The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Official Vote of 1868.

Counties.	Aud. Gen. Hartranft.	Aud. Gen. Boyle.	President. Grant.	President. Seymour.
Adams	2832	3174	2917	3170
Allegheny,	23880	14923	25487	14071
Armstrong,	3987	3459	4082	3412
Beaver,	3540	2675	3648	2624
Bedford,	2625	3019	2687	2898
Berks,	7413	13921	7917	13973
Blair,	3841	3183	3986	3066
Bradford,	7612	3863	7768	3538
Bucks,	6981	7838	7085	7613
Butler,	3723	3292	3803	3256
Cambria,	2849	3587	2935	3558
Cameron,	537	441	508	394
Carbon,	2129	2772	2188	2745
Centre,	3388	3765	3429	3646
Chester,	8850	6058	9178	6490
Clarion,	1908	2956	1998	2928
Clearfield,	1895	3037	1974	3096
Clinton,	1992	2765	2056	2582
Columbia,	2077	4058	2143	4022
Crawford,	7026	5390	7322	5455
Cumberland,	6190	4433	4171	4594
Dauphin,	4016	4535	6507	4397
Delaware,	3801	2764	4166	2616
Elk,	508	1054	568	1119
Erie,	7702	4531	8007	4555
Fayette,	3745	4770	3792	4608
Franklin,	4321	4278	4451	4171
Fulton,	782	1113	802	1107
Forest,	352	348	355	294
Greene,	1722	3374	1809	3301
Huntingdon,	3473	2498	3417	2179
Indiana,	4842	2301	4809	2223
Jefferson,	2076	2094	2147	2068
Juniata,	1467	1863	1473	1753
Lancaster,	15313	8570	15792	8513
Lawrence,	3691	1716	3789	1647
Lebanon,	4267	2858	4345	2858
Lehigh,	4733	6305	5004	6321
Luzerne,	9992	13420	10723	14303
Lycoming,	4680	5031	4713	4839
McKean,	983	809	1028	730
Mercer,	4793	4177	4979	4078
Mifflin,	1858	1828	1846	1807
Monroe,	745	2789	802	2915
Montgomery,	7943	8905	8083	8803
Montour,	1194	1683	1269	1697
Northampton,	4452	7701	4791	7762
Northumberld	3694	4146	3825	4240
Perry,	2570	2526	2664	2416
Philadelphia,	60633	60808	60985	55173
Pike,	338	1269	370	1313
Potter,	1604	811	1703	693
Schuylkill,	8193	9538	8707	9428
Somerset,	3195	1829	3261	1778
Snyder,	1865	1343	1925	1318
Sullivan,	461	846	473	851
Susquehanna,	4682	3377	4882	3392
Tioga,	5410	2051	5549	1951
Union,	2054	1340	2081	1277
Venango,	4431	3761	4759	3774
Warren,	2990	1882	3020	1757
Washington,	4946	4948	5051	4807
Wayne,	2698	3397	2909	3539
Westmoreld,	5335	6569	5285	6360
Wyoming,	1549	1765	1623	1766
York,	6053	9006	6449	9094
	331410	321739	342280	313382
	321739		313382	
	9,677		28,898	

DOBBINS'

ELECTRIC

BOOT POLISH

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FOR PROMOTING THE GROWTH, BEAUTIFYING THE HAIR,

And rendering it dark and glossy. No other compound possesses the peculiar properties which so exactly suit the various conditions of the human hair. The use of this oil as a hair dresser has been universal in every section of the country in the Spanish Main for centuries.—No preparation of art could give that elegant luxuriance and abundance of hair which have so often been the admiration of travelers in Spain. This oil is highly and delicately perfumed, forming an article unrivaled in excellence and upon which the Spanish people for many years have set its seal of enduring approval.

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For removing dandruff and scurf from the head, whitening and perfuming the skin. This article is entirely different from anything of the kind ever offered in this country and is warranted free from all poisonous substances. This valuable lotion was used by the Emperor Maximilian, and Empress Carlotta of Mexico, and universally used by Mexicans for three hundred years. As a wash for the head—it is cooling, cleansing and refreshing.—When thus used it at once relieves headache.

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WILD FLOWERS FOR THE TEETH.

