The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, Jan. 27, 1869.

WM. LEWIS, HUGH LINDSAY, } EDITORS.

The "Globe" has the largest number of readers of any other paper published in the county. Advertisers should remember this.

☞ Gen. Grant's Cabinet is still a mystery. He's sharp. Hope he'll remember Pennsylvania.

☞ Advertising Agents and others will please remember that our published rates of advertising are our lowest rates, net.

☞ Hon. D. J. Morrell gave an entertainment in Washington on Thursday evening last in honor of Mr. Scott, at which Mr. Scott and the whole Pennsylvania delegation were present.

☞ Hon. Asa Packer, of Clinton county, and Gen. Geo. W. Cass, and Hon. Wilson McCandless of Pittsburg, are prominent candidates for the Democratic nomination for Governor. Mr. Clymer declines being a candidate.

☞ The Deseret *News* says the work on the Union Pacific railroad is completed to within sixty miles of Salt Lake City. The Mormons are building the road through the Salt Lake country, and the company has the confidence of the entire population.

SENATORIAL.—Last Tuesday was a Senatorial field day. Pennsylvania elected Hon. John Scott; New York, Hon. Reuben E. Fenton; Maine Hon. Hannibal Hamlin; Massachusetts, Hon. Charles Sumner; Missouri, Carl Schurz; Delaware, Hon. Thomas F. Bayard; Indiana, Hon. William Cumback, and Minnesota, Hon. Alexander Ramsey.

☞ The Pennsylvania State Agricultural Society met in Harrisburg last Wednesday, and elected Amos E. Kapp, of Northumberland, President. There was quite a large attendance, over one hundred and thirty gentlemen taking part. It was resolved to hold a grand State agricultural convention in Harrisburg, on the third Wednesday in March next, to which all county and other agricultural societies are invited to send delegates.

☞ Ex-Secretary of War, Edwin M. Stanton, on being asked by a friend if he would accept a Cabinet position under Gen. Grant, made, according to a correspondent of the Philadelphia *Post*, the following reply: "I am not a candidate for any office, nor will I accept any position in the gift of the Government. I do not want a place in the Cabinet, and I do not want a foreign mission. I long since announced my purpose to retire to private life. This I have done, and when I say I will not get into public life again *I mean it*. My intention is not for today, but for all the time. I shall never again hold public office." This disposes of one name which has been prominent on almost every Cabinet slate for the last three months.

☞ The Annual State Convention of delegates representing the Grand Army of the Republic, met at West Chester last week and made choice of Oliver S. Bosbyshell as Grand Commander for the State for the ensuing year. Geo. W. Grant, of Reading, was chosen a member of the Council of Administration. The following delegates were elected to the National Convention, which will assemble at Cincinnati on the 18th of May next. John F. Hartranft, at large; together with W. W. Hammersly, L. Wagner, H. S. Thomas, A. L. Pearson, W. L. Woodcock, S. M. Hoyt, A. R. Calhoun, H. Reeder, J. W. Geary, Charles Albright, and J. P. S. Gobin.

Election of Mr. Scott.

On Tuesday of last week the Legislature went into an election for United States Senator. The first vote resulted in giving Mr. Scott every Union Republican vote and of course he was declared elected. W. A. Wallace, chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee was the opposing candidate and received the votes of the Democratic Senators and Representatives. Mr. Wallace was born in this place, is a Senator, and citizen of Clearfield. A large number of our citizens and friends of Mr. Scott from the county were present at Harrisburg to witness the election—they all returned home satisfied with the honor conferred upon the county.

☞ A correspondent of the New York *Times* furnishes an important fact in the career of General Grant—that during the Vicksburg campaign the hostility to him at Washington was so great that his enemies obtained an order directing General Banks, then at Port Hudson, *to take command of Grant's army*. Banks refused, and was censured for disobedience of orders, and while the correspondence was continued Vicksburg was taken. The most singular part of the affair is that Grant knew nothing of it till within the last month. Banks seems to have disclosed this chapter of the secret history of the war. Grant now knows that while he thought he was merely capturing Pemberton he was really routing more powerful enemies in Washington. It was a double victory, and one in which the nation has reason to rejoice.

ALLEGED CORRUPTION.—We had hoped to hear no accusations of corruption against our present Legislature, but ere the session has fairly commenced we find Republican journals in every quarter "pitching in" at a lively rate against the "incorruptible" legislators. The theme of contention is in the pasting and folding department. The House of Representatives has passed a resolution increasing the number of officers in the House to twenty-seven additional. The former number was 34—adding 27, we have 61 officers in the House—that is one officer for every Republican Representative. The sum of $36,600 will be required to pay these "officers," as none will get less salary than $600. For this work of pasting and folding that these "officers" will in all get $36,600, a responsible party in Lancaster agreed to perform for $7,000. But this great saving is squandered by our Representatives, who must bow the knee to their "officers." The query is can our legislators afford to be so "economical" and do themselves credit? We think not, for the tax-payers have an interest in all that is done with their money, and let them but know that it is used by the members to pay "officers" chosen by themselves, and the people will undertake to "officer" the members themselves. We hope the House will reconsider what it has done, and do better in the future. If there is any truth in the assertion that it requires sixty-one "officers," to paste and fold, then, for economy's sake, dispense with so many copies of the Record, and other documents. We think their constituents will readily agree to dispense with their documents, if it would save their tax money.

