring" has been in existence ever since their Chief deserted the Democratic party. Every fall they tried to have the party work up to the Chief's "programme," and when they failed in making all the nominations, they would *secretly* play into the hands of Democratic candidates. Last campaign they took a bolder position because they succeeded in pulling the wool over the eyes of Senator Scott, and with his influence and patronage they did defeat the Republican party organization. Having defeated it they now think they can do the same thing over again, but they will find their influence in the future to be with those only who hold or expect to hold little offices under the appointing power. We are a Republican, not for office, but because the party is the *Union* party that saved the country from destruction—that gave aid and comfort to the boys in blue when they were facing the enemy in the battle field; and we will be for Republicans all the time when nominated by a Republican County Convention. We cannot see that the Guerrillas can claim any standing with the party they *defeated*—"treason must be punished"—and traitors attempting to wear the cloak of party but to deceive, must, for the good of the party, be exposed. The *Globe* will support the party and any man nominated by the party Convention. Factions in the party supporting party nominations, must close their contests in the Conventions. Any opposition afterwards is guerrillaism—the "posish" of the Guerrila Organ and its clan.

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, that we nominate General Grant for a second term, which puts us down third on the list, and we want our number remembered. Simon Cameron claims to be first—he is always first in every thing—great fore-sight (?); and Genl. Walbridge second, so by this announcement we claim to be the third, and shall insist upon our being recognized accordingly. Wonder if Grant knows it? Wonder what office we will get when he enters upon his second term as President? We shall send a copy of our paper to Gen. Grant, with this article marked, so that he can place it on file, and when he comes to look after his friends, he will find that we are Number 3. There is no good reason why we shouldn't claim a little credit, as well as any one else. We do claim to have been first in this county, and second in the United States, to nominate him for his first term, and now we are first in the county and third in the United States to nominate him for a second. Not many fellows rise from obscurity to such an exalted position in the affairs of the country, as we have just attained. We feel better—yes, well over it—and any reasonable man would be contented with what we have earned without receiving any recognition whatever from Grant, just as we are. We expect that the cable will startle all Europe by the announcement of our choice. Our name will be in everybody's mouth, and, don't you see, we at once become famous. We are immortalized; we feel good, and we are afraid that we will "bust"—with "kraut." Hurrah for Grant in 1872! Let us have peace!

We will still speak to our poor, obscure friends, if they keep their noses clean. We feel still better, and if we continue to feel still better and better, there is no telling how much better we will feel. Hurrah! third on the list in making a President! Don't our brethren of the press envy our position?—Look at our greatness. Visitors will be admitted to an audience with us, between the hours of sunset and sunrise. Everybody call and see us in all our glory. We can stand prosperity, and don't feel a bit proud. *Materia Medica* and *Particeps criminis*! [We don't know whether that's Latin, or what it is, but we introduce it here to show that we know a thing or two.]

Secretary Boutwell warns the public to beware of the stories being put in circulation by sensational newspapers regarding the Government finances, and his ideas, opinions, and intentions concerning the same. They are the mere surmises of persons who know nothing of what they speak, if they pretend to speak in any wise officially.

DURING the eight years that General Spinner has been Treasurer the transactions of his department have amounted to forty thousand millions of dollars, and yet not a dollar has been lost through any of his subordinates. Would that all Government officials could show as honest and worthy a record.

OBITUARY.—Few years have been as remarkable as 1869 in which the deaths of distinguished men have occurred. The dailies, almost without intermission, have published obituaries of great men, for several months past. It is more remarkable since this year is the last of the present decade.

The following are among those most prominent who have died within two weeks past:

AMOS KENDALL died at Washington city on Friday last. He was born in Dunstable, Massachusetts, on the 16th of August, 1789. In 1835 he was made Postmaster General, under Jackson, which position he held under Van Buren until 1840. He died happy, his last audible words being "Joy! Joy!"

DEAR ADMIRAL STEWART, died at Bordentown, N. J., on Saturday. He was ninety-one years of age, and the oldest officer in the Navy of the United States. He was a man of rare accomplishments and great attractions, personally, and his naval record was a history of honorable and brilliant achievements.