All those who are in favor of white teeth and a pleasant and perfumed breath, should at once use McGuire's Wild Flowers for the Teeth. All these preparations are put up in the most elegant and ornamental manner. We make no exception in saying that they are an ornament to a lady's toilet table, and none complete without them.

Warranted satisfactory or money refunded. Dealers will bear this in mind. Sold by all respectable Druggists in the United States and Canadas. Address orders to

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BEAUTIFUL GLOSS,

Much superior to common starch, and easier to iron. In fact if you want a beautiful gloss on your skirt, or your husband's shirt or collar, procure a box of our Essence of Starch. The cost is trifling, only 15 cents a box.

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LUMBER, SHINGLES, LATHS.

HEMLOCK, PINE BILL STUFF,

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Grain and country product generally bought at market rates.

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GOD SAVE THE COMMONWEALTH.

PROCLAMATION.—NOTICE OF GENERAL ELECTION

TO BE HELD ON

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 12th, 1869.

Pursuant to an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," approved the second day of July, Anno Domini 1830, I, P. R. P. NEELY, High Sheriff of the county of Huntingdon, Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the county aforesaid, that an election will be held in the said county of Huntingdon, on the 1st Tuesday after the second Monday of October, (being the 12th day of OCTOBER,) at which time the following officers will be elected:

One person for the office of Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person for the office of Judge of the Supreme Court of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Two persons to represent the counties of Huntingdon, Juniata and Mifflin, in the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person for the office of District Attorney of Huntingdon county.

One person for the office of Prothonotary of Huntingdon county.

One person for the office of Register and Recorder of Huntingdon county.

One person for the office of Treasurer of Huntingdon county.

One person for the office of County Commissioner of Huntingdon county.

One person for the office of Director of the Poor of Huntingdon county.

One person for the office of Auditor of Huntingdon Co.

In pursuance of said act, I also hereby make known and give notice, that the places of holding the aforesaid special election in the several election districts within the said county of Huntingdon, are as follows, to wit:

1st district, composed of the township of Henderson, at the Union School House.

2d district, composed of Dublin township, at Pleasant Hill School House, near Joseph Nelson's, in said township.

3d district, composed of so much of Warriorsmark township, as is not included in the 19th district, at the school house adjoining the town of Warriorsmark.

4th district, composed of the township of Hopewell, at Rough and Ready Furnace.

5th district, composed of the township of Barree, at the house of James Livingston, in the town of Saulsburg, in said township.

6th district, composed of the borough of Shirleysburg, and all that part of the township of Shirley not included within the limits of District No. 24, as hereinafter mentioned and described, at the house of David Fraker, dec'd, in Shirleysburg.

7th district, composed of Porter and part of Walker township, and so much of West township as is included in the following boundaries, to wit: Beginning at the south-west corner of Tobias Cauffman's Farm on the bank of the Little Juniata river, to the lower end of Jackson's narrows, thence in a northwesterly direction to the most southerly part of the farm owned by Michael Maguire, thence north 40 degrees west to the top of Tussey's mountain to intersect the line of Franklin township, thence along the said line to Little Juniata river, thence down the same to the place of beginning, at the public school house opposite the German Reformed Church, in the borough of Alexandria.

8th district, composed of the township of Franklin, at the house of Geo. W. Mattern, in said township.

9th district, composed of Tell township, at the Union school house, near the Union Meeting house, in said twp.

10th district, composed of Springfield township, at the school house, near Hugh Madden's, in said township.

11th district, composed of Union township, at Grant school house, in the borough of Mapleton, in said twp.

12th district, composed of Brady township, at the Centre school house, in said township.

13th district, composed of Morris township, at public school house No. 2, in said township.

14th district, composed of that part of West township not included in 7th and 26th districts, at the public school house on the farm now owned by Miles Lewis, (formerly owned by James Ennis,) in said township.

15th district, composed of Walker township, at the house of Benjamin Magahy, in M'Connellstown.

16th district, composed of the township of Tell, at the Green school house, in said township.

17th district, composed of Oneida township, at the house of William Long, Warm Springs.

18th district, composed of Cromwell township, at the house now occupied by David Etnire, in Orbisonia.