P. S.—Since writing the above, we have read the debate on the bill in the House, perused the comments of Republican and Democratic journals and we must confess that things are so much "curflumexed" that to one like us, outside of the "ring" at Harrisburg, it is impossible to make head or tail out of them. We hope the "ring" will heed their own consciences, and if they are right, why then as Sumner said to Stanton "stick;" but if they are wrong, let them "take it back," like men.

☞ The Pittsburgh *Gazette* publishes an editorial in defence of our State Legislature in regard to its alleged extravagance, in refusing to accept an offer to contract for the pasting and folding of the two Houses for $9,000. It says it is true that the caucuses rejected the proposition, as it is not competent for either House to enter into a contract until *after* its organization, but it is not true that the pasting and folding ever cost $50,000. Under the operation of the present law the total cost of pasting and folding is $11,800. It further says that there never was a contractor for the State who did not come in after his contract was out, with a poor mouth, asking for extra pay, and therefore there is no evidence that it would not, in the end cost more than the pasting and folding will now cost under the law of 1868. It is also to be taken into account that this law of 1868 reduced the pay of all the employees of the two Houses, and will if let alone, work a saving of many thousands to the State.

☞ Gen. Grant furnishes another evidence of his good sense by disapproving of the proposed Inauguration Ball, and expressing the hope that it will be dispensed with. He has written the following letter to the Committee on the subject:

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE UNITED STATES,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 20, 1869.

THOMAS L. TULLOCK, *Esq., Secretary, &c.*—DEAR SIR: Understanding that the Committee, of which you are Secretary, meet this evening for the purpose of arranging for the inauguration ball, I venture to drop you a line to say that if any choice is left to me I would be pleased to see it dispensed with. I do not wish to disarrange any plans made by my friends in the matter of ceremonies attending the inauguration, but in this matter it will be agreeable to me if your Committee should agree that the ball is unnecessary.

With great respect, your obedient servant. U. S. GRANT, General.

☞ The Report of the Department of Agriculture at Washington for November and December is out, for a copy of which our thanks are due to Commissioner Capron. It shows the total corn crop of the United States in 1868, excluding the Pacific States which are unsuited to the production of corn, to be 905,178,000 bushels, being an increase of 137,000,000 bushels over the year before. Pennsylvania is set down as having raised 31,979,000 bushels. The Southern States all are put down at unusually large figures, namely, Mississippi over thirty-five millions, Alabama over thirty-one millions, Georgia over twenty seven millions, &c. Illinois is the largest corn producing State, her crop amounting to 134,363,000 bushels; Indiana comes next with 90,832,000; and Ohio with 74,040,000.

GIRARD WILL CASE.—For many years a suit has been pending against the city of Philadelphia, for the property of the late Stephen Girard—amounting to several millions of dollars. The property included the Girard College for orphans. On Monday a week last the case was brought to an end, it being decided by the United States Supreme Court in favor of the city of Philadelphia.

National and State Legislatures.

CONGRESS.

Monday—In the Senate a memorial was presented by the President setting forth that great frauds had been committed at the late elections, and praying for such amendments to the naturalization laws as will tend to prevent such frauds in the future. A bill was passed to amend the act prescribing the mode of obtaining evidence in cases of contested elections. A bill was introduced punishing the collection of taxes on passengers by railroads. Adjourned.

In the House a memorial was presented asking the interposition of the United States with Prussia for indemnification for violation of a contract with J. Hanson, in matter of Holstein ship canal. Referred to Committee on Foreign Affairs. Under the call for bills the following were introduced, read twice, and appropriately referred: One providing for the issue of United States bonds, retiring United States notes, and for a free system of national banking; one allowing defendants in criminal cases to testify; one to prevent the loan of money on United States legal tender notes as collateral security; one prohibiting banks of issue from paying interest on deposits except on specified time; one to admit Mississippi to representation in Congress; one for the abolition of the franking privilege. A resolution was adopted against giving subsidies in bonds or money to railroads or other corporations, and setting forth that the country's resources should be applied to relieve the burdens of taxation. The resolution that grants of public lands to corporations should be discontinued, and that all such lands should be held to secure homesteads to actual settlers, was laid on the table. The Indian appropriation bill was made the special order for Monday next. The House then went into committee of the whole on the legislative, executive, and judicial appropriation bill, and at 5 p. m. adjourned.