GEN. JOHN E. WOOL, the veteran soldier and sterling patriot, died at Troy, New York, on Wednesday, aged eighty years. He entered the service in 1812,—nearly fifty-eight years ago, during which time he served his country with great gallantry and credit, in the war with Great Britain, in the Mexican War, in the struggles and conflicts of our border warfare, and in the early stages of the late Rebellion.

EX-GOV. PRATT, of Maryland, died at his residence in Baltimore on Tuesday, aged sixty-five years. He was elected to the Executive chair of the State, by the Whig party in 1844; served several terms in the Legislature, and portion of a term in the United States Senate.

ROBERT J. WALKER, died at Washington on Thursday morning after a somewhat painful and protracted illness. Mr. Walker was a Pennsylvanian by birth, but removed to Mississippi some forty-three years ago, where he was engaged in the practice of law. He served in the U. S. Senate up to 1845, when he was appointed Secretary of the Treasury under President Polk. He was a leading free trade Democrat, and up to the breaking out of the war was prominently identified with that party. In 1861 he took a decided position in favor of the Government, which he maintained up to the time of his death.

MOST of the recent horrible cases of murder furnish renewed illustrations of the often-observed fact that "rum" is the great ally of murder. In nine cases out of ten, the murderer has previously placed himself under the influence of liquor. Sometimes it is the direct and exclusive stimulant of death or murder; and sometimes, the intended criminal, fired by other causes, finds it necessary to resort to it as the only agency capable of bringing him up to the "killing point." But we always expect to find its use associated in some way or the other with the perpetration of this, the highest crime known to the law or to morality.—*N. Y. Times.*

Facts like these reflecting minds cannot regard with indifference. They startle and take a lodgment in the public mind. The conviction is forced on it that "rum" is the great evil and consuming curse of our country, in regard to which it is a crime to be silent. Its treatment is a question of immense difficulties, and is worthy of the patient attention of our best minds. It is one of the "signs of the times" that it is forcing itself up to the notice of all men, and is likely to come to the front rank of great questions before the people.

The "Ring."

LETTER NO. 4.

[*Strictly private—Burn at once.*]

PETERSBURG, May 29, 1866.

FRIEND SHEARER: Dear Sir:—Yours of a recent date is to hand. I have taken occasion to mention to a number of *our friends* that you are a candidate for Register and Recorder. All seem pleased with you—Mr. McDivitt, Wharton, my brother of McConnellstown, and several others

I think you will not gain anything by publishing in the county papers.—I would reconcile that difficulty with Lutz, so that he wont attack you. It can easily be done through Judge Leas, Tate or Blair. You had better negotiate at once with your friends. Get reliable delegates in Tell and Dublin with Blair who will go for you and their friends on the ticket. Visit the Directors at the next meeting at the Poor House and inform Davis and Logan quietly that you are a candidate and desire their support. *I will prepare Davis for your visit.* See Blair at once. Report progress freely. Let us hear how Baker and others are flourishing. The Soldiers' League is now all right. Bakers are nowhere.

Yours truly, H. ORLADY.

P. S.—Be very careful in regard to candidates. Don't let the public know that you have a preference for anybody. H. O.

THE Washingtonians are getting busy in view of the approaching session of Congress. Numerous workmen are employed in fitting up the Senate Chamber and House of Representatives. It seems very strange that every year these chambers must undergo repair. It speaks very bad for the former occupants or else tells a wasteful expense of public moneys. The White House is also being "fitted up."

THE President is engaged in the examination of the reports of the heads of departments, abstracts of which have been submitted to him upon which to base his annual message.

Tragic Death.

BAD ILLUSTRATION OF THE TRIUMPH OF APPETITE OVER REASON.

The following, in regard to the death of Uniac, the celebrated temperance lecturer, is taken from the Boston *Traveler*. About two years ago he delivered a temperance lecture in this place.