19th district, composed of the borough of Birmingham, with the several tracts of land near to and attached to the same, now owned and occupied by Thomas M. Owens, John K. McCallum, Andrew Robeson, John Gensimer and Wm. Gensimer, and the tract of land now owned by George and John Shoenberger, known as the Porter tract, situate in the township of Warriorsmark, at the public school house in said borough.

20th district, composed of the township of Cass, at the public school house in Cassville, in said township.

21st district, composed of the township of Jackson, at the public house of Edward Littles, at McAlevy's Fort, in said township.

22d district, composed of the township of Clay, at the public school house in Scottsville.

23d district, composed of the township of Penn, at the public school house in Marklesburg, in said township.

24th district, composed and created as follows, to wit—That all that part of Shirley township, Huntingdon county, lying and being within the following described boundaries, (except the borough of Mount Union,) namely: Beginning at the intersection of Union and Shirley township lines with the Juniata river, on the south side thereof; thence along said Union township line for the distance of three miles from said river; thence eastwardly, by a straight line, to the point where the main from Eby's mill to Germany valley, crosses the summit of Sandy ridge; thence northwardly along the summit of Sandy ridge to the river Juniata, and thence up said river to the place of beginning, shall hereafter form a separate election district; that the qualified voters of said election district shall hereafter hold their general and township elections in the public school house in Mount Union, in said district.

25th district, composed of all that part of the Borough of Huntingdon, lying east of Bath street, and also all those parts of Walker and Porter townships, heretofore voting in the Borough of Huntingdon, at the east window of the Court House, in said Borough.

26th district, composed of all that part of the Borough of Huntingdon, lying west of Bath street, at the west window of the Court House, in said Borough.

27th district, composed of the borough of Petersburg and that part of West township, west and north of a line between Henderson and West townships, at or near the Warm Springs, to the Franklin township line on the top of Tussey's mountain, so as to include in the new district the houses of David Waldsmith, Jacob Longanecker, Thos. Hamer, James Potter, and John Wall, at the school-house in the borough of Petersburg.

28th district, composed of Juniata township, at the house of John Peightal, on the lands of Henry Isenberg.

29th district, composed of Carbon township, recently erected out of a part of the territory of Tod township, to wit: commencing at a Chestnut Oak, on the summit Tornace mountain, at the Hopewell township line opposite the dividing ridge, in the Little Valley; thence south fifty-two degrees, east three hundred and sixty perches, to a stone heap on the Western Summit of Broad Top mountain; thence north sixty-seven degrees, east three hundred and twelve perches, to a yellow pine; thence south fifty-two degrees, east seven hundred and seventy-two perches, to a Chestnut Oak; thence south fourteen degrees, east three hundred and fifty one perches, to a Chestnut at the east end of Henry S. Green's land; thence south thirty-one and a half degrees, east two hundred and ninety-four perches, to a Chestnut Oak on the summit of a spur of Broad Top, on the western side of John Torrel's farm; south, sixty-five degrees, east nine hundred and thirty-four perches, to a stone heap on the Clay township line, at the Public School House, in the village of Dudley.

30th district, composed of the borough of Coalmont, at the public school house in said borough.

31st district, composed of Lincoln township, beginning at a pine on the summit of Tussey mountain on the line between Blair and Huntingdon counties, thence by the division line south, fifty-eight degrees east seven hundred and ninety-eight perches to a black oak in middle of township; thence forty-two and one half degrees east eight hundred and two perches to a pine on summit of Tussey; thence by line of Tod township to corner of Penn township; thence by the lines of the township of Penn to the summit of Tussey mountain; thence along said summit with the line of Blair county to place of beginning, at Coffee Run School House.

32nd district, composed of the borough of Mapleton, at the Grant school house in said borough.

33d district, composed of the borough of Mount Union, at school house No. 1, in said borough.

34th district, composed of the Borough of Broad Top City, at the Public School House, in said Borough.

I also make known and give notice, as in and by the 15th section of the aforesaid act I am directed, that "every person, excepting justices of the peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the government of the United States, or of this State, or of any city or corporated district, whether a commissioned officer or agent, who is or shall be employed under the legislative, executive or judiciary department of this State, or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and also, that every member of Congress, and of the State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, commissioners of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time, the office or appointment of judge, inspector or clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no inspector or judge, or other officer of any such election shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for."