Tuesday—In the Senate the President's reply to the inquiry regarding the legal authority upon which he issued his amnesty proclamation was read. A resolution was adopted calling on the President for information regarding the fishing grounds in the North Pacific Ocean, opened to the United States by the Alaska treaty. Among the bills referred was one amendatory of the act for the protection of rights of settlers on public lands; one relating to national bank securities, and one to complete and perfect railroad and telegraphic communication with the Pacific Ocean. A joint resolution, as an amendment to the Constitution, declaring that all persons are entitled to the franchise, was laid on the table. The copper bill was taken up and passed.

In the House a resolution was rescinded calling on the Adjutant General of the army for information respecting troops serving in Texas, Virginia and Mississippi. The bill to preserve the purity of elections in the Territories was passed, as was also Senate concurrent resolution requiring joint committee to revise and fix pay of officers of both Houses. Senate substitute for House bill amendatory of an act relating to habeas corpus, was agreed to. Senate bill granting land and right of way to the Denver Pacific Railroad and Telegraph Company gave rise to considerable debate.

Wednesday—In the Senate the President sent in a remonstrance against proposed amendment to bankrupt law. Among the petitions presented was one praying for a reduction of the tax on sales of liquors; one praying for legislation modifying existing internal revenue laws. A bill was introduced to extend the jurisdiction of the Court of Claims to claims of loyal citizens of the United States. A bill to provide for the reduction of the military of the United States and for other purposes. Referred to Committee on Military affairs. Adjourned.

HOUSE.—A bill to strengthen the public credit, and relating to contracts for the payment of coin, was referred to Ways and Means Committee. A bill to restrict and regulate the franking privilige was passed, as was also a bill for the removal of political disabilities of a large number of persons in the South. A resolution was adopted to appoint a select committee of seven to inquire and report as to legislation necessary to provide for taking ninth census. Adjourned.

Thursday—In the Senate a petition praying for a constitutional amendment securing equal suffrage, and one praying for an extension of the eight hour law to other than Government employes, were presented. A resolution requesting the President to furnish report of Major General Harney was adopted, as was also a resolution relative to the transportation of convicted prisoners. The bill to punish the collection of illegal taxes on passengers was then taken up and discussed, but when the morning hour expired the Senate resumed the reconsideration of the bill to promote commerce among the States, &c. A bill prohibiting secret sales of gold was referred to Committee on Finance. A bill was reported from Committee on Finance to amend the national currency act. Adjourned.

In the House a bill was passed authorizing and directing the Secretary of the Navy, with certain restrictions, to appoint midshipmen to the Naval Academy, on or before the 4th of March next. A bill regulating the manner of applying to Congress for the removal of political disabilities was referred to the Committee on Reconstruction. A resolution that G. W. Anderson is not entitled to a seat from the Ninth Congressional district of Missouri was decided in the negative. Adjourned.

Saturday.—In the Senate a joint resolution was passed donating condemned cannon to the Lincoln Monument at Springfield, Ill. The currency bill will be called up on Monday, and the suffrage amendment on Thursday. A joint resolution was passed respecting the States of Texas, Virginia and Mississippi, removing from office any persons who can not take the oath of office. Eulogies were delivered on Representative Hinds. Adjourned.

In the House Mr. Boutwell's Constitutional amendment in regard to suffrage was taken up and discussed. Adjourned.

LEGISLATURE.

Monday.—The Senate was not in session.

In the House the Governor's invitation to be present at dedication of Monument in honor of Mexican Soldiers was accepted. A motion to authorize the Speaker and Clerk to appoint twenty-seven additional officers of the House was passed after being amended. A number of bills were introduced and referred. Adjourned.

Tuesday.—In the Senate among the bills read in place was one limiting the lien of the debts of decedents upon real estate in Philadelphia; one to divide the Twentieth ward of that city; and also one to encourage the building of lateral railroads and promote the manufacturing interests of the State. The Senate went over to the House to count the election returns for Auditor General and Surveyor General. Appropriate speeches were made on the life and services of the late D. A. Finney. An afternoon session was held, at which Hon. John Scott received 17 votes for United States Senator; Wallace 13, and Clymer 1. Adjourned.

In the House a resolution was adopted requesting the Auditor General to inform the House of the amount of tax due the State from each county to January 1, 1869; one urging Congress to adopt amendments to the Federal Constitution, giving the elective franchise to all citizens without regard to race or color. The members of the Senate being present, the votes for Auditor and Surveyor General were counted. An afternoon session was held, at which Hon. John Scott received 61 votes for United States Senator, against 38 votes for Hon. Wm. A. Wallace. Adjourned.