"It is known to the friends of Mr. Uniac that some months ago he yielded to temptation, and for a few days was under the influence of liquor. After that he became sober again, but has had a fearful struggle with his returned appetite—the enemy in whose power he was formerly held for years. He has recently been under medical treatment, and, unknown to his physician, has been using opiates. During Thursday night, while in a state of desperation, he left the house where he had been boarding, and returned in a short time intoxicated, and having whisky in his possession. He went to bed and at 2 o'clock was breathing very heavily. Dr. Thayer was called, his stomach was emptied, and antidotes for narcotics were given, but without effect, and he died at 6 o'clock on Friday morning.

Mr. Uniac was born in Ireland, of parents who moved among the better classes. His father was a Colonel in the service of the Queen. Mr. Uniac left home at the age of sixteen years, and on his arrival in this country he stopped in New York seven months, and then went to Troy, where he studied law, and resided there three or four years. During the Fremont campaign he stumped the State in favor of the "Pathfinder's" election, doing effective service. By his own efforts he also succeeded in amassing $30,000 or $40,000, but following in the wrong path, he took to the cup that inebriates. He married an estimable lady in New York city, and two promising children were the fruit of the union. When the war broke out Mr. Uniac enlisted in the Sixty-ninth New York Regiment, and did good service. He served three years, at the expiration of which time he took a pledge of total abstinence. He was then employed by the Christian Commission to lecture. At Philadelphia he made the principal speech of the evening, on one occasion, and the sum of $50,000 was raised as the result of that effort After the surrender of Lee to Grant, Mr. Uniac came to Boston. His career in this section of the country is well known. His father, mother, brothers, and sisters died before him."

A STRANGE FUNERAL INCIDENT.—On last Saturday, in a little country church, near this city, as an humbe village parson was preaching the funeral sermon of an old man, two young men passed the door of the church; one, a youth of twenty-five, proposed to go in "see whom they were about to plant" (to use his own words). They entered, and as they did so, the little congregation were about to take a last look at the still pale face of the deceased, the youths joined the melancholy procession. They paused a moment at the bier, when the one who had proposed to enter the church and "see whom they were about to plant," bent down over the coffin and gave signs of the most poignant grief. He wept bitterly, and refused to leave the coffin. Some one suggested to him to pass on, when he said:—"This is my father—how came he here?"

The sequel is soon told. At the beginning of the war the youth had enlisted in an Indiana regiment, and had remained in the service till the last battle. He had been mustered out, had taken employment in Maryland, and remained in that State until a few days since, when he started home to see his aged parents. *En route* he had stopped in the village to visit a a comrade who had gone through the war with him. The two, in taking a walk, passed the church in which the funeral service of John Slayton was proceeding, and by some strange influence young Slayton had been led to enter the church, when the sight of the lifeless form gave him the first intimation that he was fatherless. The elder Slayton had moved to Ohio during the last few years of his son's absence, and had, after a lingering illness, died.—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

TOUCHING INCIDENT.—We heard of an incident yesterday concerning the alarm at the school building the other day, which so well illustrated the nobler part of human nature that we give it publication.

In one of the schools there is a young girl who is a cripple. It is the custom of the teacher to allow her, when the scholars are dismissed, always to pass outfirst, in order that she may escape from the confusion attendant upon the dismissal of so many children. On Monday last, when the alarm of fire was sounded, all the school rooms were at once emptied of their contents. While in all of them they rushed in dismay and fright, in some cases leaving everything behind, in the one where the lame girl was there was perfect quietness and order. All the scholars, notwithstanding the noise and apparent danger, remained quietly in their seats until their lame companion had gotten safely out, and was secure from the rush, when they with a bound cleared the room. They thought of her safety before their own, neither fright nor selfishness inducing them to provide for themselves until they saw her secure from peril. Such a display of consideration and kindness we have not heard of for many a day, and when we remember that it came from children, it becomes all the more touching and beautiful.—*Easton Free Press.*

IT is reported that the comptroller of the Currency will recommend a change in the banking laws, so as practically to admit of free banking, and to increase the circulation of national currency from $30,000,000 to $50,000,000. The new England States have absorbed nearly one-third of the issue of $30,000,000, and sell it to the Southern and Western Banks, who are without currency, at from four to nine per cent. premium.