Also, that in the 4th section of the Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act relating to executions and for other purposes," approved April 16th, 1840, it is enacted that the aforesaid 13th section "shall not be so construed as to prevent any militia or borough officer from serving as judge, or inspector or clerk of any general or special election in this Commonwealth."

By the act of Assembly of 1869, known as the Registry Law, it is provided as follows:

1. "Election Officers are to open the polls between the hours of six and seven, A. M., on the day of election.—Before six o'clock in the morning of second Tuesday of October they are to receive from the County Commissioners the Registered List of Voters and all necessary election blanks, and they are to permit no man to vote whose name is not on said list, unless he shall make proof of his right to vote as follows:

2. The person whose name is not on the list, claiming the right to vote must produce a qualified voter of the *district to swear to a written or printed affidavit to the* residence of the claimant in the district for at least ten days next preceding said election, defining clearly where the residence of the person was.

3. The party claiming the right to vote shall also make an affidavit, stating to the best of his knowledge and belief where and when he was born, that he is a citizen of Pennsylvania and of the United States, that he has resided in the State one year, or, if formerly a citizen therein and removed therefrom, that he has resided therein six months next preceding said election, that he has not moved into the district for the purpose of voting therein, that he has paid a State or county tax within two years, which was assessed at least ten days before the election, and the affidavit shall state when and where the tax was assessed and paid, and the tax receipt must be produced unless the affiant shall state that it has been lost or destroyed, or that he received none.

4. If the applicant be a naturalized citizen, he must, in addition to the foregoing proofs, state in his affidavit when, where, and by what court he was naturalized and produce his certificate of naturalization.

5. Every person, claiming to be a naturalized citizen, whether on the registry list, or producing affidavits as aforesaid, shall be required to produce his naturalization certificate at the election before voting, except where he has been for ten years consecutively a voter in the district where he offers to vote; and on the vote of such a person being received, the Election Officers are to write or stamp the word *"voted"* on his certificate with the month and year, and no other vote can be cast that day in virtue of said certificate except where sons are entitled to vote upon the naturalization of their father.

6. If the person claiming to vote who is not registered shall make an affidavit that he is a native born citizen of the United States, or, if born elsewhere, shall produce evidence of his naturalization, or that he is entitled to citizenship by reason of his father's naturalization, and further, that he is between 21 and 22 years of age, and has resided in the State one year, and in the election district ten days next preceding the election, he shall be entitled to vote though he shall not have paid taxes."

In accordance with the provision of the 8th section of an act entitled "A further supplement to the election Laws of this Commonwealth," I publish the following:

WHEREAS, By the act of the Congress of the United States, entitled "an act to amend the several acts heretofore passed to provide for the enrolling and calling out of the national forces, and for other purposes," and approved March 3d, 1865, all persons who have deserted the military or naval service of the United States, and who have not been discharged or relieved from the penalty or disability therein provided, are deemed and taken to have voluntarily relinquished and forfeited their rights of citizenship and their rights to become citizens, and are deprived of exercising any rights of citizens thereof;

And whereas, Persons not citizens of the United States are not, under the Constitution and laws of Pennsylvania qualified electors of this Commonwealth

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted, &c*, That in all elections hereafter to be held in this Commonwealth, it shall be unlawful for the judge or inspectors of any such election to receive any ballot or ballots from any person or persons embraced in the provisions and subject to the disability imposed by said act of Congress, approved March 3d, 1865, and it shall be unlawful for any such person to offer to vote any ballot or ballots.

SEC. 2. That if any such judge and inspectors of election, or any one of them shall receive or consent to receive any such unlawful ballot or ballots from any such disqualified person, he or they so offending shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof in any court of quarter sessions of this commonwealth; he shall for each offence, be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred dollars, and to undergo an imprisonment in the jail of the proper county for not less than sixty days.

SEC. 3. That if any person deprived of citizenship, and disqualified as aforesaid, shall, at any election hereafter to be held in this commonwealth, vote, or tender to the officers thereof, and offer to vote, a ballot or ballots, any person so offending shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof in any court of quarter sessions of this commonwealth, shall for each offence be punished in like manner as is provided in the preceding section of this act in case of officers of election receiving any such unlawful ballot or ballots.