Wednesday.—In the Senate a resolution was adopted to destroy the unavailable funds in the State Treasury. A number of private bills were presented. Adjourned.

In the House among the bills reported favorably from committees was one enabling Huntingdon county to borrow money. A joint resolution urging Congress not to purchase any telegraph lines was also reported favorably. Hon. John Scott was then elected United States Senator at a joint convention of the House and Senate. Adjourned.

Thursday.—In the Senate a number of bills were reported from committees. Bill read entitled a supplement to an act to incorporate the Morrison's Cove railroad company. The committee appointed to try contested case of Hirst vs. Hare, in reference to presiding Judge of the district court of Philadelphia, reported in favor of Mr. Hare, Mr Hirst having withdrawn. Adjourned.

In the House a joint resolution was adopted to destroy the unavailable funds in the Treasury.

Friday—In the Senate there was no quorum present, and the Speaker adjourned the body till to morrow.

In the House a resolution was offered to dispense with the publication of public documents and relieving the pasters and folders, which was indefinitely postponed. A joint resolution was introduced requesting Congress to use all honorable means against the incorporation of railroad companies by the General Government. Adjourned till Tuesday.

Saturday—Senate adjourned on account of no quorum.

A Modern Infernal Machine.

An instrument of warfare has recently been invented by an American mechanic, which, it is asserted, will prove more destructive than any weapon heretofore known. The apparatus consists of a row of twelve guns of 0 76 bore and about forty inches long, mounted on a carriage six feet wide, to be hauled by one horse. The barrels are divergent, so that at three hundred yards distant the twelve bullets sweep a line of about thirty feet, and are fixed at equal distances from each other, except in the middle where there is a space of ten inches, into which is placed a telescope, and an arrangement for adjusting the guns in taking aim. This contrivance, it is asserted, enables the operator to send a bullet through the bull's eye, at sixteen hundred yards, nine times out of ten. The tubes or barrels are loaded at the breech, and are connected by a rod attached to a crank, one turn of which opens and shuts all the breech pieces and loads the gun. They are made ready for firing by another turn of the crank. The bullet, it is stated, can be fired a distance of two thousand yards with accuracy. At a recent trial, forty-seven out of the sixty shots fired are reported to have struck a target four feet high at the distance of fifteen hundred yards. The invention weighs five hundred pounds, and is intended to be hauled by one horse and worked by two men, one to drive and the other to operate. The loading of the apparatus is so arranged that it can be detached in a moment; when the other part of the machine becomes perfectly useless. The cost of the entire instrument, with the horse, is reported to be $1,000. The *mitrailleuse*, or grape shot shower er, the deadly weapon which has attracted so much attention in France from Louis Napoleon, appears to resemble the above American invention.

Georgia Still Rebel.

In the Senate of Georgia, on Tuesday last, the following declaration and resolution were offered:

Believing Grant to be the President—not of any particular party—we, the members of the Assembly of Georgia, having the right to speak for the people, are confident that such a course on the part of the President elect will be pursued throughout the South as a harbinger of peace and the dawning of a brighter day for our common country; therefore

Resolved, That laying on the altar of our common country all the prejudices and bitter feelings engendered by the late elections, we pledge ourselves and the people to support Gen. Grant in carrying out the Constitution of the United States and the laws enacted under it.

—The resolution, after violent opposition from members still strongly imbued with the spirit of the late Rebellion, was *withdrawn*.

Philadelphia has not only the largest area of any city in the United States, but it is larger than Paris, and nearly equal to that of London. Philadelphia embraces 129½ square miles; New York 22. The total area of the eight other leading cities in the United States is 157 square miles.

The National Debts.

The National debts of the principal European States during the last thirty years have been the subject of interesting statistics recently published in a German paper. In 1829, it is asserted, that the public debts of France, Austria, Russia and Italy amounted to $1,000,000,000, paying about $85,000,000 a year as interest. In 1863, the debts of the same States had risen to $6,000,000,000, paying about $300,000,000 a year as interest. In Great Britain, on January 5, 1851, the national debt was about $4,035,000,000, and on March 31, 1868, was $3,985,000,000, a reduction of $50,000,000.—In Holland, the debt in 1851, was $491,807,432, and in 1868 was $387,297,565, a reduction of $104,599,867.—In Prussia, the debt in 1851 was $148,324,618, and in 1868, was 312,846,567, including $131,760,000 for railways.—Prussia has therefore, increased her debt by the amount of $164,521,949.—In France, the debt in 1851 was $1,069,200,090, and in 1868 was $2,328,707,418, besides a floating debt of $2,682,000,040. In Italy, the total debt of the smaller States now forming the dominions of Victor Emanuel was $300,000,000, and on December 21, '67, the debt of the present Kingdom of Italy was $1,355,081,632. The debt of Austria, in 1850 was $511,600,000, and in 1867 was $1,512,668,948. In Russia, the interest on the public debt in 1850 amounted to $21,372,485, and in 1868 to $52,213,907. The principal of the Russian debt is of a highly complicated character, so that a classification is almost impossible. There are also Bills of Credit issued by the government, amounting to $596,719,900, which are forced into circulation by an imperial ukase. The destruction of public credit by an unlimited issue of paper money is of long standing in Russia, and the present government has been endeavoring to remedy the financial embarrassment of the country by a steady withdrawal of the treasury notes.