☞ Wife—"I don't think, husband, that you are very smart." "No, indeed, wife, but everybody knows that I am awfully shrewd."

HURRYGRAPHS.

One of the largest Sunday schools in San Francisco is composed of Chinese children.

The latest French invention is phosphoretic door-numbers—easily discernible on a dark night.

Washington Territory boasts of an immense cranberry marsh, yielding one hundred thousand bushels in a single crop.

Most of the rich carpeting known as "American" is made by hand in Philadelphia—New-England furnishing the yarn for the purpose.

Over four millions of foreigners are said to have landed at the port of New York in the past ten years, bringing with them over five billions of dollars.

An American engineer has succeeded in raising nearly all of the seventy-eight vessels sunk by the Russians in the harbor of Sevastopol during the Crimean War.

A band of Sioux, accompanied by a large number of squaws with their papooses, encamped on the south side of the Missouri river, above Fort Rice, recently. At midnight the contiguous prairies were set on fire, and about one hundred of the Indians perished in the flames.

The Chinese residents in Sacramento recently commenced their annual clearing out of the devils in that city. The exorcistic exercises continued for five days and nights, the whole closing with the burning of the bamboo figures ornamenting the temple in which the services were held.

A Hindoo lady has brought suit in the Calcutta courts for damages by having an idol stolen from her. She explains the troubles which the loss of the image have brought upon her thus: "I have no children. I want my bones back. I am starving, and by crying have become thin."

There is a veteran negro soldier out in Wisconsin who went into business as a hunter and farmer after his discharge from the army with no capital except his Sharpe's rifle. He has now a homestead of 160 acres, with a ten-acre clearing, a double log-cabin, wild fruit trees, swarms of bees, a sugar-bush, a pasture lot for his Indian pony and a bank account at Eau Claire.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED,
10,000 bushels of Wheat, Rye, Oats, and Corn, at the Huntingdon Steam Mill. JOSEPH R. CARMON.
Huntingdon, Nov. 17, 1869 tf

YENTER'S HALL,
FRIDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, NOV. 19TH AND 20TH.
The World-Renowned
MARSH MINSTRELS and Brass Band,
Twenty-six Star Performers.
Cards of Admission, 35 cts. Reserved seats, 50 cts. Doors open at 7. Commence ¼ to 8. Further particulars see small bills. HARRY CONRAD, Agent.
nov17-1t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
[Estate of David Peterson, dec'd.]
Letters of administration, on the estate of David Peterson, late of Shirley township, Huntingdon county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the estate will make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them for settlement.
BENJAMIN DAVIS, Aughwick Mills, Huntingdon co.,
JOHN B. PETERSON, Burnt Cabins, Fulton co.,
nov10-6t*. Administrators.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate of Henry Elias, dec'd., either by note or book account, that the books and papers are in the hands of the undersigned, Trustees of said estate. Early attention to it will save cost and trouble.
ABRAHAM ELIAS, ISAAC TAYLOR, Trustees.
Shirley tp., Nov. 3-3t

FASHIONABLE GOODS FOR FALL AND WINTER WEAR.

GEO. F. MARSH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Has removed to the second floor in Real's New Building, where he intends to keep constantly on hand the latest styles of
PIECE GOODS,
comprising
AMERICAN, ENGLISH AND FRENCH
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, AND VESTINGS.
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, AND VESTINGS.
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, AND VESTINGS.
Being a practical workman of many years experience he is prepared to make to order Clothing for men and boys, and guarantee neat, durable and fashionable workmanship. He is determined to please everybody.
☞ All are invited to call and examine my new stock of beautiful patterns before purchasing elsewhere
GEO. F. MARSH.
Huntingdon, Oct. 4

Latest Arrival of Gent's Goods.
H. ROBLEY
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Has removed to the room over John Bare & Co's Bank, (Old Broad Top Corner,) where he is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line of business. He has just received a full line of
CLOTHS, VESTINGS, CASSIMERS, CORDUROYS, &c.
Thankful for past patronage he solicits a continuance of the same. The attention of the public is called to his stock of cloths, &c., which he is prepared to make up to order in a fashionable, durable and workmanlike manner. Please give me a call.
H. ROBLEY, Merchant Tailor.
Huntingdon, Pa., April 7th, 1869.