SECTION 4. That if any person shall hereafter persuade or advise any person or persons, deprived of citizenship or disqualified as aforesaid, to offer any ballot or ballots to the officers of any election hereafter to be held in this Commonwealth, or shall persuade, or advise, any such *officer to receive any ballot, or ballots, from* any person deprived of citizenship, and disqualified as aforesaid, such person so offending shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof in any court of quarter sessions of this Commonwealth, shall be punisl ed in like manner is provided in the second section of this act in the case of officers of such election receiving such unlawful ballot or ballots.

Particular attention is directed to the first section of the Act of Assembly, passed the 30th day of Ma ch A. D., 1836, entitled "An Act regulating the manner of Voting at all Elections, in the several counties of this Commonwealth;"

"That the qualified voters of the several counties of this Commonwealth, at all general, township, borough and special elections, are hereby, hereafter, authorized and required to vote, by tickets, printed or written, or partly printed and partly written, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of all judges of courts voted for, and be labelled outside "judiciary;" one ticket shall embrace all the names of State officers voted for and be labelled "State;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all county officers voted for, including office of Senator, member, and members of Assembly, if voted for, and members of Congress, if voted for, and labelled "county;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all township officers voted for, and be labelled "township;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all borough officers voted for, and be labelled "borough;" and each class shall be deposited in separate ballot boxes.

Pursuant to the provisions contained in the 67th section of the act aforesaid, the judges of the aforesaid districts shall respectively take charge of the certificate or return of the election of their respective districts, and produce them at a meeting of one of the judges from each district at the Court House, in the borough of Huntingdon, on the third day after the day of election, being for the present year on Friday, the 6th of November next, then and there to do and perform the duties required by law of said judges. Also, that where a judge by sickness or unavoidable accident, is unable to attend said meeting of judges, then the certificate or return aforesaid shall be taken in charge by one of the inspectors or clerks of the election of said district, and shall do and perform the duties required of said judge unable to attend.

Also, that in the 61st section of said act it is enacted that "every general and special election shall be opened between the hours of eight and ten in the forenoon, and shall continue without interruption or adjournment until seven o'clk. in the evening, when the polls shall be closed."

GIVEN under my hand, at Huntingdon, the 14th day of Sept., A. D. 1869, and of the independence of the United States, the ninety-second.

D. R. P. NEELY, Sheriff.

Huntingdon, Sept. 15, 1869

READING RAIL ROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

MONDAY, APRIL 26, 1869.

GREAT TRUNK LINE FROM THE North and North-West for PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, READING, POTTSVILLE, TAMAQUA, ASHLAND, SHAMOKIN LEBANON, ALLENTOWN, EASTON, EPHRATA, LITIZ, LANCASTER, COLUMBIA, &c., &c.

Trains leave Harrisburg for New York, as follows:

At 2 25, 5 20 and 8,10 A. M., 12,25 Noon, 2 00, and 10,55 p. m., connecting with similar trains on the Pennsylvania R. R, and arriving at New York at 9,45, 11,45, a. m., 3,50, 6,45, 9,30 p. m., and 6,50 a. m., respectively. Sleeping cars accompany the 2,35, a. m., 3,50 a. m., and 10 55 p. m., trains without change.

Leave Harrisburg for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Minersville, Ashland, Shamokin, Mt. Carmel, Shamokin, Allentown, and Philadelphia at 8 10 A. M., and 2 00 and 4 10 P. M., stopping at Lebanon and principal way stations; the 4 10 p. m. train making connections for Philadelphia Pottsville and Columbia only. For Pottsville, Schuylkill Haven and Auburn, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna R. R., leave Harrisburg at 3 30 P M.

Returning, leave NEW-YORK at 9 A. M., 12.00 noon, and 5.05 and 8.00 P. M., Philadelphia at 8.15 A. M., and 3.30 P M.; Sleeping cars accompany the 9.00 a m and 5.05 and 8.00 p m trains from New York without change.