THE ALABAMA TREATY.—The full convention entered into between Lord Clarendon and Reverdy Johnson for the settlement of the Alabama claims having been published, furnishes subject for much discussion in political as well as diplomatic circles.—The treaty is far from satisfactory to those who expected considerable concessions on the part of the British Ministry. It is held that the convention is a success for Lord Clarendon and not for Mr Seward. The text agreed upon contains in the first place, the same principle of limited reference to a sovereign or head of a government which, until recently, Mr. Seward persistently declined to accept.—Secondly, there is no distinction made between the claims of the United States citizens against England, known as the Alabama claims, and the counter claims of British subjects, which will be brought against the United States by British blockade runners rebel sympathizers, &c. Thirdly, should the sovereign or head of a government selected as arbiter decide that England, is not responsible to the United States for having let loose the Alabama, Shenadoah, Florida, etc., it would prevent even a consideration of the claims of American citizens, while our Government would be placed in a position whereby all counter claims of British subjects would have to be paid, thus leaving us poorer than we were before the treaty was made. It is hardly necessary to add that the convention has no chances of being ratified.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HUNTINGDON GAS COMPANY.—The Board of Managers have declared a dividend of four per cent. upon the capital stock of the Company, payable on and after the 1st day of February next.
J. WILSON GREENLAND, Treasurer.
Jan27

TAKE NOTICE.—The undersigned having purchased of J. Harry Shaver, his large sorel mare, called the Sammy mare, which I have left in his care until I see proper to take her away. I thus warn all person or persons from meddling or interfering with the above named mare.
Jan27, 1869-2w. B. J. DEVOR.

ESTRAY.—Came to the residence of the subscriber in Brady township, Huntingdon County, about the middle of October last, a pale red heifer, with white spot in forehead, white spots on belly, and one across the top of shoulders, supposed to be near one year old. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be sold according to law.
Jan. 27, '69-3t* JOHN B. WAKEFIELD.

J. R. SIMPSON, C. H. ARMITAGE.
SIMPSON & ARMITAGE,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
HUNTINGDON, PENNA.
OFFICE IN BRICK ROW OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE.
Jan. 27, 1869-6m.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue of a writ of Vend. Ex. directed to me, I will expose to public sale, at the Court House, on Wednesday, the 10th day of February, 1869, at 2 o'clock, p. m., the following property to wit:
The right title and interest of defendants in a farm, tract or parcel of land situate in Barree township, Huntingdon County, Penna, adjoining lands of H. Crownover, and Thomas Crownover on the north, by lands of Joseph Carmon and William Akely on the east, by land of McCahan's heirs on the south, and by lands of Thos. Crownover, A. W. Kenyon and Samuel Randolph on the west, containing 70 acres more or less, and having a log house and log barn thereon erected.
Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Charlotte Smiley, John Smiley and Emilene Smiley.
D. R. P. NEELY, Sheriff.
Jan. 27, 1869-4t.

$5.00 GREENBACK of full value sent free to any Book Agent.
AGENTS WANTED FOR
Matthew Hale Smith's New Book,
"Sunshine and Shadow in New York."
A work replete with anecdotes and incidents of LIFE IN THE GREAT METROPOLIS,
Being a Mirror of New York, reflecting the SECRETS OF THE GREAT CITY.
One Agent sold 86 in one day, another sold and delivered 227 in 15 days, another 904 in 7 days. No Book ever published that sells so rapidly.
If You wish to know how fortunes are made and lost in a day; how shrewd men are ruined in Wall street; how countrymen are swindled by sharpers; how ministers and merchants are blackmailed; how dance halls and concert salons are managed; how gambling houses and lotteries are conducted, how stock companies brighten and how the bubbles burst, &c., &c., read this work. It tells you about the mysteries of New York, and contains spicy life sketches of its noted millionaires, merchants, &c. A large Octavo volume, 720 pages, finely illustrated. The largest commission given. Our 32 page circular and a $5.00 Greenback sent free on application. For full particulars and terms address the sole publishers,
J. B. BURR & CO., HARTFORD, CONN.
Jan27-4t

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[CONCENTRATED INDIGO.]
For the LAUNDRY.
It is warranted not to streak, or in any manner injure the finest fabrics.
FOR FAMILY USE Sold in FIVE cents, TEN cents, and TWENTY cents boxes.
Each TWENTY cents box, besides having FIVE TIMES as much blue as the FIVE cents box, contains a pocket pincushion or empty bag.
For Hotel and large Laundry use, it is put up in $2 00 boxes.
See that each Box has proper Trade Mark.
For Sale at MASSEY & CO. Grocery.
Jan6-3m.