BOURDON'S & JOUVIN'S
KID GLOVES,
Ladies and Gentlemen's Sizes,
ALSO,
The Tourist or Grant Hat
AT
McNeil's
TEMPLE OF FASHION
CORNER OF THE DIAMOND,
HUNTINGDON, PA.

GO
TO THE
RED FRONT
GROCERY
FOR THE BEST

SYRUPS,	CRACKERS,
MOLASSES,	CONFECTIONERY,
SUGARS,	QUEENSWARE,
COFFEES,	GLASSWARE,
TEAS,	STONEWARE,
SPICES,	CEDAR WARE,
SOAPS,	WILLOW-WARE,
CHEESE,	FLOUR & FEED,

TOBACCO AND SEGARS,
DRIED AND CANNED FRUIT,
APPLES AND POTATOES,
MEAT,
&C., &C., &C., &C., &C., &C.,
CHEAP.

Valuable Farms For Sale.
BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Blair county directed to the undersigned administrators, there will be offered for sale at the Court House in Hollidaysburg,
On Wednesday, December 8th, 1869,
All the real estate of John Weirs, late of Catharine tp., Blair county, dec'd., consisting of THREE VALUABLE FARMS, to wit:
FARM NO. 1.
A splendid tract of land (formerly owned by Walter Graham, Esq.,) beautifully located on the Huntingdon and Indiana turnpike, within one and a half (1½) miles of the Penna. canal, in Clover Valley, Blair county, one of the best grain growing valleys in the State. This farm contains 300 ACRES of the best limestone land, perfectly clear, and in a high state of cultivation. The Buildings consist of a large Mansion House and other dwelling houses, a large bank barn, a grist mill with (water power,) and all necessary outbuildings for the farm.
An unfailing stream of pure water flows through the tract, and the house is supplied by a fountain pump with good spring water. There are two good apple orchards on the premises. There are four churches within one and a half miles, and the post office at Yellow Springs and school house within one-half mile of the property. Taken altogether, this is one of the best located farms in Blair county.
FARM NO. 2.
Situate on Clover creek, in Woodberry township, Blair county, one and a half (1½) miles east of the town of Williamsburg, containing 140 ACRES of good limestone land in good farming order. On this farm is erected a good stone Dwelling House, a stone spring house, a bank barn, a carriage house and corn crib, and all the necessary outbuildings. An unusually fine spring of limestone water is near the house, and beautifully enclosed with wall of cut stone. There is on this tract an excellent apple orchard in good bearing condition. Schools and churches convenient.
FARM NO. 3.
Situate on the Juniata river one mile east of Hollidaysburg, Pa., containing about 160 ACRES, on which is erected a brick Dwelling House and bank barn, together with all the necessary outbuildings. Part of this Farm is a rich alluvial soil; the other part good limestone—both in good state of cultivation. On this farm is also a good apple orchard. Its proximity to the thriving town of Hollidaysburg makes this a very desirable location.
TERMS.—One-third of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of the sale, the other two-thirds in two equal annual payments with interest, to be secured by the bond and mortgage of the purchaser.
Further information can be obtained by addressing
J. H. ISETT, JOHN CLARK, Administrators.
Yellow Springs P. O., Blair co., Pa. nov10-3t

MILL FOR SALE.
THE subscriber offers his new Grist Mill and Mill House, situated in West township, said Mill is situated in the heart of Shaver's Creek Valley; good grain country; has a good custom; and is within six miles of the Penna. railroad.
For further particulars write or see
HENRY LIGHTNER, Neff Mills, Hunt. co., Pa.
se22

TOWN LOTS FOR SALE
IN WEST HUNTINGDON
Buy Lots from first hands at
$200
Purchasers desiring to build can have very liberal terms as to payments. *Now is the time to invest.* Apply to R. ALLISON MILLER.
[jy21tf]