Way Passenger train leaves Philadelphia at 7 30 A. M. connecting with similar train on East Penna. Railroad, returning from Reading at 6.30 p m stopping at all stations; Pottsville at 7,30 and 8 45 A. M., and 2 45 P. M. Shamokin at 8 25 and 10,55, A. M.; Ashland 7 00 A. M. and 12,30 noon, Tamaqua at 8 30 A. M., and 2,20 P. M for Philadelphia and New York.

Leave Pottsville, via. Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad at 7 00 a. m. for Harrisburg, and 11 30 A. M, for Pine Grove and Tremont.

An Accommodation Passenger Train leaves READING at 7.30 A. M., and returns from PHILADELPHIA at 5,15 P. M

Pottstown Accommodation Train Leaves Pottstown a 6,25 a. m., returning leaves Philadelphia at 4,30 p. m.

Columbia Railroad Trains leave Reading at 7 00 A M., and 6 15 P. M., for Ephrata, Litiz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.

Perkiomen Railroad trains leave Perkiomen Junction at 9.00 a m and 6.00 p m returning: Leave Skippack at 8 15 a. m, and 1.00 p. m, connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad.

On Sundays, leave New York at 8 00 P. M., Philadelphia, 8 a m and 3 15 P. M., the 8 a m train running only to Reading; Pottsville 8 A. M., Harri burg, 5 50 a m, and 4 10 and 10 55 p m, and Reading 12 55, 2,54 and 7 15 a. m., for Harrisburg, and 8 55 and 7 05 a. m., for New York, and 9,40 a. m., and 4.25 p. m. for Philadelphia.

COMMUTATION, MILEAGE, SEASON, SCHOOL, and EXCURSION TICKETS to and from all points at reduced rates.

Baggage checked through: 100 pounds Baggage allowed each Passenger.

G. A. NICOLLS,
Reading, April 26, 1869. *General Superintendent.*

HUNTINGDON & BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after THURSDAY, SEPT. 16th, 1869, Passenger Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

UP TRAINS. *DOWN TRAINS.*

Express. P. M.	Express. A. M.	Express. P. M.	Express. A. M.	Express. P. M.	Express. A. M.	Express. P. M.	Express. A. M.	Express. P. M.	Express. A. M.	Express. P. M.	Express. A. M.	Express. P. M.	Express. A. M.
LE 5 55	LE 8 40			Huntingdon,				AR 10 10				AR 4 20	
6 02	8 46			Long Siding,				10 02				4 12	
6 17	9 00			McConnellstown,				9 46				3 55	
6 24	9 07			Pleasant Grove,				9 37				3 48	
6 40	9 22			Marklesburg,				9 22				3 32	
6 56	9 38			Coffee Run,				9 03				3 16	
7 03	9 46			Rough & Ready,				8 55				3 09	
7 18	10 01			Cove,				8 40				2 55	
7 24	10 05			Fishers Summit,				8 36				2 51	
AR 7 41	10 20			Saxton,				LE 8 20				2 26	
	10 43			Hildlesburg,								2 08	
	10 52			Hopewell,								2 00	
	11 10			Riser's Run,								1 40	
	11 29			Tatesville,								1 20	
	11 45			Bloody Run,								1 05	
	AF 11 52			Mount Dallas,								LE1 00	
				SHOUP'S RUN BRANCH.									
LE 7 50	LE 10 30			Saxton,				AR 8 05				AR 2 25	
8 05	10 45			Coalmont,				7 55				2 10	
8 10	10 50			Crawford,				7 50				2 05	
AR 8 20	AR 11 00			Dudley,				LE 7 40				LE 1 55	
				[Broad Top City,									

Huntingdon Sep 22, '69. JOHN M'KILLIPS, Supt.

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.