NEW SHAD, DRY SALT HERRING and Mackerel, (Warranted,) Dried Apples, Peaches, Currants, Prunes, Raisins, Citron, &c., at HENRY & CO'S.

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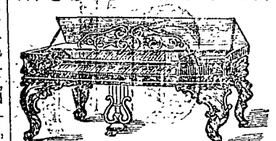

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Melodeons, Guitars, Violins, Files, Flutes, Accordeons, &c. &c.
☞ Pianos, Organs, and Melodeons Warranted for five years.
Circulars sent on application.
Address E. J. GREENE,
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Jan27,69 2d floor Leister's New Building.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENN'A.
ASSIGNEE APPOINTED.
In the matter of THOMAS JAMES MAYES, Bankrupt.
To whom it may concern:
The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of THOS JAMES MAYES, of Graysville, in the county of Huntingdon, in the said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the district Court of said district.
Dated at Hollidaysburg, the 16th day of January, A. D. 1869.
MARTIN G. LONGNECKER, Assignee.
Jan23 3t

SHERIFF SALE.—By virtue of a writ of Alias Vend Ex directed to me I will expose to public sale, at the Court House, on THURSDAY, the 28th day of January, 1869, the following property, to wit:
All those contiguous tracts and parcels of land situate in Tell township, Huntingdon County, on the Broad Top Coal Mountain, on the waters of Sharps Run, one thereof containing ninety six acres and two perches and allowance, the other thereof containing forty seven acres and allowance, conveyed to the said Huntingdon and Broad Top Mountain Railroad and Coal Company, by Thomas Horton and wife, by deed bearing date nineteenth of May, A. D., 1853. Recorded in Huntingdon County, in Record Book K, No. 2, p 432 &c.
Also, All that certain other tract of land warranted in the name of Gideon Hyatt, situate in Tod township, county and state aforesaid, on the Broad Top Coal Mountain, on the waters of Sharps Run aforesaid, containing two hundred acres with measure conveyed to the said H. & B. T. M. R. R. & Coal Company, by Philip Barnes and wife, by deed dated January, 28th, 1853, recorded in book K, No. 2, p 168 &c.
Also, all that certain other tract of land situate on the Broad Top Mountain in county, township and state aforesaid, warranted in the name of James Entrekit, known as the "Crawford Coal Bank Tract" on the waters of Sharps Run, containing four hundred and forty acres and allowance &c, conveyed to the said H. & B. T. M. R. R. & Coal Company, by James Entreken, by deed dated the 18th day of November, A. D., 1853. Record book I, No. 2, pages 574 &c.
Also, all that certain other tract of land situate on the Broad Top Mountain, in township, county and state, aforesaid, on the water of Sharps Run, warranted in the name of Benjamin Penn containing one hundred and twenty acres and twelve perches, and allowance &c., conveyed to the said H. & B. T. M. R. R. & Coal Company, by deed of Henry Horton and wife, dated the fifteenth of March, A. D 1854. Recorded in Book K No. 2, p 97 &c.
Also, all that certain other tract of land situate in the township, county and state aforesaid, on the Broad Top Mountain, warranted in the name of Frederick Rump, containing two hundred acres and three perches and allowance &c, conveyed by James Entreken, to the said H. & B. T. M. R. R. & Coal Company, by deed dated the 18th day of Nov. A. D. 1853. Recorded in book I, No. 2, p 575 &c.
Also, all these two certain pieces, parcels and parts of two large tracts of lands situate on the Broad Top Mountain, in the township, county and State aforesaid, one thereof warranted in the name of Anthony Cook and Sarah Elder, containing 289 acres and six perches and allowance, and the other thereof containing thirty nine acres and twenty two perches with measure; the two pieces together containing 328 acres and 28 perches and allowance &c, conveyed by Isaac Cook and wife, to the said H. & B. T. M. R. R. & Coal Company, by deed dated the 16th day of March, A. D. 1854. Recorded in book K, No. 2, page 101 &c.
Also, all the undivided one half part of all that certain tract and parcel of land, warranted in the name of Joseph Brown, situate in the township, county and state aforesaid, in the Broad Top Mountain, on the waters of Sharps Run, containing 175 acres and allowance &c, conveyed to the said H. & B. T. M. R. R. & Coal Company, by Alex. C. Blair and Rachel Blair and wifes, by deed dated the 20th day of January, A. D. 1854. Recorded in book K, No. 2, page 598 &c. Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of the Huntingdon and Broad Top Mountain Railroad, and Coal Company.
D. R. P. NEELY, Sheriff.
Jan. 6, '69-td.