FOR SALE CHEAP.
A GOOD NEW STEAM ENGINE,
18 horse power.
For particulars address J. W. DICKERSON or E. F. KERR, Bedford, Penna.
mch17-tf

NEW
LEATHER STORE.
THE undersigned would respectfully announce that, in connection with their TANNERY, they have just opened a splendid assortment of
FINE LEATHER,
Consisting in part of
FRENCH CALF SKIN, KIP, MOROCCO, LININGS, BINDINGS, SOLE, UPPER, HARNESS, SKIRTING, &C.,
Together with a general assortment of
FINDINGS.
The trade is invited to call and examine our stock. Store on HILL street, two doors west of the Presbyterian church.
The highest price paid for HIDES and BARK.
C. H. MILLER & SON.
Huntingdon, Oct. 28, 1868

NOTICE TO ALL.
HILL STREET MARKET,
Opposite Leister's Building.
R. G. MORRISON respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity that he continues the meat market business in all its various branches, and will keep constantly on hand
Fresh Beef, Pork, Pudding and Sausage, salt Beef and Pork, Canned Fruit and Vegetables, Spices of all kinds, Catsups and Sauces, Soaps, Cheese, Salt Lard, &c., &c.,
All of which he will continue to sell at reasonable prices.
The highest prices paid for hides and tallow. Thos. Colder, at Alexandria, and March & Bro., at Coffee Run are my agents to purchase at their places.
Thankful for past patronage, I solicit a continuance of the same. R. G. MORRISON.
Huntingdon, Ap. 14, 1869.

BLANKS! BLANKS! BLANKS!

CONSTABLE'S SALES,	ATTACHT EXECUTIONS,
ATTACHMENTS,	EXECUTIONS,
SUMMONS,	DEEDS,
SUBPŒNAS,	MORTGAGES,
SCHOOL ORDERS,	JUDGMENT NOTES,
LEASES FOR HOUSES,	NATURALIZATION BILLS,
COMMON BONDS,	JUDGMENT BONDS,
WARRANTS,	FEE BILLS,

NOTES, with a waiver of the $300 Law.
JUDGMENT NOTES, with a waiver of the $300 Law.
ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT, with Teachers.
MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES, for Justices of the Peace and Ministers of the Gospel.
COMPLAINT, WARRANT, and COMMITMENT, in case of Assault and Battery, and Affray.
SCIRE FACIAS, to recover amount of Judgment.
COLLECTORS' RECEIPTS, for State, County, School, Borough and Township Taxes.
Printed on superior paper, and for sale at the Office of the HUNTINGDON GLOBE.
BLANKS, of every description, printed to order, neatly at short notice, and on good Paper.

ESTABLISHED 1857.
A. G. POSTLETHWAITE & CO.,
General Commission Merchants
FOR THE SALE OF
Wheat, Corn, Oats, Rye, Bark, Butter, Eggs, Lard, Poultry, &c.,
No. 264 South Front Street,
A. G. Postlethwaite, J. C. McNaughton. Philadelphia.
may26-1y

NEW LEATHER HOUSE.
THE FIRM OF LEAS & McVITTY, have leased the large five story Leather House, from James Naulty,
NO. 432, NORTH THIRD STREET, PHILADELPHIA,
And intend doing a Hide and Leather Commission Business.
Their sons D. S. LEAS, and T. E. McVITTY, are there, and authorized to carry on the business for them—as they are young men of good moral character, and fine business qualifications. They solicit the patronage of their brother Tanners in the county and elsewhere.
☞ They still will continue to keep a good assortment of Spanish and Slaughter Sole Leather on hands, at their Tannery, near Three Springs, Huntingdon County, Pa.
LEAS & McVITTY.
mar24-1y

ISAAC K. STAUFFER,
WATCHES and JEWELRY,
No. 148 North 2d Street, corner of Quarry,
PHILADELPHIA,
An assortment of Watches, Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware constantly on hand.
☞ Repairing of Watches and Jewelry promptly attended to. Aug. 11-1y

U. S.
REVENUE STAMPS
FOR SALE
AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE,
HUNTINGDON, PENNA.