TIME OF LEAVING OF TRAINS

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

WESTWARD. Mail.	Philadelphia Express.	Day Express.	Pittsburgh Express.	STATIONS.	*EASTWARD* Day Express.	Mail.	Harrisburg Accom.
P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.	A. M
5 02	.....	11 47	.....	N. Hamilton,	.....	5 14	9 20
5 10	.....	11 55	5 10	Mt. Union,	.....	5 05	9 13
5 18	.....	12 04	.....	Mapleton,	.....	4 57	9 04
5 28	.....	12 12	5 34	Mill Creek,	.....	4 49	8 55
5 42	7 00	12 23	5 45	Huntingdon,	6 04	4 36	8 38
6 01	.....	12 30	.....	Petersburg,	.....	4 18	8 20
6 11	.....	1 00	.....	Barree,	.....	4 10	8 10
6 20	.....	1 09	6 16	Spruce Creek,	.....	4 02	8 03
6 35	.....	1 25	.....	Birmingham,	.....	3 50	7 49
6 44	7 52	1 35	6 30	Tyrone,	5 21	3 41	7 40
6 55	.....	1 46	.....	Tipton,	.....	3 30	7 29
7 01	.....	1 53	.....	Fostoria,	.....	3 24	7 24
7 06	.....	2 00	6 48	Bell's Mills,	.....	3 19	7 09
7 40	8 45	2 40	7 25	Altoona,	4 57	3 00	7 20
P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.	A. M.

The PHILA. EXPRESS Eastward leaves Altoona at 8 45 P M. and arrives at Huntingdon at 10 12 P. M.

The FAST LINE Eastward leaves Altoona at 12 20 A. M., and arrives at Huntingdon at 1 34 A. M.

The CINCINNATI EXPRESS Eastward leaves Altoona at 5 35 P. M. and arrives at Huntingdon at 6 50 P M.

PACIFIC EXPRESS Eastward, leaves Altoona at 12 03 A. M., and arrives at Huntingdon at 1 10 A. M.

CINCINNATI EXPRESS Westward leaves Huntingdon at 3 01 P M and arrives at Altoona 4 21 P M

The FAST LINE Westward, leaves Huntingdon at 43 P., M. and arrives at Altoona at 8 45 P. M.

PAPER! PAPER!! PAPER!!!

Tracing Paper,
Impression Paper,
Drawing Paper,
Deed Paper,
Tissue Paper,
Silk Paper for Flowers,
Perforated Paper,
Bristol Board,
Flat Cap Paper,
Foolscap Paper,
Letter Paper,
Commercial Note Paper,
Ladies' Gilt Edged Letter and Note Paper,
Ladies' Plain and Fancy Note Paper,
White and Colored Card Paper, in Packs and Sheets, or sale at LEWIS' Book, Stationery and Music Store.

ENVELOPES—

By the box, pack, or less quantity, for sale at *LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.*

FOR THE LADIES.

A superior article of Note Paper and Envelope suitable for *confidential* correspondence, for sale at *LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.*

PAPER! PAPER!!

Note, Post, Commercial, Foolscap and Platcap—a good assortment for sale by the ream, half ream, quire or sheet, at LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men, it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known. Its uniform character and power to cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, have made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to milder forms of disease and to young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of *Croup*, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.

Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable, still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the *Cherry Pectoral*. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.

Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.

Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.

Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.

So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Bismuth, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of the cures in the ague districts, are literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgements we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies *had wholly failed.*

Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or travelling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *AGUE CURE* daily.

For *Liver Complaints*, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity.

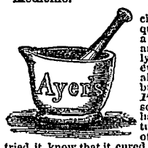
For Bilious Disorders and Liver Complaints, it is an excellent remedy, producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines had failed.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemists, Lowell, Mass., and sold all round the world.

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.



Perhaps no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild but efficient purgative *Pill*. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other. Those who have tried it, know that it cured them; those who have not, know that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of their remarkable cures of the following complaints, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions *in all climates*; containing neither calomel or any deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar coating preserves them ever fresh and makes them pleasant to take, while being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the obstructions of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their irregular action to health, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper on the box, for the following complaints, which these *Pills* rapidly cure:—

For **Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Listlessness, Languor and Loss of Appetite**, they should be taken moderately to stimulate the stomach and restore its healthy tone and action.

For **Liver Complaint** and the various symptoms, **Bilious Headache, Sick Headache, Jaundice or Green Sickness, Bilious Colic and Bilious Fevers**, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the diseased action or remove the obstructions which cause it.

For **Dysentery or Diarrhœa**, but one mild dose is generally required.

For **Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back and Loins**, they should be continuously taken, as required, to change the diseased action of the system. With such change those complaints disappear.

For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression** a large dose should be taken as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a *Dinner Pill*, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the st