HOUSES FOR SALE and RENT.
The subscriber will receive bids for the purchase of the large
THREE-STORY BRICK BUILDING
in which he now resides, and which is also occupied as a Hardware Store, Mustafa Lodge and Chapter, and by the Young Men's Christian Association.
It is in a central business location, is a fine and substantial structure, having cut stone foundation and steps, pressed brick front, slate roof, French plate glass, solid walnut cash, best style of finish inside, with elaborate mouldings, fine glazing and graining. Gas pipes to every apartment, and whole house arranged with a view to comfort and convenience. Excellent well of water and very large cisterns with both pumps on the porch.
On the building is a handsome Observatory, giving a pleasant view of the town and country for miles around.
Altogether this is the most desirable and valuable property in Huntingdon, which is now one of the most pleasant and thrifty towns on the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad.
JAMES A. BROWN,
dec9 Huntingdon, Pa.

JUNIATA STEAM PEARL MILL
AT PUBLIC SALE.
I will offer at public sale on the premises,
On Wednesday, January 27, 1869,
at 1 o'clock, P. M.,
THE JUNIATA STEAM PEARL MILL,
with the appurtenances, situate near the canal, at the west end of the borough of Huntingdon. The Mill is in good condition and worthy the attention of business men and capitalists.
Besides the Mill there is on this lot of ground a good Frame Building, calculated for a dwelling or store-room.
Possession given on the 1st of April next or sooner if desired by the purchaser.
Terms made known on the day of sale.
JOHN K. McCAHAN.
Huntingdon, Jan. 6.

Desirable Building Lots For Sale.
FORTY-THREE BUILDING LOTS, situate in the borough of MARYSVILLE, Perry Co., Penna., fronting on Main street and extending to the Susquehanna river. They are the most desirable located Lots in the borough, being immediately adjacent to the shops of the Pennsylvania Central and Northern Central Railroads.
For further information inquire of O. GELB at Marysville station, or of BENJAMIN REES, 126 South Front street, Philadelphia. dec4-3m*

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the firm of Johnston & Watson, are requested to call and make settlement. They need money and must have it. All accounts not settled by the first day of February, will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection.
JOHNSTON & WATSON.
Jan6-tf

U. S. MARSHAL'S OFFICE, W. D. OF PENNSYLVANIA, Pittsburgh, January 2, 1869.
IN BANKRUPTCY.—In the matter of LAURA A. BARTLETT, Bankrupt:
This is to give notice, that on the 21st day of December, 1868, a Warrant of Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of LAURA A. BARTLETT, of Hemingburg, in the county of Huntingdon, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt, on his own petition: That the next meeting of the creditors of the bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more Assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of the Register in Bankruptcy, at Hollidaysburg, before JOHN BROTHERLINE, Esq., Register, on the 1st day of February, A. D. 1869, at 10 o'clock, a. m.
THOS. A. ROWLEY, U. S. Marshal, As Messenger.
W. F. BATHURST, Deputy.
Jan6-4t

TO THE PEOPLE OF HUNTINGDON COUNTY.
HUNTINGDON, December 29, 1868.
As there appears to be considerable trouble about who shall be appointed Post Master in our town, and it being an office for which the person who may be appointed should contribute a liberal amount to some charitable purpose, I therefore offer myself as an applicant for the position of Post Master at Huntingdon, Pa; and I propose and will agree, giving my bond with the Commissioners of Huntingdon county for the fulfilment of the same, should I be appointed, to erect a Monument for deceased soldiers, for the sum of Two Thousand Dollars; provided I am allowed to hold the office for the term of four years. Soldiers in the county, or the friends of our deceased soldiers, will confer a favor by circulating a petition in my behalf, and send the same to me.
Dec27-3m D. C. SUMMERS.

FOR SALE.
The subscriber will sell at Private Sale the Furniture and Fixtures of the Washington Hotel. Persons desiring to purchase will call soon.
A. LETTERMAN.
Huntingdon, Jan. 6, 1869.

NOTICE.—The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Huntingdon & Broad Top Mountain Railroad & Coal Company will be held at the Office of the Company, No. 417 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, on TUESDAY, February 23, at 11 o'clock, A. M., when an election will be held for a President and Twelve Directors, to serve for the ensuing year.
J. P. ALRTSEN, Secretary.
jan6d

COUNTRY DEALERS can buy CLOTHING from me in Huntingdon at WHOLESALE as cheap as they can in the cities, as I have a wholesale store in Philadelphia.
H. ROMAN

LUMBER FOR SALE.
Boards, Plank, Studing, Joists, Roofing Laths, Lap and Joint Shingles, three and four feet. Plastering Laths. For sale at Manufacturer's prices at
HENRY & CO'S.

1869. 1869.
A. R. STEWART. FRANK W. STEWART
A. R. Stewart & Co.
HUNTINGDON, PA.
DEALER IN
HARDWARE, CUTLERY,
PAINTS, PUMPS,
GLASS, STOVES,
OILS, LAMPS, ROPES,
HAY FORKS,
Scythes, Snaths, Grain Cradles, Saddlery and Carriage Goods, Hubs, and Spokes.
NAILS AND IRON,
LOCKS, HINGES, SCREWS,
DRAIN PIPE,
STONEWARE,
and an endless variety of goods in his line.
We are receiving goods almost every day from manufacturers, and in view of late
DECLINE IN PRICES,
and our experience in selecting *best brands* and *reliable qualities* of goods, purchasers will find it to their advantage to examine our stock.
THE NEW PATENT
ECLIPSE COOK STOVE,
which throws all others in the shade, is still increasing in popularity, and pleases so well that everybody wants
THE ECLIPSE.
STOP AT THE
BIG PADLOCK SIGN
Huntingdon, Jan 13, 1869-tf.

NEW GOODS FOR THE HOLIDAYS.
J. E. CALDWELL & CO.
JEWELERS,
902 CHESTNUT ST.
PHILADELPHIA.
In addition to their largely increased Stock of FINE WATCHES, DIAMONDS, JEWELRY, ARTISTIC SILVER WARES, PLATED GOODS
Are now opening a magnificent collection of FOREIGN FANCY GOODS
IN METAL, MARBLE,
Decorated Glass, Leather and
GOLDEN BRONZE,
Purchased in Europe by a member of the firm, in the principal quarters of Europe, particularly adapted for their
CHRISTMAS SALES.
Our arrangements, both in Europe and this country, are such as give us unusual facilities in the selection and economical purchasing of our stock. It is our wish, as well as our interest, to secure to our patrons the benefit of such advantages in
Modern Prices Throughout our Stock,
WITHOUT EXCEPTION.
Dec. 9, 1868-3m.

AGENTS WANTED FOR
NIGHT SCENES in the BIBLE.
BY REV. DANIEL MARCH, D. D.
For full, free, rousing, clear, sparkling, pure and graceful style, for poetic genius, for beauty of thought and rich glowing imagination, for nice analysis of character, graphic delineations, and fine scholarship, for Heaven pictures, glowing words and happy illustrations, this work has no equal. Such commendations as this above have been received from Bishop Simpson, Rev. Albert Barnes, Noah Porter, D. D., LL. D., W. A. Stearns, D. D., George Dana Boardman, DD., I. W. Wiley, DD., Samuel W. Fisher, DD., LL. D., and leading Clergymen and the press of all denominations. Send for circulars containing the same. Agents are everywhere meeting with unparalleled success. It is a neat beautifully illustrated and elegantly bound book, and pleases everybody.
Commissions, $100 to $200 per month, according to ability and energy. Address
ZIEGLER, McCURDY & CO., Philadelphia, Pa., Cincinnati, O., Chicago, Ill., or St. Louis, Mo.
de23 6m.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.
[Estate of GEORGE LAMP, decd.]
Letters testamentary on the estate of George Lamp, deceased, late of Porter twp., Huntingdon county, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them duly authenticated for settlement.
ABNER LAMP, Executor.
Jan. 6, '69-6t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
[Estate of Thomas Locke, dec'd.]
Letters of administration, upon the estate of Thomas Locke, late of Springfield township, Huntingdon county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the estate will make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them for settlement.
MORRIS GUTSHALL, Administrator.
Meadow Gap, dec6t.

CONRAD MEYER,
INVENTOR AND MANUFACTURER OF THE
Celebrated Iron Frame Pianos,
Warerooms, No. 722 Arch St., Phila.
Has received the Prize Medal of the World's Great Exhibition, London, Eng. The highest Prizes awarded when and wherever exhibited. [Established 1828.]
sept 30, '68-3m

DR. JNO. V. BURTON'S
TOBACCO ANTIDOTE.
WARRANTED TO REMOVE ALL DESIRE FOR TOBACCO. It is entirely vegetable and harmless. It purifies and enriches the blood, invigorates the system, possesses great nourishing and strengthening power, an excellent tonic and aperitif, enables the stomach to digest the heartiest food, makes sleep refreshing, and establishes robust health. *Stammerers and cheaters for sale, cures cured.* Price Fifty cents per box, post free. An interesting treatise on the injurious effects of tobacco, with lists of testimonials, references, etc., SENT FREE. Agents wanted. Address
DR. T. R. ABBOTT, Jersey City, N. J.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
☞ Caution.—Beware of humbug imitations.
[Trademark × Copyrighted.]
Jan 20, '69-6t.

☞ German and English Almanacs for 1869, at Lewis' Book Store. tf.